## STOCHASTIC PROCESSES

Fall 2017

Week 2

Solutions by

JINHONG DU

15338039

For a Poisson process show, for s < t, that

$$\mathbb{P}\{N(s) = k | N(t) = n\} = \binom{n}{k} \left(\frac{s}{t}\right)^k \left(1 - \frac{s}{t}\right)^{n-k}, \qquad k = 0, 1, \dots, n$$

$$\begin{split} \forall \, t > s > 0, \, \, n, k \in \mathbb{N}, k \leqslant n, \\ \mathbb{P}\{N(s) = k | N(t) = n\} &= \frac{\mathbb{P}\{N(s) = k, N(t) = n\}}{\mathbb{P}\{N(t) = n\}} \\ &= \frac{\mathbb{P}\{N(t) = n | N(s) = k\} \mathbb{P}\{N(s) = k\}}{\mathbb{P}\{N(t) = n\}} \\ &= \frac{\mathbb{P}\{N(t) - N(s) = n - k | N(s) - N(0) = k\} \mathbb{P}\{N(s) = k\}}{\mathbb{P}\{N(t) = n\}} \\ &= \frac{\mathbb{P}\{N(t) - N(s) = n - k\} \mathbb{P}\{N(s) = k\}}{\mathbb{P}\{N(t) = n\}} \\ &= \frac{\mathbb{P}\{N(t - s) - N(0) = n - k\} \mathbb{P}\{N(s) = k\}}{\mathbb{P}\{N(t) = n\}} \\ &= \frac{(t - s)^{n - k} \lambda^{n - k}}{(n - k)!} e^{-\lambda (t - s)} \cdot \frac{(s\lambda)^k}{k!} e^{-\lambda s}}{\frac{(t\lambda)^n}{n!} e^{-\lambda t}} \\ &= \binom{n}{k} \left(\frac{s}{t}\right)^k \left(1 - \frac{s}{t}\right)^{n - k} \end{split}$$

## 2.4

Let  $\{N(t), t \ge 0\}$  be a Poisson process with rate  $\lambda$ . Calculate  $\mathbb{E}[N(t) \cdot N(t+s)]$ .

$$\begin{array}{l} \ddots \quad N(t+s)-N(t) \text{ and } N(t)-N(0) \text{ are independent} \\ \vdots \\ & \mathbb{E}[N(t)N(t+s)] = \mathbb{E}[N(t+s)-N(t)][N(t)-N(0)] + \mathbb{E}[N(t)^2] \\ & = \mathbb{E}[N(t+s)-N(t)] \cdot \mathbb{E}[N(t)-N(0)] + Var[N(t)-N(0)] + \{\mathbb{E}[N(t)-N(0)]\}^2 \\ & = s\lambda \cdot t\lambda + t\lambda + t^2\lambda^2 \\ & = (s+t)t\lambda^2 + t\lambda \\ \end{array}$$