



Sensitivity and uncertainty analysis of grassland models in Europe and Israel

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Grassland model inter-comparison in MACSUR

Construction:

- **✓** Model inter-comparison at selected sites in Europe (plot-scale simulations)
- **✓** Guidelines and minimum dataset requirement for model evaluation
- **✓** Common protocol for the modelling teams
- **✓** Data segregation
- **✓** Evaluation and uncertainty analysis of model outputs

Aims:

- To quantify uncertainties on yield and carbon-flux outputs
- → To explore the sensitivity of grassland models to climate change factors
- → To analyze the correlation between the ensemble and the individual model results
- → To establish highlights for getting better estimations

Grassland modelling

Parameters

Input variables

Initial values

PaSim SPACSYS AnnuGrow

STICS EPIC ARMOSA

Biome-BGC MuSo LPJmL CARAIB

Grassland-specific

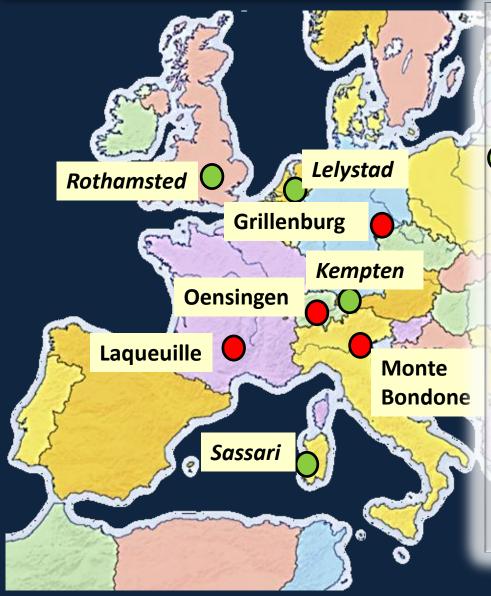
Crop models (adapted to grasslands)

Vegetation models

Outputs: GPP, NEE, RECO, ET, ST, SWC, yield

Simulations: uncalibrated, calibrated, validated, sensitivity (CO₂, Temp, Prec.)

Study sites



Flux-tower observational sites

(GPP, NEE, RECO, ET, ST, SWC, yield)

Data: hourly resolution

Grassland experimental sites

(yield)

Data: cutting events

Kemp-1: intensive (4 cuts/year)

Kemp-2: extensive (2 cuts/year)

Roth-1: NH4 – fertilization

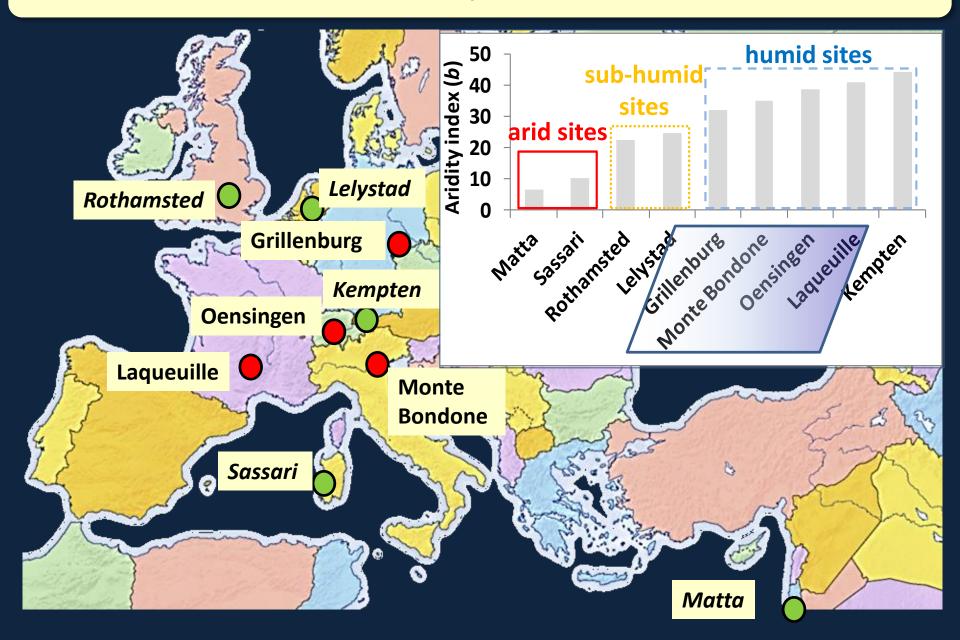
Roth-2: NO3 – fertilization

LAQ1: intensive (N fertilized)

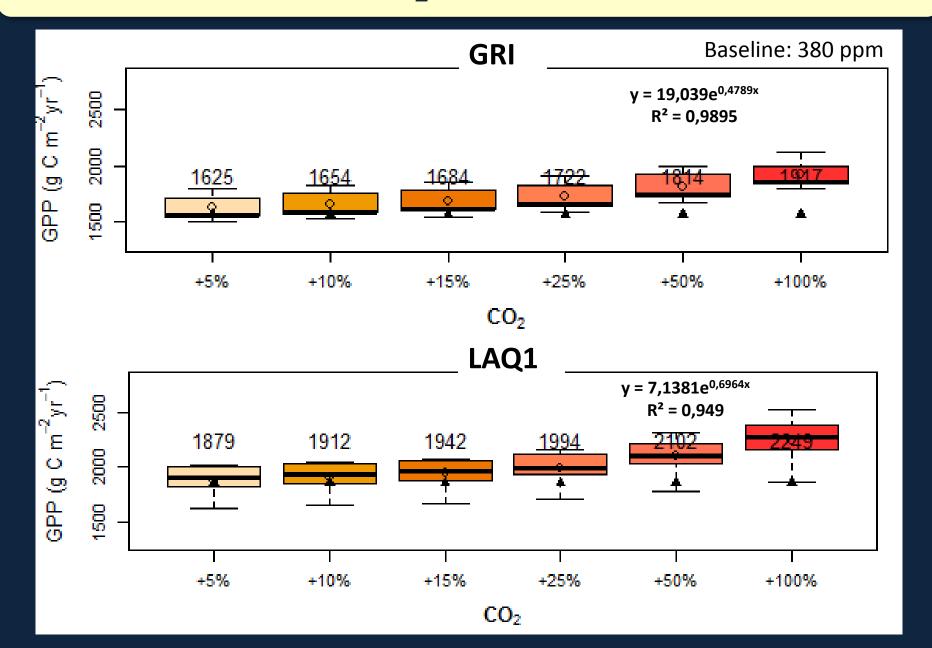
LAQ2: extensive (non fertilized)

Matta

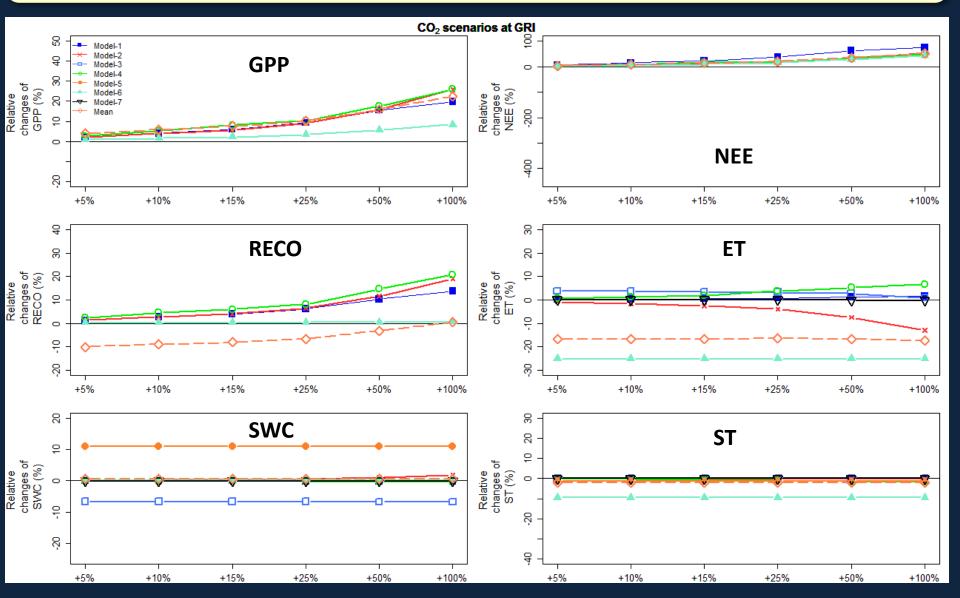
Study sites



GPP sensitivity to CO₂ scenarios: ensemble model

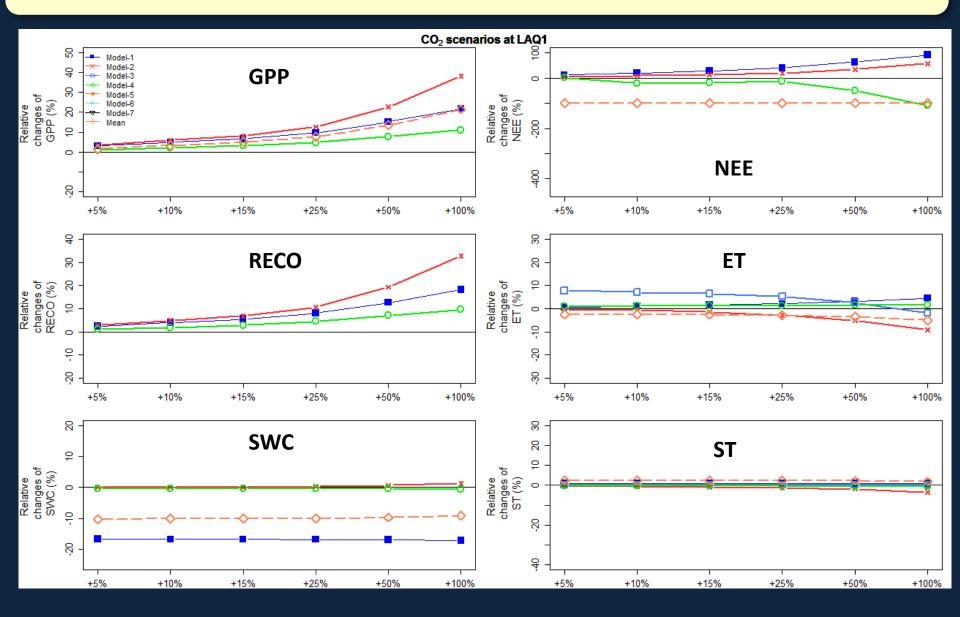


Sensitivity of outputs to CO₂ scenarios at GRI

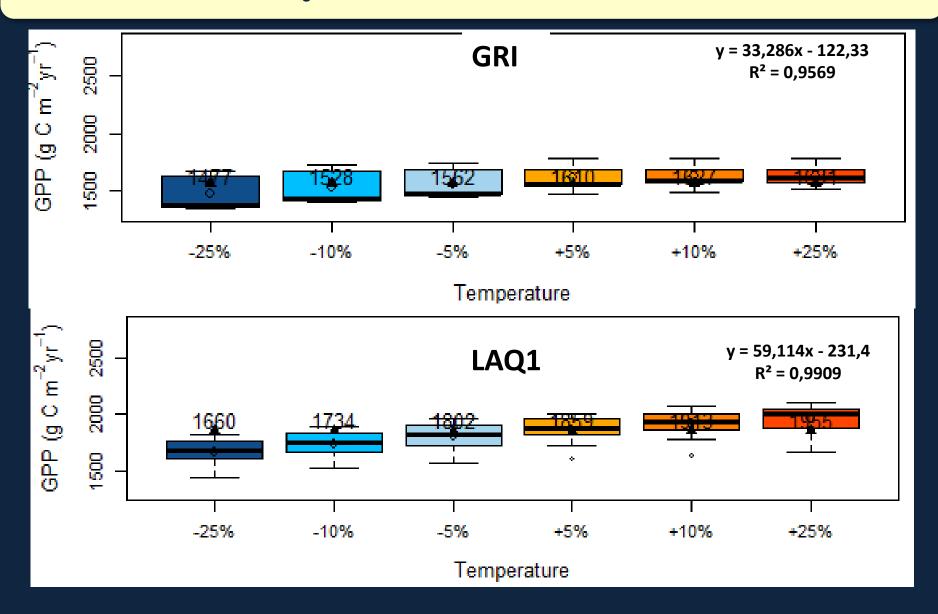


Baseline: 380 ppm

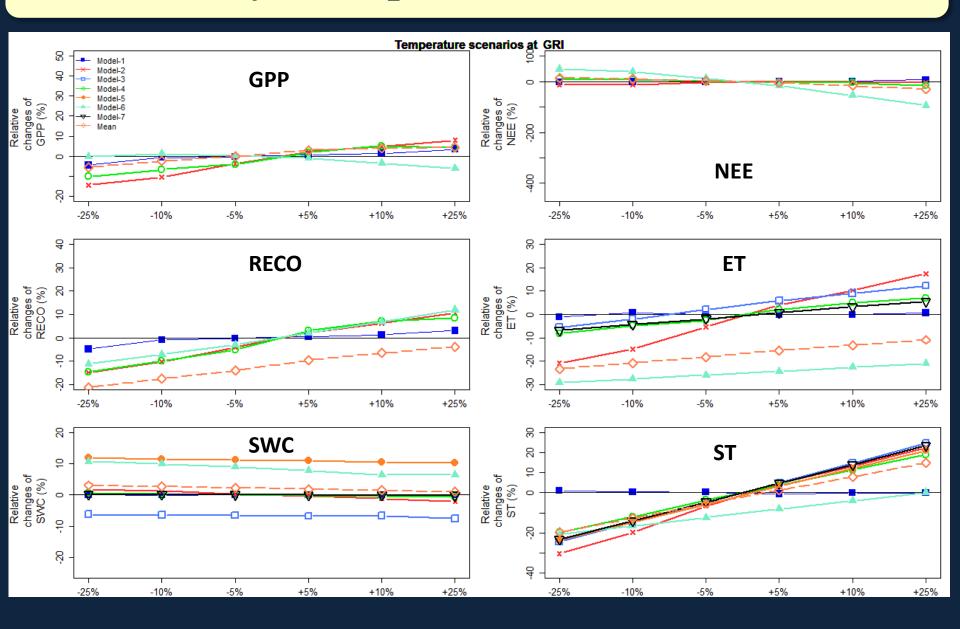
Sensitivity of outputs to CO₂ scenarios at LAQ1



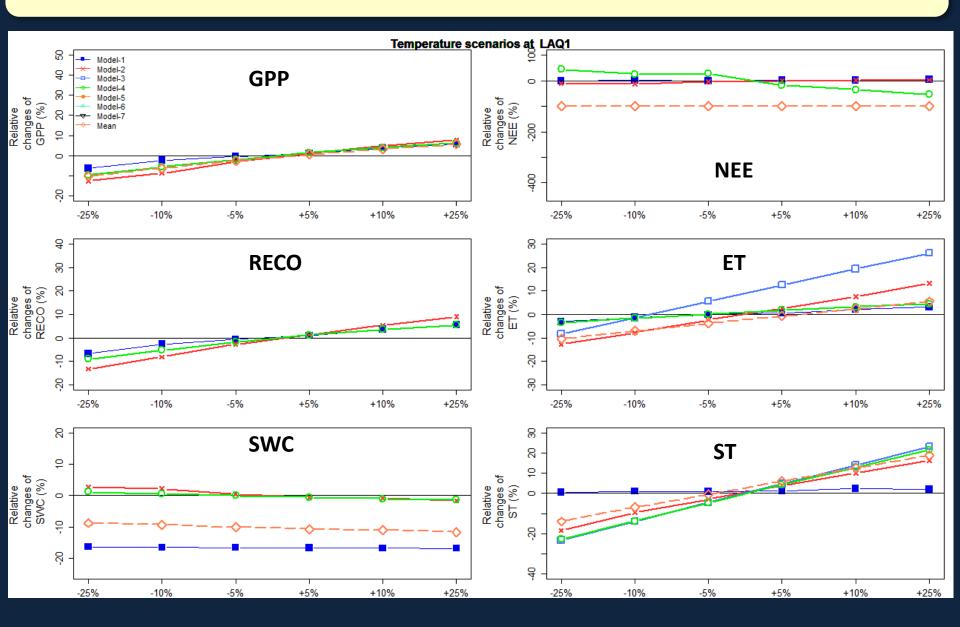
GPP sensitivity to T scenarios: ensemble model



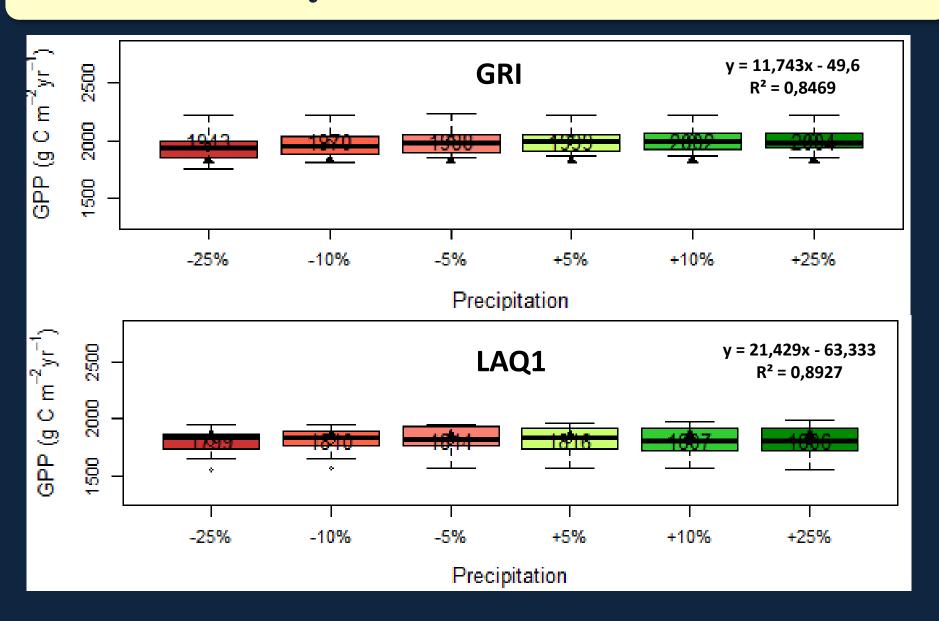
Sensitivity of outputs to T scenarios at GRI



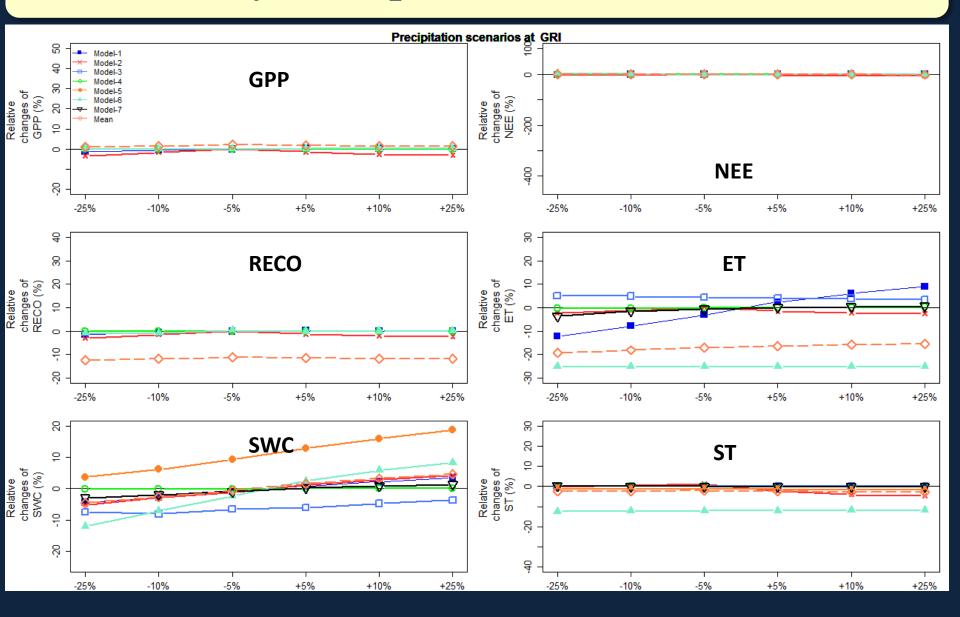
Sensitivity of outputs to T scenarios at LAQ1



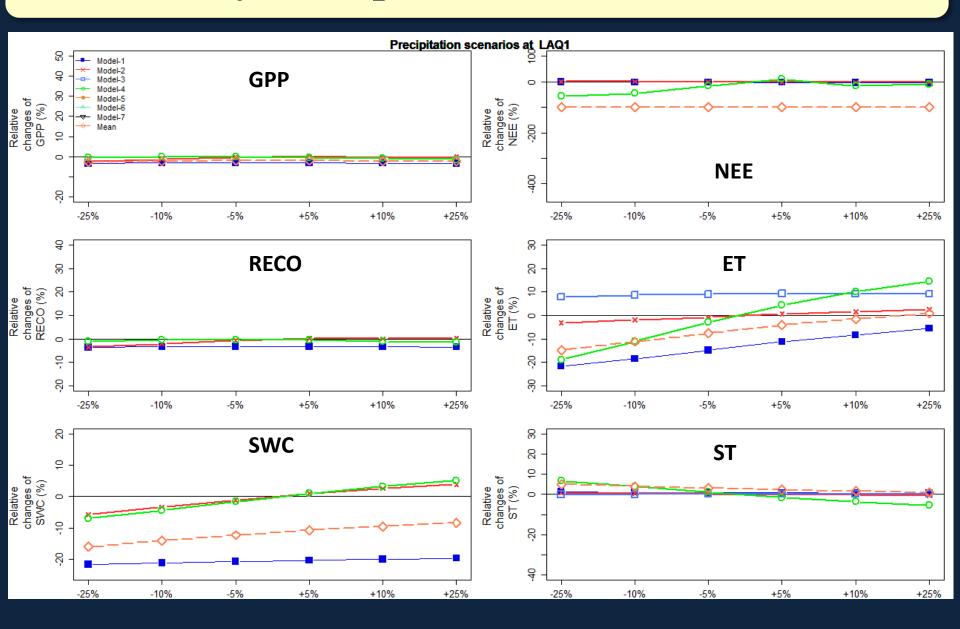
GPP sensitivity to Pscenarios: ensemble model



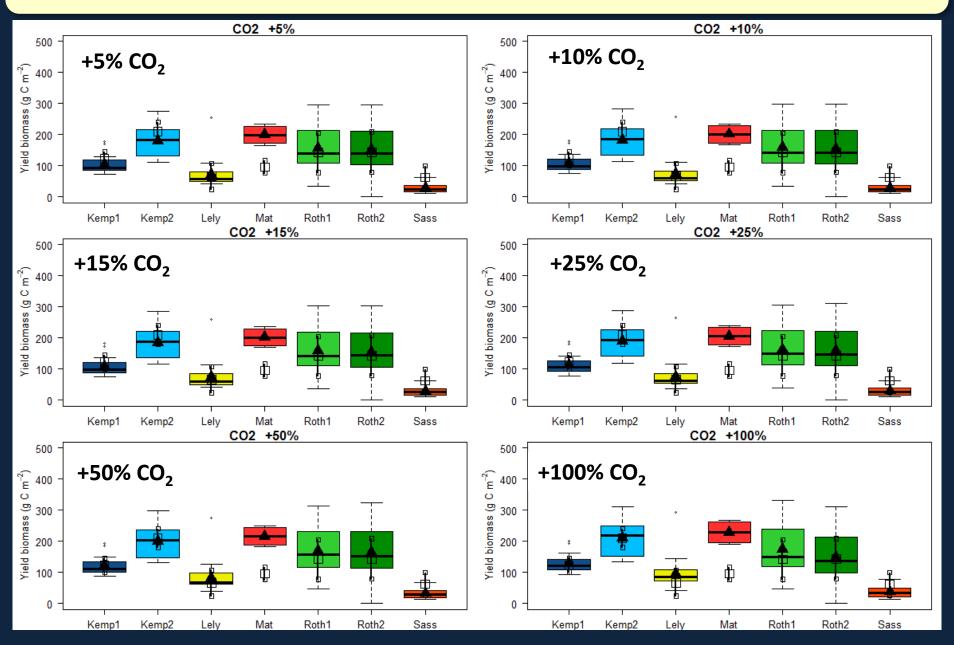
Sensitivity of outputs to Pscenarios at GRI



Sensitivity of outputs to Pscenarios at LAQ1



Sensitivity of yield biomass to CO₂



Conclusions

- ◆ The responsiveness of different models to climate change factors shows a wide spread of the outputs that is difficult to interpret based only on visual basis
 - ◆ Some models are not sensitive at all while some models do not show a down-regulation of photosynthesis at elevated CO₂ concentrations (so that simulated GPP could indefinitely increase with increasing atmospheric CO₂ concentrations)
- ◆ The ensemble average tends to be a better representation of the observed outputs then single model realizations, which is a similar conclusion to the one obtained with crop models in other studies



Modelling European Agriculture with Climate Change for Food Security

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