

# Eclipse Scout

## *Migration Guide*

Scout Team

Version 10.0

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# About This Document

This document describes all relevant changes **from Eclipse Scout 9.0 to Eclipse Scout 10.0**. If existing code has to be migrated, instructions are provided here.

## Service Releases

Scout 10.0 will continue to be maintained for a while and a new build may be released from time to time, following the [Simultaneous Release Cycle](#). Beside bugfixes, these service releases may even contain some minor features.

The following changes were made after the initial 10.0 release.

### Simrel 2020-03 — TBD



The here described functionality has not yet been released and is part of an upcoming release.

## New Web Tool Stack

Scout updated the web tool stack from a custom implementation to a standard Node.js, Webpack and Babel based setup. Thanks to the power of these tools it is now possible to write modern JavaScript code which will be transpiled at build time so that old browsers can execute the code.

To run the JavaScript build a JavaScript runtime is required. This can be downloaded from <https://nodejs.org/>. It is recommended to use a Node.js version 12 because this is a LTS release. After downloading run the installer and add the installation directory to the PATH environment variable. This allows to use commands like `node` or `npm` from the command line. These commands will be required later.

## JavaScript Migration

If your application contains JavaScript code it needs to be migrated to EcmaScript 6. If your application does not contain any JavaScript or CSS code you can skip this chapter and continue with [Build Stack Migration](#).

In order to reduce the time needed for migrating all the JavaScript code there is a migration application available which will migrate the code automatically.

This application migrates a single Maven module. For a standard Scout JS application it must be executed for the `.ui` module. If the project contains more modules with JavaScript code, the migration application must be executed for each of these. To launch the migration application follow these steps:

1. Open a Browser and download the API definition files from the [Scout Git Repository](#). To do so right click on the small `plain` link for each file and save the target in a local directory.

2. Create a new simple Maven project in Eclipse (File → New → Project → Maven → Maven Project → Next, choose `Create a simple project`). Click Next.
3. Choose a Group- and Artifact Id and click Finish.
4. Open the created `pom.xml` and add a dependency to `org.eclipse.scout.rt:org.eclipse.scout.migration.ecma6:10.0.0-SNAPSHOT` and update the project using Alt+F5.
5. Create a new class `Config` in `src/main/js` extending the class `org.eclipse.scout.migration.ecma6.Configuration`.
6. Add an `@Replace` annotation to the class
7. In the `src/main/resources` folder create a folder `META-INF` and within a file `scout.xml` (can be empty).
8. Overwrite the following methods in the created `Config` class to configure the migration application to your local setup:
  - a. `getLibraryApiDirectory`: Point to the local directory where the API files from the first step are stored.
  - b. `getPersistLibraryFileName`: The application will create an API file for your project too. This is the place to specify the file name.
  - c. `getPersistLibraryName`: Choose the simple name of the module under migration.
  - d. `getSourceModuleDirectory`: Absolute path to the Maven module that should be migrated. If you have a Scout Classic application this is the module that ends with `.ui.html`. If you have a Scout JS application it is typically the module that ends with `.ui`.
  - e. `getTargetModuleDirectory`: Where the migrated files should be stored. If you want to perform an in-place migration to commit the changes to VCS return `getSourceModuleDirectory()`. To test and tweak the migration you can choose an temporary output directory.
  - f. `getJsFolderName`: The subfolder within `src/main/js` in which your JavaScript code is stored.
  - g. `getNamespace`: The JavaScript application namespace. This is the prefix all your JavaScript code lives in. If you have code like `helloworld.MyClass.prototype`, then the namespace is `helloworld`.
9. Create a new Java Application launch configuration that uses your newly created project and launches the `org.eclipse.scout.migration.ecma6.Migration` class.
10. The migration application has some prerequisites that the code can be migrated. Ensure that these are met before launching:
  - a. The source must be properly formatted.
  - b. One file must only contain one JavaScript class.
11. If the above conditions are fulfilled the migration can be started using the created launch config.
12. The migration is executed in two steps:
  - a. First all existing files are overwritten with the migrated content.
  - b. Second the files are moved to their new locations.

13. When the first step finished, the migration app requests confirmation to continue with the second step. This gives you the possibility to commit the first step to VCS which preserves the history.

After the migration execution there are some manual post processing tasks that must be executed, see next chapter.

## Build Stack Migration



Depending on the type of application, you either have a `\*.ui.html` module or a `*.ui` and an `*.app` module. The `ui` module typically contains the JS code and the `app` module the static resources (WebContent folder). If you only have one module it contains both. So if the guide tells you to do something in the `.app` module and you don't have one, do it in the `.ui.html` module instead.

1. Please do the automatic migration first if you have JS or CSS files in your project, see [JavaScript Migration](#)
2. In the `pom.xml` of your parent project change the version of the parent `maven_rt_plugin_config-master` to 3.6.0.
3. Create a file named `.gitignore` in the `.ui` module and the `.app` module (if available) with the following content:

```
node_modules
dist
test-results
```

4. If you only have a `.ui` module without an `.app` module (typical Scout Classic app), follow these steps. Otherwise skip this section and continue with the next step.
  - a. Copy the following file to the root of your `.ui.html` module (replace the placeholder `${simpleArtifactName}` with your application name and `${version}` with your application version): [package.json](#)
  - b. Copy the following file to the root of the `.ui.html` module: [webpack.config.js](#)
5. If you have a separate `.app` module you should have skipped the previous step. Instead do the following steps.
  - a. Copy the following file to the root of the `.ui` module (replace the placeholders `${simpleArtifactName}` with your application name and `${version}` with your application version): [package.json](#)
  - b. Copy the following file to the root of the `.ui` module: [webpack.config.js](#)
  - c. Copy the following file to the root of the `.app` module (replace the placeholders `${simpleArtifactName}` with your application name, `${version}` with your application version and `${rootArtifactId}` with the root module name): [package.json](#)
  - d. Copy the following file to the root of the `.app` module (replace the placeholder `${simpleArtifactName}` with your application name): [webpack.config.js](#)

- Copy the following file to the root of the .ui module: [karma.conf.js](#)
- Copy the following file to the directory src/test/js of the .ui module: [test-index.js](#)
- Move your existing index.js from the WebContent folder to src/main/js in the same module and adjust it accordingly (replace the placeholder `${simpleArtifactName}` with your application name).

*Listing 1. For Scout Classic*

```
import {RemoteApp} from '@eclipse-scout/core';
new RemoteApp().init();
```

*Listing 2. For Scout JS*

```
import {App} from '@${simpleArtifactName}/ui';
new App().init({
  bootstrap: {
    textsUrl: 'res/texts.json',
    localesUrl: 'res/locales.json'
  }
});
```



The new files don't require `$(document).ready` and `modelsUrl` anymore. Other options are still valid so make sure you don't accidentally remove them.

- Move the file src/main/resources/WebContent/res/login.js (if it exists) to src/main/js in the same module and replace it with the following content:

```
import {LoginApp} from '@eclipse-scout/core';
new LoginApp().init();
```

- Move the file src/main/resources/WebContent/res/logout.js (if it exists) to src/main/js in the same module and replace it with the following content:

```
import {LogoutApp} from '@eclipse-scout/core';
new LogoutApp().init();
```

- Move the file \*-macro.less to src/main/js in the .ui module and rename it to theme.less. Make sure the imports point to the new index.less files of the corresponding npm modules (the migrator renamed the former \*-module.less to index.less).

```
@import "~@eclipse-scout/core/src/index";
@import "index";
```

- Create the file src/main/js/theme-dark.less in the .ui module and link all the index files with the

suffix -dark. If you have custom dark files you also need to create an index-dark.less linking these files:

```
@import "theme";
@import "~@eclipse-scout/core/src/index-dark";
@import "index-dark"; // Only necessary if you have custom dark files
```

13. If you have more themes, do the same for each theme.
14. Delete the file src/main/resources/WebContent/res/\*macro.js in the .app module.
15. Adjust the content of the file src/main/resources/WebContent/index.html in the .app module according to [index.html](#) (replace `${displayName}` with the title of your application and `${simpleArtifactName}` with your application name).



Differences: the name of the script files are defined in webpack.config.js. The scripts are moved to the end of the `<body>` tag. The include tags now require the includes folder.

16. Replace the content of file src/main/resources/WebContent/login.html (if available) in the .app module with [login.html](#) (replace `${displayName}` with the title of your application and `${simpleArtifactName}` with your application name)).
17. Replace the content of file src/main/resources/WebContent/logout.html (if available) in the .app module with [logout.html](#) (replace `${displayName}` with the title of your application and `${simpleArtifactName}` with your application name)).
18. In the file src/main/resources/WebContent/popup-window.html in the .app module add `includes/` in front of the template attribute of the `<scout:include>` tag.
19. Move all files and folders in src/main/resources/WebContent/res one folder up directly into WebContent and delete the empty res folder.
20. Search for all occurrences of `res` within the `WebContent` folder and remove the res folder.
21. In the file src/main/webapp/WEB-INF/web.xml files of the .ui.html.app.dev and .ui.html.app.war modules change the `filter-exclude` list of the `UIServletFilter` declaration to the following and replace `${simpleArtifactName}` with your application name (if your application uses the Scout LoginApp):

```
/favicon/*
/fonts/*
/logo.png
/jquery*.js
/login*.js
/logout*.js
/@${simpleArtifactName}-theme*.css
/eclipse-scout*.js
```

22. If you have a Repository.js change the global object holding the repositories from `${yourAppNameSpace}.repositories = {};` to `static repositories = {};` and change all references

in this file from `${yourAppNamespace}.repositories` to `Repository.repositories`.

23. If you have Jasmine specs, follow these steps. Otherwise you can skip it and continue with the next step.
  - a. Remove any Jasmine server test launch configurations (**jasmine**.launch files).
  - b. Remove any Spec runner HTML files (Spec\*Runner\*.html files).
  - c. Remove all entries of the Maven plugins `jasmine-maven-plugin` and `phantomjs-maven-plugin` from the pom.xml files.
  - d. In all pom.xml files remove the entries of the Maven plugin `maven-dependency-plugin` that runs in phase `generate-test-sources` and unpacks files from `org.eclipse.scout.rt.ui.html` or `org.eclipse.scout.rt.ui.html.test`.
  - e. Move all Specs from `src/test/js/${yourAppNamespace}` to `src/test/js` (one folder up)
24. If your .ui and .app modules are separated, in the pom.xml of the .ui module add the .following properties:
  - a. `master_skip_pnpm_install_dev=true`
  - b. `master_skip_pnpm_install_prod=true`
  - c. `master_skip_copy_webpack_build_output=true`
25. If you use pnpm (see below), create a file called `pnpm-workspace.yaml` in the parent folder of your modules (which is most likely the root of your git repository) and include your npm modules.
26. Open a terminal in the folder of the .ui module and run the command `npm install` (or `pnpm install`, if you use pnpm). This installs all dependencies that are required by the .ui module.
27. Open a terminal in the folder of the .app module and run the command `npm install` (or `pnpm install`, if you use pnpm). This installs all dependencies that are required by the .app module (including the .ui module of your project).
28. In the terminal of the .app module run the following command: `npm run build:dev`. This triggers the transpiler that creates the JavaScript build output in the dist folder of the .app module. Only after this command has been executed the server can find the web resources to deliver them to the browser.
29. In the terminal of the .ui module run the following command: `npm run testserver:start`. This executes the Jasmine Specs in a Chrome browser (Chrome must be installed locally, the same applies to ChromeHeadless if running the build in a CI environment, see [Build / Continuous Integration](#)).
30. If there are any build errors, fix them manually. The migration application might not fix every possible code correctly.

The steps above used NPM to install dependencies (`npm install`). Depending on your needs there might be other frameworks that better suit your setup. We recommend having a look at the following alternatives:

1. [PNPM](#)
2. [Yarn](#)

Please note that Scout uses PNPM internally during the Maven build.



# Build / Continuous Integration

With the new web tool stack the build of the JS and CSS code does not happen at runtime anymore but during build time. In order to make your life easier most of the npm tasks are automatically started by maven when running `mvn install`. But there are still a few adjustments you need to make on your CI jobs in order to build your application.

1. Node is installed automatically during maven build when the module contains a `package.json`. So there is no need to install node on the build server. Nothing to do here for you.
2. To run JavaScript specs Scout now uses ChromeHeadless instead of PhantomJS. If you have JS specs you need to make sure there is a Chrome installed on your build server. The following installation guide worked for our linux servers: <https://gist.github.com/ipepe/94389528e2263486e53645fa0e65578b#gistcomment-2379515>.
3. In order to display the test results you need to add the new test-results dir in your job configuration (e.g. `*/test-results/*/test-*.xml`)
4. You only have to do this step if you want to share your npm packages between different applications.

If you want to deploy npm artifacts to a custom npm repository (e.g. Artifactory), you need to add `.npmrc` file to the home directory of your build user on the build server (similar to the `.settings.xml` of maven). In order to deploy the artifacts you can use the official npm cli interface (`npm publish`). If you want to publish snapshots you can use Scout's `snapshot-version` script.

```
cd your.app.ui
./target/node/node ./target/node/node_modules/npm/bin/npm-cli.js run snapshot-
version
./target/node/node ./target/node/node_modules/npm/bin/npm-cli.js publish
--tag=snapshot
```

## API Changes (Java)

### StrictSimpleDateFormat

`org.eclipse.scout.rt.jackson.dataobject.StrictSimpleDateFormat` was removed. Use `org.eclipse.scout.rt.platform.util.date.StrictSimpleDateFormat` instead.

### ObjectUtility

`nv1Optional()` was renamed to `nv1Opt()`.

### Data Objects

The Scout data object support was moved from the Scout platform to the module

`org.eclipse.scout.rt.dataobject`. The package imports of all data object related classes therefore changed: From `org.eclipse.scout.rt.platform.dataobject` to `org.eclipse.scout.rt.dataobject`

## Renamings

`org.eclipse.scout.rt.client.ui.desktop.datachange.DoChangeEvent` →  
`org.eclipse.scout.rt.client.ui.desktop.datachange.ItemDataChangeEvent`

## Dependencies

All modules which use data objects were extended with a dependency to `org.eclipse.scout.rt.dataobject`

- `org.eclipse.scout.rt.rest`
- `org.eclipse.scout.rt.mom.api`

## Renamings in ErrorDo

- `org.eclipse.scout.rt.rest.error.ErrorDo#status` →  
`org.eclipse.scout.rt.rest.error.ErrorDo#httpStatus`
- `org.eclipse.scout.rt.rest.error.ErrorDo#code` →  
`org.eclipse.scout.rt.rest.error.ErrorDo#errorCode`

## CacheBuilder

The following methods on `CacheBuilder` were removed, since they were unused and covered unused, old functionality:

- Method `org.eclipse.scout.rt.shared.cache.CacheBuilder.addCacheInstance(ICache<K, V>)`
- Method `org.eclipse.scout.rt.shared.cache.CacheBuilder.getCacheInstances()`

## Move ICache and transactional Map

`AbstractTransactionalMap` and its concrete implementations `ConcurrentTransactionalMap` and `CopyOnWriteTransactionalMap` have been moved to `org.eclipse.scout.rt.platform.util.collection`.

`ICache`, its implementations and cache wrappers have been moved to `org.eclipse.scout.rt.platform.cache`.

## Authorization API

The authorization API of scout was extended and moved from `org.eclipse.scout.rt.shared` into its own module. You may check the technical guide for further details.

- Introduced `IPermissionCollection` and `IPermission` interfaces
- Let all current scout permission (e.g. `CopyToClipboardPermission`) implement `IPermission`
- All scout permission names are now prefixed with `scout`.

- `RemoteServiceAccessPermission#getName` returns a stable name instead of the service operation pattern
- Deleted `BasicHierarchyPermission`. If required, you may copy from an older version of scout.
- `org.eclipse.scout.rt.shared.services.common.security.IAccessControlService` moved to `org.eclipse.scout.rt.security`
- `IAccessControlService#getPermissionLevel` removed; use `ACCESS#getGrantedPermissionLevel` instead
- `IAccessControlService#checkPermission` removed; use instead `ACCESS#check`
- `IAccessControlService#getPermissions` must now **never** return `null`. Instead `NonePermissionCollection` or `AllPermissionCollection` may be returned.
- `org.eclipse.scout.rt.shared.services.common.security.ACCESS` moved to `org.eclipse.scout.rt.security.ACCESS`
- `ACCESS#check` now fails if argument is `null` (before succeeds).
- `org.eclipse.scout.rt.shared.services.common.security.AbstractAccessControlService` moved to `org.eclipse.scout.rt.security`
- `AbstractAccessControlService#getUserIdOfCurrentUser` moved to `Sessions#getCurrentUserId()`

## Load Permissions

With the new `IPermissionCollection`, loading of permissions in `AbstractAccessControlService#execLoadPermissions` has changed.

- Create a new instance by calling `BEANS.get(DefaultPermissionCollection.class)` instead of `new java.security.Permissions()`.
- Add permissions with a permission level: `permissions.add(new ReadUsersPermission(), PermissionLevel.ALL);`
- Do not forget to set permission collection as read only: `permissions.setReadOnly();`

There is also a `AllPermissionCollection` which may be used instead of `DefaultPermissionCollection`.

## TestingUtility → BeanTestingHelper

The following methods are deprecated. Use the corresponding methods on `BeanTestingHelper` via `BeanTestingHelper.get()` instead:

- `registerBeans`
- `registerBean`
- `unregisterBean`
- `unregisterBeans`
- `mockConfigProperty`

The following replacement regex can be applied on all Java files:

`\bTestingUtility\.(registerBeans|registerBean|unregisterBean|unregisterBeans|mockConfigProperty)` to `BeanTestingHelper.get().$1`

The following methods are deprecated and will be removed in a future release without a replacement:

- `registerWithReplace`
- `registerWithTestingOrder`
- `clearHttpAuthenticationCache`

## MailHelper.getCharacterEncodingOfPart(Part)

`MailHelper.getCharacterEncodingOfPart(Part)` is deprecated, use `ObjectUtility.nvl(BEANS.get(MailHelper.class).getPartCharset(part), StandardCharsets.UTF_8).name()` instead if same behavior is required.

## API Changes (JavaScript)

### REST Service Changes

Any changes which may change how REST consumer or provider behave.

### Renamings in ErrorDo

`org.eclipse.scout.rt.rest.error.ErrorDo` used by `org.eclipse.scout.rt.rest.client.proxy.ErrorDoRestClientExceptionTransformer` and some `org.eclipse.scout.rt.rest.exception.AbstractExceptionMapper<E>` was slightly changed:

- `ErrorDo#status` → `ErrorDo#httpStatus`
- `ErrorDo#code` → `ErrorDo#errorCode`

### Different HTTP status codes

A REST service client using `ErrorDoRestClientExceptionTransformer` will now transform

- any client request error (HTTP 4xx status codes) into a `VetoException`
- 403 - Forbidden into a `org.eclipse.scout.rt.dataobject.exception.AccessForbiddenException`
- 404 - Not Found into a `org.eclipse.scout.rt.dataobject.exception.ResourceNotFoundException`

The `org.eclipse.scout.rt.rest.exception.VetoExceptionMapper` used by a REST service provide will now create an error response with status 400 - Bad Request (this was formerly a 403).



Do you want to improve this document? Have a look at the [sources](#) on GitHub.