

Mean-Field Approximation and Cumulant Expansion for a Generic Spin Hamiltonian

A. M. Rey, E. C. Chaparro*
Department of Physics, University of Colorado, Boulder

(Dated: 6th April 2021)

I. GENERIC SPIN HAMILTONIAN WITH DISSIPATION

Consider the following generic system hamiltonian of N written in the form:

$$\hat{H}_S = \sum_i \vec{h}_i \cdot \vec{\hat{\sigma}}_i + \sum_{jk\beta\epsilon} A_{jk}^{\beta\epsilon} \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\epsilon, \quad (1)$$

$$\vec{\hat{\sigma}}_i = (\hat{\sigma}_i^x, \hat{\sigma}_i^y, \hat{\sigma}_i^z), \quad (2)$$

$$\beta, \epsilon \in \{x, y, z\}, \quad (3)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_i^x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (4)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_i^y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (5)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_i^z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (6)$$

here the set of \vec{h}_i can be seen as a $N \times 3$ matrix and A is a matrix of size $N \times N$ which summarizes the interaction terms between the qubits(spins). In order to introduce a dissipation term we write the Linbladian operators of the system as:

$$\mathcal{L} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\gamma_+} \hat{\sigma}_i^+, \sqrt{\gamma_-} \hat{\sigma}_i^-, \sqrt{\gamma_z} \hat{\sigma}_i^z, \quad (7)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_i^+ = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (8)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_i^- = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (9)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_i^z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (10)$$

$$\mathcal{L}[\hat{\rho}] = - \sum_{i,\eta} \gamma_\eta \left(\hat{\rho} \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \hat{A}_i^\eta + \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \hat{A}_i^\eta \hat{\rho} - 2 \hat{A}_i^\eta \hat{\rho} \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \right), \quad (11)$$

$$\hat{A}_i^\eta = \hat{\sigma}_i^\eta, \eta \in \{+, -, z\}. \quad (12)$$

The final form of the master equation to consider is given by:

$$\frac{\partial \hat{\rho}}{\partial t} = -\frac{i}{\hbar} [\hat{H}_S, \hat{\rho}] - \sum_{i,\eta} \gamma_\eta \left(\hat{\rho} \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \hat{A}_i^\eta + \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \hat{A}_i^\eta \hat{\rho} - 2 \hat{A}_i^\eta \hat{\rho} \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \right) \quad (13)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar} [H_S, \hat{\rho}] - \sum_{i,\eta} \gamma_\eta \left(\left\{ \rho, \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \hat{A}_i^\eta \right\} - 2 \hat{A}_i^\eta \rho \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \right). \quad (14)$$

We introduce now a set of simplifications that can be useful for posterior computations:

$$\sum_{i,\eta} \gamma_\eta \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \hat{A}_i^\eta = \sum_i \sum_\eta \gamma_\eta \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \hat{A}_i^\eta, \quad (15)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_i^{\dagger+} \hat{\sigma}_i^+ = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (16)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (17)$$

$$= 4 \frac{\hat{\mathbb{I}} - \hat{\sigma}_i^z}{2} \quad (18)$$

$$= 2 \left(\hat{\mathbb{I}} - \hat{\sigma}_i^z \right), \quad (19)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_i^{\dagger-} \hat{\sigma}_i^- = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (20)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (21)$$

$$= 2 \left(\hat{\mathbb{I}} + \hat{\sigma}_i^z \right), \quad (22)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_i^{\dagger z} \hat{\sigma}_i^z = \hat{\mathbb{I}}, \quad (23)$$

$$\sum_\eta \gamma_\eta \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \hat{A}_i^\eta = \gamma_+ 2 \left(\hat{\mathbb{I}} - \hat{\sigma}_i^z \right) + \gamma_- 2 \left(\hat{\mathbb{I}} + \hat{\sigma}_i^z \right) + \gamma_z \hat{\mathbb{I}} \quad (24)$$

$$= (\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \hat{\mathbb{I}} + 2(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \hat{\sigma}_i^z. \quad (25)$$

Then the master equation (14) simplifies to:

$$\frac{\partial \hat{\rho}}{\partial t} = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left[\hat{H}_S, \hat{\rho} \right] - \sum_i \left(\left\{ \hat{\rho}, (\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \hat{\mathbb{I}} + 2(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \hat{\sigma}_i^z \right\} \right) + \sum_{i,\eta} 2\gamma_\eta \hat{A}_i^\eta \hat{\rho} \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \quad (26)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left[\hat{H}_S, \hat{\rho} \right] - \sum_i \left(\left\{ \hat{\rho}, (\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \hat{\mathbb{I}} \right\} + \left\{ \hat{\rho}, 2(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \hat{\sigma}_i^z \right\} \right) + \sum_{i,\eta} 2\gamma_\eta \hat{A}_i^\eta \hat{\rho} \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \quad (27)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left[\hat{H}_S, \hat{\rho} \right] - 2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \hat{\rho} - 2(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \sum_i \left\{ \hat{\rho}, \hat{\sigma}_i^z \right\} + \sum_{i,\eta} 2\gamma_\eta \hat{A}_i^\eta \hat{\rho} \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta}. \quad (28)$$

II. CUMULANT EXPANSION

We will extend our analysis to include the evolution of quantum correlations of second order, in particular we consider the quantum evolution equation of the form:

$$\partial_t \left\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \right\rangle = \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \partial_t \hat{\rho} \right). \quad (29)$$

with $i \neq j$.

Additionally, we truncate at 3rd order such that the following approximation is plausible by the cumulant expansion:

$$\left\langle \hat{\sigma}_a^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_b^\beta \hat{\sigma}_c^\gamma \right\rangle \approx \left\langle \hat{\sigma}_a^\alpha \right\rangle \left\langle \hat{\sigma}_b^\beta \hat{\sigma}_c^\gamma \right\rangle + \left\langle \hat{\sigma}_b^\beta \right\rangle \left\langle \hat{\sigma}_c^\gamma \hat{\sigma}_a^\alpha \right\rangle + \left\langle \hat{\sigma}_c^\gamma \right\rangle \left\langle \hat{\sigma}_a^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_b^\beta \right\rangle - 2 \left\langle \hat{\sigma}_a^\alpha \right\rangle \left\langle \hat{\sigma}_b^\beta \right\rangle \left\langle \hat{\sigma}_c^\gamma \right\rangle. \quad (30)$$

in the case where a , b and c are distinct. With this in mind we will get the set of equations needed, at first for one-operator:

$$\text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \partial_t \hat{\rho}) = \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \left(-\frac{i}{\hbar} [\hat{H}_S, \hat{\rho}] - 2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \hat{\rho} - 2(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \sum_i \{\hat{\rho}, \hat{\sigma}_i^z\} + \sum_{i,\eta} 2\gamma_\eta \hat{A}_i^\eta \hat{\rho} \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \right) \right) \quad (31)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha [\hat{H}_S, \hat{\rho}] \right) - 2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \rangle - 2(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \sum_j \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \{\hat{\rho}, \hat{\sigma}_j^z\}) \quad (32)$$

$$+ \sum_{j,\eta} 2\gamma_\eta \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{A}_j^\eta \hat{\rho} \hat{A}_j^{\dagger\eta}), \quad (33)$$

$$\text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \{\hat{\rho}, \hat{\sigma}_j^z\}) = \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\rho} \hat{\sigma}_j^z + \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_j^z \hat{\rho}) \quad (34)$$

$$= \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_j^z \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\rho}) + \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_j^z \hat{\rho}) \quad (35)$$

$$= \delta_{ij} (\text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\rho}) + \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\rho})) + (1 - \delta_{ij}) (\text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_j^z \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\rho}) + \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_j^z \hat{\rho})), \quad (36)$$

$$\sum_j \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \{\hat{\rho}, \hat{\sigma}_j^z\}) = (\text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\rho}) + \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\rho})) + \sum_{j \neq i} (\text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_j^z \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\rho}) + \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_j^z \hat{\rho})) \quad (37)$$

$$= \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle + \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \rangle + 2 \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle, \quad (38)$$

$$2\gamma_\eta \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{A}_j^\eta \hat{\rho} \hat{A}_j^{\dagger\eta}) = 2\gamma_\eta (\delta_{ij} \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{A}_i^\eta \hat{\rho} \hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta}) + (1 - \delta_{ij}) \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{A}_j^\eta \hat{\rho} \hat{A}_j^{\dagger\eta})) \quad (39)$$

$$= 2\gamma_\eta (\delta_{ij} \text{Tr}(\hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{A}_i^\eta \hat{\rho}) + (1 - \delta_{ij}) \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{A}_j^{\dagger\eta} \hat{A}_j^\eta \hat{\rho})), \quad (40)$$

$$\sum_{j,\eta} 2\gamma_\eta \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{A}_j^\eta \hat{\rho} \hat{A}_j^{\dagger\eta}) = \sum_\eta 2\gamma_\eta \text{Tr}(\hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{A}_i^\eta \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{j \neq i, \eta} 2\gamma_\eta \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{A}_j^{\dagger\eta} \hat{A}_j^\eta \hat{\rho}), \quad (41)$$

$$\text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha [\hat{H}_S, \hat{\rho}]) = \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{H}_S \hat{\rho} - \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\rho} \hat{H}_S) \quad (42)$$

$$= \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{H}_S \hat{\rho}) - \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\rho} \hat{H}_S) \quad (43)$$

$$= \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{H}_S \hat{\rho}) - \text{Tr}(\hat{H}_S \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\rho}) \quad (44)$$

$$= \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{H}_S] \hat{\rho}) \quad (45)$$

$$= \text{Tr} \left(\left[\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \sum_j \vec{h}_j \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j + \sum_{jk\beta\epsilon} A_{jk} \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\epsilon \right] \hat{\rho} \right) \quad (46)$$

$$= \sum_j \vec{h}_j \cdot \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \vec{\sigma}_j] \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{jk\beta\epsilon} A_{jk} \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\epsilon] \hat{\rho}) \quad (47)$$

$$= \sum_{j\beta} h_{j\beta} \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta] \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{jk\beta\epsilon} A_{jk} \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\epsilon] \hat{\rho}), \quad (48)$$

$$h_{j\beta} \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta] \hat{\rho}) = \delta_{ij} h_{i\beta} \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta] \hat{\rho}) + (1 - \delta_{ij}) h_{j\beta} \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta] \hat{\rho}) \quad (49)$$

$$= \delta_{ij} h_{i\beta} \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta] \hat{\rho}), \quad (50)$$

$$\sum_{j\beta} \vec{h}_j \cdot \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \vec{\sigma}_j] \hat{\rho}) = \sum_{j\beta} \delta_{ij} h_{i\beta} \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta] \hat{\rho}) \quad (51)$$

$$= \sum_\beta h_{i\beta} \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta] \hat{\rho}) \quad (52)$$

$$= \vec{h}_i \cdot \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, (\hat{\sigma}_i^x, \hat{\sigma}_i^y, \hat{\sigma}_i^z)] \hat{\rho}). \quad (53)$$

Again we come back to the term $\sum_{jk\beta\epsilon} A_{jk} \text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\epsilon] \hat{\rho})$ with $\beta, \epsilon \in \{x, y, z\}$. If $i \neq j, j \neq k, k \neq i$ then $[\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\epsilon] = 0$ so $\text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\epsilon] \hat{\rho}) = 0$. Now if $i \neq j, j = k$ then $\text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_j^\epsilon] \hat{\rho}) = 0$ because $[\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_j^\epsilon] = 0$ due to the fact that the operators belong to different Hilbert spaces. If $i \neq j, i = k$ then $\text{Tr}([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_i^\epsilon] \hat{\rho}) =$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Tr} \left(\left(\hat{\sigma}_j^\beta [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\varepsilon] + [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta] \hat{\sigma}_i^\varepsilon \right) \hat{\rho} \right) &= \text{Tr} \left([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\varepsilon] \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\rho} \right) = \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\varepsilon] \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \rangle \text{ and if } i = j, j \neq k \text{ then } \text{Tr} \left([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\varepsilon] \hat{\rho} \right) = \\ \text{Tr} \left(\left(\hat{\sigma}_i^\beta [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_k^\varepsilon] + [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta] \hat{\sigma}_k^\varepsilon \right) \hat{\rho} \right) &= \text{Tr} \left([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta] \hat{\sigma}_k^\varepsilon \hat{\rho} \right) = \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta] \hat{\sigma}_k^\varepsilon \rangle, \text{ finally if } i = j = k \text{ then:} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Tr} \left([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta \hat{\sigma}_i^\varepsilon] \hat{\rho} \right) = \text{Tr} \left([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \delta_{\beta\varepsilon} + i\epsilon_{\beta\varepsilon\gamma} \hat{\sigma}_i^\gamma] \hat{\rho} \right) \quad (54)$$

$$= i\epsilon_{\beta\varepsilon\gamma} \text{Tr} \left([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\gamma] \hat{\rho} \right) \quad (55)$$

$$= i\epsilon_{\beta\varepsilon\gamma} \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\gamma] \rangle. \quad (56)$$

Summarizing we have:

$$\sum_{jk\beta\varepsilon} A_{jk}^{\beta\varepsilon} \text{Tr} \left([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\varepsilon] \hat{\rho} \right) = \sum_{\beta\varepsilon} \sum_{jk} A_{jk}^{\beta\varepsilon} \text{Tr} \left([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\varepsilon] \hat{\rho} \right) \quad (57)$$

$$= \sum_{\beta\varepsilon} \left(\sum_{C_1} A_{jk}^{\beta\varepsilon} \text{Tr} \left([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\varepsilon] \hat{\rho} \right) + \sum_{C_2} A_{jk}^{\beta\varepsilon} \text{Tr} \left([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\varepsilon] \hat{\rho} \right) + \sum_{C_3} A_{jk}^{\beta\varepsilon} \text{Tr} \left([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \hat{\sigma}_k^\varepsilon] \hat{\rho} \right) \right) \quad (58)$$

$$= \sum_{\beta\varepsilon} \left(\sum_{j \neq i} A_{ji}^{\beta\varepsilon} \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\varepsilon] \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \rangle + \sum_{k \neq i} A_{ik}^{\beta\varepsilon} \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta] \hat{\sigma}_k^\varepsilon \rangle + A_{ii}^{\beta\varepsilon} i\epsilon_{\beta\varepsilon\gamma} \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\gamma] \rangle \right) \quad (59)$$

$$= \sum_{\beta\varepsilon} \left(\sum_{j \neq i} A_{ji}^{\beta\varepsilon} \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\varepsilon] \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \rangle + \sum_{j \neq i} A_{ij}^{\beta\varepsilon} \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta] \hat{\sigma}_j^\varepsilon \rangle + A_{ii}^{\beta\varepsilon} i\epsilon_{\beta\varepsilon\gamma} \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\gamma] \rangle \right) \quad (60)$$

$$= \sum_{\beta\varepsilon} \left(\sum_{j \neq i} \left(A_{ji}^{\beta\varepsilon} \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\varepsilon] \hat{\sigma}_j^\beta \rangle + A_{ij}^{\beta\varepsilon} \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta] \hat{\sigma}_j^\varepsilon \rangle \right) + A_{ii}^{\beta\varepsilon} i\epsilon_{\beta\varepsilon\gamma} \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\gamma] \rangle \right) \quad (61)$$

$$= \sum_{j \neq i, \beta\varepsilon} \left(A_{ji}^{\beta\varepsilon} + A_{ij}^{\beta\varepsilon} \right) \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta] \hat{\sigma}_j^\varepsilon \rangle + i \sum_{\beta\varepsilon} A_{ii}^{\beta\varepsilon} \epsilon_{\beta\varepsilon\gamma} \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\gamma] \rangle. \quad (62)$$

Joining the set of expressions obtained previously we find that:

$$\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha(t) \rangle = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(\vec{h}_i \cdot \text{Tr} \left([\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, (\hat{\sigma}_i^x, \hat{\sigma}_i^y, \hat{\sigma}_i^z)] \hat{\rho} \right) + \sum_{j \neq i, \beta\varepsilon} \left(A_{ji}^{\beta\varepsilon} + A_{ij}^{\beta\varepsilon} \right) \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\beta] \hat{\sigma}_j^\varepsilon \rangle + i \sum_{\beta\varepsilon} A_{ii}^{\beta\varepsilon} \epsilon_{\beta\varepsilon\gamma} \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^\gamma] \rangle \right) \quad (63)$$

$$- 2N (\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \rangle - 2(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \left(\langle \{\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha, \hat{\sigma}_i^z\} \rangle + 2 \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle \right) + \sum_{\eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} \left(\hat{A}_i^{\dagger\eta} \hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{A}_i^{\eta} \hat{\rho} \right) \quad (64)$$

$$+ \sum_{j \neq i, \eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^\alpha \hat{A}_j^{\dagger\eta} \hat{A}_j^{\eta} \hat{\rho} \right). \quad (65)$$

Explicitly we can find the equations associated with $\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+(t) \rangle$ and $\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z(t) \rangle$:

$$\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ (t) \rangle = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(\vec{h}_i \cdot \text{Tr} ([\hat{\sigma}_i^+, (\hat{\sigma}_i^x, \hat{\sigma}_i^y, \hat{\sigma}_i^z)] \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^+, \hat{Y}_i] \hat{Y}_j \rangle \right) - 2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle \quad (66)$$

$$- 2(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \left(\langle \{\hat{\sigma}_i^+, \hat{\sigma}_i^z\} \rangle + 2 \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle \right) + \sum_{\eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} (\hat{A}_i^{\dagger \eta} \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{A}_i^{\eta} \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{j \neq i, \eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} (\hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{A}_j^{\dagger \eta} \hat{A}_j^{\eta} \hat{\rho}), \quad (67)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(2 \vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, i \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, -\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle) - 4(1+i) \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{Y}_j \rangle \right) - 2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle \quad (68)$$

$$- 2(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \left(\langle \{\hat{\sigma}_i^+, \hat{\sigma}_i^z\} \rangle + 2 \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle \right) + \sum_{\eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} (\hat{A}_i^{\dagger \eta} \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{A}_i^{\eta} \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{j \neq i, \eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} (\hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{A}_j^{\dagger \eta} \hat{A}_j^{\eta} \hat{\rho}), \quad (69)$$

$$\langle \{\hat{\sigma}_i^+, \hat{\sigma}_i^z\} \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (70)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (71)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (72)$$

$$\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ (t) \rangle = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(2 \vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, i \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, -\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle) - 4(1+i) \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{Y}_j \rangle \right) - 2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle \quad (73)$$

$$- 4(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle + \sum_{\eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} (\hat{A}_i^{\dagger \eta} \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{A}_i^{\eta} \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{j \neq i, \eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} (\hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{A}_j^{\dagger \eta} \hat{A}_j^{\eta} \hat{\rho}), \quad (74)$$

$$\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{Y}_j \rangle = \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle + \frac{1-i}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle + \frac{1+i}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle, \quad (75)$$

$$\vec{v}_1 = \left(\frac{1-i}{2}, \frac{1+i}{2}, 1 \right), \quad (76)$$

$$\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{Y}_j \rangle = \vec{v}_1 \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle), \quad (77)$$

$$\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ (t) \rangle = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(2\vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, i \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, -\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle) - 4(1+i) \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \vec{v}_1 \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) \right) \quad (78)$$

$$- 2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle - 4(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle + \sum_{\eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} \left(\hat{A}_i^{\dagger \eta} \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{A}_i^{\eta} \hat{\rho} \right) + \sum_{j \neq i, \eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \quad (79)$$

$$\times \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{A}_j^{\dagger \eta} \hat{A}_j^{\eta} \hat{\rho} \right) \quad (80)$$

$$\hat{A}_i^{\dagger \pm} \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{A}_i^{\pm} = 0_{2 \times 2}, \quad (81)$$

$$\hat{A}_i^{\dagger z} \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{A}_i^z = -\hat{\sigma}_i^+, \quad (82)$$

$$\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ (t) \rangle = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(2\vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, i \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, -\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle) - 4(1+i) \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \vec{v}_1 \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) \right) \quad (83)$$

$$- 2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle - 4(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle - 2\gamma_z \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle + \sum_{j \neq i, \eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{A}_j^{\dagger \eta} \hat{A}_j^{\eta} \hat{\rho} \right), \quad (84)$$

$$\hat{A}_j^{\dagger +} \hat{A}_j^+ = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (85)$$

$$= 2(\mathbb{I} - \hat{\sigma}_j^z), \quad (86)$$

$$\hat{A}_j^{\dagger -} \hat{A}_j^- = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (87)$$

$$= 2(\mathbb{I} + \hat{\sigma}_j^z), \quad (88)$$

$$\hat{A}_j^{\dagger z} \hat{A}_j^z = \mathbb{I}, \quad (89)$$

$$\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ (t) \rangle = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(2\vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, i \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, -\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle) - 4(1+i) \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \vec{v}_1 \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) \right) \quad (90)$$

$$- 2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle - 4(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle - 2\gamma_z \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle + \sum_{j \neq i} (2\gamma_+ \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^+ 2(\mathbb{I} - \hat{\sigma}_j^z) \hat{\rho}) \quad (91)$$

$$+ 2\gamma_- \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^+ 2(\mathbb{I} + \hat{\sigma}_j^z) \hat{\rho}) + 2\gamma_z \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^+ \mathbb{I} \hat{\rho})) \quad (92)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(2\vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, i \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, -\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle) - 4(1+i) \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \vec{v}_1 \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) \right) \quad (93)$$

$$- 2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle - 4(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle - 2\gamma_z \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle + \sum_{j \neq i} (4\gamma_+ \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^+ (\mathbb{I} - \hat{\sigma}_j^z) \hat{\rho}) \quad (94)$$

$$+ 4\gamma_- \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^+ (\mathbb{I} + \hat{\sigma}_j^z) \hat{\rho}) + 2\gamma_z \text{Tr}(\hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\rho})) \quad (95)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(2\vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, i \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, -\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle) - 4(1+i) \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \vec{v}_1 \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) \right) \quad (96)$$

$$- 2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle - 4(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle - 2\gamma_z \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle + \sum_{j \neq i} (4\gamma_+ (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle - \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) \quad (97)$$

$$+ 4\gamma_- (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle + \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) + 2\gamma_z \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle) \quad (98)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(2\vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, i \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, -\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle) - 4(1+i) \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \vec{v}_1 \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) \right) \quad (99)$$

$$-2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-)\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle - 4(\gamma_- - \gamma_+)\sum_{j\neq i}\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\hat{\sigma}_j^z\rangle - 2\gamma_z\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle + (N-1)(4\gamma_+ + 4\gamma_- + 2\gamma_z)\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle \quad (100)$$

$$-4\sum_{j\neq i}(\gamma_+ - \gamma_-)\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\hat{\sigma}_j^z\rangle \quad (101)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar}\left(2\vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^z\rangle, i\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^z\rangle, -\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle) - 4(1+i)\sum_{j\neq i}(A_{ji} + A_{ij})\vec{v}_1 \cdot (\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\hat{\sigma}_j^+\rangle, \langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\hat{\sigma}_j^-\rangle, \langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\hat{\sigma}_j^z\rangle)\right) \quad (102)$$

$$-2N(\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-)\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle - 2\gamma_z\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle + 2(N-1)(2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_- + \gamma_z)\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle \quad (103)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar}\left(2\vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^z\rangle, i\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^z\rangle, -\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle) - 4(1+i)\sum_{j\neq i}(A_{ji} + A_{ij})\vec{v}_1 \cdot (\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\hat{\sigma}_j^+\rangle, \langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\hat{\sigma}_j^-\rangle, \langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\hat{\sigma}_j^z\rangle)\right) \quad (104)$$

$$-2\gamma_z\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle - 2(2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_- + \gamma_z)\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle \quad (105)$$

$$= -\frac{2i}{\hbar}\left(\vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^z\rangle, i\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^z\rangle, -\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle) - 2(1+i)\sum_{j\neq i}(A_{ji} + A_{ij})\vec{v}_1 \cdot (\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\hat{\sigma}_j^+\rangle, \langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\hat{\sigma}_j^-\rangle, \langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\hat{\sigma}_j^z\rangle)\right) \quad (106)$$

$$-4(\gamma_+ + \gamma_- + \gamma_z)\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle. \quad (107)$$

In mean-field approximation $\langle\hat{a}_i\hat{b}_j\rangle \approx \langle\hat{a}_i\rangle\langle\hat{b}_j\rangle$ with $i \neq j$ this is just:

$$\partial_t\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+(t)\rangle = -\frac{2i}{\hbar}\left(\vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^z\rangle, i\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^z\rangle, -\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle) - 2(1+i)\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle\sum_{j\neq i}(A_{ji} + A_{ij})\vec{v}_1 \cdot (\langle\hat{\sigma}_j^+\rangle, \langle\hat{\sigma}_j^-\rangle, \langle\hat{\sigma}_j^z\rangle)\right) \quad (108)$$

$$-4(\gamma_+ + \gamma_- + \gamma_z)\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle \quad (109)$$

$$= -\frac{2i}{\hbar}\left(\vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^z\rangle, i\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^z\rangle, -\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle) - 2(1+i)\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle\sum_{j\neq i}(A_{ji} + A_{ij})(\text{Re}(\langle\hat{\sigma}_j^+\rangle) + \text{Im}(\langle\hat{\sigma}_j^+\rangle) + \langle\hat{\sigma}_j^z\rangle)\right) \quad (110)$$

$$-4(\gamma_+ + \gamma_- + \gamma_z)\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^+\rangle. \quad (111)$$

Now $\partial_t\langle\hat{\sigma}_i^z(t)\rangle$ is given by:

$$\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z(t) \rangle = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(\vec{h}_i \cdot \text{Tr} ([\hat{\sigma}_i^z, (\hat{\sigma}_i^x, \hat{\sigma}_i^y, \hat{\sigma}_i^z)] \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^z, \hat{Y}_i] \hat{Y}_j \rangle \right) - 2N (\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle \quad (112)$$

$$- 2(\gamma_- - \gamma_+) \left(\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle + 2 \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle \right) + \sum_{\eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} \left(\hat{A}_i^{\dagger \eta} \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_i^{\eta} \hat{\rho} \right) + \sum_{j \neq i, \eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_j^{\dagger \eta} \hat{A}_j^{\eta} \hat{\rho} \right) \quad (113)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(\vec{h}_i \cdot \text{Tr} ([\hat{\sigma}_i^z, (\hat{\sigma}_i^x, \hat{\sigma}_i^y, \hat{\sigma}_i^z)] \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^z, \hat{Y}_i] \hat{Y}_j \rangle \right) - 2N (\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle \quad (114)$$

$$+ 4(\gamma_+ - \gamma_-) \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle + \sum_{\eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} \left(\hat{A}_i^{\dagger \eta} \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_i^{\eta} \hat{\rho} \right) + \sum_{j \neq i, \eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_j^{\dagger \eta} \hat{A}_j^{\eta} \hat{\rho} \right) \quad (115)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(\vec{h}_i \cdot \text{Tr} ([\hat{\sigma}_i^z, (\hat{\sigma}_i^x, \hat{\sigma}_i^y, \hat{\sigma}_i^z)] \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^z, \hat{Y}_i] \hat{Y}_j \rangle \right) - 2N (\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle \quad (116)$$

$$+ 4(\gamma_+ - \gamma_-) \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle + \sum_{\eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} \left(\hat{A}_i^{\dagger \eta} \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_i^{\eta} \hat{\rho} \right) + \sum_{j \neq i, \eta} 2\gamma_{\eta} \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_j^{\dagger \eta} \hat{A}_j^{\eta} \hat{\rho} \right), \quad (117)$$

$$\hat{A}_i^{\dagger +} \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_i^+ = 2(\mathbb{I} - \hat{\sigma}_i^z), \quad (118)$$

$$\hat{A}_i^{\dagger -} \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_i^- = -2(\mathbb{I} + \hat{\sigma}_i^z), \quad (119)$$

$$\hat{A}_i^{\dagger z} \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_i^z = \hat{\sigma}_i^z, \quad (120)$$

$$\text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_j^{\dagger +} \hat{A}_j^+ \hat{\rho} \right) = \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^z 2(\mathbb{I} - \hat{\sigma}_j^z) \hat{\rho} \right) \quad (121)$$

$$= 2(\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle - \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle), \quad (122)$$

$$\text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_j^{\dagger -} \hat{A}_j^- \hat{\rho} \right) = \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^z 2(\mathbb{I} + \hat{\sigma}_j^z) \hat{\rho} \right) \quad (123)$$

$$= 2(\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle + \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle), \quad (124)$$

$$\text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_j^{\dagger z} \hat{A}_j^z \hat{\rho} \right) = \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\rho} \right) \quad (125)$$

$$= \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, \quad (126)$$

$$\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z(t) \rangle = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(\vec{h}_i \cdot \text{Tr} ([\hat{\sigma}_i^z, (\hat{\sigma}_i^x, \hat{\sigma}_i^y, \hat{\sigma}_i^z)] \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^z, \hat{Y}_i] \hat{Y}_j \rangle \right) - 2N (\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle \quad (127)$$

$$+ 4(\gamma_+ - \gamma_-) \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle + 2\gamma_+ \text{Tr} \left(\hat{A}_i^{\dagger +} \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_i^+ \hat{\rho} \right) + 2\gamma_- \text{Tr} \left(\hat{A}_i^{\dagger -} \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_i^- \hat{\rho} \right) + 2\gamma_z \text{Tr} \left(\hat{A}_i^{\dagger z} \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_i^z \hat{\rho} \right) \quad (128)$$

$$+ \sum_{j \neq i} 2 \left(\gamma_+ \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_j^{\dagger +} \hat{A}_j^+ \hat{\rho} \right) + \gamma_- \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{A}_j^{\dagger -} \hat{A}_j^- \hat{\rho} \right) + \gamma_z \text{Tr} \left(\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\rho} \right) \right) \quad (129)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(\vec{h}_i \cdot \text{Tr} ([\hat{\sigma}_i^z, (\hat{\sigma}_i^x, \hat{\sigma}_i^y, \hat{\sigma}_i^z)] \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^z, \hat{Y}_i] \hat{Y}_j \rangle \right) - 2N (\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle \quad (130)$$

$$+ 4(\gamma_+ - \gamma_-) \sum_{j \neq i} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle + 2\gamma_+ \text{Tr} (2(\mathbb{I} - \hat{\sigma}_i^z) \hat{\rho}) + 2\gamma_- \text{Tr} (-2(\mathbb{I} + \hat{\sigma}_i^z) \hat{\rho}) + 2\gamma_z \text{Tr} (\hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\rho}) \quad (131)$$

$$+ \sum_{j \neq i} 2(\gamma_+ 2(\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle - \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) + \gamma_- 2(\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle + \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) + \gamma_z \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle) \quad (132)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(\vec{h}_i \cdot \text{Tr} ([\hat{\sigma}_i^z, (\hat{\sigma}_i^x, \hat{\sigma}_i^y, \hat{\sigma}_i^z)] \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^z, \hat{Y}_i] \hat{Y}_j \rangle \right) - 2N (\gamma_z + 2\gamma_+ + 2\gamma_-) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle \quad (133)$$

We focus our attention on:

$$\hat{r}_j = \hat{\sigma}_j^z + \frac{1-i}{2}\hat{\sigma}_j^+ + \frac{1+i}{2}\hat{\sigma}_j^-, \quad (165)$$

$$\left\langle \left(\left(\frac{1+i}{2} \right) \hat{\sigma}_i^- - \left(\frac{1-i}{2} \right) \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \right) \hat{r}_j \right\rangle = \left(\frac{1+i}{2} \right) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{r}_j \rangle - \left(\frac{1-i}{2} \right) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{r}_j \rangle \quad (166)$$

$$= \frac{1+i}{2} \left\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \left(\hat{\sigma}_j^z + \frac{1-i}{2}\hat{\sigma}_j^+ + \frac{1+i}{2}\hat{\sigma}_j^- \right) \right\rangle - \frac{1-i}{2} \left\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \left(\hat{\sigma}_j^z + \frac{1-i}{2}\hat{\sigma}_j^+ + \frac{1+i}{2}\hat{\sigma}_j^- \right) \right\rangle \quad (167)$$

$$= \frac{1+i}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle + \frac{i}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle - \frac{1-i}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle + \frac{i}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle - \frac{1}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle \quad (168)$$

$$= \frac{1+i}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle + \frac{i}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle - \frac{1-i}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle^* + \frac{i}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle^* - \frac{1}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle^* \quad (169)$$

$$= i \text{Im} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle) + i \text{Re} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle) + i \text{Im} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) + i \text{Re} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) \quad (170)$$

$$= i (\text{Im} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle) + \text{Re} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle) + \text{Im} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) + \text{Re} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle)). \quad (171)$$

So we obtained that:

$$(172)$$

$$\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z(t) \rangle = \frac{1}{\hbar} \left(\vec{h}_i \cdot (\text{Im} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle), -\text{Re} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle), 0) + \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) (\text{Im} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle) + \text{Re} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle) + \text{Im} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) \right. \quad (173)$$

$$\left. + \text{Re} (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^- \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) \right) + 4(\gamma_+ - \gamma_-) - 8 \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle (\gamma_+ + \gamma_-), \quad (174)$$

$$\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+(t) \rangle = -\frac{2i}{\hbar} \left(\vec{h}_i \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, i \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle, -\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle) - 2(1+i) \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \vec{v}_1 \cdot (\langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^+ \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^- \rangle, \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \hat{\sigma}_j^z \rangle) \right) \quad (175)$$

$$- 4(\gamma_+ + \gamma_- + \gamma_z) \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^+ \rangle. \quad (176)$$

In the mean-field approximation:

$$\partial_t \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z(t) \rangle = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \left(\vec{h}_i \cdot \text{Tr} ([\hat{\sigma}_i^z, (\hat{\sigma}_i^x, \hat{\sigma}_i^y, \hat{\sigma}_i^z)] \hat{\rho}) + \sum_{j \neq i} (A_{ji} + A_{ij}) \left\langle [\hat{\sigma}_i^z, \hat{r}_i] \hat{r}_j \right\rangle \right) + 4(\gamma_+ - \gamma_-) - 8 \langle \hat{\sigma}_i^z \rangle \quad (177)$$

$$(178)$$

$$(179)$$

III. BIBLIOGRAPHY

- [1] Tucker, K, Barberena, D, Lewis-Swan, RJ, Thompson, JK, Restrepo, JG, Rey, AM 2020 Phys. Rev. A 2469-9926

* edch5956@colorado.edu