

Hello Scout Classic

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Looking for something else? Visit <https://eclipsescout.github.io> for all Scout related documentation.

Introduction

In this tutorial we will create your first Scout Classic application.



If you don't know what Scout Classic is yet, please read the [Get Started Guide](#) first.

We will create the application using Eclipse or IntelliJ. The generated application will consist of a client and server part and simply display a text sent from the server.

Prerequisites

This section guides you through the installation of the tools required to start the **Hello Scout** application.

Currently there is IDE support for Scout application development for IntelliJ IDEA and Eclipse. Such an IDE is not required but makes the development much easier. This tutorial describes the setup for both IDEs. Please choose the one you prefer.

Node.js

First, Node.js needs to be installed as Scout uses it to build web assets. So if you don't have it yet, visit the [Node.js download site](#), choose the package for your platform and install it on your local machine.

Make sure the Node.js installation is on the PATH. You can verify it by using your command line:

```
c:\> node --version  
v12.21.0
```

Add pnpm

Scout uses [pnpm 5](#) as package manager. Therefore, install it into your Node installation by using your command line:

```
npm install -g pnpm
```

and verify that it was installed successfully with:

```
c:\> pnpm -v  
5.18.2
```

IntelliJ

If you have no IntelliJ yet, you can download it from the [JetBrains download site](#). We recommend selecting the Ultimate edition to have the JavaScript support included in the IDE. There is a 30-day trial if you have no licence. For this tutorial you can also use the free Community Edition, but it requires some extra steps indicated.

Install or extract the package and run it using `bin/idea64.exe` in the installation folder. Follow the instructions until the **Welcome to IntelliJ IDEA** screen is shown.

On the left side switch to **Plugins**, search for **Eclipse Scout** and press the green **Install** button. In case a **Third-Party Plugins Privacy Notice** is shown, press **Accept**. The Scout plugin does not collect or process any personal data. Afterwards, the plugin is being downloaded from the [JetBrains Marketplace](#) and installed locally. As soon as this is completed, press the **Restart IDE** button.

The same can also be achieved by navigating to **File | Settings | Plugins** in case you already have an existing IntelliJ project running.

Congratulations! You have successfully set up IntelliJ IDEA for Scout development.

Eclipse

As Eclipse has no JDK included, make sure you have a Java Development Kit (JDK) installed. In case you need to download and install it, we recommend downloading an OpenJDK 11 (HotSpot) from [adoptopenjdk.net](#).

Make sure the JDK installation is on the PATH. You can verify it by using your command line:

```
C:\> java -version
openjdk version "11.0.9.1" 2020-11-04
OpenJDK Runtime Environment AdoptOpenJDK (build 11.0.9.1+1)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM AdoptOpenJDK (build 11.0.9.1+1, mixed mode)
```

Then download the [Eclipse IDE for Scout Developers](#) package for your platform by visiting the [official Eclipse download page](#). After the package selection, confirm the suggested mirror and extract the downloaded archive to your local disk.

Congratulations! You have successfully installed Eclipse for Scout development.

Create a Scout Project

The Scout project creation depends on the IDE chosen. Therefore, please follow the instructions in the corresponding section below.

IntelliJ

Start your IntelliJ (if not already running) and in the [Welcome to IntelliJ IDEA](#) screen click on [New Project](#). The [New Project](#) wizard starts. The same can also be achieved from the menu [File | New | Project...](#) if an existing project is open already.

On the left side select the [Scout](#) type. You have to enter a [Group Id](#), [Artifact Id](#) and a [Display Name](#) for your Scout project as shown in [Figure 1](#). As the created project will make use of [Apache Maven](#), please refer to the [Maven naming conventions](#) to choose [Group Id](#) and [Artifact Id](#) for your project. The [Display Name](#) is used as the application name presented to the user (e.g. in the browser title bar).

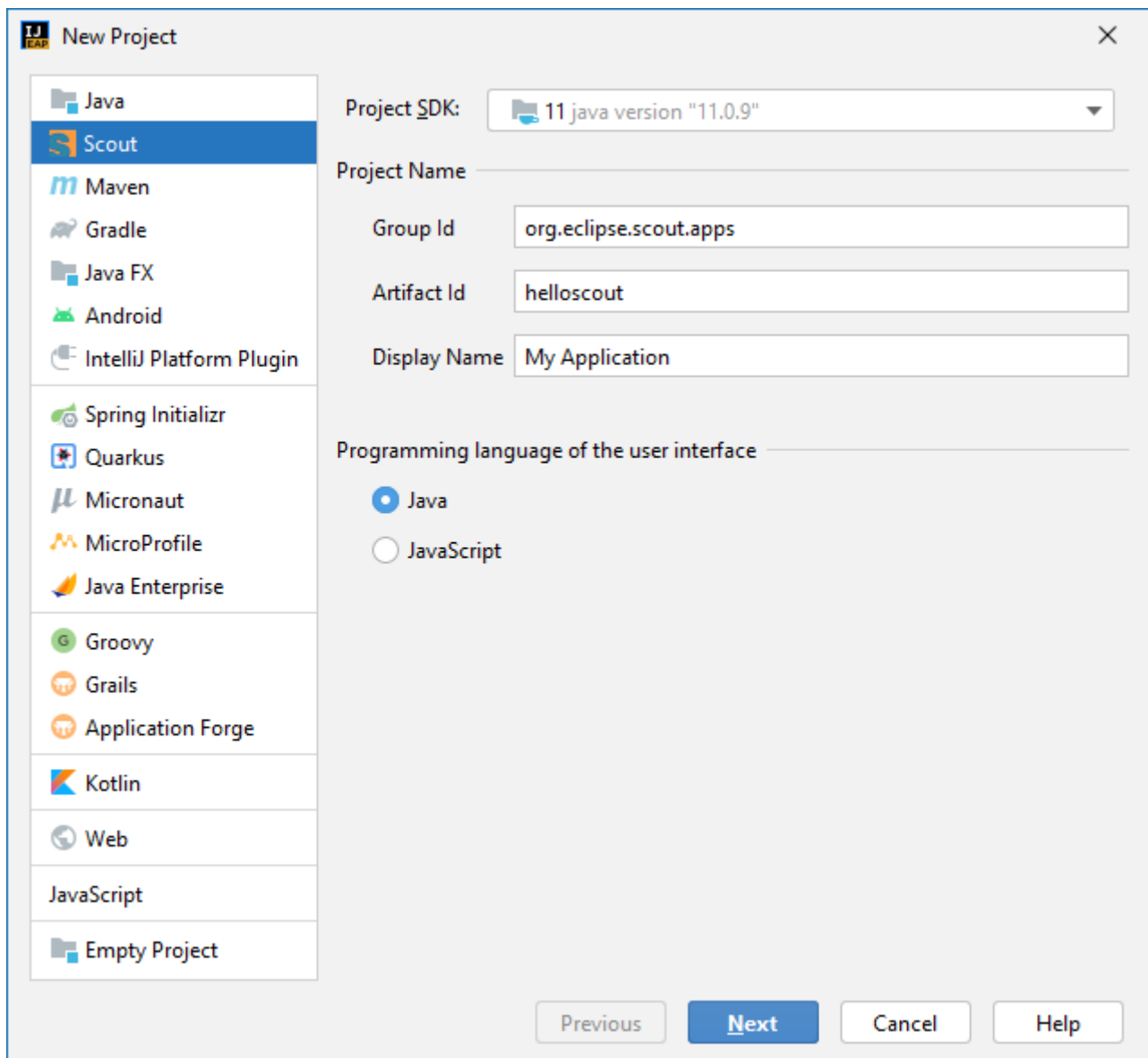


Figure 1. The new Scout project wizard.

For the **Hello Scout** application just use the already pre-filled values and ensure the user interface programming language is set to **Java** as shown in [Figure 1](#). Then click the **[Next]** button.

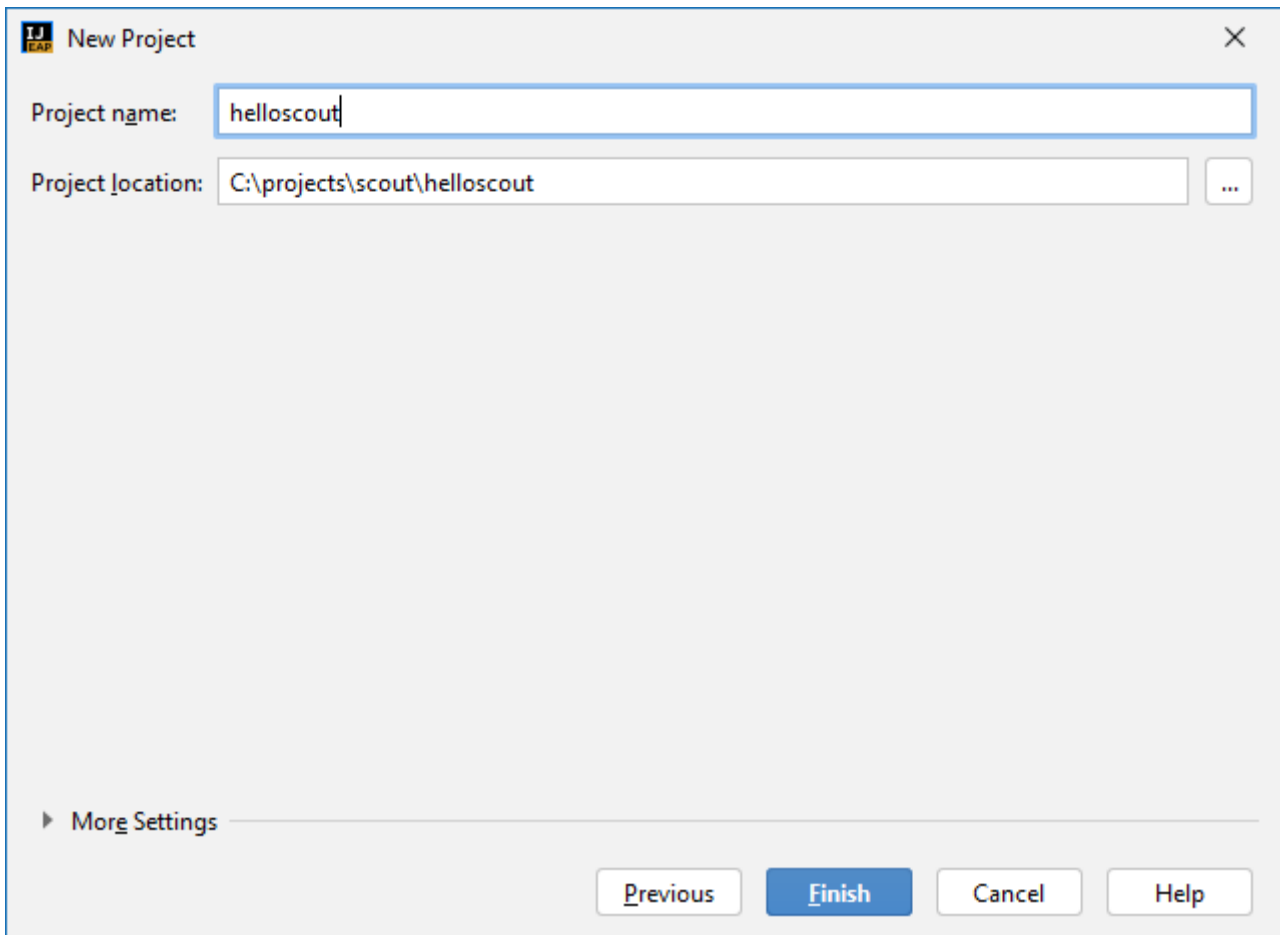


Figure 2. Specify name and location of the new project.

On the second page please specify project name and location and press [**Finish**]. The Scout plugin then creates the initial project content for you (you will see some Maven build output). Wait until all tasks have completed.

Afterwards, you will find the created Scout modules in the Project view as shown in [Figure 3](#).

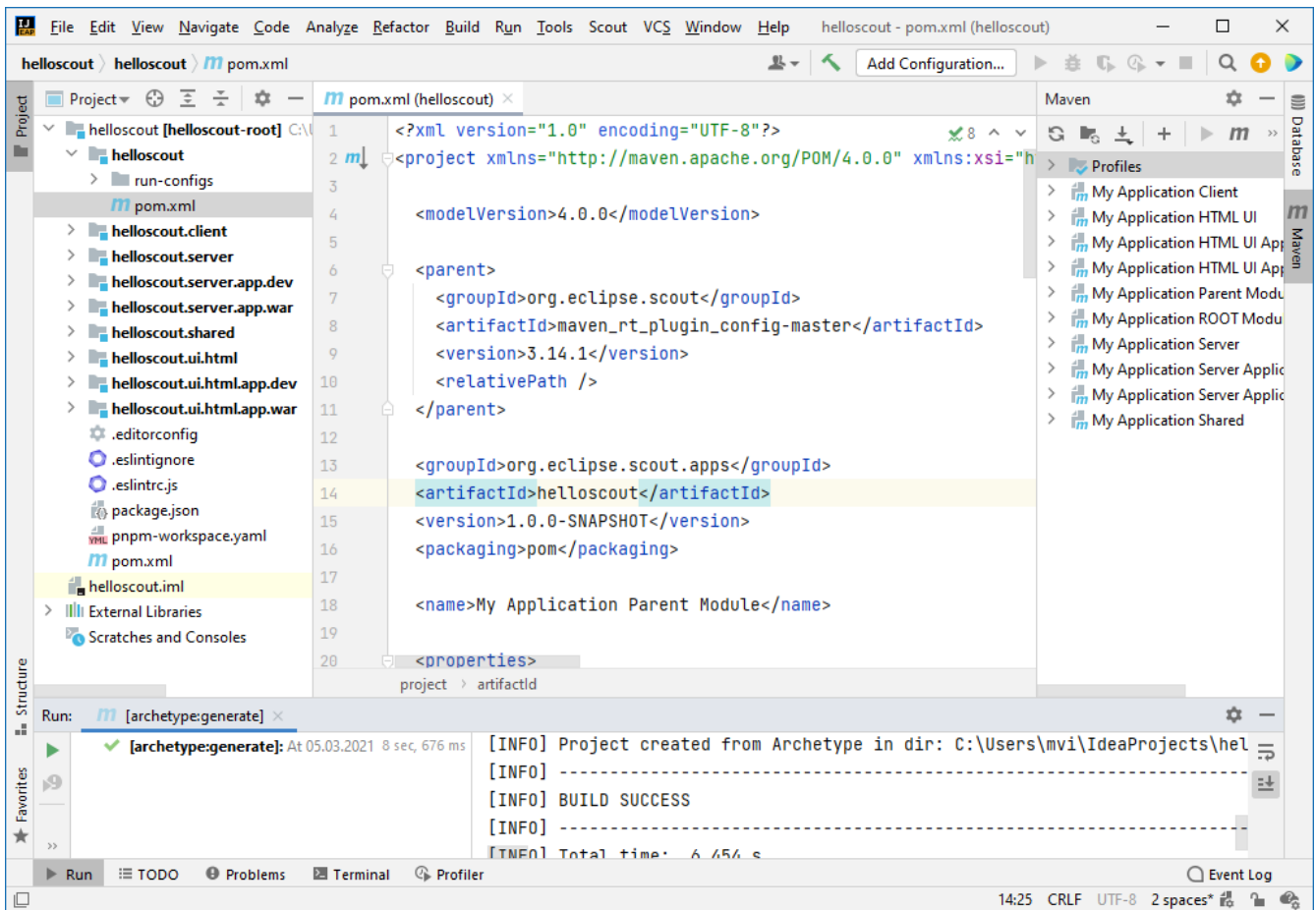


Figure 3. The initial set of Maven modules created for the Hello Scout application.



If the modules are not automatically created as indicated in Figure 3, right click on the root `pom.xml` and click **Add as Maven Project**.

Then you can start the Scout application for the first time. Since the **Hello Scout** app consists of a backend and a frontend, two servers need to be started. Before the frontend server can deliver any JavaScript code to the browser, the JavaScript build needs to be executed as well. You could start each run configuration separately, but for the sake of convenience there is a compound run configuration available which starts all at once.

To start the launch configuration, use the *Add Configuration...* menu on the top as shown in Figure 4. In the dialog, expand the **Compound** type on the left side, select the prepared run configuration **[webapp] all** and confirm with **[Ok]**. Finally, click on the green triangle symbol directly right of the *Add Configuration...* menu. This will execute the Java build and start the Java frontend server and backend server afterwards. On IntelliJ Ultimate this will furthermore download all necessary JavaScript dependencies and execute the JavaScript build.

If using the Community Edition, additionally execute the following commands on the command line manually:

1. `npm run pnpm-install` in the root of your project (next to the `pnpm-workspace.yaml`) to install all JavaScript dependencies.
2. `npm run build:dev:watch` in the `helloscout.ui.html` module to start the JavaScript build and watcher. The watcher keeps on running and will continuously update the JavaScript assets as you change your JavaScript source files (hot-code-replace).

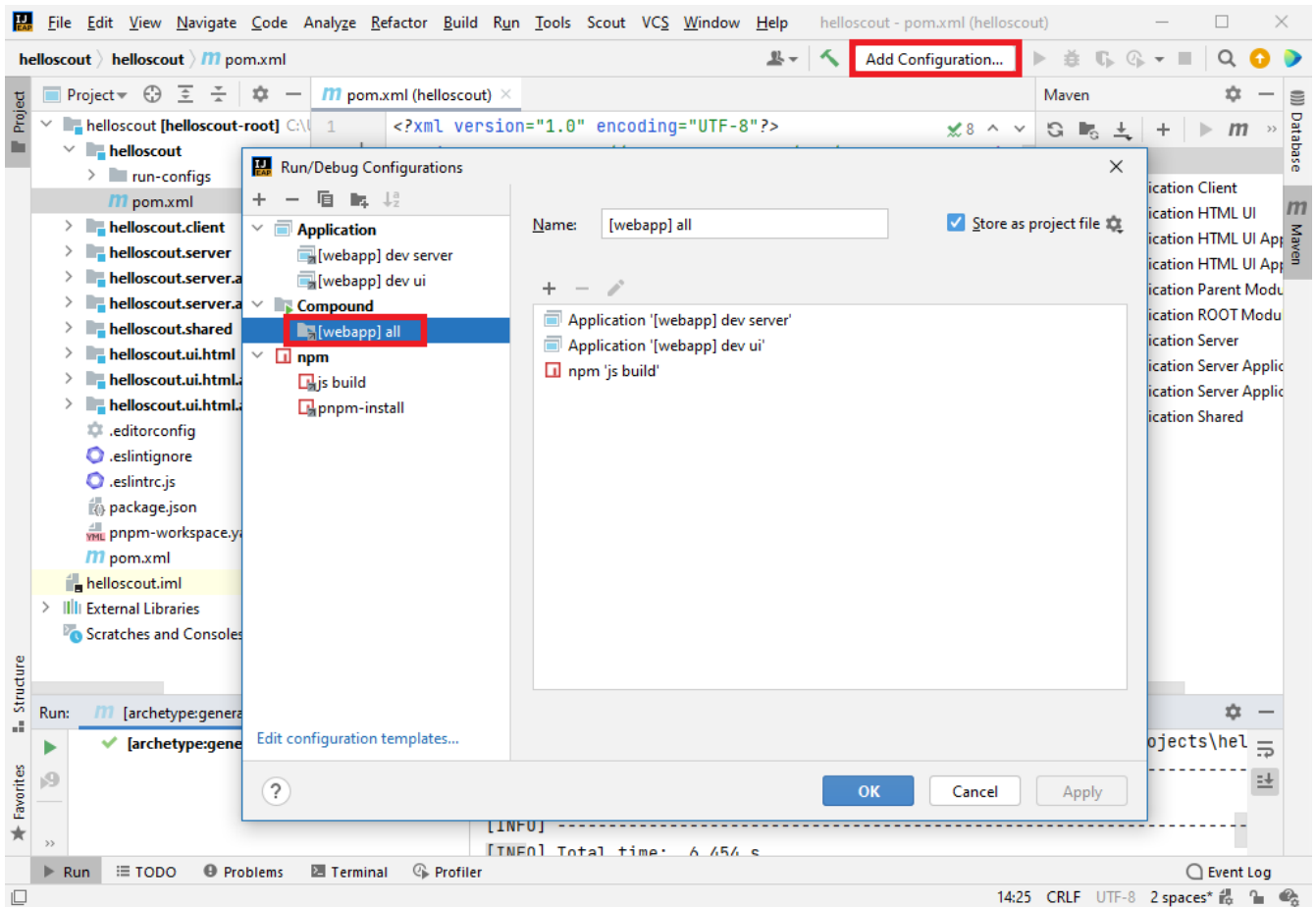


Figure 4. Selecting the compound run configuration



The JavaScript build fails in case the installed Node.js was not found or is too old. In that case, follow the instructions in the section [Prerequisites](#) and check the IntelliJ settings in **File | Settings | Languages & Frameworks | Node.js** and **NPM**.

Once the JS build has been completed (this may take a while for the first time as some dependencies need to be downloaded) and the two servers have been started, the **Hello Scout** application can be accessed by navigating to <http://localhost:8082/> in your favorite web browser.

The **Hello Scout** application is then presented as shown in [Figure 5](#).



Figure 5. The Hello Scout application in the browser.

Eclipse

Start your Eclipse IDE and select an empty directory for your workspace as shown in [Figure 6](#). This workspace directory will then hold all the project code for the **Hello Scout** application. Once the Eclipse IDE is running, it will show the Java perspective.

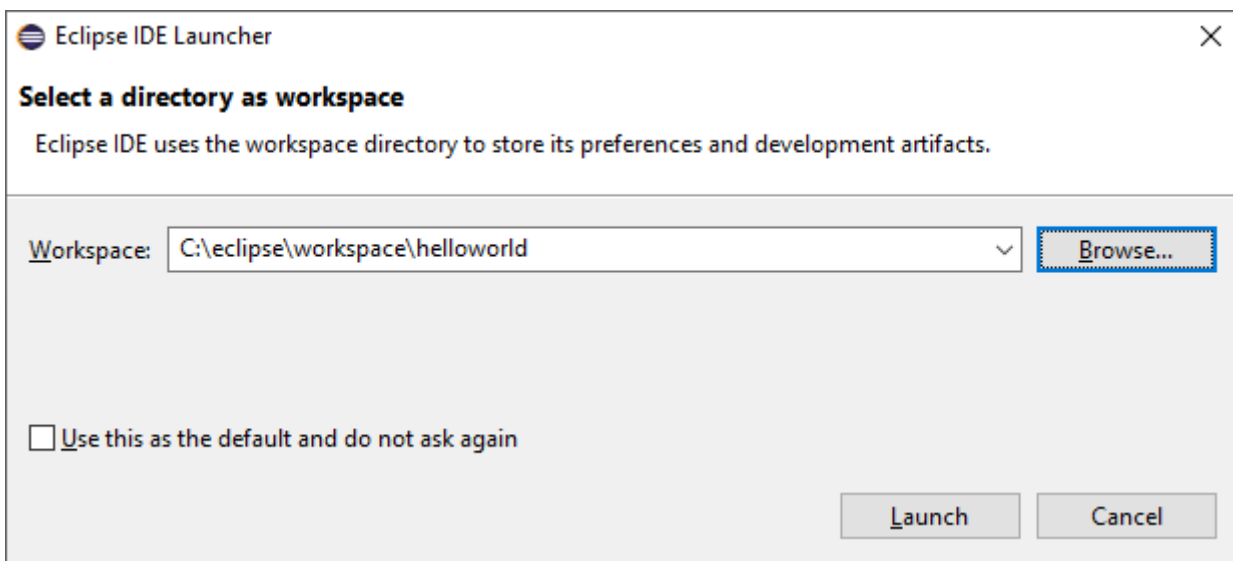


Figure 6. Select a new empty folder to hold your project workspace

To create a new Scout project, select the menu **File > New > Project...** and type **Scout Project** in the wizard search field. Select the Scout Project wizard and press **[Next]**. The *New Scout Project* wizard is then started as shown in [Figure 7](#).

New Scout Project

Create a Scout Project

Create a new Scout Project

Project Name

Group Id:

Artifact Id:

Display Name:

Programming language of the user interface

☒ Java

☐ JavaScript

Project Location

☒ Use default Workspace location

Target Directory:

Figure 7. The new Scout project wizard.

In the *New Scout Project* wizard you have to enter a **Group Id**, **Artifact Id** and a **Display Name** for your Scout project. As the created project will make use of [Apache Maven](#), please refer to the [Maven naming conventions](#) to choose **Group Id** and **Artifact Id** for your project. The **Display Name** is used as the application name presented to the user (e.g. in the browser title bar).

For the **Hello Scout** application just use the already pre-filled values and ensure the user interface programming language is set to **Java** as shown in [Figure 7](#). Then click the **[Finish]** button to let the Scout SDK create the initial project code for you.

Depending on your Eclipse installation, some **Maven plugin connectors** may initially be missing. In that case, a dialog as shown in [Figure 8](#) appears. In order to resolve the selected connectors and continue, click on **[Finish]**. Afterwards, confirm the installation, accept the license and the message that some content has not been signed. Finally, the installation of the maven plugin connectors requires a restart of the Eclipse IDE.

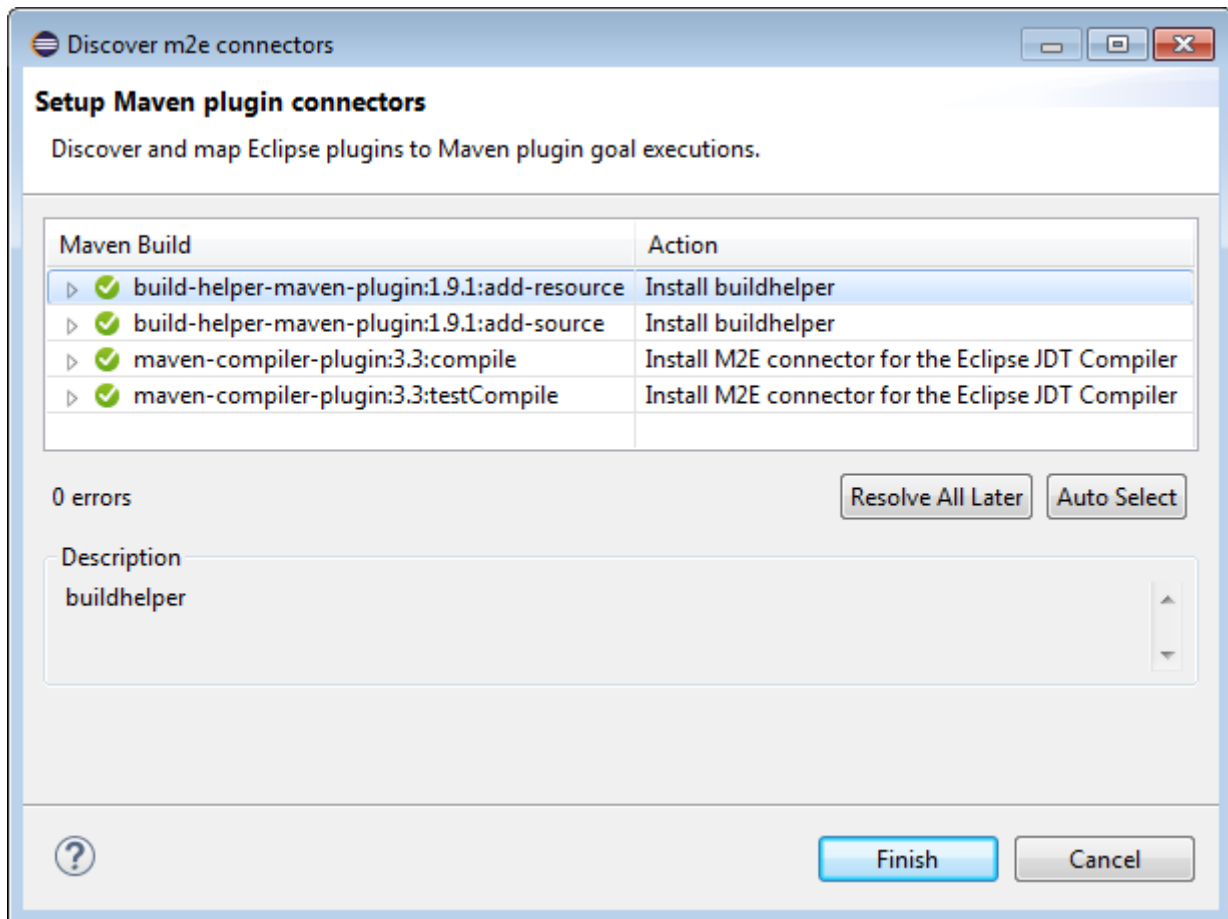


Figure 8. The Maven plugin connector installation dialog.

After the *New Scout Project* wizard has created the Maven modules for the **Hello Scout** application, the code is compiled by the Eclipse IDE. You can see the created Maven modules in the **Package Explorer** as shown in [Figure 9](#).

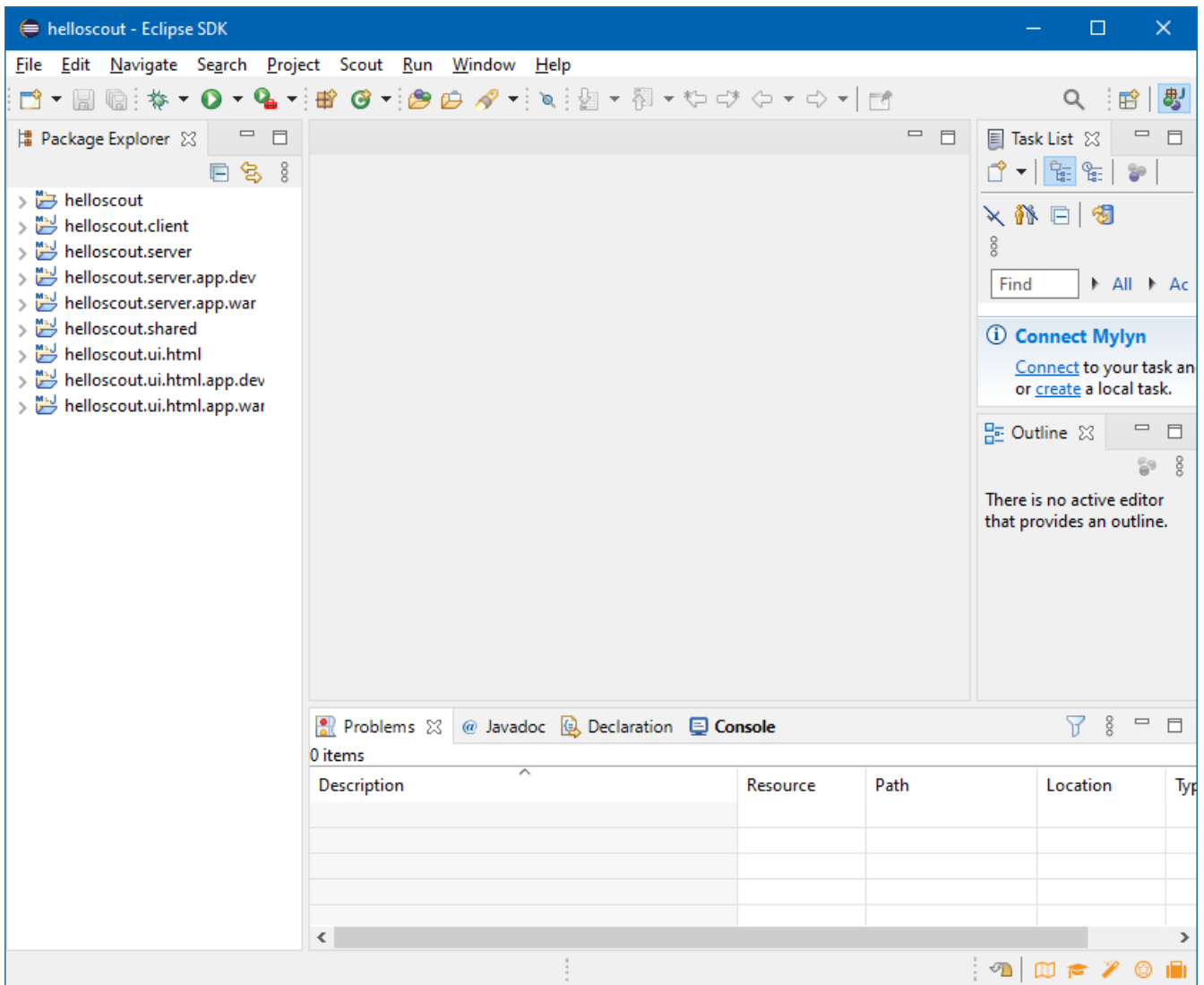


Figure 9. The initial set of Maven modules created for the Hello Scout application.

After the compilation, you can start the Scout application for the first time. Since the **Hello Scout** app consists of a backend and a frontend, two servers need to be started. Before the frontend server can deliver any JavaScript code to the browser, the JavaScript build needs to be executed as well. You could start each launch configuration separately, but for the sake of convenience there is a launch group available which starts all at once.

To start the launch group use the *Run As* menu as shown in [Figure 10](#).

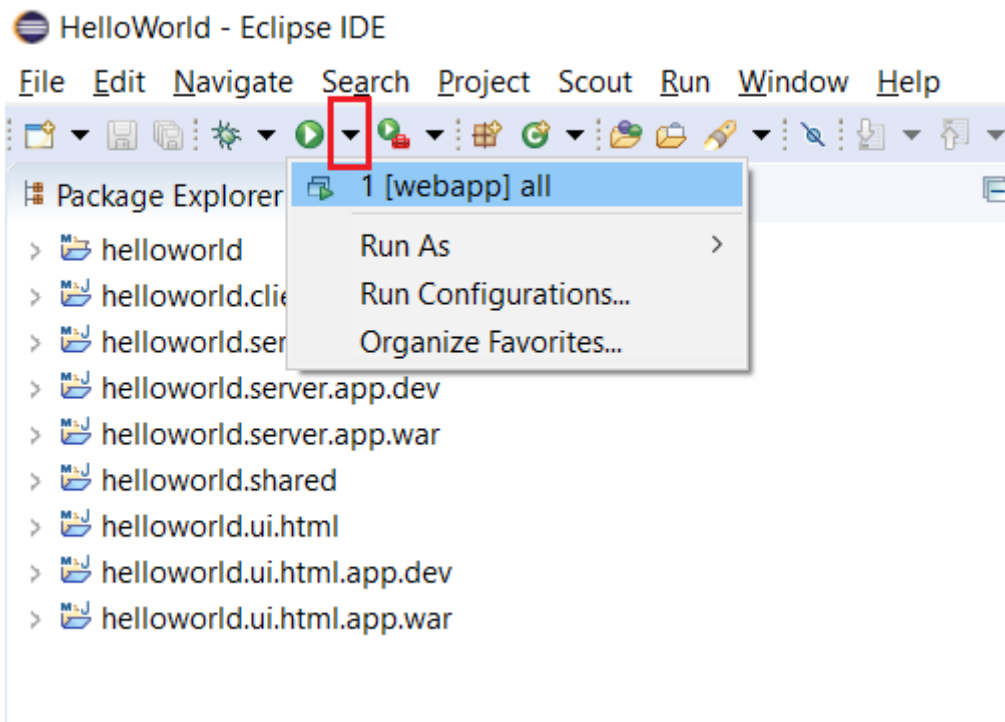


Figure 10. Starting the Hello Scout application.



The JavaScript build fails in case the installed Node.js was not found or is too old. In that case, follow the instructions in the section [Prerequisites](#).

Once the JS build has been completed successfully, the frontend and backend servers will be started automatically. The servers are ready as soon as the console shows **Server ready**. You can now access the **Hello Scout** application by navigating to <http://localhost:8082/> in your favorite web browser.

The **Hello Scout** application is then presented as shown in [Figure 11](#).

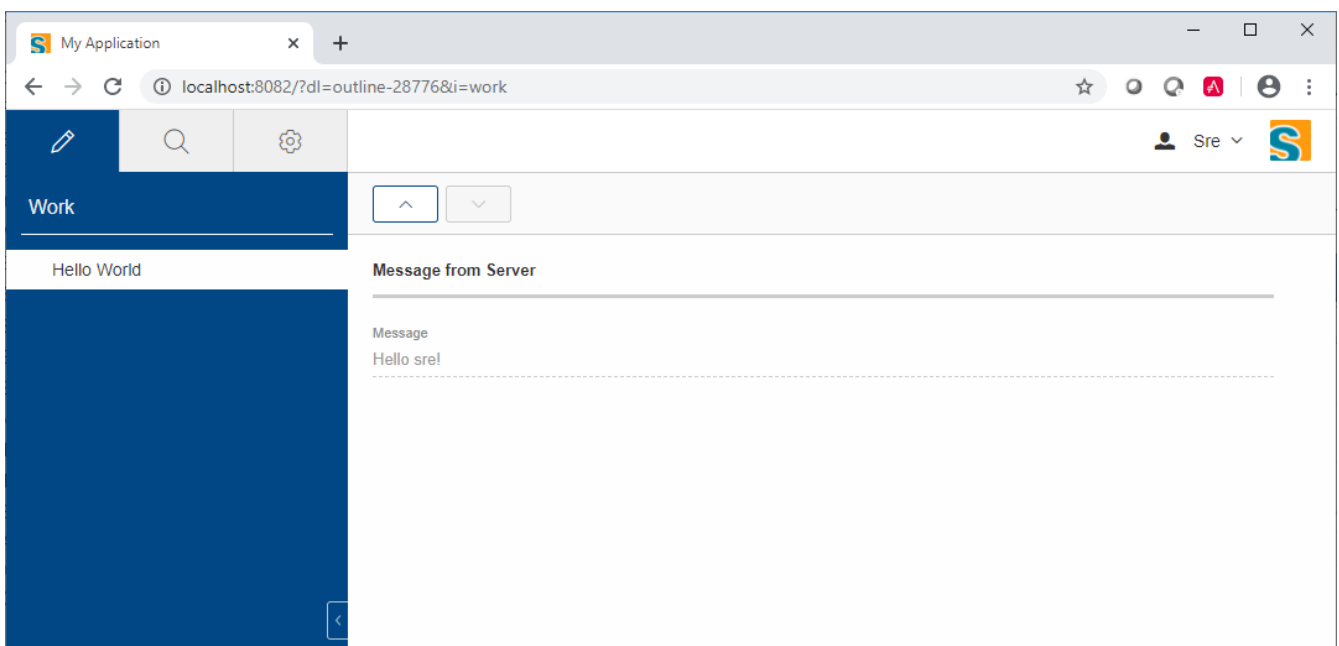


Figure 11. The Hello Scout application in the browser.

What's Next?

Congratulations! You have successfully created your first Scout Classic application.

To gain experience working with Scout, we recommend going through the [One Day Tutorial](#).

If you are interested in Scout's concepts, architecture and features you probably want to have a look at the [Technical Guide](#).

In case you should get stuck somewhere and need help, contact us on the [Scout Forum](#) or on [Stack Overflow](#).

We wish you all the best on your journey with Scout.



Do you want to improve this document? Have a look at the [sources](#) on GitHub.