

**take for granted** – to fail to appreciate something because you think it will always be there. *Example:* We often take clean water for granted until it's gone.\*

**asense** – a feeling or awareness of something. *Example:* He had a sense that something bad was about to happen.\*

**antiquity** – ancient times, or something very old. *Example:* The ruins date back to antiquity.\*

**overlooked** – not noticed or ignored. *Example:* The report contained an important detail that was overlooked.\*

**dismantle** – to take apart something into smaller pieces. *Example:* They dismantled the old computer to fix its parts.\*

**merchant** – a person who buys and sells goods. *Example:* The silk merchant traveled across Asia for trade.\*

**voyage** – a long journey, usually by sea or space. *Example:* The ship began its voyage across the Atlantic.\*

**threat** – a danger or something that could cause harm. *Example:* Climate change is a serious threat to our planet.\*

**drenched** – completely wet or soaked. *Example:* We got drenched in the rain while walking home.\*

**lashing waves** – strong, violent waves hitting something. *Example:* The boat rocked in the lashing waves during the storm.\*

**setbacks** – problems or delays that stop progress. *Example:* The project faced several setbacks before completion.\*

**contemporary knowledge** – what people currently know or understand in modern times. *Example:* His ideas were far ahead of contemporary knowledge.\*

**adorned** – decorated or made beautiful with something. *Example:* The hall was adorned with flowers for the wedding.\*

**puzzle out** – (phrasal verb) to try to understand or solve something difficult. *Example:* Scientists are still puzzling out how the disease spreads.\*

**excavate** – to dig in the ground to find old remains or objects. *Example:* Archaeologists excavated the site to uncover ancient tools.\*