Economics 8150: The Roy Model and Immigration

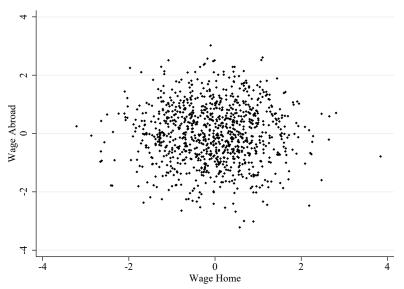
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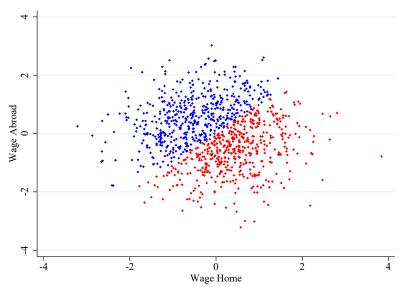
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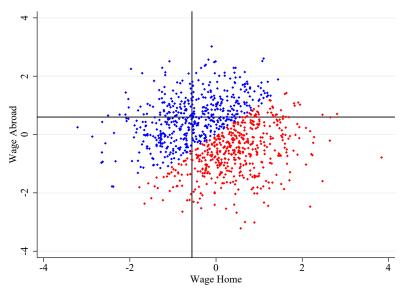
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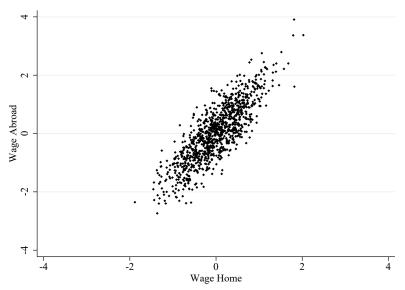
The Roy Model and Immigration

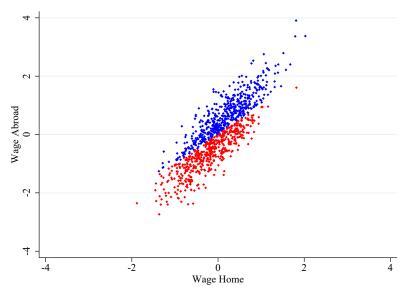
- ► A core topic in labor economics is **self-selection**
- ► Canonical selection model is due to Roy (1951)
 - ► Rational actors make optimizing decisions
 - Observed outcomes are endogenous
- ► Today we'll review the Roy model and its application to studying who chooses to immigrate

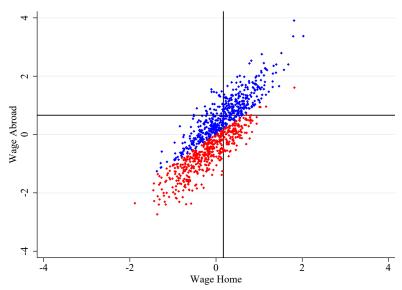




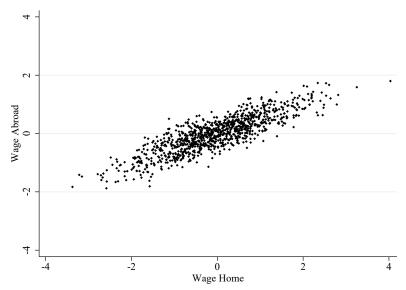


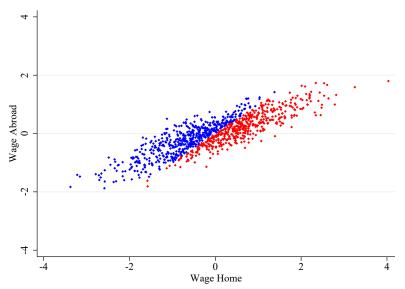


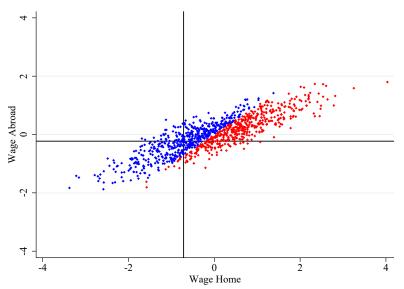




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Abramitzky et al., 2012

	Full sample, 1865	Rural, 1865	Urban, 1865
Panel A. Unweighted			
OLS	0.545	0.607	0.384
	(0.027)	(0.034)	(0.044)
Within household	0.511	0.508	0.508
	(0.035)	(0.045)	(0.057)
Chi-squared	1.49	7.47	8.31
p-value	0.2218	0.0063	0.0039
N	2,655	1,823	832
Number of migrant-stayer pairs	326	167	159
Panel B. Weighted			
OLS	0.586	0.609	0.443
	(0.029)	(0.033)	(0.067)
Within household	0.542	0.529	0.561
	(0.039)	(0.042)	(0.049)
Chi-squared	2.13	4.60	5.65
<i>p</i> -value	0.1441	0.0320	0.0175
<i>N</i>	2.241	1.666	306
Number of migrant-stayer pairs	269	140	129

Abramitzky et al., 2012

TABLE 4—ECONOMIC OUTCOMES OF HOUSEHOLD HEADS WITH MIGRANT AND NONMIGRANT SONS, 1865

- Dependent variables	All households		Households with matched sons	
	Mean	Coefficient on migrant HH	Mean	Coefficient on migrant HH
Panel A. Urban				
Occ. > median	0.593	-0.001 (0.022)	0.583	-0.030 (0.042)
Occupational income	428.27	-27.501 (10.216)	440.47	-26.555 (20.798)
Assets	0.260	-0.030 (0.018)	0.252	-0.058 (0.035)
N		4,038		1,074
Panel B. Rural				
Occ. > median	0.608	0.008 (0.014)	0.577	-0.054 (0.032)
Occupational income	321.21	6.092 (3.847)	315.30	-9.077 (9.072)
Assets	0.665	-0.032 (0.012)	0.613	-0.035 (0.028)
Match tax records	0.130	-0.037 (0.009)	0.134	-0.040 (0.021)
Property tax bill $N = 1,410; 300$ N	2.759	-0.372 (0.307) 12,177	2.821	0.044 (0.887) 2,499

Abramitzky et al., 2012

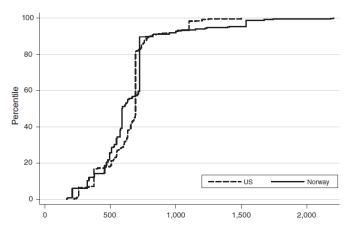


FIGURE 1. CUMULATIVE INCOME DISTRIBUTION FUNCTIONS IN THE UNITED STATES AND NORWAY IN 1900