

Knative Hands-On Workshop:

Why is deploying a Knative service easier than a K8s deployment?

Harald Uebele

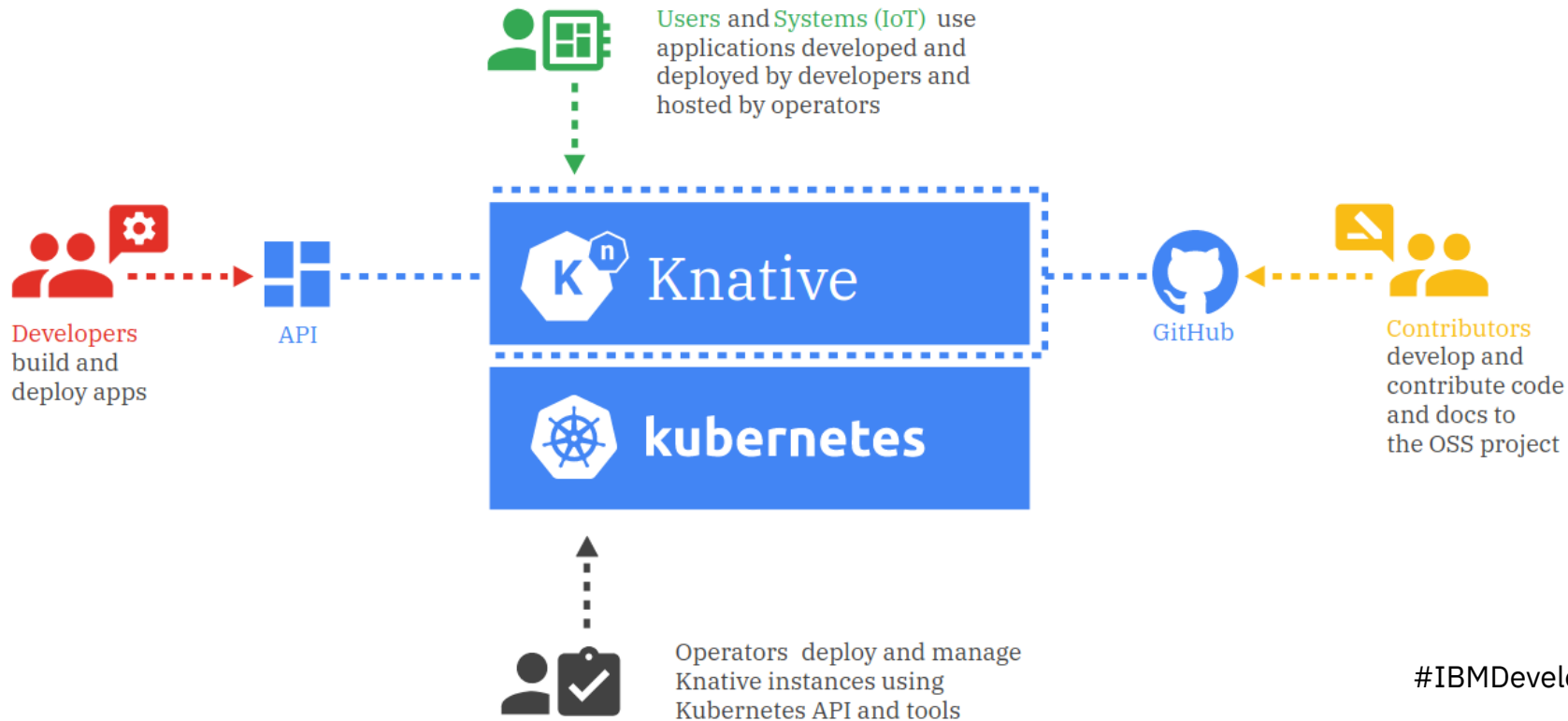
@Harald_U

Developer Advocate, IBM

“Knative solves the *boring but difficult* parts of deploying and managing cloud native services so you don't have to.”

`Knative.dev`

Knative addresses different personas



Knative Runtime Contract

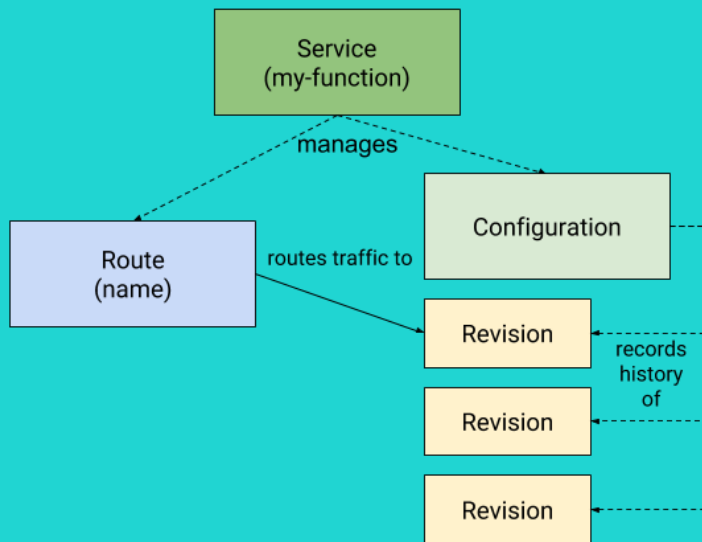
<https://github.com/knative/serving/blob/master/docs/runtime-contract.md>

*The Knative serverless compute infrastructure extends the Open Container Initiative Runtime Specification to describe the functionality and requirements for serverless execution workloads. In contrast to general-purpose containers, **stateless request-triggered** (i.e. on-demand) **autoscaled containers** have the following properties:*

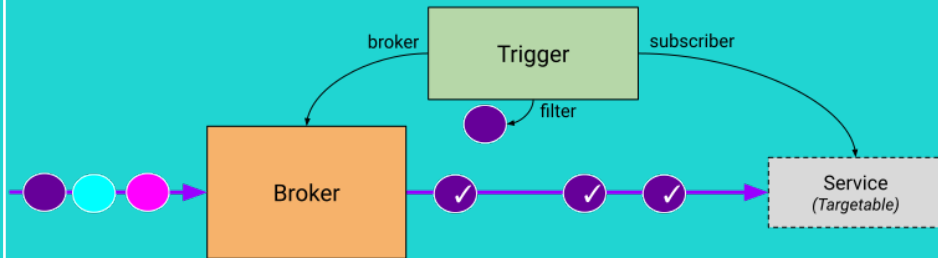
- ***Little or no long-term runtime state** (especially in cases where code might be scaled to zero in the absence of request traffic).*
- ***Logging and monitoring aggregation (telemetry)** is important for understanding and debugging the system, as containers might be created or deleted at any time in response to autoscaling.*
- ***Multitenancy** is highly desirable to allow cost sharing for bursty applications on relatively stable underlying hardware resources.*

Knative Components

Knative Serving



Knative Eventing (not part of this workshop)



Knative Serving resources

Service	Route	Configuration	Revision
<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Manage lifecycle- Control creation of<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Route- Configuration- Revision(s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Map network endpoint to one or more revisions- Traffic Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Desired state of deployment- Separation of code and configuration	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Snapshot of code and configuration- Immutable- Scale up and down

Knative

(service.yaml)

VS.

Kubernetes

(deployment.yaml)

service.yaml:

```
apiVersion: serving.knative.dev/v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: authors
spec:
  template:
    metadata:
      name: authors-v1
    spec:
      containers:
        - image: docker.io/haraldu/authors:1
          env:
            - name: DATABASE
              value: 'local'
            - name: CLOUDANT_URL
              value: ''
```

deployment.yaml:

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: authors
  labels:
    app: authors
    version: v1
spec:
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: authors
      version: v1
  strategy:
    type: Recreate
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: authors
        version: v1
    spec:
      containers:
        - image: authors:1
          name: authors
          env:
            - name: DATABASE
              value: 'local'
            - name: CLOUDANT_URL
              value: ''
          ports:
            - containerPort: 3000
              name: authors
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: authors
  labels:
    app: authors
spec:
  type: NodePort
  ports:
    - port: 3000
      protocol: TCP
      name: http
  selector:
    app: authors
---
```

Knative Networking Layer

Provides Ingress, Sidecar, etc

Select from:

- Istio
- Kourier (ex 3Scale, now Knative)
- Ambassador
- Contour
- Gloo
- Kong



Knative

Networking



kubernetes

Question: Is Knative = Serverless?



There is NO CLOUD, just other people's computers

Answer: It depends!

Yes

- Auto-scaling, scale-to-zero
 - Only pay for the resources you use
- Simplify deployment of code

Maybe

- No features to deal with latency and startup times
- Starts container images
 - Cannot use pre-warmed containers and inject code

No

- If your applications have long startup times and you can't change that (classic Java?)
 - Either accept latency or prevent scale-to-zero

IBM