WELCOME TO MY CHANNEL CODE WITH AMIT

HISTORY OF JAVA

Brief introduction about the history of java.



- → Started in 1991
- → A team of engineers at Sun Microsystems began a project called "Green Project" for digital devices (set-up box, television etc)
- → File extension was .gt (HelloWord.gt)
- \rightarrow The team was led by **James Gosling** (known as the *Father of Java*).
- → 1995(Java alpha beta version) was released, but they have highly unstable.
- → JDK 1.0 was released in the year of 1996
- → Originally called Oak

Why was java named as "Oak"?



- The first name of Java was "Oak".
- James Gosling gave this name because there was an **oak tree outside his office.**
- Oak was chosen because it is a **symbol of strength**.
- Oak is also the national tree of many countries like USA, France, Germany, and Romania.

How the Name "Java" Came from Oak?

- In 1995, the name Oak was changed to Java.
- The name was changed because "Oak" was already a registered trademark of another company (Oak Technologies).
- The team sat together to **find a new name**.
- Some suggested names were "dynamic", "revolutionary", "Silk", "jolt", "DNA", etc.
- They wanted a name that should be:
 - Révolutionary, Dynamic, Cool and unique, Easy to spell
- According to James Gosling, the two top choices were Java and Silk.
- Since Java was very unique, most of the team members selected it.
- The name Java came from Java island in Indonesia, where the world's first coffee (Java coffee) was produced.
- That is why the **coffee cup logo** was also chosen for Java.
- File extension become .java.

- Major Java Versions
 - **JDK 1.0 (1996):** First version of Java.
 - Java 2 (1998): Added Swing, Collections, and more.
 - Java 5 (2004): Introduced Generics, Annotations.
 - Java 8 (2014): Introduced Lambda Expressions, Streams.
 - Java 11 (2018): Long Term Support (LTS) version.
 - Java 17 (2021): Latest LTS version, widely used today.

- Why Java Became Popular
 - Easy to learn.
 - Platform independent.
 - Secure and reliable.
- Java is used in many devices and applications like desktop software
 - (Acrobat Reader, media players),
 - websites, banking systems, mobile apps, smart cards, embedded systems, robotics, and games.
- According to Sun Microsystems, more than 3 billion devices run Java, which shows how important and widely used it is.
 - Thankyou!!