

Eclipse Scout Migration Guide

Version 22.0

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About This Document

This document describes all relevant changes **from Eclipse Scout 11.0 to Eclipse Scout 22.0**. If existing code has to be migrated, instructions are provided here.

Obtaining the Latest Version

Scout Runtime for Java

Scout Runtime artifacts for Java are distributed using Maven Central:

- [22.0-SNAPSHOT](#) on *Maven Central*
- [22.0-SNAPSHOT](#) on *mvnrepository.com*

Usage example in the parent POM of your Scout application:

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.eclipse.scout.rt</groupId>
  <artifactId>org.eclipse.scout.rt</artifactId>
  <version>22.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
  <type>pom</type>
  <scope>import</scope>
</dependency>
```

Scout Runtime for JavaScript

Scout Runtime artifacts for JavaScript are distributed using npm:

- [Scout Core Runtime](#)
- [All official Scout JavaScript packages](#)

Usage example in your package.json:

```
{
  "name": "my-module",
  "version": "1.0.0",
  "dependencies": {
    "@eclipse-scout/core": "22.0.0-snapshot",
    "jquery": "3.5.1"
  }
}
```

The pre-built Scout JavaScript assets are also available using a CDN (e.g. to be directly included in a html document): <https://www.jsdelivr.com/package/npm/@eclipse-scout/core?path=dist>

IDE Tooling (Scout SDK)

Starting with Scout 11 the IDE Tooling requires at least Java 11 to run. With the help of the SDK plugins you can still develop applications running with Java 8, but the IDE itself requires Java 11 or newer.

Scout officially supports [IntelliJ IDEA](#) and [Eclipse for Scout Developers](#).

IntelliJ IDEA

You can download the Scout plugin for IntelliJ IDEA from the [JetBrains Plugin Repository](#) or you can use the plugins client built into IntelliJ IDEA. Please refer to the [IntelliJ Help](#) on how to install and manage plugins.

Eclipse

You can download the complete Eclipse IDE with Scout SDK included here:

[Eclipse for Scout Developers](#)

To install the Scout SDK into your existing Eclipse IDE, use this P2 update site:

<http://download.eclipse.org/scout/releases/11.0/>

@TypeVersion Annotation Type Change

The type version of a data object is used to identify a certain structure version of the stored data object. A data object may be stored in a database or be available as a container to export certain data for import in a different compatible system. Such a data object may evolve over time and undergo structural changes. Some structural changes make it necessary to apply migrations to existing serialized data objects to comply with the new structure.

In order to prepare for migration support, the value type of the `@TypeVersion` annotation was changed from `String` to `Class<? extends ITypeVersion>`. A `ITypeVersion` represents a namespace/version and its dependencies.

Migration:

For each different `String` value used in type version annotation, create an implementation of `ITypeVersion` as described in [Data Objects: Namespace and ITypeVersion](#) in the technical documentation.

`DataObjectInventory#getTypeVersion` now returns `NamespaceVersion` instead of `String`. Use `NamespaceVersion#unwrap` to access the text representation.

Annotation @EnumVersion Removed

@EnumVersion was designed for migration support similar as the TypeVersion but was never part of any serialization output of a data object, therefore couldn't be used as indicator for migrations. Support for @EnumVersion was removed.

Migration:

Remove @EnumVersion annotations on IEnum implementors.

Native Notification Support

The new notifications displayed by the browser use the application logo configured in `AbstractDesktop#getConfiguredLogoId()` by default.

If you use native notifications, you should provide a logo with a resolution of at least 150x150 px. If your application logo already has such a resolution, it should be fine. If your application logo has a lower resolution or is an SVG, you should use a different image for the notifications (SVGs are not supported by Chrome notifications). To do so, just configure the native notification defaults on your desktop.

```
@Override
protected NativeNotificationDefaults getConfiguredNativeNotificationDefaults() {
    return super.getConfiguredNativeNotificationDefaults()
        .withIconId("notification_logo.png");
}
```

Application Logo / Info Form

The image `application_logo_large` and the constant `AbstractIcons.ApplicationLogo` have been removed. The name was confusing and it was only used for the `ScoutInfoForm`. The info form now uses the logo of the desktop (`IDesktop#getLogoId()`) by default. So if you prefer to use a different logo for the info form, just extend the info form, override the method `getProductLogo()` and return the name of your preferred image.

In case you don't use SVG logos yet, you should consider doing so to prevent blurry logos.

Style

LESS Variables

- @active-inverted-background-color → @selected-background-color
- @active-inverted-color → @selected-color
- @navigation-background-color → @desktop-navigation-background-color
- @navigation-color → @desktop-navigation-color
- @outline-title-margin-left/right → @outline-title-padding-left/right
- @group-box-title-margin-top → @group-box-header-margin-top
- @group-box-title-border-width → @group-box-header-border-width

Notes: @desktop-navigation-background-color now points to @desktop-header-background-color; Instead of customizing the navigation background color it is suggested to now customize the header background color.

Rules

- .menubox → .menubar-box
- .group-box-title → .group-box-header > .title
- border-bottom of group-box-title → .group-box-header > .bottom-border
- .tab-box-bottom-border → .bottom-border

Icons

Cleanup

Some icons have been removed because they are not used by Scout itself anymore. If you need these icons, please add them to your own icon library. If you don't already have a custom icon library, please see our guide on how to create one: <https://eclipsescout.github.io/11.0/technical-guide.html#icons> The icons from Scout can be found here: <https://git.eclipse.org/c/scout/org.eclipse.scout.rt.git/tree/org.eclipse.scout.rt.ui.html/src/icons?h=releases/11.0> There you also find a `selection.json` that can be used to import the icons to `IcoMoon`.

- MENU_BOLD (uF0C9)
- LIST_UL_BOLD (uF0CA)
- LIST_OL_BOLD (uF0CB)
- GRAPH_BOLD (uE023)
- CATEGORY (uE059)
- CATEGORY_BOLD (uE024)
- ELLIPSIS-V-BOLD / VERTICAL_DOTS (uE040)

- SPINNER (uE044)
- ANGLE-DOUBLE-LEFT-BOLD (uF100)
- ANGLE-DOUBLE-RIGHT-BOLD (uF101)
- ANGLE-DOUBLE-UP-BOLD (uF102)
- ANGLE-DOUBLE-DOWN-BOLD (uF103)
- BOLD (uE051)
- ITALIC (uE052)
- UNDERLINE (uE053)
- STRIKETHROUGH (uE054)
- LIST-UL (uE055)
- LIST-OL (uE056)
- LIGHTBULB_OFF (uE057)
- LIGHTBULB_ON (uE058)

The following icons have been renamed - EXCLAMATION_MARK → EXCLAMATION_MARK_BOLD

Line Width Adjustments

The line width of the Scout icons has been increased a little because they are now displayed a little smaller. If you use custom icons in combination with the Scout icons, you may want to consider adjusting the line widths of your icons as well. This should only be relevant if you explicitly used the Scout icons in your code.

Also, the Scout icons now come with a regular and a light font. The regular font should be used if the icon is displayed at about 16px. This is the case for most widgets (menu, button etc.) If the icon is displayed larger, the light font can be used. To activate it for your custom widget, set the font-weight to @icon-font-weight-light.

If you want to align your custom icons with the Scout icons, use the following dimensions:

- Regular: 1.5px line width and 24px artboard height
- Light: 1px line width and 24px artboard height

Browser Field

The type of the `data` argument for the callback `execPostMessage` was changed from *String* to *Object*. This allows for the widest variety of data that can be sent from an embedded page to the application:

- String
- Number
- Boolean
- IDataObject (objects or arrays)

In previous Scout versions, all messages were always converted to text. Now, the data type is preserved as accurately as possible. JSON objects or arrays are converted to *IDoEntity* or *DoList* with the help of the *IObjectMapper* bean. To use this feature, an implementation of *IDataObjectMapper* needs to be present at runtime. If no implementation is available, the data will be converted to text automatically.

Migration:

Adjust the signature of all implementations of `AbstractBrowserField#postMessage` in your code.

- Change `execPostMessage(String data, String origin)` to `execPostMessage(Object data, String origin)`.
- If the message sent by the embedded web page is not a text, the appropriate data type is now passed. Check the expected type using `instanceof` or convert it to String manually.
- If you want objects and arrays to be converted to *IDataObjects* automatically, make sure there is an implementation of *IObjectMapper* present at runtime, e.g. by adding a dependency to the module *org.eclipse.scout.rt.jackson* in pom.xml.

Lazy Creation of detailTable and detailForm in Scout JS Pages

In the past when a page was created the embedded detail forms and tables have been created together with the page. This may lead to a bad performance when an outline containing lots of complex pages is created.

Therefore the containing tables and forms are now only created when the page is activated (e.g. selected by the user). This is the same behavior as already implemented in Scout Classic since several years. As a consequence accessing `Page.detailForm` or `Page.detailTable` may now return `null` if the page has not been activated yet.

Check all usages of the `detailForm` and `detailTable` properties of pages in your code and ensure it is guarded with a null check or is only executed when the page has already been activated.

Typically these properties are accessed in the `_init()` function of a page e.g. to attach listeners. This is no longer possible as these properties are no longer available at that moment.

As an alternative override the `_initDetailForm(form)` or `_initDetailTable(table)` methods if your code exists on a Page (don't forget to add a super call). If outside a Page listen for the `propertyChange` events for `detailForm` or `detailTable` to execute your detailForm or detailTable dependant code.

Furthermore if you use the following methods on pages, please rename them as follows:

- from `createDetailForm` to `_createDetailForm`
- from `_createTable` to `_createDetailTable`
- from `_initTable` to `_initDetailTable`
- from `_ensureDetailForm` to `ensureDetailForm`

Deprecated Functions in strings.js Utility

The static `strings` utility provides various string-related functions. The obsolete functions `uppercaseFirstLetter` and `lowercaseFirstLetter` were deprecated in favor of more robust and consistent alternatives, and should no longer be used. They will be removed eventually.

Migration:

- Change `strings.uppercaseFirstLetter(s)` to `strings.toUpperCaseFirstLetter(s)`.
- Change `strings.lowercaseFirstLetter(s)` to `strings.toLowerCaseFirstLetter(s)`.

Note the uppercase "C" in the new function names!



At the same time, some new null-safe variants of `String` prototype methods were added: `toUpperCase(s)`, `toLowerCase(s)`, `length(s)`, `trim(s)`.



Do you want to improve this document? Have a look at the [sources](#) on GitHub.