Instructor Solutions Manual

to accompany

Applied Linear Statistical Models

Fifth Edition

Michael H. Kutner
Emory University
Christopher J. Nachtsheim
University of Minnesota
John Neter
University of Georgia
William Li
University of Minnesota

2005 McGraw-Hill/Irwin Chicago, IL Boston, MA

PREFACE

This Solutions Manual gives intermediate and final numerical results for all end-of-chapter Problems, Exercises, and Projects with computational elements contained in *Applied Linear Statistical Models*, 5th edition. This Solutions Manual also contains proofs for all Exercises that require derivations. No solutions are provided for the Case Studies.

In presenting calculational results we frequently show, for ease in checking, more digits than are significant for the original data. Students and other users may obtain slightly different answers than those presented here, because of different rounding procedures. When a problem requires a percentile (e.g. of the t or F distributions) not included in the Appendix B Tables, users may either interpolate in the table or employ an available computer program for finding the needed value. Again, slightly different values may be obtained than the ones shown here.

We have included many more Problems, Exercises, and Projects at the ends of chapters than can be used in a term, in order to provide choice and flexibility to instructors in assigning problem material. For all major topics, three or more problem settings are presented, and the instructor can select different ones from term to term. Another option is to supply students with a computer printout for one of the problem settings for study and class discussion and to select one or more of the other problem settings for individual computation and solution. By drawing on the basic numerical results in this Manual, the instructor also can easily design additional questions to supplement those given in the text for a given problem setting.

The data sets for all Problems, Exercises, Projects and Case Studies are contained in the compact disk provided with the text to facilitate data entry. It is expected that the student will use a computer or have access to computer output for all but the simplest data sets, where use of a basic calculator would be adequate. For most students, hands-on experience in obtaining the computations by computer will be an important part of the educational experience in the course.

While we have checked the solutions very carefully, it is possible that some errors are still present. We would be most grateful to have any errors called to our attention. Errata can be reported via the website for the book: http://www.mhhe.com/KutnerALSM5e. We acknowledge with thanks the assistance of Lexin Li and Yingwen Dong in the checking of Chapters 1-14 of this manual. We, of course, are responsible for any errors or omissions that remain.

Michael H. Kutner Christopher J. Nachtsheim John Neter William Li

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LINEAR REGRESSION WITH ONE PREDICTOR VARIABLE

- 1.1. No
- 1.2. Y = 300 + 2X, functional
- 1.5. No
- 1.7. a. No
 - b. Yes, .68
- 1.8. Yes, no
- 1.10. No
- 1.12. a. Observational
- 1.13. a. Observational
- 1.18. No
- 1.19. a. $\beta_0 = 2.11405, \, \beta_1 = 0.03883, \, \hat{Y} = 2.11405 + .03883X$
 - c. $\hat{Y}_h = 3.27895$
 - d. $\beta_1 = 0.03883$
- 1.20. a. $\hat{Y} = -0.5802 + 15.0352X$
 - d. $\hat{Y}_h = 74.5958$
- 1.21. a. $\hat{Y} = 10.20 + 4.00X$
 - b. $\hat{Y}_h = 14.2$
 - c. 4.0
 - d. $(\bar{X}, \bar{Y}) = (1, 14.2)$
- 1.22. a. $\hat{Y} = 168.600000 + 2.034375X$

b.
$$\hat{Y}_h = 249.975$$

c.
$$\beta_1 = 2.034375$$

1.23. a.
$$\frac{i:}{e_i:}$$
 1 2 ... 119 120
Yes

b.
$$MSE = 0.388, \sqrt{MSE} = 0.623, \text{ grade points}$$

b.
$$MSE = 79.45063$$
, $\sqrt{MSE} = 8.913508$, minutes

1.25. a.
$$e_1 = 1.8000$$

b.
$$\sum e_i^2 = 17.6000, MSE = 2.2000, \sigma^2$$

Yes

b.
$$MSE = 10.459, \sqrt{MSE} = 3.234$$
, Brinell units

1.27. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 156.35 - 1.19X$$

b. (1)
$$b_1 = -1.19$$
, (2) $\hat{Y}_h = 84.95$, (3) $e_8 = 4.4433$, (4) $MSE = 66.8$

1.28. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 20517.6 - 170.575X$$

b. (1)
$$b_1 = -170.575$$
, (2) $\hat{Y}_h = 6871.6$, (3) $e_{10} = 1401.566$, (4) $MSE = 5552112$

1.32. Solving (1.9a) and (1.9b) for b_0 and equating the results:

$$\frac{\sum Y_i - b_1 \sum X_i}{n} = \frac{\sum X_i Y_i - b_1 \sum X_i^2}{\sum X_i}$$

and then solving for b_1 yields:

$$b_{1} = \frac{n \sum X_{i} Y_{i} - \sum X_{i} \sum Y_{i}}{n \sum X_{i}^{2} - (\sum X_{i})^{2}} = \frac{\sum X_{i} Y_{i} - \frac{\sum X_{i} \sum Y_{i}}{n}}{\sum X_{i}^{2} - \frac{(\sum X_{i})^{2}}{n}}$$

1.33.
$$Q = \sum (Y_i - \beta_0)^2$$

$$\frac{dQ}{d\beta_0} = -2\sum (Y_i - \beta_0)$$

Setting the derivative equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the least squares estimator b_0 yields:

$$\sum (Y_i - b_0) = 0 \text{ or } b_0 = \bar{Y}$$

1.34.
$$E\{b_0\} = E\{\bar{Y}\} = \frac{1}{n} \sum E\{Y_i\} = \frac{1}{n} \sum \beta_0 = \beta_0$$

1.35. From the first normal equation (1.9a):

$$\sum Y_i = nb_0 + b_1 \sum X_i = \sum (b_0 + b_1 X_i) = \sum \hat{Y}_i$$
 from (1.13)

- 1.36. $\sum \hat{Y}_i e_i = \sum (b_0 + b_1 X_i) e_i = b_0 \sum e_i + b_1 \sum X_i e_i = 0$ because $\sum e_i = 0$ from (1.17) and $\sum X_i e_i = 0$ from (1.19).
- 1.38. (1) 76, yes; (2) 60, yes
- 1.39. a. Applying (1.10a) and (1.10b) to $(5, \bar{Y}_1)$, $(10, \bar{Y}_2)$ and $(15, \bar{Y}_3)$, we obtain:

$$b_1 = \frac{\bar{Y}_3 - \bar{Y}_1}{10} \qquad b_0 = \frac{4\bar{Y}_1 + \bar{Y}_2 - 2\bar{Y}_3}{3}$$

Using (1.10a) and (1.10b) with the six original points yields the same results.

- b. Yes
- 1.40. No

1.41. a.
$$Q = \sum (Y_i - \beta_1 X_i)^2$$
$$\frac{dQ}{d\beta_1} = -2 \sum (Y_i - \beta_1 X_i) X_i$$

Setting the derivative equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the least squares estimator b_1 yields:

$$b_1 = \frac{\sum Y_i X_i}{\sum X_i^2}$$

b.
$$L = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{(2\pi\sigma^2)^{1/2}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(Y_i - \beta_1 X_i)^2\right]$$

It is more convenient to work with $\log_e L$:

$$\log_e L = -\frac{n}{2}\log_e(2\pi\sigma^2) - \frac{1}{2\sigma^2}\sum (Y_i - \beta_1 X_i)^2$$

$$\frac{d\log_e L}{d\beta_1} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2}\sum (Y_i - \beta_1 X_i)X_i$$

Setting the derivative equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the maximum likelihood estimator b_1 yields:

$$\sum (Y_i - b_1 X_i) X_i = 0$$
 or $b_1 = \frac{\sum Y_i X_i}{\sum X_i^2}$

 V_{eq}

c.
$$E\{b_1\} = E\left\{\frac{\sum Y_i X_i}{\sum X_i^2}\right\} = \frac{1}{\sum X_i^2} \sum X_i E\{Y_i\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sum X_i^2} \sum X_i (\beta_1 X_i) = \beta_1$$

1.42. a.
$$L(\beta_1) = \prod_{i=1}^{6} \frac{1}{\sqrt{32\pi}} \exp[-\frac{1}{32}(Y_i - \beta_1 X_i)^2]$$

b.
$$L(17) = 9.45 \times 10^{-30}$$
, $L(18) = 2.65 \times 10^{-7}$, $L(19) = 3.05 \times 10^{-37}$
 $\beta_1 = 18$

c.
$$b_1 = 17.928$$
, yes

d. Yes

1.43. a. Total population:
$$\hat{Y} = -110.635 + 0.0027954X$$

Number of hospital beds: $\hat{Y} = -95.9322 + 0.743116X$

Total personal income: $\hat{Y} = -48.3948 + .131701X$

c. Total population:
$$MSE = 372,203.5$$

Number of hospital beds: MSE = 310, 191.9

Total personal income: MSE = 324,539.4

1.44. a. Region 1:
$$\hat{Y} = -1723.0 + 480.0X$$

Region 2:
$$\hat{Y} = 916.4 + 299.3X$$

Region 3:
$$\hat{Y} = 401.56 + 272.22X$$

Region 4:
$$\hat{Y} = 396.1 + 508.0X$$

c. Region 1:
$$MSE = 64,444,465$$

Region 2:
$$MSE = 141,479,673$$

Region 3:
$$MSE = 50, 242, 464$$

Region 4:
$$MSE = 514, 289, 367$$

1.45. a. Infection risk:
$$\hat{Y} = 6.3368 + .7604X$$

Facilities:
$$\hat{Y} = 7.7188 + .0447X$$

X-ray:
$$\hat{Y} = 6.5664 + .0378X$$

c. Infection risk:
$$MSE = 2.638$$

Facilities:
$$MSE = 3.221$$

X-ray:
$$MSE = 3.147$$

1.46. a. Region 1:
$$\hat{Y} = 4.5379 + 1.3478X$$

Region 2:
$$\hat{Y} = 7.5605 + .4832X$$

Region 3:
$$\hat{Y} = 7.1293 + .5251X$$

Region 4:
$$\hat{Y} = 8.0381 + .0173X$$

c. Region 1:
$$MSE = 4.353$$

Region 2:
$$MSE = 1.038$$

Region 3:
$$MSE = .940$$

Region 4:
$$MSE = 1.078$$

1.47. a.
$$L(\beta_0, \beta_1) = \prod_{i=1}^{6} \frac{1}{\sqrt{32\pi}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{32} (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_i)^2\right]$$

b.
$$b_0 = 1.5969, b_1 = 17.8524$$

INFERENCES IN REGRESSION AND CORRELATION ANALYSIS

- 2.1. a. Yes, $\alpha = .05$
- 2.2. No
- 2.4. a. $t(.995; 118) = 2.61814, .03883 \pm 2.61814(.01277), .00540 \le \beta_1 \le .07226$
 - b. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$. $t^* = (.03883 0)/.01277 = 3.04072$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.61814$, conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - c. 0.00291
- 2.5. a. $t(.95; 43) = 1.6811, 15.0352 \pm 1.6811(.4831), 14.2231 \le \beta_1 \le 15.8473$
 - b. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$. $t^* = (15.0352 0)/.4831 = 31.122$. If $|t^*| \leq 1.681$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value= 0+
 - c. Yes
 - d. H_0 : $\beta_1 \le 14$, H_a : $\beta_1 > 14$. $t^* = (15.0352 14)/.4831 = 2.1428$. If $t^* \le 1.681$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value= .0189
- 2.6. a. $t(.975; 8) = 2.306, b_1 = 4.0, s\{b_1\} = .469, 4.0 \pm 2.306(.469),$ $2.918 \le \beta_1 \le 5.082$
 - b. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$. $t^* = (4.0 0)/.469 = 8.529$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value= .00003
 - c. $b_0 = 10.20, s\{b_0\} = .663, 10.20 \pm 2.306(.663), 8.671 \le \beta_0 \le 11.729$
 - d. H_0 : $\beta_0 \le 9$, H_a : $\beta_0 > 9$. $t^* = (10.20 9)/.663 = 1.810$. If $t^* \le 2.306$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value= .053
 - e. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$: $\delta = |2 0|/.5 = 4$, power = .93 H_0 : $\beta_0 \le 9$: $\delta = |11 - 9|/.75 = 2.67$, power = .78
- 2.7. a. t(.995; 14) = 2.977, $b_1 = 2.0344$, $s\{b_1\} = .0904$, $2.0344 \pm 2.977(.0904)$, $1.765 \le \beta_1 \le 2.304$

- b. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 2$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 2$. $t^* = (2.0344 2)/.0904 = .381$. If $|t^*| \leq 2.977$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value= .71
- c. $\delta = |.3|/.1 = 3$, power = .50
- 2.8. a. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 3.0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 3.0$. $t^* = (3.57 3.0)/.3470 = 1.643$, t(.975; 23) = 2.069. If $|t^*| \leq 2.069$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
 - b. $\delta = |.5|/.35 = 1.43$, power = .30 (by linear interpolation)
- 2.10. a. Prediction
 - b. Mean response
 - c. Prediction
- 2.12. No, no
- 2.13. a. $\hat{Y}_h = 3.2012$, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = .0706$, t(.975; 118) = 1.9803, $3.2012 \pm 1.9803(.0706)$, $3.0614 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 3.3410$
 - b. $s\{\text{pred}\} = .6271, 3.2012 \pm 1.9803(.6271), 1.9594 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 4.4430$
 - c. Yes, yes
 - d. $W^2 = 2F(.95; 2, 118) = 2(3.0731) = 6.1462, W = 2.4792, 3.2012 \pm 2.4792(.0706),$ $3.0262 \le \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_h \le 3.3762$, yes, yes
- 2.14. a. $\hat{Y}_h = 89.6313$, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 1.3964$, t(.95; 43) = 1.6811, $89.6313 \pm 1.6811(1.3964)$, $87.2838 \leq E\{Y_h\} \leq 91.9788$
 - b. $s\{\text{pred}\} = 9.0222, 89.6313 \pm 1.6811(9.0222), 74.4641 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 104.7985, \text{ yes}, \text{ yes}$
 - c. 87.2838/6 = 14.5473, 91.9788/6 = 15.3298, $14.5473 \le \text{Mean time per machine} \le 15.3298$
 - d. $W^2 = 2F(.90; 2, 43) = 2(2.4304) = 4.8608, W = 2.2047, 89.6313 \pm 2.2047(1.3964), 86.5527 \le \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_h \le 92.7099$, yes, yes
- 2.15. a. $X_h = 2$: $\hat{Y}_h = 18.2$, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = .663$, t(.995; 8) = 3.355, $18.2 \pm 3.355(.663)$, $15.976 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 20.424$
 - $X_h = 4$: $\hat{Y}_h = 26.2$, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 1.483$, $26.2 \pm 3.355(1.483)$, $21.225 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 31.175$
 - b. $s\{\text{pred}\} = 1.625, 18.2 \pm 3.355(1.625), 12.748 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 23.652$
 - c. $s\{\text{predmean}\}=1.083,\ 18.2\pm3.355(1.083),\ 14.567\leq \bar{Y}_{h(\text{new})}\leq 21.833,\ 44=3(14.567)\leq \text{Total number of broken ampules}\leq 3(21.833)=65$
 - d. $W^2 = 2F(.99; 2, 8) = 2(8.649) = 17.298, W = 4.159$ $X_h = 2$: $18.2 \pm 4.159(.663), 15.443 \le \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_h \le 20.957$ $X_h = 4$: $26.2 \pm 4.159(1.483), 20.032 \le \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_h \le 32.368$
 - yes, yes
- 2.16. a. $\hat{Y}_h = 229.631$, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = .8285$, t(.99; 14) = 2.624, $229.631 \pm 2.624(.8285)$, $227.457 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 231.805$

- b. $s\{\text{pred}\} = 3.338, 229.631 \pm 2.624(3.338), 220.872 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 238.390$
- c. $s\{\text{predmean}\} = 1.316, 229.631 \pm 2.624(1.316), 226.178 \le \bar{Y}_{h(\text{new})} \le 233.084$
- d. Yes, yes
- e. $W^2 = 2F(.98; 2, 14) = 2(5.241) = 10.482, W = 3.238, 229.631 \pm 3.238(.8285), 226.948 \le \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_h \le 232.314$, yes, yes
- 2.17. Greater, H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$
- 2.20. No
- 2.21. No
- 2.22. Yes, yes
- 2.23. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	3.58785	1	3.58785
Error	45.8176	118	0.388285
Total	49.40545	119	

- b. $\sigma^2 + \beta_1^2 \sum (X_i \bar{X})^2$, σ^2 , when $\beta_1 = 0$
- c. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$. $F^* = 3.58785/0.388285 = 9.24$, F(.99; 1, 118) = 6.855. If $F^* \leq 6.855$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- d. SSR = 3.58785, 7.26% or 0.0726, coefficient of determination
- e. +0.2695
- f. R^2
- 2.24. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	76,960.4	1	76,960.4
Error	3,416.38	43	79.4506
Total	80,376.78	44	

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	76,960.4	1	76,960.4
Error	3,416.38	43	79.4506
Total	80,376.78	44	
Correction for mean	261,747.2	1	
Total, uncorrected	342,124	45	

- b. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$. $F^* = 76,960.4/79.4506 = 968.66$, F(.90;1,43) = 2.826. If $F^* \leq 2.826$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- c. 95.75% or 0.9575, coefficient of determination
- d. +.9785
- e. R^2

2.25. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	160.00	1	160.00
Error	17.60	8	2.20
Total	177.60	9	

b. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$. $F^* = 160.00/2.20 = 72.727$, F(.95; 1, 8) = 5.32. If $F^* \leq 5.32$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

c.
$$t^* = (4.00 - 0)/.469 = 8.529, (t^*)^2 = (8.529)^2 = 72.7 = F^*$$

d.
$$R^2 = .9009, r = .9492, 90.09\%$$

2.26. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	5,297.5125	1	5,297.5125
Error	146.4250	14	10.4589
Total	5,443.9375	15	

b. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$, $F^* = 5,297.5125/10.4589 = 506.51$, F(.99;1,14) = 8.86. If $F^* \leq 8.86$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

c.

d.
$$R^2 = .9731, r = .9865$$

2.27. a. H_0 : $\beta_1 \geq 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 < 0$. $s\{b_1\} = 0.090197$, $t^* = (-1.19 - 0)/.090197 = -13.193, \ t(.05; 58) = -1.67155.$ If $t^* \geq -1.67155$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value= 0+

c.
$$t(.975; 58) = 2.00172, -1.19 \pm 2.00172(.090197), -1.3705 \le \beta_1 \le -1.0095$$

2.28. a.
$$\hat{Y}_h = 84.9468$$
, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 1.05515$, $t(.975;58) = 2.00172$, $84.9468 \pm 2.00172(1.05515)$, $82.835 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 87.059$

b.
$$s\{Y_{h(\text{new})}\} = 8.24101, 84.9468 \pm 2.00172(8.24101), 68.451 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 101.443$$

c.
$$W^2 = 2F(.95; 2, 58) = 2(3.15593) = 6.31186, W = 2.512342,$$

 $84.9468 \pm 2.512342(1.05515), 82.296 \le \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_h \le 87.598$, yes, yes

2.29. a.

i:	1	2	 59	60
$Y_i - \hat{Y}_i$:	0.823243	-1.55675	 -0.666887	8.09309
$\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y}$:	20.2101	22.5901	 -14.2998	-19.0598

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	11,627.5	1	11,627.5
Error	$3,\!874.45$	58	66.8008
Total	15,501.95	59	

- c. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$. $F^* = 11,627.5/66.8008 = 174.0623$, F(.90; 1,58) = 2.79409. If $F^* \leq 2.79409$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- d. 24.993% or .24993
- e. $R^2 = 0.750067, r = -0.866064$
- 2.30. a. H_0 : $\beta_1=0,\ H_a$: $\beta_1\neq 0.\ s\{b_1\}=41.5743,$ $t^*=(-170.575-0)/41.5743=-4.1029,\ t(.995;82)=2.63712.$ If $|t^*|\leq 2.63712$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0.000096
 - b. $-170.575 \pm 2.63712(41.5743), -280.2114 \le \beta_1 \le -60.9386$
- 2.31. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	93,462,942	1	93,462,942
Error	$455,\!273,\!165$	82	$5,\!552,\!112$
Total	548,736,107	83	

- b. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$. $F^* = 93,462,942/5,552,112 = 16.8338$, F(.99;1,82) = 6.9544. If $F^* \leq 6.9544$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . $(t^*)^2 = (-4.102895)^2 = 16.8338 = F^*$. $[t(.995;82)]^2 = (2.63712)^2 = 6.9544 = F(.99;1,82)$. Yes.
- c. SSR = 93,462,942,17.03% or 0.1703
- d. -0.4127
- 2.32. a. Full: $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + \varepsilon_i$, reduced: $Y_i = \beta_0 + \varepsilon_i$
 - b. (1) SSE(F) = 455, 273, 165, (2) SSE(R) = 548, 736, 107,
 - (3) $df_F = 82$, (4) $df_R = 83$,
 - (5) $F^* = [(548, 736, 107 455, 273, 165)/1] \div [455, 273, 165/82] = 16.83376,$ (6) If $F^* \le F(.99; 1, 82) = 6.95442$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a .
 - c. Yes
- 2.33. a. H_0 : $\beta_0 = 7.5$, H_a : $\beta_0 \neq 7.5$
 - b. Full: $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + \varepsilon_i$, reduced: $Y_i 7.5 = \beta_1 X_i + \varepsilon_i$
 - c. Yes, $df_R df_F = (n-1) (n-2) = 1$

- 2.36 Regression model
- 2.38. No
- 2.39. a. Normal, mean $\mu_1 = 50$, standard deviation $\sigma_1 = 3$
 - b. Normal, mean $E\{Y_2|Y_1 = 55\} = 105.33$, standard deviation $\sigma_{2|1} = 2.40$
 - c. Normal, mean $E\{Y_1|Y_2=95\}=47$, standard deviation $\sigma_{1|2}=1.80$
- 2.40. (1) No, (2) no, (3) yes
- 2.41. No
- 2.42. b. .95285, ρ_{12}
 - c. $H_0: \rho_{12} = 0, H_a: \rho_{12} \neq 0.$ $t^* = (.95285\sqrt{13})/\sqrt{1 (.95285)^2} = 11.32194,$ t(.995; 13) = 3.012. If $|t^*| \leq 3.012$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - d. No
- 2.43. a. $H_0: \rho_{12} = 0, H_a: \rho_{12} \neq 0.$ $t^* = (.61\sqrt{82})/\sqrt{1 (.61)^2} = 6.9709,$ t(.975; 82) = 1.993. If $|t^*| \leq 1.993$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - b. z' = .70892, $\sigma\{z'\} = .1111$, z(.975) = 1.960, $.70892 \pm 1.960(.1111)$, $.49116 \le \zeta \le .92668$, $.455 \le \rho_{12} \le .729$
 - c. $.207 \le \rho_{12}^2 \le .531$
- 2.44. a. $H_0: \rho_{12} = 0, H_a: \rho_{12} \neq 0.$ $t^* = (.87\sqrt{101})/\sqrt{1 (.87)^2} = 17.73321, t(.95; 101) = 1.663.$ If $|t^*| \leq 1.663$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - b. $z'=1.33308,\ \sigma\{z'\}=.1,\ z(.95)=1.645,\ 1.33308\pm 1.645(.1),\ 1.16858\leq \zeta\leq 1.49758,\ .824\leq \rho_{12}\leq .905$
 - c. $.679 \le \rho_{12}^2 \le .819$
- 2.45. a. z' = 1.18814, $\sigma\{z'\} = .0833$, z(.995) = 2.576, $1.18814 \pm 2.576(.0833)$, $.97356 \le \zeta \le 1.40272$, $.750 \le \rho_{12} \le .886$.
 - b. $.563 \le \rho_{12}^2 \le .785$
- 2.46. a. 0.9454874
 - b. H_0 : There is no association between Y_1 and Y_2 H_a : There is an association between Y_1 and Y_2 $t^* = \frac{0.9454874\sqrt{13}}{\sqrt{1-(0.9454874)^2}} = 10.46803. \ t(0.995,13) = 3.012276. \ \text{If} \ |t^*| \leq 3.012276,$ conclude H_0 , otherwise, conclude H_a . Conclude H_a .
- 2.47. a. -0.866064,
 - b. $H_0: \rho_{12}=0, H_a: \rho_{12}\neq 0.$ $t^*=(-0.866064\sqrt{58})/\sqrt{1-(-0.866064)^2}=-13.19326, t(.975;58)=2.00172.$ If $|t^*|\leq 2.00172$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

- c. -0.8657217
- d. H_0 : There is no association between X and Y H_a : There is an association between X and Y $t^* = \frac{-0.8657217\sqrt{58}}{\sqrt{1 (-0.8657217)^2}} = -13.17243. \quad t(0.975, 58) = 2.001717. \quad \text{If } |t^*| \leq 2.001717, \text{ conclude } H_0, \text{ otherwise, conclude } H_a. \text{ Conclude } H_a.$
- 2.48. a. -0.4127033
 - b. $H_0: \rho_{12} = 0, H_a: \rho_{12} \neq 0.$ $t^* = (-0.4127033\sqrt{82})/\sqrt{1 (-0.4127033)^2} = -4.102897, t(.995; 82) = 2.637123.$ If $|t^*| \leq 2.637123$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- 2.49. a. -0.4259324
 - b. H_0 : There is no association between X and Y H_a : There is an association between X and Y $t^* = \frac{-0.4259324\sqrt{58}}{\sqrt{1 (-0.4259324)^2}} = -4.263013. \quad t(0.995, \ 80) = 2.637123. \quad \text{If } |t^*| \leq 2.637123, \text{ conclude } H_0, \text{ otherwise, conclude } H_a. \text{ Conclude } H_a.$
- 2.50. $\sum k_i X_i = \sum \left(\frac{X_i \bar{X}}{\sum (X_i \bar{X})^2} \right) X_i$ $= \sum \frac{(X_i \bar{X})(X_i \bar{X})}{\sum (X_i \bar{X})^2} \quad \text{because } \sum \frac{(X_i \bar{X})\bar{X}}{\sum (X_i \bar{X})^2} = 0$ $= \frac{\sum (X_i \bar{X})^2}{\sum (X_i \bar{X})^2} = 1$
- 2.51. $E\{b_0\} = E\{\bar{Y} b_1\bar{X}\}\$ $= \frac{1}{n} \sum E\{Y_i\} - \bar{X}E\{b_1\}\$ $= \frac{1}{n} \sum (\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i) - \bar{X}\beta_1\$ $= \beta_0 + \beta_1 \bar{X} - \bar{X}\beta_1 = \beta_0$
- 2.52. $\sigma^{2}\{b_{0}\} = \sigma^{2}\{\bar{Y} b_{1}\bar{X}\}\$ $= \sigma^{2}\{\bar{Y}\} + \bar{X}^{2}\sigma^{2}\{b_{1}\} 2\bar{X}\sigma\{\bar{Y}, b_{1}\}\$ $= \frac{\sigma^{2}}{n} + \bar{X}^{2}\frac{\sigma^{2}}{\sum(X_{i} \bar{X})^{2}} 0$ $= \sigma^{2}\left[\frac{1}{n} + \frac{\bar{X}^{2}}{\sum(X_{i} \bar{X})^{2}}\right]$
- 2.53. a. $L = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} (Y_i \beta_0 \beta_1 X_i)^2\right] g(X_i)$

b. Maximum likelihood estimators can be found more easily by working with $\log_e L$:

$$\log_e L = -\frac{n}{2} \log_e (2\pi\sigma^2) - \frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_i)^2 + \sum_i \log_e g(X_i)$$

$$\frac{\partial \log_e L}{\partial \beta_0} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_i (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_i)$$

$$\frac{\partial \log_e L}{\partial \beta_1} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_i (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_i)(X_i)$$

$$\frac{\partial \log_e L}{\partial \sigma^2} = -\frac{n}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sigma^2}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sum_i (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_i)^2 \left(\frac{1}{\sigma^4}\right)$$

Setting each derivative equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the maximum likelihood estimators b_0 , b_1 , and $\hat{\sigma}^2$ yields:

(1)
$$\sum Y_i - nb_0 - b_1 \sum X_i = 0$$

(2)
$$\sum Y_i X_i - b_0 \sum X_i - b_1 \sum X_i^2 = 0$$

$$(3)\frac{\sum (Y_i - b_0 - b_1 X_i)^2}{n} = \hat{\sigma}^2$$

Equations (1) and (2) are the same as the least squares normal equations (1.9), hence the maximum likelihood estimators b_0 and b_1 are the same as those in (1.27).

2.54. Yes, no

2.55.
$$SSR = \sum (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})^2 = \sum [(b_0 + b_1 X_i) - \bar{Y}]^2$$
$$= \sum [(\bar{Y} - b_1 \bar{X}) + b_1 X_i - \bar{Y}]^2$$
$$= b_1^2 \sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2$$

2.56. a.
$$E\{MSR\} = 1,026.36, E\{MSE\} = .36$$

b. $E\{MSR\} = 90.36, E\{MSE\} = .36$

2.57. a.
$$Y_i - 5X_i = \beta_0 + \varepsilon_i, n - 1$$

b. $Y_i - 2 - 5X_i = \varepsilon_i, n$

2.58. If $\rho_{12} = 0$, (2.74) becomes:

$$f(Y_1, Y_2) = \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_1\sigma_2} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{Y_1 - \mu_1}{\sigma_1}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{Y_2 - \mu_2}{\sigma_2}\right)^2 \right] \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_1} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{Y_1 - \mu_1}{\sigma_1}\right)^2 \right] \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_2} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{Y_2 - \mu_2}{\sigma_2}\right)^2 \right]$$

$$= f_1(Y_1) \cdot f_2(Y_2)$$

2.59. a.
$$L = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}\sqrt{1-\rho_{12}^{2}}} \times \exp\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho_{12}^{2})}[(\frac{Y_{i1}-\mu_{1}}{\sigma_{1}})^{2} -2\rho_{12}(\frac{Y_{i1}-\mu_{1}}{\sigma_{1}})(\frac{Y_{i2}-\mu_{2}}{\sigma_{2}}) + (\frac{Y_{i2}-\mu_{2}}{\sigma_{2}})^{2}]\}$$

Maximum likelihood estimators can be found more easily by working with $\log_e L$:

$$\begin{split} \log_e L &= -n \ \log_e 2\pi - n \ \log_e \sigma_1 - n \ \log_e \sigma_2 - \frac{n}{2} \log_e (1 - \rho_{12}^2) \\ &- \frac{1}{2(1 - \rho_{12}^2)} \sum_{i=1}^n [(\frac{Y_{i1} - \mu_1}{\sigma_1})^2 - 2\rho_{12} (\frac{Y_{i1} - \mu_1}{\sigma_1}) (\frac{Y_{i2} - \mu_2}{\sigma_2}) \\ &+ (\frac{Y_{i2} - \mu_2}{\sigma_2})^2] \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu_1} \frac{\log_e L}{\partial \mu_1} &= \frac{1}{\sigma_1^2 (1 - \rho_{12}^2)} \sum (Y_{i1} - \mu_1) - \frac{\rho_{12}}{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 (1 - \rho_{12}^2)} \sum (Y_{i2} - \mu_2) \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu_2} \frac{\log_e L}{\partial \mu_2} &= \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2 (1 - \rho_{12}^2)} \sum (Y_{i2} - \mu_2) - \frac{\rho_{12}}{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 (1 - \rho_{12}^2)} \sum (Y_{i1} - \mu_1) \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \sigma_1} \frac{\log_e L}{\partial \sigma_1} &= -\frac{n}{\sigma_1} + \frac{1}{(1 - \rho_{12})^2} \left[\frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \mu_1)^2}{\sigma_1^3} - \rho_{12} \frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \mu_1)(Y_{i2} - \mu_2)}{\sigma_1 \sigma_2^2} \right] \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \sigma_2} \frac{\log_e L}{\partial \rho_{12}} &= -\frac{n}{\sigma_2} + \frac{1}{(1 - \rho_{12})^2} \left[\frac{\sum (Y_{i2} - \mu_2)^2}{\sigma_2^3} - \rho_{12} \frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \mu_1)(Y_{i2} - \mu_2)}{\sigma_1 \sigma_2^2} \right] \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho_{12}} \frac{\log_e L}{\partial \rho_{12}} &= \frac{n\rho_{12}}{1 - \rho_{12}^2} + \frac{1}{1 - \rho_{12}^2} \sum \left(\frac{Y_{i1} - \mu_1}{\sigma_1} \right) \left(\frac{Y_{i2} - \mu_2}{\sigma_2} \right) - \frac{\rho_{12}}{(1 - \rho_{12}^2)^2} \\ \times \sum \left[\left(\frac{Y_{i1} - \mu_1}{\sigma_1} \right)^2 - 2\rho_{12} \left(\frac{Y_{i1} - \mu_1}{\sigma_1} \right) \left(\frac{Y_{i2} - \mu_2}{\sigma_2} \right) + \left(\frac{Y_{i2} - \mu_2}{\sigma_2} \right)^2 \right] \end{split}$$

Setting the derivatives equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the maximum likelihood estimators $\hat{\mu}_1$, $\hat{\mu}_2$, $\hat{\sigma}_1$, $\hat{\sigma}_2$, and $\hat{\rho}_{12}$ yields:

(1)
$$\frac{1}{\hat{\sigma}_1} \sum (Y_{i1} - \hat{\mu}_1) - \frac{\hat{\rho}_{12}}{\hat{\sigma}_2} \sum (Y_{i2} - \hat{\mu}_2) = 0$$

(2)
$$\frac{1}{\hat{\sigma}_2} \sum (Y_{i2} - \hat{\mu}_2) - \frac{\hat{\rho}_{12}}{\hat{\sigma}_1} \sum (Y_{i1} - \hat{\mu}_1) = 0$$

(3)
$$\frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \hat{\mu}_1)^2}{\hat{\sigma}_1^2} - \hat{\rho}_{12} \frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \hat{\mu}_1)(Y_{i2} - \hat{\mu}_2)}{\hat{\sigma}_1 \hat{\sigma}_2} - n(1 - \hat{\rho}_{12}^2) = 0$$

(4)
$$\frac{\sum (Y_{i2} - \hat{\mu}_2)^2}{\hat{\sigma}_2^2} - \hat{\rho}_{12} \frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \hat{\mu}_1)(Y_{i2} - \hat{\mu}_2)}{\hat{\sigma}_1 \hat{\sigma}_2} - n(1 - \hat{\rho}_{12}^2) = 0$$

(5)
$$n\hat{\rho}_{12}(1-\hat{\rho}_{12}^2) + (1+\hat{\rho}_{12}^2) \sum \left(\frac{Y_{i1}-\hat{\mu}_1}{\hat{\sigma}_1}\right) \left(\frac{Y_{i2}-\hat{\mu}_2}{\hat{\sigma}_2}\right)$$
$$-\hat{\rho}_{12} \sum \left[\left(\frac{Y_{i1}-\hat{\mu}_1}{\hat{\sigma}_1}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{Y_{i2}-\hat{\mu}_2}{\hat{\sigma}_2}\right)^2\right] = 0$$

Solving equations (1) and (2) yields:

$$\hat{\mu}_1 = \bar{Y}_1 \qquad \qquad \hat{\mu}_2 = \bar{Y}_2$$

Using these results in equations (3), (4), and (5), it will be found that the maximum likelihood estimators are:

$$\hat{\mu}_1 = \bar{Y}_1 \qquad \hat{\mu}_2 = \bar{Y}_2 \qquad \hat{\sigma}_1 = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2}{n}}$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_2 = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2}{n}} \qquad \hat{\rho}_{12} = \frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)(Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)}{[\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2]^{\frac{1}{2}} [\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2]^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

b.
$$\hat{\alpha}_{1|2} = \hat{\mu}_1 - \hat{\mu}_2 \hat{\rho}_{12} \frac{\ddot{\sigma}_1}{\hat{\sigma}_2}$$

$$= \bar{Y}_1 - \bar{Y}_2 \left[\frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)(Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)}{[\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2]^{\frac{1}{2}} [\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2]^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right] \left[\frac{\sqrt{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2 / n}}{\sqrt{\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2 / n}} \right]$$

$$= \bar{Y}_1 - \bar{Y}_2 \left[\frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)(Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)}{\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2} \right]$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{12} = \hat{\rho}_{12} \frac{\hat{\sigma}_1}{\hat{\sigma}_2}$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)(Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)}{[\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2]^{\frac{1}{2}} [\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2]^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right] \left[\frac{\sqrt{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2 / n}}{\sqrt{\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2 / n}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)(Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)}{\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2}$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_{1|2}^2 = \hat{\sigma}_1^2 (1 - \hat{\rho}_{12}^2)$$

$$= \frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2}{n} \left[1 - \frac{[\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)(Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)]^2}{\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2}{n} - \frac{[\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)(Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)]^2}{n \sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2}$$

- c. The equivalence is shown by letting Y_{i1} and Y_{i2} in part (b) be Y_i and X_i , respectively.
- 2.60. Using regression notation and letting

$$\sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2 = (n - 1)s_X^2$$

and

$$\sum (Y_i - \bar{Y})^2 = (n-1)s_Y^2,$$

we have from (2.84) with $Y_{i1} = Y_i$ and $Y_{i2} = X_i$

$$b_1 = r_{12} \frac{s_Y}{s_X} \text{ since } b_1 = \left[\frac{\sum (Y_i - \bar{Y})^2}{\sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} r_{12}$$

$$SSE = \sum (Y_i - \bar{Y})^2 - \frac{\left[\sum (X_i - \bar{X})(Y_i - \bar{Y})\right]^2}{\sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2}$$

$$= (n - 1)s_Y^2 - r_{12}^2(n - 1)s_Y^2 = (n - 1)s_Y^2(1 - r_{12}^2)$$

$$s^2\{b_1\} = \frac{(n - 1)s_Y^2(1 - r_{12}^2)}{n - 2} \div (n - 1)s_X^2 = \frac{s_Y^2(1 - r_{12}^2)}{(n - 2)s_X^2}$$
Hence:

$$\frac{b_1}{s\{b_1\}} = r_{12} \frac{s_Y}{s_X} \div \frac{s_Y \sqrt{1 - r_{12}^2}}{\left(\sqrt{n - 2}\right) s_X} = \frac{\left(\sqrt{n - 2}\right) r_{12}}{\sqrt{1 - r_{12}^2}} = t^*$$

2.61.
$$\frac{SSR(Y_1)}{SSTO} = \frac{\left[\frac{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)(Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)}{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2}\right]^2 \left[\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2\right]}{\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\left[\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)(Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)\right]^2}{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2 \sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2}$$

$$\frac{SSR(Y_2)}{SSTO} = \frac{\left[\frac{\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)(Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)}{\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2}\right]^2 \left[\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2\right]}{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\left[\sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)(Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)\right]^2}{\sum (Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_1)^2 \sum (Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_2)^2}$$

- 2.62. Total population: $R^2 = 0.884067$ Number of hospital beds: $R^2 = 0.903383$ Total personal income: $R^2 = 0.898914$
- 2.63. Region 1: $480.0 \pm 1.66008(110.1)$, $297.2252 \le \beta_1 \le 662.7748$ Region 2: $299.3 \pm 1.65936(154.2)$, $43.42669 \le \beta_1 \le 555.1733$ Region 3: $272.22 \pm 1.65508(70.34)$, $155.8017 \le \beta_1 \le 388.6383$ Region 4: $508.0 \pm 1.66543(359.0)$, $-89.88937 \le \beta_1 \le 1105.889$
- 2.64. Infection rate: $R^2 = .2846$ Facilities: $R^2 = .1264$ X-ray: $R^2 = .1463$
- 2.65. Region 1: $1.3478 \pm 2.056(.316)$, $.6981 \le \beta_1 \le 1.9975$ Region 2: $.4832 \pm 2.042(.137)$, $.2034 \le \beta_1 \le .7630$ Region 3: $.5251 \pm 2.031(.111)$, $.2997 \le \beta_1 \le .7505$ Region 4: $.0173 \pm 2.145(.306)$, $-.6391 \le \beta_1 \le .6737$
- 2.66. a. $E\{Y_h\} = 36$ when $X_h = 4$, $E\{Y_h\} = 52$ when $X_h = 8$, $E\{Y_h\} = 68$ when $X_h = 12$, $E\{Y_h\} = 84$ when $X_h = 16$, $E\{Y_h\} = 100$ when $X_h = 20$ c. $E\{b_1\} = 4$, $\sigma\{b_1\} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{160}} = .3953$
 - d. Expected proportion is .95

DIAGNOSTICS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

3.3. b.and c.

i:	1	2	3	 118	119	120
\hat{Y}_i :	2.92942	2.65763	3.20121	 3.20121	2.73528	3.20121
e_i :	0.967581	1.22737	0.57679	 0.71279	-0.87528	-0.25321

d.

Ascending order:	1	2	3	 119	120
Ordered residual:	-2.74004	-1.83169	-1.24373	 0.99441	1.22737
Expected value:	-1.59670	-1.37781	-1.25706	 1.37781	1.59670

 H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r=0.97373. If $r\geq .987$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

e. $n_1 = 65$, $\bar{d}_1 = 0.43796$, $n_2 = 55$, $\bar{d}_2 = 0.50652$, s = 0.417275, $t_{BF}^* = (0.43796 - 0.50652)/0.417275\sqrt{(1/65) + (1/55)} = -0.89674$, t(.995; 18) = 2.61814. If $|t_{BF}^*| \le 2.61814$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.

3.4.c and d.

$$i:$$
 1 2 ... 44 45
 $\hat{Y}_i:$ 29.49034 59.56084 ... 59.56084 74.59608
 $e_i:$ -9.49034 0.43916 ... 1.43916 2.40392

e.

 H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r=0.9891. If $r\geq .9785$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

g. $SSR^* = 15,155, SSE = 3416.38, X_{BP}^2 = (15,155/2) \div (3416.38/45)^2 = 1.314676,$ $\chi^2(.95;1) = 3.84.$ If $X_{BP}^2 \le 3.84$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.

3.5. c.

e

 H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r = .961. If $r \geq .879$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

g. $SSR^* = 6.4$, SSE = 17.6, $X_{BP}^2 = (6.4/2) \div (17.6/10)^2 = 1.03$, $\chi^2(.90; 1) = 2.71$. If $X_{BP}^2 \le 2.71$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.

Yes.

3.6.a and b.

i:	1	2	3	4	5	6
		3.850				2.575
\hat{Y}_i :	201.150	201.150	201.150	201.150	217.425	217.425
i:	7	8	9	10	11	12
		5.575				
\hat{Y}_i :	217.425	217.425	233.700	233.700	233.700	233.700
i:	13	14	15	16		
	.025	-1.975	3.025	-3.975		
\hat{Y}_i :	249.975	249.975	249.975	249.975		

c. and d.

Ascending order:	1	2	3		4	5	6
Ordered residual:	-5.150	-3.975	-3.70	00 -2.	.425	-2.150	-1.975
Expected value	-5.720	-4.145	-3.19	96 -2.	.464	-1.841	-1.280
e_i^* :	-1.592	-1.229	-1.14	14	.750	665	611
Ascending order:	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Ordered residual:	-1.150	.025	.300	.575	1.300	2.575	<u> </u>
Expected value:	755	250	.250	.755	1.280	1.841	-
e_i^* :	356	.008	.093	.178	.402	.796	5
Ascending order:	13	14	15	16			
Ordered residual:	3.025	3.300	3.850	5.575	5		
Expected value:	2.464	3.196	4.145	5.720)		
e_i^* :	.935	1.020	1.190	1.724	4		

 H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r = .992. If $r \ge .941$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . t(.25; 14) = -.692, t(.50; 14) = 0, t(.75; 14) = .692

Actual:
$$4/16$$
 $7/16$ $11/16$

e. $n_1 = 8$, $\bar{d}_1 = 2.931$, $n_2 = 8$, $\bar{d}_2 = 2.194$, s = 1.724, $t_{BF}^* = (2.931 - 2.194)/1.724\sqrt{(1/8) + (1/8)} = .86$, t(.975; 14) = 2.145. If $|t_{BF}^*| \le 2.145$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.

3.7.b and c.

i:	1	2	 59	60
e_i :	0.82324	-1.55675	 -0.66689	8.09309
\hat{Y}_i :	105.17676	107.55675	 70.66689	65.90691

d.

Ascending order:	1	2	 59	60
Ordered residual:	-16.13683	-13.80686	 13.95312	23.47309
Expected value:	-18.90095	-15.75218	 15.75218	18.90095

 H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r = 0.9897. If $r \ge 0.984$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

e. $SSR^* = 31,833.4, SSE = 3,874.45,$

 $X_{BP}^2=(31,833.4/2)\div(3,874.45/60)^2=3.817116,~\chi^2(.99;1)=6.63.$ If $X_{BP}^2\leq6.63$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant. Yes.

3.8.b and c.

$$i$$
:
 1
 2
 ...
 83
 84

 e_i :
 591.964
 1648.566
 ...
 621.141
 28.114
 \hat{Y}_i :
 7895.036
 6530.434
 ...
 6359.859
 7553.886

d.

Ascending order:	1	2	 83	84
Ordered residual:	-5278.310	-3285.062	 4623.566	6803.265
Expected value:	-5740.725	-4874.426	 4874.426	5740.725

 H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r = 0.98876. If $r \ge 0.9854$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

e. $n_1=8, \bar{d}_1=1751.872, n_2=76, \bar{d}_2=1927.083, s=1327.772,$ $t_{BF}^*=(1751.872-1927.083)/1327.772\sqrt{(1/8)+(1/76)}=-0.35502, t(.975;82)=1.98932.$ If $|t_{BF}^*|\leq 1.98932$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.

3.10. b. 4, 4

3.11. b. $SSR^* = 330.042$, SSE = 59.960, $X_{BP}^2 = (330.042/2) \div (59.960/9)^2 = 3.72$, $\chi^2(.95;1) = 3.84$. If $X_{BP}^2 \le 3.84$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.

3.13. a. H_0 : $E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$, H_a : $E\{Y\} \neq \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$

b. $SSPE = 2797.66, SSLF = 618.719, F^* = (618.719/8) \div (2797.66/35) = 0.967557,$ F(.95; 8, 35) = 2.21668. If $F^* \le 2.21668$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

3.14. a. H_0 : $E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$, H_a : $E\{Y\} \neq \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$. SSPE = 128.750, SSLF = 17.675, $F^* = (17.675/2) \div (128.750/12) = .824$, F(.99; 2, 12) = 6.93. If $F^* \leq 6.93$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

3.15. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 2.57533 - 0.32400X$$

b. H_0 : $E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$, H_a : $E\{Y\} \neq \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$. SSPE = .1575, SSLF = 2.7675, $F^* = (2.7675/3) \div (.1575/10) = 58.5714$, F(.975; 3, 10) = 4.83. If $F^* \leq 4.83$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

3.16. b.

$$\lambda$$
: -.2 -.1 0 .1 .2 SSE : .1235 .0651 .0390 .0440 .0813

c. $\hat{Y}' = .65488 - .19540X$

e.

i:	1	2	;	3	4	5	6	7	8
	051								
\hat{Y}_i' :	-1.104	-1.10)4 -1.	104 -	.713	713	713	322	322
Expected value:									
i:	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
	.046								
\hat{Y}_i' :	322	.069	.069	.069	.459	.459	9 .459)	
Expected value:									

f. $\hat{Y} = \text{antilog}_{10}(.65488 - .19540X) = 4.51731(.63768)^X$

3.17. b.

$$\lambda$$
: .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 SSE : 1099.7 967.9 916.4 942.4 1044.2

c. $\hat{Y}' = 10.26093 + 1.07629X$

e.

i:	1	2	3	4	5
· ·				15	
\hat{Y}_i' :	10.26	11.34	12.41	13.49	14.57
Expected value:	24	.14	.36	14	.24
i:	6	7	8	9	10
e_i :	41	.10	47	.47	07
e_i :	41	.10	47		07

f.
$$\hat{Y} = (10.26093 + 1.07629X)^2$$

3.18. b.
$$\hat{Y} = 1.25470 - 3.62352X'$$

d.

i:	1	2	3	 110	111
e_i :	-1.00853	-3.32526	1.64837	 -0.67526	0.49147
\hat{Y}_i :	15.28853	12.12526	10.84163	 12.12526	15.28853
Expected value:	-0.97979	-3.10159	1.58857	 -0.59149	0.36067

e.
$$\hat{Y} = 1.25470 - 3.62352\sqrt{X}$$

3.21.
$$\sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \hat{Y}_{ij})^2 = \sum \sum \left[(Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_j) + (\bar{Y}_j - \hat{Y}_{ij}) \right]^2$$
$$= \sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_j)^2 + \sum \sum (\bar{Y}_j - \hat{Y}_{ij})^2 + 2 \sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_j)(\bar{Y}_j - \hat{Y}_{ij})$$

Now,
$$\sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_j)(\bar{Y}_j - \hat{Y}_{ij})$$

= $\sum \sum Y_{ij}\bar{Y}_j - \sum \sum \bar{Y}_j^2 - \sum \sum Y_{ij}\hat{Y}_{ij} + \sum \sum \bar{Y}_j\hat{Y}_{ij}$
= $\sum_j n_j \bar{Y}_j^2 - \sum_j n_j \bar{Y}_j^2 - \sum_j \hat{Y}_{ij} n_j \bar{Y}_j + \sum_j n_j \bar{Y}_j \hat{Y}_{ij} = 0$

since $\hat{Y}_{ij} = b_0 + b_1 X_j$ is independent of *i*.

3.22.
$$E\{MSPE\} = E\left\{\frac{\sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_j)^2}{n - c}\right\} = \frac{1}{n - c} \sum E\{(n_j - 1)s_j^2\}$$

= $\frac{1}{n - c} \sum E\{\sigma^2 \chi^2(n_j - 1)\} = \frac{\sigma^2}{n - c} \sum (n_j - 1) = \sigma^2$

3.23. Full:
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_j + \varepsilon_{ij}$$
, reduced: $Y_{ij} = \beta_1 X_j + \varepsilon_{ij}$
 $df_F = 20 - 10 = 10, df_R = 20 - 1 = 19$

3.24. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 48.66667 + 2.33333X$$

$$i:$$
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 $e_i:$ 2.6667 -.3333 -.3333 -1.0000 -4.0000 -7.6667 13.3333 -2.6667

b.
$$\hat{Y} = 53.06796 + 1.62136X$$

c.
$$\hat{Y}_h = 72.52428$$
, $s\{\text{pred}\} = 3.0286$, $t(.995; 5) = 4.032$, $72.52428 \pm 4.032(3.0286)$, $60.31296 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 84.73560$, yes

3.27. b.
$$\hat{Y} = 6.84922 + .60975X$$

$$X_h = 6.5$$
: $\hat{Y}_h = 10.81260$, $s\{\text{pred}\} = 1.2583$, $t(.975; 109) = 1.982$, $10.81260 \pm 1.982(1.2583)$, $8.31865 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 13.30655$

$$X_h = 5.9$$
: $\hat{Y}_h = 10.44675$, $s\{\text{pred}\} = 1.2512$, $10.44675 \pm 1.982(1.2512)$, $7.96687 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 12.92663$

Yes

3.29. a.

	Median		
Band	\overline{X}	Y	
1	2	23.5	
2	4	57	
3	5	81.5	
4	7	111	

b.
$$F(.90; 2, 43) = 2.43041, W = 2.204727$$

$$X_h = 2$$
: $29.4903 \pm 2.204727(2.00609)$, $25.067 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 33.913$

$$X_h = 4$$
: $59.5608 \pm 2.204727(1.43307)$, $56.401 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 62.720$

$$X_h = 5$$
: $74.5961 \pm 2.204727(1.32983)$, $71.664 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 77.528$

 $X_h = 7 \colon \ 104.667 \pm 2.204727 (1.6119), \ 101.113 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 108.221$ No

c.

N	eighborhood	X_c	\hat{Y}_c
	1	2	27.000
	2	3	43.969
	3	4	60.298
	4	5	77.905
	5	6	93.285
	6	7	107.411

3.30. a.

	Median			
Band	\overline{X}	\overline{Y}		
1	0.5	116.5		
2	2.5	170.0		
3	4.5	226.5		
4	6.5	291.5		
5	8.5	384.5		

b.

Neighborhood	X_c	\hat{Y}_c
1	1	131.67
2	2	158.33
3	3	187.00
4	4	210.33
5	5	245.33
6	6	271.67
7	7	319.00

c. F(.95; 2, 8) = 4.46, W = 2.987

$$X_h = 1$$
: $124.061 \pm 2.987(7.4756)$, $101.731 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 146.391$
 $X_h = 2$: $156.558 \pm 2.987(6.2872)$, $137.778 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 175.338$
 $X_h = 3$: $189.055 \pm 2.987(5.3501)$, $173.074 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 205.036$
 $X_h = 4$: $221.552 \pm 2.987(4.8137)$, $207.174 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 235.931$
 $X_h = 5$: $254.049 \pm 2.987(4.8137)$, $239.671 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 268.428$
 $X_h = 6$: $286.546 \pm 2.987(5.3501)$, $270.565 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 302.527$
 $X_h = 7$: $319.043 \pm 2.987(6.2872)$, $300.263 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 337.823$
Yes

SIMULTANEOUS INFERENCES AND OTHER TOPICS IN REGRESSION ANALYSIS

- 4.1. No, no
- 4.2. 90 percent
- 4.3. a. Opposite directions, negative tilt

b.
$$B = t(.9875; 43) = 2.32262, b_0 = -0.580157, s\{b_0\} = 2.80394, b_1 = 15.0352, s\{b_1\} = 0.483087$$

$$-0.580157 \pm 2.32262(2.80394)$$
 $-7.093 \le \beta_0 \le 5.932$ $15.0352 \pm 2.32262(0.483087)$ $13.913 \le \beta_1 \le 16.157$

- c. Yes
- 4.4. a. Opposite directions, negative tilt

b.
$$B = t(.9975; 8) = 3.833, b_0 = 10.2000, s\{b_0\} = .6633, b_1 = 4.0000, s\{b_1\} = .4690$$

 $10.2000 \pm 3.833(.6633)$ $7.658 \le \beta_0 \le 12.742$
 $4.0000 \pm 3.833(.4690)$ $2.202 \le \beta_1 \le 5.798$

4.5. a. $B = t(.975; 14) = 2.145, b_0 = 168.6000, s\{b_0\} = 2.6570, b_1 = 2.0344, s\{b_1\} = .0904$

$$168.6000 \pm 2.145(2.6570)$$
 $162.901 \le \beta_0 \le 174.299$ $2.0344 \pm 2.145(.0904)$ $1.840 \le \beta_1 \le 2.228$

- b. Negatively, no
- 4.6. a. $B = t(.9975; 14) = 2.91839, b_0 = 156.347, s\{b_0\} = 5.51226, b_1 = -1.190, s\{b_1\} = 0.0901973$

$$156.347 \pm 2.91839(5.51226)$$
 $140.260 \le \beta_0 \le 172.434$ $-1.190 \pm 2.91839(0.0901973)$ $-1.453 \le \beta_1 \le -0.927$

b. Opposite directions

- c. No
- 4.7. a. F(.90; 2, 43) = 2.43041, W = 2.204727

$$X_h = 3$$
: $44.5256 \pm 2.204727(1.67501)$ $40.833 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 48.219$

$$X_h = 5$$
: $74.5961 \pm 2.204727(1.32983)$ $71.664 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 77.528$

$$X_h = 7$$
: $104.667 \pm 2.204727(1.6119)$ $101.113 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 108.221$

b.
$$F(.90; 2, 43) = 2.43041$$
, $S = 2.204727$; $B = t(.975; 43) = 2.01669$; Bonferroni

c.
$$X_h = 4$$
: $59.5608 \pm 2.01669(9.02797)$ $41.354 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 77.767$

$$X_h = 7$$
: $104.667 \pm 2.01669(9.05808)$ $86.3997 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 122.934$

4.8. a. F(.95; 2, 8) = 4.46, W = 2.987

$$X_h = 0$$
: $10.2000 \pm 2.987(.6633)$ $8.219 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 12.181$

$$X_h = 1$$
: $14.2000 \pm 2.987(.4690)$ $12.799 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 15.601$

$$X_h = 2$$
: $18.2000 \pm 2.987(.6633)$ $16.219 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 20.181$

- b. B = t(.99167; 8) = 3.016, yes
- c. F(.95; 3, 8) = 4.07, S = 3.494

$$X_h = 0$$
: $10.2000 \pm 3.494(1.6248)$ $4.523 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 15.877$

$$X_h = 1$$
: $14.2000 \pm 3.494(1.5556)$ $8.765 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 19.635$

$$X_h = 2$$
: $18.2000 \pm 3.494(1.6248)$ $12.523 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 23.877$

- d. B = 3.016, yes
- 4.9. a. B = t(.9833; 14) = 2.360

$$X_h = 20$$
: $209.2875 \pm 2.360(1.0847)$ $206.727 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 211.847$

$$X_h = 30$$
: $229.6312 \pm 2.360(0.8285)$ $227.676 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 231.586$

$$X_h = 40$$
: $249.9750 \pm 2.360(1.3529)$ $246.782 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 253.168$

- b. F(.90; 2, 14) = 2.737, W = 2.340, no
- c. F(.90; 2, 14) = 2.737, S = 2.340, B = t(.975; 14) = 2.145

$$X_h = 30$$
: 229.6312 ± 2.145(3.3385) 222.470 ≤ $Y_{h(\text{new})}$ ≤ 236.792

$$X_h = 40$$
: 249.9750 ± 2.145(3.5056) 242.455 ≤ $Y_{h(\text{new})}$ ≤ 257.495

4.10. a. F(.95; 2, 58) = 3.15593, W = 2.512342

$$X_h = 45$$
: $102.797 \pm 2.512342(1.71458)$ $98.489 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 107.105$

$$X_h = 55$$
: $90.8968 \pm 2.512342(1.1469)$ $88.015 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 93.778$

$$X_h = 65$$
: $78.9969 \pm 2.512342(1.14808)$ $76.113 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 81.881$

- b. B = t(.99167; 58) = 2.46556, no
- c. B = 2.46556

$$X_h = 48: 99.2268 \pm 2.46556(8.31158) \quad 78.734 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 119.720$$

$$X_h = 59$$
: $86.1368 \pm 2.46556(8.24148)$ $65.817 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 106.457$

$$X_h = 74$$
: $68.2869 \pm 2.46556(8.33742)$ $47.730 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 88.843$

- d. Yes, yes
- 4.12. a. $\hat{Y} = 18.0283X$
 - c. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 17.50$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 17.50$. MSE = 20.3113, $s\{b_1\} = .07948$, $t^* = (18.0283 17.50)/.07948 = 6.65$, t(.99; 11) = 2.718. If $|t^*| \leq 2.718$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - d. $\hat{Y}_h = 180.283$, $s\{\text{pred}\} = 4.576$, $180.283 \pm 2.718(4.576)$, $167.845 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 192.721$
- 4.13. a.

- b. H_0 : $E\{Y\} = \beta_1 X$, H_a : $E\{Y\} \neq \beta_1 X$. SSLF = 40.924, SSPE = 182.500, $F^* = (40.924/8) \div (182.500/3) = .084$, F(.99; 8, 3) = 27.5. If $F^* \leq 27.5$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .997
- 4.14. a. $\hat{Y} = 0.121643X$
 - b. $s\{b_1\} = 0.00263691, t(.975; 19) = 1.9801, 0.121643 \pm 1.9801(0.00263691), 0.116 \le \beta_1 \le 0.127$
 - c. $\hat{Y}_h = 3.64929$, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 0.0791074$, $3.64929 \pm 1.9801(0.0791074)$, $3.493 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 3.806$
- 4.15. b.

$$\frac{i:}{e_i:}$$
 1 2 ... 119 120
 $\frac{1}{e_i:}$ 1.3425 2.1820 ... -0.0863 -0.4580

- c. H_0 : $E\{Y\} = \beta_1 X$, H_a : $E\{Y\} \neq \beta_1 X$. SSLF = 23.3378, SSPE = 39.3319, $F^* = (23.3378/20) \div (39.3319/99) = 2.93711$, F(.995; 20, 99) = 2.22939. If $F^* \leq 2.22939$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0.0002
- 4.16. a. $\hat{Y} = 14.9472X$
 - b. $s\{b_1\} = 0.226424, \ t(.95;44) = 1.68023, \ 14.9472 \pm 1.68023(0.226424), \ 14.567 \le \beta_1 \le 15.328$
 - c. $\hat{Y}_h = 89.6834$, $s\{\text{pred}\} = 8.92008$, $89.6834 \pm 1.68023(8.92008)$, $74.696 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 104.671$
- 4.17. b.

$$\frac{i:}{e_i:}$$
 $\frac{1}{0.21108}$ $\frac{2}{0.21108}$ $\frac{44}{0.2111}$ $\frac{45}{0.2639}$

- c. H_0 : $E\{Y\} = \beta_1 X$, H_a : $E\{Y\} \neq \beta_1 X$. SSLF = 622.12, SSPE = 2797.66, $F^* = (622.12/9) \div (2797.66/35) = 0.8647783$, F(.99; 9, 35) = 2.96301. If $F^* \leq 2.96301$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = 0.564
- 4.18. No

4.19. a.
$$\hat{X}_{h(\text{new})} = 33.11991$$
, $t(.95; 118) = 1.657870$, $s\{\text{pred}X\} = 16.35037$, $33.11991 \pm 1.657870(16.35037)$, $6.013 \le X_{h(\text{new})}) \le 60.227$

- b. No, 0.297453 > .1
- 4.20. a. $\hat{X}_{h(\text{new})} = 34.1137$, t(.995; 14) = 2.977, $s\{\text{pred}X\} = 1.6610$, $34.1137 \pm 2.977(1.6610)$, $29.169 \le X_{h(\text{new})} \le 39.058$
 - b. Yes, .0175 < .1
- 4.21. Yes, no
- 4.22. Let \bar{A}_3 denote the event that statement 3 is correct and \bar{B} the event $\bar{A}_1 \cap \bar{A}_2$. Then by (4.2a):

$$P(\bar{B} \cap \bar{A}_3) = P(\bar{A}_1 \cap \bar{A}_2 \cap \bar{A}_3) \ge 1 - 2\alpha - \alpha = 1 - 3\alpha$$

4.23. From (4.13) it follows at once that:

$$\sum X_i(Y_i - b_1 X_i) = \sum X_i e_i = 0$$

4.24. From Exercise 1.41c, we have that $E\{b_1\} = \beta_1$. Hence:

$$E\{\hat{Y}\} = E\{b_1X\} = XE\{b_1\} = \beta_1X = E\{Y\}.$$

- 4.25. $\sigma^2\{\hat{Y}_h\} = \sigma^2\{b_1X_h\} = X_h^2\sigma^2\{b_1\} = X_h^2(\sigma^2/\sum X_i^2)$; hence, $s^2\{\hat{Y}_h\} = X_h^2(MSE/\sum X_i^2)$.
- 4.26. a. $B = t(.9875; 438) = 2.24913, b_0 = -110.635, s\{b_0\} = 34.7460,$ $b_1 = 0.00279542, s\{b_1\} = 0.0000483694$ $-110.635 \pm 2.24913(34.7460)$ $-188.783 \le \beta_0 \le -32.487$ $0.00279542 \pm 2.24913(0.00004837)$ $0.00269 \le \beta_1 \le 0.0029$
 - b. Yes
 - c. F(.90; 2, 438) = 2.31473, W = 2.151618; B = t(.9833; 438) = 2.13397;Bonferroni
 - d. $X_h = 500$: $-109.237 \pm 2.13397(34.7328) 183.356 \le E\{Y_h\} \le -35.118$ $X_h = 1,000$: $-107.839 \pm 2.13397(34.7196) - 181.930 \le E\{Y_h\} \le -33.748$ $X_h = 5,000$: $-96.6577 \pm 2.13397(34.6143) - 170.524 \le E\{Y_h\} \le -22.792$
- 4.27. a. $B = t(.975; 111) = 1.982, b_0 = 6.3368, s\{b_0\} = .5213, b_1 = .7604, s\{b_1\} = .1144$

$$6.3368 \pm 1.982(.5213)$$
 $5.304 \le \beta_0 \le 7.370$
 $0.7604 \pm 1.982(.1144)$ $0.534 \le \beta_1 \le 0.987$

b. No

c. F(.95; 2, 111) = 3.08, W = 2.482; B = t(.99375; 111) = 2.539; Working-Hotelling

d. $X_h = 2$: $7.858 \pm 2.482(.3098)$ $7.089 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 8.627$

 $X_h = 3$: $8.618 \pm 2.482 (.2177)$ $8.078 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 9.158$

 $X_h = 4$: $9.378 \pm 2.482(.1581)$ $8.986 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 9.770$

 $X_h = 5$: $10.139 \pm 2.482(.1697)$ $9.718 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 10.560$

MATRIX APPROACH TO SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSION ANALYSIS

5.1. (1)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 7 \\ 3 & 10 \\ 5 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ (3) $\begin{bmatrix} 23 & 24 & 1 \\ 36 & 40 & 2 \\ 49 & 56 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ (4) $\begin{bmatrix} 13 & 17 & 22 \\ 20 & 26 & 34 \\ 27 & 35 & 46 \end{bmatrix}$

$$(5) \quad \left[\begin{array}{cc} 9 & 26 \\ 26 & 76 \end{array} \right]$$

5.2. (1)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 9 \\ 11 & 11 \\ 10 & 8 \\ 6 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2)
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -7 \\ -5 & -1 \\ 0 & 6 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (3)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 58 & 80 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
 14 & 22 & 11 & 8 \\
 49 & 54 & 20 & 26 \\
 71 & 82 & 32 & 38 \\
 76 & 80 & 28 & 40
 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(5) \begin{bmatrix} 63 & 94 \\
 55 & 73 \end{bmatrix}$$

5.3. (1)
$$\begin{bmatrix} Y_1 \\ Y_2 \\ Y_3 \\ Y_4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \hat{Y}_1 \\ \hat{Y}_2 \\ \hat{Y}_3 \\ \hat{Y}_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} e_1 \\ e_2 \\ e_3 \\ e_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2)
$$\begin{bmatrix} X_1 & X_2 & X_3 & X_4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} e_1 \\ e_2 \\ e_3 \\ e_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

5.4. (1) 503.77 (2)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 160 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (3) $\begin{bmatrix} 49.7 \\ -39.2 \end{bmatrix}$

5.5. (1) 1,259 (2)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 17 \\ 17 & 55 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (3) $\begin{bmatrix} 81 \\ 261 \end{bmatrix}$

5.6. (1) 2,194 (2)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 10 & 10 \\ 10 & 20 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (3) $\begin{bmatrix} 142 \\ 182 \end{bmatrix}$

5.7. (1) 819,499 (2)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 16 & 448 \\ 448 & 13,824 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (3) $\begin{bmatrix} 3,609 \\ 103,656 \end{bmatrix}$

5.10.
$$\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -.1 & .4 \\ .3 & -.2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $\mathbf{B}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} .10870 & -.08696 & .10870 \\ .34783 & .02174 & -.15217 \\ -.23913 & .14130 & .01087 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} .33088 & -.15441 & -.03676 \\ .13971 & -.19853 & .09559 \\ -.26471 & .32353 & .02941 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$5.12. \qquad \left[\begin{array}{cc} .2 & 0 \\ 0 & .00625 \end{array} \right]$$

5.13.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1.34146 & -.41463 \\ -.41463 & .14634 \end{bmatrix}$$

5.14. a.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 7 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 25 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$$
 b.
$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4.5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

5.15. a.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 23 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 28 \end{bmatrix}$$
 b.
$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

5.16.
$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{Y}_1 \\ \hat{Y}_2 \\ \hat{Y}_3 \\ \hat{Y}_4 \\ \hat{Y}_5 \end{bmatrix} = \bar{Y} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + b_1 \begin{bmatrix} X_1 - \bar{X} \\ X_2 - \bar{X} \\ X_3 - \bar{X} \\ X_4 - \bar{X} \\ X_5 - \bar{X} \end{bmatrix}$$

5.17. a.
$$\begin{bmatrix} W_1 \\ W_2 \\ W_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Y_1 \\ Y_2 \\ Y_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

b.
$$\mathbf{E} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} W_1 \\ W_2 \\ W_3 \end{bmatrix} \right\} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} E\{Y_1\} \\ E\{Y_2\} \\ E\{Y_3\} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} E\{Y_1\} + E\{Y_2\} + E\{Y_3\} \\ E\{Y_1\} - E\{Y_2\} \\ E\{Y_1\} - E\{Y_2\} - E\{Y_3\} \end{bmatrix}$$

c.
$$\sigma^{2}\{\mathbf{W}\} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sigma^{2}\{Y_{1}\} & \sigma\{Y_{1}, Y_{2}\} & \sigma\{Y_{1}, Y_{3}\} \\ \sigma\{Y_{2}, Y_{1}\} & \sigma^{2}\{Y_{2}\} & \sigma\{Y_{2}, Y_{3}\} \\ \sigma\{Y_{3}, Y_{1}\} & \sigma\{Y_{3}, Y_{2}\} & \sigma^{2}\{Y_{3}\} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\times \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

Using the notation σ_1^2 for $\sigma^2\{Y_1\}$, σ_{12} for $\sigma\{Y_1,Y_2\}$, etc., we obtain:

$$\begin{split} &\sigma^2\{W_1\} = \sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2 + \sigma_3^2 + 2\sigma_{12} + 2\sigma_{13} + 2\sigma_{23} \\ &\sigma^2\{W_2\} = \sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2 - 2\sigma_{12} \\ &\sigma^2\{W_3\} = \sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2 + \sigma_3^2 - 2\sigma_{12} - 2\sigma_{13} + 2\sigma_{23} \\ &\sigma\{W_1, W_2\} = \sigma_1^2 - \sigma_2^2 + \sigma_{13} - \sigma_{23} \\ &\sigma\{W_1, W_3\} = \sigma_1^2 - \sigma_2^2 - \sigma_3^2 - 2\sigma_{23} \\ &\sigma\{W_2, W_3\} = \sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2 - 2\sigma_{12} - \sigma_{13} + \sigma_{23} \end{split}$$

5.18. a.
$$\begin{bmatrix} W_1 \\ W_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Y_1 \\ Y_2 \\ Y_3 \\ Y_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

b.
$$\mathbf{E}\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} W_1 \\ W_2 \end{bmatrix} \right\} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4}[E\{Y_1\} + E\{Y_2\} + E\{Y_3\} + E\{Y_4\}] \\ \frac{1}{2}[E\{Y_1\} + E\{Y_2\} - E\{Y_3\} - E\{Y_4\}] \end{bmatrix}$$

c.
$$\sigma^{2}\{\mathbf{W}\} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sigma^{2}\{Y_{1}\} & \sigma\{Y_{1}, Y_{2}\} & \sigma\{Y_{1}, Y_{3}\} & \sigma\{Y_{1}, Y_{4}\} \\ \sigma\{Y_{2}, Y_{1}\} & \sigma^{2}\{Y_{2}\} & \sigma\{Y_{2}, Y_{3}\} & \sigma\{Y_{2}, Y_{4}\} \\ \sigma\{Y_{3}, Y_{1}\} & \sigma\{Y_{3}, Y_{2}\} & \sigma^{2}\{Y_{3}\} & \sigma\{Y_{3}, Y_{4}\} \\ \sigma\{Y_{4}, Y_{1}\} & \sigma\{Y_{4}, Y_{2}\} & \sigma\{Y_{4}, Y_{3}\} & \sigma^{2}\{Y_{4}\} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\times \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

Using the notation σ_1^2 for $\sigma^2\{Y_1\}, \sigma_{12}$ for $\sigma\{Y_1, Y_2\},$ etc., we obtain:

$$\sigma^{2}\{W_{1}\} = \frac{1}{16}(\sigma_{1}^{2} + +\sigma_{2}^{2} + \sigma_{3}^{2} + \sigma_{4}^{2} + 2\sigma_{12} + 2\sigma_{13} + 2\sigma_{14} + 2\sigma_{23} + 2\sigma_{24} + 2\sigma_{34})$$

$$\sigma^{2}\{W_{2}\} = \frac{1}{4}(\sigma_{1}^{2} + \sigma_{2}^{2} + \sigma_{3}^{2} + \sigma_{4}^{2} + 2\sigma_{12} - 2\sigma_{13} - 2\sigma_{14} - 2\sigma_{23} - 2\sigma_{24} + 2\sigma_{34})$$

$$\sigma\{W_{1}, W_{2}\} = \frac{1}{8}(\sigma_{1}^{2} + \sigma_{2}^{2} - \sigma_{3}^{2} - \sigma_{4}^{2} + 2\sigma_{12} - 2\sigma_{34})$$

$$5.19. \qquad \left[\begin{array}{cc} 3 & 5 \\ 5 & 17 \end{array}\right]$$

$$5.20. \qquad \left[\begin{array}{cc} 7 & -4 \\ -4 & 8 \end{array} \right]$$

5.21.
$$5Y_1^2 + 4Y_1Y_2 + Y_2^2$$

5.22.
$$Y_1^2 + 3Y_2^2 + 9Y_3^2 + 8Y_1Y_3$$

5.23. a. (1)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 9.940 \\ -.245 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2) $\begin{bmatrix} -.18 \\ .04 \\ .26 \\ .08 \\ -.20 \end{bmatrix}$ (3) 9.604 (4) .148

$$(5) \begin{bmatrix} .00987 & 0 \\ 0 & .000308 \end{bmatrix} \qquad (6) 11.41 \qquad (7) .02097$$

c.
$$\begin{bmatrix} .6 & .4 & .2 & 0 & -.2 \\ .4 & .3 & .2 & .1 & 0 \\ .2 & .2 & .2 & .2 & .2 \\ 0 & .1 & .2 & .3 & .4 \\ -.2 & 0 & .2 & .4 & .6 \end{bmatrix}$$

5.24. a. (1)
$$\begin{bmatrix} .43902 \\ 4.60976 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2) $\begin{bmatrix} -2.8781 \\ -.0488 \\ .3415 \\ .7317 \\ -1.2683 \\ 3.1219 \end{bmatrix}$ (3) 145.2073 (4) 20.2927

$$(5) \begin{bmatrix} 6.8055 & -2.1035 \\ -2.1035 & .7424 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (6) 18.878 (7) 6.9290

b.
$$(1) -2.1035$$
 $(2) 6.8055$ $(3) .8616$

c.
$$\begin{bmatrix} .366 & -.146 & .024 & .195 & .195 & .366 \\ -.146 & .658 & .390 & .122 & .122 & -.146 \\ .024 & .390 & .268 & .146 & .146 & .024 \\ .195 & .122 & .146 & .171 & .171 & .195 \\ .195 & .122 & .146 & .171 & .171 & .195 \\ .366 & -.146 & .024 & .195 & .195 & .366 \end{bmatrix}$$

d.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3.217 & .742 & -.124 & -.990 & -.990 & -1.856 \\ .742 & 1.732 & -1.980 & -.619 & -.619 & .742 \\ -.124 & -1.980 & 3.712 & -.742 & -.742 & -.124 \\ -.990 & -.619 & -.742 & 4.207 & -.866 & -.990 \\ -.990 & -.619 & -.742 & -.866 & 4.207 & -.990 \\ -1.856 & .742 & -.124 & -.990 & -.990 & 3.127 \end{bmatrix}$$

5.25. a. (1)
$$\begin{bmatrix} .2 & -.1 \\ -.1 & .1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2) $\begin{bmatrix} 10.2 \\ 4.0 \end{bmatrix}$ (3) $\begin{bmatrix} 1.8 \\ -1.2 \\ -1.2 \\ 1.8 \\ -.2 \\ -1.2 \\ -2.2 \\ .8 \\ .8 \end{bmatrix}$

(5) 17.60 (6)
$$\begin{bmatrix} .44 & -.22 \\ -.22 & .22 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (7) 18.2 (8) .44

5.26. a. (1)
$$\begin{bmatrix} .675000 & -.021875 \\ -.021875 & .00078125 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 168.600000 \\ 2.034375 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 201.150 \\ 201.150 \\ 201.150 \\ 201.150 \\ 201.150 \\ 217.425 \\ 217.425 \\ 217.425 \\ 233.700 \\ 233.700 \\ 233.700 \\ 233.700 \\ 249.975 \\ 249.975 \\ 249.975 \\ 249.975 \\ 249.975 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} .175 & .175 & .175 & ... & -.050 & -.050 & -.050 \\ .175 & .175 & .175 & ... & -.050 & -.050 & -.050 \\ .175 & .175 & .175 & ... & -.050 & -.050 & -.050 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ -.050 & -.050 & -.050 & \cdots & .175 & .175 & .175 \\ -.050 & -.050 & -.050 & \cdots & .175 & .175 & .175 \\ -.050 & -.050 & -.050 & \cdots & .175 & .175 & .175 \end{bmatrix}$$

(5)
$$146.425$$
 (6) $\begin{bmatrix} 7.0598 & -.2288 \\ -.2288 & .008171 \end{bmatrix}$ (7) 11.1453

b.
$$(1) 7.0598$$
 $(2) -.2288$ $(3) .0904$

$$\begin{bmatrix} .825 & -.175 & -.175 & \cdots & .050 & .050 & .050 \\ -.175 & .825 & -.175 & \cdots & .050 & .050 & .050 \\ -.175 & -.175 & .825 & \cdots & .050 & .050 & .050 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ .050 & .050 & .050 & \cdots & .825 & -.175 & -.175 \\ .050 & .050 & .050 & \cdots & -.175 & .825 & -.175 \\ .050 & .050 & .050 & \cdots & -.175 & -.175 & .825 \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

5.27.
$$\mathbf{E} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \end{bmatrix} \right\} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{0}$$

5.28. Let

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ \vdots \\ X_n \end{bmatrix}$$

Then by (5.60)
$$\mathbf{b} = (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{Y} = \sum X_i Y_i / \sum X_i^2$$
.

5.29
$$\mathbf{E}\{\mathbf{b}\} = \mathbf{E}\{(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{Y}\} = (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{E}\{\mathbf{Y}\}$$

= $(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} = \boldsymbol{\beta}$

5.30.
$$\hat{Y}_h = \mathbf{X}_h' \mathbf{b}$$
 is a scalar, hence it equals its transpose. By (5.32) then,
$$\mathbf{X}_h' \mathbf{b} = (\mathbf{X}_h' \mathbf{b})' = \mathbf{b}' \mathbf{X}_h.$$

5.31.
$$\sigma^2{\{\hat{\mathbf{Y}}\}} = \mathbf{H}\sigma^2{\{\mathbf{Y}\}}\mathbf{H}'$$
 [by (5.46)]
 $= \mathbf{H}\sigma^2\mathbf{I}\mathbf{H}$ (since \mathbf{H} is symmetric)
 $= \sigma^2\mathbf{H}$ (since $\mathbf{H}\mathbf{H} = \mathbf{H}$)

Chapter 6

MULTIPLE REGRESSION – I

6.1. a.
$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & X_{11} & X_{11}X_{12} \\ 1 & X_{21} & X_{21}X_{22} \\ 1 & X_{31} & X_{31}X_{32} \\ 1 & X_{41} & X_{41}X_{42} \end{bmatrix} \qquad \qquad \boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_0 \\ \beta_1 \\ \beta_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

b.
$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & X_{11} & X_{12} \\ 1 & X_{21} & X_{22} \\ 1 & X_{31} & X_{32} \\ 1 & Y & Y \end{bmatrix} \qquad \qquad \boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_0 \\ \beta_1 \\ \beta_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$oldsymbol{eta} = \left[egin{array}{c} eta_0 \ eta_1 \ eta_2 \end{array}
ight]$$

$$oldsymbol{eta} = \left[egin{array}{c} eta_0 \ eta_1 \ eta_2 \end{array}
ight]$$

6.2. a.
$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{11} & X_{12} & X_{11}^2 \\ X_{21} & X_{22} & X_{21}^2 \\ X_{31} & X_{32} & X_{31}^2 \\ X_{41} & X_{42} & X_{41}^2 \\ X_{51} & X_{52} & X_{51}^2 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \qquad \boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_1 \\ \beta_2 \\ \beta_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$oldsymbol{eta} = \left[egin{array}{c} eta_1 \ eta_2 \ eta_3 \end{array}
ight]$$

b.
$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & X_{11} & \log_{10} X_{12} \\ 1 & X_{21} & \log_{10} X_{22} \\ 1 & X_{31} & \log_{10} X_{32} \\ 1 & X_{41} & \log_{10} X_{42} \\ 1 & X_{51} & \log_{10} X_{52} \end{bmatrix} \qquad \qquad \boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_0 \\ \beta_1 \\ \beta_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$oldsymbol{eta} = \left[egin{array}{c} eta_0 \ eta_1 \ eta_2 \end{array}
ight]$$

6.5.a.

$$\begin{array}{cccc} Y & \left[\begin{array}{cccc} 1.000 & .892 & .395 \\ X_1 & 1.000 & .000 \\ X_2 & & 1.000 \end{array} \right] \end{array}$$

b. $b_0 = 37.650, b_1 = 4.425, b_2 = 4.375, \hat{Y} = 37.650 + 4.425X_1 + 4.375X_2$ c&d.

i:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
e_i :	10	.15 -	-3.10	3.15	95	-1.70	-1.95	1.30
Expected Val.:	208	.208 -	-3.452	2.661	629	-1.533	-2.052	1.533
i:	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
e_i :	1.20	-1.55	4.20	2.45	-2.65	-4.40	3.35	.60
Expected Val.:	1.066	-1.066	4.764	2.052	-2.661	-4.764	3.452	.629

- e. $SSR^* = 72.41$, SSE = 94.30, $X_{BP}^2 = (72.41/2) \div (94.30/16)^2 = 1.04$, $\chi^2(.99; 2) = 9.21$. If $X_{BP}^2 \le 9.21$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.
- f. H_0 : $E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2$, H_a : $E\{Y\} \neq \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2$. MSLF = 7.46, MSPE = 7.125, $F^* = 7.46/7.125 = 1.047$, F(.99; 5, 8) = 6.63. If $F^* \leq 6.63$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- 6.6. a. H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not all $\beta_k = 0$ (k = 1, 2). MSR = 936.350, MSE = 7.254, $F^* = 936.350/7.254 = 129.083$, F(.99; 2, 13) = 6.70. If $F^* \leq 6.70$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - b. P-value = 0+

c.
$$s\{b_1\} = .301, s\{b_2\} = .673, B = t(.9975; 13) = 3.372$$

 $4.425 \pm 3.372(.301)$ $3.410 \le \beta_1 \le 5.440$
 $4.375 \pm 3.372(.673)$ $2.106 < \beta_2 < 6.644$

- 6.7. a. $SSR = 1,872.7, SSTO = 1,967.0, R^2 = .952$
 - b. .952, yes.
- 6.8. a. $\hat{Y}_h = 77.275$, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 1.127$, t(.995; 13) = 3.012, $77.275 \pm 3.012(1.127)$, $73.880 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 80.670$
 - b. $s\{\text{pred}\} = 2.919, 77.275 \pm 3.012(2.919), 68.483 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 86.067$

6.9. c.
$$\begin{array}{c} X \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{array} \left[\begin{array}{cccccc} 1.0000 & .2077 & .0600 & .8106 \\ & 1.0000 & .0849 & .0457 \\ & & 1.0000 & .1134 \\ & & & & 1.0000 \end{array} \right]$$

6.10. a. $\hat{Y} = 4149.89 + 0.000787X_1 - 13.166X_2 + 623.554X_3$ b&c.

- e. $n_1 = 26$, $\bar{d}_1 = 145.0$, $n_2 = 26$, $\bar{d}_2 = 77.4$, s = 81.7, $t_{BF}^* = (145.0 77.4)/[81.7\sqrt{(1/26) + (1/26)}] = 2.99$, t(.995; 50) = 2.67779. If $|t_{BF}^*| \leq 2.67779$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance not constant.
- 6.11. a. H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$, H_a : not all $\beta_k = 0$ (k = 1, 2,3). MSR = 725, 535, MSE = 20, 531.9, $F^* = 725, 535/20, 531.9 = 35.337$, F(.95; 3, 48) = 2.79806. If $F^* \leq 2.79806$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+.

b.
$$s\{b_1\} = .000365, s\{b_3\} = 62.6409, B = t(.9875; 48) = 2.3139$$

 $0.000787 \pm 2.3139(.000365) - .000058 \le \beta_1 \le 0.00163$
 $623.554 \pm 2.3139(62.6409)$ $478.6092 \le \beta_3 \le 768.4988$

c.
$$SSR = 2,176,606, SSTO = 3,162,136, R^2 = .6883$$

6.12. a.
$$F(.95; 4, 48) = 2.56524$$
, $W = 3.2033$; $B = t(.995; 48) = 2.6822$

X_{h1}	X_{h2}	X_{h3}		
302,000	7.2	0:	$4292.79 \pm 2.6822 (21.3567)$	$4235.507 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 4350.073$
245,000	7.4	0:	$4245.29 \pm 2.6822(29.7021)$	$4165.623 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 4324.957$
280,000	6.9	0:	$4279.42 \pm 2.6822 (24.4444)$	$4213.855 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 4344.985$
350,000	7.0	0:	$4333.20 \pm 2.6822 (28.9293)$	$4255.606 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 4410.794$
295,000	6.7	1:	$4917.42 \pm 2.6822 (62.4998)$	$4749.783 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 5085.057$
b.Yes, no				

6.13.
$$F(.95; 4, 48) = 2.5652, S = 3.2033; B = t(.99375; 48) = 2.5953$$

X_{h1}	X_{h2}	X_{h3}		
230,000	7.5	0:	$4232.17 \pm 2.5953 (147.288)$	$3849.913 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 4614.427$
250,000	7.3	0:	$4250.55 \pm 2.5953(146.058)$	$3871.486 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 4629.614$
280,000	7.1	0:	$4276.79 \pm 2.5953(145.134)$	$3900.124 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 4653.456$
340,000	6.9	0:	$4326.65 \pm 2.5953 (145.930)$	$3947.918 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 4705.382$

- 6.14. a. $\hat{Y}_h = 4278.37$, $s\{\text{predmean}\} = 85.82262$, t(.975; 48) = 2.01063, $4278.37 \pm 2.01063(85.82262)$, $4105.812 \le \bar{Y}_{h(\text{new})} \le 4450.928$
 - b. $12317.44 \le \text{Total labor hours} \le 13352.78$

c.
$$\hat{Y} = 158.491 - 1.1416X_1 - 0.4420X_2 - 13.4702X_3$$

d&e.

$$i$$
:12...4546 e_i :.1129-9.0797...-5.538010.0524Expected Val.:-0.8186-8.1772...-5.43148.1772

- f. No
- g. $SSR^* = 21,355.5$, SSE = 4,248.8, $X_{BP}^2 = (21,355.5/2) \div (4,248.8/46)^2 = 1.2516$, $\chi^2(.99;3) = 11.3449$. If $X_{BP}^2 \le 11.3449$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.

6.16. a.
$$H_0$$
: $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$, H_a : not all $\beta_k = 0$ $(k = 1, 2, 3)$.
 $MSR = 3,040.2, MSE = 101.2, F^* = 3,040.2/101.2 = 30.05, F(.90; 3, 42) = 2.2191$. If $F^* \leq 2.2191$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P -value = 0.4878

b.
$$s\{b_1\} = .2148, \ s\{b_2\} = .4920, \ s\{b_3\} = 7.0997, \ B = t(.9833; 42) = 2.1995$$

 $-1.1416 \pm 2.1995(.2148)$ $-1.6141 \le \beta_1 \le -0.6691$
 $-.4420 \pm 2.1995(.4920)$ $-1.5242 \le \beta_2 \le 0.6402$
 $-13.4702 \pm 2.1995(7.0997)$ $-29.0860 \le \beta_3 \le 2.1456$

- c. SSR = 9,120.46, SSTO = 13,369.3, R = .8260
- 6.17. a. $\hat{Y}_h = 69.0103$, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 2.6646$, t(.95;42) = 1.6820, $69.0103 \pm 1.6820(2.6646)$, $64.5284 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 73.4922$
 - b. $s\{\text{pred}\} = 10.405, 69.0103 \pm 1.6820(10.405), 51.5091 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 86.5115$
- 6.18. b.

c. $\hat{Y} = 12.2006 - .1420X_1 + .2820X_2 + 0.6193X_3 + 0.0000079X_4$

- f. No
- g. $n_1 = 40$, $\bar{d}_1 = 0.8696$, $n_2 = 41$, $\bar{d}_2 = 0.7793$, s = 0.7357, $t_{BF}^* = (0.8696 0.7793)/0.7357\sqrt{(1/40) + (1/41)} = 0.5523$, t(.975; 79) = 1.9905. If $|t_{BF}^*| \le 1.9905$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.
- 6.19. a. H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = \beta_4 = 0$, H_a : not all $\beta_k = 0$ (k = 1, 2, 3, 4). MSR = 34.5817 MSE = 1.2925, $F^* = 34.5817/1.2925 = 26.7557$, F(.95; 4, 76) = 2.4920. If $F^* \leq 2.4920$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
 - b. $s\{b_1\} = .02134, \ s\{b_2\} = .06317, \ s\{b_3\} = 1.08681, \ s\{b_4\} = .00000138, \ B = t(.99375; 76) = 2.5585$

$$-.1420 \pm 2.5585(.02134)$$
 $-.1966 \le \beta_1 \le -.0874$
 $.2820 \pm 2.5585(.06317)$ $.1204 \le \beta_2 \le .4436$
 $.6193 \pm 2.5585(1.08681)$ $-2.1613 \le \beta_3 \le 3.3999$

 $-2.1013 \le \beta_3 \le 3.3999$ $.0000079 \pm 2.5585(.00000138)$ $.0000044 \le \beta_1 \le .0000114$

- c. SSR = 138.327, SSTO = 236.5576, $R^2 = .5847$
- 6.20. F(.95; 5, 76) = 2.3349, W = 3.4168; B = t(.99375; 76) = 2.5585

X_{h1}	X_{h2}	X_{h3}	X_{h4}		
5	8.25	0	250,000:	$15.7981 \pm 2.5585(.2781)$	$15.087 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 16.510$
6	8.50	.23	270,000:	$16.0275 \pm 2.5585(.2359)$	$15.424 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 16.631$
14	11.50	.11	300,000:	$15.9007 \pm 2.5585(.2222)$	$15.332 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 16.469$
12	10.25	0	310,000:	$15.8434 \pm 2.5585 (.2591)$	$15.180 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 16.506$

6.21. t(.975; 76) = 1.9917

X_{h1}	X_{h2}	X_{h3}	X_{h4}		
4	10.0	0.10	80,000:	$15.1485 \pm 1.9917 (1.1528)$	$12.852 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 17.445$
					$13.245 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 17.840$
12	12.5	.32	340,000:	$16.9138 \pm 1.9917 (1.1946)$	$14.535 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 19.293$

85 percent

6.22. a. Yes

b. No, yes,
$$Y_i' = \log_e Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2}^2 + \varepsilon_i'$$
, where $\varepsilon_i' = \log_e \varepsilon_i$

c. Yes

d. No, no

e. No, yes,
$$Y'_i = \log_e(Y_i^{-1} - 1) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \varepsilon_i$$

6.23. a.
$$Q = \sum (Y_i - \beta_1 X_{i1} - \beta_2 X_{i2})^2$$
$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \beta_1} = -2 \sum (Y_i - \beta_1 X_{i1} - \beta_2 X_{i2}) X_{i1}$$
$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \beta_2} = -2 \sum (Y_i - \beta_1 X_{i1} - \beta_2 X_{i2}) X_{i2}$$

Setting the derivatives equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the least squares estimators b_1 and b_2 yields:

$$\sum Y_i X_{i1} - b_1 \sum X_{i1}^2 - b_2 \sum X_{i1} X_{i2} = 0$$

$$\sum Y_i X_{i2} - b_1 \sum X_{i1} X_{i2} - b_2 \sum X_{i2}^2 = 0$$

and

$$b_{1} = \frac{\sum Y_{i}X_{i2} \sum X_{i1}X_{i2} - \sum Y_{i}X_{i1} \sum X_{i2}^{2}}{(\sum X_{i1}X_{i2})^{2} - \sum X_{i1}^{2} \sum X_{i2}^{2}}$$

$$b_{2} = \frac{\sum Y_{i}X_{i1} \sum X_{i1}X_{i2} - \sum Y_{i}X_{i2} \sum X_{i1}^{2}}{(\sum X_{i1}X_{i2})^{2} - \sum X_{i1}^{2} \sum X_{i2}^{2}}$$

b.
$$L = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} (Y_i - \beta_1 X_{i1} - \beta_2 X_{i2})^2\right]$$

It is more convenient to work with $\log_e L$:

$$\log_e L = -\frac{n}{2} \log_e (2\pi\sigma^2) - \frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum (Y_i - \beta_1 X_{i1} - \beta_2 X_{i2})^2$$

$$\frac{\partial \log_e L}{\partial \beta_1} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum (Y_i - \beta_1 X_{i1} - \beta_2 X_{i2}) X_{i1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \log_e L}{\partial \beta_2} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum (Y_i - \beta_1 X_{i1} - \beta_2 X_{i2}) X_{i2}$$

Setting the derivatives equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the maximum likelihood estimators b_1 and b_2 yields the same normal equations as in part (a), and hence the same estimators.

6.24. a.
$$Q = \sum (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_{i1} - \beta_2 X_{i1}^2 - \beta_3 X_{i2})^2$$
$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \beta_0} = -2 \sum (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_{i1} - \beta_2 X_{i1}^2 - \beta_3 X_{i2})$$
$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \beta_1} = -2 \sum (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_{i1} - \beta_2 X_{i1}^2 - \beta_3 X_{i2}) X_{i1}$$
$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \beta_2} = -2 \sum (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_{i1} - \beta_2 X_{i1}^2 - \beta_3 X_{i2}) X_{i1}^2$$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \beta_3} = -2\sum (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_{i1} - \beta_2 X_{i1}^2 - \beta_3 X_{i2}) X_{i2}$$

Setting the derivatives equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the least squares estimators b_0 , b_1 , b_2 , and b_3 yields the normal equations:

$$\sum Y_{i} - nb_{0} - b_{1} \sum X_{i1} - b_{2} \sum X_{i1}^{2} - b_{3} \sum X_{i2} = 0$$

$$\sum Y_{i}X_{i1} - b_{0} \sum X_{i1} - b_{1} \sum X_{i1}^{2} - b_{2} \sum X_{i1}^{3} - b_{3} \sum X_{i1}X_{i2} = 0$$

$$\sum Y_{i}X_{i1}^{2} - b_{0} \sum X_{i1}^{2} - b_{1} \sum X_{i1}^{3} - b_{2} \sum X_{i1}^{4} - b_{3} \sum X_{i1}^{2}X_{i2} = 0$$

$$\sum Y_{i}X_{i2} - b_{0} \sum X_{i2} - b_{1} \sum X_{i1}X_{i2} - b_{2} \sum X_{i1}^{2}X_{i2} - b_{3} \sum X_{i2}^{2} = 0$$
b.
$$L = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^{2}}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} (Y_{i} - \beta_{0} - \beta_{1}X_{i1} - \beta_{2}X_{i1}^{2} - \beta_{3}X_{i2})^{2}\right]$$
or
$$\log_{e} L = -\frac{n}{2} \log_{e}(2\pi\sigma^{2}) - \frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum (Y_{i} - \beta_{0} - \beta_{1}X_{i1} - \beta_{2}X_{i1}^{2} - \beta_{3}X_{i2})^{2}$$

6.25. Fit
$$Y_i' = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_3 X_{i3} + \varepsilon_i$$
, where $Y_i' = Y_i - 4X_{i2}$

6.26. For regression model (6.1),
$$R^2 = 1 - \frac{SSE(X_1, X_2)}{SSTO}$$

When regressing Y_i on \hat{Y}_i , SSTO remains unchanged and the fitted

regression equation:
$$\hat{Y}_{i}^{*} = b_{0}^{*} + b_{1}^{*} \hat{Y}_{i}$$

has coefficients $b_0^* = 0$, $b_1^* = 1$ because:

$$b_1^* = \frac{\sum (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})(Y_i - \bar{Y})}{\sum (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})^2} = \frac{\sum (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})[(Y_i - \hat{Y}_i) + (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})]}{\sum (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})^2}$$
$$= \frac{\sum (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})[e_i + (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})]}{\sum (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})^2} = 1$$

since $\sum e_i \hat{Y}_i = 0$ and $\sum e_i \bar{Y} = 0$ by (1.20) and (1.17).

$$b_0^* = \bar{Y} - b_1^* \bar{Y} = 0$$

Hence $\hat{Y}_i^* = \hat{Y}_i$ and $SSE(\hat{Y}) = \sum (Y_i - \hat{Y}_i^*)^2 = \sum (Y_i - \hat{Y}_i)^2 = SSE(X_1, X_2)$, and:

$$r^{2} = 1 - \frac{SSE(\hat{Y})}{SSTO} = 1 - \frac{SSE(X_{1}, X_{2})}{SSTO} = R^{2}$$

6.27. a.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 33.93210 \\ 2.78476 \\ -.26442 \end{bmatrix}$$

b.
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2.6996 \\ -1.2300 \\ -1.6374 \\ -1.3299 \\ -.0900 \\ 6.9868 \end{bmatrix}$$

c.
$$\begin{bmatrix} .2314 & .2517 & .2118 & .1489 & -.0548 & .2110 \\ .2517 & .3124 & .0944 & .2663 & -.1479 & .2231 \\ .2118 & .0944 & .7044 & -.3192 & .1045 & .2041 \\ .1489 & .2663 & -.3192 & .6143 & .1414 & .1483 \\ -.0548 & -.1479 & .1045 & .1414 & .9404 & .0163 \\ .2110 & .2231 & .2041 & .1483 & .0163 & .1971 \end{bmatrix}$$

d. 3,009.926

e.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 715.4711 & -34.1589 & -13.5949 \\ -34.1589 & 1.6617 & .6441 \\ -13.5949 & .6441 & .2625 \end{bmatrix}$$

- f. 53.8471
- g. 5.4247
- 6.28. b. Model I:

Model II:

- c. Model I: $\hat{Y} = -13.3162 + 0.000836618X_1 0.065523X_2 + 0.094132X_3$ Model II: $\hat{Y} = -170.574 + 0.0961589X_1 + 6.33984X_2 + 0.126566X_3$
- d. Model I: 0.902643Model II: 0.911749
- 6.29. a. Region 1: $\hat{Y} = -26,140+16.34X_1+0.3834X_2+291.1X_3$ Region 2: $\hat{Y} = 63,104.1209+2.5883X_1+3.6022X_2-854.5493X_3$ Region 3: $\hat{Y} = 56,929.3851+0.3065X_1+4.8955X_2-800.3958X_3$

Region 4: $\hat{Y} = 37,720 - 0.9915X_1 + 3.627X_2 - 489.0X_3$

c.

	MSE	R^2
Region 1:	8.0728×10^8	0.831
Region 2:	1.4017×10^8	0.9392
Region 3:	1.9707×10^{8}	0.8692
Region 4:	2.1042×10^{8}	0.9713

6.30. b. Model I:

Model II:

- c. Model I: $\hat{Y} = 1.38646 + .08371X_1 + .65845X_2 + .02174X_3$ Model II: $\hat{Y} = 6.46738 + .00302X_1 + .64771X_2 - .00929X_3$
- d. Model I: .3448

Model II: .3407

6.31. a. Region 1: $\hat{Y} = -3.34958 + .11695X_1 + .05824X_2 + .00151X_3 + .00661X_4$ Region 2: $\hat{Y} = 2.29154 + .00474X_1 + .05803X_2 + .00117X_3 + .01502X_4$

Region 3: $\hat{Y} = -.14386 + .03085X_1 + .10228X_2 + .00411X_3 + .00804X_4$

Region 4: $\hat{Y} = 1.56655 + .03524X_1 + .04033X_2 - .00066X_3 + .01279X_4$

	MSE	R^2
Region 1:	1.022	.4613
Region 2:	1.212	.4115
Region 3:	.937	.6088
Region 4:	.954	.0896

Chapter 7

MULTIPLE REGRESSION – II

- 7.1. (1) 1 (2) 1 (3) 2 (4) 3
- 7.3. a. $SSR(X_1) = 1,566.45, SSR(X_2|X_1) = 306.25, SSE(X_1,X_2) = 94.30, df$: 1, 1, 13.
 - b. H_0 : $\beta_2 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_2 \neq 0$. $SSR(X_2|X_1) = 306.25$, $SSE(X_1, X_2) = 94.30$, $F^* = (306.25/1) \div (94.30/13) = 42.219$, F(.99; 1, 13) = 9.07. If $F^* \leq 9.07$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+.
- 7.4. a. $SSR(X_1) = 136,366, SSR(X_3|X_1) = 2,033,566, SSR(X_2|X_1,X_3) = 6,674, SSE(X_1,X_2,X_3) = 985,530, df$: 1, 1, 1,48.
 - b. H_0 : $\beta_2 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_2 \neq 0$. $SSR(X_2|X_1, X_3) = 6,674$, $SSE(X_1, X_2, X_3) = 985,530$, $F^* = (6,674/1) \div (985,530/48) = 0.32491$, F(.95;1,17) = 4.04265. If $F^* \leq 4.04265$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = 0.5713.
 - c. Yes, $SSR(X_1) + SSR(X_2|X_1) = 136,366 + 5,726 = 142,092, SSR(X_2) + SSR(X_1|X_2) = 11,394.9 + 130,697.1 = 142,092.$ Yes.
- 7.5. a. $SSR(X_2) = 4,860.26$, $SSR(X_1|X_2) = 3,896.04$, $SSR(X_3|X_2,X_1) = 364.16$, $SSE(X_1,X_2,X_3) = 4,248.84$, df: 1, 1, 1, 42
 - b. H_0 : $\beta_3 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_3 \neq 0$. $SSR(X_3|X_1, X_2) = 364.16$, $SSE(X_1, X_2, X_3) = 4,248.84$, $F^* = (364.16/1) \div (4,248.84/42) = 3.5997$, F(.975;1,42) = 5.4039. If $F^* \leq 5.4039$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = 0.065.
- 7.6. H_0 : $\beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$, H_a : not both β_2 and $\beta_3 = 0$. $SSR(X_2, X_3 | X_1) = 845.07$, $SSE(X_1, X_2, X_3) = 4,248.84$, $F^* = (845.07/2) \div (4,248.84/42) = 4.1768$, F(.975; 2, 42) = 4.0327. If $F^* \le 4.0327$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0.022.
- 7.7. a. $SSR(X_4) = 40.5033$, $SSR(X_1|X_4) = 42.2746$, $SSR(X_2|X_1, X_4) = 27.8575$, $SSR(X_3|X_1, X_2, X_4) = 0.4195$, $SSE(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4) = 98.2306$, df: 1, 1, 1, 1, 76.
 - b. H_0 : $\beta_3 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_3 \neq 0$. $F^* = (0.42/1) \div (98.2306/76) = 0.3249$, F(.99; 1, 76) = 6.9806. If $F^* \leq 6.9806$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .5704.

- 7.8. H_0 : $\beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$, H_a : not both β_2 and $\beta_3 = 0$. $SSR(X_2, X_3 | X_1, X_4) = 28.277$, $SSE(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4) = 98.2306$, $F^* = (28.277/2) \div (98.2306/76) = 10.9388$, F(.99; 2, 20) = 4.8958. If $F^* \le 4.8958$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+.
- 7.9. H_0 : $\beta_1 = -1.0$, $\beta_2 = 0$; H_a : not both equalities hold. Full model: $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \beta_3 X_{i3} + \varepsilon_i$, reduced model: $Y_i + X_{i1} = \beta_0 + \beta_3 X_{i3} + \varepsilon_i$. SSE(F) = 4,248.84, $df_F = 42$, SSE(R) = 4,427.7, $df_R = 44$, $F^* = [(4427.7 4248.84)/2] \div (4,248.84/42) = .8840$, F(.975; 2, 42) = 4.0327. If $F^* \leq 4.0327$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- 7.10. H_0 : $\beta_1 = -.1$, $\beta_2 = .4$; H_a : not both equalities hold. Full model: $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \beta_3 X_{i3} + \beta_4 X_{i4} + \varepsilon_i$, reduced model: $Y_i + .1 X_{i1} .4 X_{i2} = \beta_0 + \beta_3 X_{i3} + \beta_4 X_{i4} + \varepsilon_i$. SSE(F) = 98.2306, $df_F = 76$, SSE(R) = 110.141, $df_R = 78$, $F^* = [(110.141 98.2306)/2] \div (98.2306/76) = 4.607$, F(.99; 2, 76) = 4.89584. If $F^* \le 4.89584$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- 7.11. a. $R_{Y1}^2 = .550$, $R_{Y2}^2 = .408$, $R_{12}^2 = 0$, $R_{Y1|2}^2 = .929$, $R_{Y2|1}^2 = .907$, $R^2 = .958$
- 7.12. $R_{Y1}^2 = .796, R_{Y2}^2 = .156, R_{12}^2 = 0, R_{Y1|2}^2 = .943, R_{Y2|1}^2 = .765, R^2 = .952$
- 7.13. $R_{Y1}^2 = .0431$, $R_{Y2}^2 = .0036$, $R_{12}^2 = .0072$, $R_{Y1|2}^2 = 0.0415$, $R_{Y2|1}^2 = 0.0019$, $R_{Y2|13}^2 = .0067$ $R^2 = .6883$
- 7.14. a. $R_{Y1}^2 = .6190, R_{Y1|2}^2 = .4579, R_{Y1|23}^2 = .4021$ b. $R_{Y2}^2 = .3635, R_{Y2|1}^2 = .0944, R_{Y2|13}^2 = .0189$
- 7.15. $R_{Y4}^2 = .2865, R_{Y1}^2 = .0626, R_{Y1|4}^2 = .2505, R_{14}^2 = .4652, R_{Y2|14}^2 = .2202, R_{Y3|124}^2 = .0043, R^2 = .5848$
- 7.16. a. $\hat{Y}^* = .89239X_1^* + .39458X_2^*$
 - c. $s_Y = 11.45135$, $s_1 = 2.30940$, $s_2 = 1.03280$, $b_1 = \frac{11.45135}{2.30940}(.89239) = 4.425$, $b_2 = \frac{11.45135}{1.03280}(.39458) = 4.375$, $b_0 = 81.7500 4.425(7) 4.375(3) = 37.650$.
- 7.17. a. $\hat{Y}^* = .17472X_1^* .04639X_2^* + .80786X_3^*$
 - b. $R_{12}^2 = .0072, R_{13}^2 = .0021, R_{23}^2 = .0129$
 - c. $s_Y = 249.003, s_1 = 55274.6, s_2 = .87738, s_3 = .32260 \ b_1 = \frac{249.003}{55274.6}(.17472) = .00079, b_2 = \frac{249.003}{.87738}(-.04639) = -13.16562, b_3 = \frac{249.003}{5.32260}(.80786) = 623.5572, b_0 = 4363.04 .00079(302, 693) + 13.16562(7.37058) 623.5572(0.115385) = 4149.002.$
- 7.18. a. $\hat{Y}^* = -.59067X_1^* .11062X_2^* .23393X_3^*$
 - b. $R_{12}^2 = .32262, R_{13}^2 = .32456, R_{23}^2 = .44957$
 - c. $s_Y = 17.2365$, $s_1 = 8.91809$, $s_2 = 4.31356$, $s_3 = .29934$, $b_1 = \frac{17.2365}{8.91809}(-.59067) = -1.14162$, $b_2 = \frac{17.2365}{4.31356}(-.11062) = -.44203$, $b_3 = \frac{17.2365}{.29934}(-.23393) = -13.47008$, $b_0 = 61.5652 + 1.14162(38.3913) + .44203(50.4348) + 13.47008(2.28696) = 158.4927$

7.19. a.
$$\hat{Y}^* = -.547853X_1^* + .423647X_2^* + .0484614X_3^* + .502757X_4^*$$

c.
$$s_Y = 1.71958, \ s_1 = 6.63278, \ s_2 = 2.58317, \ s_3 = .13455, s_4 = 109099, \ b_1 = \frac{1.71958}{6.63278}(-.547853) = -.14203, \ b_2 = \frac{1.71958}{2.58317}(.423647) = .28202,$$
 $b_3 = \frac{1.71958}{.13455}(.0484614) = .61934, \ b_4 = \frac{1.71958}{109099}(.502757) = 7.9243 \times 10^{-6}, \ b_0 = 15.1389 + .14203(7.8642) - .28202(9.68815) - .61934(.08099) - 7.9243 \times 10^{-6}(160633) = 12.20054.$

7.21. b. The line of fitted values when $.5X_1 - X_2 = -5$.

7.24. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 50.775 + 4.425X_1$$

c. Yes,
$$SSR(X_1) = 1,566.45, SSR(X_1|X_2) = 1,566.45$$

d.
$$r_{12} = 0$$

7.25. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 4079.87 + 0.000935X_2$$

c. No,
$$SSR(X_1) = 136,366, SSR(X_1|X_2) = 130,697$$

d.
$$r_{12} = .0849$$

7.26. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 156.672 - 1.26765X_1 - 0.920788X_2$$

c. No,
$$SSR(X_1) = 8,275.3$$
, $SSR(X_1|X_3) = 3,483.89$
No, $SSR(X_2) = 4,860.26$, $SSR(X_2|X_3) = 708$

d.
$$r_{12} = .5680, r_{13} = .5697, r_{23} = .6705$$

7.27. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 14.3613 - .11447X_1 + .00001X_4$$

c. No,
$$SSR(X_4) = 67.7751$$
, $SSR(X_4|X_3) = 66.8582$
No, $SSR(X_1) = 14.8185$, $SSR(X_1|X_3) = 13.7744$

d.
$$r_{12} = .4670, r_{13} = .3228, r_{23} = .2538$$

7.28. a. (1)
$$SSR(X_1, X_5) - SSR(X_1)$$
 or $SSE(X_1) - SSE(X_1, X_5)$

(2)
$$SSR(X_1, X_3, X_4) - SSR(X_1)$$
 or $SSE(X_1) - SSE(X_1, X_3, X_4)$

(3)
$$SSR(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4) - SSR(X_1, X_2, X_3)$$

or $SSE(X_1, X_2, X_3) - SSE(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4)$

b.
$$SSR(X_5|X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4), SSR(X_2, X_4|X_1, X_3, X_5)$$

7.29. a.
$$SSR(X_1) + SSR(X_2, X_3|X_1) + SSR(X_4|X_1, X_2, X_3)$$

 $= SSR(X_1) + [SSR(X_1, X_2, X_3) - SSR(X_1)]$
 $+[SSR(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4) - SSR(X_1, X_2, X_3)]$
 $= SSR(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4)$

b.
$$SSR(X_2, X_3) + SSR(X_1|X_2, X_3) + SSR(X_4|X_1, X_2, X_3)$$

= $SSR(X_2, X_3) + [SSR(X_1, X_2, X_3) - SSR(X_2, X_3)]$
+ $[SSR(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4) - SSR(X_1, X_2, X_3)] = SSR(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4)$

c.
$$r = .971 = r_{Y1|2}$$

7.31. (1)
$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \varepsilon_i$$

(2)
$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \beta_4 \sqrt{X_{i3}} + \varepsilon_i$$

(3)
$$Y_i' = Y_i - 5(X_{i1} + X_{i2}) = \beta_0 + \beta_3 X_{i1} X_{i2} + \beta_4 \sqrt{X_{i3}} + \varepsilon_i$$

(4)
$$Y_i' = Y_i - 7\sqrt{X_{i3}} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \beta_3 X_{i1} X_{i2} + \varepsilon_i$$

7.32. (1)
$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \varepsilon_i$$

(2)
$$Y_i = \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \beta_3 X_{i1}^2 + \varepsilon_i$$

(3)
$$Y_i' = Y_i - 5X_{i1}^2 = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \varepsilon_i$$

(4)
$$Y_i' = Y_i - 10 = \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \beta_3 X_{i1}^2 + \varepsilon_i$$

(5)
$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_c (X_{i1} + X_{i2}) + \beta_3 X_{i1}^2 + \varepsilon_i$$
, where $\beta_c = \beta_1 = \beta_2$

7.33. Let:
$$y_i = Y_i - \bar{Y}$$

$$x_{i1} = X_{i1} - \bar{X}_1$$

$$x_{i2} = X_{i2} - \bar{X}_2$$

Then:
$$SSR(X_1) = \frac{(\sum x_{i1}y_i)^2}{\sum x_{i1}^2} = \sum y_i^2 r_{Y1}^2$$
 by (1.10a), (2.51) and (2.84)

$$SSE(X_1) = \sum y_i^2 - \frac{(\sum x_{i1} y_i)^2}{\sum x_{i1}^2} = \sum y_i^2 (1 - r_{Y1}^2)$$

$$SSR(X_1, X_2) = b_1 \sum x_{i1} y_i + b_2 \sum x_{i2} y_i \quad \text{by (2.43) and } \sum y_i = 0$$

Further:

$$b_1 = \frac{\frac{\sum x_{i1} y_i}{\sum x_{i1}^2} - \left[\frac{\sum y_i^2}{\sum x_{i1}^2}\right]^{1/2} r_{Y2} r_{12}}{1 - r_{12}^2} \quad \text{by (7.56)}$$

and similarly:

$$b_2 = \frac{\frac{\sum x_{i2}y_i}{\sum x_{i2}^2} - \left[\frac{\sum y_i^2}{\sum x_{i2}^2}\right]^{1/2} r_{Y1}r_{12}}{1 - r_{12}^2}$$

Substituting these expressions for b_1 and b_2 into $SSR(X_1, X_2)$, we obtain after some simplification:

$$SSR(X_1, X_2) = \frac{1}{1 - r_{12}^2} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{2} y_i^2 r_{Y1}^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{2} y_i^2 r_{Y2}^2 - 2 \sum_{i=1}^{2} y_i^2 r_{Y1} r_{Y2} r_{12} \right]$$

Now by (7.36) and (7.2b), we have:

$$r_{Y2|1}^2 = \frac{SSR(X_1, X_2) - SSR(X_1)}{SSE(X_1)}$$

Substituting the earlier expressions into the above, we obtain after some simplifying:

$$r_{Y2|1}^2 = \frac{1}{\sum y_i^2 (1 - r_{Y1}^2)(1 - r_{12}^2)} \left[\sum y_i^2 r_{Y1}^2 + \sum y_i^2 r_{Y2}^2 - 2 \sum y_i^2 r_{Y1} r_{Y2} r_{12} - (1 - r_{12}^2) \sum y_i^2 r_{Y1}^2 \right]$$

After some further simplifying, we obtain:

$$r_{Y2|1}^2 = \frac{(r_{Y2} - r_{12}r_{Y1})^2}{(1 - r_{Y1}^2)(1 - r_{12}^2)}$$

7.34. a. (1)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2) $\begin{bmatrix} .7420 \\ .6385 \end{bmatrix}$ (3) $\begin{bmatrix} .7420 \\ .6385 \end{bmatrix}$ (4) $\begin{bmatrix} .0083 & 0 \\ 0 & .0083 \end{bmatrix}$

b. From (7.53),
$$b_1^* = \frac{1.069}{7.745}(5.375) = .742$$

$$b_2^* = \frac{.5345}{7.745}(9.250) = .638$$

7.35. From (7.45), we have:

$$Y_i^* = \beta_1^* X_{i1}^* + \beta_2^* X_{i2}^* + \varepsilon_i^*$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{n-1}} \left(\frac{Y_i - \bar{Y}}{s_Y} \right) = \beta_1^* \frac{1}{\sqrt{n-1}} \left(\frac{X_{i1} - \bar{X}_1}{s_1} \right) + \beta_2^* \frac{1}{\sqrt{n-1}} \left(\frac{X_{i2} - \bar{X}_2}{s_2} \right) + \varepsilon_i^*$$

Simplifying, we obtain:

$$Y_i = (\bar{Y} - \beta_1^* \frac{s_Y}{s_1} \bar{X}_1 - \beta_2^* \frac{s_Y}{s_2} \bar{X}_2) + \beta_1^* \frac{s_Y}{s_1} X_{i1} + \beta_2^* \frac{s_Y}{s_2} X_{i2} + \sqrt{n - 1} s_Y \varepsilon_i^*$$

Hence:

$$\beta_1^* \frac{s_Y}{s_1} = \beta_1 \qquad \beta_2^* \frac{s_Y}{s_2} = \beta_2$$

7.36.
$$\mathbf{X}^*\mathbf{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} \sum X_{i1}^* Y_i^* \\ \sum X_{i2}^* Y_i^* \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sum (X_{i1} - \bar{X}_1)(Y_i - \bar{Y})}{(n-1)s_1 s_Y} \\ \frac{\sum (X_{i2} - \bar{X}_2)(Y_i - \bar{Y})}{(n-1)s_2 s_Y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} r_{Y1} \\ r_{Y2} \end{bmatrix}$$

- 7.37. a. $R_{Y3|12}^2 = .02883, R_{Y4|12}^2 = .00384, R_{Y5|12}^2 = .55382, R_{Y6|12}^2 = .00732$
 - b. X_5 , yes.
 - c. Full model: $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \beta_5 X_{i5} + \varepsilon_i$. H_0 : $\beta_5 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_5 \neq 0$. $SSR(X_5|X_1,X_2) = 78,070,132$, $SSE(X_1,X_2,X_5) = 62,896,949$, $F^* = (78,070,132/1) \div (62,896,949/436) = 541.1801$, F(.99;1,137) = 6.69336. If $F^* \leq 6.69336$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . No.
- 7.38. a. $R_{Y3|12}^2 = .01167$, $R_{Y4|12}^2 = .13620$, $R_{Y5|12}^2 = .03737$, $R_{Y6|12}^2 = .03639$
 - b. X_4 , yes.
 - c. Full model: $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \beta_4 X_{i4} + \varepsilon_i$. H_0 : $\beta_4 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_4 \neq 0$. $SSR(X_4|X_1,X_2) = 37.89858$, $SSE(X_1,X_2,X_4) = 240.35163$, $F^* = (37.89858/1) \div (240.35163/109) = 17.187$, F(.95; 1,109) = 3.93. If $F^* \leq 3.93$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . No.

Chapter 8

MODELS FOR QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE PREDICTORS

- 8.4. a. $\hat{Y} = 82.9357 1.18396x + .0148405x^2$, $R^2 = .76317$
 - b. H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_{11} = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and $\beta_{11} = 0$. MSR = 5915.31, MSE = 64.409, $F^* = 5915.31/64.409 = 91.8398$, F(.95; 2, 57) = 3.15884. If $F^* \leq 3.15884$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - c. $\hat{Y}_h = 99.2546$, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 1.4833$, t(.975; 57) = 2.00247, $99.2546 \pm 2.00247(1.4833)$, $96.2843 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 102.2249$
 - d. $s\{\text{pred}\} = 8.16144, 99.2546 \pm 2.00247(8.16144), 82.91156 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 115.5976$
 - e. H_0 : $\beta_{11} = 0$, H_a : $\beta_{11} \neq 0$. $s\{b_{11}\} = .00836$, $t^* = .0148405/.00836 = 1.7759$, t(.975;57) = 2.00247. If $|t^*| \leq 2.00247$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . Alternatively, $SSR(x^2|x) = 203.1$, $SSE(x,x^2) = 3671.31$, $F^* = (203.1/1) \div (3671.31/57) = 3.15329$, F(.95;1,57) = 4.00987. If $F^* \leq 4.00987$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
 - f. $\hat{Y} = 207.350 2.96432X + .0148405X^2$
 - g. $r_{X,X^2} = .9961, r_{x,x^2} = -.0384$
- 8.5. a. $\frac{i:}{e_i:}$ 1 2 3 ... 58 59 60 $\frac{i:}{e_i:}$ -1.3238 -4.7592 -3.8091 ... -11.7798 -.8515 6.22023
 - b. H_0 : $E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_{11} x^2$, H_a : $E\{Y\} \neq \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_{11} x^2$. MSLF = 62.8154, MSPE = 66.0595, $F^* = 62.8154/66.0595 = 0.95$, F(.95; 29, 28) = 1.87519. If $F^* \leq 1.87519$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
 - c. $\hat{Y} = 82.92730 1.26789x + .01504x^2 + .000337x^3$
 - H_0 : $\beta_{111} = 0$, H_a : $\beta_{111} \neq 0$. $s\{b_{111}\} = .000933$, $t^* = .000337/.000933 = .3612$, t(.975;56) = 2.00324. If $|t^*| \leq 2.00324$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . Yes. Alternatively, $SSR(x^3|x,x^2) = 8.6$, $SSE(x,x^2,x^3) = 3662.78$, $F^* = (8.6/1) \div (3662.78/56) = .13148$, F(.95;1,56) = 4.01297. If $F^* \leq 4.01297$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . Yes.
- 8.6. a. $\hat{Y} = 21.0942 + 1.13736x .118401x^2$, $R^2 = .81434$

- b. H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_{11} = 0$, H_a : not all $\beta_k = 0$ (k = 1, 11). MSR = 523.133, MSE = 9.9392, $F^* = 523.133/9.9392 = 52.6333$, F(.99; 2, 24) = 5.6136. If $F^* \leq 5.6136$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- c. F(.99; 3, 24) = 5.04, W = 3.7622; B = t(.99833; 24) = 3.25756 X
 - 10: $20.6276 \pm 3.25756(1.8945)$ $14.45615 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 26.79905$
 - 15: $11.5142 \pm 3.25756(4.56694)$ $-3.36288 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 26.39128$
 - 20: $-3.5192 \pm 3.25756(8.50084)$ $-31.2112 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 24.1728$
- d. $s\{\text{pred}\} = 5.54942, t(.995; 24) = 2.79694, 11.5142 \pm 2.79694(5.54942), -4.0072 \le Y_{h(\text{new})} \le 27.0356$
- e. H_0 : $\beta_{11}=0$, H_a : $\beta_{11}\neq 0$. $s\{b_{11}\}=.02347$, $t^*=-.118401/.02347=-5.04478$, t(.995;24)=2.79694. If $|t^*|\leq 2.79694$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . Alternatively, $SSR(x^2|x)=252.989$, $SSE(x,x^2)=238.541$, $F^*=(252.989/1)\div(238.541/24)=25.4536$, F(.99;1,24)=7.82287. If $F^*\leq 7.82287$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- f. $\hat{Y} = -26.3254 + 4.87357X .118401X^2$
- 8.7. a. $\frac{i:}{e_i:}$ 1 2 ... 26 27 $\frac{1}{e_i:}$ 3.96746 -1.42965 ... 2.10202 -2.43692
 - b. H_0 : $E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_{11} x^2$, H_a : $E\{Y\} \neq \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_{11} x^2$. MSLF = 6.65396, MSPE = 13.2244, $F^* = 6.65396/13.2244 = 0.50316$, F(.99; 12, 12) = 4.15526. If $F^* \leq 4.15526$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- 8.8. a. $\hat{Y} = 10.1893 .181775x_1 + .0141477x_1^2 + .314031X_2 + .000008X_4$
 - b. .5927
 - c. H_0 : $\beta_{11} = 0$, H_a : $\beta_{11} \neq 0$. $s\{b_{11}\} = .005821$, $t^* = .0141477/.005821 = 2.43046$, t(.975;76) = 1.99167. If $|t^*| \leq 1.99167$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - d. $\hat{Y}_h = 17.2009$, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = .37345$, t(.975; 76) = 1.99167, $17.2009 \pm 1.99167(.37345)$, $16.45711 < E\{Y_h\} < 17.94469$
 - e. $\hat{Y} = 12.4938 .404296x_1 + .0141477x_1^2 + .314031X_2 + .000008X_4$
- 8.9. a. $X_2 = 3$: $E\{Y\} = 37 + 7.5X_1$ $X_2 = 6$: $E\{Y\} = 49 + 12X_1$
- 8.10. a. $X_1 = 1$: $E\{Y\} = 21 + X_2$ $X_1 = 4$: $E\{Y\} = 42 - 11X_2$
- 8.11. a. $\hat{Y} = 27.150 + 5.925X_1 + 7.875X_2 .500X_1X_2$
 - b. H_0 : $\beta_3 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_3 \neq 0$. $MSR(X_1X_2|X_1, X_2) = 20.0000$, MSE = 6.1917, $F^* = 20.0000/6.1917 = 3.23$, F(.95; 1, 12) = 4.75. If $F^* \leq 4.75$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- 8.13. $E\{Y\} = 25.3 + .20X_1$ for mutual firms,

 $E\{Y\} = 13.2 + .20X_1$ for stock firms.

8.15. b.
$$\hat{Y} = -0.92247 + 15.0461X_1 + .75872X_2$$

c. $s\{b_2\} = 2.77986$, t(.975; 42) = 2.01808, $.75872 \pm 2.01808(2.77986)$, $-4.85126 \le \beta_2 \le 6.3687$

e.

8.16. b.
$$\hat{Y} = 2.19842 + .03789X_1 - .09430X_2$$

c. $H_0: \beta_2 = 0, H_a: \beta_2 \neq 0.$ $s\{b_2\} = .11997, t^* = -.09430/.11997 = -.786, <math>t(.995; 117) = 2.6185.$ If $|t^*| \leq 2.6185$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

d.

8.17. No

8.18.
$$E\{Y\} = 25 + .30X_1$$
 for mutual firms,
 $E\{Y\} = 12.5 + .35X_1$ for stock firms.

8.19. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 2.81311 + 14.3394X_1 - 8.14120X_2 + 1.77739X_1X_2$$

b. $H_0: \beta_3 = 0, \ H_a: \beta_3 \neq 0. \ s\{b_3\} = .97459, \ t^* = 1.77739/.97459 = 1.8237, \ t(.95;41) = 1.68288.$ If $|t^*| \leq 1.68288$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . Alternatively, $SSR(X_1X_2|X_1,X_2) = 255.9, \ SSE(X_1,X_2,X_1X_2) = 3154.44, \ F^* = (255.9/1) \div (3154.44/41) = 3.32607, \ F(.90;1,41) = 2.83208.$ If $F^* \leq 2.83208$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

8.20. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 3.22632 - .00276X_1 - 1.64958X_2 + .06224X_1X_2$$

b. $H_0: \beta_3 = 0, \ H_a: \beta_3 \neq 0. \ s\{b_3\} = .02649, \ t^* = .06224/.02649 = 2.3496, \ t(.975; 116) = 1.9806.$ If $|t^*| \leq 1.9806$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . Alternatively, $SSR(X_1X_2|X_1,X_2) = 2.07126, \ SSE(X_1,X_2,X_1X_2) = 45.5769, \ F^* = (2.07126/1) \div (45.5769/116) = 5.271665, \ F(.95; 1, 116) = 3.9229.$ If $F^* \leq 3.9229$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

8.21. a. Hard hat: $E\{Y\} = (\beta_0 + \beta_2) + \beta_1 X_1$

Bump cap: $E\{Y\} = (\beta_0 + \beta_3) + \beta_1 X_1$

None: $E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1$

b. (1)
$$H_0: \beta_3 \ge 0, H_a: \beta_3 < 0$$
; (2) $H_0: \beta_2 = \beta_3, H_a: \beta_2 \ne \beta_3$

8.22.
$$E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1$$

Tool models M1

$$E\{Y\} = (\beta_0 + \beta_2) + (\beta_1 + \beta_5)X_1$$

Tool models M2

$$E\{Y\} = (\beta_0 + \beta_3) + (\beta_1 + \beta_6)X_1$$

Tool models M3

$$E\{Y\} = (\beta_0 + \beta_4) + (\beta_1 + \beta_7)X_1$$

Tool models M4

8.24. b. $\hat{Y} = -126.905 + 2.7759X_1 + 76.0215X_2 - 1.10748X_1X_2$,

 $H_0: \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0, H_a:$ not both $\beta_2 = 0$ and $\beta_3 = 0.$ $SSR(X_2, X_1X_2|X_1) = 566.15,$ $SSE(X_1, X_2, X_1X_2) = 909.105, F^* = (369.85/2) \div (909.105/60) = 12.2049,$ F(.95; 2, 60) = 3.15041. If $F^* \leq 3.15041$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

- c. $\hat{Y} = -126.9052 + 2.7759X_1$ for noncorner lots $\hat{Y} = -50.8836 + 1.6684X_1$ for corner lots
- 8.25. a. $\hat{Y} = 4295.72 + .000903x_1 (1.5767 \times 10^{-9})x_1^2 + 614.393X_3 .000188x_1X_3 + (1.8076 \times 10^{-9})x_1^2X_3$
 - b. $H_0: \beta_2 = \beta_4 = \beta_5 = 0$, $H_a:$ not all $\beta_2 = 0, \beta_4 = 0$ and $\beta_5 = 0$. $SSR(x_1^2, x_1X_3, x_1^2X_3 | x_1, X_3) = 1442, SSE(x_1, x_1^2, X_3, x_1X_3, x_1^2X_3) = 990762, F^* = (1442/3) \div (990762/46) = .02232, F(.95; 3, 46) = 2.8068.$ If $F^* \leq 2.80681$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

Set 1

8.29.

X X^2	$\lceil 1 \rceil$.990 1	.966 - 1	$x \\ x^2 \\ x^3$	[1	.379 1	.904	
X^3	L		1 .	x^3			1 .	

Set 2

8.30.
$$\frac{dE\{Y\}}{dx} = \beta_1 + 2\beta_{11}x$$

$$\frac{d^2E\{Y\}}{dx^2} = 2\beta_{11}$$

8.31. a.
$$\hat{Y} = b_0 + b_1 x + b_{11} x^2$$

$$= b_0 + b_1 (X - \bar{X}) + b_{11} (X - \bar{X})^2$$

$$= b_0 + b_1 X - b_1 \bar{X} + b_{11} X^2 + b_{11} \bar{X}^2 - 2b_{11} X \bar{X}$$

$$= (b_0 - b_1 \bar{X} + b_{11} \bar{X}^2) + (b_1 - 2b_{11} \bar{X}) X + b_{11} X^2$$

Hence:

$$b'_{0} = b_{0} - b_{1}\bar{X} + b_{11}\bar{X}^{2}$$

$$b'_{1} = b_{1} - 2b_{11}\bar{X}$$

$$b'_{11} = b_{11}$$

b.
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\bar{X} & \bar{X}^2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2\bar{X} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $\boldsymbol{\sigma}^2 \{ \mathbf{b} \} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_0^2 & \sigma_{01} & \sigma_{02} \\ \sigma_{01} & \sigma_1^2 & \sigma_{12} \\ \sigma_{02} & \sigma_{12} & \sigma_2^2 \end{bmatrix}$

where $\sigma_0^2 = \sigma^2\{b_0\}$, $\sigma_{01} = \sigma\{b_0, b_1\}$, etc. for the regression coefficients in the transformed x variables

The variance-covariance matrix of the regression coefficients in the original X variables, $\mathbf{A} \left[\boldsymbol{\sigma}^2 \{ \mathbf{b} \} \right] \mathbf{A}'$, then yields:

$$\begin{split} &\sigma^2\{b_0'\} = \sigma_0^2 - 2\bar{X}\sigma_{01} + 2\bar{X}^2\sigma_{02} + \bar{X}^2\sigma_1^2 - 2\bar{X}^3\sigma_{12} + \bar{X}^4\sigma_2^2\\ &\sigma^2\{b_1'\} = \sigma_1^2 - 4\bar{X}\sigma_{12} + 4\bar{X}^2\sigma_2^2\\ &\sigma^2\{b_2'\} = \sigma_2^2\\ &\sigma\{b_0',\,b_1'\} = \sigma_{01} - 2\bar{X}\sigma_{02} + 3\bar{X}^2\sigma_{12} - \bar{X}\sigma_1^2 - 2\bar{X}^3\sigma_2^2\\ &\sigma\{b_0',\,b_2'\} = \sigma_{02} - \bar{X}\sigma_{12} + \bar{X}^2\sigma_2^2\\ &\sigma\{b_1',\,b_2'\} = \sigma_{12} - 2\bar{X}\sigma_2^2 \end{split}$$

8.32. When X_i are equally spaced, $\sum x_i^3 = 0$; hence (8.4) becomes:

$$\sum Y_i = nb_0 + b_{11} \sum x_i^2$$

$$\sum x_i Y_i = b_1 \sum x_i^2$$

$$\sum x_i^2 Y_i = b_0 \sum x_i^2 + b_{11} \sum x_i^4$$

8.33. a.
$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{i1} + \beta_2 x_{i1}^2 + \beta_3 X_{i2} + \beta_4 x_{i1} X_{i2} + \beta_5 x_{i1}^2 X_{i2} + \beta_6 X_{i3} + \beta_7 x_{i1} X_{i3} + \beta_8 x_{i1}^2 X_{i3} + \varepsilon_i$$

b. (1)
$$H_0: \beta_3 = \beta_4 = \beta_5 = \beta_6 = \beta_7 = \beta_8 = 0$$

 $H_a: \text{ not all } \beta_k = 0 \ (k = 3, ..., 8)$
 $SSE(R) = SSE(x_1, x_1^2)$
 $F^* = \frac{SSE(R) - SSE(F)}{6} \div \frac{SSE(F)}{n - 9}$
If $F^* \le F(.99; 6, n - 9)$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a .

(2)
$$H_0: \beta_3 = \beta_6 = 0, H_a:$$
 not both $\beta_3 = 0$ and $\beta_6 = 0$
 $SSE(R) = SSE(x_1, x_1^2, x_1X_2, x_1^2X_2, x_1X_3, x_1^2X_3)$
 $F^* = \frac{SSE(R) - SSE(F)}{2} \div \frac{SSE(F)}{n-9}$
If $F^* \le F(.99; 2, n-9)$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a .

(3)
$$H_0: \beta_4 = \beta_5 = \beta_7 = \beta_8 = 0, H_a: \text{not all } \beta_k = 0 \ (k = 4, 5, 7, 8)$$

$$SSE(R) = SSE(x_1, x_1^2, X_2, X_3)$$

$$F^* = \frac{SSE(R) - SSE(F)}{4} \div \frac{SSE(F)}{n - 9}$$
If $F^* \le F(.99; 4, n - 9)$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a .

8.34. a.
$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \beta_3 X_{i3} + \varepsilon_i$$

b. Commercial:
$$E\{Y\} = (\beta_0 + \beta_2) + \beta_1 X_1$$

Mutual savings: $E\{Y\} = (\beta_0 + \beta_3) + \beta_1 X_1$

Savings and loan: $E\{Y\} = (\beta_0 - \beta_2 - \beta_3) + \beta_1 X_1$

8.35. a. Let $n_2 = n - n_1$ and define:

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 \\ \hline 1 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow n_1 \qquad \mathbf{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} Y_{11} \\ \vdots \\ Y_{n_11} \\ \hline Y_{12} \\ \vdots \\ Y_{n_22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{Y}_1 = \frac{\sum Y_{i1}}{n_1} \qquad \bar{Y}_2 = \frac{\sum Y_{i2}}{n_2} \qquad \bar{Y} = \frac{\sum \sum Y_{ij}}{n_1 + n_2}$$

Then:

$$\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} n & n_2 \\ n_2 & n_2 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{X}'\mathbf{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} n\bar{Y} \\ n_2\bar{Y}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{n_1} & -\frac{1}{n_1} \\ -\frac{1}{n_1} & \frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} \end{bmatrix}$$

b.
$$\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{Y}_1 \\ \bar{Y}_2 - \bar{Y}_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

c.
$$SSR = n_1 \bar{Y}_1^2 + n_2 \bar{Y}_2^2 - n \bar{Y}^2$$

 $SSE = \sum \sum Y_{ij}^2 - n_1 \bar{Y}_1^2 - n_2 \bar{Y}_2^2$

8.36. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 999.912 + .00296x - 3.29518 \times 10^{-11}x^2$$

- b. $R^2 = .8855$ for second-order model; $R^2 = .6711$ for first-order model.
- c. H_0 : $\beta_{11}=0$, H_a : $\beta_{11}\neq 0$. $s\{b_{11}\}=1.400396\times 10^{-11}$, $t^*=-3.29518\times 10^{-11}/1.400396\times 10^{-11}=-2.353$, $t(.975;\ 437)=1.9654$. If $|t^*|\leq 1.9654$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . Alternatively, $SSR(x^2|x)=2,039,681$, $SSE(x,x^2)=160,985,454$, $F^*=(2,039,681/1)\div (160,985,454/437)=5.5368$, F(.95;1,437)=3.8628. If $F^*\leq 3.8628$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- 8.37. a. $\hat{Y} = .056288 + 0.000004585x_1 .000088x_3 + 2.6982 \times 10^{-12}x_1^2 + .00016293x_3^2 + 8.3337 \times 10^{-7}x_1x_3, R^2 = .2485$
 - b. H_0 : $\beta_{11} = \beta_{33} = \beta_{13} = 0$, H_a : not all $\beta_k = 0$ (k = 11, 33, 13). $SSR(x_1^2, x_3^2, x_1x_3|x_1, x_3) = .005477$, $SSE(x_1, x_3, x_1^2, x_3^2, x_1x_3) = .246385$, $F^* = (.005477/3) \div (.246385/437) = 3.2381$, F(.99; 1, 437) = 3.8267. If $F^* \le 3.8267$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
 - c. $\hat{Y} = .0584998 + 2.9419 \times 10^{-8} x_1 5.5765 \times 10^{-7} x_2 + .00068244 x_3 3.3559 \times 10^{-15} x_1^2,$ $R^2 = .1444$

8.38. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 150.07921 + 7.06617x + .10116x^2$$

b. $R^2 = .6569$ for second-order model; $R^2 = .6139$ for first-order model.

- c. H_0 : $\beta_{11} = 0$, H_a : $\beta_{11} \neq 0$. $s\{b_{11}\} = .02722$, $t^* = .10116/.02722 = 3.716$, t(.995; 110) = 2.621. If $|t^*| \leq 2.621$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . Alternatively, $SSR(x^2|x) = 93,533.252$, $SSE(x,x^2) = 745,203.642$, $F^* = (93,533.252/1) \div (745,203.642/110) = 13.807$, F(.99;1,110) = 6.871. If $F^* \leq 6.871$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- 8.39. a. $\hat{Y} = -207.5 + .0005515X_1 + .107X_2 + 149.0X_3 + 145.5X_4 + 191.2X_5$
 - b. $b_3 b_4 = 3.5$, $s\{b_3 b_4\} = 1.68$, t(.95; 434) = 1.6484, $3.5 \pm 1.6484(1.68)$, $0.730688 \le \beta_3 \beta_4 \le 6.2693$
 - c. $H_0: \beta_3 = \beta_4 = \beta_5 = 0, H_a:$ not all $\beta_k = 0$ (k = 3, 4, 5). $SSR(X_3, X_4, X_5 | X_1, X_2) = 1,873,626,$ $SSE(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5) = 139,093,455,$ $F^* = (1,873,626/3) \div (139,093,455/434) = 1.9487,$ F(.90;3,434) = 2.09645. If $F^* \leq 2.09645$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value=.121.
- 8.40. a. $\hat{Y} = .85738 + .28882X_1 .01805X_2 + .01995X_3 + .28782X_4$
 - b. $s\{b_4\} = .30668, t(.99; 108) = 2.361, .28782 \pm 2.361(.30668), -.476 \le \beta_4 \le 1.012$
 - c. $\hat{Y} = .99413 + .26414X_1 .02283X_2 + .02429X_3 5.69520X_4 + .15576X_2X_4 .02406X_3X_4$
 - $H_0: \beta_5 = \beta_6 = 0, \ H_a: \text{not both } \beta_5 = 0 \text{ and } \beta_6 = 0. \ SSR(X_2X_4, X_3X_4 | X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4) = 5.1964, \ SSE(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_2X_4, X_3X_4) = 122.0468, \ F^* = (5.1964/2) \div (122.0468/106) = 2.257, \ F(.90; 2, 106) = 2.353. \ \text{If } F^* \leq 2.353 \ \text{conclude } H_0, \text{ otherwise } H_a. \ \text{Conclude } H_0.$
- 8.41. a. $\hat{Y} = 2.0478 + .10369X_1 + .04030X_2 + .00660X_3 .020761X_4 + 2.14999X_5 + 1.19033X_6 + .63348X_7$
 - b. $H_0: \beta_2 = 0, H_a: \beta_2 \neq 0. \quad s\{b_2\} = .01430, t^* = .04030/.01430 = 2.818, t(.975; 105) = 1.983. If <math>|t^*| \leq 1.983$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . Alternatively, $SSR(X_2|X_1, X_3, X_4, X_5, X_6, X_7) = 15.52782, SSE(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, X_6, X_7) = 205.3634, F^* = (15.52782/1) \div (205.3634/105) = 7.9392, F(.95; 1, 105) = 3.932. If <math>F^* \leq 3.932$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - c. $s\{b_5\} = .46152, s\{b_6\} = .43706, s\{b_7\} = .42755, B = t(.99167; 105) = 2.433$ $2.14999 \pm 2.443(.46152)$ $1.0225 \le \beta_5 \le 3.2775$ $1.19033 \pm 2.443(.43706)$ $.1226 \le \beta_6 \le 2.2581$ $.63348 \pm 2.443(.42755)$ $-.4110 \le \beta_7 \le 1.6780$
- 8.42. a. $\hat{Y} = 3.0211 .247X_1 .000097X_2 + .4093X_3 + .124X_4 .01324X_5\{1999\} .1088X_5\{2001\} .08306X_5\{2002\}$
 - b. $\hat{Y} = 2.38 0.453x_1 0.000144x_2 + 0.00016x_1x_2 + 0.92x_1^2 + 0.000001x_2^2 + 0.394X_3 + 0.115X_4 + 0.012X_5\{1999\} 0.101X_5\{2001\} 0.0581X_5\{2002\}$ $H_0: \beta_3 = \beta_4 = \beta_5 = 0, \ H_a: \text{not all } \beta_k = 0 \ (k = 3, 4, 5). \ SSE(R) = .65424, df_R = 28, \ SSE(F) = .62614, df_F = 25, MSE(F) = .02505 \ F^* = .37392, \ F(.95; 3, 30) = 2.9223. \ \text{If } F^* \leq 2.9223 \ \text{conclude } H_0, \ \text{otherwise } H_a. \ \text{Conclude } H_0.$

c. $H_0: \beta_2 = \beta_5 = \beta_6 = \beta_7 = 0$, $H_a:$ not all $\beta_k = 0$ (k = 2, 5, 6, 7). $SSE(R) = .71795, df_R = 32$, $SSE(F) = .65424, df_F = 28$, MSE(F) = .02337, $F^* = .68154$, F(.95; 4, 28) = 2.71408. If $F^* \leq 2.71408$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

Chapter 9

BUILDING THE REGRESSION MODEL I: MODEL SELECTION AND VALIDATION

	Variables in Model	R_p^2	AIC_p	C_p	$PRESS_p$
	None	0	262.916	88.16	13,970.10
	X_1	.6190	220.529	8.35	$5,\!569.56$
	X_2	.3635	244.131	42.11	$9,\!254.49$
9.9.	X_3	.4155	240.214	35.25	8,451.43
	X_1, X_2	.6550	217.968	5.60	$5,\!235.19$
	X_1, X_3	.6761	215.061	2.81	4,902.75
	X_2, X_3	.4685	237.845	30.25	8,115.91
	X_1, X_2, X_3	.6822	216.185	4.00	5,057.886

9.10. b.

c.
$$\hat{Y} = -124.3820 + .2957X_1 + .0483X_2 + 1.3060X_3 + .5198X_4$$

9.11. a.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} \text{Subset} & R_{a,p}^2 \\ \hline X_1, X_3, X_4 & .9560 \\ X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4 & .9555 \\ X_1, X_3 & .9269 \\ X_1, X_2, X_3 & .9247 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Note: Variable numbers for predictors are those in the appendix.

9.13. b.

$$\begin{array}{c} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{array} \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & .653 & -.046 \\ & 1 & -.423 \\ & & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

c.
$$\hat{Y} = 87.1875 - .5645X_1 - .5132X_2 - .0720X_3$$

9.14. a.

Subset
$$R_{a,p}^2$$

 x_1, x_2, x_1^2, x_2^2 .75067
 $x_1, x_2, x_1 x_2$.75066
 $x_1, x_2, x_1 x_2, x_2^2$.74156

9.15. b.

$$\begin{array}{c} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{array} \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & .468 & -.089 \\ & 1 & .068 \\ & & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

c.
$$\hat{Y} = 120.0473 - 39.9393X_1 - .7368X_2 + .7764X_3$$

9.16. a.

Subset	$R_{a,p}^2$
$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_3^2, x_1 x_2$.8668
$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_{2,1}^2 x_{3,1}^2 x_1 x_2$.8652
$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_3^2, x_1x_2, x_1x_3$.8638

9.17. a. X_1, X_3

b. .10

c. X_1, X_3

d. X_1, X_3

9.18. a.
$$X_1, X_3, X_4$$

9.19 a.
$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_1x_2$$

b.
$$R_{a,p}^2 = .8615$$

9.20. X_3 , X_5 , X_6 in appendix.

9.21.
$$PRESS = 760.974, SSE = 660.657$$

9.22. a.

b.

	Model-building	Validation
	data set	data set
b_0 :	-127.596	-130.652
$s\{b_0\}$:	12.685	12.189
b_1 :	.348	.347
$s\{b_1\}$:	.054	.048
b_3 :	1.823	1.848
$s\{b_3\}$:	.123	.122
MSE:	27.575	21.446
R^2 :	.933	.937

c.
$$MSPR = 486.519/25 = 19.461$$

d.
$$\hat{Y} = -129.664 + .349X_1 + 1.840X_3, s\{b_0\} = 8.445, s\{b_1\} = .035, s\{b_3\} = .084$$

9.23. a.
$$PRESS = 5,102.494, SSE = 1,680.465$$

9.24.
$$X_i = 10$$
: $[E\{\hat{Y}\} - E\{Y\}]^2 = (-55)^2$, $[\hat{Y} - E\{\hat{Y}\}]^2 = (-47)^2$
 $X_i = 20$: $[E\{\hat{Y}\} - E\{Y\}]^2 = (-705)^2$, $[\hat{Y} - E\{\hat{Y}\}]^2 = (-97)^2$

9.25. b.

<u>Note</u>: Variable numbers for predictor variables are those in the data set description.

c.
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Subset} & C_p \\ \hline X_3, X_6, X_{10} & 3.81 \\ X_3, X_6, X_{10}, X_{11} & 3.86 \\ X_3, X_6, X_7, X_{10} & 4.27 \end{array}$$

9.26. b.

$$\begin{array}{c} X_4 \\ X_6 \\ X_7 \\ X_8 \\ X_9 \\ X_{11} \\ X_{12} \\ X_{13} \\ X_{14} \\ X_{15} \\ X_{16} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 1 & -.063 & .016 & .040 & .021 & -.113 & -.145 & .169 & .181 & -.190 & .078 \\ -.023 & .054 & .245 & .486 & -.025 & -.222 & .078 & .116 \\ -.023 & .054 & -.240 & -.359 & -.003 & .189 & -.028 & -.023 \\ -.023 & .056 & .264 & .033 & -.056 & .312 & .934 \\ -.023 & .056 & .264 & .033 & -.056 & .312 & .934 \\ -.023 & .056 & .264 & .033 & -.056 & .312 & .934 \\ -.023 & .059 & .173 & .034 & .145 & .891 \\ -.024 & .059 & .173 & .034 & .145 & .891 \\ -.024 & .059 & .059 & .173 & .064 & .055 \\ -.027 & .059 & .067 & .585 & .087 \\ -.027 & .059 & .059 & .059 \\ -.027 & .059 & .059 & .059 \\ -.027 & .059 & .059 & .059 \\ -.027 & .059 & .059 & .059 \\ -.027 & .059 & .059 & .059 \\ -.027 & .059 & .059 & .059 \\ -.027 & .059 & .059 & .059 \\ -.027 & .059 & .059 & .059 \\ -.027 & .059 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.028 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.029 & .059 & .059 \\ -.030 & .059 & .059 \\ -.030 & .059 & .059 \\ -.030 & .03 & .049 \\ -.028 & .059 \\ -.030 & .059 \\$$

Note: Variable numbers for predictor variables are those in the data set description.

c.
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Subset} & SBC_p \\ X_6, X_9, X_{13}, X_{14} & 3407.16 \\ X_6, X_8, X_9, X_{13}, X_{14}, X_{15} & 3407.41 \\ X_6, X_9, X_{13}, X_{14}, X_{15} & 3408.09 \\ \end{array}$$

9.27. a.

	Model-building	Validation
	data set	data set
b_0 :	.6104	.6189
$s\{b_0\}$:	.0888	.1248
b_3 :	.00388	.00399
$s\{b_3\}$:	.00163	.00211
b_6 :	.00117	.00152
$s\{b_6\}$:	.000419	.000437
b_{10} :	.000293	.000157
$s\{b_{10}\}$:	.0000456	.0000622
MSE:	.00305	.00423
R^2 :	.519	.293

b. MSPR = .258271/56 = .00461

c. $\hat{Y}' = .6272 + .00353X_3 + .00143X_6 + .000236X_{10}, s\{b_0\} = .0738, s\{b_3\} = .00129, s\{b_6\} = .000297, s\{b_{10}\} = .0000374, \text{ where } Y' = \log_{10} Y.$

9.28. a.

	Model-building	Validation
	data set	data set
b_0 :	243.680	3015.63
$s\{b_0\}$:	1322.82	1189.63
b_6 :	122.507	34.3137
$s\{b_6\}$:	41.1906	34.2984
b_9 :	.578662	.221509
$s\{b_9\}$:	.075844	.057344
b_{13} :	296.117	269.557
$s\{b_{13}\}$:	34.3417	39.0049
b_{14} :	-224.020	-128.343
$s\{b_{14}\}$:	77.1406	70.4556
MSE:	4,816,124	4,484,316
R^2 :	.463	.284

b.
$$MSPR = \frac{2,259,424,814}{220} = 10,270,113$$

Chapter 10

BUILDING THE REGRESSION MODEL II: DIAGNOSTICS

10.9. a&g.

t(.9969;12)=3.31. If $|t_i|\leq 3.31$ conclude no outliers, otherwise outliers. Conclude no outliers.

c.
$$2p/n = 2(3)/16 = .375$$
, no

d.
$$\mathbf{X}'_{\text{new}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 10 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.2375 & -.0875 & -.1875 \\ & .0125 & 0 \\ & 0 & .0625 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $h_{\text{new,new}} = .175$, no extrapolation

e.

f. .68%

10.10. a&f.

t(.9995192;47)=3.523. If $|t_i|\leq 3.523$ conclude no outliers, otherwise outliers. Conclude no outliers.

b.
$$2p/n = 2(4)/52 = .15385$$
. Cases 3, 5, 16, 21, 22, 43, 44, and 48.

c.
$$\mathbf{X}'_{\text{new}} = [1 \ 300,000 \ 7.2 \ 0]$$

$$(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.8628 & -.0000 & -.1806 & .0473 \\ & .0000 & -.0000 & -.0000 \\ & & .0260 & -.0078 \\ & & & .1911 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $h_{\text{new, new}} = .01829$, no extrapolation

d.

	DFFITS	b_0	b_1	b_2	b_3	D
Case 16:	554	2477	0598	.3248	4521	.0769
Case 22:	.055	.0304	0253	0107	.0446	.0008
Case 43:	.562	3578	.1338	.3262	.3566	.0792
Case 48:	147	.0450	0938	.0090	1022	.0055
Case 10:	.459	.3641	1044	3142	0633	.0494
Case 32 :	651	.4095	.0913	5708	.1652	.0998
Case 38:	.386	0996	0827	.2084	1270	.0346
Case 40:	.397	.0738	2121	.0933	1110	.0365

e. Case 16: .161%, case 22: .015%, case 43: .164%, case 48: .042%, case 10: .167%, case 32: .227%, case 38: .152%, case 40: .157%.

10.11. a&f.

$$t:$$
 1 2 ... 45 46
 $t_i:$.0116 -.9332 ... -.5671 1.0449
 $D_i:$.000003 .015699006400 .024702

t(.998913;41)=3.27. If $|t_i|\leq 3.27$ conclude no outliers, otherwise outliers. Conclude no outliers.

b. 2p/n = 2(4)/46 = .1739. Cases 9, 28, and 39.

c.
$$\mathbf{X}'_{\text{new}} = [1 \ 30 \ 58 \ 2.0]$$

$$(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3.24771 & .00922 & -.06793 & -.06730 \\ & .00046 & -.00032 & -.00466 \\ & & .00239 & -.01771 \\ & & & .49826 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $h_{\text{new, new}} = .3267$, extrapolation

d.

	DFBETAS						
	DFFITS	b_0	b_1	b_2	b_3	D	
Case 11:	.5688	.0991	3631	1900	.3900	.0766	
Case 17:	.6657	4491	4711	.4432	.0893	.1051	
Case 27:	6087	0172	.4172	2499	.1614	.0867	

e. Case 11: 1.10%, case 17: 1.32%, case 27: 1.12%.

t(.999938;75) = 4.05. If $|t_i| \le 4.05$ conclude no outliers, otherwise outliers. Conclude no outliers.

- b. 2p/n = 2(5)/81 = .1235. Cases 3, 8, 53, 61, and 65.
- c. $\mathbf{X}'_{\text{new}} = [1 \ 10 \ 12 \ .05 \ 350,000]$

$$(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} .2584 & -.0003 & -.0251 & -.2508 & .0000 \\ .0004 & -.0002 & .0031 & -.0000 \\ & & .0031 & .0219 & -.0000 \\ & & & .9139 & -.0000 \\ & & & .0000 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $h_{\text{new, new}} = .0402$, no extrapolation

d.

			DFBETAS						
	DFFITS	b_0	b_1	b_2	b_3	b_4	D		
Case 61:	.639	0554	.0242	0076	.5457	.0038	.082		
Case 8:	.116	0142	0072	.0030	.0955	.0126	.003		
Case 3:	284	2318	1553	.2364	.1008	0115	.016		
Case 53:	.525	0196	0240	0243	.4180	.0490	.055		
Case 6:	873	.1951	5649	1767	6182	.4482	.137		
Case 62:	.690	.2758	3335	2595	.0627	.4051	.088		

- e. Case 61: .300%, case 8: .054%, case 3: .192%, case 53: .235%, case 6: .556%, case 62: .417%.
- 10.13. a. $\hat{Y} = 1.02325 + .96569X_1 + .62916X_2 + .67603X_3$
 - b. H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$, H_a : not all $\beta_k = 0$ (k = 1, 2, 3). MSR = 127.553, MSE = 3.33216, $F^* = 127.553/3.33216 = 38.28$, F(.95; 3, 10) = 2.84. If $F^* \leq 2.84$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - c. H_0 : $\beta_k = 0$, H_a : $\beta_k \neq 0$. t(.975; 10) = 2.021. If $|t^*| \leq 2.021$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a .

$$b_1 = .96569, s\{b_1\} = .70922, t_1^* = 1.362$$
, conclude H_0
 $b_2 = .62916, s\{b_2\} = .77830, t_2^* = .808$, conclude H_0

 $b_3 = .67603, s\{b_3\} = .35574, t_3^* = 1.900, \text{ conclude } H_0$

No

d.
$$\begin{array}{c} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{array} \left[\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & .9744 & .3760 \\ & 1 & .4099 \\ & & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

10.14. a.
$$(VIF)_1 = (1 - .950179)^{-1} = 20.072$$

 $(VIF)_2 = (1 - .951728)^{-1} = 20.716$
 $(VIF)_3 = (1 - .178964)^{-1} = 1.218$

b.
$$\hat{Y} = 3.16277 + 1.65806X_1$$

10.15. b.
$$(VIF)_1 = 1, (VIF)_2 = 1$$

10.16. b.
$$(VIF)_1 = 1.0086, (VIF)_2 = 1.0196, (VIF)_3 = 1.0144.$$

10.17. b.
$$(VIF)_1 = 1.6323$$
, $(VIF)_2 = 2.0032$, $(VIF)_3 = 2.0091$

10.18. b.

$$(VIF)_1 = (1 - .193775)^{-1} = 1.2403$$

$$(VIF)_2 = (1 - .393287)^{-1} = 1.6482$$

$$(VIF)_3 = (1 - .244458)^{-1} = 1.3236$$

$$(VIF)_4 = (1 - .292147)^{-1} = 1.4127$$

10.19a,b&c.

i:	1	2	3	• • •	23	24	25
e_i :	3.308	5.494	-2.525		202	.172	2.035
$e(Y \mid X_1)$:	4.35	8.16	.53		-14.52	27.41	-3.12
$e(X_3 X_1)$:	.57	1.46	1.68		-7.85	14.94	-2.83
$e(Y \mid X_3)$:	-2.63	-8.66	53		1.15	-5.14	-1.72
$e(X_1 X_3)$:	-17.03	-40.61	5.73		3.87	-15.24	-10.79
Exp. value:	4.744	5.590	-2.724		.522	1.050	2.724

 H_0 : normal, H_a : not normal. r = .983. If $r \ge .939$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

d and e.

t(.999;21)=3.53. If $|t_i|\leq 3.53$ conclude no outliers, otherwise outliers. Conclude no outliers.

f.

		DFBETAS						
Case	DFFITS	b_0	b_1	b_3	D			
7	340	240	151	.303	.040			
16	.603	069	.152	.051	.092			
18	1.000	464	.878	.115	.308			

g.
$$(VIF)_1 = (VIF)_2 = 1.034$$

10.20.a&b.
$$\hat{Y} = 134.400 - 2.133X_1 - 1.699X_2 + .0333X_1X_2$$

$$(VIF)_1 = 5.431, (VIF)_2 = 11.640, (VIF)_3 = 22.474$$

d&e.

t(.9987; 14) = 3.65. If $|t_i| \le 3.65$ conclude no outliers, otherwise outliers. Conclude no outliers.

f.

			DFBETAS					
Case	DFFITS	b_0	b_1	b_2	b_3	D		
3	680	652	.592	.433	482	.121		
7	1.749	1.454	-1.278	742	.848	.459		
8	-4.780	-1.547	1.187	3.162	-3.286	4.991		
15	.175	016	035	.077	016	.008		

10.21. a. $(VIF)_1 = 1.305$, $(VIF)_2 = 1.300$, $(VIF)_3 = 1.024$ b&c.

i:	1	2	3	 32	33
e_i :	13.181	-4.042	3.060	 14.335	1.396
$e(Y \mid X_2, X_3)$:	26.368	-2.038	-31.111	 6.310	5.845
$e(X_1 \mid X_2, X_3)$:	330	050	.856	 .201	.111
$e(Y \mid X_1, X_3)$:	18.734	-17.470	8.212	 12.566	-8.099
$e(X_2 \mid X_1, X_3)$:	-7.537	18.226	-6.993	 2.401	12.888
$e(Y \mid X_1, X_2)$:	11.542	-7.756	15.022	 6.732	-15.100
$e(X_3 \mid X_1, X_2)$:	-2.111	-4.784	15.406	 -9.793	-21.247
Exp. value:	11.926	-4.812	1.886	 17.591	940

10.22. a. $\hat{Y}' = -2.0427 - .7120X_1' + .7474X_2' + .7574X_3'$, where $Y' = \log_e Y$, $X_1' = \log_e X_1$, $X_2' = \log_e (140 - X_2)$, $X_3' = \log_e X_3$

b.

c.
$$(VIF)_1 = 1.339, (VIF)_2 = 1.330, (VIF)_3 = 1.016$$

d&e.

$$i$$
:
 1
 2
 3
 \cdots
 31
 32
 33

 h_{ii} :
 $.101$
 $.092$
 $.176$
 \cdots
 $.058$
 $.069$
 $.149$
 t_i :
 $-.024$
 $.003$
 $-.218$
 \cdots
 $-.975$
 1.983
 $.829$

t(.9985;28) = 3.25. If $|t_i| \le 3.25$ conclude no outliers, otherwise outliers. Conclude no outliers.

f.

10.23. $\hat{\mathbf{Y}} = \mathbf{X}\mathbf{b}, \ \hat{\mathbf{Y}}_{(i)} = \mathbf{X}\mathbf{b}_{(i)}$. From (10.33a), we obtain:

$$D_i = \frac{(\mathbf{X}\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{b}_{(i)})'(\mathbf{X}\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{b}_{(i)})}{pMSE} = \frac{(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{b}_{(i)})'\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{b}_{(i)})}{pMSE}$$

10.24.
$$\mathbf{H} = \mathbf{X}(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}' = \mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}')^{-1}\mathbf{X}' = \mathbf{I}\mathbf{I} = \mathbf{I}$$

$$h_{ii} = 1, \, \hat{Y}_i = Y_i$$

10.25.
$$MSE_{(i)} = \left[\frac{(n-p)SSE}{n-p} - \frac{e_i^2}{1-h_{ii}} \right] \div (n-p-1)$$
 from (10.25)

Substitution into (10.24a) yields (10.26):

$$t_i = e_i \left[\frac{n - p - 1}{SSE(1 - h_{ii}) - e_i^2} \right]^{1/2}$$

10.26. From Exercise 5.31, $\sigma^2\{\hat{\mathbf{Y}}\} = \mathbf{H}\sigma^2$ or $\sigma^2\{\hat{Y}_i\} = \sigma^2 h_{ii}$; hence

$$\sum \sigma^2 \{\hat{Y}_i\} = \sigma^2 \sum h_{ii} = \sigma^2 p$$
 by (10.27)

10.27.a&b.

$$i: 57 58 59 \cdots 111 112 113$$
 $e_i: -.086 -.064 -.004 \cdots -.049 .086 .019$
Exp. value: $-.077 -.057 -.005 \cdots -.043 .084 .010$

 H_0 : normal, H_a : not normal. r = .990. If $r \ge .980$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

c.
$$(VIF)_3 = 1.065, (VIF)_6 = 1.041, (VIF)_{10} = 1.045$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X_3 & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & .161 & -.172 \\ & 1 & .086 \\ & & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}$$

<u>Note</u>: Variable numbers for predictor variables are those in the data set description

d&e.

$$i$$
: 57 58 59 \cdots 111 112 113 h_{ii} : $.055$ $.055$ $.069$ \cdots $.042$ $.288$ $.067$ t_i : -1.617 -1.201 $-.079$ \cdots $-.911$ 1.889 $.348$

t(.9999;52) = 4.00. If $|t_i| \le 4.00$ conclude no outliers, otherwise outliers. Conclude no outliers.

f.

			DFBI	ETAS		
Case	DFFITS	$\overline{b_0}$	b_3	b_6	b_{10}	D
62	.116	.010	.007	061	.094	.003
75	.254	.222	242	.069	066	.016
87	411	.025	031	.022	291	.040
106	.757	437	.626	400	032	.138
112	1.200	464	.372	.051	1.132	.343

10.28.a&b.

$$i$$
: 2 4 6 \cdots 436 438 440 e_i : $-.794$ $.323$ 4.615 \cdots .078 $.007$ $-.008$ Exp. value: -1.011 .644 1.011 \cdots .249 .052 $-.010$

 H_0 : normal, H_a : not normal. r = .636. If $r \ge .982$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

c. $(VIF)_6 = 1.0093$, $(VIF)_8 = 4.5906$, $(VIF)_9 = 4.2859$, $(VIF)_{13} = 1.4728$, $(VIF)_{14} = 1.1056$, $(VIF)_{15} = 1.4357$,

<u>Note</u>: Variable numbers for predictor variables are those in the data set description

d&e.

t(.99989; 212) = 3.759. If $|t_i| \le 3.759$ conclude no outliers, otherwise outliers. Conclude case 6 is an outlier.

f.

		DI	FBETAS	3					
Case	DFFITS	b_0	b_6	b_8	b_9	b_{13}	b_{14}	b_{15}	D
2	-3.27	-2745.72	.403	479	815	1.184	825	1.188	1.467
8	60	595.06	052	.456	548	.006	488	178	.052
48	.31	134.34	079	.290	271	.088	215	.030	.014
128	10	170.25	003	014	.023	093	222	038	.001
206	.20	-399.49	056	.030	.0005	.157	142	275	.006
404	12	220.73	019	011	.018	001	654	028	.002
6	10.29	-8536.94	.274	-4.236	6.678	2.729	5.196	2.110	2.634

Chapter 11

BUILDING THE REGRESSION MODEL III: REMEDIAL MEASURES

11.6. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 19.4727 + 3.2689X$$

b.
$$n_1 = 6$$
, $\bar{d}_1 = 2.821$, $n_2 = 6$, $\bar{d}_2 = 4.833$, $s = 1.572$,

 $t_{BF}^* = (2.821 - 4.833) / (1.572\sqrt{1/6 + 1/6}) = -2.218,$ t(.975; 10) = 2.228. If $|t_{BF}^*| \le 2.228$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise

error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant. d. $\hat{s} = -.905 + .3226X$; smallest weight = .02607, case 3; largest weight = .18556,

cases 4 and 7. e.
$$\hat{Y} = 17.3006 + 3.4211X$$

f.

g.
$$\hat{Y} = 17.2697 + 3.4234X$$

11.7. a.
$$\hat{Y} = -5.750 + .1875X$$

$$i$$
:
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6

 e_i :
 -3.75
 5.75
 -13.50
 -16.25
 -9.75
 7.50

 i :
 7
 8
 9
 10
 11
 12

 e_i :
 -10.50
 26.75
 14.25
 -17.25
 -1.75
 18.50

b.
$$SSR^* = 123,753.125, SSE = 2,316.500,$$

 $X_{BP}^2=(123,753.125/2)/(2,316.500/12)^2=1.66,~\chi^2(.90;1)=2.71.$ If $X_{BP}^2\leq 2.71$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance constant.

d.
$$\hat{v} = -180.1 + 1.2437X$$

i:	1	2	3	4	5	6
weight:	.01456	.00315	.00518	.00315	.01456	.00518
i:	7	8	9	10	11	12
weight:	.00518	.00315	.01456	.00315	.01456	.00518

e.
$$\hat{Y} = -6.2332 + .1891X$$

f.

$$s\{b_0\}$$
: Unweighted Weighted $s\{b_1\}$: .0538 .0506

g.
$$\hat{Y} = -6.2335 + .1891X$$

11.8. b.
$$\hat{Y} = 31.4714 + 10.8120X_1 + 22.6307X_2 + 1.2581X_3 + 1.8523X_4$$

c.
$$n_1 = 33$$
, $\bar{d}_1 = 2.7595$, $n_2 = 32$, $\bar{d}_2 = 10.1166$, $s = 6.3643$,

$$t_{BF}^* = (2.7595 - 10.1166) / (6.3643\sqrt{1/33 + 1/32}) = -4.659,$$

t(.995;63) = 2.656. If $|t_{BF}^*| \le 2.656$ conclude error variance constant, otherwise error variance not constant. Conclude error variance not constant.

e.
$$\hat{s} = 2.420 + .3996X_3 + .2695X_4$$

$$i:$$
 1 2 3 \cdots 63 64 65
weight: $.0563$ $.0777$ $.0015$ \cdots $.1484$ $.0941$ $.0035$

f.
$$\hat{Y} = 29.4255 + 10.8996X_1 + 26.6849X_2 + 1.4253X_3 + 1.7239X_4$$

g.

	Unweighted	Weighted
$s\{b_0\}$:	2.8691	1.3617
$s\{b_1\}$:	3.2183	1.4918
$s\{b_2\}$:	3.4846	1.6686
$s\{b_3\}$:	.2273	.2002
$s\{b_4\}$:	.2276	.3206

h.
$$\hat{Y} = 29.0832 + 11.0075X_1 + 26.8142X_2 + 1.4904X_3 + 1.6922X_4$$

11.9. b.
$$c = .06$$

c.
$$\hat{Y}^* = .410X_1^* + .354X_2^* + .165X_3^*$$

 $\hat{Y} = 21.7290 + 1.7380X_1 + .1727X_2 + .6929X_3$

11.10. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 3.32429 + 3.76811X_1 + 5.07959X_2$$

d.
$$c = .07$$

e.
$$\hat{Y} = 6.06599 + 3.84335X_1 + 4.68044X_2$$

11.11. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 1.88602 + 15.1094X$$
 (47 cases)
 $\hat{Y} = -.58016 + 15.0352X$ (45 cases)

b.
$$\frac{i:}{u_i:}$$
 1 2 ... 46 47 $\frac{1}{u_i:}$ -1.4123 -.2711 ... 4.6045 10.3331

smallest weights: .13016 (case 47), .29217 (case 46)

c.
$$\hat{Y} = -.9235 + 15.13552X$$

d. 2nd iteration:
$$\hat{Y} = -1.535 + 15.425X$$

3rd iteration:
$$\hat{Y} = -1.678 + 15.444X$$

smallest weights: .12629 (case 47), .27858 (case 46)

11.12. a.
$$\hat{Y} = -193.924 + 5.248X$$

b. smallest weight: .5582 (case 2)

c.
$$\hat{Y} = -236.259 + 5.838X$$

d. 2nd iteration:
$$\hat{Y} = -241.577 + 5.914X$$

3rd iteration:
$$\hat{Y} = -242.606 + 5.928X$$

smallest weight: .5025 (case 2)

11.13.
$$Q_w = \sum \frac{1}{kX_i} (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_i)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial Q_w}{\partial \beta_0} = -2\sum_i \frac{1}{kX_i} (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_i)$$

$$\frac{\partial Q_w}{\partial \beta_1} = -2\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{k} (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 X_i)$$

Setting the derivatives equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the least squares estimators b_0 and b_1 yields:

$$\sum \frac{Y_i}{X_i} - b_0 \sum \frac{1}{X_i} - nb_1 = 0$$

$$\sum Y_i - nb_0 - b_1 \sum X_i = 0$$

11.14.
$$b_{w1} = \frac{\sum w_i (X_i - \bar{X}_w)(Y_i - \bar{Y}_w)}{\sum w_i (X_i - \bar{X}_w)^2}$$

since
$$\sum w_i(X_i - \bar{X}_w)(Y_i - \bar{Y}_w) = \sum w_i X_i Y_i - (\sum w_i) \bar{X}_w \bar{Y}_w$$

$$= \sum w_i X_i Y_i - \frac{\sum w_i X_i \sum w_i Y_i}{\sum w_i}$$

and
$$\sum w_i(X_i - \bar{X}_w)^2 = \sum w_i X_i^2 - (\sum w_i) \bar{X}_w^2$$

$$= \sum w_i X_i^2 - \frac{(\sum w_i X_i)^2}{\sum w_i}$$

11.17.
$$\begin{bmatrix} X_1/.3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & X_2/.3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & X_3/.3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & X_4/.3 \end{bmatrix}$$

11.18.
$$\mathbf{b}_w = (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}\mathbf{Y}$$

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma}^{2}\{\mathbf{b}_{w}\} = [(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}](k\mathbf{W}^{-1})[(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}]'$$
$$= k(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}\mathbf{W}^{-1}[\mathbf{W}'\mathbf{X}(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}\mathbf{X})^{-1}]$$

(since $(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}\mathbf{X})^{-1}$ is symmetric)

$$= k(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{I}\mathbf{W}\mathbf{X}(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}\mathbf{X})^{-1}$$

(since W is symmetric)

$$= k(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}\mathbf{X})^{-1}$$

11.19.
$$E\{b^R - \beta\}^2 = E\{b^R - E\{b^R\} + E\{b^R\} - \beta\}^2$$

$$= E\{b^R - E\{b^R\}\}^2 + 2E\{b^R - E\{b^R\}\}[E\{b^R\} - \beta] + E\{E\{b^R\} - \beta\}^2$$

$$= \sigma^2\{b^R\} + 0 + [E\{b^R\} - \beta]^2$$

11.20. a. 38.3666

b. 38.5822, yes.

11.21. a.
$$\frac{X_h: 10 \quad 20 \quad 30 \quad 40 \quad 50}{E\{Y_h\}: 120 \quad 220 \quad 320 \quad 420 \quad 520}$$

c. Ordinary least squares: $E\{b_1\}=10,\,\sigma^2\{b_1\}=.024$ Weighted least squares: $E\{b_1\}=10,\,\sigma^2\{b_1\}=.01975$

11.22. a.

c	$(VIF)_1$	$(VIF)_2$	$(VIF)_3$	\mathbb{R}^2
.000	1.6323	2.0032	2.0091	.68219
.005	1.6000	1.9506	1.9561	.68218
.010	1.5687	1.9002	1.9054	.68215
.020	1.5089	1.8054	1.8101	.68204
.030	1.4527	1.7181	1.7222	.68185
.040	1.3997	1.6374	1.6411	.68160
.050	1.3497	1.5626	1.5659	.68129

11.23. a. $\hat{Y} = 62.4054 + 1.5511X_1 + .5102X_2 + .1019X_3 - .1441X_4$ b.

c	$(VIF)_1$	$(VIF)_2$	$(VIF)_3$	$(VIF)_4$	R^2
.000	38.496	254.423	46.868	282.513	.9824
.002	9.844	51.695	11.346	57.092	.9823
.004	5.592	21.903	6.089	23.971	.9822
.006	4.183	12.253	4.359	13.248	.9822
.008	3.530	7.957	3.566	8.478	.9821
.020	2.456	2.108	2.323	2.015	.9819
.040	1.967	.986	1.833	.820	.9813
.060	1.674	.715	1.560	.560	.9805
.080	1.455	.591	1.360	.454	.9794
.010	1.284	.516	1.204	.396	.9783
(b_{\bullet}^{R}	h_{2}^{R}	b_{\circ}^{R}	b_{\cdot}^{R}	

11.24. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 12.2138 - 0.1462X_1 + .2893X_2 + 1.4277X_3 + 0.0000X_4$$

b. $\sum |Y_i - \hat{Y}_i| = 64.8315$

c. 66.9736, yes.

11.25. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 50.3840 - .7620x_1 - .5300x_2 - .2929x_1^2$$

11.26. a.
$$t(.975; 10) = 2.228, b_{w1} = 3.4211, s\{b_{w1}\} = .3703,$$

 $3.4211 \pm 2.228(.3703), 2.5961 \le \beta_1 \le 4.2461$

11.27. a.
$$t(.95; 10) = 1.8125, b_{w1} = .18911, s\{b_{w1}\} = .05056,$$

 $.18911 \pm 1.8125(.05056), .0975 \le \beta_1 \le .2808$

11.28. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 38.64062 + .33143x - .09107x^2$$
, $R^2 = .9474$

b.
$$\bar{X} = 47.5, b_1 = .331429, b_{11} = -.091071,$$

 $\hat{X}_{\text{max}} = 47.5 - [.5(.331429)]/(-.091071) = 49.3196$
 $\hat{Y}_h = 38.640625 + .331429(\hat{X}_{\text{max}} - 47.5) - .091071(\hat{X}_{\text{max}} - 47.5)^2 = 38.942$

- 11.29 a. First split point at X = 57, SSE = 5108.14
 - b. Second split point at X = 66, SSE = 4148.78
 - c. Third split point at X = 47, SSE = 3511.66
- 11.30 a. First split point at $X_1 = 37$, SSE = 6753.62
 - b. Second split point at $X_1 = 47$, SSE = 5276.25
 - c. Third split point at $X_1 = 30$, SSE = 3948.85
 - d. Fourth split point at $X_2 = 49$, for the region defined by $X_1 < 30$. SSE = 3563.79

Chapter 12

AUTOCORRELATION IN TIME SERIES DATA

$$t$$
:
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
 10

 ε_t :
 3.5
 2.8
 3.1
 3.1
 .8
 -1.1
 -.9
 -1.2
 -1.0
 -1.1

 ε_{t-1} :
 3.0
 3.5
 2.8
 3.1
 3.1
 .8
 -1.1
 -.9
 -1.2
 -1.0
 -1.0

b.

12.2. Yes.

- 12.5. (1) $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho \neq 0.$ $d_L = 1.12, d_U = 1.45.$ If D > 1.45 and 4 D > 1.45, conclude H_0 , if D < 1.12 or 4 D < 1.12 conclude H_a , otherwise the test is inconclusive
 - (2) $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho < 0.$ $d_L = 1.32, d_U = 1.66.$ If 4 D > 1.66 conclude H_0 , if 4 D < 1.32 conclude H_a , otherwise the test is inconclusive.
 - (3) $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$ $d_L = 1.12, d_U = 1.45.$ If D > 1.45 conclude H_0 , if D < 1.12 conclude H_a , otherwise the test is inconclusive.
- 12.6. $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$ $D = 2.4015, d_L = 1.29, d_U = 1.38.$ If D > 1.38 conclude H_0 , if D < 1.29 conclude H_a , otherwise the test is inconclusive. Conclude H_0 .
- 12.7 $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$ $D = 2.2984, d_L = 1.51, d_U = 1.59.$ If D > 1.59 conclude H_0 , if D < 1.51 conclude H_a , otherwise the test is inconclusive. Conclude H_0 .
- 12.8. $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$ $D = 2.652, d_L = .83, d_U = 1.52.$ If D > 1.52 conclude H_0 , if D < .83 conclude H_a , otherwise the test is inconclusive. Conclude H_0 .

12.9. a.
$$\hat{Y} = -7.7385 + 53.9533X$$
, $s\{b_0\} = 7.1746$, $s\{b_1\} = 3.5197$

t:
 9
 10
 11
 12
 13
 14
 15
 16

$$e_t$$
:
 -.6714
 .9352
 1.803
 .4947
 .9435
 .3156
 -.6714
 -1.0611

c. $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$ $D = .857, d_L = 1.10, d_U = 1.37.$ If D > 1.37 conclude H_0 , if D < 1.10 conclude H_a , otherwise the test is inconclusive. Conclude H_a .

12.10. a.
$$r = .5784$$
, $2(1 - .5784) = .8432$, $D = .857$

b.
$$b'_0 = -.69434, b'_1 = 50.93322$$

$$\hat{Y}' = -.69434 + 50.93322X'$$

$$s\{b'_0\} = 3.75590, s\{b'_1\} = 4.34890$$

c. $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$ $D = 1.476, d_L = 1.08, d_U = 1.36.$ If D > 1.36 conclude H_0 , if D < 1.08 conclude H_a , otherwise the test is inconclusive. Conclude H_0 .

d.
$$\hat{Y} = -1.64692 + 50.93322X$$

$$s\{b_0\} = 8.90868, s\{b_1\} = 4.34890$$

- f. $F_{17} = -1.64692 + 50.93322(2.210) + .5784(-.6595) = 110.534$, $s\{\text{pred}\} = .9508$, t(.975; 13) = 2.160, $110.534 \pm 2.160(.9508)$, $108.48 \le Y_{17(\text{new})} \le 112.59$
- g. $t(.975; 13) = 2.160, 50.93322 \pm 2.160(4.349), 41.539 \le \beta_1 \le 60.327.$

12.11. a.
$$\frac{\rho:}{SSE:}$$
 11.5073 10.4819 9.6665 9.0616 8.6710 $\frac{\rho:}{SSE:}$ 8.5032 8.5718 8.8932 9.4811 10.3408

$$\rho = .6$$

- b. $\hat{Y}' = -.5574 + 50.8065X', s\{b'_0\} = 3.5967, s\{b'_1\} = 4.3871$
- c. $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$ $D = 1.499, d_L = 1.08, d_U = 1.36.$ If D > 1.36 conclude H_0 , if D < 1.08 conclude H_a , otherwise test is inconclusive. Conclude H_0 .
- d. $\hat{Y} = -1.3935 + 50.8065X$, $s\{b_0\} = 8.9918$, $s\{b_1\} = 4.3871$
- f. $F_{17} = -1.3935 + 50.8065(2.210) + .6(-.6405) = 110.505$, $s\{\text{pred}\} = .9467$, t(.975; 13) = 2.160, $110.505 \pm 2.160(.9467)$, $108.46 \le Y_{17(\text{new})} \le 112.55$
- 12.12. a. $b_1 = 49.80564, s\{b_1\} = 4.77891$
 - b. $H_0: \rho=0,\ H_a: \rho\neq 0.\ D=1.75$ (based on regression with intercept term), $d_L=1.08,\ d_U=1.36.$ If D>1.36 and 4-D>1.36 conclude H_0 , if D<1.08 or 4-D<1.08 conclude H_a , otherwise the test is inconclusive. Conclude H_0 .
 - c. $\hat{Y} = .71172 + 49.80564X$, $s\{b_1\} = 4.77891$
 - e. $F_{17} = .71172 + 49.80564(2.210) .5938 = 110.188$, $s\{pred\} = .9078$, t(.975; 14) = 2.145, $110.188 \pm 2.145(.9078)$, $108.24 \le Y_{17(new)} \le 112.14$
 - f. $t(.975; 14) = 2.145, 49.80564 \pm 2.145(4.77891), 39.555 \le \beta_1 \le 60.056$
- 12.13. a. $\hat{Y} = 93.6865 + 50.8801X$, $s\{b_0\} = .8229$, $s\{b_1\} = .2634$

c. $H_0: \rho=0, H_a: \rho>0$. $D=.974, d_L=.95, d_U=1.15$. If D>1.15 conclude H_0 , if D<.95 conclude H_a , otherwise the test is inconclusive. The test is inconclusive.

12.14. a.
$$r = .3319, 2(1 - .3319) = 1.3362, D = .974$$

b.
$$b'_0 = 63.3840, b'_1 = 50.5470$$

 $\hat{Y}' = 63.3840 + 50.5470X'$

$$s\{b'_0\} = .5592, s\{b'_1\} = .2622$$

- c. $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$ $D = 1.76, d_L = .93, d_U = 1.13.$ If D > 1.13 conclude H_0 , if D < .93 conclude H_a , otherwise the test is inconclusive. Conclude H_0 .
- d. $\hat{Y} = 94.8720 + 50.5470X$ $s\{b_0\} = .8370, s\{b_1\} = .2622$
- f. $F_{21} = 94.8720 + 50.5470(3.625) + .3319(.7490) = 278.3535$, $s\{\text{pred}\} = .4743$, t(.995; 17) = 2.898, $278.3535 \pm 2.898(.4743)$, $276.98 \le Y_{21(\text{new})} \le 279.73$
- g. $t(.995; 17) = 2.898, 50.5470 \pm 2.898(.2622), 49.787 \le \beta_1 \le 51.307$

12.15. a.
$$\frac{\rho:}{SSE}$$
: 4.0450 3.7414 3.5511 3.4685 3.4889 $\frac{\rho:}{SSE}$: 3.6126 3.8511 4.2292 4.7772 5.5140 $\rho = .4$

- b. $\hat{Y}' = 57.04056 + 50.49249X', \ s\{b_0'\} = .53287, \ s\{b_1'\} = .27697$
- c. $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$ $D = 1.905, d_L = .93, d_U = 1.13.$ If D > 1.13 conclude H_0 , if D < .93 conclude H_a , otherwise test is inconclusive. Conclude H_0 .
- d. $\hat{Y} = 95.0676 + 50.49249X$, $s\{b_0\} = .88812$, $s\{b_1\} = .27697$
- f. $F_{21} = 95.0676 + 50.49249(3.625) + .4(.7506) = 278.403, s\{pred\} = .4703, t(.995; 17) = 2.898, 278.403 \pm 2.898(.4703), 277.04 \le Y_{21(new)} \le 279.77$
- g. $t(.995; 17) = 2.898, 50.49249 \pm 2.898(.27697), 49.690 \le \beta_1 \le 51.295$
- 12.16. a. $b'_1 = 50.16414$, $s\{b'_1\} = .42496$, $\hat{Y}' = 50.16414X'$
 - b. $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho \neq 0.$ D = 2.425 (based on regression with intercept term), $d_L = .93, d_U = 1.13$. If D > 1.13 and 4 D > 1.13 conclude H_0 , if D < .93 or 4 D < .93 conclude H_a , otherwise test is inconclusive. Conclude H_0 .
 - c. $\hat{Y} = 95.88984 + 50.16414X$, $s\{b_1\} = .42496$
 - e. $F_{21} = 95.88984 + 50.16414(3.625) + 1.116 = 278.851$, $s\{\text{pred}\} = .5787$, t(.995; 18) = 2.878, $278.851 \pm 2.878(.5787)$, $277.19 \le Y_{21(\text{new})} \le 280.52$
 - f. $t(.995; 18) = 2.878, 50.16416 \pm 2.878(.42496), 48.941 \le \beta_1 \le 51.387$

- 12.17. a. Positive
 - b. $\hat{Y} = -1.43484 + .17616X, s\{b_0\} = .24196, s\{b_1\} = .0016322$

c.
$$\frac{t:}{e_t:}$$
 $\frac{1}{-.0307}$ $\frac{2}{-.0664}$ $\frac{3}{.0180}$ $\frac{4}{.1593}$ $\frac{5}{.0428}$ $\frac{6}{.0429}$ $\frac{7}{.0582}$

$$t$$
: 15 16 17 18 19 20 e_t : .1844 .1054 .0289 .0422 -.0439 -.0852

- d. $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$ $D = .663, d_L = .95, d_U = 1.15.$ If D > 1.15 conclude H_0 , if D < .95 conclude H_a , otherwise the test is inconclusive. Conclude H_a .
- 12.18. a. r = .67296, 2(1 .67296) = .65408, D = .663
 - b. $\hat{Y} = -.29235 + .17261X'$, $s\{b'_0\} = .17709$, $s\{b'_1\} = .00351$.
 - c. $H_0: \rho=0,\ H_a: \rho>0.\ D=1.364,\ d_L=.93,\ d_U=1.13.$ If D>1.13 conclude $H_0,$ if D<.93 conclude $H_a,$ otherwise test is inconclusive. Conclude $H_0.$
 - d. $\hat{Y} = -.89390 + .17261X$, $s\{b_0\} = .54149$, $s\{b_1\} = .00351$
 - f. $F_{21} = -.89390 + .17261(181.0) + .67296(-.015405) = 30.338$, $s\{\text{pred}\} = .09155$, t(.95; 17) = 1.740, $30.338 \pm 1.740(.09155)$, $30.179 \le Y_{21(\text{new})} \le 30.497$.
 - g. t(.95; 17) = 1.740, $.17261 \pm 1.740(.00351)$, $.1665 \le \beta_1 \le .1787$.
- 12.19. a. $\frac{\rho:}{SSE:}$.1492 .1318 .1176 .1064 .09817

$$\rho = .9$$

- b. $\hat{Y}' = .04644 + .16484X', \ s\{b_0'\} = .11230, \ s\{b_1'\} = .006538$
- c. $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$ $D = 1.453, d_L = .93, d_U = 1.13.$ If D > 1.13 conclude H_0 , if D < .93 conclude H_a , otherwise test is inconclusive. Conclude H_0 .
- d. $\hat{Y} = .4644 + .16484X$, $s\{b_0\} = 1.1230$, $s\{b_1\} = .006538$.
- f. $F_{21} = .4644 + .16484(181.0) + .9(-.03688) = 30.267$, $s\{\text{pred}\} = .09545$, t(.95; 17) = 1.740, $30.267 \pm 1.740(.09545)$, $30.101 \le Y_{21(\text{new})} \le 30.433$
- g. t(.95; 17) = 1.740, $.16484 \pm 1.740(.006538)$, $.1535 \le \beta_1 \le .1762$.
- 12.20. a. $b'_1 = .16883, s\{b'_1\} = .0055426, \hat{Y}' = .16883X'$
 - b. $H_0: \rho = 0, H_a: \rho > 0.$ D = 1.480 (based on regression with intercept term), $d_L = .93, d_U = 1.13$. If D > 1.13 conclude H_0 , if D < .93 conclude H_a , otherwise test is inconclusive. Conclude H_0 .
 - c. $\hat{Y} = -.35222 + .16883X$, $s\{b_1\} = .0055426$
 - e. $F_{21} = -.35222 + .16883(181.0) + .0942 = 30.300, s\{pred\} = .0907, t(.95; 18) = 1.734, 30.300 \pm 1.734(.0907), 30.143 \le Y_{21(new)} \le 30.457$

f. t(.95; 18) = 1.734, $.16883 \pm 1.734(.0055426)$, $.1592 \le \beta_1 \le .1784$

12.22.

$$\begin{split} \sigma\{\varepsilon_{t},\varepsilon_{t-2}\} &= E\{\varepsilon_{t}\varepsilon_{t-2}\} \\ &= E\{[u_{t} + \rho u_{t-1} + \rho^{2}u_{t-2} + \rho^{3}u_{t-3} + \cdots] \\ &\times [u_{t-2} + \rho u_{t-3} + \rho^{2}u_{t-4} + \cdots]\} \\ &= E\{[(u_{t} + \rho u_{t-1}) + \rho^{2}(u_{t-2} + \rho u_{t-3} + \cdots)] \\ &\times [u_{t-2} + \rho u_{t-3} + \rho^{2}u_{t-4} + \cdots]\} \\ &= E\{(u_{t} + \rho u_{t-1})(u_{t-2} + \rho u_{t-3} + \rho^{2}u_{t-4} + \cdots)\} \\ &+ E\{\rho^{2}(u_{t-2} + \rho u_{t-3} + \rho^{2}u_{t-4} + \cdots)^{2}\} \\ &= \rho^{2}E\{u_{t-2} + \rho u_{t-3} + \rho^{2}u_{t-4} + \cdots\}^{2} = \rho^{2}E\{\varepsilon_{t-2}^{2}\} \\ &= \rho^{2}\sigma^{2}\{\varepsilon_{t-2}\} = \rho^{2}\sigma^{2}\{\varepsilon_{t}\} = \rho^{2}\left(\frac{\sigma^{2}}{1 - \rho^{2}}\right) \end{split}$$

12.23. a.
$$E\{Y\} = 100 - .35X$$

 $\hat{Y} = 96.08317 - .30839X$

b.

t:	1	2	3	4	5	6
Y_t :	65.7640	60.2590	57.7580	66.6920	69.7650	74.2510
t:	7	8	9	10		
Y_t :	74.9610	67.1840	62.9510	61.5300		
^						

 $\hat{Y} = 98.94338 - .34023X$

c.

t:
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6

$$Y_t$$
:
 64.0819
 60.9017
 56.9518
 67.4257
 70.5170
 74.0641

 t:
 7
 8
 9
 10

 Y_t :
 74.7411
 67.7152
 62.2754
 62.2122

 $\hat{Y} = 99.45434 - .34576X$

 $\varepsilon_t - \varepsilon_{t-1}$:

d.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\rho & \Sigma(\varepsilon_t - \varepsilon_{t-1})^2 \\
.6 & 7.579 \\
0 & 11.164 \\
-.7 & 32.687
\end{array}$$

12.24.
$$Y'_t = Y_t - \rho Y_{t-1}$$

$$= \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{t1} + \beta_2 X_{t2} + \varepsilon_t - \rho(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{t-1,1} + \beta_2 X_{t-1,2} + \varepsilon_{t-1})$$

$$= \beta_0 (1 - \rho) + \beta_1 (X_{t1} - \rho X_{t-1,1}) + \beta_2 (X_{t2} - \rho X_{t-1,2}) + (\varepsilon_t - \rho \varepsilon_{t-1})$$

Since $\varepsilon_t - \rho \varepsilon_{t-1} = u_t$, we have:

$$Y_t' = \beta_0' + \beta_1' X_{t1}' + \beta_2' X_{t2}' + u_t$$

where
$$\beta'_0 = \beta_0(1-\rho)$$
, $\beta'_1 = \beta_1$, $\beta'_2 = \beta_2$, $X'_{t1} = X_{t1} - \rho X_{t-1,1}$, and

$$X_{t2}' = X_{t2} - \rho X_{t-1,2}$$

12.25. a.
$$Y'_t = Y_t - \rho_1 Y_{t-1} - \rho_2 Y_{t-2}$$

 $X'_t = X_t - \rho_1 X_{t-1} - \rho_2 X_{t-2}$

- b. By regressing the residuals e_t against the two independent variables e_{t-1} and e_{t-2} with no intercept term in the regression model and obtaining the two regression coefficients. The answer to Exercise 6.23a provides the explicit formulas, with Y, X_1 , and X_2 replaced by e_t , e_{t-1} , and e_{t-2} , respectively.
- c. By minimizing $SSE = \sum (Y'_t b'_0 b'_1 X'_t)^2$ with respect to ρ_1 and ρ_2 .

12.26.
$$Y_{n+1} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{n+1} + \rho_1 \varepsilon_n + \rho_2 \varepsilon_{n-1} + u_{n+1}$$

since $\varepsilon_{n+1} = \rho_1 \varepsilon_n + \rho_2 \varepsilon_{n-1} + u_{n+1}$. Therefore:

$$F_{n+1} = \hat{Y}_{n+1} + r_1 e_n + r_2 e_{n-1}$$

where r_1 and r_2 are point estimates of ρ_1 and ρ_2 , respectively, obtained by either the Cochrane-Orcutt procedure or the Hildreth-Lu procedure.

12.27. c. $E\{b_1\}=24$ even in presence of positive autocorrelation.

Chapter 13

INTRODUCTION TO NONLINEAR REGRESSION AND NEURAL NETWORKS

$$\log_e f(\mathbf{X}, \, \boldsymbol{\gamma}) = \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 X$$

- b. Nonlinear
- c. Nonlinear
- 13.2. a. Intrinsically linear

$$\log_e f(\mathbf{X}, \boldsymbol{\gamma}) = \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 \log_e X$$

b. Intrinsically linear

$$\log_e f(\mathbf{X}, \boldsymbol{\gamma}) = \log_e \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 \log_e X_1 + \gamma_2 \log_e X_2$$

- c. Nonlinear
- 13.3. b. 300, 3.7323
- 13.4. b. 49, 2.2774

13.5. a.
$$b_0 = -.5072512$$
, $b_1 = -0.0006934571$, $g_0^{(0)} = 0$, $g_1^{(0)} = .0006934571$, $g_2^{(0)} = .6021485$
b. $g_0 = .04823$, $g_1 = .00112$, $g_2 = .71341$

13.6. a.
$$\hat{Y} = .04823 + .71341 \exp(-.00112X)$$

	City A						
i:	1	2	3	4	5		
\hat{Y}_i :	.61877	.50451	.34006	.23488	.16760		
e_i :	.03123	04451	00006	.02512	.00240		
Exp. value:	.04125	04125	00180	.02304	.00180		
i:	6	7	8				
\hat{Y}_i :	.12458	.07320	.05640	•			
e_i :	.02542	01320	01640				
Exp. value:	.02989	01777	02304				

13.7. $H_0: E\{Y\} = \gamma_0 + \gamma_2 \exp(-\gamma_1 X), H_a: E\{Y\} \neq \gamma_0 + \gamma_2 \exp(-\gamma_1 X).$

 $SSPE = .00290, \, SSE = .00707, \, MSPE = .00290/8 = .0003625,$

 $MSLF = (.00707 - .00290)/5 = .000834, F^* = .000834/.0003625 = 2.30069, F(.99; 5, 8) = 6.6318.$ If $F^* \le 6.6318$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

13.8. $s\{g_0\} = .01456, s\{g_1\} = .000092, s\{g_2\} = .02277, z(.9833) = 2.128$

$$.04823 \pm 2.128(.01456)$$

$$.01725 < \gamma_0 < .07921$$

$$.00112 \pm 2.128(.000092)$$

$$.00092 \le \gamma_1 \le .00132$$

$$.71341 \pm 2.128(.02277)$$

$$.66496 \le \gamma_2 \le .76186$$

13.9. a.
$$g_0 = .04948$$
, $g_1 = .00112$, $g_2 = .71341$, $g_3 = -.00250$

b. z(.975) = 1.96, $s\{g_3\} = .01211$, $-.00250 \pm 1.96(.01211)$, $-.02624 \le \gamma_3 \le .02124$, yes, no.

13.10. a.
$$b_0 = .03376$$
, $b_1 = .454$, $g_0^{(0)} = 29.6209$, $g_1^{(0)} = 13.4479$

b.
$$g_0 = 28.13705, g_1 = 12.57445$$

13.11. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 28.13705X/(12.57445 + X)$$

b.

i:	1	2	3	4	5	6	
\hat{Y}_i :	2.0728	2.9987	3.8611	5.4198	6.7905	8.0051	
e_i :	.0272	4987	1.0389	.0802	.2095	.3949	
Exp. value:	1076	5513	.9447	.1076	.2597	.3442	
i:	7	8	9	10	11	12	
\hat{Y}_i :	9.0890	10.5123	11.3486	12.4641	14.026	68 15.30	60
e_i :	.5110	3123	.0514	.0359	926	70	60
Exp. value:	.4390	3442	.0356	0356	944	69	83
i:	13	14	15	16	17	18	3
\hat{Y}_i :	16.3726	17.2755	18.7209	19.826	7 20.70	001 21.4	074
e_i :	.6274	4755	1209	126	7 .59	999 .1	926
Exp. value:	.6983	4390	1817	259	7 .55	513 .1	817

c. No

13.12.
$$s\{g_0\} = .72798, s\{g_1\} = .76305, z(.975) = 1.960$$

(1) $28.13705 \pm 1.960(.72798)$, $26.7102 < \gamma_0 < 29.5639$

(2)
$$H_0: \gamma_1 = 20, H_a: \gamma_1 \neq 20. z^* = (12.57445 - 20)/.76305 = -9.731.$$

If $|z^*| \leq 1.960$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

13.13.
$$g_0 = 100.3401$$
, $g_1 = 6.4802$, $g_2 = 4.8155$

13.14. a. $\hat{Y} = 100.3401 - 100.3401/[1 + (X/4.8155)^{6.4802}]$ b.

i:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
\hat{Y}_i :	.0038	.3366	4.4654 11	1.2653 1	1.2653	23.1829	23.1829	
e_i :	.4962	1.9634 -	1.0654	.2347 -	3653	.8171	2.1171	
Expected Val.:	.3928	1.6354 -	1.0519 -	1947 -	5981	.8155	2.0516	
i:	8	9	10	11	12	13	3 14	
\hat{Y}_i :	39.3272	39.3272	56.2506	56.2506	70.530	08 70.5	308 80.887	76
e_i :	.2728	-1.4272	-1.5506	.5494	.269	-2.1	308 1.212	24
Expected Val.:	.1947	-1.3183	-1.6354	.5981	.000	00 -2.0	516 1.051	19
i:	15	16	17	18	19			
\hat{Y}_i :	80.8876	87.7742	92.1765	96.7340	98.626	3		
e_i :	2876	1.4258	2.6235	5340	-2.2263	3		
Expected Val.:	3928	1.3183	2.7520	8155	-2.7520	0		

13.15. $H_0: E\{Y\} = \gamma_0 - \gamma_0/[1 + (X/\gamma_2)^{\gamma_1}], H_a: E\{Y\} \neq \gamma_0 - \gamma_0/[1 + (X/\gamma_2)^{\gamma_1}].$

 $SSPE = 8.67999, SSE = 35.71488, MSPE = 8.67999/6 = 1.4467, MSLF = (35.71488 - 8.67999)/10 = 2.7035, <math>F^* = 2.7035/1.4467 = 1.869, F(.99; 10, 6) = 7.87$. If $F^* \leq 7.87$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

13.16.
$$s\{g_0\} = 1.1741$$
, $s\{g_1\} = .1943$, $s\{g_2\} = .02802$, $z(.985) = 2.17$

$$100.3401 \pm 2.17(1.1741)$$
 $97.7923 \le \gamma_0 \le 102.8879$
 $6.4802 \pm 2.17(.1943)$ $6.0586 \le \gamma_1 \le 6.9018$
 $4.8155 \pm 2.17(.02802)$ $4.7547 \le \gamma_2 \le 4.8763$

13.17. a.
$$b_0 = .98187$$
, $b_1 = .51485$, $b_2 = .29845$, $g_0^{(0)} = 9.5911$, $g_1^{(0)} = .51485$, $g_2^{(0)} = .29845$
b. $g_0 = 10.0797$, $g_1 = .49871$, $g_2 = .30199$

13.18. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 10.0797 X_1^{.49871} X_2^{.30199}$$

b.

i:	1	2	3	4	5	6
\hat{Y}_i :	10.0797	31.7801	100.1987	20.2039	63.7005	200.8399
e_i :	1.9203	.2199	2.8013	2039	-2.7005	-2.8399
Exp.val:	1.4685	.2880	2.7817	2880	-2.7817	-3.5476

i:	7	8	9	10	11	12
\hat{Y}_i :	40.4970	127.6823	402.5668	10.0797	31.7801	100.1987
e_i :	-2.4970	5.3177	3.4332	-2.0797	6.2199	-2.1987
Exp.val:	-2.0992	5.6437	3.5476	8696	7.6346	-1.4685
i:	13	14	15	16	17	18
$rac{i:}{\hat{Y}_i:}$	13 20.2039	14 63.7005	15 200.8399	16 40.4970	17 127.6823	18 402.5668

- 13.19. $H_0: E\{Y\} = \gamma_0 X_1^{\gamma_1} X_2^{\gamma_2}, \ H_a: E\{Y\} \neq \gamma_0 X_1^{\gamma_1} X_2^{\gamma_2}. \ F(.95; 6, 9) = 3.37, \ SSPE = 150.5, \ SSE = 263.443, \ SSLF = 112.943, \ F^* = [112.943/(15-9)] \div (150.5/9) = 1.126. \ If \ F^* \leq 3.37 \ \text{conclude} \ H_0, \ \text{otherwise} \ H_a. \ \text{Conclude} \ H_0.$
- 13.20. a. $H_0: \gamma_1 = \gamma_2, \ H_a: \gamma_1 \neq \gamma_2. \ F(.95; 1, 15) = 4.54, \ SSPE = 263.443, \ SSE = 9,331.62, \ MSPE = 263.443/15 = 17.563, \ MSLF = (9,331.62 263.443)/1 = 9,068.177, \ F^* = 9,068.177/17.563 = 516.327. \ \text{If } F^* \leq 4.54 \ \text{conclude } H_0, \ \text{otherwise } H_a. \ \text{Conclude } H_a.$

b.
$$s\{g_1\} = .00781, \ s\{g_2\} = .00485, \ z(.9875) = 2.24$$

 $.49871 \pm 2.24(.00781)$ $.4812 \le \gamma_1 \le .5162$
 $.30199 \pm 2.24(.00485)$ $.2911 \le \gamma_2 \le .3129$

c.
$$\gamma_1 \neq \gamma_2$$

13.21. a.
$$Q = \sum \{Y_i - [\gamma_0 + \gamma_2 \exp(-\gamma_1 X_i)]\}^2$$
$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \gamma_0} = -2 \sum [Y_i - \gamma_0 - \gamma_2 \exp(-\gamma_1 X_i)]$$
$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \gamma_1} = 2 \sum [Y_i - \gamma_0 - \gamma_2 \exp(-\gamma_1 X_i)] [\gamma_2 X_i \exp(-\gamma_1 X_i)]$$
$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \gamma_2} = -2 \sum [Y_i - \gamma_0 - \gamma_2 \exp(-\gamma_1 X_i)] [\exp(-\gamma_1 X_i)]$$

Setting each derivative equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the least squares estimators g_0 , g_1 , and g_2 yields:

$$\sum Y_i - ng_0 - g_2 \sum exp(-g_1 X_i) = 0$$

$$g_2 \sum Y_i X_i \exp(-g_1 X_i) - g_0 g_2 \sum X_i \exp(-g_1 X_i) - g_2^2 \sum X_i \exp(-2g_1 X_i) = 0$$

$$\sum Y_i \exp(-g_1 X_i) - g_0 \sum exp(-g_1 X_i) - g_2 \sum exp(-2g_1 X_i) = 0$$

b.
$$L(\gamma, \sigma^2) = \frac{1}{(2\pi\sigma^2)^{n/2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum [Y_i - \gamma_0 - \gamma_2 \exp(-\gamma_1 X_i)]^2\right\}$$

13.22. a.
$$Q = \sum \left(Y_i - \frac{\gamma_0 X_i}{\gamma_1 + X_i} \right)^2$$
$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \gamma_0} = -2 \sum \left(Y_i - \frac{\gamma_0 X_i}{\gamma_1 + X_i} \right) \left(\frac{X_i}{\gamma_1 + X_i} \right)$$
$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \gamma_1} = 2 \sum \left(Y_i - \frac{\gamma_0 X_i}{\gamma_1 + X_i} \right) \left[\frac{\gamma_0 X_i}{(\gamma_1 + X_i)^2} \right]$$

Setting the derivatives equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the least squares estimators g_0 and g_1 yields:

$$\sum \frac{Y_i X_i}{g_1 + X_i} - g_0 \sum \left(\frac{X_i}{g_1 + X_i}\right)^2 = 0$$

$$g_0 \sum \frac{Y_i X_i}{(g_1 + X_i)^2} - g_0^2 \sum \left[\frac{X_i^2}{(g_1 + X_i)^3}\right] = 0$$
b. $L(\gamma, \sigma^2) = \frac{1}{(2\pi\sigma^2)^{n/2}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum \left(Y_i - \frac{\gamma_0 X_i}{\gamma_1 + X_i}\right)^2\right]$

13.23. a.
$$Q = \sum (Y_i - \gamma_0 X_{i1}^{\gamma_1} X_{i2}^{\gamma_2})^2$$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \gamma_0} = -2 \sum (Y_i - \gamma_0 X_{i1}^{\gamma_1} X_{i2}^{\gamma_2}) (X_{i1}^{\gamma_1} X_{i2}^{\gamma_2})$$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \gamma_1} = -2 \sum (Y_i - \gamma_0 X_{i1}^{\gamma_1} X_{i2}^{\gamma_2}) (\gamma_0 X_{i1}^{\gamma_1} X_{i2}^{\gamma_2} \log_e X_{i1})$$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \gamma_2} = -2 \sum (Y_i - \gamma_0 X_{i1}^{\gamma_1} X_{i2}^{\gamma_2}) (\gamma_0 X_{i1}^{\gamma_1} X_{i2}^{\gamma_2} \log_e X_{i2})$$

Setting the derivatives equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the least squares estimators q_0 , q_1 , and q_2 yields:

$$\sum Y_i X_{i1}^{g_1} X_{i2}^{g_2} - g_0 \sum X_{i1}^{2g_1} X_{i2}^{2g_2} = 0$$

$$g_0 \sum Y_i X_{i1}^{g_1} X_{i2}^{g_2} \log_e X_{i1} - g_0^2 \sum X_{i1}^{2g_1} X_{i2}^{2g_2} \log_e X_{i1} = 0$$

$$g_0 \sum Y_i X_{i1}^{g_1} X_{i2}^{g_2} \log_e X_{i2} - g_0^2 \sum X_{i1}^{2g_1} X_{i2}^{2g_2} \log_e X_{i2} = 0$$
b.
$$L(\boldsymbol{\gamma}, \sigma^2) = \frac{1}{(2\pi\sigma^2)^{n/2}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum (Y_i - \gamma_0 X_{i1}^{\gamma_1} X_{i2}^{\gamma_2})^2\right]$$

13.24. a.
$$E\{Y\} = E\left\{\gamma_0 - \frac{\gamma_0}{1 + (X/\gamma_2)^{\gamma_1}} + \varepsilon\right\}$$

= $\gamma_0 - \frac{\gamma_0}{1 + (X/\gamma_2)^{\gamma_1}} = \gamma_0 \left[\frac{(X/\gamma_2)^{\gamma_1}}{1 + (X/\gamma_2)^{\gamma_1}}\right] = \gamma_0 \left(\frac{A}{1 + A}\right)$

since $(X/\gamma_2)^{\gamma_1} = \exp[\gamma_1(\log_e X - \log_e \gamma_2)].$

b.
$$E\{Y'\} = (1/\gamma_0)E\{Y'\} = A/(1+A)$$
; hence:

$$\frac{E\{Y'\}}{1 - E\{Y'\}} = \frac{\frac{A}{1 + A}}{1 - \frac{A}{1 + A}} = A = \exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X')$$

c.
$$\log_e\left(\frac{Y'}{1-Y'}\right) = \log_e\left(\frac{Y}{\gamma_0 - Y}\right), X' = \log_e X$$

d. Since $\beta_0 = -\gamma_1 \log_e \gamma_2$ or $\gamma_2 = \exp(-\beta_0/\gamma_1)$ and $\gamma_1 = \beta_1$, starting values are $g_1^{(0)} = b_1$ and $g_2^{(0)} = \exp(-b_0/g_1^{(0)})$.

13.25.

(5, 5)	1,908.388	(35, 45)	480.747
(5, 15)	2,285.707	(35, 55)	694.863
(5, 25)	2,489.092	(35, 65)	887.306
(5, 35)	2,620.201	(45, 5)	4,551.038
(5, 45)	2,712.754	(45, 15)	5) 782.035
(5, 55)	2,781.925	(45, 25)	5) 127.119
(5, 65)	2,835.726	(45, 35)	
(15, 5)	303.526	(45, 45)	5) 176.620
(15, 15)	838.411	(45, 55)	336.160
(15, 25)	1,241.451	(45, 65)	5) 504.661
(15, 35)	1,531.436	(55, 5)	8,987.574
(15, 45)	1,748.814	(55, 15)	
(15, 55)	1,917.745	(55, 25)	631.873
(15, 65)	2,052.838	(55, 35)	(a) 179.473
(25, 5)	209.013	(55, 45)	92.431
(25, 15)	105.367	(55, 55)	(a) 145.951
(25, 25)	431.908	(55, 65)	5) 255.430
(25, 35)	742.980	(65, 5)	14,934.461
(25, 45)	1,004.812	(65, 15)	(4,315.713)
(25, 55)	$1,\!222.057$	(65, 25)	(5) 1,574.725
(25, 65)	1,403.365	(65, 35)	5) 592.257
(35, 5)	1,624.851	(65, 45)	228.178
(35, 15)	86.575	(65, 55)	5) 124.234
(35, 25)	60.464	(65, 65)	3) 139.613
(35, 35)	254.834		
(1, .2, .1)		(11, .5, .)	
(1, .2, .4)		(11, .8,	
(1, .2, .7)		(11, .8, .4)	
(1, .5, .1)	·	(11, .8, .)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
(1, .5, .4)	·	(21, .2,	,
(1, .5, .7)	,	(21, .2, .4)	,
(1, .8, .1)	·	(21, .2, .7)	,
(1, .8, .4)		(21, .5,	*
(1, .8, .7)	·	(21, .5, .4)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
(11, .2, .1)	,	(21, .5, .7)	
(11, .2, .4)	,	(21, .8,	,
(11, .2, .7)	,	(21, .8, .4)	
(11, .5, .1		(21, .8, .7)	7) 903,149,000
(11, .5, .4)	(4) 201,515		

13.26.

Chapter 14

LOGISTIC REGRESSION, POISSON REGRESSION,AND GENERALIZED LINEAR MODELS

```
14.3. No
         a. E\{Y\} = [1 + \exp(25 - .2X)]^{-1}
14.4.
         b. 125
         c. X = 150: \pi = .993307149, \pi/(1-\pi) = 148.41316
            X = 151: \pi = .994513701, \pi/(1-\pi) = 181.27224
            181.27224/148.41316 = 1.2214 = \exp(.2)
         a. E{Y} = [1 + \exp(-20 + .2X)]^{-1}
14.5.
         b. 100
         c. X = 125: \pi = .006692851, \pi/(1-\pi) = .006737947
            X = 126: \pi = .005486299, \pi/(1-\pi) = .005516565
            005516565/.006737947 = .81873 = \exp(-.2)
14.6.
         a. E\{Y\} = \Phi(-25 + .2X)
         b. 125
14.7.
         a. b_0 = -4.80751, b_1 = .12508, \hat{\pi} = [1 + \exp(4.80751 - .12508X)]^{-1}
         c. 1.133
         d. .5487
         e. 47.22
14.8.
         a. b_0 = -2.94964, b_1 = .07666,
            \hat{\pi} = \Phi(-2.94964 + .07666X)
         b. b_0 = -3.56532, b_1 = .08227,
            \hat{\pi} = 1 - \exp(-\exp(-3.56532 + .08227X))
```

14.9. a.
$$b_0 = -10.3089$$
, $b_1 = .01892$,
$$\hat{\pi} = [1 + \exp(10.3089 - .01892X)]^{-1}$$

- c. 1.019
- d. .5243
- e. 589.65

14.10. a.
$$b_0 = -6.37366$$
, $b_1 = .01169$, $\hat{\pi} = \Phi(-6.37366 + .01169X)$

b.
$$b_0 = -7.78587$$
, $b_1 = .01344$,
 $\hat{\pi} = 1 - \exp(-\exp(-7.78587 + .01344X))$

14.11. a

b.
$$b_0 = -2.07656$$
, $b_1 = .13585$
 $\hat{\pi} = [1 + \exp(2.07656 - .13585X)]^{-1}$

- d. 1.1455
- e. .4903
- f. 23.3726

14.12. a&b.

$$\frac{j: \quad 1}{p_j: \quad .112} \quad .212 \quad .372 \quad .504 \quad .688 \quad .788$$

$$b_0 = -2.6437, \ b_1 = .67399$$

$$\hat{\pi} = [1 + \exp(2.6437 - .67399X)]^{-1}$$

- d. 1.962
- e. .4293
- f. 3.922

14.13. a.
$$b_0 = -4.73931$$
, $b_1 = .067733$, $b_2 = .598632$,
$$\hat{\pi} = [1 + \exp(4.73931 - .067733X_1 - .598632X_2)]^{-1}$$

- b. 1.070, 1.820
- c. .6090

14.14. a.
$$b_0 = -1.17717$$
, $b_1 = .07279$, $b_2 = -.09899$, $b_3 = .43397$

$$\hat{\pi} = [1 + \exp(1.17717 - .07279X_1 + .09899X_2 - .43397X_3)]^{-1}$$

- b. $\exp(b_1) = 1.0755$, $\exp(b_2) = .9058$, $\exp(b_3) = 1.5434$
- c. .0642

14.15. a.
$$z(.95) = 1.645$$
, $s\{b_1\} = .06676$, $\exp[.12508 \pm 1.645(.06676)]$,

- $1.015 \le \exp(\beta_1) \le 1.265$
- b. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0, H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0.$ $b_1 = .12508, s\{b_1\} = .06676, z^* = .12508/.06676 = 1.8736.$ $z(.95) = 1.645, |z^*| \leq 1.645,$ conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value=.0609.
- c. $H_0: \beta_1=0, H_a: \beta_1\neq 0.$ $G^2=3.99, \chi^2(.90;1)=2.7055.$ If $G^2\leq 2.7055,$ conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value=.046
- 14.16. a. $z(.975) = 1.960, s\{b_1\} = .007877, \exp[.01892 \pm 1.960(.007877)], 1.0035 \le \exp(\beta_1) \le 1.0350$
 - b. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0, H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0.$ $b_1 = .01892, s\{b_1\} = .007877, z^* = .01892/.007877 = 2.402.$ $z(.975) = 1.960, |z^*| \leq 1.960$, conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value= .0163.
 - c. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0, H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0.$ $G^2 = 8.151, \chi^2(.95; 1) = 3.8415.$ If $G^2 \leq 3.8415,$ conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value=.004.
- 14.17. a. z(.975) = 1.960, $s\{b_1\} = .004772$, $.13585 \pm 1.960(.004772)$, $.1265 \le \beta_1 \le .1452$, $1.1348 \le \exp(\beta_1) \le 1.1563$.
 - b. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0, H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0.$ $b_1 = .13585, s\{b_1\} = .004772, z^* = .13585/.004772 = 28.468.$ $z(.975) = 1.960, |z^*| \leq 1.960,$ conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value= 0+.
 - c. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0, H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0.$ $G^2 = 1095.99, \chi^2(.95; 1) = 3.8415.$ If $G^2 \leq 3.8415,$ conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+.
- 14.18. a. z(.995) = 2.576, $s\{b_1\} = .03911$, $.67399 \pm 2.576(.03911)$, $.5732 \le \beta_1 \le .7747$, $1.774 \le \exp(\beta_1) \le 2.170$.
 - b. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0, H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0.$ $b_1 = .67399, s\{b_1\} = .03911, z^* = .67399/.03911 = 17.23. <math>z(.995) = 2.576, |z^*| \leq 2.576, \text{ conclude } H_0, \text{ otherwise conclude } H_a.$ Conclude H_a . P-value= 0+.
 - c. $H_0: \beta_1 = 0, H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0.$ $G^2 = 381.62, \chi^2(.99; 1) = 6.6349.$ If $G^2 \leq 6.6349,$ conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+.
- 14.19. a. $z(1-.1/[2(2)]) = z(.975) = 1.960, s\{b_1\} = .02806, s\{b_2\} = .3901, \exp\{20[.067733 \pm 1.960(.02806)]\}, 1.29 \le \exp(20\beta_1) \le 11.64, \exp\{2[.5986 \pm 1.960(.3901)]\}, .72 \le \exp(2\beta_2) \le 15.28.$
 - b. $H_0: \beta_2 = 0, H_a: \beta_2 \neq 0.$ $b_2 = .5986, s\{b_2\} = .3901, z^* = .5986/.3901 = 1.53.$ $z(.975) = 1.96, |z^*| \leq 1.96$, conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value= .125.
 - c. $H_0: \beta_2 = 0, H_a: \beta_2 \neq 0.$ $G^2 = 2.614, \chi^2(.95; 1) = 3.8415.$ If $G^2 \leq 3.8415$, conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .1059.
 - d. $H_0: \beta_3 = \beta_4 = \beta_5 = 0$, $H_a:$ not all $\beta_k = 0$, for k = 3, 4, 5. $G^2 = 2.438$, $\chi^2(.95;3) = 7.81$. If $G^2 \leq 7.81$, conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value= .4866.

- 14.20. a. $z(1-.1/[2(2)]) = z(.975) = 1.960, s\{b_1\} = .03036, s\{b_2\} = .03343, \exp\{30[.07279 \pm 1.960(.03036)]\}, 1.49 \le \exp(30\beta_1) \le 52.92, \exp\{25[-.09899 \pm 1.960(.03343)]\}, .016 \le \exp(2\beta_2) \le .433.$
 - b. $H_0: \beta_3 = 0, \ H_a: \beta_3 \neq 0.$ $b_3 = .43397, \ s\{b_3\} = .52132, \ z^* = .43397/.52132 = .8324.$ $z(.975) = 1.96, \ |z^*| \leq 1.96,$ conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value= .405.
 - c. $H_0: \beta_3=0, H_a: \beta_3\neq 0.$ $G^2=.702, \chi^2(.95;1)=3.8415.$ If $G^2\leq 3.8415,$ conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_0 .
 - d. $H_0: \beta_3 = \beta_4 = \beta_5 = 0$, $H_a:$ not all $\beta_k = 0$, for k = 3, 4, 5. $G^2 = 1.534$, $\chi^2(.95;3) = 7.81$. If $G^2 \leq 7.81$, conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- 14.21. a. X_1 enters in step 1; no variables satisfy criterion for entry in step 2.
 - b. X_{22} is deleted in step 1; X_{11} is deleted in step 2; X_{12} is deleted in step 3; X_2 is deleted in step 4; X_1 is retained in the model.
 - c. The best model according to the AIC_p criterion is based on X_1 and X_2 . $AIC_3 = 42.6896$.
 - d. The best model according to the SBC_p criterion is based on X_1 . $SBC_2 = 46.2976$.
- 14.22. a. X_1 enters in step 1; X_2 enters in step 2; no variables satisfy criterion for entry in step 3.
 - b. X_{11} is deleted in step 1; X_{12} is deleted in step 2; X_3 is deleted in step 3; X_{22} is deleted in step 4; X_1 and X_2 are retained in the model.
 - c. The best model according to the AIC_p criterion is based on X_1 and X_2 . $AIC_3 = 111.795$
 - d. The best model according to the SBC_p criterion is based on X_1 and X_2 . $SBC_3 = 121.002$.

14.23.

j:	1	2	3	4	5	6
O_{j1} :	72	103	170	296	406	449
E_{j1} :	71.0	99.5	164.1	327.2	394.2	440.0
O_{j0} :	428	397	330	204	94	51
E_{i0} :	429.0	400.5	335.9	172.9	105.8	60.0

$$H_0: E\{Y\} = [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X)]^{-1},$$

$$H_a: E\{Y\} \neq [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X)]^{-1}.$$

 $X^2 = 12.284$, $\chi^2(.99;4) = 13.28$. If $X^2 \le 13.28$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

14.24.

j:	1	2	3	4	5	6
O_{j1} :	28	53	93	126	172	197
E_{j1} :	30.7	53.8	87.4	128.3	168.5	200.5
O_{i0} :	222	197	157	124	78	53
E_{i0} :	219.3	196.2	162.6	121.7	81.6	49.5

 $H_0: E\{Y\} = [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X)]^{-1},$

 $H_a: E\{Y\} \neq [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X)]^{-1}.$

 $X^2 = 1.452, \ \chi^2(.99;4) = 13.28.$ If $X^2 \le 13.28$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

14.25. a.

Class j	$\hat{\pi}^{'}$ Interval	Midpoint	n_{j}	p_{j}
1	-1.1 - under 4	75	10	.3
2	4 - under $.6$.10	10	.6
3	.6 - under 1.5	1.05	10	.7

b

14.26. a.

Class j	$\hat{\pi}^{'}$ Interval	Midpoint	n_{j}	p_{j}
1	-2.80 - under 70	-1.75	9	.222
2	70 - under $.80$.05	9	.556
3	.80 - under 2.00	1.40	9	.778

b.

14.27. a.

Class j	$\hat{\pi}$ Interval	Midpoint	n_{j}	p_{j}
1	-3.00 - under -1.10	-2.050	11	.273
2	-1.10 - under .35	375	11	.182
3	.35 - under 3.00	1.675	11	.818

h

14.28. a.

j:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
O_{j1} :	0	1	0	2	1	8	2	10
E_{j1} :	.2	.5	1.0	1.5	2.4	3.4	4.7	10.3
O_{j0} :	19	19	20	18	19	12	18	10
E_{j0} :	18.8	19.5	19.0	18.5	17.6	16.6	15.3	9.7

b.
$$H_0: E\{Y\} = [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X_1 - \beta_2 X_2 - \beta_3 X_3)]^{-1},$$

 $H_a: E\{Y\} \neq [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X_1 - \beta_2 X_2 - \beta_3 X_3)]^{-1}.$
 $X^2 = 12.116, \chi^2(.95; 6) = 12.59.$ If $X^2 \leq 12.59$, conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_0 . P -value = .0594.

b. 2 $3 \cdots$ 29 30 .3885 ... 3.2058 4.1399 .3885 .2621 .2621 Δdev_i : .63793.0411 .6379 . . . 3.5071 .4495.4495 .0225.1860 .0225.2162 D_i :0148 .0148

> b. 2 1 3 ... 26 27 i: .2896 .1320 .1963 .7622 .5178.3774 Δdev_i : .4928.2372.3445 1.1274 .8216 .6287 . . . D_i : .0155.0077.0114. . . .0205 .0208 .0134

> b. 2 3 32 33 1 31 $\overline{.36}17$ ΔX_i : .5751 1.0161 .58091.8769 .3061 Δdev_i^2 : .9027 1.4022 .90316087 2.1343 .5246.0097 D_i : .0112 .0223.0246. . . .0366 .0093

b.

1 2 3 158 159 i: 157 ΔX_i^2 : .1340 1.4352 .1775. . . .0795.6324 2.7200 .3245 Δdev_i : .24951.80201478 .9578 2.6614 D_i : .0007.0008 .0395. . . .0016 .0250.0191

14.33. a. z(.95) = 1.645, $\hat{\pi}'_h = .19561$, $s^2\{b_0\} = 7.05306$, $s^2\{b_1\} = .004457$, $s\{b_0, b_1\} = -.175353$, $s\{\hat{\pi}'_h\} = .39428$, $.389 \le \pi_h \le .699$

b.

Cutoff	Renewers	Nonrenewers	Total
.40	18.8	50.0	33.3
.45	25.0	50.0	36.7
.50	25.0	35.7	30.0
.55	43.8	28.6	36.7
.60	43.8	21.4	33.3

c. Cutoff = .50. Area = .70089.

14.34. a.
$$z(.975) = 1.960$$
, $s^2\{b_0\} = 19.1581$, $s^2\{b_1\} = .00006205$, $s\{b_0, b_1\} = -.034293$

$$X_h$$
 $\hat{\pi}_h'$
 $s\{\hat{\pi}_h'\}$

 550
 .0971
 .4538
 .312 $\leq \pi_h \leq$.728

 625
 1.5161
 .7281
 .522 $\leq \pi_h \leq$.950

b.

Cutoff	Able	Unable	Total
.325	14.3	46.2	29.6
.425	14.3	38.5	25.9
.525	21.4	30.8	25.9
.625	42.9	30.8	37.0

c. Cutoff = .525. Area = .79670.

14.35. a.
$$z(.975) = 1.960$$
, $\hat{\pi}'_h = -.04281$, $s^2\{b_0\} = .021824$, $s^2\{b_1\} = .000072174$, $s\{b_0, b_1\} = -.0010644$, $s\{\hat{\pi}'_h\} = .0783$, $.451 \le \pi_h \le .528$

b.

Cutoff	Purchasers	Nonpurchasers	Total
.15	4.81	71.54	76.36
.30	11.70	45.15	56.84
.45	23.06	23.30	46.27
.60	23.06	23.30	46.27
.75	48.85	9.64	52.49

c. Cutoff = .45 (or .60). Area = .82445.

$$\begin{array}{ll} 14.36. & \text{a. } \hat{\pi}_h' = -1.3953, \ s^2\{\hat{\pi}_h'\} = .1613, \ s\{\hat{\pi}_h'\} = .4016, \ z(.95) = 1.645. \ L = -1.3953 - 1.645(.4016) = -2.05597, \ U = -1.3953 + 1.645(.4016) = -.73463. \\ & L^* = [1 + \exp(2.05597)]^{-1} = .11345, \ U^* = [1 + \exp(.73463)]^{-1} = .32418. \end{array}$$

b.

Cutoff	Received	Not receive	Total
.05	4.35	62.20	66.55
.10	13.04	39.37	52.41
.15	17.39	26.77	44.16
.20	39.13	15.75	54.88

c. Cutoff = .15. Area = .82222.

14.38. a.
$$b_0 = 2.3529$$
, $b_1 = .2638$, $s\{b_0\} = .1317$, $s\{b_1\} = .0792$, $\hat{\mu} = \exp(2.3529 + .2638X)$.

C

$$X_h$$
: 0 1 2 3
Poisson: 10.5 13.7 17.8 23.2
Linear: 10.2 14.2 18.2 22.2

e. $\hat{\mu}_h = \exp(2.3529) = 10.516$

$$P(Y \le 10 \mid X_h = 0) = \sum_{Y=0}^{10} \frac{(10.516)^Y \exp(-10.516)}{Y!}$$
$$= 2.7 \times 10^{-5} + \dots + .1235 = .5187$$

f.
$$z(.975) = 1.96$$
, $.2638 \pm 1.96(.0792)$, $.1086 \le \beta_1 \le .4190$

14.39. a.
$$b_0 = .4895$$
, $b_1 = -1.0694$, $b_2 = -.0466$, $b_3 = .0095$, $b_4 = .0086$, $s\{b_0\} = .3369$, $s\{b_1\} = .1332$, $s\{b_2\} = .1200$, $s\{b_3\} = .0030$, $s\{b_4\} = .0043$, $\hat{\mu} = \exp(.4895 - 1.0694X_1 - .0466X_2 + .0095X_3 + .0086X_4)$

b.

$$i:$$
 1 2 3 \cdots 98 99 100 $dev_i:$ -.4816 -.6328 .4857 \cdots -.3452 .0488 -.9889

- c. $H_0: \beta_2 = 0, H_a: \beta_2 \neq 0.$ $G^2 = .151, \chi^2(.95; 1) = 3.84.$ If $G^2 \leq 3.84$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- d. $b_1 = -1.0778$, $s\{b_1\} = .1314$, z(.975) = 1.96, $-1.0778 \pm 1.96(.1314)$, $-1.335 \le \beta_1 \le -.820$.

14.40.
$$E\{Y\} = \frac{\exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X)}{1 + \exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X)} \left[\frac{\exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X)}{\exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X)} \right] = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X)}$$

= $[1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X)]^{-1}$

14.41. Formula (14.26) holds for given observations $Y_1, Y_2,... Y_n$. Assembling all terms with a given X value, X_j , we obtain:

$$y_{.j}(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_j) - n_j \log_e [1 + \exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_j)]$$

since there are n_j cases with X value X_j , of which $y_{.j}$ have value $Y_i = 1$. There are $\binom{n_j}{y_{.j}}$ ways of obtaining these $y_{.j}$ 1s out of n_j , all of which are equally likely. Hence, in the log-likelihood function of the $y_{.j}$, we must add $\log_e\binom{n_j}{y_{.j}}$ to the above term for given X_j :

$$\log_e \binom{n_j}{y_j} + y_j(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_j) - n_j \log_e \left[1 + \exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_j)\right]$$

Assembling the terms for all X_j , we obtain (14.34).

14.42. From (14.16) and (14.18), we have:

$$\pi_i = \frac{\exp(\pi')}{1 + \exp(\pi')}$$

Then

$$1 - \pi = \frac{1 + \exp(\pi') - \exp(\pi')}{1 + \exp(\pi')} = [1 + \exp(\pi')]^{-1}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{1-\pi} = \frac{\exp(\pi')}{1 + \exp(\pi')} \times [1 + \exp(\pi')] = \exp(\pi')$$

Solving for $\pi' = F_L^{-1}(\pi)$ by taking logarithms of both sides yields the result.

14.43. From (14.26), we obtain:

$$\frac{\partial^2 \log_e L}{\partial \beta_0^2} = -\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i)}{[(1 + \exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i))]^2}$$
$$\frac{\partial^2 \log_e L}{\partial \beta_1^2} = -\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{X_i^2 \exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i)}{[1 + \exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i)]^2}$$
$$\frac{\partial^2 \log_e L}{\partial \beta_0 \partial \beta_1} = -\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{X_i \exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i)}{[1 + \exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i)]^2}$$

Since these partial derivatives only involve the constants X_i , β_0 , and β_1 , the expectations of the partial derivatives are the partial derivatives themselves. Hence:

$$-E\left\{\frac{\partial^2 \log_e L}{\partial \beta_0^2}\right\} = -g_{00} \qquad -E\left\{\frac{\partial^2 \log_e L}{\partial \beta_0 \partial \beta_1}\right\} = -g_{01} = -g_{10}$$
$$-E\left\{\frac{\partial^2 \log_e L}{\partial \beta_1^2}\right\} = -g_{11}$$

and the stated matrix reduces to (14.51).

14.44.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 4.1762385 & 74.574657 \\ 74.574657 & 1,568.4817 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.58597 & -.075406 \\ -.075406 & .0042228 \end{bmatrix}$$

14.45.
$$E\{Y\} = \frac{\gamma_0}{1 + \gamma_1 \exp(\gamma_2 X)}$$

Consider $\gamma_2 < 0$ and $\gamma_1 > 0$; as $X \to \infty$, $E\{Y\} = \pi \to 1$ so that

$$1 = \lim_{X \to \infty} \left[\frac{\gamma_0}{1 + \gamma_1 \exp(\gamma_2 X)} \right] = \gamma_0$$

Therefore, letting $\gamma_2 = -\beta_1$ and $\gamma_1 = \exp(-\beta_0)$ we have:

$$E\{Y\} = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X)} = \frac{\exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X)}{1 + \exp(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X)}$$

14.46.
$$E\{Y\} = [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X_1 - \beta_2 X_2 - \beta_3 X_1 X_2)]^{-1}$$

 $\pi'(X_1 + 1) = \beta_0 + \beta_1(X_1 + 1) + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3(X_1 + 1)X_2$

$$\pi'(X_1) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_1 X_2$$

$$\pi'(X_1 + 1) - \pi'(X_1) = \log_e(\text{odds ratio}) = \beta_1 + \beta_3 X_2$$

Hence the odds ratio for X_1 is $\exp(\beta_1 + \beta_3 X_2)$. No.

14.47.
$$1 - \pi_i = \exp\left[-\exp\left(\frac{X_i - \gamma_0}{\gamma_1}\right)\right]$$

$$-\log_e(1 - \pi_i) = \exp\left(\frac{X_i - \gamma_0}{\gamma_1}\right)$$

Hence:
$$\log_e[-\log_e(1-\pi_i)] = \frac{X_i - \gamma_0}{\gamma_1} = -\frac{\gamma_0}{\gamma_1} + \frac{1}{\gamma_1}X_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i$$

where
$$\beta_0 = -\frac{\gamma_0}{\gamma_1}$$
 and $\beta_1 = \frac{1}{\gamma_1}$.

14.48. a.
$$X_1 = \text{age}$$

Socioeconomic

status	X_2	X_3	Sector	X_4
Upper	0	0	1	0
Middle	1	0	2	1
Lower	0	1		

$$b_0 = .1932, b_1 = .03476, b_2 = -1.9092, b_3 = -2.0940, b_4 = .9508,$$

$$b_5 = .02633, b_6 = .007144, b_7 = -.01721, b_8 = .004107, b_9 = .4145,$$

where
$$\mathbf{X}' = (1 \ X_1 \ X_2 \ X_3 \ X_4 \ X_1X_2 \ X_1X_3 \ X_1X_4 \ X_2X_4 \ X_3X_4)$$

b.
$$H_0: \beta_5 = \beta_6 = \beta_7 = \beta_8 = \beta_9 = 0$$
, $H_a:$ not all equalities hold. $G^2 = .858, \ \chi^2(.99; 5) = 15.09$. If $G^2 \leq 15.09$ conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_0 . P -value = .973.

c. Retain socioeconomic status and age.

14.49. a.

j:
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5

$$O_{j1}$$
:
 6
 4
 13
 15
 16

 E_{j1} :
 4.6
 7.3
 11.7
 14.8
 15.7

 O_{j0} :
 14
 16
 7
 5
 2

 E_{j0} :
 15.4
 12.7
 8.3
 5.2
 2.3

 n_j :
 20
 20
 20
 20
 18

$$H_0: E\{Y\} = [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X_1 - \beta_2 X_2 - \beta_3 X_3)]^{-1},$$

$$H_a: E\{Y\} \neq [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X_1 - \beta_2 X_2 - \beta_3 X_3)]^{-1}.$$

 $X^2 = 3.28, \chi^2(.95; 3) = 7.81$. If $X^2 \le 7.81$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .35.

b.

$$i: 1 2 3 \cdots 96 97 98$$

 $dev_i: .6107 .5905 -1.4368 \cdots -.8493 -.7487 -1.0750$

d&e.

i:	1	2	3	 96	97	98
h_{ii}	.0265	.0265	.0509	 .0305	.0316	.0410
ΔX_i^2 :	.2106	.1956	1.9041	 .4479	.3341	.8156
Δdev_i :	.3785	.3538	2.1613	 .7350	.5712	1.1891
D_i :	.0014	.0013	.0255	 .0035	.0027	.0087

f.

Cutoff	Savings Account	No Savings Account	Total
.45	18.5	31.8	24.5
.50	22.2	31.8	26.5
.55	22.2	22.7	22.4
.60	29.6	22.7	26.5

Cutoff = .55. Area = .766.

14.50. a.

Cutoff	Savings Account	No Savings Account	Total
.55	24.5	28.9	$\overline{26.5}$

b.

	Model Building	Combined
	Data Set	Data Set
b_0 :	.3711	.3896
$s\{b_0\}$:	.5174	.3493
b_1 :	.03678	.03575
$s\{b_1\}$:	.01393	.00961
b_2 :	-1.2555	-1.1572
$s\{b_2\}$:	.5892	.4095
b_3 :	-1.9040	-2.0897
$s\{b_3\}$:	.5552	.3967

- c. z(.9833) = 2.128, $\exp[.03575 \pm 2.128(.00961)]$, $1.015 \le \exp(\beta_1) \le 1.058$, $\exp[-1.1572 \pm 2.128(.4095)]$, $.132 \le \exp(\beta_2) \le .751$, $\exp[-2.0897 \pm 2.128(.3967)]$, $.053 \le \exp(\beta_3) \le .288$
- 14.51. a. $X_1 = \text{age}, X_2 = \text{routine chest X-ray ratio}, X_3 = \text{average daily census}, X_4 = \text{number of nurses}$

 $b_0 = -8.8416, \ b_1 = .02238, \ b_2 = .005645, \ b_3 = .14721, \ b_4 = -.10475, \ b_5 = .0002529, \ b_6 = -.001995, \ b_7 = .0014375, \ b_8 = -.000335, \ b_9 = .0003912, \ b_{10} = -.00000519,$

where

$$\mathbf{X}' = (1 \ X_1 \ X_2 \ X_3 \ X_4 \ X_1X_2 \ X_1X_3 \ X_1X_4 \ X_2X_3 \ X_2X_4 \ X_3X_4)$$

b. $H_0: \beta_5 = \beta_6 = \beta_7 = \beta_8 = \beta_9 = \beta_{10} = 0$,

 H_a : not all equalities hold. $G^2 = 7.45$, $\chi^2(.95; 6) = 12.59$. If $G^2 \le 12.59$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .28

c. Retain age and average daily census.

d. The best subset: X_3 , X_6 , X_{10} , $AIC_4 = 59.6852$;

The best subset: X_{10} , $SBC_2 = 66.963$.

14.52. a.

$$H_0: E\{Y\} = [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X_1 - \beta_3 X_3)]^{-1},$$

$$H_a: E\{Y\} \neq [1 + \exp(-\beta_0 - \beta_1 X_1 - \beta_3 X_3)]^{-1},$$

 $X^2=.872,\,\chi^2(.95;3)=7.81.$ If $X^2\leq 7.81$ conclude $H_0,$ otherwise $H_a.$ Conclude $H_0.$ P-value =.832

b

$$i:$$
 1 2 3 ... 111 112 113 $dev_i:$ -.3166 -.1039 -.1377 ... -.1402 .1895 -.0784

d & e.

	i:	1	2	3	• • •	111	112	113
	h_{ii}	.0168	.0056	.0074		.0076	.0279	.0041
ΔZ	X_i^2 :	.0523	.0054	.0096		.0100	.0186	.0031
$\Delta d\epsilon$	ev_i :	.1011	.0108	.0190		.0197	.0364	.0062
	D_i :	.00030	.00001	.00002		.00003	.00018	.000004

f.

Cutoff	Affiliation	No Affiliation	Total
.30	29.4	9.4	12.4
.40	29.4	6.3	9.7
.50	41.2	4.2	9.7
.60	52.9	2.1	9.7

Cutoff = .40. Area = .923.

g. z(.95) = 1.645, $\hat{\pi}'_h = .6622$, $s^2\{b_0\} = 17.1276$, $s^2\{b_1\} = .006744$, $s^2\{b_3\} = .000006687$, $s\{b_0, b_1\} = -.33241$, $s\{b_0, b_3\} = .0003495$, $s\{b_1, b_3\} = -.00004731$, $s\{\hat{\pi}'_h\} = .6193$, $-.35655 \le \pi'_h \le 1.68095$, $.70 \le \pi_h/(1-\pi_h) \le 5.37$

14.57. a.
$$b_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 33.249 \\ -1.905 \\ -.046 \\ -.039 \\ -4.513 \\ -.088 \\ .039 \\ -.085 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $b_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 12.387 \\ -.838 \\ -.016 \\ -.028 \\ .016 \\ .590 \\ .00008 \\ -.009 \\ -.009 \\ -.009 \end{bmatrix}$, $b_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 13.505 \\ -.562 \\ -.095 \\ -.010 \\ .020 \\ -.595 \\ -.011 \\ -.008 \\ -.044 \end{bmatrix}$

- b. $H_0: b_{13} = b_{23} = b_{33} = 0;$ H_a : not all $b_{k3} = 0$, for k = 1, 2, 3. $G^2 = 2.34$, conclude H_0 . P-value=.5049.
- c. $G^2 = 10.3$, conclude H_0 . P-value=.1126.

d.
$$NE = 1, NC = 0$$
:
$$b_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -12.840 \\ .585 \\ .108 \\ .007 \\ -.017 \\ .231 \\ .008 \\ .009 \\ .023 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$NE = 1, S = 0$$
:
$$b_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -14.087 \\ .754 \\ .016 \\ .026 \\ -.025 \\ .567 \\ .010 \\ .010 \\ .010 \\ .113 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$NE = 1, W = 0:$$

$$b_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -48.020 \\ 3.014 \\ .060 \\ .012 \\ -.033 \\ 7.415 \\ .079 \\ -.038 \\ .122 \end{bmatrix}$$

e&f. NE = 1, NC = 0:

60
.547
.347
.485
.044
65

i:	1	2	3	• • •	63	64	65
$\overline{Dev_i}$:	327	.630	-1.153		528	.696	-1.080
ΔX_i^2 :	.058	.237	1.028		.164	1.189	1.030
Δdev_i :	.110	.415	1.413	• • •	.293	1.400	1.404
D_i :	.0003	.0021	.0103		.002	.441	.035
NE = 1,	W=0:						

$$i$$
:
 1
 2
 3
 \cdots
 42
 43
 44

 Dev_i :
 $-.3762$
 $-.3152$
 $.0177$
 \cdots
 $.0000$
 $-.8576$
 $.0000$
 ΔX_i^2 :
 $.0936$
 $.0852$
 $.0002$
 \cdots
 $.0000$
 1.1225
 $.0000$
 Δdev_i :
 $.1618$
 $.1336$
 $.0003$
 \cdots
 $.0000$
 1.4135
 $.0000$
 D_i :
 $.0029$
 $.0064$
 $.0000$
 \cdots
 $.0000$
 $.1903$
 $.0000$

14.58. a.
$$b_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -20.8100 \\ -.0016 \\ -.5738 \\ -.2150 \\ 142.1400 \\ .3998 \\ .2751 \\ .4516 \\ .2236 \\ -.0005 \end{bmatrix}, b_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 28.7900 \\ -.0013 \\ -.3878 \\ -.1253 \\ 147.73 \\ -.2426 \\ .3778 \\ .1510 \\ -.6755 \\ -.0004 \end{bmatrix}, b_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -18.4800 \\ -.0008 \\ -.0354 \\ -.1897 \\ 93.3700 \\ .2884 \\ -.2055 \\ .2979 \\ -.4803 \\ .00008 \end{bmatrix}$$

b.

Row
 Term
 log
$$L(\mathbf{b})$$
 G^2
 P -value

 1
 X_5/X_4
 -189.129
 51.074
 .0000

 2
 X_6
 -178.009
 28.834
 .0000

 3
 X_7
 -166.716
 6.248
 .1001

 4
 X_{10}/X_5
 -192.499
 57.814
 .0000

 5
 X_{11}
 -197.042
 66.900
 .0000

 6
 X_{12}
 -186.324
 45.464
 .0000

 7
 X_{13}
 -168.769
 10.354
 .0158

 8
 X_{14}
 -183.663
 40.142
 .0000

 9
 X_{15}
 -172.189
 17.194
 .0006

c.
$$NE = 1, NC = 0$$
:
$$b_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 7.8100 \\ .0009 \\ .1208 \\ .9224 \\ -107.4200 \\ -.3536 \\ .4683 \\ -.6225 \\ 1.0985 \\ -.0002 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$NE = 1, S = 0:$$

$$b_1 = \begin{bmatrix}
-25.3800 \\ .0015 \\ .2399 \\ -.0852 \\ -172.7000 \\ .2126 \\ -.4522 \\ -.4086 \\ 1.7355 \\ .0006
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$NE = 1, W = 0:$$

$$b_1 = \begin{bmatrix}
-48.7700 \\
.0054 \\
1.9580 \\
1.3413 \\
-457.9000 \\
.0917 \\
-.6156 \\
-.7196 \\
-.3703 \\
.0005
\end{bmatrix}$$

d&e. NE = 1, NC = 0:

To the state of th	i:	1	2	3	 101	102	103
$\overline{Dev_i}$	<i>i</i> :	-1.1205	.6339	0909	 6718	.0464	4253
ΔX_i^2	2:	1.1715	6.5919	.0042	 .3024	.0011	.1067
Δdev_t	$_i$:	1.5536	6.7712	.0083	 .5006	.0022	.1929
D_{i}	į:	.0400	18.8671	.000	 .0059	.0000	.0014

NE = 1, S = 0:

	i:	1	2	3	 122	123	124
	$\overline{Dev_i}$:	.6801	0030	.0542	 5644	4215	4334
4	ΔX_i^2 :	5.5413	.0000	.0015	 .2338	.1275	.1091
Δ	dev_i :	5.7437	.0000	.0029	 .3797	.2123	.1985
	D_i :	11.2465	.0000	.0000	 .0083	.0047	.0012

NE = 1, W = 0:

i:	1	2	3	• • •	87	88	89
Dev_i :	2713	.0000	0011		.0713	2523	.0004
ΔX_i^2 :	.0506	.0000	.0000		.0027	.0795	.0000
Δdev_i :	.0867	.0000	.0000		.0052	.1108	.0000
D_i :	.0018	.0000	.0000		.0000	.0116	.0000

$$14.59. \quad \text{a. } b = \begin{bmatrix} 4.6970 \\ 7.5020 \\ -.0509 \\ -.0359 \\ .0061 \\ -.0710 \\ -.0051 \\ .3531 \\ -.1699 \end{bmatrix}$$

- b. X_3 , or X_4 , or X_6 , or X_7 , or X_8 can be dropped.
- c. Drop X_6 , then X_7 , then X_3 , and then X_4 , then stop.
- d. The result is as follows:

Variable	Value	Count	
Y(1)	1	33	(Event)
	0	64	
	Total	97	

Logistic Regression Table

Predictor	Coef	SE Coef	Z	P
Constant	3.767	2.208	1.71	0.088
PSA	-0.03499	0.02208	-1.59	0.113
age	-0.05548	0.03507	-1.58	0.114
Capspen	-0.2668	0.1498	-1.78	0.075

Response Information

Variable	Value	Count	
Y(2)	1	76	(Event)
	0	21	
	Total	97	

Logistic Regression Table

Predictor	Coef	SE Coef	Z	Р
Constant	8.704	3.595	2.42 0.03	15
PSA	-0.06045	0.01944	-3.11 0.00)2
age	-0.08484	0.05253	-1.61 0.10)6
Capspen	-0.14496	0.08098	-1.79 0.07	73

Log-Likelihood = -32.633

Test that all slopes are zero: G = 36.086, DF = 3, P-Value = 0.000

e&f. $Y^{(1)}$

i:	1	2	 95	96	97
$\overline{Dev_i}$:	.8018	3651	 0233	0113	0012
ΔX_i^2 :	.4036	.1476	 .0003	.0001	.0000
Δdev_i :	.6673	.1431	 .0005	.0001	.0000
D_i :	.0065	.0026	 .0000	.0000	.0000

$$Y^{(2)}$$

$$14.60. \quad \text{a. } b = \begin{bmatrix} -133.0400 \\ -123.4400 \\ .00002 \\ .0014 \\ -.5250 \\ .9014 \\ 1.1787 \\ .5412 \\ -.3977 \\ .0585 \\ .0000 \\ .4336 \end{bmatrix}$$

- b. X_{13} , or X_{12} , or X_8 , or X_7 can be dropped.
- c. Drop X_{12} , then X_{13} , then X_8 , then X_7 , then stop.

e&f. $Y^{(1)}$

i:	1	2	 520	521	522
$\overline{Dev_i}$:	4904	1791	 0000	0143	0000
ΔX_i^2 :	.1300	.0160	 .0000	.0000	.0000
Δdev_i :	.2423	.0322	 .0000	.0002	.0000
D_i :	.0003	.0000	 .0000	.0000	.0000
$Y^{(2)}$					
i:	1	2	 520	521	522
$\overline{Dev_i}$:	.0162	.2472	 2214	4205	0850
ΔX_i^2 :	.0000	.0320	 .0250	.0940	.0040
Δdev_i :	.0003	.0616	 .0492	.1782	.0072
D_i :	.00000	.00007	 .00003	.00020	.00000

14.61. a. The estimated regression coefficients and their estimated standard deviations are as follows,

Poisson Regression

Coefficient Estimates

Label	Estimate	Std. Error
Constant	0.499446	0.176041
Cost	0.0000149508	2.854645E-6
Age	0.00672387	0.00296715
Gender	0.181920	0.0439932
Interventions	0.0100748	0.00380812
Drugs	0.193237	0.0126846

 Complications
 0.0612547
 0.0599478

 Comorbids
 -0.000899912
 0.00368517

 Duration
 0.000352919
 0.000189870

b.

i:	1	2	3	 786	787	788
Dev_i :	.2813	1.7836	-1.0373	 .6562	-1.2158	0544

- c. X_3 , or X_8 , or X_9 or X_{10} can be dropped.
- d. $G^2 = 5.262$, conclude X_0 , the P-value=.1536.
- e. We drop X_9 , then drop X_8 , then stop.

Chapter 15

INTRODUCTION TO THE DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTAL AND OBSERVATIONAL STUDIES

- 15.7. Panel.
- 15.8. a. Mixed. Type of instruction is an experimental factor, and school is an observational factor.
 - b. Factor 1: type of instruction, two levels (standard curriculum, computer-based curriculum).
 - Factor 2: school, three levels.
 - Randomized complete blocked design.
 - d. Section.
- 15.9. a. Observational.
 - b. Factor: expenditures for research and development in the past three years. Factor levels: low, moderate, and high.
 - c. Cross-sectional study.
 - d. Firm.
- 15.10. a. Mixed. Color of paper is experimental factor, and parking lot is an observational factor.
 - b. Factor 1: color of paper, three levels (blue, green, orange).
 - Factor 2: supermarket parking lot, four levels.
 - c. Randomized complete block design.
 - d. Car.
- 15.11. a. Observational.
 - b. Fitness status, three levels (below average, average, above average).
 - c. Cross-sectional study.

- d. Person
- 15.12. a. Mixed. Applicant's eye contact is an experimental factor, and personnel officer's gender is an observational factor.
 - b. Factor 1: applicant's eye contact, two levels (yes, no).
 - Factor 2: personnel officer's gender (male, female).
 - c. Randomized complete blocked design.
 - d. Personnel officer.
- 15.13. a. Mixed.
 - b. Wheel.
 - c. Four rubber compounds.
 - d. Randomized complete blocked design.
 - e. Balanced incomplete blocked design.
- 15.14. a. Experimental.
 - b. Factor 1: ingredient 1, with three levels (low, medium, high).
 - Factor 2: ingredient 2, with three levels (low, medium, high).
 - There are 9 factor-level combinations.
 - d. Completely randomized design.
 - e. Volunteer.
- 15.15. a. Observational.
 - b. Factor 1: treatment duration, with 2 levels (short, long).
 - Factor 2: weight gain, with 3 levels (slight, moderate, substantial)
 - c. Cross-sectional study.
 - d. Patient.
- 15.16. a. Mixed.
 - b. Factor: questionnaire, with 3 levels (A, B, C).
 - c. Repeated measure design.
 - d. Subject-time combination (i.e., the different occasions when a treatment is applied to a subject).
- 15.17. a. Observational.
 - b. Factor 1: batch, with 5 levels.
 - Factor 2: barrel, with 4 levels (nested within batch).
 - c. Nested design.
 - d. Barrel.

- 15.18. a. Experimental.
 - b. Factor 1: poly-film thickness, with 2 levels (low, high).
 - Factor 2: old mixture ratio, with 2 levels (low, high).
 - Factor 3: operator glove type, with 2 levels (cotton, nylon).
 - Factor 4: underside oil coating, with 2 levels (no coating, coating).
 - c. Fractional factorial design.
 - d. 1000 moldings in a batch.
- 15.19. a. Randomized complete block design with four blocks and three treatments.
 - c. Assembler.
- 15.20. a. 2^3 factorial design with two replicates.
 - c. Rod
- 15.23. a. H_0 : $\bar{W} = 0$, H_a : $\bar{W} \neq 0$. $t^* = -.1915/.0112 = -17.10$, t(.975, 19) = 2.093. If $|t^*| > 2.093$ conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+. Agree with results on page 670. They should agree.
 - b. H_0 : $\beta_2 = \cdots = \beta_{20} = 0$, H_a : not all β_k (k = 2, 3, ..., 20) equal zero. $F^* = [(.23586 .023828)/(38 19)] \div [.023828/19] = 8.90$, F(.95; 19, 19) = 2.17. If $F^* > 2.17$ conclude H_0 , otherwise conclude H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+.

Not of primary interest because blocking factor was used here to increase the precision.

15.24. Since $\bar{X} = \frac{n/2}{n} = 1/2$, it follows from the definition of X_i that:

$$\sum (X_i - \bar{X}) = n/2(1 - 1/2)^2 + n/2(0 - 1/2)^2 = n/4.$$

Then from (15.5a): $\sigma^2\{b_1\} = 4\sigma^2/n$.

Chapter 16

SINGLE-FACTOR STUDIES

16.4. b.
$$E\{MSTR\} = 9 + \frac{25(450)}{2} = 5,634$$
 $E\{MSE\} = 9$

16.5. b.
$$E\{MSTR\} = (2.8)^2 + \frac{100(11)}{3} = 374.507$$
 $E\{MSE\} = 7.84$

c.
$$E\{MSTR\} = (2.8)^2 + \frac{100(15.46)}{3} = 523.173$$

16.7. b.
$$\hat{Y}_{1j} = \bar{Y}_{1.} = 6.87778, \ \hat{Y}_{2j} = \bar{Y}_{2.} = 8.13333, \ \hat{Y}_{3j} = \bar{Y}_{3.} = 9.20000$$

c. e_{ij} :

Yes

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between levels	20.125	2	10.0625
Error	15.362	24	.6401
Total	35.487	26	

- e. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all μ_i are equal. $F^* = 10.0625/.6401 = 15.720$, F(.95; 2, 24) = 3.40. If $F^* \leq 3.40$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- f. P-value = 0+

16.8. b.
$$\hat{Y}_{1j} = \bar{Y}_{1.} = 29.4, \ \hat{Y}_{2j} = \bar{Y}_{2.} = 29.6, \ \hat{Y}_{3j} = \bar{Y}_{3.} = 28.0$$

c. e_{ij} :

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between colors	7.60	2	3.80
Error	116.40	12	9.70
Total	124.00	14	

e. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all μ_i are equal. $F^* = 3.80/9.70 = .392$, F(.90; 2, 12) = 2.81. If $F^* \leq 2.81$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .684

16.9. b.
$$\hat{Y}_{1j} = \bar{Y}_{1.} = 38.0, \ \hat{Y}_{2j} = \bar{Y}_{2.} = 32.0, \ \hat{Y}_{3j} = \bar{Y}_{3.} = 24.0$$

c. e_{ij} :

Yes

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between treatments	672.0	2	336.00
Error	416.0	21	19.81
Total	1,088.0	23	

e. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all μ_i are equal. $F^* = 336.00/19.81 = 16.96$, F(.99; 2, 21) = 5.78. If $F^* \leq 5.78$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

16.10. b.
$$\hat{Y}_{1j} = \bar{Y}_{1.} = 21.500, \ \hat{Y}_{2j} = \bar{Y}_{2.} = 27.750, \ \hat{Y}_{3j} = \bar{Y}_{3.} = 21.417$$

c. e_{ij} :

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between ages	316.722	2	158.361
Error	82.167	33	2.490
Total	398.889	35	

- e. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i=1,2,3), H_a : not all μ_i are equal. $F^*=158.361/2.490=63.599$, F(.99;2,33)=5.31. If $F^*\leq 5.31$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- 16.11. b. $\hat{Y}_{1j} = \bar{Y}_{1.} = .0735, \ \hat{Y}_{2j} = \bar{Y}_{2.} = .1905, \ \hat{Y}_{3j} = \bar{Y}_{3.} = .4600, \ \hat{Y}_{4j} = \bar{Y}_{4.} = .3655,$ $\hat{Y}_{5j} = \bar{Y}_{5.} = .1250, \ \hat{Y}_{6j} = \bar{Y}_{6.} = .1515$
 - c. e_{ij} :

Yes

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between machines	2.28935	5	.45787
Error	3.53060	114	.03097
Total	5.81995	119	

- e. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i = 1, ..., 6), H_a : not all μ_i are equal. $F^* = .45787/.03097 = 14.78$, F(.95; 5, 114) = 2.29. If $F^* \le 2.29$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- f. P-value = 0+

16.12. b.
$$\hat{Y}_{1j} = \bar{Y}_{1.} = 24.55, \ \hat{Y}_{2j} = \bar{Y}_{2.} = 22.55, \ \hat{Y}_{3j} = \bar{Y}_{3.} = 11.75, \ \hat{Y}_{4j} = \bar{Y}_{4.} = 14.80,$$

$$\hat{Y}_{5j} = \bar{Y}_{5.} = 30.10$$

c. e_{ij} :

Yes

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between agents	4,430.10	4	1,107.525
Error	714.65	95	7.523
Total	5, 144.75	99	

- e. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i = 1, ..., 5), H_a : not all μ_i are equal. $F^* = 1, 107.525/7.523 = 147.22$, F(.90; 4, 95) = 2.00. If $F^* \le 2.00$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- f. P-value = 0+

16.15.
$$\mu_{\cdot} = 80, \, \tau_1 = -15, \, \tau_2 = 0, \, \tau_3 = 15$$

16.16.
$$\mu_1 = 7.2, \, \tau_1 = -2.1, \, \tau_2 = -.9, \, \tau_3 = .7, \, \tau_4 = 2.3$$

- 16.17. a. $\hat{\mu} = 20.4725$
 - b. H_0 : all τ_i equal zero (i=1,...,5), H_a : not all τ_i equal zero. No
- 16.18. a.

b.

$$\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{1} \\ \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{2} \\ \mu_{\cdot} - \tau_{1} - \tau_{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{1} \\ \mu_{2} \\ \mu_{3} \\ \mu_{3} \\ \mu_{3} \\ \mu_{3} \\ \mu_{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

c.
$$\hat{Y} = 8.07037 - 1.19259X_1 + .06296X_2$$
, μ defined in (16.63)

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	20.125	2	10.0625
Error	15.362	24	.6401
Total	35.487	26	

e. H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero. $F^* = 10.0625/.6401 = 15.720$, F(.95; 2, 24) = 3.40. If $F^* \le 3.40$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

16.19. a.

b.

$$\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{1} \\ \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{2} \\ \mu_{\cdot} - \tau_{1} - \tau_{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{1} \\ \mu_{1} \\ \mu_{1} \\ \mu_{1} \\ \mu_{1} \\ \mu_{2} \\ \mu_{2} \\ \mu_{2} \\ \mu_{2} \\ \mu_{3} \\ \mu_{3} \\ \mu_{3} \\ \mu_{3} \\ \mu_{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

c.
$$\hat{Y} = 29.0 + .4X_1 + .6X_2$$
, μ defined in (16.63)

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	7.60	2	3.80
Error	116.40	12	9.70
Total	124.00	14	

e. H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero.

 $F^* = 3.80/9.70 = .392$, F(.90; 2, 12) = 2.81. If $F^* \le 2.81$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

16.20. a.

$$\mathbf{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} 29 \\ \vdots \\ 42 \\ 30 \\ \vdots \\ 33 \\ 26 \\ \vdots \\ 22 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -\frac{8}{6} & -\frac{10}{6} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & -\frac{8}{6} & -\frac{10}{6} \end{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{\cdot} \\ \tau_{1} \\ \tau_{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

b.

$$\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{1} \\ \vdots \\ \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{1} \\ \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{2} \\ \vdots \\ \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{2} \\ \mu_{\cdot} - \frac{8}{6}\tau_{1} - \frac{10}{6}\tau_{2} \\ \vdots \\ \mu_{\cdot} - \frac{8}{6}\tau_{1} - \frac{10}{6}\tau_{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{1} \\ \vdots \\ \mu_{1} \\ \mu_{2} \\ \vdots \\ \mu_{3} \\ \vdots \\ \mu_{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

c. $\hat{Y} = 32.0 + 6.0X_1 + 0.0X_2$, μ defined in (16.80a)

d.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	672	2	336.00
Error	416	21	19.81
Total	1088	23	

e. H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero.

 $F^* = 336.00/19.81 = 16.96$, F(.99; 2, 21) = 5.78. If $F^* \le 5.78$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

16.21. a. $\hat{Y} = 23.55556 - 2.05556X_1 + 4.19444X_2$, μ defined in (16.63)

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	316.722	2	158.361
Error	82.167	33	2.490
Total	398.889	35	

 H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero. $F^* = 158.361/2.490 = 63.599$, F(.99; 2, 33) = 5.31. If $F^* \le 5.31$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

16.22. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 38X_1 + 32X_2 + 24X_3$$

b.
$$\hat{Y} = 32$$

c. H_0 : all μ_i are equal $(i=1,2,3),\ H_a$: not all μ_i are equal. $SSE(F)=416,\ SSE(R)=1,088,\ F^*=(672/2)\div(416/21)=16.96,\ F(.99;2,21)=5.78.$ If $F^*\leq 5.78$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

16.23.
$$1 - \beta \cong .878$$

16.24. a.
$$\mu_{\cdot} = 15.5, \, \phi = 1.58, \, 1 - \beta \cong .47$$

b.
$$1 - \beta \cong .18$$

16.25.
$$\mu = 7.889, \ \phi = 2.457, \ 1 - \beta \cong .95$$

16.26.
$$\mu = 33.917, \ \phi = 2.214, \ 1 - \beta \cong .70$$

16.27.
$$\mu_1 = 24, \ \phi = 6.12, \ 1 - \beta > .99$$

$$\frac{\triangle:}{n:}$$
 10 15 20 30

$$\triangle: 10 \quad 15 \quad 20 \quad 30$$
 $n: 39 \quad 18 \quad 11 \quad 6$

$$\frac{\sigma: 50 \quad 25 \quad 20}{n: 34 \quad 10 \quad 7}$$

$$\lambda: 20 10 5$$
 $n: 10 38 150$

$$\frac{\lambda: 20 \quad 10 \quad 5}{n: 22 \quad 85 \quad 337}$$

16.32. a.
$$\Delta/\sigma = 4.5/3.0 = 1.5, n = 13$$

b.
$$\Delta/\sigma = 6.0/3.0 = 2.0, 1 - \beta \ge .95$$

c.
$$n = [3.6173(3.0)/1.5]^2 = 53$$

16.33. a.
$$\Delta/\sigma = 5.63/4.5 = 1.25, n = 20$$

b.
$$\phi = \frac{1}{4.5} \left[\frac{20}{3} (40.6667) \right]^{1/2} = 3.659, 1 - \beta \ge .99$$

c.
$$(2.0\sqrt{n})/4.5 = 2.2302, n = 26$$

16.34. a.
$$\Delta/\sigma = .15/.15 = 1.0, n = 22$$

b.
$$\phi = \frac{1}{.15} \left[\frac{22}{6} (.02968) \right]^{1/2} = 2.199, 1 - \beta \ge .97$$

c.
$$(.10\sqrt{n})/.15 = 3.1591, n = 23$$

16.35. a.
$$\Delta/\sigma = 3.75/3.0 = 1.25, n = 22$$

b.
$$(1.0\sqrt{n})/3.0 = 2.5997, n = 61$$

16.36.
$$L = \prod_{i=1}^{3} \prod_{j=1}^{2} \left(\frac{1}{2\pi\sigma^{2}}\right)^{1/2} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}}(Y_{ij} - \mu_{i})^{2}\right]$$
$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi\sigma^{2})^{3}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{3} \sum_{j=1}^{2} (Y_{ij} - \mu_{i})^{2}\right]$$
$$\log_{e} L = -3 \log_{e} 2\pi - 3 \log_{e} \sigma^{2} - \frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{2} (Y_{ij} - \mu_{i})^{2}$$
$$\frac{\partial(\log_{e} L)}{\partial \mu_{i}} = -\frac{2}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum_{i} (Y_{ij} - \mu_{i})(-1)$$

Setting the partial derivatives equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the maximum likelihood estimators yields:

$$\sum_{j} (Y_{ij} - \hat{\mu}_i) = 0$$

or

$$\hat{\mu}_i = \bar{Y}_{i.}$$

Yes

16.37.
$$t^* = \frac{\bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.}}{s\{\bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.}\}} = \frac{\bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.}}{\sqrt{\frac{n_T}{n_1 n_2}} \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma(Y_{1j} - \bar{Y}_{1.})^2 + \Sigma(Y_{2j} - \bar{Y}_{2.})^2}{n_T - 2}}}$$
$$F^* = \frac{n_1(\bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{..})^2 + n_2(\bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{..})^2}{\left(\frac{\Sigma(Y_{1j} - \bar{Y}_{1.})^2 + \Sigma(Y_{2j} - \bar{Y}_{2.})^2}{n_T - 2}\right)}$$

Therefore to show $(t^*)^2 = F^*$, it suffices to show:

$$\frac{n_1 n_2}{n_T} (\bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.})^2 = n_1 (\bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{..})^2 + n_2 (\bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{..})^2$$

Now, the right-hand side equals:

$$\begin{split} n_1 \left[\bar{Y}_{1.} - \left(\frac{n_1 \bar{Y}_{1.} + n_2 \bar{Y}_{2.}}{n_T} \right) \right]^2 + n_2 \left[\bar{Y}_{2.} - \left(\frac{n_1 \bar{Y}_{1.} + n_2 \bar{Y}_{2.}}{n_T} \right) \right]^2 \\ &= n_1 \left(\frac{n_T \bar{Y}_{1.} - n_1 \bar{Y}_{1.} - n_2 \bar{Y}_{2.}}{n_T} \right)^2 + n_2 \left(\frac{n_T \bar{Y}_{2.} - n_1 \bar{Y}_{1.} - n_2 \bar{Y}_{2.}}{n_T} \right)^2 \\ &= n_1 \left[\frac{n_2}{n_T} \left(\bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.} \right) \right]^2 + n_2 \left[\frac{n_1}{n_T} \left(\bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} \right) \right]^2 \\ &= \frac{n_1 n_2}{n_T} \left(\bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.} \right)^2 \end{split}$$

16.38.
$$\sum w_i \tau_i = \sum w_i (\mu_i - \mu_.) = \sum w_i \mu_i - \mu_. \sum w_i$$
$$= \mu_. - \mu_. = 0$$
$$\text{since } \sum w_i = 1 \text{ and } \mu_. = \sum w_i \mu_i$$

16.39. a. Using (6.25) and substituting $\hat{\boldsymbol{\mu}}$ for **b**:

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\mu}} = (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{Y}$$

$$\mathbf{X'X} = \begin{bmatrix} n_1 & & & & & \\ & n_2 & & 0 & & \\ & & \cdot & & \\ & & & \cdot & \\ & 0 & & \cdot & \\ & & & n_r \end{bmatrix} \qquad (\mathbf{X'X})^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} n_1^{-1} & & & & \\ & n_2^{-1} & & 0 & \\ & & \cdot & & \\ & & & \cdot & \\ & 0 & & \cdot & \\ & & & n_r^{-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{X'Y} = \left[egin{array}{c} Y_1. \ Y_2. \ \vdots \ \vdots \ Y_{r.} \end{array}
ight] \qquad \qquad \hat{\mu} = \left[egin{array}{c} ar{Y}_1. \ ar{Y}_2. \ \vdots \ \vdots \ ar{Y}_{r.} \end{array}
ight]$$

$$SSE(F) = \sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{i.})^2 = SSE$$

b.
$$\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X} = n_T, \ (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = \frac{1}{n_T}, \ \mathbf{X}'\mathbf{Y} = \sum \sum Y_{ij}$$
$$\hat{\mu}_c = \frac{1}{n_T} \sum \sum Y_{ij} = \bar{Y}_{..}$$
$$SSE(R) = \sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{..})^2 = SSTO$$

- 16.40. a. 90, 15
 - b. Smallest P-value = .067

Differentiating with respect to μ_2 yields:

$$\frac{12}{9}\mu_2 - \frac{6}{9}$$

Setting this derivative equal to zero and solving yields $\mu_2 = .5$.

16.42. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i = 1, ..., 4), H_a : not all μ_i are equal.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between regions	13.9969	3	4.6656
Error	187.3829	109	1.7191
Total	201.3798	112	

 $F^* = 4.6656/1.7191 = 2.714$, F(.95; 3, 109) = 2.688. If $F^* \le 2.688$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

16.43. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i = 1, ..., 4), H_a : not all μ_i are equal.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between ages	3.0677	3	1.02257
Error	198.3121	109	1.81938
Total	201.3798	112	

 $F^* = 1.02257/1.81938 = .562$, F(.90; 3, 109) = 2.135. If $F^* \le 2.135$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

16.44. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i = 1, ..., 4), H_a : not all μ_i are equal.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between regions	.059181	3	.019727
Error	.268666	436	.000616
Total	.327847	439	

 $F^* = .019727/.000616 = 32.01$, F(.95; 3, 436) = 2.6254. If $F^* \le 2.6254$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

16.45. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i = 1, ..., 4), H_a : not all μ_i are equal.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between treatments	1.6613	3	.5538
Error	.7850	32	.0245
Total	2.4463	35	

 $F^* = .5538/.0245 = 22.57$, F(.95; 3, 32) = 2.9011. If $F^* \le 2.9011$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

16.46. c.
$$E\{F^*\} = \frac{\nu_2}{\nu_2 - 2} = 1.2$$

- d. Expected proportion is .95.
- e. $E\{F^*\} = 117.9$; $E\{MSTR\} = 14,144$, $E\{MSE\} = 144$
- f. $\phi = 8.05$, expected proportion is $1 \beta > .99$.
- 16.47. a. 20, 6

b.

P-value = .10

c.
$$P\{F(1, 4) \ge 2.74\} = .17$$

16.48. a.

 H_0 : $\mu_1 = \mu_2$, H_a : $\mu_1 \neq \mu_2$. $F^* = 7.71$. P-value $= P(F^* \geq 7.71) = .0571$. If P-value $\geq .10$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

b&c.

$$F(.90; 1, 6) = 3.78$$
 $F(.95; 1, 6) = 5.99$ $F(.99; 1, 6) = 13.7$
 $10/70 = .143$ $4/70 = .0571$ $2/70 = .0286$

Chapter 17

ANALYSIS OF FACTOR LEVEL MEANS

17.3. a. (i) and (iii) are contrasts.

b. (i)
$$\hat{L} = \bar{Y}_{1.} + 3\bar{Y}_{2.} - 4\bar{Y}_{3.}$$
, $s^2\{\hat{L}\} = \frac{26MSE}{n}$
(ii) $\hat{L} = .3\bar{Y}_{1.} + .5\bar{Y}_{2.} + .1\bar{Y}_{3.} + .1\bar{Y}_{4.}$, $s^2\{\hat{L}\} = \frac{.36MSE}{n}$
(iii) $\hat{L} = \frac{(\bar{Y}_{1.} + \bar{Y}_{2.} + \bar{Y}_{3.})}{3} - \bar{Y}_{4.}$, $s^2\{\hat{L}\} = \frac{4MSE}{3n}$

17.4. a. q(.90; 6, 54) = 3.765, F(.90; 5, 54) = 1.96

b. Refer to part (a) for S and B multiples.

17.5. a.
$$q(.95; 5, 20) = 4.23, F(.95; 4, 20) = 2.87$$

b.
$$q(.95; 5, 95) = 3.94, F(.95; 4, 95) = 2.46$$

17.7.
$$q(.99; 2, 18) = 4.07, F(.99; 1, 18) = 8.29, T = S = B = t(.995; 18) = 2.88$$

17.8. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{1.} = 6.878, \, \bar{Y}_{2.} = 8.133, \, \bar{Y}_{3.} = 9.200$$

b.
$$s\{\bar{Y}_{3.}\} = .327, t(.975; 24) = 2.064, 9.200 \pm 2.064(.327), 8.525 \le \mu_3 \le 9.875$$

c.
$$\hat{D} = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} = 1.255$$
, $s\{\hat{D}\} = .353$, $t(.975; 24) = 2.064, 1.255 \pm 2.064(.353)$, $.526 \le D \le 1.984$

d.
$$\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{2.} = 1.067$$
, $\hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} = 2.322$, $\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} = 1.255$, $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .400$, $s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .422$, $s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .353$, $q(.90; 3, 24) = 3.05$, $T = 2.157$

$$1.067 \pm 2.157(.400)$$

$$.204 \le D_1 \le 1.930$$

$$2.322 \pm 2.157(.422)$$

$$1.412 \le D_2 \le 3.232$$

$$1.255 \pm 2.157(.353)$$

$$.494 \le D_3 \le 2.016$$

e.
$$F(.90; 2, 24) = 2.54, S = 2.25$$

$$B = t(.9833; 24) = 2.257$$

Yes

17.9. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{1.} = 29.4, \ \bar{Y}_{2.} = 29.6, \ \bar{Y}_{3.} = 28.0, \ s\{\bar{Y}_{1.}\} = s\{\bar{Y}_{2.}\} = s\{\bar{Y}_{3.}\} = \sqrt{\frac{9.7}{5}} = 1.3928, \ t(.975; 12) = 2.179$$

b.
$$s\{\bar{Y}_{1.}\}=1.393, t(.95;12)=1.782, 29.40\pm1.782(1.393), 26.92\leq \mu_1\leq 31.88$$

c.
$$H_0: D = \mu_3 - \mu_2 = 0, H_a: D \neq 0. \ \hat{D} = -1.6, s\{\hat{D}\} = 1.970,$$

 $t^* = -1.6/1.970 = -.81, t(.95; 12) = 1.782.$

If $|t^*| \leq 1.782$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . No

17.10. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{1.} = 38.00, \, \bar{Y}_{2.} = 32.00, \, \bar{Y}_{3.} = 24.00$$

b.
$$MSE=19.81, s\{\bar{Y}_{2.}\}=1.4075, t(.995;21)=2.831, 32.00\pm2.831(1.4075), 28.02 \le \mu_2 \le 35.98$$

c.
$$\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{3.} = 8.00, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.} = 6.00, \ s\{\hat{D}_1\} = 2.298, \ s\{\hat{D}_2\} = 2.111, \ B = t(.9875; 21) = 2.414$$

$$8.00 \pm 2.414(2.298)$$

$$2.45 \le D_1 \le 13.55$$

$$6.00 \pm 2.414(2.111)$$

$$.90 \le D_2 \le 11.10$$

d.
$$q(.95; 3, 21) = 3.57, T = 2.524$$
, no

- e. Yes, no
- f. q(.95; 3, 21) = 3.57

	α	
Test	Comi	parison

i	D_i	\hat{D}_i	$s\{\hat{D}_i\}$	q_i^*	Conclusion
1	$\mu_1 - \mu_2$	6.00	2.111	4.02	H_a
2	$\mu_1 - \mu_3$	14.00	2.404	8.24	H_a
3	$\mu_2 - \mu_3$	8.00	2.298	4.92	H_a

Group 1: Below Average

Group 2: Average

Group 3: Above Average

17.11. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{1} = 21.500, \, \bar{Y}_{2} = 27.750, \, \bar{Y}_{3} = 21.417$$

b. $MSE = 2.490, \ s\{\bar{Y}_{1.}\} = .456, \ t(.995; 33) = 2.733, \ 21.500 \pm 2.733(.456), \ 20.254 \le \mu_1 \le 22.746$

c.
$$\hat{D} = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} = -.083, \ s\{\hat{D}\} = .644, \ t(.995; 33) = 2.733, \ -.083 \pm 2.733(.644), \ -1.843 \le D \le 1.677$$

d.
$$H_0: 2\mu_2 - \mu_1 - \mu_3 = 0$$
, $H_a: 2\mu_2 - \mu_1 - \mu_3 \neq 0$. $F^* = (12.583)^2 / 1.245 = 127.17$, $F(.99; 1, 33) = 7.47$. If $F^* \leq 7.47$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

e.
$$\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} = -.083$$
, $\hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{2.} = -6.333$, $\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{1.} = 6.250$, $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .644$ $(i = 1, 2, 3)$, $q(.90; 3, 33) = 3.01$, $T = 2.128$

$$-.083 \pm 2.128(.644)$$
 $-1.453 \le D_1 \le 1.287$
 $-6.333 \pm 2.128(.644)$ $-7.703 \le D_2 \le -4.963$
 $6.250 \pm 2.128(.644)$ $4.880 \le D_3 \le 7.620$

f. B = t(.9833; 33) = 2.220, no

17.12. a.
$$\bar{Y}_1 = .0735, \bar{Y}_2 = .1905, \bar{Y}_3 = .4600, \bar{Y}_4 = .3655, \bar{Y}_5 = .1250, \bar{Y}_6 = .1515$$

- b. $MSE = .03097, \ s\{\bar{Y}_{1.}\} = .0394, \ t(.975; 114) = 1.981, \ .0735 \pm 1.981(.0394), \ -.005 \le \mu_1 \le .152$
- c. $\hat{D} = \bar{Y}_{2.} \bar{Y}_{1.} = .1170, \ s\{\hat{D}\} = .0557, \ t(.975; 114) = 1.981, \ .1170 \pm 1.981(.0557), \ .007 < D < .227$
- e. $\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1.} \bar{Y}_{4.} = -.2920$, $\hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1.} \bar{Y}_{5.} = -.0515$, $\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{4.} \bar{Y}_{5.} = .2405$, $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .0557$ (i = 1, 2, 3), B = t(.9833; 114) = 2.178

Test Comparison

i	i	t_i^*	Conclusion
1	D_1	-5.242	$\overline{H_a}$
2	D_2	925	H_0
3	D_3	4.318	H_a

f. q(.90; 6, 114) = 3.71, T = 2.623, no

17.13. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{1.}=24.55, \ \bar{Y}_{2.}=22.55, \ \bar{Y}_{3.}=11.75, \ \bar{Y}_{4.}=14.80, \ \bar{Y}_{5.}=30.10,$$

$$s\{\bar{Y}_{i.}\}=\sqrt{\tfrac{7.52}{20}}=.6132, \ (i=1,2,3,4,5), \ t(.975;95)=1.985$$

b.

Test 1:
$$H_0$$
: $\mu_1 - \mu_2 = 0$ Test 6: H_0 : $\mu_2 - \mu_4 = 0$ H_a : $\mu_1 - \mu_2 \neq 0$ H_a : $\mu_2 - \mu_4 \neq 0$ Test 2: H_0 : $\mu_1 - \mu_3 = 0$ Test 7: H_0 : $\mu_2 - \mu_5 = 0$ H_a : $\mu_1 - \mu_3 \neq 0$ Test 8: H_0 : $\mu_2 - \mu_5 \neq 0$ Test 3: H_0 : $\mu_1 - \mu_4 = 0$ Test 8: H_0 : $\mu_3 - \mu_4 = 0$ H_a : $\mu_1 - \mu_4 \neq 0$ Test 4: H_0 : $\mu_1 - \mu_5 = 0$ Test 9: H_0 : $\mu_3 - \mu_5 = 0$ H_a : $\mu_1 - \mu_5 \neq 0$ Test 5: H_0 : $\mu_2 - \mu_3 = 0$ Test 10: H_0 : $\mu_4 - \mu_5 = 0$ H_a : $\mu_4 - \mu_5 \neq 0$ Test 5: H_0 : $\mu_2 - \mu_3 \neq 0$ Test 10: H_0 : $\mu_4 - \mu_5 \neq 0$ Test 5: H_0 : $H_$

$$\hat{D}_7 = 22.55 - 30.10 = -7.55, \ \hat{D}_8 = 11.75 - 14.80 = -3.05,$$

 $\hat{D}_9 = 11.75 - 30.10 = -18.35, \ \hat{D}_{10} = 14.80 - 30.10 = -15.30,$
 $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .8673 \ (i = 1, ..., 10), \ q(.90; 5, 95) = 3.54.$

If $|q_i^*| \leq 3.54$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a .

Test		
i	q_i^*	Conclusion
1	3.26	H_o
2	20.87	H_a
3	15.90	H_a
4	-9.05	H_a
5	17.61	H_a
6	12.64	H_a
7	-12.31	H_a
8	-4.97	H_a
9	-29.92	H_a
10	-24.95	H_a

Group 1 ent $3 \overline{V}_2 = 11.75$

Group 2

Agent 3 $\bar{Y}_{3.} = 11.75$ Agent 4 $\bar{Y}_{4.} = 14.80$

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{Group 3} & \textbf{Group 4} \\ \textbf{Agent 1 } \bar{Y}_{1.} = 24.55 & \textbf{Agent 5 } \bar{Y}_{5.} = 30.10 \\ \textbf{Agent 2 } \bar{Y}_{2.} = 22.55 & \end{array}$

- c. $MSE = 7.523, s\{\bar{Y}_{1.}\} = .6133, t(.95; 95) = 1.661, 24.550 \pm 1.661(.6133), 23.531 \le \mu_1 \le 25.569$
- d. $\hat{D} = \bar{Y}_2 \bar{Y}_1 = -2.000, \ s\{\hat{D}\} = .8673, \ t(.95; 95) = 1.661, \ -2.000 \pm 1.661(.8673), \ -3.441 < D < -.559$

$$12.800 \pm 2.158(.8673)$$
 $10.928 \le D_1 \le 14.072$
 $-5.550 \pm 2.158(.8673)$ $-7.422 \le D_2 \le -3.678$
 $-18.350 \pm 2.158(.8673)$ $-20.222 \le D_3 \le -16.478$

- f. q(.90; 5, 95) = 3.54, T = 2.503, no
- 17.14. a. $\hat{L} = (\bar{Y}_{1.} + \bar{Y}_{2.})/2 \bar{Y}_{3.} = (6.8778 + 8.1333)/2 9.200 = -1.6945,$ $s\{\hat{L}\} = .3712, t(.975; 24) = 2.064, -1.6945 \pm 2.064(.3712), -2.461 \le L \le -.928$
 - b. $\hat{L} = (3/9)\bar{Y}_{1.} + (4/9)\bar{Y}_{2.} + (2/9)\bar{Y}_{3.} = 7.9518, \ s\{\hat{L}\} = .1540, \ t(.975; 24) = 2.064, 7.9518 \pm 2.064(.1540), 7.634 \le L \le 8.270$
 - c. F(.90; 2, 24) = 2.54, S = 2.254; see also part (a) and Problem 17.8.

$$1.067 \pm 2.254(.400)$$
 $.165 \le D_1 \le 1.969$
 $2.322 \pm 2.254(.422)$ $1.371 \le D_2 \le 3.273$

```
.459 < D_3 < 2.051
                                           1.255 \pm 2.254(.353)
                                    -1.6945 \pm 2.254(.3712) -2.531 \le L_1 \le -.858
17.15. a. \hat{L} = (\bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.}) - (\bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{3.}) = \bar{Y}_{1.} - 2\bar{Y}_{2.} + \bar{Y}_{3.} = 38.000 - 2(32.000)
                         +24.000 = -2.000, s\{\hat{L}\} = 3.7016, t(.995; 21) = 2.831, -2.000 \pm 2.831(3.7016),
                           -12.479 < L < 8.479
               b. \hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.} = 6.000, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{3.} = 14.000, \ \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{3.} = 8.000,
                          \hat{L}_1 = \hat{D}_1 - \hat{D}_3 = -2.000, \ s\{\hat{D}_1\} = 2.1112, \ s\{\hat{D}_2\} = 2.4037, \ s\{\hat{D}_3\} = 2.2984,
                           s\{\tilde{L}_1\} = 3.7016, B = t(.99375; 21) = 2.732
                                        6.000 \pm 2.732(2.1112)
                                                                                                              .232 \le D_1 \le 11.768
                                                                                                       7.433 < D_2 < 20.567
                                     14.000 \pm 2.732(2.4037)
                                                                                                             1.721 \le D_3 \le 14.279
                                       8.000 \pm 2.732(2.2984)
                                     -2.000 \pm 2.732(3.7016) -12.113 \le L_1 \le 8.113
                c. F(.95; 2, 21) = 3.47, S = 2.634, yes
17.16. a. \hat{L} = (\bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{2.}) - (\bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{1.}) = \bar{Y}_{3.} - 2\bar{Y}_{2.} + \bar{Y}_{1.} = 21.4167 -
                         2(27.7500) + 21.500 = -12.5833, s\{\hat{L}\} = 1.1158, t(.995; 33) = 2.733,
                         -12.5833 \pm 2.733(1.1158), -15.632 \le L \le -9.534
                b. \hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_2 - \bar{Y}_1 = 6.2500, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_3 - \bar{Y}_2 = -6.3333, \ \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_3 - \bar{Y}_1 = -.0833,
                         \hat{L}_1 = \hat{D}_2 - \hat{D}_1 = -12.5833, \ s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .6442 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ s\{\hat{L}_1\} = 1.1158,
                           F(.90; 2, 33) = 2.47, S = 2.223
                                           6.2500 \pm 2.223(.6442)
                                                                                                                4.818 < D_1 < 7.682
                                        -6.3333 \pm 2.223(.6442)
                                                                                                      -7.765 \le D_2 \le -4.901
                                         -.0833 \pm 2.223(.6442)
                                                                                                          -1.515 < D_3 < 1.349
                                                                                                      -15.064 \le L_1 \le -10.103
                                     -12.5833 \pm 2.223(1.1158)
17.17. a. \hat{L} = (\bar{Y}_1 + \bar{Y}_2)/2 - (\bar{Y}_3 + \bar{Y}_4)/2 = (.0735 + .1905)/2 - (.4600 + .3655)/2
                         = -.28075, s\{\hat{L}\} = .03935, t(.975; 114) = 1.981, -.28075 \pm 1.981(.03935), -.3587 \le 0.03935, t(.975; 114) = 1.981, -.28075 \pm 1.981(.03935), -.3587 \le 0.03935, t(.975; 114) = 1.981, -.28075 \pm 1.981(.03935), -.3587 \le 0.03935, t(.975; 114) = 1.981, -.28075 \pm 1.981(.03935), -.3587 \le 0.03935, t(.975; 114) = 1.981, -.28075 \pm 1.981(.03935), -.3587 \le 0.03935, t(.975; 114) = 1.981, -.28075 \pm 1.981(.03935), -.3587 \le 0.03935, t(.975; 114) = 1.981, -.28075 \pm 1.981(.03935), -.3587 \le 0.03935, t(.975; 114) = 1.981, -.28075 \pm 1.981(.03935), -.3587 \le 0.03935, t(.975; 114) = 0.0395, t(.975; 
                          L \le -.2028
               b. \hat{D}_1 = -.1170, \ \hat{D}_2 = .0945, \ \hat{D}_3 = -.0265, \ \hat{L}_1 = -.28075, \ \hat{L}_2 = -.00625, \ \hat{L}_3 = -.0265
                           -.2776, \hat{L}_4 = .1341, s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .0557 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), s\{\hat{L}_1\} = s\{\hat{L}_2\} = .03935,
                           s\{\hat{L}_3\} = s\{\hat{L}_4\} = .03408, B = t(.99286; 114) = 2.488
                                     -.1170 \pm 2.488(.0557)
                                                                                                   -.2556 < D_1 < .0216
                                                                                                   -.0441 \le D_2 \le .2331
                                       .0945 \pm 2.488(.0557)
                                                                                                  -.1651 \le D_3 \le .1121
                                     -.0265 \pm 2.488(.0557)
                                                                                                      -.3787 \le L_1 \le -.1828
                                     -.28075 \pm 2.488(.03935)
                                                                                                      -.1042 < L_2 < .0917
                                     -.00625 \pm 2.488(.03935)
                                      -.2776 \pm 2.488(.03408)
                                                                                                      -.3624 \le L_3 \le -.1928
                                                                                                        .0493 \le L_4 \le .2189
                                         .1341 \pm 2.488(.03408)
```

17.18. a. $\hat{L} = (\bar{Y}_{1.} + \bar{Y}_{2.})/2 - (\bar{Y}_{3.} + \bar{Y}_{4.})/2 = (24.55 + 22.55)/2 - (11.75 + 14.80)/2$

= 10.275,
$$s\{\hat{L}\}$$
 = .6133, $t(.95; 95)$ = 1.661, $10.275 \pm 1.661(.6133)$, $9.256 \le L \le 11.294$

b.
$$\hat{D}_1 = 2.00$$
, $\hat{D}_2 = -3.05$, $\hat{L}_1 = -6.55$, $\hat{L}_2 = -16.825$, $\hat{L}_3 = 10.275$, $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .8673$ $(i = 1, 2)$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .7511$ $(i = 1, 2)$, $s\{\hat{L}_3\} = .6133$, $F(.90; 4, 95) = 1.997$, $S = 2.826$

$$2.00 \pm 2.826(.8673)$$
 $-.451 \le D_1 \le 4.451$
 $-3.05 \pm 2.826(.8673)$ $-5.501 \le D_2 \le -.599$
 $-6.55 \pm 2.826(.7511)$ $-8.673 \le L_1 \le -4.427$
 $-16.825 \pm 2.826(.7511)$ $-18.948 \le L_2 \le -14.702$
 $10.275 \pm 2.826(.6133)$ $8.542 \le L_3 \le 12.008$

c.
$$\hat{L} = .25\bar{Y}_{1.} + .20\bar{Y}_{2.} + .20\bar{Y}_{3.} + .20\bar{Y}_{4.} + .15\bar{Y}_{5.} = 20.4725, s\{\hat{L}\} = .2777, t(.95; 95) = 1.661, 20.4725 \pm 1.661(.2777), 20.011 \le L \le 20.934$$

17.19. a.
$$L_1 = \mu_1 - \mu$$
. $L_2 = \mu_2 - \mu$. $L_3 = \mu_3 - \mu$. $L_4 = \mu_4 - \mu$. $L_5 = \mu_5 - \mu$. $L_6 = \mu_6 - \mu$. $\hat{L}_1 = .0735 - .2277 = -.1542$, $\hat{L}_2 = .1905 - .2277 = -.0372$ $\hat{L}_3 = .4600 - .2277 = .2323$, $\hat{L}_4 = .3655 - .2277 = .1378$ $\hat{L}_5 = .1250 - .2277 = -.1027$, $\hat{L}_6 = .1515 - .2277 = -.0762$ $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = \sqrt{\frac{.03097}{20} \left(\frac{25}{36}\right) + \frac{.03097}{36} \left(\frac{5}{20}\right)} = .0359$ $B = t(.99583; 114) = 2.685$ $-.1542 \pm 2.685(.0359)$ $.2506 \le L_1 \le -.0578$ $-.0372 \pm 2.685(.0359)$ $.1359 \le L_3 \le .3287$ $.1378 \pm 2.685(.0359)$ $.0414 \le L_4 \le .2342$ $-.1027 \pm 2.685(.0359)$ $-.1991 \le L_5 \le -.0063$ $-.0762 \pm 2.685(.0359)$ $-.1726 \le L_6 \le .0202$

Conclude not all μ_i are equal.

17.20. a.
$$L_1 = \mu_1 - \mu$$
. $L_2 = \mu_2 - \mu$. $L_3 = \mu_3 - \mu$. $L_4 = \mu_4 - \mu$. $L_5 = \mu_5 - \mu$. $\hat{L}_1 = 24.55 - 20.75 = 3.80, \, \hat{L}_2 = 22.55 - 20.75 = 1.80$ $\hat{L}_3 = 11.75 - 20.75 = -9.00, \, \hat{L}_4 = 14.80 - 20.75 = -5.95$ $\hat{L}_5 = 30.10 - 20.75 = 9.35$ $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = \sqrt{\frac{7.5226}{20} \left(\frac{16}{25}\right) + \frac{7.5226}{25} \left(\frac{4}{20}\right)} = .5485$ $B = t(.99; 95) = 2.366$

$$3.80 \pm 2.366(.5485)$$
 $2.502 \le L_1 \le 5.098$
 $1.80 \pm 2.366(.5485)$ $.502 \le L_2 \le 3.098$
 $-9.00 \pm 2.366(.5485)$ $-10.298 \le L_3 \le -7.702$
 $-5.95 \pm 2.366(.5485)$ $-7.248 \le L_4 \le -4.652$
 $9.35 \pm 2.366(.5485)$ $8.052 \le L_5 \le 10.648$

Conclude not all μ_i are equal.

17.21. a.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_i + \epsilon_{ij}$$

b.

$$\bar{Y}_{i.}$$
: .0800 .1800 .5333 1.1467 2.8367

c.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments	15.3644	4	3.8411
Error	.1574	10	.01574
Total	15.5218	14	

- d. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i = 1, ..., 5), H_a : not all μ_i are equal. $F^* = 3.8411/.01574 = 244.034$, F(.975; 4, 10) = 4.47. If $F^* \le 4.47$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- e. $\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1.} \bar{Y}_{2.} = -.1000, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{2.} \bar{Y}_{3.} = -.3533, \ \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{3.} \bar{Y}_{4.} = -.6134.$ $D_4 = \bar{Y}_{4.} \bar{Y}_{5.} = -1.6900, \ s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .1024 \ (i = 1, ..., 4), \ B = t(.99375; 10) = 3.038$ $-.1000 \pm 3.038(.1024) \qquad -.411 \le D_1 \le .211$ $-.3533 \pm 3.038(.1024) \qquad -.664 \le D_2 \le -.042$ $-.6134 \pm 3.038(.1024) \qquad -.924 \le D_3 \le -.302$ $-1.6900 \pm 3.038(.1024) \qquad -2.001 \le D_4 \le -1.379$

17.23.
$$n = 13$$

17.24. Bonferroni,
$$n = 24$$

17.25. Bonferroni,
$$n = 45$$

17.26. Bonferroni,
$$n = 92$$

17.27. a.
$$n = 20, 2n = 40, n = 20$$

b. (1)
$$n = 26$$
, $n = 26$, $n = 26$

$$(2)$$
 $n = 18$, $3n = 54$, $n = 18$

c.
$$b(1)$$

17.28. a.
$$\hat{Y} = 68.66655 - .36820X$$

b.
$$e_{ij}$$
:

- c. $H_0: E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$, $H_a: E\{Y\} \neq \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$. SSPE = 416.0000, SSLF = .4037, $F^* = (.4037/1) \div (416.0000/21) = .020$, F(.95; 1, 21) = 4.32. If $F^* \leq 4.32$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- d. No

17.29. a.
$$\hat{Y} = .18472 + .06199x + .01016x^2$$

b. e_{ij} :

- c. $H_0: E\{Y\} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_{11} x^2$, $H_a: E\{Y\} \neq \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_{11} x^2$. SSPE = 3.5306, SSLF = .0408, $F^* = (.0408/3) \div (3.5306/114) = .439$, F(.99; 3, 114) = 3.96. If $F^* \leq 3.96$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- d. $H_0: \beta_{11} = 0, H_a: \beta_{11} \neq 0.$ $s\{b_{11}\} = .00525, t^* = .01016/.00525 = 1.935, t(.995; 117) = 2.619.$ If $|t^*| \leq 2.619$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

17.30. With
$$r = 2$$
 and $n_i \equiv n$, $MSE = s^2$ as defined in (A.63) and $\max(\bar{Y}_{i,} - \mu_i) - \min(\bar{Y}_{i,} - \mu_i) = (\bar{Y}_{i,} - \mu_i) - (\bar{Y}_{i',} - \mu_{i'}) =$

$$= (\bar{Y}_{i.} - \bar{Y}_{i'.}) - (\mu_i - \mu_{i'}), \ i \neq i'.$$

Thus:

$$q^* = \frac{(\bar{Y}_{i.} - \bar{Y}_{i'.}) - (\mu_i - \mu_{i'})}{s/\sqrt{n}} = \sqrt{2}|t^*|$$

17.31. Working within the probability expression, we obtain:

$$\left| \frac{(\bar{Y}_{i.} - \mu_{i}) - (\bar{Y}_{i'.} - \mu_{i'})}{\sqrt{MSE/n}} \right| \leq q(1 - \alpha; r, n_{T} - r) \quad \text{or}$$

$$\left| (\bar{Y}_{i.} - \mu_{i}) - (\bar{Y}_{i'.} - \mu_{i'}) \right| \leq \left(\sqrt{MSE/n} \right) q(1 - \alpha; r, n_{T} - r) \quad \text{or}$$

$$\left| (\bar{Y}_{i.} - \mu_{i}) - (\bar{Y}_{i'.} - \mu_{i'}) \right| \leq s\{\hat{D}\}T$$

$$\text{since } T = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} q(1 - \alpha; r, n_{T} - r) \text{ and } \sqrt{\frac{MSE}{n}} = \frac{s\{\hat{D}\}}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \text{or}$$

$$-s\{\hat{D}\}T \leq (\bar{Y}_{i.} - \bar{Y}_{i'.}) - (\mu_{i} - \mu_{i'}) \leq s\{\hat{D}\}T \quad \text{or}$$

$$(\bar{Y}_{i.} - \bar{Y}_{i'.}) - Ts\{\hat{D}\} \leq \mu_{i} - \mu_{i'} \leq (\bar{Y}_{i.} - \bar{Y}_{i'.}) + Ts\{\hat{D}\}$$

17.32. When r = 2, $S^2 = F(1 - \alpha; 1, n_T - 2)$ which by (A.50b) equals $[t(1 - \alpha/2; n_T - 2)]^2$.

17.33.

$$\begin{split} \sigma^2 \{ \hat{L}_i \} &= \sigma^2 \{ \bar{Y}_{i.} - \sum_{h=1}^r \bar{Y}_{h.} / r \} \\ &= \sigma^2 \{ \bar{Y}_{i.} \} + \sigma^2 \{ \sum \bar{Y}_{h.} / r \} - 2\sigma \{ \bar{Y}_{i.}, \sum \bar{Y}_{h.} / r \} \\ &= \frac{\sigma^2}{n_i} + \frac{1}{r^2} \sum_{h \neq i} (\sigma^2 / n_h) - \frac{2\sigma^2}{r n_i} \\ &= \frac{1}{r^2} \sigma^2 \sum_{h \neq i}^r (1 / n_h) + \frac{\sigma^2}{n_i} + \frac{\sigma^2}{r^2 n_i} - \frac{2\sigma^2}{r n_i} \\ &= \frac{1}{r^2} \sigma^2 \sum_{h \neq i}^r (1 / n_h) + \frac{\sigma^2}{n_i} \left(1 + \frac{1}{r^2} - \frac{2}{r} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{r^2} \sigma^2 \sum_{h \neq i}^r (1 / n_h) + \frac{\sigma^2}{n_i} \left(\frac{r-1}{r} \right)^2 \end{split}$$

Replacing σ^2 by the estimator MSE leads to (17.49).

17.34. Given $n_1 = n_3 = n$ and $n_2 = kn$. Let $c = kn/n_T$. Then $n_1 = n_3 = (n_T - kn)/2 = n_T(1 - c)/2$ and $n_2 = cn_T$. Hence: $\sigma^2\{\bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.}\} = \sigma^2\{\bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{2.}\} = \sigma^2\left[\frac{2}{n_T(1 - c)} + \frac{1}{cn_T}\right]$

Differentiating with respect to c yields:

$$\frac{2\sigma^2}{n_{xx}}(1-c)^{-2} + \frac{\sigma^2}{n_{xx}}(-c^{-2})$$

Setting the derivative equal to zero and solving yields c = .4142.

Hence,
$$n_2 = (.4142)n_T$$
 and $n_1 = n_3 = (.2929)n_T$.

(Note: This derivation treats n as a continuous variable. Since n_2 must be an even integer, appropriate rounding of the calculated sample sizes is required. For example, if $n_T = 100$, the calculated sample sizes are $n_1 = 29.29$, $n_2 = 41.42$, and $n_3 = 29.29$. The smallest variance is obtained for $n_1 = 29$, $n_2 = 42$, and $n_3 = 29$.)

$$\begin{array}{lll} 17.35. & \bar{Y}_{1.}=4.86071, \, \bar{Y}_{2.}=4.39375, \, \bar{Y}_{3.}=3.92703, \, \bar{Y}_{4.}=4.38125, \, MSE=1.7191, \\ & n_1=28, \, n_2=32, \, n_3=37, \, n_4=16, \\ & \hat{D}_1=\bar{Y}_{1.}-\bar{Y}_{2.}=.46696, \, \hat{D}_2=\bar{Y}_{1.}-\bar{Y}_{3.}=.93368, \, \hat{D}_3=\bar{Y}_{1.}-\bar{Y}_{4.}=.47946, \\ & \hat{D}_4=\bar{Y}_{2.}-\bar{Y}_{3.}=.46667, \, \hat{D}_5=\bar{Y}_{2.}-\bar{Y}_{4.}=.01250, \, \hat{D}_6=\bar{Y}_{3.}-\bar{Y}_{4.}=-.45422, \\ & s\{\hat{D}_1\}=.3393, \, s\{\hat{D}_2\}=.3284, \, s\{\hat{D}_3\}=.4109, \, s\{\hat{D}_4\}=.3165, \, s\{\hat{D}_5\}=.4015, \\ & s\{\hat{D}_6\}=.3923, \, q(.90;4,109)=3.28, \, T=2.319 \\ & .46696\pm2.319(.3393) & -.320\leq D_1\leq 1.254 \\ & .93368\pm2.319(.3284) & .172\leq D_2\leq 1.695 \\ & .47946\pm2.319(.4109) & -.473\leq D_3\leq 1.432 \\ & .46667\pm2.319(.3165) & -.267\leq D_4\leq 1.201 \\ & .01250\pm2.319(.4015) & -.919\leq D_5\leq .944 \\ & -.45422\pm2.319(.3923) & -1.364\leq D_6\leq .456 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} 17.36. & \bar{Y}_{1.} = .04123, \, \bar{Y}_{2.} = .05111, \, \bar{Y}_{3.} = .07074, \, \bar{Y}_{4.} = .06088, \, MSE = .000616, \\ & n_1 = 103, \, n_2 = 108, \, n_3 = 152, \, n_4 = 77, \\ & \hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.} = -.0099, \quad s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .0034 \\ & \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{3.} = -.0295, \quad s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .0032 \\ & \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{4.} = -.0196, \quad s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .0037 \\ & \hat{D}_4 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{3.} = -.0196, \quad s\{\hat{D}_4\} = .0031 \\ & \hat{D}_5 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{4.} = -.0098, \quad s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .0037 \\ & \hat{D}_6 = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{4.} = .0099, \quad s\{\hat{D}_6\} = .0035, \, q(.90; 4, 137) = 3.24, \, T = 2.291 \\ & -.01771 \leq D_1 \leq -.00204, \quad -.03677 \leq D_2 \leq -.02225 \\ & -.02822 \leq D_3 \leq -.01108, \quad -.02679 \leq D_4 \leq -.01247 \\ & -.01825 \leq D_5 \leq -.00129, \quad .00191 \leq D_6 \leq .01782 \end{array}$$

17.37.
$$\bar{Y}_{1.} = 2.4125, \ \bar{Y}_{2.} = 2.7375, \ \bar{Y}_{3.} = 2.4286, \ \bar{Y}_{4.} = 2.9000, \ MSE = .0245,$$

$$n_1 = 8, \ n_2 = 8, \ n_3 = 7, \ n_4 = 13,$$

$$\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.} = -.3250, \quad s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .0783$$

$$\hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{3.} = -.0161, \quad s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .0810$$

$$\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{4.} = -.4875, \quad s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .0703$$

$$\hat{D}_4 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{3.} = .3089, \quad s\{\hat{D}_4\} = .0810$$

$$\hat{D}_5 = \bar{Y}_2 - \bar{Y}_4 = -.1625, \quad s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .0703$$

$$\begin{split} \hat{D}_6 &= \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{4.} = -.4714, \quad s\{\hat{D}_6\} = .0734 \\ q(.95;4,32) &= 3.83, \ T = 2.708 \\ -.5371 &\leq D_1 \leq -.1129, \quad -.2356 \leq D_2 \leq .2035 \\ -.6781 &\leq D_3 \leq -.2969, \quad .0894 \leq D_4 \leq .5285 \\ -.3531 &\leq D_5 \leq .0281, \quad -.6703 \leq D_6 \leq -.2726 \end{split}$$

17.38. b. Expected proportion is .95.

Chapter 18

ANOVA DIAGNOSTICS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

- 18.4. a. See Problem 16.7c.
 - b. r = .992
 - c. t_{ij} :

 H_0 : no outliers, H_a : at least one outlier. t(.999815; 23) = 4.17.

If $|t_{ij}| \leq 4.17$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

- 18.5. a. See Problem 16.8c.
 - b. r = .991
 - d. t_{ij} :

 H_0 : no outliers, H_a : at least one outlier. t(.99917;11) = 4.13.

If $|t_{ij}| \leq 4.13$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

- 18.6. a. See Problem 16.9c.
 - b. r = .990
 - d. t_{ij} :

 H_0 : no outliers, H_a : at least one outlier. t(.99979; 20) = 4.22.

If $|t_{ij}| \leq 4.22$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

18.7. a. See Problem 16.10c.

- b. r = .984
- d. t_{ij} :

i	j = 1	j=2	j = 3	j = 4	j = 5	j = 6
1	.9927	2.4931	3265	.3265	3265	.3265
2	.1630	4907	4907	.8234	-1.1646	.8234
3	1.0497	9360	2.5645	2719	.3811	1.0497
$_{i}$	j = 7	j = 8	j = 9	j = 10	j = 11	j = 12
1	9927	.9927	-1.7017	.3265	-1.7017	3265
2	4907	1.5185	.1630	4907	-1.1646	.8234

 H_0 : no outliers, H_a : at least one outlier. t(.99965; 32) = 3.75.

If $|t_{ij}| \leq 3.75$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

18.8. a. See Problem 16.11c.

- b. r = .992
- d. t_{ij} :

i	j = 1	j = 2	j = 3	j = 4	j = 5	j = 6	j = 7
1	-1.2477	.7360	0203	.6192	1.8045	.1538	6601
2	1.5815	4677	4095	1.6415	.2874	7594	-1.8287
3	-1.4648	1.8864	8150	0580	-1.4052	6396	.4648
4	.7243	1.2537	.9000	4386	5551	1.0764	.2003
5	-1.8560	.8443	3775	0871	.6105	.1451	6688
6	5901	-1.1767	.7477	1.8773	1829	.6893	4153
i	j = 8	j = 9	j = 10	j = 11	j = 12	j = 13	j = 14
1	-2.0298	1.1472	-1.6656	1.8651	8355	5434	1.2063
2	.8121	7594	-1.2892	8179	2.0053	1.3427	.5784
3	-1.2863	.0580	.9323	.0580	.5230	.7565	1.4648
4	-1.3189	.6659	1480	-2.1035	2061	-1.0823	-1.3784
5	.5522	.9616	.0871	.4357	1.0204	-1.3754	.8443
6	.1074	1.6355	-1.2952	.2816	8238	2990	.0493

 H_0 : no outliers, H_a : at least one outlier. t(.9999417;113) = 4.08.

If $|t_{ij}| \leq 4.08$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

- 18.9. a. See Problem 16.12c.
 - b. r = .995
 - d. t_{ij} :

i	j = 1	j = 2	j = 3	j = 4	j = 5	j = 6	j = 7
1	2047	2047	1.6805	-1.7195	-1.3334	.1675	1.2951
2	-1.7195	9534	9534	.5404	2047	2.4771	.1675
3	6526	2792	-1.4100	.0930	.0930	6526	.8404
4	.0744	6714	1.1998	.4470	-1.0479	1.5835	-1.8172
5	1.0858	-3.1711	7840	1.8564	4097	7840	0372
i	j = 8	j = 9	j = 10	j = 11	j = 12	j = 13	j = 14
1	.9157	5778	-1.3334	2047	.5404	5778	2047
2	.5404	2.0738	-1.3334	.5404	.9157	5778	9534
3	-1.0290	-1.4100	2792	1.6029	.0930	2.3955	.8404
4	1.1998	-1.4293	.8216	.0744	-1.0479	6714	6714
5	.3351	4097	7840	1.0858	0372	.7089	1.0858
	-	j = 16		-	-		
		5778	5778	.9157	.5404	.1675	
2	.5404	2047	-1.3334	1.2951	2047 $-$.5778	
3	.4657	2792	.8404 -	-1.0290	2792	.0930	
4	2978	.8216	.4470	.8216	2978	.4470	
5	4097	1.8564	.7089 -	-1.5448	0372 -	.4097	

 H_0 : no outliers, H_a : at least one outlier. t(.999875; 94) = 3.81.

If $|t_{ij}| \leq 3.81$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

- 18.11. H_0 : all σ_i^2 are equal $(i=1,2,3), H_a$: not all σ_i^2 are equal. $\tilde{Y}_1=6.80, \tilde{Y}_2=8.20, \tilde{Y}_3=9.55, MSTR=.0064815, MSE=.26465, <math>F_{BF}^*=.0064815/.26465=.02, F(.95;2,24)=3.40.$ If $F_{BF}^*\leq 3.40$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .98
- 18.12. H_0 : all σ_i^2 are equal $(i=1,2,3), H_a$: not all σ_i^2 are equal. $\tilde{Y}_1=40.0, \tilde{Y}_2=31.0, \tilde{Y}_3=22.5, MSTR=2.96667, MSE=11.30476, <math>F_{BF}^*=2.96667/11.30476=.26, F(.90;2,21)=2.575.$ If $F_{BF}^*\leq 2.575$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .77

18.13. a. H_0 : all σ_i^2 are equal $(i=1,2,3), H_a$: not all σ_i^2 are equal. $s_1=1.7321, s_2=1.2881, s_3=1.6765, n_i\equiv 12, H^*=(1.7321)^2/(1.2881)^2=1.808, H(.99;3,11)=6.75. If <math>H^*\leq 6.75$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value > .05

b. $\tilde{Y}_1 = 21.5$, $\tilde{Y}_2 = 27.5$, $\tilde{Y}_3 = 21.0$, MSTR = .19444, MSE = .93434, $F^*_{BF} = .19444/.93434 = .21$, F(.99; 2, 33) = 5.31. If $F^*_{BF} \leq 5.31$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .81

18.14. a. H_0 : all σ_i^2 are equal (i=1,...,6), H_a : not all σ_i^2 are equal. $s_1=.1925,\ s_2=.1854,\ s_3=.1646,\ s_4=.1654,\ s_5=.1727,\ s_6=.1735,\ n_i\equiv 20,\ H^*=(.1925)^2/(.1646)^2=1.3677,\ H(.99;\ 6,\ 19)=5.2.$ If $H^*\leq 5.2$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value >.05

b. $\tilde{Y}_1 = .08$, $\tilde{Y}_2 = .12$, $\tilde{Y}_3 = .47$, $\tilde{Y}_4 = .41$, $\tilde{Y}_5 = .175$, $\tilde{Y}_6 = .125$, MSTR = .002336, MSE = .012336, $F_{BF}^* = .002336/.012336 = .19$, F(.99; 5, 114) = 3.18. If $F_{BF}^* \le 3.18$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .97

18.15. a. $\bar{Y}_{1.}=3.90, \ \bar{Y}_{2.}=1.15, \ \bar{Y}_{3.}=2.00, \ \bar{Y}_{4.}=3.40$ e_{ij} :

 H_0 : all σ_i^2 are equal (i = 1, 2, 3, 4), H_a : not all σ_i^2 are equal. $\tilde{Y}_1 = 4$, $\tilde{Y}_2 = 1$, $\tilde{Y}_3 = 2$, $\tilde{Y}_4 = 3$, MSTR = 1.64583, MSE = .96776, $F_{BF}^* = 1.64583/.96776 = 1.70$, F(.90; 3, 76) = 2.157. If $F_{BF}^* \leq 2.157$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .17

d.

i	$\bar{Y}_{i.}$	s_i
1	3.9000	1.9708
2	1.1500	1.0894
3	2.0000	1.4510
4	3.4000	1.7889

e.

Yes

18.16. a.
$$\bar{Y}'_{1.}=1.8714, \ \bar{Y}'_{2.}=.8427, \ \bar{Y}'_{3.}=1.2293, \ \bar{Y}'_{4.}=1.7471$$

$$e'_{ij}\colon$$

b.
$$r = .964$$

c. H_0 : all σ_i^2 are equal $(i=1,2,3,4), H_a$: not all σ_i^2 are equal.

 $\tilde{Y}_1=2.000,\,\tilde{Y}_2=1.000,\,\tilde{Y}_3=1.414,\,\tilde{Y}_4=1.732,\,MSTR=.07895,\,MSE=.20441,\,F_{BF}^*=.07895/.20441=.39,\,F(.90;\,3,\,76)=2.157.$ If $F_{BF}^*\leq 2.157$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

18.17. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{1.} = 3.5625, \, \bar{Y}_{2.} = 5.8750, \, \bar{Y}_{3.} = 10.6875, \, \bar{Y}_{4.} = 15.5625$$

 e_{ij} :

c. H_0 : all σ_i^2 are equal (i = 1, 2, 3, 4), H_a : not all σ_i^2 are equal.

 $\tilde{Y}_1 = 4.0, \ \tilde{Y}_2 = 6.0, \ \tilde{Y}_3 = 11.5, \ \tilde{Y}_4 = 16.5, \ MSTR = 37.1823, \ MSE = 3.8969, \ F_{BF}^* = 37.1823/3.8969 = 9.54, \ F(.95; 3, 60) = 2.76. \ \text{If} \ F_{BF}^* \leq 2.76 \ \text{conclude} \ H_0, \ \text{otherwise} \ H_a. \ \text{Conclude} \ H_a. \ P\text{-value} = 0+$

d.

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} i & \bar{Y}_{i.} & s_{i} \\ \hline 1 & 3.5625 & 1.0935 \\ 2 & 5.8750 & 1.9958 \\ 3 & 10.6875 & 3.2397 \\ 4 & 16.5625 & 5.3786 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

e.

λ	SSE	λ	SSE
-1.0	1,038.26	.1	410.65
8	790.43	.2	410.92
6	624.41	.4	430.49
4	516.16	.6	476.68
2	450.16	.8	553.64
1	429.84	1.0	669.06
0	416.84		

Yes

18.18. a.
$$\bar{Y}'_{1.}=.5314, \, \bar{Y}'_{2.}=.7400, \, \bar{Y}'_{3.}=1.0080, \, \bar{Y}'_{4.}=1.1943$$

$$e'_{ij}\colon$$

b.
$$r = .971$$

c. H_0 : all σ_i^2 are equal $(i=1,2,3,4), H_a$: not all σ_i^2 are equal. $\tilde{Y}_1=.6021, \tilde{Y}_2=.7782, \tilde{Y}_3=1.0603, \tilde{Y}_4=1.2173, MSTR=.001214, <math>MSE=.01241, F_{BF}^*=.001214/.01241=.10, F(.95; 3, 60)=2.76.$ If $F_{BF}^*\leq 2.76$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

18.19.

$$\frac{i:}{s_i:} \frac{1}{1.97084} \frac{2}{1.08942} \frac{3}{1.45095} \frac{4}{1.78885}$$

$$w_i: .25745 .84257 .47500 .31250$$

$$H_0: \text{ all } \mu_i \text{ are equal } (i=1,2,3,4), H_a: \text{ not all } \mu_i \text{ are equal.}$$

$$SSE_w(F) = 76, df_F = 76, SSE_w(R) = 118.54385, df_R = 79,$$

$$F_w^* = [(118.54385 - 76)/3] \div (76/76) = 14.18, F(.95; 3, 76) = 2.725.$$
If $F_w^* \le 2.725$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

18.20.

- 18.23. a. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i=1,2,3,4), H_a : not all μ_i are equal. $MSTR=470.8125,\ MSE=28.9740,\ F_R^*=470.8125/28.9740=16.25,$ F(.95;2,24)=3.40. If $F_R^*\leq 3.40$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - b. P-value = 0+

e.
$$\bar{R}_{1.}=6.50, \, \bar{R}_{2.}=15.50, \, \bar{R}_{3.}=22.25, \, B=z(.9833)=2.13$$

Comparison	Testing	g Limits
1 and 2	$-9.00 \pm 2.13(3.500)$	-16.455 and -1.545
1 and 3	$15.75 \pm 2.13(4.183)$	-24.660 and -9.840
2 and 3	$-6.75 \pm 2.13(3.969)$	-15.204 and 1.704

Group 1Group 2Low Level
$$i = 1$$
Moderate level $i = 2$ High level $i = 3$

18.24. a.
$$H_0$$
: all μ_i are equal $(i=1,2,3),\ H_a$: not all μ_i are equal.
$$MSTR=1,297.0000,\ MSE=37.6667,\ F_R^*=1,297.0000/37.6667=34.43,$$

$$F(.99;2,33)=5.31. \ \text{If}\ F_R^*\leq 5.31 \ \text{conclude}\ H_0,\ \text{otherwise}\ H_a. \ \text{Conclude}\ H_a.$$

b.
$$P$$
-value = $0+$

e.
$$\bar{R}_{1.} = 12.792, \, \bar{R}_{2.} = 30.500, \, \bar{R}_{3.} = 12.208, \, B = z(.9833) = 2.128$$

Comparison	Testing Limits	
1 and 2	$-17.708 \pm 2.128(4.301)$	-26.861 and -8.555
1 and 3	$.584 \pm 2.128(4.301)$	-8.569 and 9.737
2 and 3	$18.292 \pm 2.128(4.301)$	9.140 and 27.445

Group 1Group 2Young
$$i = 1$$
Middle $i = 2$ Elderly $i = 3$

18.25. b. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i=1, 2, 3), H_a : not all μ_i are equal. $MSTR = 465.6000, \, MSE = 48.7519, \, F_R^* = 465.6000/48.7519 = 9.550, \\ F(.95; 2, 27) = 3.354. \text{ If } F_R^* \leq 3.354 \text{ conclude } H_0, \text{ otherwise } H_a. \text{ Conclude } H_a. \\ P-value = .0007$

c.
$$\bar{R}_{1.} = 21.1, \bar{R}_{2.} = 7.9, \bar{R}_{3.} = 17.5, B = z(.99167) = 2.394$$

Comparison	Testing Limits		
1 and 2	$13.2 \pm 2.394(3.937)$	3.775 and 22.625	
1 and 3	$3.6 \pm 2.394 (3.937)$	-5.825 and 13.025	
2 and 3	$-9.6 \pm 2.394(3.937)$	-19.025 and 175	

Group 1Group 2Production
$$i = 2$$
Sales $i = 1$ Research $i = 3$

18.26.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_i + \beta t_j + \epsilon_{ij}, t_j = 1, ..., 7$$

18.27.
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n_T} i = \frac{n_T(n_T+1)}{2} \qquad \sum_{i=1}^{n_T} i^2 = \frac{n_T(n_T+1)(2n_T+1)}{6}$$

$$SSTO = \sum_{i=1}^{n_T} i^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n_T} i\right)^2 / n_T$$

$$= \frac{n_T(n_T+1)(2n_T+1)}{6} - \frac{n_T^2(n_T+1)^2}{4n_T} = \frac{n_T(n_T+1)(n_T-1)}{12}$$

$$SSTO/(n_T-1) = n_T(n_T+1)/12$$

18.28.
$$X_{KW}^{2} = SSTR \div \frac{SSTO}{n_{T} - 1}$$

$$F_{R}^{*} = \frac{SSTR}{r - 1} \div \frac{SSTO - SSTR}{n_{T} - r}$$

$$= \left(\frac{X_{KW}^{2}}{r - 1}\right) \left(\frac{SSTO}{n_{T} - 1}\right) \div \frac{\left[SSTO - X_{KW}^{2}\left(\frac{SSTO}{n_{T} - 1}\right)\right]}{n_{T} - r}$$

$$= \frac{\left[(n_{T} - r)X_{KW}^{2}\right]SSTO}{(r - 1)(n_{T} - 1)} \div \frac{SSTO(n_{T} - 1 - X_{KW}^{2})}{n_{T} - 1}$$

$$= [(n_T - r)X_{KW}^2] \div [(r - 1)(n_T - 1 - X_{KW}^2)]$$

18.29. b. r = .994

c. H_0 : all σ_i^2 are equal (i = 1, ..., 4), H_a : not all σ_i^2 are equal. $\tilde{Y}_1 = 4.85$, $\tilde{Y}_2 = 4.40$, $\tilde{Y}_3 = 4.20$, $\tilde{Y}_4 = 4.45$, MSTR = .97716, MSE = .70526, $F_{BF}^* = .97716/.70526 = 1.39$, F(.95; 3, 109) = 2.688. If $F_{BF}^* \leq 2.688$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

P-value = .25

18.30. b.

i	$\bar{Y}_{i.}$	s_i
1	11.08893	2.66962
2	9.68344	1.19294
3	9.19135	1.22499
4	8.11375	1.00312

c.

λ	SSE	λ	SSE
-1.0	206.15	.1	235.54
8	208.55	.2	240.65
6	212.09	.4	252.56
4	216.87	.6	267.04
2	223.09	.8	284.55
1	226.79	1.0	305.66
0	230.93		

Yes

e.
$$r = .995$$

f. H_0 : all σ_i^2 are equal (i=1,...,4), H_a : not all σ_i^2 are equal. $\tilde{Y}_1=.09332,\ \tilde{Y}_2=.10199,\ \tilde{Y}_3=.11111,\ \tilde{Y}_4=.12799,\ MSTR=.00008213,$ $MSE=.00008472,\ F_{BF}^*=.00008213/.00008472=.97,\ F(.99;3,109)=3.97.$ If $F_{BF}^*\leq 3.97$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .41

g.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between regions	.0103495	3	.0034498
Error	.0254284	109	.0002333
Total	.0357779	112	

 H_0 : all μ_i are equal $(i=1,...,4), H_a$: not all μ_i are equal.

 $F^* = .0034498/.0002333 = 14.787, F(.99; 3, 109) = 3.967.$

If $F^* \leq 3.967$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

18.31. b. r = .9154

c. H_0 : all σ_i^2 are equal $(i=1,...,4),\ H_a$: not all σ_i^2 are equal.

 $\tilde{Y}_1=.03489,\ \tilde{Y}_2=.04781,\ \tilde{Y}_3=.06948,\ \tilde{Y}_4=.05966,\ MSTR=.001001,\ MSE=.000326,\ F_{BF}^*=.001001/.000326=3.07,\ F(.99;\ 3,\ 436)=3.83.$ If $F_{BF}^*\le 3.83$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .028

- 18.32. b. r = .9902
 - c. H_0 : all σ_i^2 are equal (i=1,...,4), H_a : not all σ_i^2 are equal. $\tilde{Y}_1=2.415,\ \tilde{Y}_2=2.705,\ \tilde{Y}_3=2.480,\ \tilde{Y}_4=2.880,\ MSTR=.0106,\ MSE=.0085,\ F_{BF}^*=.0106/.0085=1.25,\ F(.95;\ 3,\ 32)=2.90.$ If $F_{BF}^*\leq 2.90$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .31
- 18.33. a. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i = 1, ..., 4), H_a : not all μ_i are equal. MSTR = 2,582.575, MSE = 1,031.966, $F_R^* = 2,582.575/1,031.966 = 2.50$, F(.95;3,109) = 2.69. If $F_R^* \le 2.69$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .063
 - c. $\bar{R}_{1.}=69.196, \ \bar{R}_{2.}=57.797, \ \bar{R}_{3.}=47.189, \ \bar{R}_{4.}=56.750, \ B=z(.99167)=2.394$

Comparison	Testing Limits	
1 and 2	$11.399 \pm 2.394 (8.479)$	-8.900 and 31.698
1 and 3	$22.007 \pm 2.394 (8.207)$	2.359 and 41.655
1 and 4	$12.446 \pm 2.394 (10.268)$	-12.136 and 37.028
2 and 3	$10.608 \pm 2.394 (7.910)$	-8.329 and 29.545
2 and 4	$1.047 \pm 2.394 (10.032)$	-22.970 and 25.064
3 and 4	$-9.561 \pm 2.394(9.803)$	-33.029 and 13.907

Group 1	Group 2
Region 3	Region 4
Region 4	Region 2
Region 2	Region 1

- 18.34. a. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i=1,...,4), H_a : not all μ_i are equal. $MSTR = 651,049,\ MSE = 11,802,\ F_R^* = 651,049/11,802 = 55.17,$ $F(.95;3,436) = 2.6254. \text{ If } F_R^* \leq 2.6254 \text{ conclude } H_0, \text{ otherwise } H_a. \text{ Conclude } H_a.$ P-value = 0+
 - c. $\bar{R}_{1.} = 120.4$, $\bar{R}_{2.} = 192.9$, $\bar{R}_{3.} = 290.7$, $\bar{R}_{4.} = 254.6$, $n_1 = 103, n_2 = 108, n_3 = 152, n_4 = 77, B = z(.99583) = 2.638$

Comparison	Testing Limits	
1 and 2	$-72.5 \pm 2.638(17.51)$	-118.7 and -26.3
1 and 3	$-170.3 \pm 2.638(16.23)$	-213.1 and -127.5
1 and 4	$-134.2 \pm 2.638(19.16)$	-184.7 and -83.7
2 and 3	$-97.8 \pm 2.638 (16.00)$	-140.0 and -55.6
2 and 4	$-61.7 \pm 2.638 (18.97)$	-111.7 and -11.7
3 and 4	$36.1 \pm 2.638(17.79)$	-10.8 and 83.0

Group 1	Group 2	Group 3
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
		Region 4

18.35. a. H_0 : all μ_i are equal (i=1,...,4), H_a : not all μ_i are equal. $MSTR = 955.5, \, MSE = 31.8, \, F_R^* = 955.5/31.8 = 30.1,$ $F(.95;3,32) = 2.90. \, \text{If } F_R^* \leq 2.90 \, \text{conclude } H_0, \, \text{otherwise } H_a. \, \text{Conclude } H_a.$ P-value = 0+

c.
$$\bar{R}_{1.} = 7.938$$
, $\bar{R}_{2.} = 22.375$, $\bar{R}_{3.} = 8.571$, $\bar{R}_{4.} = 27.962$, $n_1 = 8, n_2 = 8, n_3 = 7, n_4 = 13$, $B = z(.99583) = 2.638$

Comparison	Testing Limits	
1 and 2	$-14.437 \pm 2.638 (5.268)$	-28.334 and 541
1 and 3	$633 \pm 2.638 (5.453)$	-15.017 and 13.751
1 and 4	$-20.024 \pm 2.638(4.734)$	-32.513 and -7.535
2 and 3	$13.804 \pm 2.638(5.453)$	580 and 28.188
2 and 4	$-5.587 \pm 2.638(4.734)$	-18.076 and 6.902
3 and 4	$-19.391 \pm 2.638(4.939)$	-32.421 and -6.361

Group 1	$\mathbf{Group} 2$	Group 3
Region 1	Region 2	Region 2
Region 3	Region 3	Region 4

18.36. Under H_0 , each arrangement of the ranks 1, ..., 4 into groups of size 2 are equally likely and occur with probability 2!2!/4! = 1/6. The values of F_R^* computed for the six arrangements are 0, .5, and 8, each occurring twice. Therefore the probability function f(x) is:

18.37. c. For the F distribution with $\nu_1=2$ degrees of freedom and $\nu_2=27$ degrees of freedom, the mean is:

$$\frac{\nu_2}{\nu_2 - 2} = 1.08$$

and the standard deviation is:

$$\frac{\nu_2}{\nu_2 - 2} \left[\frac{2(\nu_1 + \nu_2 - 2)}{\nu_1(\nu_2 - 4)} \right]^{1/2} = 1.17.$$

d. Expect 90% less than 2.51 and 99% less than 5.49.

Chapter 19

TWO-FACTOR ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE WITH EQUAL SAMPLE SIZES

- 19.1. a. 8
 - b. Infection risk

19.3.
$$(\alpha\beta)_{11} = \mu_{11} - (\mu_{..} + \alpha_1 + \beta_1) = 9 - (12 + 1 - 3) = -1$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{12} = \mu_{12} - (\mu_{..} + \alpha_1 + \beta_2) = 12 - (12 + 1 - 1) = 0$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{13} = \mu_{13} - (\mu_{..} + \alpha_1 + \beta_3) = 18 - (12 + 1 + 4) = 1$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{21} = \mu_{21} - (\mu_{..} + \alpha_2 + \beta_1) = 9 - (12 - 1 - 3) = 1$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{22} = \mu_{22} - (\mu_{..} + \alpha_2 + \beta_2) = 10 - (12 - 1 - 1) = 0$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{23} = \mu_{23} - (\mu_{..} + \alpha_2 + \beta_3) = 14 - (12 - 1 + 4) = -1$$

19.4. a.
$$\mu_{1.} = 31, \, \mu_{2.} = 37$$

b.
$$\alpha_1 = \mu_{1.} - \mu_{..} = 31 - 34 = -3, \ \alpha_2 = \mu_{2.} - \mu_{..} = 37 - 34 = 3$$

19.5. a.
$$\mu_{ij} = 269 \ (j = 1, ..., 4), \ \beta_j = \mu_{ij} - \mu_{i.}, \ \beta_j = 0 \ (j = 1, ..., 4)$$

c. $\log_e \mu_{ij}$:

19.7. a.
$$E\{MSE\} = 1.96, E\{MSA\} = 541.96$$

19.8. a.
$$E\{MSE\} = 16, E\{MSAB\} = 952$$

19.10. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{11.}=21.66667, \, \bar{Y}_{12.}=21.33333, \, \bar{Y}_{21.}=27.83333, \, \bar{Y}_{22.}=27.66667, \, \bar{Y}_{31.}=22.33333, \, \bar{Y}_{32.}=20.50000$$

b. e_{ijk} :

i	j = 1	j=2	i	j = 1	j=2	i	j = 1	j=2
1	66667	33333	2	2.16667	-1.66667	3	2.66667	2.50000
	1.33333	.66667		1.16667	1.33333		33333	-1.50000
	-2.66667	-1.33333		-1.83333	66667		.66667	50000
	.33333	33333		.16667	.33333		-1.33333	.50000
	.33333	-2.33333		83333	66667		33333	50000
	1.33333	3.66667		83333	1.33333		-1.33333	50000

d. r = .986

19.11. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments	327.222	5	65.444
A (age)	316.722	2	158.361
B (gender)	5.444	1	5.444
AB interactions	5.056	2	2.528
Error	71.667	30	2.389
Total	398.889	35	

Yes, factor A (age) accounts for most of the total variability.

c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = 2.528/2.389 = 1.06, F(.95; 2, 30) = 3.32.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.32$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .36

d. H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all α_i equal zero.

$$F^* = 158.361/2.389 = 66.29, F(.95; 2, 30) = 3.32.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.32$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = 5.444/2.389 = 2.28, F(.95; 1, 30) = 4.17.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.17$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .14

e.
$$\alpha < .143$$

g.
$$SSA = SSTR$$
, $SSB + SSAB + SSE = SSE$, yes

19.12. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{11.} = 9.2, \, \bar{Y}_{12.} = 13.6, \, \bar{Y}_{21.} = 13.0, \, \bar{Y}_{22.} = 16.4$$

b. e_{ijk} :

d. r = .976

19.13. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments	131.75	3	43.917
A (eye contact)	54.45	1	54.45
B (gender)	76.05	1	76.05
AB interactions	1.25	1	1.25
Error	97.20	16	6.075
Total	228.95	19	

- c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero. $F^* = 1.25/6.075 = .21$, F(.99; 1, 16) = 8.53. If $F^* \leq 8.53$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .66
- d. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$, H_a : not both α_1 and α_2 equal zero. $F^* = 54.45/6.075 = 8.96$, F(.99; 1, 16) = 8.53. If $F^* \leq 8.53$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .009

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero. $F^* = 76.05/6.075 = 12.52$, F(.99; 1, 16) = 8.53. If $F^* \leq 8.53$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .003.

- e. $\alpha < .030$
- 19.14. a. $\bar{Y}_{11.}=2.475, \, \bar{Y}_{12.}=4.600, \, \bar{Y}_{13.}=4.575, \, \bar{Y}_{21.}=5.450, \, \bar{Y}_{22.}=8.925,$ $\bar{Y}_{23.}=9.125, \, \bar{Y}_{31.}=5.975, \, \bar{Y}_{32.}=10.275, \, \bar{Y}_{33.}=13.250$
 - b. e_{ijk} :

- d. r = .988
- 19.15. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments	373.105	8	46.638
A (ingredient 1)	220.020	2	110.010
B (ingredient 2)	123.660	2	61.830
AB interactions	29.425	4	7.356
Error	1.625	27	.0602
Total	374.730	35	

c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero. $F^* = 7.356/.0602 = 122.19$, F(.95; 4, 27) = 2.73. If $F^* \leq 2.73$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i=1,2,3), H_a : not all α_i equal zero. $F^*=110.010/.0602=$ 1,827.41, F(.95;2,27) = 3.35. If $F^* \leq 3.35$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 H_0 : all β_i equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all β_i equal zero. $F^* = 61.830/.0602 =$ 1,027.08, F(.95;2,27) = 3.35. If $F^* \leq 3.35$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 $\alpha \leq .143$

19.16. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{11.}=59.8, \, \bar{Y}_{12.}=47.8, \, \bar{Y}_{13.}=58.4, \, \bar{Y}_{21.}=48.4, \, \bar{Y}_{22.}=61.2,$$

$$\bar{Y}_{23.}=56.2, \, \bar{Y}_{31.}=60.2, \, \bar{Y}_{32.}=60.8, \, \bar{Y}_{33.}=49.6$$

b. e_{iik} :

d. r = .989

19.17. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments	1,268.17778	8	158.52222
$\overline{A \text{ (technician)}}$	24.57778	2	12.28889
B (make)	28.31111	2	14.15556
AB interactions	1,215.28889	4	303.82222
Error	1,872.40000	36	52.01111
Total	3, 140.57778	44	

- H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero. $F^* = 303.82222/52.01111 =$ 5.84, F(.99; 4, 36) = 3.89. If $F^* \leq 3.89$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .001
- H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all α_i equal zero. $F^* = 12.28889/52.01111 =$.24, F(.99; 2, 36) = 5.25. If $F^* \leq 5.25$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .79

 H_0 : all β_i equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all β_i equal zero. $F^* = 14.15556/52.01111 =$.27, F(.99; 2, 36) = 5.25. If $F^* \leq 5.25$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .76

e. $\alpha \le .003$

19.18. a.
$$\bar{Y}'_{11.} = .44348, \ \bar{Y}'_{12.} = .80997, \ \bar{Y}'_{13.} = 1.10670,$$
 $\bar{Y}'_{21.} = .39823, \ \bar{Y}'_{22.} = .58096, \ \bar{Y}'_{23.} = .86639$ e'_{ijk} :

c. r = .987

19.19. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments	3.76217	5	.75243
$\overline{A \text{ (duration)}}$.44129	1	.44129
B (weight gain)	3.20098	2	1.60049
AB interactions	.11989	2	.05995
Error	5.46770	54	.10125
Total	9.22987	59	

- c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero. $F^* = .05995/.10125 = .59$, F(.95; 2, 54) = 3.17. If $F^* \leq 3.17$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .56
- d. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$, H_a : not both α_1 and α_2 equal zero. $F^* = .44129/.10125 = 4.36$, F(.95; 1, 54) = 4.02. If $F^* \le 4.02$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .04

 H_0 : all β_j equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all β_j equal zero. $F^* = 1.60049/.10125 = 15.81$, F(.95; 2, 54) = 3.17. If $F^* \leq 3.17$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

e. $\alpha \leq .143$

19.20. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{11.} = 222.00, \, \bar{Y}_{12.} = 106.50, \, \bar{Y}_{13.} = 60.50, \, \bar{Y}_{21.} = 62.25, \, \bar{Y}_{22.} = 44.75, \, \bar{Y}_{23.} = 38.75$$

b. e_{ijk} :

d.
$$r = .994$$

19.21. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments	96,024.37500	5	19, 204.87500
A (type)	39, 447.04167	1	39,447.04167
B (years)	36,412.00000	2	18,206.00000
AB interactions	20, 165.33333	2	10,082.66667
Error	1,550.25000	18	86.12500
Total	97, 574.62500	23	

- c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero. $F^* = 10,082.66667/86.12500 = 117.07, <math>F(.99; 2, 18) = 6.01$. If $F^* \leq 6.01$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- d. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$, H_a : not both α_1 and α_2 equal zero. $F^* = 39,447.04167/86.12500 = 458.02$, F(.99;1,18) = 8.29. If $F^* \leq 8.29$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 H_0 : all β_j equal zero $(j=1,2,3), H_a$: not all β_j equal zero. $F^*=18,206.00000/86.12500=211.39, <math>F(.99;2,18)=6.01$. If $F^*\leq 6.01$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value =0+

- e. $\alpha \leq .030$
- 19.27. a. B = t(.9975; 75) = 2.8925, q(.95; 5, 75) = 3.96, T = 2.800
 - b. B = t(.99167; 27) = 2.552, q(.95; 3, 27) = 3.51, T = 2.482
- 19.28. (1) B = t(.9972; 324) = 2.791,
 - (2) F(.975; 5, 324) = 2.606, S = 3.6097
 - (3) F(.95; 10, 324) = 1.86, S = 4.3128
- 19.30. a. $s\{\bar{Y}_{11.}\} = .631, t(.975; 30) = 2.042, 21.66667 \pm 2.042(.631), 20.378 \le \mu_{11} \le 22.955$
 - b. $\bar{Y}_{1} = 23.94, \bar{Y}_{2} = 23.17$
 - c. $\hat{D} = .77, s\{\hat{D}\} = .5152, t(.975; 30) = 2.042, .77 \pm 2.042(.5152), -.282 \le D \le 1.822$
 - d. $\bar{Y}_{1..} = 21.50, \, \bar{Y}_{2..} = 27.75, \, \bar{Y}_{3..} = 21.42$
 - e. $\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1..} \bar{Y}_{2..} = -6.25, \, \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1..} \bar{Y}_{3..} = .08, \, \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{2..} \bar{Y}_{3..} = 6.33, \, s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .631$ $(i = 1, 2, 3), \, q(.90; 3, 30) = 3.02, \, T = 2.1355$

$$-6.25 \pm 2.1355(.631)$$
 $-7.598 \le D_1 \le -4.902$
 $.08 \pm 2.1355(.631)$ $-1.268 \le D_2 \le 1.428$
 $6.33 \pm 2.1355(.631)$ $4.982 \le D_3 \le 7.678$

- f. Yes
- g. $\hat{L} = -6.29$, $s\{\hat{L}\} = .5465$, t(.976; 30) = 2.042, $-6.29 \pm 2.042(.5465)$, $-7.406 \le L < -5.174$
- h. $L = .3\mu_{12} + .6\mu_{22} + .1\mu_{32}, \ \hat{L} = 25.05000, \ s\{\hat{L}\} = .4280, \ t(.975;30) = 2.042, \ 25.05000 \pm 2.042(.4280), \ 24.176 \le L \le 25.924$

19.31. a.
$$s\{\bar{Y}_{21.}\}=1.1023, t(.995;16)=2.921, 13.0\pm 2.921(1.1023), 9.780 \le \mu_{21} \le 16.220$$

b.
$$s\{\bar{Y}_{1..}\} = .7794, t(.995; 16) = 2.921, 11.4 \pm 2.921(.7794), 9.123 \le \mu_1 \le 13.677$$

c.
$$\bar{Y}_{11} = 11.1, \bar{Y}_{21} = 15.0$$

d.
$$s\{\bar{Y}_{.1.}\} = s\{\bar{Y}_{.2.}\} = .7794, t(.995; 16) = 2.921$$

$$11.1 \pm 2.921(.7794)$$
 $8.823 \le \mu_{.1} \le 13.377$
 $15.0 \pm 2.921(.7794)$ $12.723 \le \mu_{.2} \le 17.277$

98 percent

e.
$$\bar{Y}_{1..} = 11.4, \bar{Y}_{2..} = 14.7$$

f.
$$\hat{D}_1 = 3.3$$
, $\hat{D}_2 = 3.9$, $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = 1.1023$ $(i = 1, 2)$, $B = t(.9875; 16) = 2.473$
 $3.3 \pm 2.473(1.1023)$ $.574 \le D_1 \le 6.026$
 $3.9 \pm 2.473(1.1023)$ $1.174 < D_2 < 6.626$

g. Yes

19.32. a.
$$s\{\bar{Y}_{23.}\}=.1227, t(.975;27)=2.052, 9.125\pm2.052(.1227), 8.873\leq\mu_{23}\leq9.377$$

b.
$$\hat{D} = 2.125, s\{\hat{D}\} = .1735, t(.975; 27) = 2.052, 2.125 \pm 2.052(.1735), 1.769 \le D \le 2.481$$

c.
$$\hat{L}_1 = 2.1125$$
, $\hat{L}_2 = 3.5750$, $\hat{L}_3 = 5.7875$, $\hat{L}_4 = 1.4625$, $\hat{L}_5 = 3.6750$, $\hat{L}_6 = 2.2125$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .1502$ $(i = 1, 2, 3)$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .2125$ $(i = 4, 5, 6)$, $F(.90; 8, 27) = 1.90$, $S = 3.899$

$$2.1125 \pm 3.899(.1502)$$
 $1.527 \le L_1 \le 2.698$
 $3.5750 \pm 3.899(.1502)$ $2.989 \le L_2 \le 4.161$
 $5.7875 \pm 3.899(.1502)$ $5.202 \le L_3 \le 6.373$

$$1.4625 \pm 3.899(.2125) \qquad .634 \le L_4 \le 2.291$$

$$3.6750 \pm 3.899(.2125)$$
 $2.846 \le L_5 \le 4.504$
 $2.2125 \pm 3.899(.2125)$ $1.384 \le L_6 \le 3.041$

d.
$$s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .1735, q(.90; 9, 27) = 4.31, T = 3.048, Ts\{\hat{D}_i\} = .529, \bar{Y}_{33} = 13.250$$

e.

19.33. a.
$$s\{\bar{Y}_{11.}\}=3.2252,\,t(.995;36)=2.7195,\,59.8\pm2.7195(3.2252),$$
 $51.029<\mu_{11}<68.571$

b.
$$\hat{D} = 12.8, s\{\hat{D}\} = 4.5612, t(.995; 36) = 2.7195, 12.8 \pm 2.7195(4.5612), .396 \le D \le 25.204$$

c.
$$\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{11.} - \bar{Y}_{12.} = 12.0$$
, $\hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{11.} - \bar{Y}_{13.} = 1.4$, $\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{12.} - \bar{Y}_{13.} = -10.6$, $\hat{D}_4 = \bar{Y}_{21.} - \bar{Y}_{22.} = -12.8$, $\hat{D}_5 = \bar{Y}_{21.} - \bar{Y}_{23.} = -7.8$, $\hat{D}_6 = \bar{Y}_{22.} - \bar{Y}_{23.} = 5.0$, $\hat{D}_7 = \bar{Y}_{31.} - \bar{Y}_{32.} = -.6$, $\hat{D}_8 = \bar{Y}_{31.} - \bar{Y}_{33.} = 10.6$, $\hat{D}_9 = \bar{Y}_{32.} - \bar{Y}_{33.} = 11.2$, $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = 4.5612$ $(i = 1, ..., 9)$, $B = t(.99167; 36) = 2.511$

$$\begin{array}{lll} 12.0 \pm 2.511(4.5612) & .547 \leq D_1 \leq 23.453 \\ 1.4 \pm 2.511(4.5612) & -10.053 \leq D_2 \leq 12.853 \\ -10.6 \pm 2.511(4.5612) & -22.053 \leq D_3 \leq .853 \\ -12.8 \pm 2.511(4.5612) & -24.253 \leq D_4 \leq -1.347 \\ -7.8 \pm 2.511(4.5612) & -19.253 \leq D_5 \leq 3.653 \\ 5.0 \pm 2.511(4.5612) & -6.453 \leq D_6 \leq 16.453 \\ -.6 \pm 2.511(4.5612) & -12.053 \leq D_7 \leq 10.853 \\ 10.6 \pm 2.511(4.5612) & -.853 \leq D_8 \leq 22.053 \\ 11.2 \pm 2.511(4.5612) & -.253 \leq D_9 \leq 22.653 \end{array}$$

- d. $\bar{Y}_{...} = 55.8222, 90\bar{Y}_{...} = 5,024, s\{90\bar{Y}_{...}\} = 96.7574, t(.995;36) = 2.7195, 5,024 \pm 2.7195(96.7574), 4,760.87 \le 90\mu_{...} \le 5,287.13$
- e. $L = 10\mu_{11} + 10\mu_{13} + 10\mu_{22} + 10\mu_{23} + 10\mu_{31} + 10\mu_{32} 20\mu_{12} 20\mu_{21} 20\mu_{33}$, $\hat{L} = 650, \ s\{\hat{L}\} = 136.8357, \ t(.995; 36) = 2.7195,$ $650 \pm 2.7195(136.8357), \ 277.875 \le L \le 1,022.125$

f.

- 19.34. a. $s\{\bar{Y}'_{22.}\} = .1006, t(.975; 54) = 2.005,$ $.58096 \pm 2.005(.1006), .37926 \le \mu_{22} \le .78266$
 - b. $\hat{D} = .46816, s\{\hat{D}\} = .1423, t(.975; 54) = 2.005,$ $.46816 \pm 2.005(.1423), .18285 \le D \le .75347$
 - c. $\bar{Y}'_{1..} = .78672, \ \bar{Y}'_{2..} = .61519$ $\bar{Y}'_{1.1} = .42086, \ \bar{Y}'_{.2.} = .69547, \ \bar{Y}'_{.3.} = .98655$
 - d. B = t(.9875; 54) = 2.306, q(.95; 2, 54) = 2.84, T = 2.008, q(.95; 3, 54) = 3.41, T = 2.411, F(.90; 3, 54) = 2.20, S = 2.569
 - e. $\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}'_{1..} \bar{Y}'_{2..} = .17153, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}'_{1.} \bar{Y}'_{2..} = -.27461,$ $\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}'_{1..} - \bar{Y}'_{.3.} = -.56569, \ \hat{D}_4 = \bar{Y}'_{.2.} - \bar{Y}'_{.3.} = -.29108,$ $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .0822, \ s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .1006 \ (i = 2, 3, 4), \ B = 2.306$

$$.17153 \pm 2.306(.0822)$$
 $-.0180 \le D_1 \le .3611$ $-.27461 \pm 2.306(.1006)$ $-.56569 \pm 2.306(.1006)$ $-.7977 \le D_3 \le -.3337$ $-.29108 \pm 2.306(.1006)$ $-.5231 \le D_4 \le -.0591$

- f. $L = .3\mu_{.1} + .4\mu_{.2} + .3\mu_{.3}$, $\hat{L} = .70041$, $s\{\hat{L}\} = .04149$, t(.975; 54) = 2.005, $.70041 \pm 2.005(.04149)$, $.6172 \le L \le .7836$, (3.142, 5.076), yes
- 19.35. a. $s\{\bar{Y}_{23.}\} = 4.6402, t(.995; 18) = 2.878,$ $38.75 \pm 2.878(4.6402), 25.3955 \le \mu_{23} \le 52.1045$
 - b. $\hat{D} = 46.00, s\{\hat{D}\} = 6.5622, t(.995; 18) = 2.878,$ $46.00 \pm 2.878(6.5622), 27.114 \le D \le 64.886$
 - c. F(.95; 5, 18) = 2.77, S = 3.7216, B = t(.99583; 18) = 2.963
 - d. $\hat{D}_1 = 159.75$, $\hat{D}_2 = 61.75$, $\hat{D}_3 = 21.75$, $\hat{L}_1 = 98.00$, $\hat{L}_2 = 138.00$, $\hat{L}_3 = 40.00$, $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = 6.5622$ (i = 1, 2, 3), $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 9.2804$ (i = 1, 2, 3), B = t(.99583; 18) = 2.963

$$\begin{array}{ll} 159.75 \pm 2.963(6.5622) & 140.31 \leq D_1 \leq 179.19 \\ 61.75 \pm 2.963(6.5622) & 42.31 \leq D_2 \leq 81.19 \\ 21.75 \pm 2.963(6.5622) & 2.31 \leq D_3 \leq 41.19 \\ 98.00 \pm 2.963(9.2804) & 70.50 \leq L_1 \leq 125.50 \\ 138.00 \pm 2.963(9.2804) & 110.50 \leq L_2 \leq 165.50 \\ 40.00 \pm 2.963(9.2804) & 12.50 \leq L_3 \leq 67.50 \end{array}$$

- e. $q(.95; 6, 18) = 4.49, T = 3.1749, s\{\hat{D}\} = 6.5622, Ts\{\hat{D}\} = 20.834, \bar{Y}_{23.} = 38.75, \bar{Y}_{22.} = 44.75$
- f. $B = t(.9875; 18) = 2.445, s\{\bar{Y}_{ij.}\} = 4.6402$ $44.75 \pm 2.445(4.6402)$ $33.405 \le \mu_{22} \le 56.095$ $38.75 \pm 2.445(4.6402)$ $27.405 \le \mu_{23} \le 50.095$

g.

i	j	$1/\bar{Y}_{ij.}$	$\log_{10}\bar{Y}_{ij}$.
1	1	.00450	2.346
1	2	.00939	2.027
1	3	.01653	1.782
2	1	.01606	1.794
2	2	.02235	1.651
2	3	.02581	1.588

19.36. a. $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}, i = 1, ..., 4; j = 1, 2; k = 1, 2$

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments	1,910.00	7	272.85714
A (moisture content)	1,581.50	3	527.16667
B (sweetness)	306.25	1	306.25000
AB interactions	22.25	3	7.41667
Error	57.00	8	7.12500
Total	1,967.00	15	

c.
$$H_0$$
: all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero. $F^* = 7.41667/7.125 = 1.04$, $F(.99; 3, 8) = 7.59$. If $F^* \leq 7.59$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

d.
$$\hat{L} = -1.500$$
, $s\{\hat{L}\} = 2.669$, $t(.975; 8) = 2.306$, $-1.500 \pm 2.306(2.669)$, $-7.655 \le L \le 4.655$

e.
$$H_0$$
: $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero. $F^* = 306.25/7.125 = 42.98$, $F(.99; 1, 8) = 11.3$. If $F^* \le 11.3$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

19.37.
$$n = 21$$

19.38.
$$\Delta/\sigma = 2, 2n = 8, n = 4$$

19.39.
$$n = 21$$

19.40.
$$.5\sqrt{n}/.29 = 4.1999, n = 6$$

19.41.
$$n = 14$$

19.42.
$$8\sqrt{n}/9.1 = 3.1591, n = 13$$

19.43. Using (19.4) and (19.5), we have:

$$\mu_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \beta_j$$

= $\mu_{..} + (\mu_{i.} - \mu_{..}) + (\mu_{.j} - \mu_{..}) = \mu_{i.} + \mu_{.j} - \mu_{..}$

19.44.
$$\sum_{j} (\alpha \beta)_{ij} = \sum_{j} (\mu_{ij} - \mu_{i.} - \mu_{.j} + \mu_{..})$$
$$= b\mu_{i.} - b\mu_{i.} - b\mu_{..} + b\mu_{..} = 0$$

19.45.
$$L = \prod_{i=1}^{2} \prod_{j=1}^{2} \prod_{k=1}^{2} \frac{1}{(2\pi\sigma^{2})^{1/2}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} (Y_{ijk} - \mu_{ij})^{2}\right]$$
$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi\sigma^{2})^{4}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum \sum (Y_{ijk} - \mu_{ij})^{2}\right]$$
$$\log_{e} L = -4 \log_{e} (2\pi\sigma^{2}) - \frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum \sum (Y_{ijk} - \mu_{ij})^{2}$$
$$\frac{\partial(\log_{e} L)}{\partial \mu_{ij}} = -\frac{2}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum_{k} (Y_{ijk} - \mu_{ij})(-1)$$

Setting the derivatives equal to zero, simplifying, and solving for the maximum likelihood estimators $\hat{\mu}_{ij}$ yields:

$$\hat{\mu}_{ij} = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^{2} Y_{ijk}}{2} = \bar{Y}_{ij.}$$

Yes

19.46.
$$Q = \sum \sum (Y_{ijk} - \mu_{ij})^2$$
$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \mu_{ij}} = 2 \sum_{k} (Y_{ijk} - \mu_{ij})(-1)$$

Setting the derivatives equal to zero, simplifying, and solving for the least squares estimators yields:

$$\hat{\mu}_{ij} = \frac{\sum\limits_{k} Y_{ijk}}{n} = \bar{Y}_{ij.}$$

$$19.47. \qquad \sum \sum \sum (\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2 = \sum \sum \sum [(\bar{Y}_{i..} - \bar{Y}_{...}) + (\bar{Y}_{.j.} - \bar{Y}_{...}) + (\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{.j.} + \bar{Y}_{...})]^2$$

$$= \sum \sum \sum [(\bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2 + (\bar{Y}_{.j.} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2 + (\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{.j.} + \bar{Y}_{...})^2$$

$$+2(\bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{...})(\bar{Y}_{.j.} - \bar{Y}_{...}) + 2(\bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{...})(\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{.j.} + \bar{Y}_{...})$$

$$+2(\bar{Y}_{.j.} - \bar{Y}_{...})(\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{.j.} + \bar{Y}_{...})]$$

$$= nb \sum (\bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2 + na \sum (\bar{Y}_{.i.} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2 + n \sum \sum (\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{.j.} + \bar{Y}_{...})^2$$

since all summations of cross-product terms equal zero.

19.48.
$$E\{\hat{L}\} = E\{\sum c_j \bar{Y}_{.j.}\} = \sum c_j E\{\bar{Y}_{.j.}\} = \sum c_j \mu_{.j} = L$$
$$\sigma^2\{\hat{L}\} = \sigma^2\{\sum c_j \bar{Y}_{.j.}\} = \sum c_j^2 \sigma^2\{\bar{Y}_{.j.}\} \qquad \text{because of independence}$$
$$= \sum c_j^2 \frac{\sigma^2}{an} = \frac{\sigma^2}{an} \sum c_j^2$$

19.49.
$$\sigma^{2}\{\sum \sum c_{ij}\bar{Y}_{ij.}\} = \sum \sum c_{ij}^{2}\sigma^{2}\{\bar{Y}_{ij.}\}$$
 because of independence
$$= \sum \sum c_{ij}^{2}\frac{\sigma^{2}}{n} = \frac{\sigma^{2}}{n}\sum \sum c_{ij}^{2}$$

19.50. By (19.9a),
$$(\alpha\beta)_{11} + (\alpha\beta)_{21} = 0$$
; hence $(\alpha\beta)_{21} = -(\alpha\beta)_{11}$.
By (19.9b), $(\alpha\beta)_{11} + (\alpha\beta)_{12} = 0$; hence $(\alpha\beta)_{12} = -(\alpha\beta)_{11}$.

19.51. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{11.} = 10.05875$$
, $\bar{Y}_{12.} = 11.45500$, $\bar{Y}_{21.} = 9.84000$, $\bar{Y}_{22.} = 9.57250$, $\bar{Y}_{31.} = 9.68250$, $\bar{Y}_{32.} = 9.52375$, $\bar{Y}_{41.} = 8.21250$, $\bar{Y}_{42.} = 8.01500$ d. $r = .996$

19.52. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments	65.08508	7	9.29787
A (region)	56.74396	3	18.91465
B (average age)	.59676	1	.59676
AB interactions	7.74436	3	2.58145
Error	76.03013	56	1.35768
Total	141.11521	63	

- c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero. $F^* = 2.58145/1.35768 = 1.90, <math>F(.95; 3, 56) = 2.77$. If $F^* \leq 2.77$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .14
- d. H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i=1,...,4), H_a : not all α_i equal zero. $F^*=18.91465/1.35768=13.93$, F(.95;3,56)=2.77. If $F^*\leq 2.77$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value =0+

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero. $F^* = .59676/1.35768 = .44$, F(.95;1,56) = 4.01. If $F^* \leq 4.01$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .51

e.
$$\alpha \leq .143$$

19.53. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{11.}=.0359, \, \bar{Y}_{12.}=.0454, \, \bar{Y}_{21.}=.0516, \, \bar{Y}_{22.}=.0515,$$
 $\bar{Y}_{31.}=.0758, \, \bar{Y}_{32.}=.1015, \, \bar{Y}_{41.}=.0673, \, \bar{Y}_{42.}=.0766$

d.
$$r = .993$$

19.54. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{1..} = .0406, \bar{Y}_{2..} = .0515, \bar{Y}_{3..} = .0886, \bar{Y}_{4..} = .0719$$

 $\bar{Y}_{1.} = .0576, \bar{Y}_{.2.} = .0687$

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
\overline{A}	.019171	3	.006390
B	.001732	1	.001732
AB	.001205	3	.000402
Error	.011042	48	.000230
Total	.033151	55	

c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = .000402/.000230 = 1.75, F(.99; 3, 48) = 4.22.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.22$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .170

d. (i) Test for factor A (region effect)

 H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, ..., 4), H_a : not all α_i equal zero.

$$F^* = .006390/.000230 = 27.79, F(.99; 3, 48) = 4.22.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.22$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

(ii) Test for factor B (% below poverty)

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = .001732/.000230 = 7.53, F(.99; 1, 48) = 7.19.$$

If $F^* \leq 7.19$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .009

e.
$$\alpha \leq .030$$

19.55. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{11.} = 2.4386$$
, $\bar{Y}_{12.} = 2.4286$, $\bar{Y}_{21.} = 2.7286$, $\bar{Y}_{22.} = 2.9786$,

d.
$$r = .994$$

19.56. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{1..}=2.4336, \bar{Y}_{2..}=2.8536$$

 $\bar{Y}_{1}=2.5836, \bar{Y}_{2}=2.7036$

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
\overline{A}	1.2348	1	1.2348
B	.1008	1	.1008
AB	.1183	1	.1183
Error	.5341	24	.0223
Total	1.9880	27	

```
c. H_0: all (\alpha\beta)_{ij} equal zero, H_a: not all (\alpha\beta)_{ij} equal zero.

F^* = .1183/.0223 = 5.32, \ F(.95; 1, 24) = 4.26.

If F^* \leq 4.26 conclude H_0, otherwise H_a. Conclude H_a. P-value = .030 d. (i) Test for factor A (region effect)

H_0: \alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0, \ H_a: not both \alpha_1 and \alpha_2 equal zero.

F^* = 1.2348/.0223 = 55.48, \ F(.95; 1, 24) = 4.26.

If F^* \leq 4.26 conclude H_0, otherwise H_a. Conclude H_a. P-value = 0+ (ii) Test for factor B (% below poverty)

H_0: \beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0, \ H_a: not both \beta_1 and \beta_2 equal zero.

F^* = .1008/.0223 = 4.53, \ F(.95; 1, 24) = 4.26.
```

If $F^* \leq 4.26$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .044

e.
$$\alpha < .143$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} 19.57 & \text{b.} & \hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{2..} = 1.0506, \, \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = 1.1538, \\ & \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{4..} = 2.6431, \, \hat{D}_4 = \bar{Y}_{2..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = .1032, \\ & \hat{D}_5 = \bar{Y}_{2..} - \bar{Y}_{4..} = 1.5925, \, \hat{D}_6 = \bar{Y}_{3..} - \bar{Y}_{4..} = 1.4893, \\ & s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .41196 \,\, (i=1,...,6), \,\, q(.90;4,56) = 3.31, \,\, T = 2.341 \\ & 1.0506 \pm 2.341(.41196) & .0862 \leq D_1 \leq 2.0150 \\ & 1.1538 \pm 2.341(.41196) & .1894 \leq D_2 \leq 2.1182 \\ & 2.6431 \pm 2.341(.41196) & 1.6787 \leq D_3 \leq 3.6075 \\ & .1032 \pm 2.341(.41196) & -.8612 \leq D_4 \leq 1.0676 \\ & 1.5925 \pm 2.341(.41196) & .6281 \leq D_5 \leq 2.5569 \\ & 1.4893 \pm 2.341(.41196) & .5249 \leq D_6 \leq 2.4537 \end{array}$$

19.58. b.
$$\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{2..} = -.0109, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = -.0480,$$

$$\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{4..} = -.0313, \ \hat{D}_4 = \bar{Y}_{2..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = -.0371,$$

$$\hat{D}_5 = \bar{Y}_{2..} - \bar{Y}_{4..} = -.0204, \ \hat{D}_6 = \bar{Y}_{3..} - \bar{Y}_{4..} = .0167,$$

$$s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .005732 \ (i = 1, ..., 6), \ q(.95; 4, 48) = 3.79, \ T = 2.680$$

$$-.0109 \pm 2.680(.0057) \qquad -.0262 \le D_1 \le .0043$$

$$-.0480 \pm 2.680(.0057) \qquad -.0633 \le D_2 \le -.0328$$

$$-.0313 \pm 2.680(.0057) \qquad -.0466 \le D_3 \le -.0161$$

$$-.0371 \pm 2.680(.0057) \qquad -.0524 \le D_4 \le -.0219$$

$$-.0204 \pm 2.680(.0057) \qquad -.0356 \le D_5 \le -.0052$$

$$.0167 \pm 2.680(.0057) \qquad .0015 \le D_6 \le .0320$$

Chapter 20

TWO-FACTOR STUDIES – ONE CASE PER TREATMENT

20.1. 0

20.2. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Location	37.0050	3	12.3350
Week	47.0450	1	47.0450
Error	.3450	3	.1150
Total	84.3950	7	

 H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, ..., 4), H_a : not all α_i equal zero.

 $F^* = 12.3350/.1150 = 107.26$, F(.95; 3, 3) = 9.28. If $F^* \le 9.28$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0015

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero.

 $F^* = 47.0450/.1150 = 409.09$, F(.95; 1, 3) = 10.1. If $F^* \le 10.1$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0003. $\alpha \le .0975$

c.
$$\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{2.} = 18.95 - 14.55 = 4.40, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{3.} = 18.95 - 14.60 = 4.35, \ \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{4.} = 18.95 - 18.80 = .15, \ \hat{D}_4 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{3.} = -.05, \ \hat{D}_5 = \bar{Y}_{2.} - \bar{Y}_{4.} = -4.25, \ \hat{D}_6 = \bar{Y}_{3.} - \bar{Y}_{4.} = -4.20, \ \hat{D}_7 = \bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.2} = 14.30 - 19.15 = -4.85, \ s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .3391 \ (i = 1, ..., 6), \ s\{\hat{D}_7\} = .2398, \ B = t(.99286; 3) = 5.139$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} 4.40 \pm 5.139 (.3391) & 2.66 \leq D_1 \leq 6.14 \\ 4.35 \pm 5.139 (.3391) & 2.61 \leq D_2 \leq 6.09 \\ .15 \pm 5.139 (.3391) & -1.59 \leq D_3 \leq 1.89 \\ -.05 \pm 5.139 (.3391) & -1.79 \leq D_4 \leq 1.69 \\ -4.25 \pm 5.139 (.3391) & -5.99 \leq D_5 \leq -2.51 \\ -4.20 \pm 5.139 (.3391) & -5.94 \leq D_6 \leq -2.46 \\ -4.85 \pm 5.139 (.2398) & -6.08 \leq D_7 \leq -3.62 \end{array}$$

20.3. a.
$$\hat{\mu}_{32} = \bar{Y}_{3.} + \bar{Y}_{.2} - \bar{Y}_{..} = 14.600 + 19.150 - 16.725 = 17.025$$

b.
$$s^2\{\hat{\mu}_{32}\} = .071875$$

c.
$$s\{\hat{\mu}_{32}\} = .2681, t(.975; 3) = 3.182, 17.025 \pm 3.182(.2681), 16.172 \le \mu_{32} \le 17.878$$

20.4. $\hat{D} = (-4.13473)/(18.5025)(11.76125) = -.019, SSAB^* = .0786, SSRem^* = .2664.$ $H: D = 0, H: D \neq 0, E^* = (.0786/1) \div (.2664/2) = .50, E(.075:1.2) = .38.5$

 H_0 : D = 0, H_a : $D \neq 0$. $F^* = (.0786/1) \div (.2664/2) = .59$, F(.975; 1, 2) = 38.5. If $F^* \leq 38.5$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

20.5. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Type of group	1.125	1	1.125
Size of group	318.375	3	106.125
Error	6.375	3	2.125
Total	325.875	7	

 H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$, H_a : not both α_1 and α_2 equal zero. $F^* = 1.125/2.125 = .53$, F(.99;1,3) = 34.1. If $F^* \leq 34.1$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .52

 H_0 : all β_j equal zero (j = 1, ..., 4), H_a : not all β_j equal zero. $F^* = 106.125/2.125 = 49.94$, F(.99; 3, 3) = 29.5. If $F^* \leq 29.5$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .005. $\alpha \leq .0199$

c.
$$\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{.2} - \bar{Y}_{.1} = 22.5 - 16.5 = 6.0, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{.3} - \bar{Y}_{.2} = 30.0 - 22.5 = 7.5, \ \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{.4} - \bar{Y}_{.3} = 32.5 - 30.0 = 2.5, \ s\{\hat{D}_i\} = 1.4577 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ B = t(.99167; 3) = 4.857$$

$$6.0 \pm 4.857(1.4577) \quad -1.08 \le D_1 \le 13.08$$

$$7.5 \pm 4.857(1.4577) \quad .42 \le D_2 \le 14.58$$

$$2.5 \pm 4.857(1.4577) \quad -4.58 \le D_3 \le 9.58$$

- d. No, q(.95; 4, 3) = 6.82, T = 4.822
- 20.6. a. $\hat{\mu}_{14} = \bar{Y}_{1.} + \bar{Y}_{.4} \bar{Y}_{..} = 25.750 + 32.500 25.375 = 32.875$
 - b. $s^2\{\hat{\mu}_{14}\} = 1.3281$
 - c. $s\{\hat{\mu}_{14}\} = 1.1524, t(.995; 3) = 5.841, 32.875 \pm 5.841(1.1524), 26.144 \le \mu_{14} \le 39.606$
- 20.7. $\hat{D} = (-8.109375)/(.28125)(159.1875) = -.1811$, $SSAB^* = 1.4688$, $SSRem^* = 4.9062$. H_0 : D = 0, H_a : $D \neq 0$. $F^* = (1.4688/1) \div (4.9062/2) = .60$, F(.99; 1, 2) = 98.5. If $F^* \leq 98.5$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

20.8. b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Humidity	2.12167	2	1.06083
Temperature	202.20000	3	67.40000
Error	6.58500	6	1.09750
Total	210.90667	11	

 H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all α_i equal zero.

 $F^* = 1.06083/1.09750 = .97$, F(.975; 2, 6) = 7.26. If $F^* \le 7.26$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .43

 H_0 : all β_j equal zero $(j=1,...,4), H_a$: not all β_j equal zero.

 $F^* = 67.40000/1.09750 = 61.41, F(.975; 3, 6) = 6.60.$ If $F^* \le 6.60$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

c.
$$\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{.2} - \bar{Y}_{.1} = 15.30 - 14.90 = .40, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{.3} - \bar{Y}_{.2} = 20.70 - 15.30 = 5.40,$$

 $\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{.4} - \bar{Y}_{.3} = 24.83 - 20.70 = 4.13, \ s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .8554 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ B = t(.99167; 6) = 3.2875$

$$.40 \pm 3.2875(.8554)$$
 $-2.41 \le D_1 \le 3.21$
 $5.40 \pm 3.2875(.8554)$ $2.59 \le D_2 \le 8.21$
 $4.13 \pm 3.2875(.8554)$ $1.32 \le D_3 \le 6.94$

d. Yes

20.9. a.
$$\hat{\mu}_{23} = \bar{Y}_{2.} + \bar{Y}_{.3} - \bar{Y}_{..} = 19.325 + 20.700 - 18.933 = 21.092$$

b.
$$s^2\{\hat{\mu}_{23}\} = .54875$$

c.
$$s\{\hat{\mu}_{23}\} = .7408$$
, $t(.99; 6) = 3.143$, $21.092 \pm 3.143(.7408)$, $18.764 \le \mu_{23} \le 23.420$, $(2.66\%, 4.12\%)$

 $\hat{D} = (-8.27113)/(.5304)(67.4000) = -.2314, SSAB^* = 1.9137, SSRem^* = 1.9137$ 20.10. 4.6713.

$$H_0$$
: $D = 0$, H_a : $D \neq 0$. $F^* = (1.9137/1) \div (4.6713/5) = 2.05$,

F(.995; 1, 5) = 22.8. If $F^* \le 22.8$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

20.11.
$$SSA = b \sum (\bar{Y}_{i} - \bar{Y}_{i})^{2}, SSB = a \sum (\bar{Y}_{i} - \bar{Y}_{i})^{2}$$

20.12.

$$(\alpha\beta)_{ij} = A + B\alpha_i + C\beta_j + D\alpha_i\beta_j + E\alpha_i^2 + F\beta_i^2 \tag{1}$$

Averaging (1) over i yields:

$$(\overline{\alpha\beta})_{,i} = A + C\beta_i + E\sum_i \alpha_i^2/a + F\beta_i^2 = 0$$
 (2)

 $(\overline{\alpha\beta})_{.j} = A + C\beta_j + E\sum_i \alpha_i^2/a + F\beta_j^2 = 0$ because $\sum_i \alpha_i = 0$ and $\sum_i (\alpha\beta)_{ij} = 0$. Similarly:

$$(\overline{\alpha\beta})_{i.} = A + B\alpha_i + E\alpha_i^2 + F\sum_j \beta_j^2/b \tag{3}$$

 $(\overline{\alpha\beta})_{i.} = A + B\alpha_i + E\alpha_i^2 + F\sum \beta_j^2/b$ because $\sum \beta_j = 0$ and $\sum_i (\alpha\beta)_{ij} = 0$. From (2) and (3) we obtain:

$$C\beta_i + F\beta_i^2 = -A - E\sum \alpha_i^2/a \tag{4}$$

$$C\beta_j + F\beta_j^2 = -A - E \sum_i \alpha_i^2 / a$$

$$B\alpha_i + E\alpha_i^2 = -A - F \sum_i \beta_j^2 / b$$
(4)
(5)

Substituting (4) and (5) in (1) yields:

$$(\alpha\beta)_{ij} = -A - E\sum_{i}\alpha_{i}^{2}/a - F\sum_{i}\beta_{j}^{2}/b + D\alpha_{i}\beta_{j}$$

$$\tag{6}$$

Averaging (6) over j yields:

$$(\overline{\alpha\beta})_{i.} = -A - E \sum_{i} \alpha_i^2 / a - F \sum_{j} \beta_j^2 / b = 0$$

$$(7)$$

Using (7) in (6) yields:

$$(\alpha\beta)_{ij} = D\alpha_i\beta_j \tag{8}$$

Chapter 21

RANDOMIZED COMPLETE BLOCK DESIGNS

21.5. b. e_{ij} :

i	j = 1	j=2	j = 3
1	-2.50000	1.50000	1.00000
2	1.50000	50000	-1.00000
3	2.16667	83333	-1.33333
4	.16667	83333	.66667
5	4.16667	-4.83333	.66667
6	1.50000	50000	-1.00000
7	-1.50000	-1.50000	3.00000
8	-2.83333	3.16667	33333
9	-1.50000	2.50000	-1.00000
10	-1.16667	1.83333	66667

r = .984

d. H_0 : D=0, H_a : $D\neq 0$. $SSBL.TR^*=.13$, $SSRem^*=112.20$, $F^*=(.13/1)\div (112.20/17)=.02, \ F(.99;1,17)=8.40. \ \text{If} \ F^*\leq 8.40 \ \text{conclude} \ H_0,$ otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value =.89

21.6. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Blocks	433.36667	9	48.15185
Training methods	1,295.00000	2	647.50000
Error	112.33333	18	6.24074
Total	1,840.70000	29	

- b. $\bar{Y}_{.1} = 70.6, \, \bar{Y}_{.2} = 74.6, \, \bar{Y}_{.3} = 86.1$
- c. H_0 : all τ_j equal zero $(j=1,2,3), H_a$: not all τ_j equal zero. $F^*=647.50000/6.24074=103.754, <math>F(.95;2,18)=3.55$. If $F^*\leq 3.55$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value =0+
- d. $\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{.1} \bar{Y}_{.2} = -4.0$, $\hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{.1} \bar{Y}_{.3} = -15.5$, $\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{.2} \bar{Y}_{.3} = -11.5$, $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = 1.1172$ (i = 1, 2, 3), q(.90; 3, 18) = 3.10, T = 2.192

$$-4.0 \pm 2.192(1.1172)$$
 $-6.45 \le D_1 \le -1.55$
 $-15.5 \pm 2.192(1.1172)$ $-17.95 \le D_2 \le -13.05$
 $-11.5 \pm 2.192(1.1172)$ $-13.95 \le D_3 \le -9.05$

e. H_0 : all ρ_i equal zero (i = 1, ..., 10), H_a : not all ρ_i equal zero.

$$F^* = 48.15185/6.24074 = 7.716, F(.95; 9, 18) = 2.46.$$

If $F^* \leq 2.46$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0001

21.7. b. e_{ij} :

$$r = .956$$

d.
$$H_0$$
: $D=0$, H_a : $D\neq 0$. $SSBL.TR^*=.0093$, $SSRem^*=.01002$,
$$F^*=(.0093/1)\div (.01002/7)=6.50, \ F(.99;1,7)=12.2.$$
 If $F^*\leq 12.2$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P -value = .038

21.8. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Blocks	1.41896	4	.35474
Fat content	1.32028	2	.66014
Error	.01932	8	.002415
Total	2.75856	14	

b.
$$\bar{Y}_1 = 1.110, \, \bar{Y}_2 = .992, \, \bar{Y}_3 = .430$$

c. H_0 : all τ_j equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all τ_j equal zero.

$$F^* = .66014/.002415 = 273.35, F(.95; 2, 8) = 4.46.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.46$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

d.
$$\hat{D}_1 = .118, \, \hat{D}_2 = .562, \, s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .03108 \, (i = 1, 2), \, B = t(.9875; 8) = 2.7515$$

 $.118 \pm 2.7515(.03108) \quad .032 \le D_1 \le .204$
 $.562 \pm 2.7515(.03108) \quad .476 \le D_2 \le .648$

e. H_0 : all ρ_i equal zero (i = 1, ..., 5), H_a : not all ρ_i equal zero.

$$F^* = .35474/.002415 = 146.89, F(.95; 4, 8) = 3.84.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.84$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

21.9. c. e_{iik} :

e. H_0 : D = 0, H_a : $D \neq 0$. $SSBL.TR^* = .00503$, $SSRem^* = .29872$, $F^* = (.00503/1) \div (.29872/20) = .337$, F(.99; 1, 20) = 8.10. If $F^* \leq 8.10$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .57

21.10. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Blocks	5.59875	7	.79982
A	2.31125	1	2.31125
B	3.38000	1	3.38000
AB interactions	.04500	1	.04500
Error	.30375	21	.01446
Total	11.63875	31	

b. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = .04500/.01446 = 3.112, F(.99; 1, 21) = 8.017.$$

If $F^* \leq 8.017$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .092

c.
$$\bar{Y}_{.1.} = .88750, \, \bar{Y}_{.2.} = 1.42500, \, \bar{Y}_{..1} = .83125, \, \bar{Y}_{..2} = 1.42500$$

d. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$, H_a : not both α_1 and α_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = 2.31125/.01446 = 159.84, F(.99; 1, 21) = 8.017.$$

If $F^* \leq 8.017$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = 3.38000/.01446 = 233.75, F(.99; 1, 21) = 8.017.$$

If $F^* \leq 8.017$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

e.
$$\hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{.1.} - \bar{Y}_{.2.} = -.53750$$
, $\hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{..1} - \bar{Y}_{..2} = -.65000$, $s\{\hat{L}_1\} = s\{\hat{L}_2\} = .0425$, $B = t(.9875; 21) = 2.414$

$$-.53750 \pm 2.414(.0425)$$
 $-.640 \le L_1 \le -.435$
 $-.65000 \pm 2.414(.0425)$ $-.753 \le L_2 \le -.547$

f. H_0 : all ρ_i equal zero $(i=1,...,8), H_a$: not all ρ_i equal zero.

$$F^* = .79982/.01446 = 55.31, F(.99; 7, 21) = 3.64.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.64$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

21.12. b.
$$\bar{Y}_{.1..} = 7.25$$
, $\bar{Y}_{.2..} = 12.75$, $\hat{L} = \bar{Y}_{.1..} - \bar{Y}_{.2..} = -5.50$, $s\{\hat{L}\} = 1.25$, $t(.995; 8) = 3.355$, $-5.50 \pm 3.355(1.25)$, $-9.69 \le L \le -1.31$

21.13. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \rho_i + \tau_j + (\rho \tau)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Blocks	523.20000	4	130.80000
Treatments	1,796.46667	2	898.23333
BL.TR interactions	87.20000	8	10.90000
Error	207.00000	15	13.80000
Total	2,613.86667	29	

c. H_0 : all τ_i equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all τ_i equal zero.

$$F^* = 898.23333/13.80000 = 65.089, F(.99; 2, 15) = 6.36.$$

If $F^* \leq 6.36$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

d.
$$\bar{Y}_{.1.} = 68.9, \bar{Y}_{.2.} = 77.1, \bar{Y}_{.3.} = 87.8, \hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{.1.} - \bar{Y}_{.2.} = -8.2, \hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{.1.} - \bar{Y}_{.3.} = -18.9,$$

 $\hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{.2.} - \bar{Y}_{.3.} = -10.7, \ s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 1.6613 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ q(.95; 3, 15) = 3.67,$
 $T = 2.595$

$$-8.2 \pm 2.595(1.6613)$$
 $-12.51 \le L_1 \le -3.89$
 $-18.9 \pm 2.595(1.6613)$ $-23.21 \le L_2 \le -14.59$
 $-10.7 \pm 2.595(1.6613)$ $-15.01 \le L_3 \le -6.39$

e. e_{ijk} :

	j = 1		j = 2		j =	j = 3	
i	k = 1	k=2	k=1	k=2	k = 1	k=2	
1	1.5	-1.5	3.0	-3.0	-2.0	2.0	
2	2.0	-2.0	-4.0	4.0	-2.5	2.5	
3	4.0	-4.0	3.5	-3.5	1.5	-1.5	
4	-2.5	2.5	-2.5	2.5	-1.5	1.5	
5	1.5	-1.5	-1.5	1.5	3.5	-3.5	
r =	.956						

f. H_0 : all $(\rho\tau)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\rho\tau)_{ij}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = 10.90000/13.80000 = .7899, F(.99; 8, 15) = 4.00.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.00$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .62

21.14.
$$\phi = \frac{1}{2.5} \sqrt{\frac{10(18)}{3}} = 3.098, \ \nu_1 = 2, \ \nu_2 = 27, \ 1 - \beta > .99$$

21.15.
$$\phi = \frac{1}{.04} \sqrt{\frac{5(.02)}{3}} = 4.564, \ \nu_1 = 2, \ \nu_2 = 12, \ 1 - \beta > .99$$

21.16.
$$n_b = 49 \text{ blocks}$$

21.17. a.
$$n_b = 21$$
 blocks

b.
$$n_b = 7$$
 blocks

21.18.
$$\hat{E} = 3.084$$

21.19.
$$\hat{E}' = 40.295$$

$$21.20.$$
 $\hat{E} = 13.264$

21.21.
$$L = \prod_{i=1}^{3} \prod_{j=1}^{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^{2}}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} (Y_{ij} - \mu_{..} - \rho_{i} - \tau_{j})^{2}\right]$$
$$\log_{e} L = -3 \log_{e} 2\pi - 3 \log_{e} \sigma^{2} - \frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum (Y_{ij} - \mu_{..} - \rho_{i} - \tau_{j})^{2}$$
$$\frac{\partial(\log_{e} L)}{\partial \mu_{..}} = -\frac{2}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum (Y_{ij} - \mu_{..} - \rho_{i} - \tau_{j})(-1)$$
$$\frac{\partial(\log_{e} L)}{\partial \rho_{i}} = -\frac{2}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum_{j} (Y_{ij} - \mu_{..} - \rho_{i} - \tau_{j})(-1)$$
$$\frac{\partial(\log_{e} L)}{\partial \tau_{i}} = -\frac{2}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum_{j} (Y_{ij} - \mu_{..} - \rho_{i} - \tau_{j})(-1)$$

Setting each partial derivative equal to zero, utilizing the constraints $\sum \rho_i = \sum \tau_j = 0$, simplifying, and substituting the maximum likelihood estimators yields:

$$\sum \sum Y_{ij} = \sum \sum \hat{\mu}_{..} \quad \text{or} \quad \bar{Y}_{..} = \hat{\mu}_{..}$$

$$\sum_{j} Y_{ij} = \sum_{j} (\hat{\mu}_{..} + \hat{\rho}_{i}) \quad \text{or} \quad \bar{Y}_{i.} - \hat{\mu}_{..} = \hat{\rho}_{i}$$

$$\sum_{j} Y_{ij} = \sum_{j} (\hat{\mu}_{..} + \hat{\tau}_{j}) \quad \text{or} \quad \bar{Y}_{.j} - \hat{\mu}_{..} = \hat{\tau}_{j}$$

21.22.
$$E\{MSTR\} = E\left\{\frac{n_b \sum (\bar{Y}_{.j} - \bar{Y}_{..})^2}{r - 1}\right\}$$
$$= \frac{n_b}{r - 1} E\{\sum (\bar{Y}_{.j} - \bar{Y}_{..})^2\}$$

Since

$$(\bar{Y}_{.j} - \bar{Y}_{..}) = (\mu_{..} + \tau_j + \bar{\epsilon}_{.j}) - (\mu_{..} + \bar{\epsilon}_{..}) = \tau_j + (\bar{\epsilon}_{.j} - \bar{\epsilon}_{..})$$

and

$$\sum (\bar{Y}_{.j} - \bar{Y}_{..})^2 = \sum \tau_j^2 + \sum (\bar{\epsilon}_{.j} - \bar{\epsilon}_{..})^2 + 2 \sum \tau_j (\bar{\epsilon}_{.j} - \bar{\epsilon}_{..})$$

we find:

$$\begin{split} E\{\sum \tau_j^2\} &= \sum \tau_j^2 \\ E\{\sum (\bar{\epsilon}_{.j} - \bar{\epsilon}_{..})^2\} &= (r-1) \left(\frac{\sigma^2}{n_b}\right) \\ E\{2\sum \tau_j (\bar{\epsilon}_{.j} - \bar{\epsilon}_{..})\} &= 0 \end{split}$$

Hence:

$$E\{MSTR\} = \frac{n_b}{r-1} \left[\sum \tau_j^2 + \frac{r-1}{n_b} \sigma^2 \right] = \frac{n_b}{r-1} \sum \tau_j^2 + \sigma^2$$

21.23. From (A.69):

$$(t^*)^2 = \left[\frac{\bar{W}}{s\{\bar{W}\}}\right]^2 = \frac{n_b(n_b - 1)(\bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.2})^2}{\sum[(Y_{i1} - Y_{i2}) - (\bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.2})]^2}$$

From (27.6b):

$$MSTR = n_b \left(\left[\bar{Y}_{.1} - \left(\frac{\bar{Y}_{.1} + \bar{Y}_{.2}}{2} \right) \right]^2 + \left[\bar{Y}_{.2} - \left(\frac{\bar{Y}_{.1} + \bar{Y}_{.2}}{2} \right) \right]^2 \right)$$
$$= \frac{n_b}{2} (\bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.2})^2$$

From (27.6c):

$$MSBL.TR = \frac{\sum_{i} \left[\left(Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_{i.} - \bar{Y}_{.1} + \bar{Y}_{..} \right)^{2} + \left(Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_{i.} - \bar{Y}_{.2} + \bar{Y}_{..} \right)^{2} \right]}{(n_{b} - 1)(2 - 1)}$$

Using:

$$\bar{Y}_{i.} = \frac{Y_{i1} + Y_{i2}}{2}$$
 $\bar{Y}_{..} = \frac{\bar{Y}_{.1} + \bar{Y}_{.2}}{2}$

we obtain:

$$MSBL.TR = \frac{1}{n_b - 1} \sum_{i} \frac{1}{4} \left[(Y_{i1} - Y_{i2} - \bar{Y}_{.1} + \bar{Y}_{.2})^2 + (Y_{i2} - Y_{i1} - \bar{Y}_{.2} + \bar{Y}_{.1})^2 \right]$$
$$= \frac{1}{2(n_b - 1)} \sum_{i} \left[(Y_{i1} - Y_{i2}) - (\bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.2}) \right]^2$$

Therefore:

$$F^* = \frac{n_b(n_b - 1)(\bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.2})^2}{\Sigma[(Y_{i1} - Y_{i2}) - (\bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.2})]^2} = (t^*)^2$$

21.24. When there are no ties:

$$R_{..}^{2} = [n_{b}r(r+1)/2]^{2}$$
 $\sum R_{i.}^{2} = n_{b} \left[\frac{r(r+1)}{2}\right]^{2}$

$$\sum \sum R_{ij}^2 = n_b[r(r+1)(2r+1)/6]$$

Then:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{n_b(r-1)SSTR}{SSTR + SSBL.TR} \\ &= \frac{(r-1)\left(\sum R_{.j}^2 - \frac{R_{..}^2}{r}\right)}{\left(\frac{\sum R_{.j}^2}{n_b} - \frac{R_{..}^2}{rn_b}\right) + \left(\sum \sum R_{ij}^2 - \frac{\sum R_{i.}^2}{r} - \frac{\sum R_{.j}^2}{n_b} + \frac{R_{..}^2}{rn_b}\right)} \\ &= \frac{(r-1)\left(\sum R_{.j}^2 - \frac{R_{..}^2}{r}\right)}{\sum \sum R_{ij}^2 - \frac{\sum R_{i.}^2}{r}} \\ &= (r-1)\left[\sum R_{.j}^2 - \frac{n_b^2(r+1)^2r}{4}\right] \div \left[\frac{n_br(r+1)(2r+1)}{6} - \frac{n_br(r+1)^2}{4}\right] \\ &= \frac{12\sum R_{.j}^2}{n_br(r+1)} - 3n_b(r+1) \end{split}$$

Chapter 22

ANALYSIS OF COVARIANCE

22.5. a.
$$B = t(.9917; 11) = 2.820$$

22.6.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{.} + \tau_{i} + \gamma_{1}(X_{ij1} - \bar{X}_{..1}) + \gamma_{2}(X_{ij2} - \bar{X}_{..2}) + \gamma_{3}(X_{ij1} - \bar{X}_{..1})^{2} + \gamma_{4}(X_{ij2} - \bar{X}_{..2})^{2} + \epsilon_{ij}, \ i = 1, ..., 4$$

22.7. a. e_{ij} :

- b. r = .988
- c. $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_1 I_{ij1} + \tau_2 I_{ij2} + \gamma x_{ij} + \beta_1 I_{ij1} x_{ij} + \beta_2 I_{ij2} x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$ H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero. SSE(F) = .9572, SSE(R) = 1.3175, $F^* = (.3603/2) \div (.9572/21) = 3.95$, F(.99; 2, 21) = 5.78. If $F^* \leq 5.78$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .035
- d. Yes, 5
- 22.8. b. Full model: $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_1 I_{ij1} + \tau_2 I_{ij2} + \gamma x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$, $(\bar{X}_{\cdot\cdot} = 9.4)$. Reduced model: $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \gamma x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$.
 - c. Full model: $\hat{Y} = 7.80627 + 1.65885I_1 .17431I_2 + 1.11417x$, SSE(F) = 1.3175Reduced model: $\hat{Y} = 7.95185 + .54124x$, SSE(R) = 5.5134 H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero. $F^* = (4.1959/2) \div (1.3175/23) = 36.625$, F(.95; 2, 23) = 3.42.

If $F^* \leq 3.42$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

d. MSE(F) = .0573, MSE = .6401

- e. $\hat{Y} = \hat{\mu}_{.} + \hat{\tau}_{2} .4\hat{\gamma} = 7.18629$, $s^{2}\{\hat{\mu}_{.}\} = .00258$, $s^{2}\{\hat{\tau}_{2}\} = .00412$, $s^{2}\{\hat{\gamma}\} = .00506$, $s\{\hat{\mu}_{.},\hat{\tau}_{2}\} = -.00045$, $s\{\hat{\tau}_{2},\hat{\gamma}\} = -.00108$, $s\{\hat{\mu}_{.},\hat{\gamma}\} = -.00120$, $s\{\hat{Y}\} = .09183$, t(.975;23) = 2.069, 7.18629 + 2.069(.09183), $6.996 \le \mu_{.} + \tau_{2} .4\gamma \le 7.376$
- f. $\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\tau}_1 \hat{\tau}_2 = 1.83316$, $\hat{D}_2 = \hat{\tau}_1 \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 = 3.14339$, $\hat{D}_3 = \hat{\tau}_2 \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_1 = 1.31023$, $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_1\} = .03759$, $s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -.00418$, $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .22376$, $s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .37116$, $s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .19326$, F(.90; 2, 23) = 2.55, S = 2.258
 - $1.83316 \pm 2.258(.22376)$ $1.328 \le D_1 \le 2.338$
 - $3.14339 \pm 2.258(.37116)$ $2.305 \le D_2 \le 3.981$
 - $1.31023 \pm 2.258(.19326)$ $.874 \le D_3 \le 1.747$
- 22.9. a. e_{ij} :

- b. r = .994
- c. $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{1}I_{ij1} + \tau_{2}I_{ij2} + \gamma x_{ij} + \beta_{1}I_{ij1}x_{ij} + \beta_{2}I_{ij2}x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$. H_{0} : $\beta_{1} = \beta_{2} = 0$, H_{a} : not both β_{1} and β_{2} equal zero. SSE(F) = .7682, SSE(R) = 1.3162, $F^{*} = (.5480/2) \div (.7682/9) = 3.21$, F(.995; 2, 9) = 10.1.
 - If $F^* \leq 10.1$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .089
- d. No
- 22.10. b. Full model: $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_1 I_{ij1} + \tau_2 I_{ij2} + \gamma x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$, $(\bar{X}_{\cdot \cdot} = 280)$. Reduced model: $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \gamma x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$.
 - c. Full model: $\hat{Y} = 29.00000 + .14361I_1 + 1.48842I_2 .02981x$, SSE(F) = 1.3162Reduced model: $\hat{Y} = 29.00000 - .02697x$, SSE(R) = 24.7081

 H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero.

 $F^* = (23.3919/2) \div (1.3162/11) = 97.748, F(.90; 2, 11) = 2.86.$

If $F^* \leq 2.86$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

- d. MSE(F) = .1197, MSE = 9.70
- e. $\hat{Y} = \hat{\mu}_{.} + \hat{\tau}_{1} = 29.14361, \ s^{2}\{\hat{\mu}_{.}\} = .00798, \ s^{2}\{\hat{\tau}_{1}\} = .01602, \ s\{\hat{\mu}_{.},\hat{\tau}_{1}\} = 0, \ s\{\hat{Y}\} = .15492, \ t(.95;11) = 1.796, \ 29.14361 \pm 1.796(.15492), \ 28.865 \le \mu_{.} + \tau_{1} \le 29.422$
- f. $\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\tau}_1 \hat{\tau}_2 = -1.34481$, $\hat{D}_2 = \hat{\tau}_1 \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 = 1.77564$, $\hat{D}_3 = \hat{\tau}_2 \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_1 = 3.12045$, $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_2\} = .01678$, $s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -.00822$, $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .2219$, $s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .2190$, $s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .2242$, F(.90; 2, 11) = 2.86, S = 2.392
 - $-1.34481 \pm 2.392(.2219)$ $-1.876 \le D_1 \le -.814$
 - $1.77564 \pm 2.392(.2190)$ $1.252 < D_2 < 2.299$
 - $3.12045 \pm 2.392(.2242)$ $2.584 \le D_3 \le 3.657$
- 22.11. a. e_{ij} :

- b. r = .995
- c. $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_1 I_{ij1} + \tau_2 I_{ij2} + \gamma x_{ij} + \beta_1 I_{ij1} x_{ij} + \beta_2 I_{ij2} x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$ H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero. SSE(F) = 5.94391, SSE(R) = 6.16575, $F^* = (.221834/2) \div (5.94391/18) = .336$, F(.95; 2, 18) = 3.55. If $F^* < 3.55$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .72
- d. No
- 22.12. b. Full model: $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_1 I_{ij1} + \tau_2 I_{ij2} + \gamma x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$, $(\bar{X}_{\cdot \cdot} = 23.575)$. Reduced model: $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \gamma x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$.
 - c. Full model: $\hat{Y} = 31.42704 + 3.52342I_1 + 1.67605I_2 + 1.16729x$, SSE(F) = 6.16575Reduced model: $\hat{Y} = 32.00000 + 1.47113x$, SSE(R) = 252.24945 H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero. $F^* = (246.08370/2) \div (6.16575/20) = 399.114$, F(.99; 2, 20) = 5.85. If $F^* \le 5.85$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
 - d. MSE(F) = .30829, MSE = 19.8095
 - e. $\hat{Y} = \hat{\mu}_{.} + \hat{\tau}_{2} + .425\hat{\gamma} = 33.59919, \ s^{2}\{\hat{\mu}_{.}\} = .013423, \ s^{2}\{\hat{\tau}_{2}\} = .024459, \ s^{2}\{\hat{\gamma}\} = .001025, \ s\{\hat{\mu}_{.},\hat{\tau}_{2}\} = -.003069, \ s\{\hat{\mu}_{.},\hat{\gamma}\} = .000082, \ s\{\hat{\tau}_{2},\hat{\gamma}\} = .000886, \ s\{\hat{Y}\} = .180975, \ t(.995;20) = 2.845, \ 33.59919 \pm 2.845 (.180975), \ 33.0843 \le \mu_{.} + \tau_{2} + .425\gamma \le 34.1141$
 - f. $\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\tau}_1 \hat{\tau}_2 = 1.84738$, $\hat{D}_2 = \hat{\tau}_1 \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 = 8.72289$, $\hat{D}_3 = \hat{\tau}_2 \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_1 = 6.87551$, $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_1\} = .0336934$, $s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -.0120919$, $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .28705$, $s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .33296$, $s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .28838$, B = t(.99167; 20) = 2.613 $1.84738 \pm 2.613(.28705)$ $1.097 \le D_1 \le 2.597$
 - $8.72289 \pm 2.613(.28769)$ $7.853 \le D_1 \le 2.63769$ $6.87551 \pm 2.613(.28838)$ $6.122 \le D_3 \le 7.629$
- 22.13. a. e_{ij} :

b.
$$r = .983$$

c.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_1 I_{ij1} + \tau_2 I_{ij2} + \gamma x_{ij} + \beta_1 I_{ij1} x_{ij} + \beta_2 I_{ij2} x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$$

 $H_0: \beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0, H_a:$ not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero.
 $SSE(F) = 145.2007, SSE(R) = 176.5300,$
 $F^* = (31.3293/2) \div (145.2007/9) = .971, F(.95; 2, 9) = 4.26.$
If $F^* \leq 4.26$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P -value = .415

d. No

22.14. b. Full model:
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{.} + \tau_{1}I_{ij1} + \tau_{2}I_{ij2} + \gamma x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$$
, $(\bar{X}_{..} = 70.46667)$. Reduced model: $Y_{ij} = \mu_{.} + \gamma x_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$.

c. Full model:
$$\hat{Y} = 66.40000 - 13.57740I_1 + 5.54806I_2 + .83474x$$
, $SSE(F) = 176.5300$
Reduced model: $\hat{Y} = 66.40000 + .81587x$, $SSE(R) = 1,573.8109$
 $H_0: \tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, $H_a:$ not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero.
 $F^* = (1,397.2809/2) \div (176.5300/11) = 43.53$, $F(.95;2,11) = 3.98$.
If $F^* \leq 3.98$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P -value = 0+

- d. MSE(F) = 16.0482, MSE = 113.9333
- e. $\hat{Y} = \hat{\mu}_{.} + \hat{\tau}_{2} + 4.5333\hat{\gamma} = 75.7322, \ s^{2}\{\hat{\mu}_{.}\} = 1.06988, \ s^{2}\{\hat{\tau}_{2}\} = 2.40689, \ s^{2}\{\hat{\gamma}\} = .00939, \ s\{\hat{\mu}_{.},\hat{\tau}_{2}\} = s\{\hat{\mu}_{.},\hat{\gamma}\} = 0, \ s\{\hat{\tau}_{2},\hat{\gamma}\} = -.05009, \ s\{\hat{Y}\} = 1.7932, \ t(.975;11) = 2.201, \ 75.7322 \pm 2.201(1.7932), \ 71.785 \le \mu_{.} + \tau_{2} + 4.5333\gamma \le 79.679$
- f. $\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\tau}_1 \hat{\tau}_2 = -19.12546$, $\hat{D}_2 = \hat{\tau}_1 \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 = -21.60674$, $\hat{D}_3 = \hat{\tau}_2 \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_1 = -2.48128$, $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_1\} = 2.14043$, $s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -1.08324$, $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = 2.5911$, $s\{\hat{D}_2\} = 2.5760$, $s\{\hat{D}_3\} = 2.7267$, F(.90; 2, 11) = 2.86, S = 2.392 $-19.12546 \pm 2.392(2.5911)$ $-25.323 < D_1 < -12.928$

$$-19.12546 \pm 2.392(2.5911) -25.323 \le D_1 \le -12.928$$

$$-21.60674 \pm 2.392(2.5760) -27.769 \le D_2 \le -15.445$$

$$-2.48128 \pm 2.392(2.7267) -9.004 \le D_3 \le 4.041$$

22.15. a. e_{ijk} :

i j=1	j=2	i j=1	j=2	i	j = 1	j=2
11184	3510	26809	.2082	3	.9687	.6606
3469	0939	.8660	1877		0150	.0565
.0041	.0286	1177	.2531		.8789	1109
6041	.0735	.2905	2327		-1.1211	0660
1.2000	0163	3912	2776		.0912	4293
1347	.3592	.0333	.2367		8027	1109

b. r = .974

c.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 I_{ijk2} + \beta_1 I_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk3}$$

 $+ (\alpha \beta)_{21} I_{ijk2} I_{ijk3} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \delta_1 I_{ijk1} x_{ijk} + \delta_2 I_{ijk2} x_{ijk}$
 $+ \delta_3 I_{ijk3} x_{ijk} + \delta_4 I_{ijk1} I_{ijk3} x_{ijk} + \delta_5 I_{ijk2} I_{ijk3} x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$

 H_0 : all δ_i equal zero (i=1,...,5), H_a : not all δ_i equal zero.

$$SSE(R) = 8.2941, SSE(F) = 6.1765,$$

 $F^* = (2.1176/5) \div (6.1765/24) = 1.646, F(.99; 5, 24) = 3.90.$
If $F^* \le 3.90$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .19

22.16. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 I_{ijk2} + \beta_1 I_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} I_{ijk2} I_{ijk3} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$I_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } A \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } A \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ijk3} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } B \end{array} \right.$$

$$x_{ijk} = X_{ijk} - \bar{X}_{...}$$
 $(\bar{X}_{...} = 3.4083)$

$$\hat{Y} = 23.55556 - 2.15283I_1 + 3.68152I_2 + .20907I_3 - .06009I_1I_3 - .04615I_2I_3 + 1.06122x$$

$$SSE(F) = 8.2941$$

b. Interactions:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 I_{ijk2} + \beta_1 I_{ijk3} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 23.55556 - 2.15400I_1 + 3.67538I_2 + .20692I_3 + 1.07393x$$

$$SSE(R) = 8.4889$$

Factor A:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \beta_1 I_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} I_{ijk2} I_{ijk3} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 23.55556 + .12982 I_3 + .01136 I_1 I_3 + .06818 I_2 I_3 + 1.52893 x$$

$$SSE(R) = 240.7835$$

Factor B:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 I_{ijk2} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} I_{ijk2} I_{ijk3} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 23.55556 - 2.15487I_1 + 3.67076I_2 - .05669I_1I_3 - .04071I_2I_3 + 1.08348x$$

$$SSE(R) = 9.8393$$

c.
$$H_0$$
: $(\alpha\beta)_{11} = (\alpha\beta)_{21} = 0$, H_a : not both $(\alpha\beta)_{11}$ and $(\alpha\beta)_{21}$ equal zero. $F^* = (.1948/2) \div (8.2941/29) = .341$, $F(.95; 2, 29) = 3.33$.

If
$$F^* \leq 3.33$$
 conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .714

d.
$$H_0$$
: $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$, H_a : not both α_1 and α_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (232.4894/2) \div (8.2941/29) = 406.445, F(.95; 2, 29) = 3.33.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.33$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

e.
$$H_0$$
: $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$.
 $F^* = (1.5452/1) \div (8.2941/29) = 5.403$, $F(.95; 1, 29) = 4.18$.
If $F^* \leq 4.18$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P -value = .027 f. $\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\alpha}_1 - \hat{\alpha}_2 = -5.83435$, $\hat{D}_2 = \hat{\alpha}_1 - \hat{\alpha}_3 = 2\hat{\alpha}_1 + \hat{\alpha}_2 = -.62414$, $\hat{D}_3 = \hat{\alpha}_2 - \hat{\alpha}_3 = 2\hat{\alpha}_2 + \hat{\alpha}_1 = 5.21021$, $\hat{D}_4 = \hat{\beta}_1 - \hat{\beta}_2 = 2\hat{\beta}_1 = .41814$,

$$\hat{D}_3 = \hat{\alpha}_2 - \hat{\alpha}_3 = 2\hat{\alpha}_2 + \hat{\alpha}_1 = 5.21021, \ \hat{D}_4 = \hat{\beta}_1 - \hat{\beta}_2 = 2\hat{\beta}_1 = .41814,$$

$$s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_1\} = .01593, \ s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_2\} = .01708, \ s\{\hat{\alpha}_1, \hat{\alpha}_2\} = -.00772, \ s^2\{\hat{\beta}_1\} = .00809,$$

$$s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .22011, \ s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .22343, \ s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .23102, \ s\{\hat{D}_4\} = .17989,$$

$$B = t(.9875; 29) = 2.364$$

$$-5.83435 \pm 2.364(.22011) -6.355 \le D_1 \le -5.314$$

$$-.62414 \pm 2.364(.22343) -1.152 \le D_2 \le -.096$$

$$5.21021 \pm 2.364(.23102) 4.664 \le D_3 \le 5.756$$

$$-.007 \le D_4 \le .843$$

22.17. a. e_{ijk} :

- b. r = .988
- c. $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \beta_1 I_{ijk2} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk2} + \gamma x_{ijk}$ $+ \delta_1 I_{ijk1} x_{ijk} + \delta_2 I_{ijk2} x_{ijk} + \delta_3 I_{ijk1} I_{ijk2} x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$ H_0 : all δ_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all δ_i equal zero. SSE(F) = 16.8817, SSE(R) = 18.5364, $F^* = (1.6547/3) \div (16.8817/12) = .392$, F(.995; 3, 12) = 7.23. If $F^* \leq 7.23$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .76
- 22.18. a. $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{\cdot} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \beta_1 I_{ijk2} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk2} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \varepsilon_{ijk}, (\bar{X}_{...} = 44.55).$ $\hat{Y} = 13.05000 - .36284 I_1 - 1.11905 I_2 + .09216 I_1 I_2 + .32586 x$ SSE(F) = 18.5364
 - b. Interactions:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \beta_1 I_{ijk2} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 13.05000 - .37286I_1 - 1.12552I_2 + .32333x$$

$$SSE(R) = 18.7014$$

Factor A:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \beta_1 I_{ijk2} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk2} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 13.05000 - 1.04962 I_2 + .12074 I_1 I_2 + .35309 x$$

$$SSE(R) = 20.3891$$

Factor B:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk2} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 13.05000 - .10397 I_1 + .16097 I_1 I_2 + .39140x$$

$$SSE(R) = 39.8416$$

- c. H_0 : $(\alpha\beta)_{11} = 0$, H_a : $(\alpha\beta)_{11} \neq 0$. $F^* = (.1650/1) \div (18.5364/15) = .1335$, F(.99; 1, 15) = 8.68. If $F^* \leq 8.68$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .72
- d. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = 0$, H_a : $\alpha_1 \neq 0$. $F^* = (1.8527/1) \div (18.5364/15) = 1.499$, F(.99; 1, 15) = 8.68. If $F^* \leq 8.68$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .24
- e. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$. $F^* = (21.3052/1) \div (18.5364/15) = 17.241$, F(.99; 1, 15) = 8.68. If $F^* \leq 8.68$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- f. $\hat{D} = \hat{\beta}_1 \hat{\beta}_2 = 2\hat{\beta}_1 = -2.2381, \ s\{\hat{D}\} = .539, \ t(.995; 15) = 2.947,$ $-2.2381 \pm 2.947(.539), \ -3.8265 \le D \le -.6497$
- g. $\hat{Y} = \hat{\mu}_{..} + \hat{\alpha}_1 \hat{\beta}_1 (\widehat{\alpha\beta})_{11} 4.55\hat{\gamma} = 12.2314, \ s^2\{\hat{\mu}_{..}\} = .06179, \ s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_1\} = .08782, \ s^2\{\hat{\beta}_1\} = .07264, \ s^2\{\hat{\gamma}\} = .00167, \ s^2\{(\widehat{\alpha\beta})_{11}\} = .06363, \ s\{\hat{\alpha}_1, \hat{\beta}_1\} = .01680, \ s\{\hat{\alpha}_1, (\widehat{\alpha\beta})_{11}\} = .00692, \ s\{\hat{\beta}_1, (\widehat{\alpha\beta})_{11}\} = .00447, \ s\{\hat{\alpha}_1, \hat{\gamma}\} = .00659, \ s\{\hat{\beta}_1, \hat{\gamma}\} = .00425, \ s\{\hat{\gamma}, (\widehat{\alpha\beta})_{11}\} = .00175, \ s\{\hat{\mu}_{..}, \hat{\alpha}_1\} = s\{\hat{\mu}_{..}, \hat{\beta}_1\} = s\{\hat{\mu}_{..}, (\widehat{\alpha\beta})_{11}\} = s\{\hat{\mu}_{..}, \hat{\gamma}\} = 0, \ s\{\hat{Y}\} = .5259, \ t(.995; 15) = 2.947,$

 $12.2314 \pm 2.947(.5259), 10.682 \le \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 - \beta_1 - (\alpha\beta)_{11} - 4.55\gamma \le 13.781$

22.19. b.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 I_{ij1} + \rho_2 I_{ij2} + \rho_3 I_{ij3} + \rho_4 I_{ij4} + \rho_5 I_{ij5} + \rho_6 I_{ij6} + \rho_7 I_{ij7} + \rho_8 I_{ij8} + \rho_9 I_{ij9} + \tau_1 I_{ij10} + \tau_2 I_{ij11} + \gamma x_{ij} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$I_{ij1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 10} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 I_{ij2}, \ldots, I_{ij9} are defined similarly

$$I_{ij10} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ij11} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 2} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$x_{ij} = X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{..}$$
 $(\bar{X}_{..} = 80.033333)$

c.
$$\hat{Y} = 77.10000 + 4.87199I_1 + 3.87266I_2 + 2.21201I_3 + 3.22003I_4 + 1.23474I_5 + .90876I_6 - 1.09124I_7 - 3.74253I_8 - 4.08322I_9$$

$$-6.50033I_{10} - 2.49993I_{11} + .00201x$$

$$SSE(F) = 112.3327$$

d.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 I_{ij1} + \rho_2 I_{ij2} + \rho_3 I_{ij3} + \rho_4 I_{ij4} + \rho_5 I_{ij5} + \rho_6 I_{ij6} + \rho_7 I_{ij7} + \rho_8 I_{ij8} + \rho_9 I_{ij9} + \gamma x_{ij} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 77.10000 + 6.71567I_1 + 5.67233I_2 + 3.61567I_3 + 4.09567I_4 +1.14233I_5 + .33233I_6 - 1.66767I_7 - 5.33100I_8 - 5.18767I_9 - .13000x$$

$$SSE(R) = 1,404.5167$$

e. H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (1, 292.18/2) \div (112.3327/17) = 97.777, F(.95; 2, 17) = 3.59.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.59$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

f.
$$\hat{\tau}_1 = -6.50033$$
, $\hat{\tau}_2 = -2.49993$, $\hat{L} = -4.0004$, $L^2\{\hat{\tau}_1\} = .44162$, $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_2\} = .44056$, $s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -.22048$, $s\{\hat{L}\} = 1.1503$, $t(.975; 17) = 2.11$, $-4.0004 \pm 2.11(1.1503)$, $-6.43 \le L \le -1.57$

22.20. a.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 I_{ij1} + \rho_2 I_{ij2} + \rho_3 I_{ij3} + \rho_4 I_{ij4} + \tau_1 I_{ij5} + \tau_2 I_{ij6} + \gamma x_{ij} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$I_{ij1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 5} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 I_{ij2}, \ldots, I_{ij4} are defined similarly

$$I_{ij5} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ij6} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 2} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$x_{ij} = X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{..}$$
 $(\bar{X}_{..} = 104.46667)$

b.
$$\hat{Y} = .84400 - .25726I_1 - .18916I_2 - .16649I_3 + .27012I_4 + .26663I_5 + .15238I_6 + .009385x$$

$$SSE(F) = .007389$$

c.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 I_{ij1} + \rho_2 I_{ij2} + \rho_3 I_{ij3} + \rho_4 I_{ij4} + \gamma x_{ij} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

 $\hat{Y} = .84400 - .34176 I_1 - .24725 I_2 - .17555 I_3 + .32143 I_4 - .00193 x$
 $SSE(R) = 1.339085$

d.
$$H_0$$
: $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero.
$$F^* = (1.331696/2) \div (.007389/7) = 630.79, F(.95; 2, 7) = 4.737.$$

If
$$F^* \leq 4.737$$
 conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

e.
$$\hat{\tau}_1 = .26663$$
, $\hat{\tau}_2 = .15238$, $\hat{L}_1 = \hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_2 = .11425$, $\hat{L}_2 = \hat{\tau}_1 + 2\hat{\tau}_2 = .57139$, $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_1\} = .0001408$, $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_2\} = .0001424$, $s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -.0000701$, $s\{\hat{L}_1\} = .02058$, $s\{\hat{L}_2\} = .02074$, $B = t(.9875; 7) = 2.841$

$$.11425 \pm 2.841(.02058)$$
 $.0558 \le L_1 \le .1727$
 $.57139 \pm 2.841(.02074)$ $.5125 \le L_2 \le .6303$

22.21. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between treatments	25.5824	2	12.7912
Error	1.4650	24	.0610
Total	27.0474	26	

b. Covariance: $MSE = .0573, \, \hat{\gamma} = 1.11417$

22.22. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between treatments	1,417.7333	2	708.8667
Error	223.2000	12	18.6000
Total	1,640.9333	14	

b. Covariance: $MSE = 16.048, \, \hat{\gamma} = .83474$

22.23.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_{i} + \gamma(X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{\cdot\cdot}) + \epsilon_{ij} = \Delta_{i} + \gamma(X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{\cdot\cdot}) + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$Q = \sum \sum [Y_{ij} - \Delta_{i} - \gamma(X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{\cdot\cdot})]^{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \Delta_{i}} = 2 \sum_{j} [Y_{ij} - \Delta_{i} - \gamma(X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{\cdot\cdot})](-1)$$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \gamma} = 2 \sum \sum [Y_{ij} - \Delta_{i} - \gamma(X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{\cdot\cdot})][-(X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{\cdot\cdot})]$$

Setting the partial derivatives equal to zero, simplifying, and substituting the least squares estimators yields:

$$\sum_{j} Y_{ij} - \hat{\gamma} \sum_{j} (X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{..}) = n_i \hat{\Delta}_i$$

or

$$\hat{\Delta}_i = \bar{Y}_{i.} - \hat{\gamma}(\bar{X}_{i.} - \bar{X}_{..})$$

and:

$$\sum \sum [Y_{ij} - \hat{\Delta}_i - \hat{\gamma}(X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{..})](X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{..}) = 0$$

or:

$$\sum \sum Y_{ij}(X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{..}) - \sum \sum [\bar{Y}_{i.} - \hat{\gamma}(\bar{X}_{i.} - \bar{X}_{..})](X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{..}) = \hat{\gamma} \sum \sum (X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{..})^2$$

or:

$$\hat{\gamma} = \frac{\sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{i.})(X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{i.})}{\sum \sum (X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{i.})^2}$$

It needs to be recognized in the development that:

$$\sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{i.})(X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{..}) = \sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{i.})(X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{i.})$$
$$\sum \sum (X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{..})(X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{i.}) = \sum \sum (X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{i.})^2$$

22.24. b. r = .907

c.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_1 I_{ij1} + \tau_2 I_{ij2} + \tau_3 I_{ij3} + \gamma x_{ij} + \beta_1 I_{ij1} x_{ij} + \beta_2 I_{ij2} x_{ij} + \beta_3 I_{ij3} x_{ij} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$, H_a : not all β_i equal zero.

$$SSE(F) = 147.8129, SSE(R) = 151.3719,$$

$$F^* = (3.5590/3) \div (147.8129/56) = .449, F(.995; 3, 56) = 4.76.$$

If $F^* < 4.76$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .72

22.25. b. Full model: $Y_{ij} = \mu_1 + \tau_1 I_{ij1} + \tau_2 I_{ij2} + \tau_3 I_{ij3} + \gamma x_{ij} + \epsilon_{ij}$

$$I_{ij1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from region NE} \\ -1 & \text{if case from region W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ij2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from region NC} \\ -1 & \text{if case from region W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ij3} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from region S} \\ -1 & \text{if case from region W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Reduced model: $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \gamma x_{ij} + \epsilon_{ij}$

Full model: $\hat{Y} = 9.58406 + 1.60061I_1 + .05250I_2 - .26776I_3 + .02579x$,

$$SSE(F) = 151.3719$$

Reduced model: $\hat{Y} = 9.58406 + .04013x$,

$$SSE(R) = 221.2543$$

 H_0 : all τ_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all τ_i equal zero.

$$F^* = (69.8824/3) \div (151.3719/59) = 9.079, F(.95; 3, 59) = 2.76.$$

If $F^* < 2.76$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 $\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_2 = 1.54811, \ \hat{D}_2 = \hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_3 = 1.86837, \ \hat{D}_3 = \hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_4 = 2\hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_1 +$ 2.98596, $\hat{D}_4 = \hat{\tau}_2 - \hat{\tau}_3 = .32026$, $\hat{D}_5 = \hat{\tau}_2 - \hat{\tau}_4 = 2\hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_3 = 1.43785$, $\hat{D}_6 = \hat{\tau}_3 - \hat{\tau}_4 = 2\hat{\tau}_3 + \hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 = 1.11759, \ s^2\{\hat{\tau}_1\} = .12412, \ s^2\{\hat{\tau}_2\} = .12188,$ $s^{2}\{\hat{\tau}_{3}\} = .12355, s\{\hat{\tau}_{1}, \hat{\tau}_{2}\} = -.03759, s\{\hat{\tau}_{1}, \hat{\tau}_{3}\} = -.04365, s\{\hat{\tau}_{2}, \hat{\tau}_{3}\} = -.04240,$ $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .56673, \ s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .57877, \ s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .57632, \ s\{\hat{D}_4\} = .57466, \ s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .57877, \ s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .57632, \ s\{\hat{D}_4\} = .57466, \ s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .57877, \ s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .57632, \ s\{\hat{D}_4\} = .57466, \ s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .57877, \ s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .57632, \ s\{\hat{D}_4\} = .57466, \ s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .57632, \ s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .57632,$ $.57265, s\{D_6\} = .56641, B = t(.99167; 59) = 2.464$

$$1.54811 \pm 2.464(.56673)$$
 $.1517 \le D_1 \le 2.9445$

$$1.86837 \pm 2.464(.57877)$$
 $.4423 \le D_2 \le 3.2945$

$$2.98596 \pm 2.464(.57632)$$
 $1.5659 \le D_3 \le 4.4060$
 $.32026 \pm 2.464(.57466)$ $-1.0957 \le D_4 \le 1.7362$
 $1.43785 \pm 2.464(.57265)$ $.0268 \le D_5 \le 2.8489$

$$.32026 \pm 2.464(.57466)$$
 $-1.0957 \le D_4 \le 1.7362$

$$1.43785 \pm 2.464(.57265)$$
 $.0268 \le D_5 \le 2.8489$

$$1.11759 \pm 2.464(.56641)$$
 $-.2780 \le D_6 \le 2.5132$

22.26. b. r = .9914

c.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \tau_1 I_{ij1} + \tau_2 I_{ij2} + \tau_3 I_{ij3} + \gamma x_{ij} + \beta_1 I_{ij1} x_{ij} + \beta_2 I_{ij2} x_{ij} + \beta_3 I_{ij3} x_{ij} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

 $H_0: \beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0, H_a: \text{ not all } \beta_i \text{ equal zero.}$

$$SSE(F) = .6521, SSE(R) = .6778,$$

 $F^* = (.0257/3) \div (.6521/28) = .37, F(.95; 3, 28) = 2.95.$
If $F^* < 2.95$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .78

22.27. b. Full model: $Y_{ij} = \mu_1 + \tau_1 I_{ij1} + \tau_2 I_{ij2} + \tau_3 I_{ij3} + \gamma x_{ij} + \epsilon_{ij}$

$$I_{ij1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from (Var5 Var6)=(0,0)} \\ -1 & \text{if case from (Var5 Var6)=(1,1)} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ij2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from (Var5 Var6)=(1,0)} \\ -1 & \text{if case from (Var5 Var6)=(1,1)} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ij3} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from (Var5 Var6)=(0,1)} \\ -1 & \text{if case from (Var5 Var6)=(1,1)} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$x_{ij} = X_{ij} - \bar{X}_{..}$$
 $(\bar{X}_{..} = 2.3244)$

Reduced model: $Y_{ij} = \mu_{\cdot} + \gamma x_{ij} + \epsilon_{ij}$

Full model: $\hat{Y} = 2.619 - .217I_1 + .109I_2 - .178I_3 - .344x$, SSE(F) = .6778

Reduced model: $\hat{Y} = 2.664 - .306x$, SSE(R) = 2.3593

$$H_0$$
: $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = \tau_3 = 0$, H_a : not all τ_i equal zero.

$$F^* = (1.6815/3) \div (.6778/31) = 25.64, F(.99; 3, 31) = 4.51.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.51$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

In Project 16.45, SSE = .7850.

No, almost none.

(2.5005, 2.8353)

f.
$$\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_2 = -.326, \ \hat{D}_2 = \hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_3 = -.039,$$

$$\hat{D}_3 = \hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_4 = 2\hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_3 = -.503, \ \hat{D}_4 = \hat{\tau}_2 - \hat{\tau}_3 = .287,$$

$$\hat{D}_5 = \hat{\tau}_2 - \hat{\tau}_4 = 2\hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_3 = -.177, \ \hat{D}_6 = \hat{\tau}_3 - \hat{\tau}_4 = 2\hat{\tau}_3 + \hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 = -.464,$$

$$s^{2}\{\hat{\tau}_{1}\} = .002028, \ s^{2}\{\hat{\tau}_{2}\} = .002024, \ s^{2}\{\hat{\tau}_{3}\} = .002239,$$

$$s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -.00071, \ s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_3\} = -.00085, \ s\{\hat{\tau}_2, \hat{\tau}_3\} = -.00085,$$

$$s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .073927, \ s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .077232, \ s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .066790,$$

$$s\{\hat{D}_4\} = .077165, \ s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .066743, \ s\{\hat{D}_6\} = .069400,$$

$$B=t(.99583;31)=2.818\;(S^2=3F(.95;3,31)=3(2.9113),\,S=2.955)$$

$$-.326 \pm 2.818(.073927)$$
 $-.534 < D_1 < -.118$

$$-.039 \pm 2.818(.077232)$$
 $-.257 \le D_2 \le .179$

$$-.503 \pm 2.818(.066790) \qquad -.691 \le D_3 \le -.315$$

$$.287 \pm 2.818(.077165)$$
 $.070 \le D_4 \le .504$

$$-.177 \pm 2.818(.066743) \qquad -.365 \le D_5 \le .011$$

$$-.464 \pm 2.818(.069400) \qquad -.660 \le D_6 \le -.268$$

$$-.464 \pm 2.818(.069400)$$
 $-.660 < D_6 < -.268$

22.28. b.
$$r = .991$$

c.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 I_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 I_{ijk3} + \beta_1 I_{ijk4}$$

 $+(\alpha\beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk4} + (\alpha\beta)_{21} I_{ijk2} I_{ijk4} + (\alpha\beta)_{31} I_{ijk3} I_{ijk4}$
 $+\gamma x_{ijk} + \delta_1 I_{ijk1} x_{ijk} + \delta_2 I_{ijk2} x_{ijk} + \delta_3 I_{ijk3} x_{ijk}$
 $+\delta_4 I_{ijk4} x_{ijk} + \delta_5 I_{ijk1} I_{ijk4} x_{ijk} + \delta_6 I_{ijk2} I_{ijk4} x_{ijk} + \delta_7 I_{ijk3} I_{ijk4} x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$
 H_0 : all δ_i equal zero $(i = 1, ..., 7)$, H_a : not all δ_i equal zero.
 $SSE(F) = .0093126$, $SSE(R) = .0108089$,
 $F^* = (.0014963/7) \div (.0093126/40) = .92$, $F(.999; 7, 40) = 4.436$.
 If $F^* \le 4.436$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P -value $= .46$

22.29. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 I_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 I_{ijk3} + \beta_1 I_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} I_{ijk2} I_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{31} I_{ijk3} I_{ijk4} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$I_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from region NE} \\ -1 & \text{if case from region W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ijk2} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} 1 & \text{if case from region NC} \\ -1 & \text{if case from region W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$$

$$I_{ijk3} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from region S} \\ -1 & \text{if case from region W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ijk4} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if percent of poverty less than 8.0 percent} \\ -1 & \text{if percent of poverty 8.0 percent or more} \end{cases}$$

$$x_{ijk} = X_{ijk} - \bar{X}_{...}$$
 $(\bar{X}_{...} = 12.521)$
 $\hat{Y} = .0632 - .0239I_1 - .0115I_2 + .0254I_3 - .00548I_4$

$$+.00149I_1I_4 + .00643I_2I_4 - .00904I_3I_4 + .000627x$$

$$SSE(F) = .0108089$$

b. Interactions:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 I_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 I_{ijk3} + \beta_1 I_{ijk4} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = .0632 - .0224I_1 - .0117I_2 + .0255I_3 - .00557I_4 - .000061x$$

$$SSE(R) = .0122362$$

Factor A:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \beta_1 I_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} I_{ijk2} I_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{31} I_{ijk3} I_{ijk4} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = .0632 - .00565I_4 + .00001I_1I_4 + .00463I_2I_4 - .00532I_3I_4 - .000719x$$

$$SSE(R) = .0298356$$

Factor B:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 I_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 I_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk4}$$

$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{21} I_{ijk2} I_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{31} I_{ijk3} I_{ijk4} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = .0632 - .0241 I_1 - .0115 I_2 + .0254 I_3 + .00157 I_1 I_4$$

$$+ .00652 I_2 I_4 - .00923 I_3 I_4 + .000695 x$$

$$SSE(R) = .012488$$

- c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero. $F^* = (.0014273/3) \div (.0108089/47) = 2.069, F(.99; 3, 47) = 4.23.$ If $F^* \leq 4.23$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .12
- d. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3 = 0$, H_a : not all α_i equal zero. $F^* = (.0190267/3) \div (.0108089/47) = 27.57$, F(.99; 3, 47) = 4.23. If $F^* \le 4.23$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- e. H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$. $F^* = (.0016791/1) \div (.0108089/47) = 7.30$, F(.99; 1, 47) = 7.21. If $F^* \leq 7.21$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0096
- 22.30. b. r = .983
 - c. $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \beta_1 I_{ijk2} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk4} + \gamma x_{ijk}$ $+ \delta_1 I_{ijk1} x_{ijk} + \delta_2 I_{ijk2} x_{ijk} + \delta_3 I_{ijk1} I_{ijk2} x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$ H_0 : $\delta_1 = \delta_2 = \delta_3 = 0$, H_a : not all δ_i equal zero. SSE(F) = .48044, SSE(R) = .51032, $F^* = (.02988/3) \div (.48044/20) = .41$, F(.95; 3, 20) = 3.10. If $F^* < 3.10$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .75
- 22.31. a. $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \beta_1 I_{ijk2} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk2} + \epsilon_{ijk}$ $I_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{no discount price} \\ -1 & \text{discount price} \end{cases}$ $I_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{no package promotion} \\ -1 & \text{package promotion} \end{cases}$ $x_{ijk} = X_{ijk} \bar{X}_{...} \qquad (\bar{X}_{...} = 2.2716)$ $\hat{Y} = 2.644 .197I_1 .0605I_2 + .0533I_1I_2 .276x$ SSE(F) = .51032
 - b. Interactions:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + \beta_1 I_{ijk2} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 2.644 - .189I_1 - .0608I_2 - .451x$$

$$SSE(R) = .57864$$

Factor A:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \beta_1 I_{ijk2} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk2} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 2.644 - .0616 I_2 + .0241 I_1 I_2 - .962 x$$

$$SSE(R) = 1.42545$$

Factor B:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 I_{ijk1} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} I_{ijk1} I_{ijk2} + \gamma x_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 2.644 - .198 I_1 + .0536 I_1 I_2 - .267 x$$

$$SSE(R) = .61269$$

c.
$$H_0$$
: $(\alpha\beta)_{11} = 0$, H_a : $(\alpha\beta)_{11} \neq 0$
 $F^* = (.06832/1) \div (.51032/23) = 3.08$, $F(.99; 1, 23) = 7.88$.
If $F^* \leq 7.88$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P -value = .09

d.
$$H_0$$
: $\alpha_1 = 0$, H_a : $\alpha_1 \neq 0$
 $F^* = (.91513/1) \div (.51032/23) = 41.24$, $F(.99; 1, 23) = 7.88$.
If $F^* \leq 7.88$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P -value = 0+

e.
$$H_0$$
: $\beta_1 = 0$, H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$.
$$F^* = (.10237/1) \div (.51032/23) = 4.61, F(.99; 1, 23) = 7.88.$$
If $F^* \leq 7.88$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P -value = .04

Chapter 23

TWO-FACTOR STUDIES WITH UNEQUAL SAMPLE SIZES

23.3. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \beta_1 X_{ijk2} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk2} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$X_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } B \end{cases}$$
b. **Y** entries: in order $Y_{111}, ..., Y_{115}, Y_{121}, ..., Y_{125}, Y_{211}, ...$

 $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ entries: $\mu_{..}, \alpha_1, \beta_1, (\alpha\beta)_{11}$

X entries:

A	B	Freq.		X_1	X_2	X_1X_2
1	1	5	1	1	1	1
1	2	5	1	1	-1	-1
2	1	5	1	-1	1	-1
2	2	5	1	-1	-1	1

c. $X\beta$ entries:

d.
$$\hat{Y} = 13.05 - 1.65X_1 - 1.95X_2 - .25X_1X_2$$

 $\mu_{..}$

e.

Source	SS	df
Regression	131.75	3
$\overline{X_1}$	54.45	1] A
$X_2 X_1$	76.05	1] B
$X_1X_2 X_1, X_2$	1.25	1] AB
Error	97.20	16
Total	228.95	19

Yes.

f. See Problem 19.13c and d.

23.4. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \beta_1 X_{ijk3} + \beta_2 X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{22} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk4} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$X_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } A \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk3} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk4} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$0 & \text{otherwise}$$

\(\) 0 otherwise \(\) Y entries: in order Y_{111} , ..., Y_{114} , Y_{121} , ..., Y_{124} , Y_{131} , ..., Y_{134} , Y_{211} , ... $\$ entries: $\mu_{..}$, α_{1} , α_{2} , β_{1} , β_{2} , $(\alpha\beta)_{11}$, $(\alpha\beta)_{12}$, $(\alpha\beta)_{21}$, $(\alpha\beta)_{22}$

X entries:

A	B	Freq.		X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	X_1X_3	X_1X_4	X_2X_3	X_2X_4
1	1	4	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
1	2	4	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
1	3	4	1	1	0	-1	-1	-1	-1	0	0
2	1	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
2	2	4	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
2	3	4	1	0	1	-1	-1	0	0	-1	-1
3	1	4	1	-1	-1	1	0	-1	0	-1	0
3	2	4	1	-1	-1	0	1	0	-1	0	-1
3	3	4	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1

c. $X\beta$ entries:

d. $\hat{Y} = 7.18333 - 3.30000X_1 + .65000X_2 - 2.55000X_3 + .75000X_4$ $+1.14167X_1X_3 - .03333X_1X_4 + .16667X_2X_3 + .34167X_2X_4$ $\alpha_1 = \mu_{1.} - \mu_{..}$

e.

Source	SS	df
Regression	373.125	8
$\overline{X_1}$	212.415	1] A
$X_2 \mid X_1$	7.605	1] A
$X_3 \mid X_1, X_2$	113.535	1] B
$X_4 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3$	10.125	1] B
$X_1X_3 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4$	26.7806	1] AB
$X_1X_4 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_1X_3$.2269	1] AB
$X_2X_3 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_1X_3, X_1X_4$	1.3669	1] AB
$X_2X_4 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_1X_3, X_1X_4, X_2X_3$	1.0506	1] AB
Error	1.625	27
Total	374.730	35

Yes.

f. See Problem 19.15c and d.

23.5. a. See Problem 23.4a.

b.
$$\hat{Y} = 55.82222 - .48889X_1 - .55556X_2 + .31111X_3 + .77778X_4$$

 $+4.15556X_1X_3 - 8.31111X_1X_4 - 7.17778X_2X_3 + 5.15556X_2X_4$
 $\beta_1 = \mu_{.1} - \mu_{..}$

c.

Source	SS	df
Regression	1,268.17778	8
$\overline{X_1}$	17.63333	1] A
$X_2 \mid X_1$	6.94445	1] A
$X_3 \mid X_1, X_2$	14.70000	1] B
$X_4 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3$	13.61111	1] B
$X_1X_3 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4$	105.80000	1] AB
$X_1X_4 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_1X_3$	493.06667	1] AB
$X_2X_3 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_1X_3, X_1X_4$	317.40000	1] AB
$X_2X_4 \mid X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_1X_3, X_1X_4, X_2X_3$	299.02222	1] AB
Error	1,872.40000	36
Total	3, 140.57778	44

Yes.

d. See Problem 19.17c and d.

23.6. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \beta_1 X_{ijk3} + (\alpha\beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk3} + (\alpha\beta)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk3} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$X_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} & 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } A \\ & -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } A \\ & 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} & 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \\ & -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } A \\ & 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk3} = \begin{cases} & 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } B \\ & -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } B \end{cases}$$

b. $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ entries: $\mu_{..}, \alpha_1, \alpha_2, \beta_1, (\alpha\beta)_{11}, (\alpha\beta)_{21}$

X entries:

A	B	Freq.		X_1	X_2	X_3	X_1X_3	X_2X_3
1	1	6	1	1	0	1	1	0
1	2	6	1	1	0	-1	-1	0
2	1	5	1	0	1	1	0	1
2	2	6	1	0	1	-1	0	-1
3	1	6	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
3	2	5	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1

c. $\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta}$ entries:

- d. $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \beta_1 X_{ijk3} + \epsilon_{ijk}$
- e. Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = 23.56667 - 2.06667X_1 + 4.16667X_2 + .36667X_3 - .20000X_1X_3 - .30000X_2X_3,$$

$$SSE(F) = 71.3333$$

Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = 23.59091 - 2.09091X_1 + 4.16911X_2 + .36022X_3,$$

$$SSE(R) = 75.5210$$

 H_0 : $(\alpha\beta)_{11} = (\alpha\beta)_{21} = 0$, H_a : not both $(\alpha\beta)_{11}$ and $(\alpha\beta)_{21}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = (4.1877/2) \div (71.3333/28) = .82, F(.95; 2, 28) = 3.34.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.34$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .45

f. A effects:

$$\hat{Y} = 23.50000 + .17677X_3 - .01010X_1X_3 - .49495X_2X_3,$$

 $SSE(R) = 359.9394$

 H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$, H_a : not both α_1 and α_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (288.6061/2) \div (71.3333/28) = 56.64, F(.95; 2, 28) = 3.34.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.34$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 \underline{B} effects:

$$\hat{Y} = 23.56667 - 2.06667X_1 + 4.13229X_2 - .17708X_1X_3 - .31146X_2X_3$$

$$SSE(R) = 75.8708$$

 $H_0: \beta_1 = 0, H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0.$

$$F^* = (4.5375/1) \div (71.3333/28) = 1.78, F(.95; 1, 28) = 4.20.$$

If $F^* < 4.20$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .19

g.
$$\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\alpha}_1 - \hat{\alpha}_2 = -6.23334$$
, $\hat{D}_2 = \hat{\alpha}_1 - \hat{\alpha}_3 = 2\hat{\alpha}_1 + \hat{\alpha}_2 = .03333$, $\hat{D}_3 = \hat{\alpha}_2 - \hat{\alpha}_3 = 2\hat{\alpha}_2 + \hat{\alpha}_1 = 6.26667$, $s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_1\} = .14625$, $s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_2\} = .15333$, $s\{\hat{\alpha}_1, \hat{\alpha}_2\} = -.07313$, $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .6677$, $s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .6677$, $s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .6834$, $q(.90; 3, 28) = 3.026$, $T = 2.140$

$$-6.23334 \pm 2.140(.6677)$$
 $-7.662 \le D_1 \le -4.804$
 $.03333 \pm 2.140(.6677)$ $-1.396 \le D_2 \le 1.462$
 $6.26667 \pm 2.140(.6834)$ $4.804 \le D_3 \le 7.729$

h.
$$\hat{L} = .3\bar{Y}_{12.} + .6\bar{Y}_{22.} + .1\bar{Y}_{32.} = .3(21.33333) + .6(27.66667) + .1(20.60000) = 25.06000,$$

 $s\{\hat{L}\} = .4429, \ t(.975;28) = 2.048, \ 25.06000 \pm 2.048(.4429), \ 24.153 \le L \le 25.967$

23.7. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha \beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \beta_1 X_{ijk3} + \beta_2 X_{ijk4}$$

$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk3}$$

$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{22} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk4} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$X_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } A \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } A \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk3} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk4} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

b.
$$\beta$$
 entries: $\mu_{..}, \alpha_1, \alpha_2, \beta_1, \beta_2, (\alpha\beta)_{11}, (\alpha\beta)_{12}, (\alpha\beta)_{21}, (\alpha\beta)_{22}$

X entries:

A	B	Freq.		X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	X_1X_3	X_1X_4	X_2X_3	X_2X_4
1	1	3	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
1	2	4	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
1	3	4	1	1	0	-1	-1	-1	-1	0	0
2	1	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
2	2	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
2	3	4	1	0	1	-1	-1	0	0	-1	-1
3	1	4	1	-1	-1	1	0	-1	0	-1	0
3	2	4	1	-1	-1	0	1	0	-1	0	-1
3	3	4	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1

c. $\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta}$ entries:

d.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \beta_1 X_{ijk3} + \beta_2 X_{ijk4} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

e. Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = 7.18704 - 3.28426X_1 + .63796X_2 - 2.53426X_3 + .73796X_4$$
$$+1.16481X_1X_3 - .04074X_1X_4 + .15926X_2X_3 + .33704X_2X_4,$$

$$SSE(F) = 1.5767$$

Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = 7.12711 - 3.33483X_1 + .62861X_2 - 2.58483X_3 + .72861X_4,$$

$$SSE(R) = 29.6474$$

 H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = (28.0707/4) \div (1.5767/24) = 106.82, F(.95; 4, 24) = 2.78.$$

If $F^* \leq 2.78$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

f.
$$\bar{Y}_{11.} = 2.5333$$
, $\bar{Y}_{12.} = 4.6000$, $\bar{Y}_{13.} = 4.57500$, $\bar{Y}_{21.} = 5.45000$, $\bar{Y}_{22.} = 8.90000$, $\bar{Y}_{23.} = 9.12500$, $\bar{Y}_{31.} = 5.97500$, $\bar{Y}_{32.} = 10.27500$, $\bar{Y}_{33.} = 13.25000$, $\hat{L}_1 = 2.0542$, $\hat{L}_2 = 3.5625$, $\hat{L}_3 = 5.7875$, $\hat{L}_4 = 1.5083$, $\hat{L}_5 = 3.7333$, $\hat{L}_6 = 2.2250$, $s\{\hat{L}_1\} = .1613$, $s\{\hat{L}_2\} = .1695$, $s\{\hat{L}_3\} = .1570$, $s\{\hat{L}_4\} = .2340$, $s\{\hat{L}_5\} = .2251$, $s\{\hat{L}_6\} = .2310$, $F(.90; 8, 24) = 1.94$, $S = 3.9395$

$$\begin{array}{lll} 2.0542 \pm 3.9395 (.1613) & 1.419 \leq L_1 \leq 2.690 \\ 3.5625 \pm 3.9395 (.1695) & 2.895 \leq L_2 \leq 4.230 \\ 5.7875 \pm 3.9395 (.1570) & 5.169 \leq L_3 \leq 6.406 \\ 1.5083 \pm 3.9395 (.2340) & .586 \leq L_4 \leq 2.430 \\ 3.7333 \pm 3.9395 (.2251) & 2.846 \leq L_5 \leq 4.620 \\ 2.2250 \pm 3.9395 (.2310) & 1.315 \leq L_6 \leq 3.135 \end{array}$$

23.8. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha \beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

Regression model: see (22.4).

b. $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ entries: $\mu_{..}, \alpha_1, \beta_1, \beta_2, (\alpha\beta)_{11}, (\alpha\beta)_{12}$

X entries:

A	B	Freq.		X_1	X_2	X_3	X_1X_2	X_1X_3
1	1	10	1	1	1	0	1	0
1	2	9	1	1	0	1	0	1
1	3	10	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
2	1	9	1	-1	1	0	-1	0
2	2	10	1	-1	0	1	0	-1
2	3	9	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1

c. $\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta}$ entries:

d.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \beta_1 X_{ijk2} + \beta_2 X_{ijk3} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

e. Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = .69139 + .08407X_1 - .27492X_2 - .01281X_3 - .05706X_1X_2 + .01355X_1X_3,$$

$$SSE(F) = 5.3383$$

Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = .69092 + .08407X_1 - .27745X_2 - .01305X_3,$$

$$SSE(R) = 5.4393$$

$$H_0$$
: $(\alpha\beta)_{11} = (\alpha\beta)_{12} = 0$, H_a : not both $(\alpha\beta)_{11}$ and $(\alpha\beta)_{12}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = (.1010/2) \div (5.3383/51) = .48, F(.95; 2, 51) = 3.179.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.179$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .62

f. <u>Duration</u>:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \beta_1 X_{ijk2} + \beta_2 X_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk2} + (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk3} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = .69287 - .27197 X_2 - .01871 X_3 - .05706 X_1 X_2 + .01355 X_1 X_3,$$

$$SSE(R) = 5.7400$$

$$H_0$$
: $\alpha_1 = 0$, H_a : $\alpha_1 \neq 0$.

$$F^* = (.4017/1) \div (5.3383/51) = 3.84, F(.95; 1, 51) = 4.03.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.03$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .06

Weight gain:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk2} + (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk3} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = .69139 + .08452X_1 - .07198X_1X_2 + .01377X_1X_3$$

$$SSE(R) = 8.3421$$

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (3.0038/2) \div (5.3383/51) = 14.35, F(.95; 2, 51) = 3.179.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.179$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

- H_0 : $\mu_{.1} \le .5$, H_a : $\mu_{.1} > .5$. $\hat{\mu}_{.1} = (\bar{Y}_{11.} + \bar{Y}_{21.})/2 = (.44348 + .38946)/2 = .41647$, $s\{\hat{\mu}_{.1}\} = .0743$, $t^* = -.08353/.0743 = -1.12$, t(.95;51) = 1.675. If $t^* \le 1.675$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .87
- $\bar{Y}_{11.} = .44348, \ \bar{Y}_{12.} = .77619, \ \bar{Y}_{13.} = 1.10670, \ \bar{Y}_{21.} = .38946, \ \bar{Y}_{22.} = .58096, \ \bar{Y}_{23.} = .58096$.85155, $\hat{D}_1 = .16813$, $\hat{D}_2 = .26211$, $\hat{D}_3 = .56266$, $\hat{D}_4 = .30055$, $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .08582$, $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .10511 \ (i = 2, 3, 4), \ B = t(.9875; 51) = 2.3096$

$$.16813 \pm 2.3096(.08582) -.0301 \le D_1 \le .3663$$

$$.26211 \pm 2.3096(.10511)$$
 $.0193 \le D_2 \le .5049$

$$.56266 \pm 2.3096(.10511)$$
 $.3199 \le D_3 \le .8054$

$$.30055 \pm 2.3096(.10511)$$
 $0578 \le D_4 \le .5433$

23.9. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha \beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 X_{ijk3} + \beta_1 X_{ijk4} + \beta_2 X_{ijk5}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk5} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk4}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{22} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk5} + (\alpha \beta)_{31} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{32} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \beta_1 X_{ijk3} + \beta_2 X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{22} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk4} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$X_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 4 for factor } A \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 X_{ijk2} and X_{ijk3} are defined similarly

$$X_{ijk4} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk5} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ entries: $\mu_{..}$, α_1 , α_2 , α_3 , β_1 , β_2 , $(\alpha\beta)_{11}$, $(\alpha\beta)_{12}$, $(\alpha\beta)_{21}$, $(\alpha\beta)_{22}, (\alpha\beta)_{31}, (\alpha\beta)_{32}$

X entries:

2 x C	110110	<i>.</i>							
A	B	Freq.		X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	X_5	X_1X_4
1	1	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
1	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
1	3	8	1	1	0	0	-1	-1	-1
2	1	4	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
2	2	5	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
2	3	4	1	0	1	0	-1	-1	0
3	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
3	2	4	1	0	0	1	0	1	0
3	3	5	1	0	0	1	-1	-1	0
4	1	2	1	-1	-1	-1	1	0	-1
4	2	2	1	-1	-1	-1	0	1	0
4	3	5	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
		-		_	_				
Ā	В	X_1X_5			X_2X_5			X_3X_5	
									_
A	В	X_1X_5		X_4	X_2X_5		X_4	X_3X_5	_
A 1	<i>B</i>	X_1X_5		$\frac{X_4}{0}$	$\frac{X_2X_5}{0}$		$\frac{X_4}{0}$	$\frac{X_3X_5}{0}$	_
1 1	1 2	$\begin{array}{c} X_1 X_5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{array}$		$\frac{X_4}{0}$	$\begin{array}{c} X_2 X_5 \\ \hline 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$		X_4 0 0	$\begin{array}{c} X_3 X_5 \\ \hline 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$	_
1 1 1	1 2 3	$ \begin{array}{c} X_1 X_5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{array} $		X_4 0 0 0	$\begin{array}{c} X_2 X_5 \\ \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \end{array}$		X_4 0 0 0	$\begin{array}{c} X_3 X_5 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$	-
$\begin{array}{c} A \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	1 2 3 1	X_1X_5 0 1 -1 0		$ \begin{array}{c} X_4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} X_2X_5 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} $		$\begin{array}{c} X_4 \\ \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} X_3X_5 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} $	-
A 1 1 1 2 2	1 2 3 1 2	X_1X_5 0 1 -1 0 0		$ \begin{array}{c} X_4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} X_2 X_5 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{array} $		$ \begin{array}{c} X_4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} $	X_3X_5 0 0 0 0 0 0	_
A 1 1 1 2 2 2	B 1 2 3 1 2 3	X_1X_5 0 1 -1 0 0 0		$ \begin{array}{c} X_4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ \end{array} $	$X_2X_5 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ -1$		$ \begin{array}{c} X_4 \\ 0 \\ $	X_3X_5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-
A 1 1 1 2 2 2 3	B 1 2 3 1 2 3 1	$ \begin{array}{c} X_1 X_5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} $		$ \begin{array}{c} X_4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{array} $	$X_2X_5 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ -1 \ 0$		$ \begin{array}{c} X_4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ \end{array} $	X_3X_5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	_
A 1 1 2 2 2 3 3	B 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2	$ \begin{array}{c} X_1 X_5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} $		$ \begin{array}{cccc} X_4 & & \\ 0 & & \\ 0 & & \\ 0 & & \\ 1 & & \\ 0 & & \\ -1 & & \\ 0 & & \\ 0 & & \\ \end{array} $	$X_2X_5 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ -1 \ 0 \ 0$	X_3 .	$ \begin{array}{c} X_4 \\ 0 \\ $	X_3X_5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	_
A 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3	B 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3	$ \begin{array}{c} X_1 X_5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} $		$ \begin{array}{cccc} X_4 & & \\ 0 & & \\ 0 & & \\ 0 & & \\ 1 & & \\ 0 & & \\ -1 & & \\ 0 & & \\ 0 & & \\ 0 & & \\ \end{array} $	X_2X_5 0 0 0 0 1 -1 0 0 0	X_3 .	$ \begin{array}{c} X_4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{array} $	X_3X_5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 -1	_
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	B 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1	$ \begin{array}{c} X_1 X_5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} $		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$X_2X_5 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ -1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ $	X_3 .	$ \begin{array}{c} X_4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{array} $	X_3X_5 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 -1 0	_

c. $\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta}$ entries:

d. See Problem 23.10c for fitted model.

 e_{ijk} :

	1	i = 1		i=2				
\overline{k}	j=1	j=2	j=3	\overline{k}	j=1	j=2	j=3	
1	10	15	20	1	.05	.18	.05	
2	.10	.15	.00	2	15	12	15	
3			.20	3	.15	.08	.15	
4			20	4	.05	12	05	
5			10	5		02		
6			.10					
7			.00					
8			.20					

e.
$$r = .986$$

23.10. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{11.}=1.80, \ \bar{Y}_{12.}=1.95, \ \bar{Y}_{13.}=2.70, \ \bar{Y}_{21.}=2.45, \ \bar{Y}_{22.}=2.52,$$
 $\bar{Y}_{23.}=3.45, \ \bar{Y}_{31.}=2.75, \ \bar{Y}_{32.}=2.85, \ \bar{Y}_{33.}=3.74, \ \bar{Y}_{41.}=2.55,$ $\bar{Y}_{42.}=2.55, \ \bar{Y}_{43.}=3.42$

b.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 X_{ijk3} + \beta_1 X_{ijk4} + \beta_2 X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

c. Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = 2.72750 - .57750X_1 + .07917X_2 - .38583X_3 - .34000X_4 - .26000X_5$$

$$- .01000X_1X_4 + .06000X_1X_5 - .01667X_2X_4 - .02667X_2X_5$$

$$- .02333X_3X_4 - .00333X_3X_5,$$

$$SSE(F) = .7180$$

Reduced Model:

$$\hat{Y} = 2.72074 - .59611X_1 + .08412X_2 + .39964X_3 - .33756X_4 - .26317X_5,$$

 $SSE(R) = .7624$

 H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = (.0444/6) \div (.7180/33) = .34, F(.99; 6, 33) = 3.41.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.41$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .91

d. Subject matter:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \beta_1 X_{ijk4} + \beta_2 X_{ijk5} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk5}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{22} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk5} + (\alpha \beta)_{31} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk4}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{32} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 2.75121 - .34885X_4 - .19441X_5 + .19925X_1X_4 + .19481X_1X_5 - .01178X_2X_4 - .08433X_2X_5 - .22413X_3X_4 + .00731X_3X_5,$$

$$SSE(R) = 4.9506$$

 H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all α_i equal zero.

 $F^* = (4.2326/3) \div (.7180/33) = 64.845, F(.99; 3, 33) = 4.437.$

If $F^* \leq 4.437$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

Degree:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 X_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk4}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk5} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{22} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk5}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{31} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{32} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 2.88451 - .44871X_1 - .09702X_2 + .36160X_3 - .06779X_1X_4 + .08939X_1X_5 - .05349X_2X_4 - .03742X_2X_5 + .07190X_3X_4 - .10851X_3X_5,$$

$$SSE(R) = 8.9467$$

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (8.2287/2) \div (.7180/33) = 189.10, F(.99; 2, 33) = 5.321.$$

If $F^* \leq 5.321$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

- e. $\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\mu}_1 \hat{\mu}_2 = 2.1500 2.8067 = -.6567$, $\hat{D}_2 = \hat{\mu}_1 \hat{\mu}_3 = 2.1500 3.1133 = -.9633$, $\hat{D}_3 = \hat{\mu}_1 \hat{\mu}_4 = 2.1500 2.8400 = -.6900$, $\hat{D}_4 = \hat{\mu}_2 \hat{\mu}_3 = -.3066$, $\hat{D}_5 = \hat{\mu}_2 \hat{\mu}_4 = -.0333$, $\hat{D}_6 = \hat{\mu}_3 \hat{\mu}_4 = .2733$, $s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .06642$, $s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .07083$, $s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .07497$, $s\{\hat{D}_4\} = .06316$, $s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .06777$, $s\{\hat{D}_6\} = .07209$, q(.95; 4, 33) = 3.825, T = 2.705
 - $-.6567 \pm 2.705(.06642)$ $-.836 \le D_1 \le -.477$
 - $-.9633 \pm 2.705(.07083) \quad -1.155 \le D_2 \le -.772$
 - $-.6900 \pm 2.705(.07497)$ $-.893 \le D_3 \le -.487$
 - $-.3066 \pm 2.705(.06316)$ $-.477 \le D_4 \le -.136$
 - $-.0333 \pm 2.705(.06777)$ $-.217 \le D_5 \le .150$
 - $.2733 \pm 2.705(.07209) \qquad .078 \le D_6 \le .468$
- f. $\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\mu}_{.1} \hat{\mu}_{.2} = 2.3875 2.4675 = -.0800, \ \hat{D}_2 = \hat{\mu}_{.1} \hat{\mu}_{.3} = 2.3875 3.3350 = -.9475, \ \hat{D}_3 = \hat{\mu}_{.2} \hat{\mu}_{.3} = -.8675, \ s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .06597, \ s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .05860, \ s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .05501, \ q(.95; 3, 33) = 3.470, \ T = 2.4537$

$$-.0800 \pm 2.4537(.06597)$$
 $-.242 \le D_1 \le .082$
 $-.9475 \pm 2.4537(.05860)$ $-1.091 \le D_2 \le -.804$

$$-.8675 \pm 2.4537(.05501)$$
 $-1.002 \le D_3 \le -.733$

23.11. a. Full model:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 X_{ijk3} + \beta_1 X_{ijk4} + \beta_2 X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

 $X_{ijk1}, X_{ijk2}X_{ijk3}, X_{ijk4}, X_{ijk5}$ defined same as in Problem 23.9a

Reduced models:

Factor A:
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \beta_1 X_{ijk4} + \beta_2 X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

Factor B: $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 X_{ijk3} + \epsilon_{ijk}$

Full model: b.

$$\hat{Y} = 2.72074 - .59611X_1 + .08412X_2 + .33964X_3 - .33756X_4 - .26317X_5,$$

 $SSE(F) = .762425, df_F = 39$

Reduced models:

Factor A:

$$\hat{Y} = 2.72494 - .32494X_4 - .18648X_5$$
, $SSE(R) = 6.741678$, $df_R = 42$

 H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3 = 0$, H_a : not all α_i equal zero.

$$F^* = (5.979253/3) \div (.762425/39) = 101.95, F(.95; 3, 39) = 2.845.$$

If $F^* \leq 2.845$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

Factor B:

$$\hat{Y} = 2.86983 - .44483X_1 - .08521X_2 + .36654X_3, SSE(R) = 9.144878, df_R = 41$$

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (8.382453/2) \div (.762425/39) = 214.39, F(.95; 2, 39) = 3.238.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.238$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

See Problem 19.14a. $\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{13.} - \bar{Y}_{11.} = 2.100, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{23.} - \bar{Y}_{21.} = 3.675,$ 23.12. a.

$$\hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{33.} - \bar{Y}_{31.} = 7.275, \ \hat{L}_1 = \hat{D}_1 - \hat{D}_2 = -1.575, \ \hat{L}_2 = \hat{D}_1 - \hat{D}_3 = -5.175, \ MSE = .06406, \ s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .1790 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .2531 \ (i = 1, 2), \ B = t(.99; 24) = 2.492$$

$$2.100 \pm 2.492(.1790)$$
 $1.654 \le D_1 \le 2.546$

$$3.675 \pm 2.492(.1790)$$
 $3.229 \le D_2 \le 4.121$
 $7.275 \pm 2.492(.1790)$ $6.829 \le D_3 \le 7.721$

$$7.275 \pm 2.492(.1790)$$
 $6.829 < D_3 < 7.721$

$$-1.575 \pm 2.492(.2531)$$
 $-2.206 \le L_1 \le -.944$

$$-5.175 \pm 2.492(.2531)$$
 $-5.806 \le L_2 \le -4.544$

 H_0 : $\mu_{12} - \mu_{13} = 0$, H_a : $\mu_{12} - \mu_{13} \neq 0$. $\hat{D} = \bar{Y}_{12} - \bar{Y}_{13} = .025$, $s\{\hat{D}\} = .1790$, $t^* = .025/.1790 = .14$, t(.99; 24) = 2.492. If $|t^*| \le 2.492$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

 H_0 : $\mu_{32} - \mu_{33} = 0$, H_a : $\mu_{32} - \mu_{33} \neq 0$. $\hat{D} = \bar{Y}_{32} - \bar{Y}_{33} = -2.975$, $s\{\hat{D}\} = .1790$, $t^* = -2.975/.1790 = -16.62$, t(.99; 24) = 2.492. If $|t^*| \le 2.492$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . $\alpha \leq .04$

23.13. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \beta_1 X_{ijk2} + \beta_2 X_{ijk3} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$X_{ijk1} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \end{array} \right.$$

$$X_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk3} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\hat{Y} = .66939 + .11733X_1 - .34323X_2 + .02608X_3, SSE(F) = 4.4898$$

Factor A:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \beta_1 X_{ijk2} + \beta_2 X_{ijk3} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = .70850 - .26502X_2 - .01303X_3, SSE(R) = 5.0404$$

Factor B:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = .77520 + .03152X_1$$
, $SSE(R) = 7.1043$

b. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = 0$, H_a : $\alpha_1 \neq 0$.

$$F^* = (.5506/1) \div (4.4898/46) = 5.641, F(.95; 1, 46) = 4.05.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.05$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .022

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (2.6145/2) \div (4.4898/46) = 13.393, F(.95; 2, 46) = 3.20.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.20$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

See Problem 19.20a. $\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{12} - \bar{Y}_{13} = 46.0, \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{22} - \bar{Y}_{23} = 6.0,$ 23.14. a. $\hat{L}_1 = \hat{D}_1 - \hat{D}_2 = 40.0, MSE = 88.50, s\{\hat{D}_1\} = s\{\hat{D}_2\} = 6.652, s\{\hat{L}_1\} = 9.407,$ B = t(.99167; 15) = 2.694

$$46.0 \pm 2.694(6.652)$$
 $28.080 \le D_1 \le 63.920$
 $6.0 \pm 2.694(6.652)$ $-11.920 \le D_2 \le 23.920$

$$6.0 \pm 2.694(6.652) -11.920 \le D_2 \le 23.920$$

$$40.0 \pm 2.694(9.407)$$
 $14.658 \le L_1 \le 65.342$

- b. H_0 : $\mu_{22} \mu_{23} \le 0$, H_a : $\mu_{22} \mu_{23} > 0$. $\hat{D} = \bar{Y}_{22} \bar{Y}_{23} = 6.0$, $s\{\hat{D}\} = 6.652$, $t^* = 6.0/6.652 = .90, t(.95; 15) = 1.753.$ If $t^* \le 1.753$ conclude H_0 otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .19
- $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 X_{ijk3} + \beta_1 X_{ijk4} + \beta_2 X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijk}$ 23.15. a.

$$X_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 4 for factor } A \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 X_{ijk2} and X_{ijk3} are defined similarly

$$X_{ijk4} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk5} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 2.71932 - .59897X_1 + .08546X_2 + .40036X_3 - .34043X_4 - .26218X_5,$$

 $SSE(F) = .7419$

Factor A:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \beta_1 X_{ijk4} + \beta_2 X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 2.77494 - .22494X_4 - .23648X_5, SSE(R) = 5.8217$$

Factor B:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 X_{ijk3} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 2.90108 - .35108X_1 - .11646X_2 + .33529X_3$$
, $SSE(R) = 8.1874$

b. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3 = 0$, H_a : not all α_i equal zero.

$$F^* = (5.0798/3) \div (.7419/37) = 84.45, F(.99; 3, 37) = 4.360.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.360$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (7.4455/2) \div (.7419/37) = 185.66, F(.99; 2.37) = 5.229.$$

If $F^* \leq 5.229$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

23.16. a.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 X_{ij1} + \rho_2 X_{ij2} + \rho_3 X_{ij3} + \rho_4 X_{ij4} + \rho_5 X_{ij5} + \rho_6 X_{ij6}$$

$$+ \rho_7 X_{ij7} + \rho_8 X_{ij8} + \rho_9 X_{ij9} + \tau_1 X_{ij10} + \tau_2 X_{ij11} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$I_{ij1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 10} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 I_{ij2}, \dots, I_{ij9} are defined similarly

$$I_{ij10} = \begin{cases} & 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 1} \\ & -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ & 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ij11} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 2} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

b.
$$\hat{Y} = 77.10000 + 4.90000X_1 + 3.90000X_2 + 2.23333X_3 + 3.23333X_4 + 1.23333X_5 + .90000X_6 - 1.10000X_7 - 3.76667X_8 - 4.10000X_9 - 6.50000X_{10} - 2.50000X_{11}$$

c.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	1,728.3667	1	157.1242
$X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, X_{6}, X_7, X_{8}, X_9$	433.3667	9	48.1519
$X_{10}, X_{11} X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, X_{6}, X_7, X_{8}, X_9$	1,295.0000	2	647.5000
Error	112.3333	18	6.2407
Total	1,840.7000	29	

d. H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero. $F^* = (1, 295.0000/2 \div (112.3333/18) = 103.754$, F(.95; 2, 18) = 3.55. If $F^* \leq 3.55$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

23.17. a.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 X_{ij1} + \rho_2 X_{ij2} + \rho_3 X_{ij3} + \rho_4 X_{ij4} + \tau_1 X_{ij5} + \tau_2 X_{ij6} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$I_{ij1} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} 1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 5} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$$

 I_{ij2}, \ldots, I_{ij4} are defined similarly

$$I_{ij5} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$$

$$I_{ij6} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 2} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

b.
$$\hat{Y} = .84400 - .32733X_1 - .23733X_2 - .17400X_3 + .31267X_4 + .26600X_5 + .14800X_6$$

c.

Source	SS	df	MS
Regression	2.7392	6	.4565
X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4	1.4190	4	.35475
$X_5, X_6, X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4$	1.3203	2	.6602
Error	.0193	8	.0024
Total	2.7585	14	

d. H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero. $F^* = (1.3203/2) \div (.0193/8) = 273.637$, F(.95; 2, 8) = 4.46. If $F^* \le 4.46$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

23.18. a.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_i + \tau_j + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 X_{ij1} + \rho_2 X_{ij2} + \rho_3 X_{ij3} + \rho_4 X_{ij4} + \rho_5 X_{ij5} + \rho_6 X_{ij6}$$

$$+ \rho_7 X_{ij7} + \rho_8 X_{ij8} + \rho_9 X_{ij9} + \tau_1 X_{ij10} + \tau_2 X_{ij11} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$I_{ij1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 10} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 I_{ij2}, \ldots, I_{ij9} are defined similarly

$$I_{ij10} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ij11} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 2} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

b.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 X_{ij1} + \rho_2 X_{ij2} + \rho_3 X_{ij3} + \rho_4 X_{ij4} + \rho_5 X_{ij5} + \rho_6 X_{ij6} + \rho_7 X_{ij7} + \rho_8 X_{ij8} + \rho_9 X_{ij9} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

c. Full model:
$$\hat{Y} = 77.15556 + 4.84444X_1 + 4.40000X_2 + 2.17778X_3 + 3.17778X_4 + 1.17778X_5 + .84444X_6 - 1.15556X_7 - 3.82222X_8 - 4.15556X_9 - 6.55556X_{10} - 2.55556X_{11}$$

$$SSE(F) = 110.6667$$

Reduced model:
$$\hat{Y} = 76.70000 + 5.30000X_1 + .30000X_2 + 2.63333X_3 + 3.63333X_4 + 1.63333X_5 + 1.30000X_6 - .70000X_7 - 3.36667X_8 - 3.70000X_9$$

SSE(R) = 1,311.3333

 H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (1, 200.6666/2) \div (110.6667/17) = 92.22, F(.95; 2, 17) = 3.59.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.59$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

d.
$$\hat{L} = \hat{\tau}_2 - \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_1 = -11.66667$$
, $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_i\} = .44604$ $(i = 1, 2)$, $s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -.20494$, $s\{\hat{L}\} = 1.1876$, $t(.975; 17) = 2.11$, $-11.66667 \pm 2.11(1.1876)$, $-14.17 \le L \le -9.16$

23.19. a.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_i + \tau_j + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 X_{ij1} + \rho_2 X_{ij2} + \rho_3 X_{ij3} + \rho_4 X_{ij4} + \tau_1 X_{ij5} + \tau_2 X_{ij6} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$I_{ij1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 5} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 I_{ij2}, \ldots, I_{ij4} are defined similarly

$$I_{ij5} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$$

$$I_{ij6} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 2} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

b.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 X_{ij1} + \rho_2 X_{ij2} + \rho_3 X_{ij3} + \rho_4 X_{ij4} + \epsilon_{ij}$$

c. Full model:
$$\hat{Y} = .82941 - .33613X_1 - .22274X_2 - .15941X_3 + .32726X_4 + .25085X_5 + .16259X_6$$

SSE(F) = .0035

Reduced model:
$$\hat{Y} = .84567 - 14567X_1 - .23900X_2 - .17567X_3 + .31100X_4$$

 $SSE(R) = .9542$

 H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = 0$, H_a : not both τ_1 and τ_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (.9507/2) \div (.0035/6) = 814.89, F(.95; 2, 6) = 5.14.$$

If $F^* \leq 5.14$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

d.
$$\hat{L} = \hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_3 = 2\hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 = .66429, \ s^2\{\hat{\tau}_1\} = .000105, \ s^2\{\hat{\tau}_2\} = .000087, \ s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -.000043, \ s\{\hat{L}\} = .0183, \ t(.99; 6) = 3.143,$$

 $.66429 \pm 3.143(.0183), \ .607 \le L \le .722$

23.20. See Problem 19.10a.
$$L_1 = .3\mu_{11} + .6\mu_{21} + .1\mu_{31}, L_2 = .3\mu_{12} + .6\mu_{22} + .1\mu_{32}$$
.

$$H_0$$
: $L_1 = L_2$, H_a : $L_1 \neq L_2$.
 $\hat{L}_1 - \hat{L}_2 = 25.43332 - 25.05001 = .38331$, $MSE = 2.3889$, $s\{\hat{L}_1 - \hat{L}_2\} = .6052$, $t^* = .38331/.6052 = .63$, $t(.975; 30) = 2.042$.
If $|t^*| \leq 2.042$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P -value = .53

23.21. a.

$$H_0: L_1 = \frac{3\mu_{11} + \mu_{21}}{4} - \frac{3\mu_{12} + \mu_{22}}{4} = 0$$
$$L_2 = \frac{3\mu_{11} + \mu_{21}}{4} - \frac{3\mu_{13} + \mu_{23}}{4} = 0$$

 H_a : not both L_1 and L_2 equal zero

b. Regression model equivalent to (19.15) using 1, 0 indicator variables: Full model:

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{11}X_{ijk1} + \mu_{12}X_{ijk2} + \mu_{13}X_{ijk3} + \mu_{21}X_{ijk4} + \mu_{22}X_{ijk5} + \mu_{23}X_{ijk6} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$X_{ijk1} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor A and level 1 for factor B} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$$

$$X_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } A \text{ and level 2 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk3} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor A and level 3 for factor B} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$$

$$X_{ijk4} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor A and level 1 for factor B} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$$

$$X_{ijk5} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \text{ and level 2 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk6} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \text{ and level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

c. Reduced model:

$$\mu_{11} = \mu_{12} + \mu_{22}/3 - \mu_{21}/3$$

$$\mu_{13} = \mu_{12} + \mu_{22}/3 - \mu_{23}/3$$

$$Y_{ijk} = (\mu_{12} + \mu_{22}/3 - \mu_{21}/3)X_{ijk1} + \mu_{12}X_{ijk2} + (\mu_{12} + \mu_{22}/3 - \mu_{23}/3)X_{ijk3} + \mu_{21}X_{ijk4} + \mu_{22}X_{ijk5} + \mu_{23}X_{ijk6} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

Ol

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{12} Z_{ijk1} + \mu_{21} Z_{ijk2} + \mu_{22} Z_{ijk3} + \mu_{23} Z_{ijk4} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

where:

$$Z_{ijk1} = X_{ijk1} + X_{ijk2} + X_{ijk3}$$

$$Z_{ijk2} = -X_{ijk1}/3 + X_{ijk4}$$

$$Z_{ijk3} = (X_{ijk1} + X_{ijk3})/3 + X_{ijk5}$$

$$Z_{ijk4} = (-X_{ijk3}/3) + X_{ijk6}$$

d.
$$SSE(F) = 5.468$$
, $df_F = 54$, $SSE(R) = 8.490$, $df_R = 56$, $F^* = [(8.490 - 5.468)/2] \div (5.468/54) = 14.92$, $F(.95; 2, 54) = 3.17$. If $F^* \le 3.17$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P -value = 0+

e. See Problem 19.18a.
$$\hat{L}_2 = (.75\bar{Y}_{11.} + .25\bar{Y}_{21.}) - (.75\bar{Y}_{13.} + .25\bar{Y}_{23.}) = -.61446,$$
 $s\{\hat{L}_2\} = .1125, \ t(.975; 54) = 2.005, \ -.61446 \pm 2.005(.1125), \ -.840 \le L_2 \le -.389$

23.22. a.

$$L_{1} = \frac{\mu_{11} + 2\mu_{12} + 7\mu_{13}}{10} - \frac{\mu_{21} + 2\mu_{22} + 7\mu_{23}}{10} = 0$$

$$H_{0}: L_{2} = \frac{\mu_{11} + 2\mu_{12} + 7\mu_{13}}{10} - \frac{\mu_{31} + 2\mu_{32} + 7\mu_{33}}{10} = 0$$

$$L_{3} = \frac{\mu_{11} + 2\mu_{12} + 7\mu_{13}}{10} - \frac{\mu_{41} + 2\mu_{42} + 7\mu_{43}}{10} = 0$$

 H_a : not all L_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3)

b. $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ entries: μ_{11} , μ_{12} , μ_{13} , μ_{21} , μ_{22} , μ_{23} , μ_{31} , μ_{32} , μ_{33} , μ_{41} , μ_{42} , μ_{43} **X** entries:

A	B	Freq.												
1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	3	8	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	2	5	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
3	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
3	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
4	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
4	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

c.

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} .1 & .2 & .7 & -.1 & -.2 & -.7 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ .1 & .2 & .7 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -.1 & -.2 & -.7 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ .1 & .2 & .7 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -.1 & -.2 & -.7 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{h} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- d. SSE(R) SSE(F) = 5.6821
- e. $SSE(F) = .7180, F^* = (5.6821/3) \div (.7180/33) = 87.05, F(.99; 3, 33) = 4.437.$ If $F^* \le 4.437$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- f. See Problem 23.10a. $\hat{L}_2 = (.1\bar{Y}_{11.} + .2\bar{Y}_{12.} + .7\bar{Y}_{13.}) (.1\bar{Y}_{31.} + .2\bar{Y}_{32.} + .7\bar{Y}_{33.}) = -1.003, s\{\hat{L}_2\} = .0658, t(.995; 33) = 2.733, -1.003 \pm 2.733(.0658), -1.183 \le L_2 \le -.823$

23.23.
$$H_0$$
: $\frac{4\mu_{11}+4\mu_{12}+2\mu_{13}}{10}=\frac{4\mu_{21}+4\mu_{22}+3\mu_{23}}{11}, H_a$: equality does not hold. $\bar{Y}_{...}=93.714, \ \bar{Y}_{1...}=143, \ \bar{Y}_{2...}=48.91$
$$SSA=10(143-93.714)^2+11(48.91-93.714)^2=46,372$$

$$F^* = (46, 372/1) \div (1, 423.1667/15) = 488.8, F(.99; 1, 15) = 8.68.$$

If $F^* \leq 8.68$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

23.24.
$$H_0$$
: $\frac{2}{12}\mu_{11} + \frac{2}{12}\mu_{12} + \frac{8}{12}\mu_{13} = \frac{4}{13}\mu_{21} + \frac{5}{13}\mu_{22} + \frac{4}{13}\mu_{23} = \frac{2}{11}\mu_{31} + \frac{4}{11}\mu_{32} + \frac{5}{11}\mu_{33} = \frac{2}{9}\mu_{41} + \frac{2}{9}\mu_{42} + \frac{5}{9}\mu_{43},$

 H_a : not all equalities hold.

$$\bar{Y}_{...} = 2.849, \ \bar{Y}_{1...} = 2.425, \ \bar{Y}_{2...} = 2.785, \ \bar{Y}_{3...} = 3.236, \ \bar{Y}_{4...} = 3.033$$

$$SSA = 12(2.425 - 2.849)^2 + 13(2.785 - 2.849)^2 + 11(3.236 - 2.849)^2 + 9(3.033 - 2.849)^2 = 4.163$$

$$F^* = (4.163/3) \div (.718/33) = 63.78, F(.95; 3, 33) = 2.89.$$

If $F^* \leq 2.89$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

23.25.
$$\sigma^{2}\{\hat{L}\} = \sigma^{2}\{\sum c_{i}\hat{\mu}_{i.}\} = \sum c_{i}^{2}\sigma^{2}\{\hat{\mu}_{i.}\} = \sum_{i}c_{i}^{2}\sigma^{2}\left\{\frac{\sum_{j}\bar{Y}_{ij.}}{b}\right\}$$
$$= \frac{1}{b^{2}}\sum_{i}c_{i}^{2}\sum_{j}\frac{\sigma^{2}}{n_{ij}} = \frac{\sigma^{2}}{b^{2}}\sum_{i}c_{i}^{2}\sum_{j}\frac{1}{n_{ij}}$$

because of independence of \bar{Y}_{ij} .

$$23.26. \qquad E\left\{s^{2}\{\hat{L}\}\right\} = E\left\{MSE \ \sum \sum \frac{c_{ij}^{2}}{n_{ij}}\right\} = \sum \sum \frac{c_{ij}^{2}}{n_{ij}} E\{MSE\} = \sigma^{2} \sum \sum \frac{c_{ij}^{2}}{n_{ij}} = \sigma^{2}\{\hat{L}\}$$

23.27. a.

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

b.

$$\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_0 + \beta_1 + \beta_3 \\ \beta_0 + \beta_1 + \beta_4 \\ \beta_0 + \beta_1 \\ \beta_0 + \beta_2 + \beta_3 \\ \beta_0 + \beta_2 + \beta_4 \\ \beta_0 + \beta_2 \\ \beta_0 + \beta_4 \\ \beta_0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \rho_1 + \tau_1 \\ \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \rho_1 + \tau_2 \\ \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \rho_1 + \tau_3 \\ \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \rho_2 + \tau_1 \\ \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \rho_2 + \tau_2 \\ \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \rho_2 + \tau_3 \\ \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \rho_3 + \tau_1 \\ \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \rho_3 + \tau_2 \\ \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \rho_3 + \tau_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\beta_0 = \mu_{..} + \rho_3 + \tau_3$$
 $\beta_2 = \rho_2 - \rho_3$
 $\beta_4 = \tau_2 - \tau_3$ $\beta_1 = \rho_1 - \rho_3$
 $\beta_3 = \tau_1 - \tau_3$

23.28.

$$\mathbf{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} Y_{111} \\ Y_{112} \\ Y_{121} \\ Y_{122} \\ Y_{211} \\ Y_{212} \\ Y_{221} \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{11} \\ \mu_{12} \\ \mu_{21} \\ \mu_{22} \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{b}_F = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{Y}_{11} \\ \bar{Y}_{12} \\ \bar{Y}_{21} \\ \bar{Y}_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{C}\boldsymbol{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{11} \\ \mu_{12} \\ \mu_{21} \\ \mu_{22} \end{bmatrix} = \mu_{11} - \mu_{12} - \mu_{21} + \mu_{22} = 0$$

From (23.46):

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{b}_{R} &= \begin{bmatrix} \bar{Y}_{11.} \\ \bar{Y}_{12.} \\ \bar{Y}_{21.} \\ \bar{Y}_{22.} \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \left(\frac{5}{2} \right)^{-1} \left(\ \bar{Y}_{11.} - \bar{Y}_{12.} - \bar{Y}_{21.} + \bar{Y}_{22.} - 0 \ \right) \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} \bar{Y}_{11.} \\ \bar{Y}_{12.} \\ \bar{Y}_{21.} \\ \bar{Y}_{22.} \end{bmatrix} - \frac{2}{5} \left(\ \bar{Y}_{11.} - \bar{Y}_{12.} - \bar{Y}_{21.} + \bar{Y}_{22.} \ \right) \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 \\ -1/2 \\ -1/2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ \hat{\mu}_{22} &= \bar{Y}_{22.} - \frac{2}{5} (\bar{Y}_{11.} - \bar{Y}_{12.} - \bar{Y}_{21.} + \bar{Y}_{22.}) \end{split}$$

23.29. a. $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ entries: $\mu_{11}, \mu_{12}, \mu_{13}, \mu_{22}$

X entries:

b.
$$\mathbf{C} = [0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad -1] \quad \mathbf{h} = 0$$

23.30. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 X_{ijk3} + \beta_1 X_{ijk4} + \beta_2 X_{ijk5}$$

$$+ (\alpha\beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha\beta)_{12} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk5} + (\alpha\beta)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk4}$$

$$+ (\alpha\beta)_{22} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk5} + (\alpha\beta)_{31} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha\beta)_{32} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk4} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$I_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from NE} \\ -1 & \text{if case from NC} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$I_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from NC} \\ -1 & \text{if case from W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

```
SSE(R) = 267.7103
                     H_0: \beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0, H_a: not both \beta_1 and \beta_2 equal zero.
                     F^* = (6.4762/2) \div (261.2341/101) = 1.252, F(.99; 2, 101) = 4.82.
                     If F^* \leq 4.82 conclude H_0, otherwise H_a. Conclude H_0. P-value = .29
                   n_{11} = 5, n_{12} = 12, n_{13} = 11, n_{21} = 16, n_{22} = 9, n_{23} = 7,
                     n_{31} = 17, n_{32} = 7, n_{33} = 13, n_{41} = 4, n_{42} = 7, n_{43} = 5,
                     \hat{D}_1 = \hat{\mu}_1 - \hat{\mu}_2 = 10.85669 - 9.64262 = 1.21407,
                     \hat{D}_2 = \hat{\mu}_1 - \hat{\mu}_3 = 10.85669 - 9.16255 = 1.69414,
                     \hat{D}_3 = \hat{\mu}_1 - \hat{\mu}_4 = 10.85669 - 7.96457 = 2.89212,
                     \hat{D}_4 = \hat{\mu}_2 - \hat{\mu}_3 = .48007, \ \hat{D}_5 = \hat{\mu}_2 - \hat{\mu}_4 = 1.67805,
                     \hat{D}_6 = \hat{\mu}_3 - \hat{\mu}_4 = 1.19798, MSE = 2.5865, s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .4455, s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .4332,
                     s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .5272, \ s\{\hat{D}_4\} = .4135, \ s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .5112, \ s\{\hat{D}_6\} = .5004,
                     q(.95; 4, 101) = 3.694, T = 2.612
                             1.21407 \pm 2.612(.4455)
                                                                                    .050 \le D_1 \le 2.378
                             \begin{array}{ll} 1.69414 \pm 2.612 (.4332) & .563 \leq D_2 \leq 2.826 \\ 2.89212 \pm 2.612 (.5272) & 1.515 \leq D_3 \leq 4.269 \\ .48007 \pm 2.612 (.4135) & -.600 \leq D_4 \leq 1.560 \\ 1.67805 \pm 2.612 (.5112) & .343 \leq D_5 \leq 3.013 \\ 1.19798 \pm 2.612 (.5004) & -.109 \leq D_6 \leq 2.505 \end{array}
                             1.69414 \pm 2.612(.4332)
                                                                                   .563 \le D_2 \le 2.826
                     ANOVA model: Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha \beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}
23.32. a.
                     Regression: Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 X_{ijk3} + \beta_1 X_{ijk4} + \beta_2 X_{ijk5}
                                           + (\alpha\beta)_{11}X_{ijk1}X_{ijk4} + (\alpha\beta)_{12}X_{ijk1}X_{ijk5} + (\alpha\beta)_{21}X_{ijk2}X_{ijk4}
                                           + (\alpha\beta)_{22}X_{ijk2}X_{ijk5} + (\alpha\beta)_{31}X_{ijk3}X_{ijk4} + (\alpha\beta)_{32}X_{ijk3}X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijk}
                    I_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from NE} \\ -1 & \text{if case from W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
                    I_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from NC} \\ -1 & \text{if case from W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
                    I_{ijk3} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from S} \\ -1 & \text{if case from W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
                    I_{ijk4} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if poverty level below 6.0 percent} \\ -1 & \text{if poverty level is 10 percent or more} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
                    I_{ijk5} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if poverty level between 6.0 and under 10.0 percent} \\ -1 & \text{if poverty level is 10 percent or more} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
```

b.
$$\hat{Y} = .0568 - .00852X_1 - .00475X_2 + .00983X_3 - .0114X_4 - .00173X_5 - .00206X_1X_4 \\ - .00629X_1X_5 - .00106X_2X_4 + .00069X_2X_5 - .00102X_3X_4 + .00133X_3X_5, \\ SSE(F) = .23111$$

c.
$$r = .932$$

23.33. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{11.} = .0348$$
, $\bar{Y}_{12.} = .0402$, $\bar{Y}_{13.} = .0697$, $\bar{Y}_{21.} = .0396$, $\bar{Y}_{22.} = .0510$, $\bar{Y}_{23.} = .0655$, $\bar{Y}_{31.} = .0542$, $\bar{Y}_{32.} = .0662$, $\bar{Y}_{33.} = .0794$, $\bar{Y}_{41.} = .0530$, $\bar{Y}_{42.} = .0627$, $\bar{Y}_{43.} = .0649$

b.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{ij} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 X_{ijk3} + \beta_1 X_{ijk4} + \beta_2 X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

c.
$$\hat{Y} = .0563 - .0105X_1 - .0043X_2 + .0106X_3 - .0111X_4 - .0013X_5,$$

 $SSE(R) = .23589$

 H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = (.00478/6) \div (.23111/428) = 1.476. \ F(.995; 6, 428) = 3.14.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.14$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .18

d.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \beta_1 X_{ijk4} + \beta_2 X_{ijk5} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk4}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk5} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{22} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk5}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{31} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{32} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\hat{Y} = .0578 - .0141X_4 - .0024X_5 - .0043X_1X_4 - .0090X_1X_5 + .0020X_2X_4 - .0005X_2X_5 - .0040X_3X_4 + .0039X_3X_5,$$

$$SSE(R) = .25118$$

 H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3$, H_a : not all α_i equal zero.

$$F^* = (.02007/3) \div (.23111/428) = 12.39, F(.995; 3, 428) = 4.34.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.34$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

e.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 X_{ijk3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk4}$$

 $+ (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk5} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{22} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk5}$
 $+ (\alpha \beta)_{31} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{32} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijk}$

$$\hat{Y} = .0558 - .0138X_1 - .0047X_2 + .0135X_3 - .0015X_1X_4 - .0009X_1X_5 +3.15459X_2X_4 - .23458X_2X_5 - .0032X_3X_4 - .0025X_3X_5,$$

$$SSE(R) = .26209$$

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (.03098/2) \div (.23111/428) = 28.69, F(.995; 2, 428) = 5.36.$$

If $F^* \leq 5.36$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

f.
$$n_{11} = 52$$
, $n_{12} = 38$, $n_{13} = 13$, $n_{21} = 32$, $n_{22} = 50$, $n_{23} = 26$,

$$n_{31} = 25, n_{32} = 52, n_{33} = 75, n_{41} = 20, n_{42} = 33, n_{43} = 24,$$

$$\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\mu}_{1.} - \hat{\mu}_{2.} = -.0038, \ \hat{D}_2 = \hat{\mu}_{1.} - \hat{\mu}_{3.} = -.0184, \ \hat{D}_3 = \hat{\mu}_{1.} - \hat{\mu}_{4.} = -.0120,$$

$$\hat{D}_4 = \hat{\mu}_2 - \hat{\mu}_3 = -.0146, \ \hat{D}_5 = \hat{\mu}_2 - \hat{\mu}_4 = -.0082, \ \hat{D}_6 = \hat{\mu}_3 - \hat{\mu}_4 = .0064,$$

```
MSE = .00054, q(.95; 4, 428) = 3.63, T = 2.567
s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .00357, s\{\hat{D}_2\} = .00342, s\{\hat{D}_3\} = .00383.
s\{\hat{D}_4\} = .00312, s\{\hat{D}_5\} = .00356, s\{\hat{D}_6\} = .00342,
                                    -.0130 < D_1 < .0054
 -.0038 \pm 2.567(.00357)
 -.0184 \pm 2.567(.00342)
                                  -.0271 \le D_2 \le -.0096
                                  -.0218 \le D_3 \le -.0021
 -.0120 \pm 2.567(.00383)
                               -.0226 < D_4 < -.0066
 -.0146 \pm 2.567(.00312)
                               -.0173 \le D_5 \le .0010
 -.0082 \pm 2.567(.00356)
                                  -.0024 \le D_6 \le .0152
    .0064 \pm 2.567(.00342)
ANOVA model: Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \beta_i + (\alpha \beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}
```

23.34. a. ANOVA model:
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

Regression: $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \beta_1 X_{ijk2} + (\alpha\beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk2} + \epsilon_{ijk}$
 $X_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if no discount price (level 0 of variable 5)} \\ -1 & \text{if discount price (level 1 of variable 5)} \end{cases}$
 $X_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if no package promotion (level 0 of variable 6)} \\ -1 & \text{if package promotion (level 1 of variable 6)} \end{cases}$

b.
$$\hat{Y} = 2.620 - .199X_1 - .0446X_2 + .0366X_1X_2$$

 $SSE(F) = .7850$

c.
$$r = .990$$

23.35. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{00.} = 2.4125, \, \bar{Y}_{01.} = 2.4286, \, \bar{Y}_{10.} = 2.7375, \, \bar{Y}_{11.} = 2.9000,$$

b.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \beta_1 X_{ijk2} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

c.
$$\hat{Y} = 2.625 - .201X_1 - .0498X_2$$
, $SSE(R) = .8306$
 H_0 : $(\alpha\beta)_{11} = 0$, H_a : $(\alpha\beta)_{11} \neq 0$.
 $F^* = (.0456/1) \div (.7850/32) = 1.86$. $F(.95; 1, 32) = 4.15$.

If $F^* \leq 4.15$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .18

d.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \beta_1 X_{ijk2} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk2} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

 $\hat{Y} = 2.648 - .0726 X_2 + .0494 X_1 X_2, SSE(R) = 2.1352$
 $H_0: \alpha_1 = 0, H_a: \alpha_1 \neq 0.$
 $F^* = (1.3502/1) \div (.7850/32) = 55.04, F(.95; 1, 32) = 4.15.$

If $F^* \leq 4.15$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

e.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk2} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

 $\hat{Y} = 2.623 - .205 X_1 + .0429 X_1 X_2, SSE(R) = .8529$
 H_0 : $\beta_1 = 0, H_a$: $\beta_1 \neq 0$
 $F^* = (.0679/1) \div (.7850/32) = 2.77, F(.95; 1, 32) = 4.15.$
If $F^* \leq 4.15$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P -value = .11

23.36. a.
$$H_0$$
: $\frac{5\mu_{11}+12\mu_{12}+11\mu_{13}}{28} = \frac{16\mu_{21}+9\mu_{22}+7\mu_{23}}{32} = \frac{17\mu_{31}+7\mu_{32}+13\mu_{33}}{37} = \frac{4\mu_{41}+7\mu_{42}+5\mu_{43}}{16}$,

 H_a : not all equalities hold.

 $F^* = (103.55418/3) \div (261.23406/101) = 13.346, F(.99; 3, 101) = 3.98.$

If $F^* \leq 3.98$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

b. H_0 : $\frac{5\mu_{11}+16\mu_{21}+17\mu_{31}+4\mu_{41}}{42} = \frac{12\mu_{12}+9\mu_{22}+7\mu_{32}+7\mu_{42}}{35} = \frac{11\mu_{13}+7\mu_{23}+13\mu_{33}+5\mu_{43}}{36}$,

 H_a : not all equalities hold.

 $F^* = (10.63980/2) \div (261.23406/101) = 2.057, F(.99; 2, 101) = 4.82.$

If $F^* \leq 4.82$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .13

23.37. a. H_0 : $\frac{52\mu_{11} + 38\mu_{12} + 13\mu_{13}}{103} = \frac{32\mu_{21} + 50\mu_{22} + 26\mu_{23}}{108} = \frac{25\mu_{31} + 52\mu_{32} + 75\mu_{33}}{152} = \frac{20\mu_{41} + 33\mu_{42} + 24\mu_{43}}{77}$

 H_a : not all equalities hold.

 $\bar{Y}_{...} = .05729, \ \bar{Y}_{1...} = .04123, \ \bar{Y}_{2...} = .05111, \ \bar{Y}_{3...} = .07074, \ \bar{Y}_{4...} = .06088$

 $F^* = (.0592/3) \div (.23111/428) = 36.54, F(.995; 3, 428) = 4.34.$

If $F^* \leq 4.34$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

b. H_0 : $\frac{52\mu_{11} + 32\mu_{21} + 25\mu_{31} + 20\mu_{41}}{129} = \frac{38\mu_{12} + 50\mu_{22} + 52\mu_{32} + 33\mu_{42}}{173} = \frac{13\mu_{13} + 26\mu_{23} + 75\mu_{33} + 24\mu_{43}}{138}$,

 H_a : not all equalities hold.

 $\bar{Y}_{...} = .05729, \, \bar{Y}_{1.} = .04259, \, \bar{Y}_{2.} = .05544, \, \bar{Y}_{3.} = .07334,$

 $F^* = (.0640/2) \div (.23111/428) = 59.26, F(.995; 2, 428) = 5.36.$

If $F^* \leq 5.36$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

Chapter 24

MULTIFACTOR STUDIES

24.1. a.
$$\beta_1 = \mu_{.1} - \mu_{...} = -2$$
, $\beta_2 = \mu_{.2} - \mu_{...} = -.5$, $\beta_3 = \mu_{.3} - \mu_{...} = 2.5$

b.
$$(\beta \gamma)_{12} = \mu_{.12} - \mu_{.1} - \mu_{..2} + \mu_{...} = 1$$

c.
$$(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{212} = \mu_{212} - \mu_{21.} - \mu_{.12} - \mu_{2.2} + \mu_{2..} + \mu_{.1.} + \mu_{..2} - \mu_{...} = -.5$$

24.4. a.
$$\alpha_1 = \mu_{1..} - \mu_{...} = 138 - 131.5 = 6.5, \ \alpha_2 = \mu_{2..} - \mu_{...} = 131.5 - 131.5 = 0$$

 $\alpha_3 = \mu_{3..} - \mu_{...} = 125 - 131.5 = -6.5$

b.
$$\beta_2 = \mu_{.2} - \mu_{...} = 134 - 131.5 = 2.5, \ \gamma_1 = \mu_{..1} - \mu_{...} = 128.5 - 131.5 = -3$$

c.
$$(\alpha\beta)_{12} = \mu_{12.} - \mu_{1..} - \mu_{.2.} + \mu_{...} = 141 - 138 - 134 + 131.5 = .5$$

 $(\alpha\gamma)_{21} = \mu_{2.1} - \mu_{2..} - \mu_{..1} + \mu_{...} = 128 - 131.5 - 128.5 + 131.5 = -.5$
 $(\beta\gamma)_{12} = \mu_{.12} - \mu_{.1.} - \mu_{..2} + \mu_{...} = 132 - 129 - 134.5 + 131.5 = 0$

d.
$$(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{111} = \mu_{111} - \mu_{.11} - \mu_{1.1} - \mu_{11.} + \mu_{1..} + \mu_{.1.} + \mu_{.1.} + \mu_{..1} - \mu_{...}$$

 $= 130 - 126 - 134 - 135 + 138 + 129 + 128.5 - 131.5 = -1$
 $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{322} = \mu_{322} - \mu_{32.} - \mu_{3.2} - \mu_{.22} + \mu_{3..} + \mu_{.2.} + \mu_{..2} - \mu_{...}$
 $= 131 - 128 - 126.5 - 137 + 125 + 134 + 134.5 - 131.5 = 1.5$

24.6. a.
$$e_{iikm}$$
:

b.
$$r = .973$$

.6000

24.7. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{111.}=36.1333, \, \bar{Y}_{112.}=56.5000, \, \bar{Y}_{121.}=52.3333, \, \bar{Y}_{122.}=71.9333,$$
 $\bar{Y}_{211.}=46.9000, \, \bar{Y}_{212.}=68.2667, \, \bar{Y}_{221.}=64.1333, \, \bar{Y}_{222.}=83.4667$

-.5333

.5333

-1.1667

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between treatments	4,772.25835	7	681.75119
A (chemical)	788.90667	1	788.90667
B (temperature)	1,539.20167	1	1,539.20167
C (time)	2,440.16667	1	2,440.16667
AB interactions	.24000	1	.24000
AC interactions	.20167	1	.20167
BC interactions	2.94000	1	2.94000
ABC interactions	.60167	1	.60167
Error	53.74000	16	3.35875
Total	4,825.99835	23	

- c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$ equal zero. $F^* = .60167/3.35875 = .18$, F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If $F^* \le 6.12$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .68
- d. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero. $F^* = .24000/3.35875 = .07$, F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If $F^* \leq 6.12$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .79

 H_0 : all $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero. $F^* = .20167/3.35875 = .06$, F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If $F^* \leq 6.12$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .81

 H_0 : all $(\beta \gamma)_{jk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\beta \gamma)_{jk}$ equal zero. $F^* = 2.94000/3.35875 = .875$, F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If $F^* \leq 6.12$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .36

e. H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, 2), H_a : not all α_i equal zero. $F^* = 788.90667/3.35875 = 234.88$, F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If $F^* \le 6.12$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 H_0 : all β_j equal zero (j = 1, 2), H_a : not all β_j equal zero. $F^* = 1,539.20167/3.35875 = 458.27$, F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If $F^* \le 6.12$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 H_0 : all γ_k equal zero (k = 1, 2), H_a : not all γ_k equal zero. $F^* = 2,440.1667/3.35875 = 726.51$, F(.975; 1, 16) = 6.12. If $F^* \le 6.12$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

- f. $\alpha \leq .1624$
- 24.8. a. $\hat{D}_1 = 65.69167 54.22500 = 11.46667$, $\hat{D}_2 = 67.96667 51.95000 = 16.01667$, $\hat{D}_3 = 70.04167 49.87500 = 20.16667$, MSE = 3.35875, $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .7482$ (i = 1, 2, 3), B = t(.99167; 16) = 2.673 $11.46667 \pm 2.673(.7482) \quad 9.467 \le D_1 \le 13.467$ $16.01667 \pm 2.673(.7482) \quad 14.017 \le D_2 \le 18.017$ $20.16667 \pm 2.673(.7482) \quad 18.167 \le D_3 \le 22.167$
 - b. $\bar{Y}_{222.} = 83.46667, s\{\bar{Y}_{222.}\} = 1.0581, t(.975; 16) = 2.120,$

24.9. a. e_{ijkm} :

b.
$$r = .974$$

24.10. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{111.} = 122.050, \, \bar{Y}_{112.} = 111.250, \, \bar{Y}_{121.} = 116.925, \, \bar{Y}_{122.} = 92.675,$$

$$\bar{Y}_{211.} = 121.225, \, \bar{Y}_{212.} = 110.975, \, \bar{Y}_{221.} = 116.250, \, \bar{Y}_{222.} = 90.600,$$

$$\bar{Y}_{311.} = 91.750, \, \bar{Y}_{312.} = 79.950, \, \bar{Y}_{321.} = 85.525, \, \bar{Y}_{322.} = 61.050$$

b. $\bar{Y}_{1...} = 110.7250, \, \bar{Y}_{2...} = 109.7625, \, \bar{Y}_{3...} = 79.5688$

c.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between treatments	16,291.75564	11	1,481.06870
$A ext{ (fee)}$	10,044.27125	2	5,022.13563
$B ext{ (scope)}$	1,833.97688	1	1,833.97688
C (supervision)	3,832.40021	1	3,832.40021
AB interactions	1.60125	2	.80062
AC interactions	.78792	2	.39396
BC interactions	574.77521	1	574.77521
ABC interactions	3.94292	2	1.97146
Error	266.13750	36	7.39271
Total	16, 557.89314	47	

- d. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$ equal zero. $F^* = 1.97146/7.39271 = .27$, F(.99; 2, 36) = 5.25. If $F^* \leq 5.25$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .77
- e. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero. $F^* = .80062/7.39271 = .11, F(.99; 2, 36) = 5.25$. If $F^* \leq 5.25$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .90

 H_0 : all $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero. $F^* = .39396/7.39271 = .05$, F(.99; 2, 36) = 5.25. If $F^* \le 5.25$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .95

 H_0 : all $(\beta \gamma)_{jk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\beta \gamma)_{jk}$ equal zero. $F^* = 574.77521/7.39271 = 77.75$, F(.99; 1, 36) = 7.40. If $F^* \leq 7.40$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

- f. H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all α_i equal zero. $F^* = 5,022.13563/7.39271 = 679.34$, F(.99; 2, 36) = 5.25. If $F^* \leq 5.25$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- g. $\alpha \leq .049$
- 24.11. a. $\hat{D}_1 = .9625$, $\hat{D}_2 = 30.1937$, $\hat{D}_3 = 31.1562$, $\hat{D}_4 = 111.6750 100.7250 = 10.9500$ $\hat{D}_5 = 106.2333 - 81.4417 = 24.7916$, $\hat{L}_1 = -13.8416$, $s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .9613$ (i = 1, 2, 3), $s\{\hat{D}_4\} = s\{\hat{D}_5\} = 1.1100$, $s\{\hat{L}_1\} = 1.5698$, B = t(.99167; 36) = 2.511

$$\begin{array}{ll} .9625 \pm 2.511 (.9613) & -1.451 \leq D_1 \leq 3.376 \\ 30.1937 \pm 2.511 (.9613) & 27.780 \leq D_2 \leq 32.608 \\ 31.1562 \pm 2.511 (.9613) & 28.742 \leq D_3 \leq 33.570 \\ 10.9500 \pm 2.511 (1.1100) & 8.163 \leq D_4 \leq 13.737 \\ 24.7916 \pm 2.511 (1.1100) & 22.004 \leq D_5 \leq 27.579 \\ -13.8416 \pm 2.511 (1.5698) & -17.783 \leq L_1 \leq -9.900 \end{array}$$

- b. $\hat{D} = 116.925 116.250 = .675, s\{\hat{D}\} = 1.9226, t(.975; 36) = 2.028,$ $.675 \pm 2.028(1.9226), -3.224 \le D \le 4.574$
- c. $s\{\hat{D}\}=1.9226, q(.90; 12, 36)=4.52, T=3.196, Ts\{\hat{D}\}=6.14, \bar{Y}_{111.}=122.050, \bar{Y}_{211.}=121.225, \bar{Y}_{121.}=116.925, \bar{Y}_{221.}=116.250$
- 24.12. a. e_{ijkm} :

		k = 1					k=2	
\overline{i}	j = 1	j=2	j=3		\overline{i}	j = 1	j=2	j=3
1	31.4	44.8	-1.2	•	1	-30.0	-3.4	-18.2
	-43.6	-23.2	-28.2			48.0	-12.4	15.8
	17.4	-33.2	-17.2			18.0	.6	5.8
	20.4	20.8	13.8			-55.0	-25.4	25.8
	-25.6	-9.2	32.8			19.0	40.6	-29.2
		<i>l</i> ₂ _ 1					la — 9	
		k = 1					k=2	
\overline{i}			j=3		\overline{i}		$\frac{k=2}{j=2}$	j=3
$\frac{i}{2}$	j = 1	j=2	j = 3 .6		$\frac{i}{2}$		_	
	j = 1 29.6	j=2	.6			j = 1 -6.6	j = 2 -4.6	
	j = 1 29.6 39.6	j = 2 27.6	.6 4			j = 1 -6.6 -22.6	j = 2 -4.6	-19.4 4.6
	j = 1 29.6 39.6 -32.4	j = 2 27.6 -34.4	.6 4 14.6		2	j = 1 -6.6 -22.6 10.4	j = 2 -4.6 12.4	-19.4 4.6 -43.4

b. r = .992

 $\begin{array}{lll} 24.13. \ \ \mathrm{a.} & \ \ \bar{Y}_{111.}=1,218.6, \ \bar{Y}_{112.}=1,051.0, \ \bar{Y}_{121.}=1,274.2, \ \bar{Y}_{122.}=1,122.4, \\ & \ \ \bar{Y}_{131.}=1,218.2, \ \bar{Y}_{132.}=1,051.2, \ \bar{Y}_{211.}=1,036.4, \ \bar{Y}_{212.}=870.6, \\ & \ \ \bar{Y}_{221.}=1,077.4, \ \bar{Y}_{222.}=931.6, \ \bar{Y}_{231.}=1,020.4, \ \bar{Y}_{232.}=860.4 \end{array}$

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between treatments	973,645.933	11	88, 513.267
A (gender)	540, 360.600	1	540, 360.600
B (sequence)	49,319.633	2	24,659.817
C (experience)	382,401.667	1	382,401.667
AB interactions	542.500	2	271.250
AC interactions	91.267	1	91.267
BC interactions	911.233	2	455.617
ABC interactions	19.033	2	9.517
Error	41, 186.000	48	858.042
Total	1,014,831.933	59	

- c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$ equal zero. $F^* = 9.517/858.042 = .01$, F(.95; 2, 48) = 3.19. If $F^* \leq 3.19$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .99
- d. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero. $F^* = 271.250/858.042 = .32$, F(.95; 2, 48) = 3.19. If $F^* \leq 3.19$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .73

 H_0 : all $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero. $F^* = 91.267/858.042 = .11$, F(.95; 1, 48) = 4.04. If $F^* \leq 4.04$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .75

 H_0 : all $(\beta \gamma)_{jk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\beta \gamma)_{jk}$ equal zero. $F^* = 455.617/858.042 = .53$, F(.95; 2, 48) = 3.19. If $F^* \leq 3.19$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .59

e. H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i=1,2), H_a : not all α_i equal zero. $F^*=540,360.600/858.042=629.76$, F(.95;1,48)=4.04. If $F^*\leq 4.04$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 H_0 : all β_j equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all β_j equal zero. $F^* = 24,659.817/858.042 = 28.74$, F(.95; 2, 48) = 3.19. If $F^* \leq 3.19$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 H_0 : all γ_k equal zero (k = 1, 2), H_a : not all γ_k equal zero. $F^* = 382, 401.667/858.042 = 445.67$, F(.95; 1, 48) = 4.04. If $F^* \le 4.04$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

f. $\alpha < .302$

24.14. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{1...}=1,155.933, \ \bar{Y}_{2...}=966.133, \ \bar{Y}_{1...}=1,044.150, \ \bar{Y}_{.2..}=1,101.400,$$
 $\bar{Y}_{.3..}=1,037.550, \ \bar{Y}_{..1}=1,140.867, \ \bar{Y}_{..2.}=981.200$ $\hat{D}_1=189.800, \ \hat{D}_2=-57.250, \ \hat{D}_3=6.600, \ \hat{D}_4=63.850, \ \hat{D}_5=159.667,$ $MSE=858.042, \ s\{\hat{D}_1\}=7.5633, \ s\{\hat{D}_i\}=9.2631 \ (i=2,3,4),$

$$s\{\hat{D}_5\} = 7.5633, B = t(.99; 48) = 2.406$$

 $189.800 \pm 2.406(7.5633)$ $171.603 \le D_1 \le 207.997$
 $-57.250 \pm 2.406(9.2631)$ $-79.537 \le D_2 \le -34.963$
 $6.600 \pm 2.406(9.2631)$ $-15.687 \le D_3 \le 28.887$
 $63.850 \pm 2.406(9.2631)$ $41.563 \le D_4 \le 86.137$
 $159.667 \pm 2.406(7.5633)$ $141.470 \le D_5 \le 177.864$

- b. $\bar{Y}_{231.} = 1,020.4, s\{\bar{Y}_{231.}\} = 13.0999, t(.975; 48) = 2.011, 1,020.4 \pm 2.011(13.0999), 994.056 \le \mu_{231} \le 1,046.744$
- 24.15. a. $Y_{ijkm} = \mu_{...} + \alpha_1 X_{ijkm1} + \beta_1 X_{ijkm2} + \gamma_1 X_{ijkm3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm2} + (\alpha \gamma)_{11} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm3} + (\alpha \beta \gamma)_{111} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm2} X_{ijkm3} + \epsilon_{ijkm}$

$$X_{ijk1} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \end{array} \right.$$

$$X_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } B \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk3} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } C \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } C \end{cases}$$

b.
$$Y_{ijkm} = \mu_{...} + \beta_1 X_{ijkm2} + \gamma_1 X_{ijkm3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm2} + (\alpha \gamma)_{11} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm3} + (\beta \gamma)_{11} X_{ijkm2} X_{ijkm3} + (\alpha \beta \gamma)_{111} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm2} X_{ijkm3} + \epsilon_{ijkm}$$

c. Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = 60.01667 - 5.67500X_1 - 8.06667X_2 - 10.02500X_3 + .04167X_1X_2 + .15000X_1X_3 - .40833X_2X_3 + .10000X_1X_2X_3,$$

$$SSE(F) = 49.4933$$

Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = 61.15167 - 9.20167X_2 - 8.89000X_3 - 1.09333X_1X_2 + 1.28500X_1X_3 - 1.54333X_2X_3 - 1.03500X_1X_2X_3,$$

$$SSE(R) = 667.8413$$

$$H_0$$
: $\alpha_1 = 0$, H_a : $\alpha_1 \neq 0$.

$$F^* = (618.348/1) \div (49.4933/14) = 174.91, F(.975; 1, 14) = 6.298.$$

If $F^* < 6.298$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

d.
$$\hat{D} = \hat{\mu}_{2..} - \hat{\mu}_{1..} = \hat{\alpha}_2 - \hat{\alpha}_1 = -2\hat{\alpha}_1 = 11.35000, \ s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_1\} = .18413, \ s\{\hat{D}\} = .8582, \ t(.975; 14) = 2.145,$$

$$11.35000 \pm 2.145(.8582), 9.509 < D < 13.191$$

24.16. a.
$$Y_{ijkm} = \mu_{...} + \alpha_1 X_{ijkm1} + \beta_1 X_{ijkm2} + \beta_2 X_{ijkm3} + \gamma_1 X_{ijkm4}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm2} + (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm3} + (\alpha \gamma)_{11} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm4}$$
$$+ (\beta \gamma)_{11} X_{ijkm2} X_{ijkm4} + (\beta \gamma)_{21} X_{ijkm3} X_{ijkm4}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta \gamma)_{111} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm2} X_{ijkm4} + (\alpha \beta \gamma)_{121} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm3} X_{ijkm4} + \epsilon_{ijkm}$$

$$X_{ijkm1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } A \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } A \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijkm2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijkm3} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } B \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 3 for factor } B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijkm4} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from level 1 for factor } C \\ -1 & \text{if case from level 2 for factor } C \end{cases}$$

b.
$$Y_{ijkm} = \mu_{...} + \alpha_1 X_{ijkm1} + \beta_1 X_{ijkm2} + \beta_2 X_{ijkm3} + (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm2}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{12} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm3} + (\alpha \gamma)_{11} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm4} + (\beta \gamma)_{11} X_{ijkm2} X_{ijkm4}$$
$$+ (\beta \gamma)_{21} X_{ijkm3} X_{ijkm4} + (\alpha \beta \gamma)_{111} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm2} X_{ijkm4}$$
$$+ (\alpha \beta \gamma)_{121} X_{ijkm1} X_{ijkm3} X_{ijkm4} + \epsilon_{ijkm}$$

c. Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = 1,062.16667 + 94.82500X_1 - 17.85417X_2 + 42.47083X_3 + 79.80000X_4$$
$$-4.33750X_1X_2 + 2.01250X_1X_3 + .20833X_1X_4 + 3.38750X_2X_4$$
$$-5.33750X_3X_4 + .40417X_1X_2X_4 - 1.94583X_1X_3X_4,$$

$$SSE(F) = 39,499.9000$$

Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = 1,063.73137 + 96.38971X_1 - 14.72475X_2 + 40.90613X_3 - 10.59632X_1X_2 + 9.83603X_1X_3 + 1.77304X_1X_4 + 3.38750X_2X_4 - 10.03162X_3X_4 + 3.53358X_1X_2X_4 - 3.51054X_1X_3X_4,$$

$$SSE(R) = 399, 106.8647$$

$$H_0: \gamma_1 = 0, H_a: \gamma_1 \neq 0.$$

$$F^* = (359, 606.9647/1) \div (39, 499.9000/45) = 409.68, F(.95; 1, 45) = 4.06.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.06$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

d.
$$\hat{D} = \hat{\mu}_{..1} - \hat{\mu}_{..2} = \hat{\gamma}_1 - \hat{\gamma}_2 = 2\hat{\gamma}_1 = 159.60000, \ s^2\{\hat{\gamma}_1\} = 15.54394, \ s\{\hat{D}\} = 7.8852, \ t(.975; 45) = 2.014,$$

 $159.60000 \pm 2.014 (7.8852), 143.719 \le D \le 175.481$

24.17.
$$\frac{2\sqrt{n}}{1.8} = 4.1475, n = 14$$

24.18.
$$t[.99; 12(n-1)]\sqrt{(29)^2/2n} = \pm 20, n = 6$$

24.19.
$$\sum_{i} (\alpha \beta \gamma)_{ijk} = \sum_{i} (\mu_{ijk} - \mu_{ij.} - \mu_{i.k} - \mu_{.jk} + \mu_{i..} + \mu_{.j.} + \mu_{..k} - \mu_{...})$$
$$= a\mu_{.jk} - a\mu_{.j.} - a\mu_{.jk} - a\mu_{.jk} + a\mu_{...} + a\mu_{.j.} + a\mu_{..k} - a\mu_{...} = 0$$

24.20.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{...} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + \gamma_k + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + (\alpha\gamma)_{ik} + (\beta\gamma)_{jk} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

Source	55	aj	MS
\overline{A}	SSA	a-1	MSA
B	SSB	b-1	MSB
C	SSC	c-1	MSC
AB	SSAB	(a-1)(b-1)	MSAB
AC	SSAC	(a-1)(c-1)	MSAC
BC	SSBC	(b-1)(c-1)	MSBC
Error	SSE	(a-1)(b-1)(c-1)	\overline{MSE}
Total	SSTO	abc-1	

24.21.
$$\sigma^{2}\{\hat{L}\} = \sigma^{2}\{\sum \sum c_{ij}\bar{Y}_{ij..}\} = \sum \sum c_{ij}^{2}\sigma^{2}\{\bar{Y}_{ij..}\}$$
 (because of independence)
$$= \sum \sum c_{ij}^{2}\frac{\sigma^{2}}{cn} = \frac{\sigma^{2}}{cn}\sum \sum c_{ij}^{2}$$

24.22. c. r = .992

24.23. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{111.} = 8.80000, \, \bar{Y}_{112.} = 9.68667, \, \bar{Y}_{113.} = 8.33000, \, \bar{Y}_{114.} = 7.50333,$$

$$\bar{Y}_{121.} = 10.07667, \, \bar{Y}_{122.} = 9.56333, \, \bar{Y}_{123.} = 10.02667, \, \bar{Y}_{124.} = 8.16000,$$

$$\bar{Y}_{211.} = 10.55333, \, \bar{Y}_{212.} = 8.79000, \, \bar{Y}_{213.} = 8.77333, \, \bar{Y}_{214.} = 8.00667,$$

$$\bar{Y}_{221.} = 12.48000, \, \bar{Y}_{222.} = 10.01667, \, \bar{Y}_{223.} = 10.20000, \, \bar{Y}_{224.} = 8.33000$$

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between treatments	69.63346	15	4.64223
A (age)	4.69375	1	4.69375
B (facilities)	13.26152	1	13.26152
C (region)	37.43491	3	12.47830
AB interactions	.36575	1	.36575
AC interactions	9.03731	3	3.01244
BC interactions	3.38421	3	1.12807
ABC interactions	1.45601	3	.48534
Error	34.18440	32	1.06826
Total	103.81786	47	

- c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$ equal zero. $F^* = .48534/1.06826 = .45$, F(.99; 3, 32) = 4.46. If $F^* \le 4.46$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .72
- d. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero. $F^* = .36575/1.06826 = .34$, F(.99;1,32) = 7.50. If $F^* \leq 7.50$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .56

 H_0 : all $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero. $F^* = 3.01244/1.06826 = 2.82$, F(.99; 3, 32) = 4.46. If $F^* \leq 4.46$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .055

 H_0 : all $(\beta \gamma)_{jk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\beta \gamma)_{jk}$ equal zero. $F^* = 1.12807/1.06826 = 1.06$, F(.99; 3, 32) = 4.46. If $F^* \leq 4.46$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .38

e. H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, 2), H_a : not all α_i equal zero. $F^* = 4.69375/1.06826 = 4.39$, F(.99; 1, 32) = 7.50. If $F^* \leq 7.50$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .044

 H_0 : all β_j equal zero $(j=1,2), H_a$: not all β_j equal zero. $F^*=13.26152/1.06826=12.41, <math>F(.99;1,32)=7.50$. If $F^*\leq 7.50$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0013

 H_0 : all γ_k equal zero (k = 1, ..., 4), H_a : not all γ_k equal zero. $F^* = 12.47830/1.06826 = 11.68$, F(.99; 3, 32) = 4.46. If $F^* \leq 4.46$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

f.
$$\bar{Y}_{1...} = 9.01833, \, \bar{Y}_{2...} = 9.64375, \, \bar{Y}_{1...} = 8.80542, \, \bar{Y}_{2...} = 9.85667,$$
 $\bar{Y}_{.1.} = 10.47750, \, \bar{Y}_{..2.} = 9.51417, \, \bar{Y}_{..3.} = 9.33250, \, \bar{Y}_{..4.} = 8.00000$

$$\hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1...} - \bar{Y}_{.2..} = -1.05125, \, \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{..1.} - \bar{Y}_{..2.} = .96333, \, \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{..1.} - \bar{Y}_{..3.} = 1.14500,$$

$$\hat{D}_4 = \bar{Y}_{..1.} - \bar{Y}_{..4.} = 2.47750, \, \hat{D}_5 = \bar{Y}_{..2.} - \bar{Y}_{..3.} = .18167, \, \hat{D}_6 = \bar{Y}_{..2.} - \bar{Y}_{..4.} = 1.51417,$$

$$\hat{D}_7 = \bar{Y}_{..3.} - \bar{Y}_{..4.} = 1.33250, \, MSE = 1.06826,$$

$$s\{\hat{D}_1\} = .29836, \, s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .42195 \, (i = 2, ..., 7), \, B = t(.99286; 32) = 2.5915$$

$$-1.05125 \pm 2.5915(.29836) \quad -1.824 \leq D_1 \leq -.278$$

$$.96333 \pm 2.5915(.42195) \quad -.130 \leq D_2 \leq 2.057$$

$$1.14500 \pm 2.5915(.42195) \quad .052 \leq D_3 \leq 2.238$$

$$2.47750 \pm 2.5915(.42195) \quad .052 \leq D_3 \leq 2.238$$

$$2.47750 \pm 2.5915(.42195) \quad -.912 \leq D_5 \leq 1.275$$

$$1.51417 \pm 2.5915(.42195) \quad -.912 \leq D_5 \leq 1.275$$

$$1.51417 \pm 2.5915(.42195) \quad .421 \leq D_6 \leq 2.608$$

$$1.33250 \pm 2.5915(.42195) \quad .239 \leq D_7 \leq 2.426$$

24.24. c. r = .920

24.25. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{111.} = .03303, \, \bar{Y}_{112.} = .03886, \, \bar{Y}_{121.} = .03553, \, \bar{Y}_{122.} = .05415,$$

$$\bar{Y}_{211.} = .04076, \, \bar{Y}_{212.} = .05128, \, \bar{Y}_{221.} = .05516, \, \bar{Y}_{222.} = .06056,$$

$$\bar{Y}_{311.} = .05841, \, \bar{Y}_{312.} = .05997, \, \bar{Y}_{321.} = .07738, \, \bar{Y}_{322.} = .07915,$$

$$\bar{Y}_{411.} = .05655, \, \bar{Y}_{412.} = .04688, \, \bar{Y}_{421.} = .06755, \, \bar{Y}_{422.} = .06442$$
b. $Y_{ijkm} = \mu_{...} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \alpha_3 X_{ijk3} + \beta_1 X_{ijk4} + \gamma_1 X_{ijk5}$

$$+ (\alpha \beta)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk4} + (\alpha \beta)_{31} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk4}$$

$$+ (\alpha \gamma)_{11} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk5} + (\alpha \gamma)_{21} X_{ijk2} X_{ijk5} + (\alpha \gamma)_{31} X_{ijk3} X_{ijk5}$$

$$+ (\beta \gamma)_{11} X_{ijk4} X_{ijk5} + (\alpha \beta \gamma)_{111} X_{ijk1} X_{ijk4} X_{ijk5}$$

$$X_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from NE} \\ -1 & \text{if case from W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from NC} \\ -1 & \text{if case from W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 $+(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{211}X_{ijk2}X_{ijk4}X_{ijk5} + (\alpha\beta\gamma)_{311}X_{ijk3}X_{ijk4}X_{ijk5} + \epsilon_{ijkm}$

$$\begin{split} X_{ijk3} &= \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 & \text{if case from S} \\ -1 & \text{if case from W} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \\ X_{ijk4} &= \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 & \text{if poverty level below 8 percent} \\ -1 & \text{if poverty level 8 percent or higher} \end{array} \right. \\ X_{ijk5} &= \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 & \text{if percent of population 65 or older} < 12.0\% \\ -1 & \text{if percent of population 65 or older} \geq 12.0\% \end{array} \right. \\ \hat{Y} &= .05498 - .0146X_1 - .00303X_2 + .0137X_3 - .00676X_4 \\ &\quad - .00193X_5 + .00231X_1X_4 + .00084X_2X_4 - .00278X_3X_4 - .0088X_5 + .00278X_5X_5 - .0088X_5X_5 - .0088X_5 - .008X$$

$$Y = .05498 - .0146X_1 - .00303X_2 + .0137X_3 - .00676X_4$$
$$-.00193X_5 + .00231X_1X_4 + .00084X_2X_4 - .00278X_3X_4 - .00418X_1X_5$$

$$-.00205X_2X_5 + .00110X_3X_5 + .00090X_4X_5 + .00230X_1X_4X_5$$

$$-.00218X_2X_4X_5 -.00085X_3X_4X_5,$$

$$SSE(F) = .23779$$

ABC interactions;

$$\hat{Y} = .0552 - .0133X_1 - .00412X_2 + .0135X_3 - .00712X_4$$

$$- .00157X_5 + .00085X_1X_4 + .00128X_2X_4 - .00254X_3X_4$$

$$- .00278X_1X_5 - .00251X_2X_5 + .00083X_3X_5 + .00046X_4X_5,$$

$$SSE(R) = .23849$$

 H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = (.0007/3) \div (.23779/424) = .42, F(.975; 3, 424) = 3.147.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.147$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .74

AB interactions:

$$\begin{split} \hat{Y} &= 0.0556 - 0.0133X_1 - 0.00355X_2 + 0.0136X_3 - 0.00743X_4 \\ &- 0.00135X_5 - 0.00315X_1X_5 - 0.00190X_2X_5 + 0.00040X_3X_5 + 0.00026X_4X_5 \\ &+ 0.00095X_1X_4X_5 - 0.00161X_2X_4X_5 - 0.00081X_3X_4X_5, \end{split}$$

$$SSE(R) = .23897$$

 H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = (.00118/3) \div (.23779/424) = .70, F(.975; 3, 424) = 3.147.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.147$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .55

AC interactions:

$$\begin{split} \hat{Y} &= 0.0562 - 0.0129X_1 - 0.00419X_2 + 0.0127X_3 - 0.00727X_4 \\ &- 0.00161X_5 + 0.00038X_1X_4 + 0.00021X_2X_4 - 0.00222X_3X_4 \\ &- 0.00023X_4X_5 + 0.00052X_1X_4X_5 - 0.00119X_2X_4X_5 + 0.00011X_3X_4X_5, \end{split}$$

$$SSE(R) = .24070$$

 H_0 : all $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = (.00291/3) \div (.23779/424) = 1.73, F(.975; 3, 424) = 3.147.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.147$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .16

BC interactions:

$$\begin{split} \hat{Y} &= 0.0553 - 0.0142X_1 - 0.00303X_2 + 0.0134X_3 - 0.00687X_4 - 0.00179X_5 \\ &+ 0.00152X_1X_4 + 0.00092X_2X_4 - 0.00253X_3X_4 - 0.00344X_1X_5 - 0.00214X_2X_5 \\ &+ 0.00085X_3X_5 + 0.00183X_1X_4X_5 - 0.00204X_2X_4X_5 - 0.00042X_3X_4X_5, \end{split}$$

SSE(R) = .23801

 H_0 : all $(\beta \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\beta \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = (.00022/1) \div (.23779/424) = .39, F(.975; 1, 424) = 5.06.$$

If $F^* < 5.06$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .53

d. A effects:

$$\hat{Y} = 0.0585 - 0.0104X_4 + 0.00191X_5 - 0.00575X_1X_4 + 0.00409X_2X_4$$
$$-0.00150X_3X_4 + 0.00401X_1X_5 - 0.00558X_2X_5 + 0.00016X_3X_5$$
$$-0.00218X_4X_5 - 0.00445X_1X_4X_5 - 0.00227X_2X_4X_5 + 0.00280X_3X_4X_5,$$

SSE(R) = .27011

 H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, ..., 4), H_a : not all α_i equal zero.

$$F^* = (.03232/3) \div (.23779/424) = 19.21, F(.975; 3, 424) = 3.147.$$

If $F^* \leq 3.147$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

B effects:

$$\hat{Y} = 0.0539 - 0.0202X_1 - 0.00235X_2 + 0.0156X_3 - 0.00465X_5$$

$$+0.00583X_1X_4 - 0.00024X_2X_4 - 0.00598X_3X_4 - 0.00705X_1X_5$$

$$-0.00208X_2X_5 + 0.00362X_3X_5 + 0.00174X_4X_5 + 0.00828X_1X_4X_5$$

$$-0.00275X_2X_4X_5 - 0.00270X_3X_4X_5,$$

SSE(R) = .25047

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (.01268/1) \div (.23779/424) = 22.61, F(.975; 1, 424) = 5.06.$$

If $F^* \leq 5.06$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+ C effects:

$$\begin{split} \hat{Y} &= 0.0552 - 0.0129X_1 - 0.00320X_2 + 0.0132X_3 - 0.00754X_4 \\ &+ 0.00150X_1X_4 + 0.00083X_2X_4 - 0.00206X_3X_4 - 0.00318X_1X_5 \\ &- 0.00236X_2X_5 + 0.00018X_3X_5 + 0.00061X_4X_5 + 0.00069X_1X_4X_5 \\ &- 0.00198X_2X_4X_5 - 0.00032X_3X_4X_5, \end{split}$$

SSE(R) = .23882

 H_0 : $\gamma_1 = \gamma_2 = 0$, H_a : not both γ_1 and γ_2 equal zero.

$$F^* = (.00103/1) \div (.23779/424) = 1.84, F(.975; 1, 424) = 5.06.$$

If $F^* \leq 5.06$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .175

e.
$$\hat{D}_1 = \hat{\mu}_{1,..} - \hat{\mu}_{2,..} = \hat{\alpha}_1 - \hat{\alpha}_2 = -.01155, \ \hat{D}_2 = \hat{\mu}_{1,..} - \hat{\mu}_{3,..} = \hat{\alpha}_1 - \hat{\alpha}_3 = -.02834,$$

$$\begin{split} \hat{D}_3 &= \hat{\mu}_{1..} - \hat{\mu}_{4..} = -.01846, \ \hat{D}_4 = \hat{\mu}_{2..} - \hat{\mu}_{3..} = -.016784, \\ \hat{D}_5 &= \hat{\mu}_{2..} - \hat{\mu}_{4..} = -.006907, \ \hat{D}_6 = \hat{\mu}_{3..} - \hat{\mu}_{4..} = .009877, \end{split}$$

- $-.02276 \le D_1 \le -.00034$
- $-.03878 \le D_2 \le -.01790$
- $-.03030 \le D_3 \le -.00662$
- $-.02531 \le D_4 \le -.00826$
- $-.01711 \le D_5 \le .00329$ $.00053 \le D_6 \le .01922$

Chapter 25

RANDOM AND MIXED EFFECTS MODELS

25.5. b.
$$H_0$$
: $\sigma_{\mu}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\mu}^2 > 0$. $F^* = .45787/.03097 = 14.78$, $F(.95; 5, 114) = 2.29$. If $F^* \le 2.29$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P -value = 0+

c.
$$\bar{Y}_{..} = .22767, n_T = 120, s\{\bar{Y}_{..}\} = .06177, t(.975; 5) = 2.571,$$

 $.22767 \pm 2.571(.06177), .0689 \le \mu_{.} \le .3865$

25.6. a.
$$F(.025; 5, 114) = .1646, F(.975; 5, 114) = 2.680, L = .22583, U = 4.44098$$

$$.1842 \le \frac{\sigma_{\mu}^2}{\sigma_{\mu}^2 + \sigma^2} \le .8162$$

b.
$$\chi^2(.025; 114) = 90.351, \, \chi^2(.975; 114) = 145.441, \, .02427 \le \sigma^2 \le .03908$$

c.
$$s_{\mu}^2 = .02135$$

d. Satterthwaite:

$$\begin{split} df &= (ns_{\mu}^2)^2 \div [(MSTR)^2/(r-1) + (MSE)^2/r(n-1)] \\ &= [20(.02135)]^2 \div [(.45787)^2/5 + (.03907)^2/6(19)] = 4.35, \end{split}$$

$$\chi^2(.025;4) = .484, \ \chi^2(.975;4) = 11.143$$

$$.0083 = \frac{4.35(.02135)}{11.143} \le \sigma_{\mu}^{2} \le \frac{4.35(.02135)}{.484} = .192$$

 $MLS: c_1 = .05, c_2 = -.05, MS_1 = .45787, MS_2 = .03907, df_1 = 5, df_2 = 114, F_1 = F(.975; 5, \infty) = 2.57, F_2 = F(.975; 114, \infty) = 1.28, F_3 = F(.975; \infty, 5) = 6.02, F_4 = F(.975; \infty, 114) = 1.32, F_5 = F(.975; 5, 114) = 2.68, F_6 = F(.975; 114, 5) = 6.07, G_1 = .6109, G_2 = .2188, G_3 = .0147, G_4 = -.2076, H_L = .014, H_U = .115, .02135 - .014, .02135 + .115, .0074 <math>\leq \sigma_{\mu}^2 \leq .1364$

25.7. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between brands	854.52917	5	170.90583
Error	30.07000	42	.71595
Total	884.59917	47	

 $H_0: \sigma_{\mu}^2 = 0, H_a: \sigma_{\mu}^2 > 0. F^* = 170.90583/.71595 = 238.71, F(.99; 5, 42) = 3.49.$

If $F^* \leq 3.49$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

- b. $\bar{Y}_{..} = 17.62917, n_T = 48, s\{\bar{Y}_{..}\} = 1.8869, t(.995; 5) = 4.032,$ $17.62917 \pm 4.032(1.8869), 10.021 \le \mu_{..} \le 25.237$
- 25.8. a. F(.005; 5, 42) = .0795, F(.995; 5, 42) = 3.95, L = 7.4292, U = 375.20828 $.8814 \le \frac{\sigma_{\mu}^2}{\sigma_{\tau}^2 + \sigma^2} \le .9973$
 - b. $MSE = .71595, s_{\mu}^2 = 21.27374$
 - c. $\chi^2(.005; 42) = 22.138, \, \chi^2(.995; 42) = 69.336, \, .4337 \le \sigma^2 \le 1.3583$
 - d. H_0 : $\sigma_{\mu}^2 \leq 2\sigma^2$, H_a : $\sigma_{\mu}^2 > 2\sigma^2$. $F^* = [MSTR/(2n+1)] \div MSE = 14.042$, F(.99; 5, 42) = 3.49. If $F^* \leq 3.49$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - e. $c_1 = .125, c_2 = -.125, df_1 = 5, df_2 = 42, F_1 = F(.995; 5, \infty) = 3.35, F_2 = F(.995; 42, \infty) = 1.66, F_3 = F(.995; \infty, 5) = 12.1, F_4 = F(.995; \infty, 42) = 1.91, F_5 = F(.995; 5, 42) = 3.95, F_6 = F(.995; 42, 5) = 12.51, G_1 = .7015, G_2 = .3976, G_3 = .0497, G_4 = -1.2371, H_L = 14.990, H_U = 237.127, 21.2737 14.990, 21.2737 + 237.127, 6.284 <math>\leq \sigma_{\mu}^2 \leq 258.401$
- 25.9. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Between machines	602.5000	3	200.8333
Error	257.4000	36	7.1500
Total	859.9000	39	

 $H_0: \sigma_{\mu}^2 = 0, H_a: \sigma_{\mu}^2 > 0. F^* = 200.8333/7.1500 = 28.09, F(.90; 3, 36) = 2.25.$

If $F^* \leq 2.25$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

- b. $\bar{Y}_{..} = 205.05, n_T = 40, s\{\bar{Y}_{..}\} = 2.2407, t(.95; 3) = 2.353,$ $205.05 \pm 2.353(2.2407), 199.778 \le \mu_{.} \le 210.322$
- 25.10. a. F(.05; 3, 36) = .117, F(.95; 3, 36) = 2.87, L = .8787, U = 23.9073.4677 $\leq \frac{\sigma_{\mu}^2}{\sigma_{\mu}^2 + \sigma^2} \leq .9599$
 - b. H_0 : $\sigma_{\mu}^2 = \sigma^2$, H_a : $\sigma_{\mu}^2 \neq \sigma^2$. $F^* = [MSTR/(n+1)] \div MSE = 2.554$, F(.05; 3, 36) = .117, F(.95; 3, 36) = 2.87. If $.117 \le F^* \le 2.87$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
 - c. $\chi^2(.05; 36) = 23.269, \, \chi^2(.95; 36) = 50.998, \, 5.047 \le \sigma^2 \le 11.062$
 - d. $s_{\mu}^2 = 19.3683$
 - e. Satterthwaite:

$$df = [10(19.3683)]^2 \div [(200.8333)^2/3 + (7.1500)^2/36] = 2.79,$$

$$\chi^2(.05; 3) = .352, \chi^2(.95; 3) = 7.815,$$

$$6.915 = \frac{2.79(19.3683)}{7.815} \le \sigma_{\mu}^{2} \le \frac{2.79(19.3683)}{352} = 153.516$$

 $MLS: c_1 = .10, c_2 = -.10, df_1 = 3, df_2 = 36, F_1 = F(.95; 3, \infty) = 2.60, F_2 = F(.95; 36, \infty) = 1.42, F_3 = F(.95; \infty, 3) = 8.53, F_4 = F(.95; \infty, 36) = 1.55, F_5 = F(.95; 3, 36) = 2.87, F_6 = F(.95; 36, 3) = 8.60, G_1 = .6154, G_2 = .2958, G_3 = .0261, G_4 = -.6286, H_L = 12.381, H_U = 151.198, 19.3683 - 12.381, 19.3683 + 151.198, 6.987 <math>\leq \sigma_{\mu}^2 \leq 170.566$

25.13. a.
$$E\{MSA\} = 115, E\{MSB\} = 185, E\{MSAB\} = 35$$

b.
$$E\{MSA\} = 85, E\{MSB\} = 155, E\{MSAB\} = 5$$

25.15. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Factor A (driver)	280.28475	3	93.42825
Factor B (car)	94.71350	4	23.67838
AB interactions	2.44650	12	.20388
Error	3.51500	20	.17575
Total	380.95975	39	

$$H_0$$
: $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 > 0$. $F^* = .20388/.17575 = 1.16$, $F(.95; 12, 20) = 2.28$.

If $F^* \leq 2.28$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .37

b.
$$H_0$$
: $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 > 0$. $F^* = 93.42825/.20388 = 458.25$, $F(.95; 3, 12) = 3.49$.
If $F^* \leq 3.49$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P -value = 0+ H_0 : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 > 0$. $F^* = 23.67838/.20388 = 116.14$, $F(.95; 4, 12) = 3.26$.
If $F^* \leq 3.26$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P -value = 0+

- c. $s_{\alpha}^2 = 9.3224, s_{\beta}^2 = 2.9343$
- d. $c_1 = .10, c_2 = -.10, MS_1 = 93.42825, MS_2 = .203875, df_1 = 3, df_2 = 12, F_1 = F(.975; 3, \infty) = 3.12, F_2 = F(.975; 12, \infty) = 1.94, F_3 = F(.975; \infty, 3) = 13.9, F_4 = F(.975; \infty, 12) = 2.72, F_5 = F(.975; 3, 12) = 4.47, F_6 = F(.975; 12, 3) = 14.3, G_1 = .6795, G_2 = .4845, G_3 = -.0320, G_4 = -2.6241, H_L = 6.348, H_U = 120.525, 9.3244 6.348, 9.3224 + 120.525, 2.974 \le \sigma_{\alpha}^2 \le 129.847$

e.
$$df = [8(2.9343)]^2 \div [(23.678375)^2/4 + (.203875)^2/12] = 3.93$$

 $\chi^2(.025; 4) = .484, \ \chi^2(.975; 4) = 11.143,$
 $1.03 = \frac{3.93(2.9343)}{11.143} \le \sigma_\beta^2 \le \frac{3.93(2.9343)}{.484} = 23.83$

- 25.16. a. H_0 : $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 > 0$. $F^* = 303.822/52.011 = 5.84$, F(.99; 4, 36) = 3.89. If $F^* \leq 3.89$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .001
 - b. $s_{\alpha\beta}^2 = 50.362$
 - c. H_0 : $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 > 0$. $F^* = 12.289/52.011 = .24$, F(.99; 2, 36) = 5.25. If $F^* \le 5.25$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
 - d. H_0 : all β_j equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all β_j equal zero.

 $F^* = 14.156/303.822 = .047, F(.99; 2, 4) = 18.0.$

If $F^* \leq 18.0$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

- e. $\bar{Y}_{.1.} = 56.133, \ \bar{Y}_{.2.} = 56.600, \ \bar{Y}_{.3.} = 54.733, \ \hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{.1.} \bar{Y}_{.2.} = -.467, \ \hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{.1.} \bar{Y}_{.3.} = -1.400, \ \hat{D}_3 = \bar{Y}_{.2.} \bar{Y}_{.3.} = 1.867, \ s\{\hat{D}_i\} = 6.3647 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ q(.95; 3, 4) = 5.04, \ T = 3.5638$
 - $-.467 \pm 3.5638(6.3647)$ $-23.150 \le D_1 \le 22.216$ $-1.400 \pm 3.5638(6.3647)$ $-24.083 \le D_2 \le 21.283$ $1.867 \pm 3.5638(6.3647)$ $-20.816 \le D_3 \le 24.550$
- f. $\hat{\mu}_{.1} = 56.1333, MSA = 12.28889, MSAB = 303.82222, s^2\{\hat{\mu}_{.1}\} = (2/45)(303.82222) + (1/45)(12.28889) = 13.7763, s\{\hat{\mu}_{.1}\} = 3.712, df = (13.7763)^2 \div \{[(2/45)(303.82222)]^2/4 + [(1/45)(12.28889)]^2/2\} = 4.16, t(.995; 4) = 4.60,$

 $56.1333 \pm 4.60(3.712), 39.06 \le \mu_{.1} \le 73.21$

- g. $MSA = 12.28889, MSE = 52.01111, s_{\alpha}^2 = (MSA MSE)/nb = -2.648,$ $c_1 = 1/15, c_2 = -1/15, df_1 = 2, df_2 = 36, F_1 = F(.995; 2, \infty) = 5.30, F_2 = F(.995; 36, \infty) = 1.71, F_3 = F(.995; \infty, 2) = 200, F_4 = F(.995; \infty, 36) = 2.01,$ $F_5 = F(.995; 2, 36) = 6.16, F_6 = F(.995; 36, 2) = 199.5, G_1 = .8113, G_2 = .4152,$ $G_3 = .1022, G_4 = -35.3895, H_L = 3.605, H_U = 162.730, -2.648 3.605,$ $-2.648 + 162.730, -6.253 \le \sigma_{\alpha}^2 \le 160.082$
- 25.17. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Factor A (coats)	150.3879	2	75.1940
Factor B (batch)	152.8517	3	50.9506
AB interactions	1.8521	6	.3087
Error	173.6250	36	4.8229
Total	478.7167	47	

 $H_0: \sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 = 0, H_a: \sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 > 0. F^* = .3087/4.8229 = .06, F(.95; 6, 36) = 2.36.$

If $F^* \leq 2.36$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .999

b. H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all α_i equal zero. $F^* = 75.1940/.3087 = 243.58$, F(.95; 2, 6) = 5.14. If $F^* \leq 5.14$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 H_0 : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 > 0$. $F^* = 50.9506/4.8229 = 10.56$, F(.95; 3, 36) = 2.87. If $F^* \leq 2.87$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

- c. $\bar{Y}_{1..} = 73.10625, \ \bar{Y}_{2..} = 76.79375, \ \bar{Y}_{3..} = 76.92500, \ \hat{D}_1 = \bar{Y}_{2..} \bar{Y}_{1..} = 3.68750,$ $\hat{D}_2 = \bar{Y}_{3..} - \bar{Y}_{2..} = .13125, \ s\{\hat{D}_i\} = .1964 \ (i = 1, 2), \ B = t(.975; 6) = 2.447$ $3.68750 \pm 2.447(.1964) \quad 3.2069 \le D_1 \le 4.1681$ $.13125 \pm 2.447(.1964) \quad -.3493 \le D_2 \le .6118$
- d. $\hat{\mu}_{2.} = 76.79375$, $s^2\{\hat{\mu}_{2.}\} = (2/48)(.30868) + (1/48)(50.95056) = 1.0743$, $s\{\hat{\mu}_{2.}\} = 1.0365$, $df = (1.0743)^2 \div \{[(2/48)(.30868)]^2/6 + [(1/48)(50.95056)]^2/3\} = 3.07$, t(.975;3) = 3.182, $76.79375 \pm 3.182(1.0365)$, $73.496 \le \mu_{2.} \le 80.092$
- e. $s_{\beta}^2 = (MSB MSE)/na = 3.844, c_1 = 1/12, c_2 = -1/12, df_1 = 3, df_2 = 36, F_1 = F(.95; 3, \infty) = 2.60, F_2 = F(.95; 36, \infty) = 1.42, F_3 = F(.95; \infty, 3) = 8.53,$

 $F_4 = F(.95; \infty, 36) = 1.55, F_5 = F(.95; 3, 36) = 2.87, F_6 = F(.95; 36, 3) = 8.60,$ $G_1 = .6154, G_2 = .2958, G_3 = .0261, G_4 = -.6286, H_L = 2.631, H_U = 31.989,$ $3.844 - 2.631, 3.844 + 31.989, 1.213 \le \sigma_{\beta}^2 \le 35.833$

25.18. a. H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero. $F^* = 47.0450/.1150 = 409.09$, F(.95; 1, 3) = 10.1. If $F^* \leq 10.1$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0003

25.19. a. e_{ij} :

c. H_0 : D = 0, H_a : $D \neq 0$. $SSBL.TR^* = 27.729$, $SSRem^* = 94.521$, $F^* = (27.729/1) \div (94.521/27) = 7.921$, F(.995; 1, 27) = 9.34. If $F^* \leq 9.34$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

25.20. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Blocks	4,826.375	7	689.48214
Paint type	531.350	4	132.83750
Error	122.250	28	4.36607
Total	5,479.975	39	

b. H_0 : all τ_j equal zero (j = 1, ..., 5), H_a : not all τ_j equal zero.

$$F^* = 132.83750/4.36607 = 30.425, F(.95; 4, 28) = 2.71.$$

If $F^* \leq 2.71$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

c.
$$\bar{Y}_{.1}=20.500, \ \bar{Y}_{.2}=23.625, \ \bar{Y}_{.3}=19.000, \ \bar{Y}_{.4}=29.375, \ \bar{Y}_{.5}=21.125, \ \hat{L}_{1}=\bar{Y}_{.1}-\bar{Y}_{.2}=-3.125, \ \hat{L}_{2}=\bar{Y}_{.1}-\bar{Y}_{.3}=1.500, \ \hat{L}_{3}=\bar{Y}_{.1}-\bar{Y}_{.4}=-8.875, \ \hat{L}_{4}=\bar{Y}_{.1}-\bar{Y}_{.5}=-.625, \ s\{\hat{L}_{i}\}=1.0448 \ (i=1,...,4), \ B=t(.9875;28)=2.369$$

$$-3.125 \pm 2.369(1.0448)$$
 $-5.60 \le L_1 \le -.65$
 $1.500 \pm 2.369(1.0448)$ $-.98 \le L_2 \le 3.98$
 $-8.875 \pm 2.369(1.0448)$ $-11.35 \le L_3 \le -6.40$
 $-.625 \pm 2.369(1.0448)$ $-3.10 \le L_4 \le 1.85$

d.
$$\hat{L} = \frac{1}{3}(\bar{Y}_{.1} + \bar{Y}_{.3} + \bar{Y}_{.5}) - \frac{1}{2}(\bar{Y}_{.2} + \bar{Y}_{.4}) = -6.29167, s\{\hat{L}\} = .6744, t(.975; 28) = 2.048, -6.29167 \pm 2.048(.6744), -7.67 \le L \le -4.91$$

25.21. a. e_{ij} :

c. H_0 : D = 0, H_a : $D \neq 0$. $SSBL.TR^* = 4.5365$, $SSRem^* = 24.6635$, $F^* = (4.5365/1) \div (24.6635/17) = 3.127$, F(.975; 1, 17) = 6.042. If $F^* \leq 6.042$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .095

25.22. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Blocks	1,195.5000	9	132.8333
Reagents	123.4667	2	61.7333
Error	29.2000	18	1.6222
Total	1,348.1667	29	

b. H_0 : all τ_j equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all τ_j equal zero. $F^* = 61.7333/1.6222 = 38.055$, F(.975; 2, 18) = 4.56.

If $F^* \leq 4.56$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

- c. $\bar{Y}_{.1} = 15.3$, $\bar{Y}_{.2} = 19.7$, $\bar{Y}_{.3} = 19.5$, B = t(.9875; 18) = 2.445, $\hat{L}_{1} = .2$, $\hat{L}_{2} = 4.3$, $s\{\hat{L}_{1}\} = .5696$, $s\{\hat{L}_{2}\} = .4933$ $.2 \pm 2.445(.5696)$ $-1.193 \le L_{1} \le 1.593$ $4.3 \pm 2.445(.4933)$ $3.094 \le L_{2} \le 5.506$
- d. H_0 : $\sigma_\rho^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_\rho^2 > 0$. $F^* = 132.8333/1.6222 = 81.885$, F(.975; 9, 18) = 2.929. If $F^* \le 2.929$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- 25.23. a. H_0 : $\sigma_{\alpha\beta\gamma}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\alpha\beta\gamma}^2 > 0$. $F^* = MSABC/MSE = 1.49/2.30 = .648$, F(.975; 8, 60) = 2.41. If $F^* \leq 2.41$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value=.27.
 - b. H_0 : $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 > 0$. $F^* = MSAB/MSABC = 2.40/1.49 = 1.611$, F(.99; 2, 8) = 8.65. If $F^* \le 8.65$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
 - c. H_0 : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 > 0$. $F^{**} = MSB/(MSAB + MSBC MSABC) = 4.20/(2.40 + 3.13 1.49) = 1.04$, df = 16.32161/5.6067 = 2.91, F(.99; 1, 3) = 34.1. If $F^{**} \leq 34.1$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
 - d. $s_{\alpha}^2 = (MSA MSAB MSAC + MSABC)/nbc = .126,$ $df = [(8.650/30) - (2.40/30) - (3.96/30) + (1.49/30)]^2$

$$\dot{z} \left[\frac{(8.65/30)^2}{2} + \frac{(2.40/30)^2}{2} + \frac{(3.96/30)^2}{8} + \frac{(1.49/30)^2}{8} \right] = .336$$

$$\chi^2(.025;1) = .001, \ \chi^2(.975;1) = 5.02$$

$$.008 = \frac{.336(.126)}{5.02} \le \sigma_\alpha^2 \le \frac{.336(.126)}{.001} = 42.336$$

- 25.24. a. $F^* = MSAC/MSABC$, $F^* = MSB/MSE$
 - b. H_0 : all $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha \gamma)_{ik}$ equal zero. $F^* = 91.267/9.517 = 9.59$, F(.95; 1, 2) = 18.5. If $F^* \leq 18.5$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
 - c. H_0 : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 > 0$. $F^* = 24,659.817/858.042 = 28.74$, F (.95; 2, 48) = 3.19. If $F^* \leq 3.19$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
 - d. $s_{\beta}^2 = (MSB MSE)/acn = (24,659.817 858.042)/20 = 1,190.09, c_1 = .05, c_2 = -.05, df_1 = 2, df_2 = 48, F_1 = F(.975; 2, \infty) = 3.69, F_2 = F(.975; 48, \infty) = 1.44, F_3 = F(.975; \infty, 2) = 39.5, F_4 = F(.975; \infty, 48) = 1.56, F_5 = F(.975; 2, 48) = 3.99, F_6 = F(.975; 48, 2) = 39.5, G_1 = .7290, G_2 = .3056, G_3 = .0416, G_4 = -3.6890, H_L = 900.39, H_U = 47,468.09, 1,190.09 900.39, 1,190.09 + 47,468.09, 289.70 <math>\leq \sigma_{\beta}^2 \leq 48,658.18$
- 25.25. $F^{**} = MSA/(MSAB + MSAC MSABC)$ $df = (MSAB + MSAC MSABC)^2 \div \left(\frac{(MSAB)^2}{df_{AB}} + \frac{(MSAC)^2}{df_{AC}} + \frac{(MSABC)^2}{df_{ABC}}\right)$
- 25.26. a. $\hat{\mu}_{..}=55.593, \,\hat{\beta}_1=.641, \,\hat{\beta}_2=.218, \,\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha}^2=5.222, \,\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta}^2=15.666, \hat{\sigma}^2=55.265,$ no (Note: Unrestricted estimators are same except that variance component for random effect A is zero.)
 - b. Estimates remain the same.
 - c. H_0 : $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 > 0$. z(.99) = 2.326, $s\{\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta}^2\} = 13.333$, $z^* = 15.666/13.333 = 1.175$. If $z^* \le 2.326$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .12.
 - d. H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$, H_a : not all $\beta_j = 0$ (j = 1, 2, 3). $-2\log_e L(R) = 295.385$, $-2\log_e L(F) = 295.253$, $X^2 = 295.385 295.253 = .132$, $\chi^2(.99; 2) = 9.21$. If $X^2 \leq 9.21$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .94.
 - e. $z(.995) = 2.576, 15.666 \pm 2.576(13.333), -18.680 \le \alpha_{\alpha\beta}^2 \le 50.012$
- 25.27. a. $\hat{\mu}_{\alpha} = 75.817$, $\hat{\alpha}_{1} = -2.398$, $\hat{\alpha}_{2} = .977$, $\hat{\sigma}_{\beta}^{2} = 2.994$, $\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta}^{2} = 0$, $\hat{\sigma}^{2} = 3.103$, yes
 - b. Estimates remain the same.
 - c. H_0 : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 > 0$. $-2\log_e L(R) = 214.034$, $-2\log_e L(F) = 192.599$, $X^2 = 214.034 192.599 = 21.435$, $\chi^2(.95; 1) = 3.84$. If $X^2 \leq 3.84$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
 - d. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3 = 0$, H_a : not all $\alpha_i = 0$ (i = 1, 2, 3). $-2\log_e L(R) = 221.722$, $-2\log_e L(F) = 192.599$, $X^2 = 221.722 192.599 = 29.123$, $\chi^2(.95; 2) = 5.99$. If $X^2 \leq 5.99$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
 - e. $s\{\hat{\sigma}_{\beta}^2\} = 2.309, z(.975) = 1.96, 2.994 \pm 1.96(2.309), -1.532 \le \sigma_{\beta}^2 \le 7.520$

(Note: Answers to parts (c) and (e) are not consistent; may be due to large-sample approximation not being appropriate here.)

25.28.
$$n' = \frac{1}{r-1} \left[(\sum n_i) - \frac{\sum n_i^2}{\sum n_i} \right] = \frac{1}{r-1} (rn - rn^2/rn) = \frac{1}{r-1} (rn - n) = n$$

25.29. From (25.12), $\sigma^2\{\bar{Y}_{..}\}=(\sigma_\mu^2/r)+(\sigma^2/n_T)$. When n_T is fixed, $\sigma^2\{\bar{Y}_{..}\}$ is minimized by making r as large as possible, *i.e.*, $r=n_T$. In that case, n=1 since $rn=n_T$.

$$25.30. \qquad L \leq \frac{\sigma_{\mu}^{2}}{\sigma^{2}} \leq U \text{ or } \frac{1}{L} \geq \frac{\sigma^{2}}{\sigma_{\mu}^{2}} \geq \frac{1}{U} \text{ or } \frac{1}{L} + 1 \geq \frac{\sigma^{2}}{\sigma_{\mu}^{2}} + 1 \geq \frac{1}{U} + 1 \text{ or }$$

$$\frac{1+L}{L} \geq \frac{\sigma^{2} + \sigma_{\mu}^{2}}{\sigma_{\mu}^{2}} \geq \frac{1+U}{U} \text{ or } L^{*} = \frac{L}{1+L} \leq \frac{\sigma_{\mu}^{2}}{\sigma^{2} + \sigma_{\mu}^{2}} \leq \frac{U}{1+U} = U^{*}$$

$$\begin{split} 25.31. \qquad \sigma^2\{\bar{Y}_{i..}\} &= \sigma^2\{\mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \bar{\beta}_{.} + (\overline{\alpha\beta})_{i.} + \bar{\epsilon}_{i..}\} \\ &= \sigma_{\alpha}^2 + \frac{\sigma_{\beta}^2}{b} + \frac{\sigma_{\sigma\beta}^2}{b} + \frac{\sigma^2}{bn} \quad \text{because of independence.} \end{split}$$

25.32.
$$\sigma^{2}\{Y_{ij}\} = \sigma^{2}\{\mu_{..} + \rho_{i} + \tau_{j} + \epsilon_{ij}\} = \sigma_{\tau}^{2} + \sigma^{2}$$
$$\sigma^{2}\{\bar{Y}_{.j}\} = \sigma^{2}\{\mu_{..} + \frac{\sum \rho_{i}}{n_{b}} + \tau_{j} + \bar{\epsilon}_{.j}\} = \sigma_{\tau}^{2} + \frac{\sigma^{2}}{n_{b}}$$

25.33. a.
$$Y_{ijk}=\mu_{...}+\rho_i+\alpha_j+\beta_k+(\alpha\beta)_{jk}+\epsilon_{ijk}$$

b. $F^*=MSAB/MSBL.TR,\,F^*=MSA/MSBL.TR,\,F^*=MSB/MSBL.TR$

25.34.
$$\sigma\{Y_{ij}, Y_{ij'}\} = E\{(Y_{ij} - E\{Y_{ij}\})(Y_{ij'} - E\{Y_{ij'}\})\}$$

$$= E\{[(\mu_{..} + \rho_{i} + \tau_{j} + \epsilon_{ij}) - (\mu_{..} + \tau_{j})][(\mu_{..} + \rho_{i} + \tau_{j'} + \epsilon_{ij'}) - (\mu_{..} + \tau_{j'})]\}$$

$$= E\{(\rho_{i} + \epsilon_{ij})(\rho_{i} + \epsilon_{ij'})\}$$

$$= E\{\rho_{i}^{2}\} + E\{\rho_{i}\epsilon_{ij}\} + E\{\rho_{i}\epsilon_{ij'}\} + E\{\epsilon_{ij}\epsilon_{ij'}\} = \sigma_{o}^{2}$$

since ρ_i , ϵ_{ij} , and $\epsilon_{ij'}$ are pairwise independent and have expectations equal to zero.

25.35.
$$\sigma^{2}\{\bar{Y}_{i...}\} = \sigma^{2}\{\mu_{...} + \alpha_{i} + \bar{\beta}_{.} + \bar{\gamma}_{.} + (\overline{\alpha\beta})_{i.} + (\overline{\alpha\gamma})_{i.} + (\overline{\beta\gamma})_{..} + (\overline{\alpha\beta\gamma})_{i...} + \bar{\epsilon}_{i...}\}$$
$$= \sigma_{\alpha}^{2} + \frac{\sigma_{\beta}^{2}}{b} + \frac{\sigma_{\gamma}^{2}}{c} + \frac{\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^{2}}{b} + \frac{\sigma_{\alpha\gamma}^{2}}{c} + \frac{\sigma_{\beta\gamma}^{2}}{bc} + \frac{\sigma_{\alpha\beta\gamma}^{2}}{bc} + \frac{\sigma^{2}}{nbc}$$

25.36. e.
$$E\{MSA\} = 248.5, E\{MSAB\} = 8.5$$

25.37. a.

25.38. a.

25.39. a.
$$\hat{\mu}_{..} = 30.051$$
, $\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha}^2 = 7.439$, $\hat{\sigma}_{\beta}^2 = 2.757$, $\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta}^2 = .011$, $\hat{\sigma}^2 = .183$, $s\{\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha}^2\} = 5.570$, $s\{\hat{\sigma}_{\beta}^2\} = 1.958$, $s\{\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta}^2\} = .053$, $s\{\hat{\sigma}^2\} = .059$.

Chapter 26

NESTED DESIGNS, SUBSAMPLING, AND PARTIALLY NESTED DESIGNS

26.4. a. e_{ijk} :

		i =	= 1	
k	j=1	j=2	j=3	j=4
1	3.2	.2	-6.6	-7.6
2	-3.8	-5.8	2.4	3.4
3	1.2	7.2	-4.6	1.4
4	-4.8	-3.8	7.4	-4.6
5	4.2	2.2	1.4	7.4

$$r = .986$$

26.5. a. No

b. $\bar{Y}_{ij.}$:

c.

Source	SS	df	MS
Machines (A)	1,695.63	2	847.817
Operators, within mahcines $[B(A)]$	2,272.30	9	252.478
Error (E)	1,132.80	48	23.600
Total	5, 100.73	59	

d. H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all α_i equal zero.

$$F^* = 847.817/23.600 = 35.924, F(.99; 2, 48) = 5.075.$$

If $F^* \leq 5.075$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

e. H_0 : all $\beta_{j(i)}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $\beta_{j(i)}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = 252.478/23.600 = 10.698, F(.99; 9, 48) = 2.802.$$

If $F^* \leq 2.802$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

f.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc}
i & SSB(A_i) \\
\hline
1 & 599.20 \\
2 & 1,538.55 \\
3 & 134.55
\end{array}$$

 H_0 : all $\beta_{j(1)}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $\beta_{j(1)}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = (599.20/3) \div 23.600 = 8.46, F(.99; 3, 48) = 4.22.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.22$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

 H_0 : all $\beta_{j(2)}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $\beta_{j(2)}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = (1,538.55/3) \div 23.600 = 21.73, F(.99;3,48) = 4.22.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.22$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

 H_0 : all $\beta_{i(3)}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $\beta_{i(3)}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = (134.55/3) \div 23.600 = 1.90, F(.99; 3, 48) = 4.22.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.22$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

g. $\alpha \leq .05$

26.6. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{1..} = 61.20, \, \bar{Y}_{2..} = 70.95, \, \bar{Y}_{3..} = 73.55, \, \hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{2..} = -9.75,$$

$$\hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = -12.35, \, \hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{2..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = -2.60, \, s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 1.536 \,\, (i=1,2,3),$$

$$q(.95;3,48) = 3.42, \, T = 2.418$$

$$-9.75 \pm 2.418(1.536)$$
 $-13.46 \le L_1 \le -6.04$
 $-12.35 \pm 2.418(1.536)$ $-16.06 \le L_2 \le -8.64$
 $-2.60 \pm 2.418(1.536)$ $-6.31 \le L_3 \le 1.11$

b.
$$\bar{Y}_{11.} = 61.8, \ \bar{Y}_{12.} = 67.8, \ \bar{Y}_{13.} = 62.6, \ \bar{Y}_{14.} = 52.6, \ \hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{11.} - \bar{Y}_{12.} = -6.0, \ \hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{11.} - \bar{Y}_{13.} = -.8, \ \hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{11.} - \bar{Y}_{14.} = 9.2, \ \hat{L}_4 = \bar{Y}_{12.} - \bar{Y}_{13.} = 5.2, \ \hat{L}_5 = \bar{Y}_{12.} - \bar{Y}_{14.} = 15.2, \ \hat{L}_6 = \bar{Y}_{13.} - \bar{Y}_{14.} = 10.0, \ s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 3.0725 \ (i = 1, ..., 6), \ B = t(.99583; 48) = 2.753$$

```
\begin{array}{lll} -6.0 \pm 3.0725(2.753) & -14.46 \leq L_1 \leq 2.46 \\ -.8 \pm 3.0725(2.753) & -9.26 \leq L_2 \leq 7.66 \\ 9.2 \pm 3.0725(2.753) & .74 \leq L_3 \leq 17.66 \\ 5.2 \pm 3.0725(2.753) & -3.26 \leq L_4 \leq 13.66 \\ 15.2 \pm 3.0725(2.753) & 6.74 \leq L_5 \leq 23.66 \\ 10.0 \pm 3.0725(2.753) & 1.54 \leq L_6 \leq 18.46 \end{array}
```

- c. $\hat{L} = 11.467$, $s\{\hat{L}\} = 2.5087$, t(.995; 48) = 2.682, $11.467 \pm 2.682(2.5087)$, $4.74 \le L \le 18.20$
- 26.7. a. $\beta_{j(i)}$ are independent $N(0, \sigma_{\beta}^2)$; $\beta_{j(i)}$ are independent of $\epsilon_{k(ij)}$.
 - b. $\hat{\sigma}_{\beta}^2 = 45.7756$
 - c. H_0 : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 > 0$. $F^* = 252.478/23.600 = 10.698$, F(.90; 9, 48) = 1.765. If $F^* \le 1.765$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
 - d. $c_1 = .2, c_2 = -.2, MS_1 = 252.478, MS_2 = 23.600, df_1 = 9, df_2 = 48,$ $F_1 = F(.95; 9, \infty) = 1.88, F_2 = F(.95; 48, \infty) = 1.36, F_3 = F(.95; \infty, 9) = 2.71,$ $F_4 = F(.95; \infty, 48) = 1.45, F_5 = F(.95; 9, 48) = 2.08, F_6 = F(.95; 48, 9) = 2.81,$ $G_1 = .4681, G_2 = .2647, G_3 = .00765, G_4 = -.07162, H_L = 23.771, H_U = 86.258,$ $45.7756 23.771, 45.7756 + 86.258, 22.005 \le \sigma_{\beta}^2 \le 132.034$
 - e. H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all α_i equal zero. $F^* = 847.817/252.478 = 3.358$, F(.90; 2, 9) = 3.01. If $F^* \leq 3.01$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .081
 - f. See Problem 26.6a. $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 5.025 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ q(.90; 3, 9) = 3.32, \ T = 2.348$ $-9.75 \pm 2.348(5.025)$ $-21.55 \le L_1 \le 2.05$ $-12.35 \pm 2.348(5.025)$ $-21.15 \le L_2 \le -.55$ $-2.60 \pm 2.348(5.025)$ $-14.40 \le L_3 \le 9.20$
 - g. H_0 : all $\sigma^2\{\beta_{j(i)}\}$ are equal $(i=1,2,3),\ H_a$: not all $\sigma^2\{\beta_{j(i)}\}$ are equal. $\widetilde{Y}_1=62.2,\ \widetilde{Y}_2=75.5,\ \widetilde{Y}_3=73.9,\ MSTR=11.6433,\ MSE=38.0156,\ F_{BF}^*=11.6433/38.0156=.31,\ F(.99;2,9)=8.02.$ If $F_{BF}^*\leq 8.02$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- 26.8. a. α_i are independent $N(0, \sigma_{\alpha}^2)$; $\beta_{j(i)}$ are independent $N(0, \sigma_{\beta}^2)$; $\alpha_i, \beta_{j(i)}$, and $\epsilon_{k(ij)}$ are independent.
 - b. $\hat{\sigma}_{\beta}^2 = 45.7756, \, \hat{\sigma}_{\alpha}^2 = 29.7669$
 - c. H_0 : $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 > 0$. $F^* = 847.817/252.478 = 3.358$, F(.95; 2, 9) = 4.26. If $F^* \le 4.26$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .081
 - d. $c_1 = .2, c_2 = -.2, MS_1 = 252.478, MS_2 = 23.600, df_1 = 9, df_2 = 48,$ $F_1 = F(.975; 9, \infty) = 2.11, F_2 = F(.975; 48, \infty) = 1.44, F_3 = (.975; \infty, 9) = 3.33,$ $F_4 = F(.975; \infty, 48) = 1.56, F_5 = F(.975; 9, 48) = 2.39, F_6 = F(.975; 48, 9) = 3.48,$

 $G_1 = .5261, \ G_2 = .3056, \ G_3 = .01577, \ G_4 = -.1176, \ H_L = 26.766, \ H_U = 117.544, \\ 45.7756 - 26.766, \ 45.7756 + 117.544, \ 19.01 \le \sigma_\beta^2 \le 163.32$

e. $\bar{Y}_{...} = 68.56667$, $s\{\bar{Y}_{...}\} = 3.759$, t(.975;2) = 4.303, $68.56667 \pm 4.303(3.759)$, $52.392 \le \mu_{..} \le 84.742$

26.9. a. e_{ijk} :

		i = 1				i = 2	
k	j=1	j=2	j=3	k	j = 1	j=2	j=3
1	1.8	-12.8	-9.6	 1	-7.2	-2.6	8.8
2	15.8	8	7.4	2	3.8	-15.6	-8.2
3	-5.2	3.2	16.4	3	-15.2	6.4	-10.2
4	2	-3.8	-14.6	4	7.8	11.4	11.8
5	-12.2	14.2	.4	5	10.8	.4	-2.2

		i = 3	
k	j=1	j=2	j=3
1	-5.8	-9.8	-12.0
2	11.2	12.2	0.0
3	8	8	17.0
4	-12.8	3.2	2.0
5	8.2	-4.8	-7.0
r =	.987		

26.10. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
States (A)	6,976.84	2	3,488.422
Cities within states $[B(A)]$	167.60	6	27.933
Error (E)	3,893.20	36	108.144
Total	11.037.64	44	

- b. H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all α_i equal zero. $F^* = 3,488.422/108.144 = 32.257$, F(.95; 2, 36) = 3.26. If $F^* \leq 3.26$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- c. H_0 : all $\beta_{j(i)}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $\beta_{j(i)}$ equal zero. $F^* = 27.933/108.144 = .258$, F(.95; 6, 36) = 2.36. If $F^* \leq 2.36$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .95
- d. $\alpha < .10$
- 26.11. a. $\bar{Y}_{11.} = 40.2$, $s\{\bar{Y}_{11.}\} = 4.6507$, t(.975; 36) = 2.0281, $40.2 \pm 2.0281(4.6507)$, $30.77 \le \mu_{11} \le 49.63$
 - b. $\bar{Y}_{1..}=40.8667, \ \bar{Y}_{2..}=57.3333, \ \bar{Y}_{3..}=26.8667, \ s\{\bar{Y}_{i..}\}=2.6851 \ (i=1,2,3), \ t(.995;36)=2.7195$

$$40.8667 \pm 2.7195(2.6851)$$
 $33.565 \le \mu_1 \le 48.169$
 $57.3333 \pm 2.7195(2.6851)$ $50.031 \le \mu_2 \le 64.635$
 $26.8667 \pm 2.7195(2.6851)$ $19.565 \le \mu_3 \le 34.169$

- c. $\hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1..} \bar{Y}_{2..} = -16.4666$, $\hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1..} \bar{Y}_{3..} = 14.0000$, $\hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{2..} \bar{Y}_{3..} = 30.4666$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 3.7973$ (i = 1, 2, 3), q(.90; 3, 36) = 2.998, T = 2.120
 - $-16.4666 \pm 2.120(3.7973)$ $-24.52 \le L_1 \le -8.42$ $14.0000 \pm 2.120(3.7973)$ $5.95 \le L_2 \le 22.05$ $30.4666 \pm 2.120(3.7973)$ $22.42 \le L_3 \le 38.52$
- d. $\hat{L} = 12.4, s\{\hat{L}\} = 6.5771, t(.975; 36) = 2.0281, 12.4 \pm 2.0281(6.5771), -.94 \le L \le 25.74$
- 26.12. a. $\beta_{j(i)}$ are independent $N(0, \sigma_{\beta}^2)$; $\beta_{j(i)}$ are independent of $\epsilon_{k(j)}$.
 - b. $\hat{\sigma}_{\beta}^2 = 0$, yes.
 - c. H_0 : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 > 0$. $F^* = 27.933/108.144 = .258$, F(.90; 6, 36) = 1.94. If $F^* \le 1.94$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .95
 - d. H_0 : all α_i equal zero (i=1,2,3), H_a : not all α_i equal zero. $F^*=3,488.422/27.933=124.885$, F(.90;2,6)=3.46. If $F^*\leq 3.46$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value =0+
 - e. See Problem 26.11c. $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 1.9299 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ q(.90; 3, 6) = 3.56, \ T = 2.5173$
 - $-16.4666 \pm 2.5173(1.9299)$ $-21.32 \le L_1 \le -11.61$ $14.0000 \pm 2.5173(1.9299)$ $9.14 \le L_2 \le 18.86$ $30.4666 \pm 2.5173(1.9299)$ $25.61 \le L_3 \le 35.32$
 - f. H_0 : all $\sigma^2\{\beta_{j(i)}\}$ are equal $(i=1,2,3), H_a$: not all $\sigma^2\{\beta_{j(i)}\}$ are equal. $H^*=37.27/16.07=2.32, H(.95;3,2)=87.5.$ If $H^*\leq 87.5$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- 26.13. a. α_i are independent $N(0, \sigma_{\alpha}^2)$; $\beta_{j(i)}$ are independent $N(0, \sigma_{\beta}^2)$; $\alpha_i, \beta_{j(i)}$, and $\epsilon_{k(ij)}$ are independent.
 - b. $\hat{\sigma}_{\beta}^2 = 0$, $\hat{\sigma}_{\alpha}^2 = 230.699$
 - c. H_0 : $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 > 0$. $F^* = 3,488.422/27.933 = 124.885$, F(.99;2,6) = 10.9. If $F^* \le 10.9$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
 - d. $c_1=1/15,\ c_2=-1/15,\ MS_1=3488.422,\ MS_2=27.933,\ df_1=2,\ df_2=6,\ F_1=F(.995;2,\infty)=5.30,\ F_2=F(.995;6,\infty)=3.09,\ F_3=F(.995;\infty,2)=200,\ F_4=F(.995;\infty,6)=8.88,\ F_5=F(.995;2,6)=14.5,\ F_6=F(.995;6,2)=199,\ G_1=.8113,\ G_2=.6764,\ G_3=-1.2574,\ G_4=-93.0375,\ H_L=187.803,\ H_U=46,279.30,\ 230.699-187.803,\ 230.699+46,279.30,\ 42.90\leq\sigma_{\alpha}^2\leq46,510.00$
 - e. $\bar{Y}_{...}=41.6889,\ s\{\bar{Y}_{...}\}=8.8046,\ t(.995;2)=9.925,\ 41.6889\pm9.925(8.8046),\ -45.70\leq\mu_{..}\leq129.07$
- 26.14. a. $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \alpha_1 X_{ijk1} + \alpha_2 X_{ijk2} + \beta_{1(1)} X_{ijk3} + \beta_{2(1)} X_{ijk4} + \beta_{1(2)} X_{ijk5} + \beta_{1(3)} X_{ijk6} + \epsilon_{ijk}$ $X_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from region 1} \\ -1 & \text{if case from region 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

$$X_{ijk2} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case from region 2} \\ -1 & \text{if case from region 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk3} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case for team 1 from region 1} \\ -1 & \text{if case for team 3 from region 1} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk4} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case for team 2 from region 1} \\ -1 & \text{if case for team 3 from region 1} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk5} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case for team 1 from region 2} \\ -1 & \text{if case for team 2 from region 2} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{ijk6} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if case for team 1 from region 3} \\ -1 & \text{if case for team 2 from region 3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

b. Full model:
$$\hat{Y} = 150.01667 - 9.21667X_1 + 5.28333X_2 + 6.60000X_3 + .50000X_4 + 3.70000X_5 - 1.85000X_6$$

 e_{ijk} :

26.15. a. SSE(F) = 207.2600

Reduced model: $\hat{Y} = 147.60248 + 4.89938X_3 + 1.35031X_4 + 6.26584X_5 - 1.85000X_6$ SSE(R) = 838.7766

 H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$, H_a : not both α_1 and α_2 equal zero. $F^* = (631.5166/2) \div (207.2600/7) = 10.664$, F(.975; 2, 7) = 6.54. If $F^* \le 6.54$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0075

b. Reduced model: $\hat{Y} = 150.74206 - 8.99921X_1 + 5.79127X_2$

$$SSE(R) = 483.2338$$

 H_0 : $\beta_{1(1)} = \beta_{2(1)} = \beta_{1(2)} = \beta_{1(3)} = 0$, H_a : not all $\beta_{j(i)}$ equal zero. $F^* = (275.9738/4) \div (207.26/7) = 2.33$, F(.975; 4, 7) = 5.52. If $F^* \le 5.52$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

c.
$$\hat{L} = \hat{\alpha}_1 - \hat{\alpha}_2 = -14.5$$
, $s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_1\} = 4.0057$, $s^2\{\hat{\alpha}_2\} = 6.2446$, $s\{\hat{\alpha}_1, \hat{\alpha}_2\} = -2.6197$, $s\{\hat{L}\} = 3.9357$, $t(.99; 7) = 2.998$, $-14.5 \pm 2.998(3.9357)$, $-26.30 \le L \le -2.70$

26.17. a. e_{ijk} :

b. H_0 : all $\sigma^2\{\epsilon_{j(i)}\}$ are equal $(i=1,2,3),\ H_a$: not all $\sigma^2\{\epsilon_{j(i)}\}$ are equal. $\widetilde{Y}_1=30,\ \widetilde{Y}_2=28,\ \widetilde{Y}_3=27,\ MSTR=2.2167,\ MSE=6.8750,\ F_{BF}^*=2.2167/6.8750=.32,\ F(.99;2,12)=6.93.$ If $F_{BF}^*\leq 6.93$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

26.18. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments (colors)	3.2667	2	1.63335
Experimental error	369.4000	12	30.78333
Observational error	67.5000	15	4.50000
Total	440.1667	29	

- b. H_0 : $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = \tau_3 = 0$, H_a : not all τ_i equal zero. $F^* = 1.63335/30.78333 = .053$, F(.95; 2, 12) = 3.89. If $F^* \leq 3.89$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .95
- c. H_0 : $\sigma^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma^2 > 0$. $F^* = 30.78333/4.50000 = 6.841$, F(.95; 12, 15) = 2.48. If $F^* \le 2.48$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0004
- d. $\bar{Y}_{1..} = 29.2$, $s\{\bar{Y}_{1..}\} = 1.7545$, t(.975; 12) = 2.179, $29.2 \pm 2.179(1.7545)$, $25.38 \le \mu_1 \le 33.02$
- e. $\hat{\sigma}^2 = 13.1417$, $\hat{\sigma}_{\eta}^2 = 4.5$
- f. $\underline{\text{For } \sigma^2}$: $c_1 = .5$, $c_2 = -.5$, $MS_1 = 30.7833$, $MS_2 = 4.5000$, $df_1 = 12$, $df_2 = 15$, $F_1 = F(.975; 12, \infty) = 1.94$, $F_2 = F(.975; 15, \infty) = 1.83$, $F_3 = F(.975; \infty, 12) = 2.72$, $F_4 = F(.975; \infty, 15) = 2.40$, $F_5 = F(.975; 12, 15) = 2.96$, $F_6 = F(.975; 15, 12) = 3.18$, $G_1 = .4845$, $G_2 = .4536$, $G_3 = -.05916$, $G_4 = -.0906$, $H_L = 7.968$, $H_U = 26.434$, 13.1417 7.968, 13.1417 + 26.434, $5.174 \le \sigma^2 \le 39.576$ $\underline{\text{For } \sigma^2_{\eta}}$: df = 15, $\chi^2(.025; 15) = 6.26$, $\chi^2(.975; 15) = 27.49$, $2.455 = \frac{15(4.5)}{27.49} \le \sigma^2_{\eta} \le \frac{15(4.5)}{6.26} = 10.783$

26.19. e_{ijk} :

		i = 1				i = 2	
k	j=1	j=2	j=3	k	j = 1	j=2	j=3
1	4000	.0333	3667	1	.0667	.4333	2000
2	.0000	.3333	.0333	2	2333	.0667	.3000
3	.4000	3667	.3333	3	.1667	3667	1000

26.20. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Plants	343.1789	3	114.3930
Leaves, within plants	187.4533	8	23.4317
Observations, within leaves	3.0333	24	.1264
Total	533.6655	35	

- b. H_0 : $\sigma_{\tau}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\tau}^2 > 0$. $F^* = 114.3930/23.4317 = 4.88$, F(.95; 3, 8) = 4.07. If $F^* \le 4.07$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .03
- c. H_0 : $\sigma^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma^2 > 0$. $F^* = 23.4317/.1264 = 185.38$, F(.95; 8, 24) = 2.36. If $F^* \le 2.36$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- d. $\bar{Y}_{...} = 14.26111, s\{\bar{Y}_{...}\} = 1.7826, t(.975; 3) = 3.182,$ $14.26111 \pm 3.182(1.7826), 8.59 \le \mu_{..} \le 19.93$
- e. $\hat{\sigma}_{\tau}^2 = 10.1068, \, \hat{\sigma}^2 = 7.7684, \, \hat{\sigma}_{\eta}^2 = .1264$
- f. $c_1=1/9=.1111,\ c_2=-1/9=-.1111,\ MS_1=114.3930,\ MS_2=23.4317,\ df_1=3,\ df_2=8,\ F_1=F(.95;3,\infty)=2.60,\ F_2=F(.95;8,\infty)=1.94,\ F_3=F(.95;\infty,3)=8.53,\ F_4=F(.95;\infty,8)=2.93,\ F_5=F(.95;3,8)=4.07,\ F_6=F(.95;8,3)=8.85,\ G_1=.6154,\ G_2=.4845,\ G_3=-.1409,\ G_4=-1.5134,\ H_L=9.042,\ H_U=95.444,\ 10.1068-9.042,\ 10.1068+95.444,\ 1.065\leq\sigma_{\tau}^2\leq105.551$

26.21. a. e_{ijk} :

i = 1	i = 2
k j=1 j=2 j=3 j=4	k j = 1 j = 2 j = 3 j = 4
1 .1667 .0667 .0333 0333	1 .0333 .0333 0667 2000
2033313331667 .1667	2 .1333 1667 0667 .2000
31333 .0667 .1333 1333	31667 .1333 .1333 .0000
i = 3	i = 4
k j = 1 j = 2 j = 3 j = 4	k j=1 j=2 j=3 j=4
1 .0000 .16671333 .0667	1 1333 0333 .1667 0333
2 .1000 .0667 0333 2333	2 .1667 .1667 1333 .1667
310002333 .1667 .1667	3 0333 1333 0333 1333
i = 5	
k j=1 j=2 j=3 j=4	
1 .0333 .1000 .1333 .2000	
2 .1333 .1000 0667 2000	
3166720000667 .0000	

$$r = .981$$

b. H_0 : all $\sigma^2\{\epsilon_{j(i)}\}$ are equal $(i=1,...,5), H_a$: not all $\sigma^2\{\epsilon_{j(i)}\}$ are equal. $H^* = .100833/.014167 = 7.117, H(.99;5,3) = 151.$ If $H^* \leq 151$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

26.22. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Batches	10.6843	4	2.67108
Barrels, within batches	.6508	15	.04339
Determinations, within barrels	1.0067	40	.02517
Total	12.3418	59	

- b. H_0 : $\sigma_{\tau}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\tau}^2 > 0$. $F^* = 2.67108/.04339 = 61.56$, F(.99; 4, 15) = 4.89. If $F^* \le 4.89$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- c. H_0 : $\sigma^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma^2 > 0$. $F^* = .04339/.02517 = 1.724$, F(.99; 15, 40) = 2.52. If $F^* \le 2.52$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .085
- d. $\bar{Y}_{...} = 2.9117$, $s\{\bar{Y}_{...}\} = .21099$, t(.995;4) = 4.604, $2.9117 \pm 4.604(.21099)$, $1.94 \le \mu_{..} \le 3.88$
- e. $\hat{\sigma}_{\tau}^2 = .2190, \, \hat{\sigma}^2 = .0061, \, \hat{\sigma}_{\eta}^2 = .0252$
- f. $c_1 = .08333, c_2 = -.08333, MS_1 = 2.67108, MS_2 = .04339, df_1 = 4, df_2 = 15, F_1 = F(.975; 4, \infty) = 2.79, F_2 = F(.975; 15, \infty) = 1.83, F_3 = F(.975; \infty, 4) = 8.26, F_4 = F(.975; \infty, 15) = 2.40, F_5 = F(.975; 4, 15) = 3.80, F_6 = F(.975; 15, 4) = 8.66, G_1 = .6416, G_2 = .4536, G_3 = .1082, G_4 = -1.0925, H_L = .1432, H_U = 1.6157, .2190 .1432, .2190 + 1.6157, .076 <math>\leq \sigma_{\tau}^2 \leq 1.835$

$$26.23. \qquad \sum \sum (Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2 = \sum \sum \sum [(\bar{Y}_{i..} - \bar{Y}_{...}) + (\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{i...}) + (Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{ij.})]^2$$

$$= \sum \sum \sum [(\bar{Y}_{i..} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2 + (\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{i...})^2 + (Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{ij.})^2 + 2(\bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{...})(\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{i...})$$

$$+2(\bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{...})(Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{ij.}) + 2(\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{i...})(Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{ij.})]$$

$$= bn \sum (\bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2 + n \sum \sum (\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{i...})^2 + \sum \sum \sum (Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{ij.})^2$$

All cross products equal zero by arguments similar to that given in Section 16.8.

26.24.
$$SSB + SSAB = \frac{\sum Y_{.j.}^{2}}{na} - \frac{Y_{...}^{2}}{nab} + \frac{\sum \sum Y_{ij.}^{2}}{n} - \frac{\sum Y_{i...}^{2}}{nb} - \frac{\sum Y_{.j.}^{2}}{na} + \frac{Y_{...}^{2}}{nab}$$
$$= \frac{\sum \sum Y_{ij.}^{2}}{n} - \frac{\sum Y_{i...}^{2}}{nb} = SSB(A)$$

26.25. a.
$$\sigma^2\{\bar{Y}_{i..}\} = \sigma^2\{\mu_{..} + \alpha_i + \bar{\beta}_{.(i)} + \bar{\epsilon}_{.(i.)}\} = \frac{\sigma_{\beta}^2}{b} + \frac{\sigma^2}{bn}$$

$$\sigma^2\{\bar{Y}_{...}\} = \sigma^2\{\mu_{..} + \bar{\beta}_{.(.)} + \bar{\epsilon}_{.(..)}\} = \frac{\sigma_{\beta}^2}{ab} + \frac{\sigma^2}{abn}$$

b.
$$[MSB(A) - MSE]/n$$

$$26.26. \qquad \sigma^2 \{\bar{Y}_{i..}\} = \sigma^2 \{\mu_{..} + \tau_i + \bar{\epsilon}_{.(i)} + \bar{\eta}_{.(i.)}\}$$

$$=\frac{\sigma^2}{n}+\frac{\sigma_{\eta}^2}{mn}=\frac{m\sigma^2+\sigma_{\eta}^2}{mn}$$

26.27.
$$\sigma^{2}\{\bar{Y}_{...}\} = \sigma^{2}\{\mu_{..} + \bar{\tau}_{.} + \bar{\epsilon}_{.(.)} + \bar{\eta}_{.(..)}\}$$
$$= \frac{\sigma_{\tau}^{2}}{r} + \frac{\sigma^{2}}{rn} + \frac{\sigma_{\eta}^{2}}{rnm}$$

$$E\left\{s^{2}\{\bar{Y}_{...}\}\right\} = E\left\{\frac{MSTR}{rnm}\right\} = \frac{\sigma_{\eta}^{2} + m\sigma^{2} + nm\sigma_{\tau}^{2}}{rnm} = \sigma^{2}\{\bar{Y}_{...}\}$$

26.28.
$$\sigma^2 \{ \bar{Y}_{1j..} - \bar{Y}_{2j..} \} = \frac{2}{c} \left(\sigma_{\beta\gamma}^2 + \frac{\sigma^2}{n} + \sigma_{\gamma}^2 \right)$$

$$df = \frac{[bMSBC(A) + MSC(A) - MSE]^2}{\frac{[bMSBC(A)]^2}{a(b-1)(c-1)} + \frac{[MSC(A)]^2}{a(c-1)} + \frac{(MSE)^2}{abc(n-1)}}$$

26.29. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{\cdot \cdot} + \alpha_i + \beta_{j(i)} + \epsilon_{k(ij)}, \ \beta_{j(i)}$$
 and $\epsilon_{k(ij)}$ random

b. e_{ijk} :

26.30. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
A (lever press rate)	.89306	2	.44653
D(A) (rats within A)	.12019	9	.01335
Error	.03555	12	.00296
Total	1.04880	23	

b. H_0 : $\alpha_1=\alpha_2=\alpha_3=0,\,H_a$: not all α_i equal zero.

$$F^* = .44653/.01335 = 33.448, F(.95; 2, 9) = 4.26.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.26$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0001

c.
$$H_0$$
: $\sigma_{\beta}^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma_{\beta}^2 > 0$. $F^* = .01335/.00296 = 4.510$, $F(.95; 9, 12) = 2.80$.

If $F^* \leq 2.80$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .009

d.
$$\bar{Y}_{1..} = .53500$$
, $\bar{Y}_{2..} = .77375$, $\bar{Y}_{3..} = 1.00750$, $\hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{2..} = -.23875$, $\hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = -.47250$, $\hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{2..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = -.23375$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .0578$ $(i = 1, 2, 3)$, $q(.90; 3, 9) = 3.32$, $T = 2.3476$

$$-.23875 \pm 2.3476(.0578)$$
 $-.374 \le L_1 \le -.103$

$$-.47250 \pm 2.3476(.0578)$$
 $-.608 \le L_2 \le -.337$

$$-.23375 \pm 2.3476(.0578)$$
 $-.369 \le L_3 \le -.098$

- e. $\hat{\sigma}_{\beta}^2 = .005195, c_1 = .5, c_2 = -.5, MS_1 = .013354, MS_2 = .002963, df_1 = 9, df_2 = 12, F_1 = F(.95; 9, \infty) = 1.88, F_2 = F(.95; 12, \infty) = 1.75, F_3 = F(.95; \infty, 9) = 2.71, F_4 = F(.95; \infty, 12) = 2.30, F_5 = F(.95; 9, 12) = 2.80, F_6 = F(.95; 12, 9) = 3.07, G_1 = .4681, G_2 = .4286, G_3 = -.05996, G_4 = -.1210, H_L = .003589, H_U = .01138, .005195 .003589, .005195 + .01138, .00161 \leq \sigma_{\beta}^2 \leq .0166$
- 26.31. a. $Y_{ijk} = \mu_{..} + \tau_i + \epsilon_{j(i)} + \eta_{k(ij)}, \epsilon_{j(i)}$ and $\eta_{k(ij)}$ random
 - b. e_{ijk} :

- r = .940
- c. H_0 : all $\sigma^2\{\epsilon_{j(i)}\}$ are equal $(i=1,2,3), H_a$: not all $\sigma^2\{\epsilon_{j(i)}\}$ are equal. $\tilde{Y}_1=1.9075, \tilde{Y}_2=2.2200, \tilde{Y}_3=2.4075, MSTR=.001431, MSE=.004204, F_{BF}^*=.001431/.004204=.34, F(.99;2,9)=8.02.$
- If $F_{BF}^* \leq 8.02$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

26.32. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Treatments (lever press rates)	1.013125	2	.50656
Experimental error	.182025	9	.02023
Observational error	.025900	12	.00216
Total	1.221050	23	

b. H_0 : all $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = \tau_3 = 0$, H_a : not all τ_i equal zero.

$$F^* = .50656/.02023 = 25.040, F(.99; 2, 9) = 8.02.$$

If $F^* \leq 8.02$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0002

c. H_0 : $\sigma^2 = 0$, H_a : $\sigma^2 > 0$. $F^* = .02023/.00216 = 9.366$, F(.99; 9, 12) = 4.39.

If $F^* \leq 4.39$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .0003

d. $\bar{Y}_{1..} = 1.88750$, $\bar{Y}_{2..} = 2.21875$, $\bar{Y}_{3..} = 2.38125$, $\hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{2..} = -.33125$, $\hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{1..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = -.49375$, $\hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{2..} - \bar{Y}_{3..} = -.16250$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .071116$ (i = 1, 2, 3), q(.95; 3, 9) = 3.95, T = 2.793

$$-.33125 \pm 2.793(.071116)$$
 $-.530 \le L_1 \le -.133$

$$-.49375 \pm 2.793(.071116)$$
 $-.692 \le L_2 \le -.295$

$$-.16250 \pm 2.793(.071116)$$
 $-.361 \le L_3 \le .036$

f. For σ^2 : $\hat{\sigma}^2 = .00904$, $c_1 = .5$, $c_2 = -.5$, $MS_1 = .020225$, $MS_2 = .0021583$, $df_1 = 9$, $df_2 = 12$, $F_1 = F(.95; 9, \infty) = 1.88$, $F_2 = F(.95; 12, \infty) = 1.75$, $F_3 = .0021583$

 $F(.95; \infty, 9) = 2.71, F_4 = F(.95; \infty, 12) = 2.30, F_5 = F(.95; 9, 12) = 2.80, F_6 = F(.95; 12, 9) = 3.07, G_1 = .4681, G_2 = .4286, G_3 = -.05996, G_4 = -.1210, H_L = .00487, H_U = .0173, .00904 - .00487, .00904 + .0173, .0042 \leq \sigma^2 \leq .0263 \]
<math display="block">For \ \sigma_{\eta}^2: \hat{\sigma}_{\eta}^2 = .00216, df = 12, \chi^2(.05; 12) = 5.23, \chi^2(.95; 12) = 21.03,$ $.0012 = \frac{12(.00216)}{21.03} \leq \sigma_{\eta}^2 \leq \frac{12(.00216)}{5.23} = .0050$

Chapter 27

REPEATED MEASURES AND RELATED DESIGNS

27.3. a. e_{ij} :

i	j = 1	j = 2	j = 3	j = 4	j = 5	j = 6	
1	2.5556	-1.9444	-3.7778	2.4722	-2.7778	3.4722	
2	1111	.3889	4444	2.8056	-3.4444	.8056	
3	-2.9444	5.5556	3.7222	-3.0278	-2.2778	-1.0278	
4	-2.7778	.7222	-2.1111	1.1389	1.8889	1.1389	
5	-2.4444	-3.9444	1.2222	1.4722	1.2222	2.4722	
6	1111	3.3889	4444	-3.9944	.5556	1944	
7	9444	-2.4444	-1.2778	-2.0278	2.7222	3.9722	
8	2.3889	-2.1111	4.0556	-1.6944	.0556	-2.6944	
9	6111	-5.1111	.0556	-1.6944	3.0556	4.3056	
10	1.5556	1.0556	-3.7778	3.4722	7778	-1.5278	
11	1.3889	.8889	.0556	1.3056	1.0556	-4.6944	
12	2.0556	3.5556	2.7222	-1.0278	-1.2778	-6.0278	
r = .995							

d. H_0 : D = 0, H_a : $D \neq 0$. SSTR.S = 467.3889, $SSTR.S^* = 8.7643$, $SSRem^* = 458.6246$, $F^* = (8.7643/1) \div (458.6246/54) = 1.032$, F(.995; 1, 54) = 8.567. If $F^* \leq 8.567$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .31

27.4. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Subjects	1,197.4444	11	108.8586
Doses	5,826.2778	5	1,165.2556
Error	467.3889	55	8.4980
Total	7, 491.1111	71	

- b. H_0 : all τ_j equal zero (j=1,...,6), H_a : not all τ_j equal zero. $F^*=1,165.2556/8.4980=137.12$, F(.99;5,55)=3.37. If $F^*\leq 3.37$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- c. $\bar{Y}_{.1}=14.6667, \ \bar{Y}_{.2}=19.1667, \ \bar{Y}_{.3}=23.0000, \ \bar{Y}_{.4}=28.7500, \ \bar{Y}_{.5}=35.0000, \ \bar{Y}_{.6}=40.7500, \ \hat{L}_1=\bar{Y}_{.1}-\bar{Y}_{.2}=-4.5000, \ \hat{L}_2=\bar{Y}_{.2}-\bar{Y}_{.3}=-3.8333, \ \hat{L}_3=\bar{Y}_{.3}-\bar{Y}_{.4}=10.000, \ \hat{Y}_{.5}=10.0000, \ \hat{Y}_{.5}=10.0000$

$$\begin{array}{lll} -5.7500, \ \hat{L}_4 = \bar{Y}_{.4} - \bar{Y}_{.5} = -6.2500, \ \hat{L}_5 = \bar{Y}_{.5} - \bar{Y}_{.6} = -5.7500, \ s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 1.1901\\ (i = 1, ..., 5), \ B = t(.995; 55) = 2.668\\ -4.5000 \pm 2.668(1.1901) & -7.6752 \leq L_1 \leq -1.3248\\ -3.8333 \pm 2.668(1.1901) & -7.0085 \leq L_2 \leq -.6581\\ -5.7500 \pm 2.668(1.1901) & -8.9252 \leq L_3 \leq -2.5748\\ -6.2500 \pm 2.668(1.1901) & -9.4252 \leq L_4 \leq -3.0748\\ -5.7500 \pm 2.668(1.1901) & -8.9252 \leq L_5 \leq -2.5748 \end{array}$$

d. $\hat{E} = 2.83$

27.5. a.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 X_{ij1} + \rho_2 X_{ij2} + \rho_3 X_{ij3} + \rho_4 X_{ij4} + \rho_5 X_{ij5} + \rho_6 X_{ij6} + \rho_7 X_{ij7} + \rho_8 X_{ij8} + \rho_9 X_{ij9} + \rho_{10} X_{ij10} + \rho_{11} X_{ij11} + \gamma_1 x_{ij} + \gamma_2 x_{ij}^2 + \gamma_3 x_{ij}^3 + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$X_{ij1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit from block 12} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 $X_{ij2}, ..., X_{ij11}$ are defined similarly

$$x_{ij} = \begin{cases} -.97 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 1} \\ -.77 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 2} \\ -.57 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ -.07 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 4} \\ .43 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 5} \\ 1.93 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 6} \end{cases}$$

b.
$$\hat{Y} = 30.3903 + 3.7778X_1 + 4.4444X_2 + .2778X_3 - 2.8889X_4 - 5.2222X_5$$

 $+3.4444X_6 - 4.7222X_7 + 2.9444X_8 + 3.9444X_9 - 8.2222X_{10}$
 $+1.9444X_{11} + 11.5329x - 4.0297x^2 + .4353x^3$

c. e_{ij} :

d.
$$H_0$$
: $\gamma_3 = 0$, H_a : $\gamma_3 \neq 0$. $SSE(F) = 483.0053$, $SSE(R) = 484.8980$, $F^* = (1.8927/1) \div (483.0053/57) = .223$, $F(.95; 1, 57) = 4.01$. If $F^* \leq 4.01$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P -value = .64

27.6. a. e_{ij} :

r = .992

d. H_0 : D = 0, H_a : $D \neq 0$. SSTR.S = 9.5725, $SSTR.S^* = 2.9410$, $SSRem^* = 0.9410$ $6.6315, F^* = (2.9410/1) \div (6.6315/13) = 5.765, F(.99; 1, 13) = 9.07.$ If $F^* \le 9.07$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .032

27.7. a.

- H_0 : all τ_i equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all τ_i equal zero. $F^* = 33.7404/.68375 =$ 49.346, F(.95; 2, 14) = 3.739. If $F^* \leq 3.739$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+
- $\bar{Y}_{.1} = 55.4375, \ \bar{Y}_{.2} = 53.6000, \ \bar{Y}_{.3} = 51.3375, \ \hat{L}_{1} = \bar{Y}_{.1} \bar{Y}_{.2} = 1.8375, \ \hat{L}_{2} = 1.8375$ $\bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.3} = 4.1000, \ \hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{.2} - \bar{Y}_{.3} = 2.2625, \ s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .413446 \ (i = 1, 2, 3),$ q(.95; 3, 14) = 3.70, T = 2.616

$$1.8375 \pm 2.616(.413446)$$
 $.756 \le L_1 \le 2.919$

$$4.1000 \pm 2.616(.413446)$$
 $3.018 \le L_2 \le 5.182$

$$2.2625 \pm 2.616(.413446)$$
 $1.181 \le L_3 \le 3.344$

- E = 48.08
- 27.8. H_0 : all τ_i equal zero $(j = 1, ..., 6), H_a$: not all τ_i equal zero. $MSTR = 39.8583, MSTR.S = .2883, F_R^* = 39.8583/.2883 = 138.24,$ F(.99; 5, 25) = 3.855. If $F_R^* \le 3.855$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- 27.9. H_0 : all τ_j equal zero (j=1,2,3), H_a : not all τ_j equal zero. MSTR=8, $MSTR.S = 0, F_R^* = 8/0.$ Note: Nonparametric F test results in SSTR.S = 0and therefore should not be used.
- H_0 : all τ_j equal zero (j = 1, ..., 5), H_a : not all τ_j equal zero. 27.10. a. $MSTR = 15.8500, MSTR.S = 1.0167, F_R^* = 15.8500/1.0167 = 15.59, F(.95;4,36) = 15.8500/1.0167 = 15.8500, F(.95;4,36) = 15.8500/1.0167 = 15.8500/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100/1.0100$ 2.63. If $F_R^* \leq 2.63$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

b.
$$\bar{R}_{.1} = 4.0$$
, $\bar{R}_{.2} = 1.4$, $\bar{R}_{.3} = 2.1$, $\bar{R}_{.4} = 3.1$, $\bar{R}_{.5} = 4.4$, $B = z(.995) = 2.576$, $B[r(r+1)/6n]^{1/2} = 1.82$

Group 1: B, C, D

Group 2: A, D, E

c.
$$W = .634$$

27.11. a. e_{ijk} :

27.12. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
A (incentive stimulus)	975.38	1	975.38
S(A)	148.75	10	14.875
B (problem type)	513.37	1	513.37
AB interactions	155.04	1	155.04
B.S(A)(Error)	34.08	10	3.408
Total	1826.63	23	

b.
$$\bar{Y}_{.11} = 12.667, \, \bar{Y}_{.12} = 16.833, \, \bar{Y}_{.21} = 20.333, \, \bar{Y}_{.22} = 34.667$$

c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = 155.04/3.408 = 45.49, F(.95; 1, 10) = 4.96.$$

If $F^* \leq 4.96$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

d.
$$T = q(.95; 2, 10)/\sqrt{2} = 2.227, \ s^2\{\hat{D}\} = 2(3.408)/6 = 1.136, \ s\{\hat{D}\} = 1.0658$$

 $-4.17 \pm 2.227(1.0658) \qquad -6.54 \le L_1 \le -1.80$
 $-14.33 \pm 2.227(1.0658) \qquad -16.70 \le L_2 \le -11.96$

e.
$$df_{adj} = \frac{[34.08 + 148.75]^2}{34.08^2/10 + 148.75^2/10} = 14.35, T = q(.95; 2, 14)/\sqrt{2} = 2.143$$

MS(Within Treatments) = (34.08 + 148.75)/20 = 9.1415

$$s^2\{\hat{D}\} = 2(9.1415)/6 = 3.0472, \, s\{\hat{D}\} = 1.7456$$

$$-7.67 \pm 2.143(1.7456)$$
 $-11.41 \le L_1 \le -3.93$
 $-17.83 \pm 2.143(1.7456)$ $-21.57 \le L_2 \le -14.09$

27.13. a. e_{ijk} :

r = .981

27.14. a.
$$H_0$$
: $\sigma^2\{\rho_{i(1)}\} = \sigma^2\{\rho_{i(2)}\}$, H_a : $\sigma^2\{\rho_{i(1)}\} \neq \sigma^2\{\rho_{i(2)}\}$.
 $SSS(A_1) = 1,478,757.00$, $SSS(A_2) = 1,525,262.25$,
 $H^* = (1,525,262.25/3) \div (1,478,757.00/3) = 1.03$, $H(.99;2,3) = 47.5$.
If $H^* \leq 47.5$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

b.
$$H_0$$
: $\sigma^2\{\epsilon_{1jk}\} = \sigma^2\{\epsilon_{2jk}\}$, H_a : $\sigma^2\{\epsilon_{1jk}\} \neq \sigma^2\{\epsilon_{2jk}\}$.
 $SSB.S(A_1) = 1,653.00$, $SSB.S(A_2) = 2,172.25$,
 $H^* = (2,172.25/9) \div (1,653.00/9) = 1.31$, $H(.99;2,9) = 6.54$.
If $H^* \leq 6.54$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

27.15. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
A (type display)	266,085.1250	1	266, 085.1250
S(A)	3,004,019.2500	6	500,669.8750
B (time)	53,321.6250	3	17,773.8750
AB interactions	690.6250	3	230.2083
Error	3,825.2500	18	212.5139
Total	3, 327, 941.8750	31	

- b. $\bar{Y}_{.11}=681.500, \, \bar{Y}_{.12}=696.500, \, \bar{Y}_{.13}=671.500, \, \bar{Y}_{.14}=785.500, \\ \bar{Y}_{.21}=508.500, \, \bar{Y}_{.22}=512.250, \, \bar{Y}_{.23}=496.000, \, \bar{Y}_{.24}=588.750$
- c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$ equal zero. $F^* = 230.2083/212.5139 = 1.08, F(.975; 3, 18) = 3.95.$ If $F^* \leq 3.95$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .38
- d. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$, H_a : not both α_j equal zero. $F^* = 266,085.1250/500,669.8750 = .53$, F(.975;1,6) = 8.81. If $F^* \leq 8.81$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .49

 H_0 : all β_k equal zero (k=1,...,4), H_a : not all β_k equal zero. $F^*=17,773.8750/212.5139=83.636$, F(.975;3,18)=3.95. If $F^*\leq 3.95$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value =0+

e. $\bar{Y}_{.1.} = 708.750$, $\bar{Y}_{.2.} = 526.375$, $\bar{Y}_{..1} = 595.000$, $\bar{Y}_{..2} = 604.375$, $\bar{Y}_{..3} = 583.750$, $\bar{Y}_{..4} = 687.125$, $\hat{L}_1 = 182.375$, $\hat{L}_2 = -9.375$, $\hat{L}_3 = 20.625$, $\hat{L}_4 = -103.375$, $s\{\hat{L}_1\} = 250.1674$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 7.2889$ (i = 2, 3, 4), $B_1 = t(.9875; 6) = 2.969$, $B_i = t(.9875; 18) = 2.445$ (i = 2, 3, 4)

$$\begin{array}{ll} 182.375 \pm 2.969(250.1674) & -560.372 \leq L_1 \leq 925.122 \\ -9.375 \pm 2.445(7.2889) & -27.196 \leq L_2 \leq 8.446 \\ 20.625 \pm 2.445(7.2889) & 2.804 \leq L_3 \leq 38.446 \\ -103.375 \pm 2.445(7.2889) & -121.196 \leq L_4 \leq -85.554 \end{array}$$

27.16. a. e_{ijk} :

27.17. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Subjects	1.0533	5	.2107
A (problem)	16.6667	1	16.6667
B (model)	72.1067	1	72.1067
AB	3.6817	1	3.6817
AS	.5983	5	.1197
BS	.1783	5	.0357
ABS	.2333	5	.0467
Total	94.5183	23	

b.
$$\bar{Y}_{.11} = 3.367, \, \bar{Y}_{.12} = 7.617, \, \bar{Y}_{.21} = 2.483, \, \bar{Y}_{.22} = 5.167$$

c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{ik}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{ik}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = 3.6817/.0467 = 78.84, \ F(.99;1,5) = 16.3.$$

If $F^* \leq 16.3$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

d.
$$\hat{L}_1 = 4.250$$
, $\hat{L}_2 = 2.684$, $\hat{L}_3 = -1.566$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .1248$ $(i = 1, 2)$, $s\{\hat{L}_3\} = .1765$, $B = t(.9917; 5) = 3.538$ $4.250 \pm 3.538(.1248)$ $3.808 \le L_1 \le 4.692$ $2.684 \pm 3.538(.1248)$ $2.242 \le L_2 \le 3.126$ $-1.566 \pm 3.538(.1765)$ $-2.190 \le L_3 \le -.942$

27.18. a. e_{ijk} :

	j = 1		j =	= 2
i	k=1	k=2	k = 1	k=2
1	045	.045	.045	045
2	120	.120	.120	120
3	.080	080	080	.080
4	045	.045	.045	045
5	.080	080	080	.080
6	.055	055	055	.055
7	.030	030	030	.030
8	045	.045	.045	045
9	.055	055	055	.055
10	045	.045	.045	045
r = .	.973			

27.19. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Subjects	154.579	9	17.175
A	3.025	1	3.025
B	14.449	1	11.449
AB	.001	1	.001
AS	2.035	9	.226
BS	5.061	9	.562
ABS	.169	9	.019
Total	176.319	39	

- b. $\bar{Y}_{.11} = 3.93, \, \bar{Y}_{.12} = 5.01, \, \bar{Y}_{.21} = 4.49, \, \bar{Y}_{.22} = 5.55$
- c. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = .001/.019 = .05, F(.995; 1, 9) = 13.6.$$

If $F^* \leq 13.6$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .82

d. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$, H_a : not both α_j equal zero.

$$F^* = 3.025/.226 = 13.38, F(.95; 1, 9) = 5.12.$$

If $F^* \leq 13.6$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .005 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_k equal zero.

$$F^* = 11.449/.562 = 20.36, F(.95; 1, 9) = 5.12.$$

If $F^* \leq 13.6$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .001

e.
$$\hat{L}_1 = .56$$
, $\hat{L}_2 = 1.08$, $\hat{L}_3 = -.52$, $\hat{L}_4 = 1.62$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .0613$ $(i = 1, ..., 4)$, $B = t(.99375; 9) = 3.11$ $.56 \pm 3.11(.0613)$ $.37 \le L_1 \le .75$ $1.08 \pm 3.11(.0613)$ $.89 \le L_2 \le 1.27$

$$1.08 \pm 3.11(.0613)$$
 $.89 \le L_2 \le 1.27$
 $-.52 \pm 3.11(.0613)$ $-.71 \le L_3 \le -.33$

$$1.62 \pm 3.11(.0613)$$
 $1.43 \le L_4 \le 1.81$

27.20. a. e_{ijk} :

i	j	k = 1	k = 2
1	1	6	.6
	2	-1.7	1.7
2	1	.4	4
	2	1.3	-1.3
3	1	6	.6
	2	.3	3
4	1	.4	4
	2	2	.2
5	1	.4	4
	2	.3	3
r = 1	.981		

27.21. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Whole plots			
Irrigation method (A)	1,394.45	1	1,394.45
Whole-plot error	837.60	8	104.70
Split plots			
Fertilizer (B)	68.45	1	68.45
AB Interactions	.05	1	.05
Split-plot error	12.00	8	1.50
Total	2,312.55	19	

- b. $\bar{Y}_{.11} = 35.4, \, \bar{Y}_{.21} = 52.2, \, \bar{Y}_{.12} = 39.2, \, \bar{Y}_{.22} = 55.8$
- H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$ equal zero. $F^* = .05/1.50 = .033$, F(.95;1,8) = 5.32. If $F^* \leq 5.32$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .86
- d. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$, H_a : not both α_i equal zero. $F^* = 1,394.45/104.70 = 13.32$, F(.95;1,8) = 5.32. If $F^* \leq 5.32$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_k equal zero. $F^* = 68.45/1.50 = 45.63$, F(.95;1,8) = 5.32. If $F^* \leq 5.32$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

e.
$$\bar{Y}_{.1.} = 37.3, \ \bar{Y}_{.2.} = 54.0, \ \bar{Y}_{..1} = 43.8, \ \bar{Y}_{..2} = 47.5, \ \hat{L}_1 = -16.7, \ \hat{L}_2 = -3.7, \ s\{\hat{L}_1\} = 4.5760, \ s\{\hat{L}_2\} = .5477, \ B_1 = t(.975; 8) = 2.306, \ B_2 = t(.975; 8) = 2.306$$

$$-16.7 \pm 2.306(4.5760) \qquad -27.252 \le L_1 \le -6.148$$

$$-3.7 \pm 2.306(.5477) \qquad -4.963 \le L_2 \le -2.437$$

27.22.

$$\begin{split} \sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{..})^2 &= \sum \sum [(Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{i.}) + (\bar{Y}_{i.} - \bar{Y}_{..})]^2 \\ &= \sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{i.})^2 + \sum \sum (\bar{Y}_{i.} - \bar{Y}_{..})^2 + 2 \sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{i.})(\bar{Y}_{i.} - \bar{Y}_{..}) \\ &= \sum \sum (Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{i.})^2 + r \sum (\bar{Y}_{i.} - \bar{Y}_{..})^2 \end{split}$$

Cross-product term equals zero by argument similar to that given in Section 16.5.

27.23. 27.333320.8788 23.090919.181816.727317.0909 1 2 29.4242 23.454514.318212.6364 11.04553 16.4545 30.9091 14.7273 18.2727 15.02274 11.181818.3864 j5 17.4545 16.8182 27.8409

27.25. a. $Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_i + \tau_j + \epsilon_{(ij)}$

b. e_{ii} :

i	j = 1	j = 2	j = 3	j = 4
1	.02083	00917	.00833	02000
2	.00083	00917	00167	.01000
3	.00083	.00083	.00833	01000
4	.04083	.02083	02167	04000
5	03167	.04833	04417	.02750
6	.01833	03167	.05583	04250
7	00167	00167	02417	.02750
8	00167	.00833	01417	.00750
9	02417	00417	.02333	.00500
10	00417	04417	.02333	.02500
11	.03333	01667	03917	.02250
12	05167	.03833	.02583	01250
r = 1	.994			

27.26. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Subjects	1.80012	11	.163647
Dosage	.72615	3	.242050
Error	.03220	33	.000976
Total	2.55847	47	

b. H_0 : all τ_j equal zero $(j=1,...,4), H_a$: not all τ_j equal zero. $F^* = .242050/.000976 = 248.0, F(.95;3,33) = 2.89.$

If $F^* \leq 2.89$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

c. $\bar{Y}_{.1} = 1.03833$, $\bar{Y}_{.2} = 1.05833$, $\bar{Y}_{.3} = 1.06083$, $\bar{Y}_{.4} = .76917$, $\hat{L}_{1} = \bar{Y}_{.1} - \bar{Y}_{.2} = -.02000$, $\hat{L}_{2} = \bar{Y}_{.2} - \bar{Y}_{.3} = -.00250$, $\hat{L}_{3} = \bar{Y}_{.3} - \bar{Y}_{.4} = .29166$, $s\{\hat{L}_{i}\} = .01275$ (i = 1, 2, 3), B = t(.983; 33) = 2.22

$$-.02000 \pm 2.22(.01275)$$
 $-.048 \le L_1 \le .008$
 $-.00250 \pm 2.22(.01275)$ $-.031 \le L_2 \le .026$
 $.29166 \pm 2.22(.01275)$ $.263 \le L_3 \le .320$

d.
$$Y_{ij} = \mu_{..} + \rho_1 X_{ij1} + \rho_2 X_{ij2} + \rho_3 X_{ij3} + \rho_4 X_{ij4} + \rho_5 X_{ij5} + \rho_6 X_{ij6}$$
$$+ \rho_7 X_{ij7} + \rho_8 X_{ij8} + \rho_9 X_{ij9} + \rho_{10} X_{ij10} + \rho_{11} X_{ij11} + \gamma_1 x_{ij} + \gamma_2 x_{ij}^2 + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$X_{ij1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit from subject 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit from subject 12} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 $X_{ij2}, ..., X_{ij11}$ are defined similarly

$$x_{ij} = \begin{cases} -.825 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 1} \\ -.325 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 2} \\ .175 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 3} \\ .975 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 4} \end{cases}$$

$$\hat{Y} = 1.06647 - .24917X_1 - .26917X_2 - .23917X_3 - .12917X_4 + .02333X_5 - .09667X_6 - .05667X_7 + .13333X_8 + .18583X_9 + .21583X_{10} + .15833X_{11} - .11341x - .19192x^2$$

e. e_{ij} :

f.
$$H_0$$
: $\gamma_2 = 0$, H_a : $\gamma_2 \neq 0$. $SSE(F) = .0456$, $SSE(R) = .2816$, $F^* = (.2360/1) \div (.0456/34) = 175.96$, $F(.99; 1, 34) = 7.44$. If $F^* \leq 7.44$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

27.27. Note: The subscript for subjects here is l instead of the usual i and the subscripts for factors A, B, and C are i, j, and k, respectively.

a.
$$Y_{ijklm} = \mu_{...} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + \gamma_k + \rho_{l(ik)} + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + (\alpha\gamma)_{ik} + (\beta\gamma)_{jk} + (\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk} + \epsilon_{m(ijkl)}$$

b. $r = .990$

27.28. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
A (initial lever press rate)	7.99586	2	3.99793
B (dosage level)	25.90210	3	8.63403
C (reinforcement schedule)	59.74172	1	59.74172
AB interactions	.35167	6	.05861
AC interactions	.09465	2	.04733
BC interactions	12.36104	3	4.12035
ABC interactions	.37040	6	.06173
S(AC) (rats, within AC)	1.64179	18	.09121
Error	.36711	150	.00245
TD. 4 . 1	100 00694	101	

Total

108.82634 191

$$E\{MSA\} = 64 \sum_{i} \alpha_{i}^{2} / 2 + 8\sigma_{\rho}^{2} + \sigma^{2}$$

$$E\{MSB\} = 48 \sum_{i} \beta_{j}^{2} / 3 + \sigma^{2}$$

$$E\{MSC\} = 96 \sum_{i} \gamma_{k}^{2} / 1 + 8\sigma_{\rho}^{2} + \sigma^{2}$$

$$E\{MSS(AC)\} = 8\sigma_{\rho}^{2} + \sigma^{2}$$

$$E\{MSAB\} = 16 \sum_{i} \sum_{j} (\alpha_{j})_{ij}^{2} / 6 + \sigma^{2}$$

$$E\{MSAC\} = 32 \sum_{j} \sum_{j} (\alpha_{j})_{ik}^{2} / 2 + 8\sigma_{\rho}^{2} + \sigma^{2}$$

$$E\{MSBC\} = 24 \sum_{j} \sum_{j} (\beta_{j})_{jk}^{2} / 3 + \sigma^{2}$$

$$E\{MSBC\} = 8 \sum_{j} \sum_{j} (\alpha_{j})_{ijk}^{2} / 6 + \sigma^{2}$$

$$E\{MSE\} = \sigma^{2}$$

b. H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$ equal zero.

$$F^* = .06173/.00245 = 25.196, F(.99; 6, 150) = 2.92.$$

If $F^* \leq 2.92$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

c. $\bar{Y}_{ijk..}$:

k	i	j = 1	j = 2	j = 3	j = 4
1	1	.81375	.82375	.83625	.53500
	2	1.05375	1.06625	1.05625	.77375
	3	1.25500	1.25625	1.27125	1.00750
2	1	2.15125	2.33625	1.88750	.88125
	2	2.59250	2.58375	2.21875	1.01250
	3	3.04750	2.75125	2.38125	1.29250

27.29. a.

F_R^*	$P(F_R^*)$
0	12/216
.25	90/216
1.00	36/216
1.60	36/216
7.00	36/216
Undefined	6/216

b.
$$F(.90; 2, 4) = 4.32, P(F_R^* \le 7.00) = .972, P(F_R^* \le 1.60) = .806$$

Chapter 28

BALANCED INCOMPLETE BLOCK, LATIN SQUARE, AND RELATED DESIGNS

28.3. One such design, for which
$$n_b = 3$$
, $n = 2$, and $n_p = 1$:

$$2 \quad 3$$

28.4. For
$$r = 7$$
, $r_b = 5$, a BIBD exists for $n_b = \frac{7!}{5!(7-5)!} = 21$.

Since
$$n_b r_b = nr$$
, $n = 21(5)/7 = 15$.

Since
$$n_p(r-1) = n(r_b-1)$$
, $n_p = 15(5-1)/(7-1) = 10$.

28.5. For
$$r = 8$$
, $r_b = 3$, a BIBD exists for $n_b = \frac{8!}{3!(8-3)!} = 56$.

Since
$$n_b r_b = nr$$
, $n = 56(3)/8 = 21$.

Since
$$n_p(r-1) = n(r_b-1)$$
, $n_p = 21(3-1)/(8-1) = 6$.

28.6.
$$e_{ij}$$
:

i	j = 1	j=2	j = 3	j=4	j = 5	j = 6	j = 7	j = 8	j = 9
1			704	.185				.519	
2		.222		111					111
3			.556			-1.000			.444
4	481				259				.741
5		926				.296	.630		
6				519	.481	.037			
7							.815	.259	-1.074
8	.222			.444			667		
9	111					.667		556	
10		222			.444			222	
11			1.444		667		778		
12	.370	.926	-1.296						

$$r = .990$$

28.7. a.
$$\hat{\mu}_{..} = 19.36$$
, $\hat{\tau}_1 = .33$, $\hat{\tau}_2 = -2.22$, $\hat{\tau}_3 = -6.00$, $\hat{\tau}_4 = -12.89$, $\hat{\tau}_5 = 6.11$, $\hat{\tau}_6 = 3.56$, $\hat{\tau}_7 = 1.22$, $\hat{\tau}_8 = -.22$, $\hat{\tau}_9 = 10.11$.

$$\hat{\mu}_{.1}=19.69,\;\hat{\mu}_{.2}=17.14,\;\hat{\mu}_{.3}=13.36,\;\hat{\mu}_{.4}=6.47,\;\hat{\mu}_{.5}=25.47,\;\hat{\mu}_{.6}=22.92,\;\hat{\mu}_{.7}=20.58,\;\hat{\mu}_{.8}=19.14,\;\hat{\mu}_{.9}=29.47.$$

- b. H_0 : all τ_j equal zero $(j=1,2,\ldots,8), H_a$: not all τ_j equal zero. $SSE(F)=14.519, SSE(R)=1097.33, <math>F^*=(1082.811/8)\div(14.519/16)=149.2, F(.95;8,16)=2.59$. If $F^*\leq 2.59$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value =0+
- c. H_0 : all ρ_i equal zero (j = 1, 2, ..., 11), H_a : not all ρ_i equal zero. SSE(F) = 14.519, SSE(R) = 25.25, $F^* = (10.731/11) \div (14.519/16) = 1.08$, F(.95; 11, 16) = 2.46. If $F^* \leq 2.46$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .43
- d. $\hat{\mu}_{.5} = 25.47$, $s^2(\hat{\mu}_{.5}) = s^2(\hat{\mu}_{..}) + s^2(\hat{\tau}_5) = (.02778 + .29630).907 = .2939$, B = t(.975; 16) = 2.120, $25.47 \pm 2.120(.542)$, $24.32 \le \mu_{.5} \le 26.62$

e.

95% C.I.	lower	center	upper
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.2}$	21	2.56	5.32
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.3}$	3.57	6.33	9.10
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.4}$	10.46	13.22	15.99
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.5}$	-8.54	-5.78	-3.01
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.6}$	-5.99	-3.22	46
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.7}$	-3.66	89	1.88
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.8}$	-2.21	.56	3.32
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.9}$	-12.54	-9.78	-7.01
$\mu_{.2} - \mu_{.3}$	1.01	3.78	6.54
$\mu_{.2} - \mu_{.4}$	7.90	10.67	13.43
$\mu_{.2} - \mu_{.5}$	-11.10	-8.33	-5.57
$\mu_{.2} - \mu_{.6}$	-8.54	-5.78	-3.01
$\mu_{.2} - \mu_{.7}$	-6.21	-3.44	68
$\mu_{.2} - \mu_{.8}$	-4.77	-2.00	.77
$\mu_{.2} - \mu_{.9}$	-15.10	-12.33	-9.57
$\mu_{.3} - \mu_{.4}$	4.12	6.89	9.66
$\mu_{.3} - \mu_{.5}$	-14.88	-12.11	-9.35
$\mu_{.3} - \mu_{.6}$	-12.32	-9.56	-6.79
$\mu_{.3} - \mu_{.7}$	-9.99	-7.22	-4.46
$\mu_{.3} - \mu_{.8}$	-8.54	-5.78	-3.01
$\mu_{.3} - \mu_{.9}$	-18.88	-16.11	-13.35
$\mu_{.4} - \mu_{.5}$	-21.77	-19.00	-16.23
$\mu_{.4} - \mu_{.6}$	-19.21	-16.44	-13.68
$\mu_{.4} - \mu_{.7}$	-16.88	-14.11	-11.35
$\mu_{.4} - \mu_{.8}$	-15.43	-12.67	-9.90
$\mu_{.4} - \mu_{.9}$	-25.77	-23.00	-20.23
$\mu_{.5} - \mu_{.6}$	21	2.56	5.32
$\mu_{.5} - \mu_{.7}$	2.12	4.89	7.66
$\mu_{.5} - \mu_{.8}$	3.57	6.33	9.10
$\mu_{.5} - \mu_{.9}$	-6.77	-4.00	-1.23
$\mu_{.6} - \mu_{.7}$	43	2.33	5.10
$\mu_{.6} - \mu_{.8}$	1.01	3.78	6.54
$\mu_{.6} - \mu_{.9}$	-9.32	-6.56	-3.79
$\mu_{.7} - \mu_{.8}$	-1.32	1.44	4.21
$\mu_{.7} - \mu_{.9}$	-11.66	-8.89	-6.12
$\mu_{.8} - \mu_{.9}$	-13.10	-10.33	-7.57

28.8. a. e_{ij} :

r = .995

28.9. a.
$$\hat{\mu}_{..}=297.667,\,\hat{\tau}_{1}=-45.375,\,\hat{\tau}_{2}=-41.000,\,\hat{\tau}_{3}=30.875,\,\hat{\tau}_{4}=55.500$$
 $\hat{\mu}_{.1}=252.292,\,\hat{\mu}_{.2}=256.667,\,\hat{\mu}_{.3}=328.542,\,\hat{\mu}_{.4}=353.167$

b.
$$H_0$$
: $\tau_1 = \tau_2 = \tau_3 = 0$, H_a : not all τ_j equal zero. $SSE(F) = 1750.9$, $SSE(R) = 22480$, $F^* = (20729.1/3) \div (1750.9/5) = 19.73$, $F(.95; 3, 5) = 5.41$. If $F^* \le 5.41$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P -value = .003

c.
$$H_0$$
: $\rho_1 = \rho_2 = \rho_3 = 0$, H_a : not all ρ_i equal zero. $SSE(F) = 14.519$, $SSE(R) = 22789$, $F^* = (21038.1/3) \div (1750.9/5) = 20.03$, $F(.95; 3, 5) = 5.41$. If $F^* \le 5.41$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P -value = .003

d.
$$\hat{\mu}_{.1} = 252.292, \ s^2(\hat{\mu}_{.1}) = s^2(\hat{\mu}_{..}) + s^2(\hat{\tau}_1) = (.08333 + .28125)350.2 = 127.68,$$

 $B = t(.975; 5) = 2.571, \ 252.292 \pm 2.571(11.30), \ 223.240 \le \mu_{.1} \le 281.344$

e.

95% C.I.	lower	center	upper
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.2}$	-64.19	-4.375	55.44
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.3}$	-136.07	-76.250	-16.43
$\mu_{.1} - \mu_{.4}$	-160.69	-100.875	-41.06
$\mu_{.2} - \mu_{.3}$	-131.70	-71.87	-12.06
$\mu_{.2} - \mu_{.4}$	-156.30	-96.50	-36.68
$\mu_{.3} - \mu_{.4}$	-84.44	-24.63	35.19

28.10.
$$r = 4$$
, and $r_b = 3$, $df_e = 4n - 4 - 4n/3 + 1 = 8n/3 - 3$.
Since $n_p = n(3-1)/(4-1) = 2n/3$, $\sigma^2\{\hat{D}_j\} = 2\sigma^2(3)/(4n_p) = 9\sigma^2/(4n)$
 $T\sigma\{\hat{D}_j\} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}q[.95; 4, 8n/3 - 3]\sqrt{\frac{9\sigma^2}{4n}}$

For $\sigma^2 = 2.0$ and $T\sigma\{\hat{D}_j\} \leq 1.5$, so we need to iterate to find n so that $n \geq q^2[.95; 4, 8n/3 - 3]$

We iteratively find $n \ge 15$. Since design 2 in Table 28.1 has n = 3, we require that design 2 be repeated 5 times. Thus, n = 15, and $n_b = 20$.

28.11.
$$r = 5$$
, and $r_b = 4$, $df_e = 5n - 5 - 5n/4 + 1 = 15n/4 - 4$.
Since $n_p = n(4-1)/(5-1) = 3n/4$, $\sigma^2\{\hat{D}_j\} = 2\sigma^2(4)/(5n_p) = 32\sigma^2/(15n)$
 $T\sigma\{\hat{D}_j\} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}q[.90; 5, 15n/4 - 4]\sqrt{\frac{32\sigma^2}{15n}}$

For $\sigma^2 = 1.5$ and $T\sigma\{\hat{D}_j\} \leq 1.25$, so we need to iterate to find n so that $n \geq 1.024q^2[.90; 5, 15n/4 - 4]$

We iteratively find $n \ge 14$. Since design 5 in Table 28.1 has n = 4, we require that design 2 be repeated 4 times. Thus, n = 16, and $n_b = 20$.

28.14. e_{ijk} :

$$r = .986$$

28.15. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{..1} = 1.725$$
, $\bar{Y}_{..2} = 1.900$, $\bar{Y}_{..3} = 2.175$, $\bar{Y}_{..4} = 2.425$

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Rows (sales volumes)	5.98187	3	1.99396
Columns (locations)	.12188	3	.04062
Treatments (prices)	1.13688	3	.37896
Error	.11875	6	.01979
Total	7.35938	15	

 H_0 : all τ_k equal zero (k=1,...,4), H_a : not all τ_k equal zero. $F^*=.37896/.01979=19.149$, F(.95;3,6)=4.76. If $F^*\leq 4.76$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .002

c.
$$\hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{..1} - \bar{Y}_{..2} = -.175$$
, $\hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{..1} - \bar{Y}_{..3} = -.450$, $\hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{..1} - \bar{Y}_{..4} = -.700$, $\hat{L}_4 = \bar{Y}_{..2} - \bar{Y}_{..3} = -.275$, $\hat{L}_5 = \bar{Y}_{..2} - \bar{Y}_{..4} = -.525$, $\hat{L}_6 = \bar{Y}_{..3} - \bar{Y}_{..4} = -.250$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .09947$ $(i = 1, ..., 6)$, $q(.90; 4, 6) = 4.07$, $T = 2.8779$

$$\begin{array}{lll} -.175 \pm 2.8779 (.09947) & -.461 \leq L_1 \leq .111 \\ -.450 \pm 2.8779 (.09947) & -.736 \leq L_2 \leq -.164 \\ -.700 \pm 2.8779 (.09947) & -.986 \leq L_3 \leq -.414 \\ -.275 \pm 2.8779 (.09947) & -.561 \leq L_4 \leq .011 \\ -.525 \pm 2.8779 (.09947) & -.811 \leq L_5 \leq -.239 \\ -.250 \pm 2.8779 (.09947) & -.536 \leq L_6 \leq .036 \end{array}$$

28.16. a.
$$\hat{E}_1 = 21.1617$$
, $\hat{E}_2 = 1.2631$, $\hat{E}_3 = 25.9390$

28.17. e_{ijk} :

i	j = 1	j=2	j = 3	j=4	j = 5		
1	88	68	.92	.32	.32		
2	.32	.12	28	.92	-1.08		
3	.52	68	-1.08	.12	1.12		
4	68	1.92	.52	08	-1.68		
5	.72	68	08	-1.28	1.32		
r = .993							

28.18. a.
$$\bar{Y}_{..1} = 7.0$$
, $\bar{Y}_{..2} = 7.4$, $\bar{Y}_{..3} = 15.0$, $\bar{Y}_{..4} = 19.0$, $\bar{Y}_{..5} = 13.4$

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Rows (executives)	220.16	4	55.040
Columns (months)	10.96	4	2.740
Treatments (reports)	527.36	4	131.840
Error	19.28	12	1.607
Total	777.76	24	

 H_0 : all τ_k equal zero (k = 1, ..., 5), H_a : not all τ_k equal zero. $F^* = 131.840/1.607 = 82.04$, F(.99; 4, 12) = 5.41. If $F^* \leq 5.41$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

c.
$$\hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{..1} - \bar{Y}_{..2} = -.4$$
, $\hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{..1} - \bar{Y}_{..3} = -8.0$, $\hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{..1} - \bar{Y}_{..4} = -12.0$, $\hat{L}_4 = \bar{Y}_{..1} - \bar{Y}_{..5} = -6.4$, $\hat{L}_5 = \bar{Y}_{..2} - \bar{Y}_{..3} = -7.6$, $\hat{L}_6 = \bar{Y}_{..2} - \bar{Y}_{..4} = -11.6$, $\hat{L}_7 = \bar{Y}_{..2} - \bar{Y}_{..5} = -6.0$, $\hat{L}_8 = \bar{Y}_{..3} - \bar{Y}_{..4} = -4.0$, $\hat{L}_9 = \bar{Y}_{..3} - \bar{Y}_{..5} = 1.6$, $\hat{L}_{10} = \bar{Y}_{..4} - \bar{Y}_{..5} = 5.6$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .8017$ $(i = 1, ..., 10)$, $q(.95; 5, 12) = 4.51$, $T = 3.189$

$$-.4 \pm 3.189(.8017) -2.96 \le L_1 \le 2.16$$

$$-8.0 \pm 3.189(.8017) -10.56 \le L_2 \le -5.44$$

$$-12.0 \pm 3.189(.8017) -14.56 \le L_3 \le -9.44$$

$$-6.4 \pm 3.189(.8017) -8.96 \le L_4 \le -3.84$$

$$-7.6 \pm 3.189(.8017) -10.16 \le L_5 \le -5.04$$

$$-11.6 \pm 3.189(.8017) -14.16 \le L_6 \le -9.04$$

$$-6.0 \pm 3.189(.8017) -8.56 \le L_7 \le -3.44$$

$$-4.0 \pm 3.189(.8017) -8.56 \le L_7 \le -3.44$$

$$-4.0 \pm 3.189(.8017) -6.56 \le L_8 \le -1.44$$

$$1.6 \pm 3.189(.8017) -9.65 \le L_9 \le 4.16$$

$$5.6 \pm 3.189(.8017) -9.65 \le L_9 \le 4.16$$

$$5.6 \pm 3.189(.8017) -3.04 \le L_{10} \le 8.16$$

28.19. a.
$$\hat{E}_1 = 6.66, \hat{E}_2 = 1.14, \hat{E}_3 = 7.65$$

28.20.
$$\phi = 3.399, 1 - \beta \cong .99$$

28.21.
$$\phi = 2.202, 1 - \beta \cong .69$$

28.22. e_{ijkl} :

28.23. a.
$$Y_{ijkl} = \mu_{...} + \rho_i + \kappa_j + \alpha_k + \beta_l + (\alpha\beta)_{kl} + \epsilon_{(ijkl)}$$
b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Rows (subjects)	.03462	3	.01154
Columns (periods)	.00592	3	.00197
Treatments	.43333	3	.14444
\overline{X}	.22801	1	.22801
Y	.19581	1	.19581
XY interactions	.00951	1	.00951
Error	.00904	6	.00151
Total	.48291	15	

 H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{kl}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{kl}$ equal zero. $F^* = .00951/.00151 = 6.298$, F(.90; 1, 6) = 3.78. If $F^* \leq 3.78$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .046

c.
$$\bar{Y}_{..1} = .0050, \, \bar{Y}_{..2} = .1950, \, \bar{Y}_{..3} = .1775, \, \bar{Y}_{..4} = .4650, \, \hat{L} = -.0975, \, s\{\hat{L}\} = .03886, \, t(.95;6) = 1.943, \, -.0975 \pm 1.943(.03886), \, -.1730 \leq L \leq -.0220$$

28.24. a.
$$Y_{ijk} = \mu_{...} + \rho_1 X_{ijk1} + \rho_2 X_{ijk2} + \rho_3 X_{ijk3} + \kappa_1 X_{ijk4} + \kappa_2 X_{ijk5} + \kappa_3 X_{ijk6} + \tau_1 X_{ijk7} + \tau_2 X_{ijk8} + \tau_3 X_{ijk9} + \epsilon_{(ijk)}$$

$$X_{ijk1} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit from row blocking class 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit from row blocking class 4} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 X_{ijk2} and X_{ijk3} are defined similarly

$$X_{ijk4} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if experimental unit from column blocking class 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit from column blocking class 4} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 X_{ijk5} and X_{ijk6} are defined similarly

$$X_{ijk7} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} 1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 1} \\ -1 & \text{if experimental unit received treatment 4} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$$

 X_{ijk8} and X_{ijk9} are defined similarly

b. Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = 2.05625 - .70625X_1 - .45625X_2 + .34375X_3 + .14375X_4$$
$$-.05625X_5 - .00625X_6 - .33125X_7 - .15625X_8 + .11875X_9$$
$$SSE(F) = .1188$$

Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = 2.05625 - .70625X_1 - .45625X_2 + .34375X_3 + .14375X_4 - .05625X_5 - .00625X_6$$

$$SSE(R) = 1.2556$$

 H_0 : all τ_k equal zero (k = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all τ_k equal zero. $F^* = (1.1368/3) \div (.1188/6) = 19.138$, F(.95; 3, 6) = 4.76. If $F^* \le 4.76$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

c.
$$\hat{L} = \hat{\tau}_3 - (-\hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_2 - \hat{\tau}_3) = 2\hat{\tau}_3 + \hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 = -.250, \ s^2\{\hat{\tau}_i\} = .00371 \ (i = 1, 2, 3), \ s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_3\} = s\{\hat{\tau}_2, \hat{\tau}_3\} = -.00124, \ s\{\hat{L}\} = .09930, \ t(.975; 6) = 2.447, \ -.250 \pm 2.447(.09930), \ -.493 \le L \le -.007$$

d. (i) Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = 2.02917 - .67917X_1 - .53750X_2 + .37083X_3 + .17083X_4 - .02917X_5 - .08750X_6 - .30417X_7 - .23750X_8 + .14583X_9$$

$$SSE(F) = .0483$$

Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = 2.05556 - .70556X_1 - .45833X_2 + .34444X_3 + .14444X_4 - .05556X_5 - .00833X_6$$

$$SSE(R) = 1.2556$$

 H_0 : all τ_k equal zero (k = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all τ_k equal zero. $F^* = (1.2073/3) \div (.0483/5) = 41.66$, F(.95; 3, 5) = 5.41. If $F^* \leq 5.41$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

(ii) $\hat{L} = \hat{\tau}_1 - \hat{\tau}_2 = -.06667$, $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_1\} = .00191$, $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_2\} = .00272$, $s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_2\} = -.00091$, $s\{\hat{L}\} = .0803$, t(.975; 5) = 2.571, $-.06667 \pm 2.571(.0803)$, $-.273 \le L \le .140$

28.25. a. Full model:

$$\hat{Y} = 12.54286 + 1.91429X_1 - 3.54286X_2 + 3.25714X_3 - 3.28571X_4 + 1.11429X_5$$
$$-.34286X_6 - .94286X_7 - .74286X_8 - 5.54286X_9$$
$$-5.14286X_{10} + 3.11329X_{11} + 6.71429X_{12}$$

SSE(F) = 12.6286

Reduced model:

$$\hat{Y} = 11.96471 + .44706X_1 - 2.96471X_2 + 3.83529X_3 - 3.55294X_4 - .35294X_5 + .23529X_6 - .36471X_7 - .16471X_8$$

$$SSE(R) = 494.2353$$

 H_0 : all τ_k equal zero (k = 1, ..., 4), H_a : not all τ_k equal zero. $F^* = (481.6067/4) \div (12.6286/10) = 95.340$, F(.99; 4, 10) = 5.99. If $F^* \le 5.99$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .

b. $\hat{L} = \hat{\tau}_4 - \hat{\tau}_1 = 12.25715$, $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_1\} = .20927$, $s^2\{\hat{\tau}_4\} = .28144$, $s\{\hat{\tau}_1, \hat{\tau}_4\} = -.06134$, $s\{\hat{L}\} = .7832$, t(.995; 10) = 3.169, $12.25715 \pm 3.169(.7832)$, $9.775 \le L \le 14.739$

28.26. e_{ijkm} :

i	m	j = 1	j=2	j=3	j=4
1	1	-1.9375	-1.5625	.6875	1.3125
	2	1.0625	3.4375	-2.3125	6875
2	1	-3.6875	6.0625	-1.1875	3.8125
	2	2.3125	.0625	-5.1875	-2.1875
3	1	-4.0625	1.1875	6875	4.0625
	2	2.9375	-4.8125	4.3125	-2.9375
4	1	3125	.3125	.1875	-2.6875
	2	3.6875	-4.6875	4.1875	6875
r =	.990)			

28.27. a.
$$Y_{ijklm} = \mu_{...} + \rho_i + \kappa_j + \alpha_k + \beta_l + (\alpha\beta)_{kl} + \epsilon_{m(ijkl)}$$

b.

Source	SS	df	MS
Rows (ages)	658.09375	3	219.36458
Columns (education levels)	18.34375	3	6.11458
Treatments	1,251.34375	3	417.11458
Volumes	399.03125	1	399.03125
Products	850.78125	1	850.78125
Volume-product interactions	1.53125	1	1.53125
Error	285.43750	22	12.97443
Total	2,213.21875	31	

 H_0 : all $(\alpha\beta)_{kl}$ equal zero, H_a : not all $(\alpha\beta)_{kl}$ equal zero. $F^* = 1.53125/12.97443 = .118$, F(.99; 1, 22) = 7.95. If $F^* \leq 7.95$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .73

c. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$, H_a : not both α_1 and α_2 equal zero. $F^* = 399.03125/12.97443 = 30.755$, F(.99; 1, 22) = 7.95. If $F^* \leq 7.95$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

 H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$, H_a : not both β_1 and β_2 equal zero. $F^* = 850.78125/12.97443 = 65.574$, F(.99; 1, 22) = 7.95. If $F^* \leq 7.95$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = 0+

d.
$$\bar{Y}_{..1.} = 61.750, \, \bar{Y}_{..2.} = 69.250, \, \bar{Y}_{..3.} = 72.500, \, \bar{Y}_{..4.} = 79.125,$$

$$L_1 = \frac{\mu_{..1} + \mu_{..3}}{2} - \frac{\mu_{..2} + \mu_{..4}}{2}$$

$$L_2 = \frac{\mu_{..1} + \mu_{..2}}{2} - \frac{\mu_{..3} + \mu_{..4}}{2}$$

$$\hat{L}_1 = -7.0625, \, \hat{L}_2 = -10.3125, \, s\{\hat{L}_1\} = s\{\hat{L}_2\} = 1.2735,$$

$$B = t(.9875; 22) = 2.4055$$

$$-7.0625 \pm 2.4055(1.2735) \quad -10.126 \le L_1 \le -3.999$$

$$-10.3125 \pm 2.4055(1.2735) \quad -13.376 \le L_2 \le -7.249$$

28.28. e_{ijkm} :

		j = 1	j = 2	j = 3
	m = 1	4.3704	-2.7407	-1.6296
i = 1	m = 2	-3.6296	1.2593	2.3704
	m = 3	-2.2963	3.5926	-1.2963
	m = 1	9630	-1.1852	2.1481
i = 2	m = 2	1.0370	-1.1852	.1481
	m = 3	2.0370	1.8148	-3.8519
	m = 1	-3.5185	8519	4.3704
i = 3	m=2	.1481	3.8148	-3.9630
	m = 3	2.8148	-4.5185	1.7037

r = .986

28.29. a.

Source	SS	df	MS
Patterns	14.2963	2	7.1481
Order positions	1,803.6296	2	901.8148
Questionnaires	3,472.0741	2	1,736.0370
Subjects (within patterns)	159.5556	6	26.5926
Error	194.9630	14	13.9259
Total	5,644.5185	26	

 H_0 : all ρ_i equal zero (i = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all ρ_i equal zero. $F^* = 7.1481/26.5926 = .269$, F(.95; 2, 6) = 5.14. If $F^* \leq 5.14$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 . P-value = .77

 H_0 : all κ_j equal zero $(j=1,2,3), H_a$: not all κ_j equal zero. $F^*=901.8148/13.9259=64.758, <math>F(.95;2,14)=3.74$. If $F^*\leq 3.74$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value =0+

 H_0 : all τ_k equal zero (k=1,2,3), H_a : not all τ_k equal zero. $F^*=1,736.0370/13.9259=126.66$, F(.95;2,14)=3.74. If $F^*\leq 3.74$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value =0+

- b. $\bar{Y}_{..1} = 22.3333$, $\bar{Y}_{..2} = 22.4444$, $\bar{Y}_{..3} = 46.4444$, $\hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{..1} \bar{Y}_{..2} = -.1111$, $\hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{..1} \bar{Y}_{..3} = -24.1111$, $\hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{..2} \bar{Y}_{..3} = -24.0000$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = 1.75916$ (i = 1, 2, 3), q(.90; 3, 14) = 3.16, T = 2.234
 - $-.1111 \pm 2.234(1.75916)$ $-4.0411 \le \mu_{..1} \mu_{..2} \le 3.8189$
 - $-24.1111 \pm 2.234 (1.75916) \quad -28.0411 \leq \mu_{..1} \mu_{..3} \leq -20.1811$
 - $-24.0000 \pm 2.234(1.75916)$ $-27.9300 \le \mu_{..2} \mu_{..3} \le -20.0700$

Chapter 29

EXPLORATORY EXPERIMENTS – TWO-LEVEL FACTORIAL AND FRACTIONAL FACTORIAL DESIGNS

29.1.
$$Y_{i} = \beta_{0}X_{i0} + \beta_{1}X_{il} + \beta_{2}X_{i2} + \beta_{3}X_{i3} + \beta_{4}X_{i4} + \beta_{12}X_{i12} + \beta_{13}X_{i13} + \beta_{14}X_{i14} + \beta_{23}X_{i23} + \beta_{24}X_{i24} + \beta_{34}X_{i34} + \beta_{123}X_{i123} + \beta_{124}X_{i124} + \beta_{134}X_{i134} + \beta_{234}X_{i234} + \beta_{1234}X_{i1234} + \epsilon_{i}$$
6, 4, 1

- 29.2. Fractional factorial designs can be used.
- 29.3. a. Six factors, two levels, 64 trials
 - b. No
- 29.4. a. Seven factors, two levels, 8 trials; no
 - b. Yes, no
- 29.5.

X_0	X_1	X_2	X_3	X_{12}	X_{13}	X_{23}	X_{123}
1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1
1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1
1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1
1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

$$\mathbf{X'X} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 8 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 8 \end{bmatrix} = 8\mathbf{I} = n_T \mathbf{I}$$

29.6. a.
$$\sigma^2\{b_1\} = \sigma^2/n_T = 5^2/64 = .391$$
. Yes, yes

b.
$$z(.975) = 1.96, n_T = [1.96(5)/(.5)]^2 = 384.16, 384.16/64 = 6$$
 replicates

29.7. a.
$$Y_i = \beta_0 X_{i0} + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \dots + \beta_5 X_{i5} + \beta_{12} X_{i12} + \dots + \beta_{45} X_{i45} + \beta_{123} X_{i123} + \dots + \beta_{345} X_{i345} + \beta_{1234} X_{i1234} + \dots + \beta_{2345} X_{i2345} + \beta_{12345} X_{i12345} + \epsilon_i$$

Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q
$\overline{b_0}$	6.853	b_{14}	239	b_{123}	.070	b_{245}	.076
b_1	1.606	b_{15}	.611	b_{124}	.020	b_{345}	576
b_2	099	b_{23}	134	b_{125}	118	b_{1234}	.062
b_3	1.258	b_{24}	127	b_{134}	378	b_{1235}	.323
b_4	-1.151	b_{25}	045	b_{135}	138	b_{1245}	.357
b_5	-1.338	b_{34}	311	b_{145}	183	b_{1345}	122
b_{12}	033	b_{35}	.912	b_{234}	.233	b_{2345}	292
b_{13}	.455	b_{45}	198	b_{235}	.055	b_{12345}	.043

29.8. a.
$$Y_i = \beta_0 X_{i0} + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \dots + \beta_5 X_{i5} + \beta_{12} X_{i12} + \dots + \beta_{45} X_{i45} + \epsilon_i$$

Coef.	b_q	P-value	Coef.	b_q	P-value
b_0	6.853		b_{14}	239	.340
b_1	1.606	.000	b_{15}	.611	.023
b_2	099	.689	b_{23}	134	.589
b_3	1.258	.000	b_{24}	127	.610
b_4	-1.151	.000	b_{25}	045	.855
b_5	-1.338	.000	b_{34}	311	.219
b_{12}	033	.892	b_{35}	.912	.002
b_{13}	.455	.080	b_{45}	198	.426

- b. H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r = .983. If $r \ge .9656$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- c. H_0 : $\beta_q = 0$, H_a : $\beta_q \neq 0$. $s\{b_q\} = .2432$. If P-value $\geq .0034$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Active effects (see part a): β_1 , β_3 , β_4 , β_5 , β_{35}

29.9. a.
$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \dots + \beta_4 X_{i4} + \beta_{12} X_{i12} + \dots + \beta_{34} X_{i34} + \beta_{123} X_{i123} + \dots + \beta_{234} X_{i234} + \beta_{1234} X_{i1234} + \epsilon_i$$

Coef.	b_q	P-value	Coef.	b_q	P-value
b_0	3.7784		b_{23}	0925	.176
b_1	3113	.020	b_{24}	.0125	.807
b_2	0062	.903	b_{34}	2175	.040
b_3	1463	.083	b_{123}	0087	.865
b_4	.0837	.204	b_{124}	.0538	.354
b_{12}	.0050	.922	b_{134}	0363	.505
b_{13}	.0400	.468	b_{234}	0138	.788
b_{14}	.0025	.961	b_{1234}	.0050	.922

(Note: P-values based on MSPE; see part d.)

d. H_0 : $\beta_q = 0$, H_a : $\beta_q \neq 0$. MSPE = .0324, $s\{b_q\} = \sqrt{.0324/16} = .0450$. If P-value $\geq .05$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Active effects (see part a): β_1 , β_{34}

29.10. a.

Coef.	b_q	P-value
b_0	3.778	
b_1	3112	.000
b_3	1462	.006
b_4	.0838	.084
b_{34}	2175	.000

- b. H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r = .970. If $r \ge .9485$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- c. H_0 : $\beta_q = 0$, H_a : $\beta_q \neq 0$. $s\{b_q\} = .0449$. If P-value $\geq .01$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Active effects (see part a): β_1 , β_3 , β_{34} .
- d. H_0 : No lack of fit, H_a : lack of fit. SSLF = SSE SSPE = .45248 .25617 = .19631. $F^* = [.19631/4] \div (.25617/10) = 1.92$, F(.95; 4, 10) = 3.48. If $F^* \le 3.48$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- e. Set X_1, X_3, X_4 at high levels to minimize failure rate.
- 29.11. a. 0 = -234, resolution = III

b.
$$0 = -234$$
, $1 = -1234$, $2 = -34$, $3 = -24$, $4 = -23$, $12 = -134$, $13 = -124$, $14 = -123$

29.12. a.

Resolution = IV

b. For example, dropping X_1 and arranging in standard order:

_	
X_3	X_4
-1	-1
-1	-1
1	-1
1	-1
-1	1
-1	1
1	1
1	1
	$ \begin{array}{c} -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{array} $

29.13. No

29.14.

Yes; use 0 = 1234 for resolution IV.

29.15. Defining relation: 0 = 123 = 245 = 1345

Confounding scheme:

Resolution = III, no

29.16. Defining relation: 0 = -145 = -234 = 1235

Confounding scheme:

No

29.17. Defining relation:
$$0 = 124 = 135 = 2345 = 236 = 1346 = 1256 = 456$$

Resolution = III

29.18. a. Defining relation:
$$0 = 1235 = 2346 = 1247 = 1456 = 3457 = 1367 = 2567$$
, resolution = IV, no

b. Omitting four-factor and higher-order interactions:

c.
$$Y_i = \beta_0 X_{i0} + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \dots + \beta_7 X_{i7} + \beta_{12} X_{i12} + \beta_{13} X_{i13} + \beta_{14} X_{i14} + \beta_{15} X_{i15} + \beta_{16} X_{i16} + \beta_{17} X_{i17} + \beta_{26} X_{i26} + \epsilon_i$$

Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q
b_0	8.028	b_5	.724	b_{14}	316
b_1	.127	b_6	467	b_{15}	.318
b_2	.003	b_7	766	b_{16}	.117
b_3	.021	b_{12}	.354	b_{17}	.021
b_4	-2.077	b_{13}	066	b_{26}	182

e. H_0 : $\beta_{12} = \cdots = \beta_{17} = \beta_{26} = 0$, H_a : not all $\beta_q = 0$. $F^* = (6.046/7) \div (.1958/1) = 4.41$, F(.99;7,1) = 5,928. If $F^* \leq 5,928$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

29.19. a.

Coef.	b_q	P-value	Coef.	b_q	P-value
$\overline{b_0}$	8.028		$\overline{b_4}$	-2.077	.000
b_1	.127	.581	b_5	.724	.011
b_2	.003	.989	b_6	467	.067
b_3	.021	.928	b_7	766	.008

- b. H_0 : Case *i* not an outlier, H_a : case *i* an outlier (i = 3, 14). $t_3 = 2.70$, $t_{14} = -4.09$, t(.99844; 7) = 4.41. If $|t_i| \le 4.41$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 for both cases.
- c. H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r = .938. If $r \ge .929$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- d. H_0 : $\beta_q = 0$, H_a : $\beta_q \neq 0$. $s\{b_q\} = .2208$. If P-value $\geq .02$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Active effects (see part a): β_4 , β_5 , β_7
- e. Set $X_4 = -1$, $X_5 = 1$, $X_7 = -1$ to maximize extraction.
- 29.20. a. $Y_i = \beta_0 X_{i0} + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \cdots + \beta_9 X_{i9} + \epsilon_i$

Coef.	b_q	P-value		Coef.	b_q	P-value
$\overline{b_0}$	70.11		•	b_5	13.49	.060
b_1	13.52	.060		b_6	.12	.984
b_2	99	.870		b_7	-21.58	.010
b_3	1.32	.829		b_8	-4.07	.512
b_4	2.36	.701		b_9	3.07	.618

- d. H_0 : $\beta_q = 0$, H_a : $\beta_q \neq 0$. $s\{b_q\} = 5.841$. If P-value $\geq .10$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Active effects (see part a): β_1 , β_5 , β_7 .
- 29.21. a. $b_0 = 70.11$, $b_1 = 13.52$, $b_5 = 13.49$, $b_7 = -21.58$
 - b. H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r = .951. If $r \ge .941$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
 - c. H_0 : No lack of fit, H_a : lack of fit. SSLF = SSE SSPE = 3,824 1,068 = 2,756, $F^* = (2,756/4) \div (1,068/8) = 5.16$, F(.95;4,8) = 3.84. If $F^* \le 3.84$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a .
- 29.22. a. $Y_i = \beta_0 X_{i0} + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_5 X_{i5} + \beta_7 X_{i7} + \beta_{15} X_{i15} + \beta_{17} X_{i17}$

$$+\beta_{57}X_{i57} + \beta_{157}X_{i157} + \epsilon_i$$

Coef.	b_q	P-value	Соє	ef. b_q	P-value
b_0	70.11		b_{15}	11.68	.004
b_1	13.52	.000	b_{17}	-1.32	.660
b_5	13.49	.000	b_{57}	5.83	.078
b_7	-21.58	.000	b_{157}	.12	.968

 H_0 : $\beta_q = 0$, H_a : $\beta_q \neq 0$. $s\{b_q\} = 2.889$. If P-value $\geq .01$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Active effects: β_1 , β_5 , β_7 , β_{15}

29.23. a. Defining relation: 0 = 134

Confounding scheme:

$$0 = 134$$
 $4 = 13$
 $1 = 34$ $12 = 234$
 $2 = 1234$ $23 = 124$
 $3 = 14$ $24 = 123$

Yes. Defining relation 0 = 1234 would yield a resolution IV design.

b.
$$Y_i = \beta_0 X_{i0} + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \beta_2 X_{i2} + \beta_3 X_{i3} + \beta_4 X_{i4} + \beta_{12} X_{i12}$$

$$+\beta_{23}X_{i23} + \beta_{24}X_{i24} + \epsilon_i$$

Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q
b_0	747.50	b_4	88.25
b_1	-207.25	b_{12}	-24.75
b_2	-17.00	b_{23}	-29.00
b_3	108.00	b_{24}	-18.75

29.24. a.

Coef.	b_q	P-value
b_0	747.50	
b_1	-207.25	.003
b_2	-17.00	.538
b_3	108.00	.022
b_4	88.25	.037

 H_0 : $\beta_q=0,\ H_a$: $\beta_q\neq 0.\ s\{b_q\}=24.53.$ If P-value $\geq .05$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Active effects: $\beta_1,\ \beta_3,\ \beta_4$

b. Set $X_1 = -1$, $X_3 = 1$, $X_4 = 1$ to maximize defect-free moldings.

29.25. Confounding scheme for design:

Design:

Block	X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	X_5
1	-1	1	-1	-1	1
1	1	1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
1	1	-1	1	-1	1
2	-1	-1	-1	1	1
2	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
2	-1	1	1	-1	-1
2	1	1	1	1	1

29.26. b. The seven block effects are confounded with the following interaction terms: β_{135} , β_{146} , β_{236} , β_{245} , β_{1234} , β_{1256} , β_{3456} No, no

c.
$$Y_i = \beta_0 X_{i0} + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \dots + \beta_6 X_{i6} + \beta_{12} X_{i12} + \dots + \beta_{56} X_{i56} + \beta_{123} X_{i123}$$

 $+ \dots + \beta_{456} X_{i456} + \beta_{1235} X_{i1235} + \dots + \beta_{2456} X_{i2456} + \beta_{12345} X_{i12345}$
 $+ \dots + \beta_{23456} X_{i23456} + \beta_{123456} X_{i123456} + \alpha_1 Z_{i1} + \dots + \alpha_7 Z_{i7} + \epsilon_i$

where $\alpha_1,\,...,\,\alpha_7$ are the block effects

Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q
b_0	63.922	b_{34}	.297	b_{246}	391	b_{2356}	.766
b_1	2.297	b_{35}	.266	b_{256}	.078	b_{2456}	.203
b_2	5.797	b_{36}	.984	b_{345}	672	b_{12345}	297
b_3	2.172	b_{45}	422	b_{346}	.734	b_{12346}	391
b_4	2.359	b_{46}	141	b_{356}	734	b_{12356}	734
b_5	2.828	b_{56}	.516	b_{456}	234	b_{12456}	422
b_6	2.922	b_{123}	.422	b_{1235}	.578	b_{13456}	109
b_{12}	.547	b_{124}	.172	b_{1236}	.922	b_{23456}	.203
b_{13}	266	b_{125}	1.391	b_{1245}	.453	b_{123456}	.016
b_{14}	203	b_{126}	.984	b_{1246}	.109	Block 1	-4.172
b_{15}	797	b_{134}	.297	b_{1345}	797	Block 2	422
b_{16}	141	b_{136}	641	b_{1346}	.547	Block 3	1.203
b_{23}	641	b_{145}	109	b_{1356}	-1.109	Block 4	6.703
b_{24}	-1.141	b_{156}	547	b_{1456}	109	Block 5	797
b_{25}	.891	b_{234}	.234	b_{2345}	.328	Block 6	-1.047
b_{26}	.047	b_{235}	.266	b_{2346}	578	Block 7	-9.547

29.27. a.

Coef.	b_q	P-value	Coef.	b_q	P-value
b_0	63.922		b_{26}	.047	.935
b_1	2.297	.000	b_{34}	.297	.607
b_2	5.797	.000	b_{35}	.266	.645
b_3	2.172	.001	b_{36}	.984	.094
b_4	2.359	.000	b_{45}	422	.466
b_5	2.828	.000	b_{46}	141	.807
b_6	2.922	.000	b_{56}	.516	.373
b_{12}	.547	.346	Block 1	-4.172	.009
b_{13}	266	.645	Block 2	422	.782
b_{14}	203	.725	Block 3	1.203	.432
b_{15}	797	.172	Block 4	6.703	.000
b_{16}	141	.807	Block 5	797	.602
b_{23}	641	.270	Block 6	-1.047	.494
b_{24}	-1.141	.054	Block 7	-9.547	.000
b_{25}	.891	.128			

b. H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r = .989. If $r \ge .9812$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

- c. H_0 : $\beta_q = 0$, H_a : $\beta_q \neq 0$. $s\{\hat{\alpha}_i\} = 1.513$ for block effects, $s\{b_q\} = .5719$ for factor effects. If P-value $\geq .01$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Active effects (see part a): Block effects 1, 4, 7, all main effects
- 29.28. a. See Problem 29.27a for estimated factor and block effects. (These do not change with subset model.)
 - b. Maximum team effectiveness is accomplished by setting each factor at its high level.
 - c. $\hat{Y}_h = 82.297$, $s\{\text{pred}\} = 4.857$, t(.975; 50) = 2.009, $82.297 \pm 2.009(4.857)$, $72.54 \le Y_{h(new)} \le 92.05$
- 29.29. a. Defining relation: 0 = 12345, resolution = V
 - b. $Y_i = \beta_0 X_{i0} + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \dots + \beta_5 X_{i5} + \beta_{12} X_{i12} + \dots + \beta_{35} X_{i35} + \alpha_1 Z_{i1} + \epsilon_i$ where α_1 is the block effect

Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q
b_0	113.18	b_{14}	-1.44
b_1	26.69	b_{15}	-2.94
b_2	-10.94	b_{23}	1.44
b_3	5.69	b_{24}	5.19
b_4	4.44	b_{25}	2.94
b_5	14.69	b_{34}	-3.44
b_{12}	21.94	b_{35}	94
b_{13}	.56	Block effect	2.27

d. H_0 : $\alpha_1 = 0$, H_a : $\alpha_1 \neq 0$. $s\{\hat{\alpha}_1\} = 3.673$, $t^* = 2.27/3.673 = .62$, (.975; 6) = 2.447. If $|t^*| \leq 2.447$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

e.

Coef.	b_q	P-value	Coef.	b_q	P-value
b_0	113.18		b_{14}	-1.44	.625
b_1	26.69	.000	b_{15}	-2.94	.336
b_2	-10.94	.011	b_{23}	1.44	.625
b_3	5.69	.094	b_{24}	5.19	.119
b_4	4.44	.169	b_{25}	2.94	.336
b_5	14.69	.003	b_{34}	-3.44	.268
b_{12}	21.94	.001	b_{35}	94	.748
b_{13}	.56	.847			

(Note: P-values based on MSPE; see part f.)

 H_0 : No lack of fit, H_a : lack of fit. $SSLF = SSE - SSPE = 1,894.4 - 609.5 = 1,284.9, <math>F^* = (1,284.9/2) \div (609.5/5) = 5.270, F(.95;2,5) = 5.786$. If $F^* \le 5.786$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .

f. H_0 : $\beta_q = 0$, H_a : $\beta_q \neq 0$. MSPE = 121.90, $s\{b_q\} = \sqrt{121.90/16} = 2.760$. If P-value $\geq .025$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Active effects (see part a): β_1 , β_2 , β_5 , β_{12}

29.30. a.

Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q
b_0	113.18	$\overline{b_5}$	14.69
b_1	26.69	b_{12}	21.94
b_2	-10.94		

- b. H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r = .961. If $r \ge .954$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0
- c. Set factors 1, 2, 5 at their high levels to maximize whippability.
- d. $\hat{Y}_h = 165.56$, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 8.03$, t(.975; 17) = 2.110, $165.56 \pm 2.110(8.03)$, $148.62 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 182.50$

29.31. a.

b. $\log_e s_i^2 = .3746 - .0553X_{i1} - .0919X_{i2} - .0048X_{i3} + .0229X_{i4} + .0289X_{i12} + .0021X_{i13} - .0432X_{i14} - .0048X_{i23} + .0077X_{i24} - .2142X_{i34} + .0493X_{i123} + .0453X_{i124} - .0016X_{i134} - .0024X_{i234} + .0284X_{i1234}$

 X_{34} appears to be active.

- c. $\hat{v}_i = 1.17395$ (for i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 14, 15, 16) $\hat{v}_i = 1.80173$ (for $i = 5, \dots, 12$)
- d. $\hat{Y}_i = 3.7082 .3754X_{i1}$
- e. From location model: $X_1 = +1$; and from location model: $(X_3, X_4) = (-1, -1)$ or (+1, +1)
- f. From dispersion model: $\hat{s}^2 = \exp(.3746 .2142) = 1.17395$, and a 95% P.I. is $(\exp(.0453), \exp(.2755))$, or (1.0463, 1.3172).
- g. $\widehat{MSE} = 1.17395 + 3.333^2 = 12.284$

29.32. a.

b. $\log_e s_i^2 = -3.651 + .331X_{i1} + 1.337X_{i2} - .427X_{i3} - .275X_{i4} - .209X_{i12} + .240X_{i13} + .477X_{i14}$.

 X_2 appears to be active.

c.
$$\hat{v}_i = .00682$$
 (for $i = 1, 2, 5, 6$)
 $\hat{v}_i = .0989$ (for $i = 3, 4, 7, 8$)

d.
$$\hat{Y}_i = 7.5800 + .0772X_{i1}$$

e. From the location model: $X_1 = +1$; from the dispersion model: $X_2 = -1$

f. From dispersion model: $\hat{s}^2 = \exp(-3.651 + 1.337(-1)) = .006819$, and a 95% P.I. is $(\exp(-6.169), \exp(-3.808))$, or (.0021, .0222).

g. $\widehat{MSE} = .00682 + (8 - 7.657)^2 = .124$

29.33. From (2.51), $SSR(X_q) = b_q^2 \sum (X_{iq} - \bar{X}_q)^2$. For coding in (29.2a), $\bar{X}_q = 0$. Then:

$$SSR(X_q) = b_q^2 \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} X_{iq}^2 = b_q^2 \sum_{i=1}^{n_T} (\pm 1)^2 = n_T b_q^2$$

29.34. a.

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{E}\{\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_1\} &= \mathbf{E}\{(\mathbf{X}_1'\mathbf{X}_1)^{-1}\mathbf{X}_1'\mathbf{Y}\} \\ &= (\mathbf{X}_1'\mathbf{X}_1)^{-1}\mathbf{X}_1'\mathbf{E}\{\mathbf{Y}\} \\ &= (\mathbf{X}_1'\mathbf{X}_1)^{-1}\mathbf{X}_1'(\mathbf{X}_1\boldsymbol{\beta}_1 + \mathbf{X}_2\boldsymbol{\beta}_2) \\ &= \boldsymbol{\beta}_1 + (\mathbf{X}_1'\mathbf{X}_1)^{-1}\mathbf{X}_1'\mathbf{X}_2\boldsymbol{\beta}_2 = \boldsymbol{\beta}_1 + \mathbf{A}\boldsymbol{\beta}_2 \end{split}$$

b. Let:

$$oldsymbol{eta}_1 = \left[egin{array}{c} eta_0 \ eta_1 \ eta_2 \ eta_3 \end{array}
ight] \hspace{1cm} oldsymbol{eta}_2 = \left[egin{array}{c} eta_{12} \ eta_{13} \ eta_{23} \end{array}
ight]$$

Then:

and:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

The results follow from $\mathbf{E}\{\mathbf{b}_1\} = \boldsymbol{\beta}_1 + \mathbf{A}\boldsymbol{\beta}_2$.

Chapter 30

RESPONSE SURFACE METHODOLOGY

30.2. Second block:

X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4
2	0	0	0
-2	0	0	0
0	2	0	0
0	-2	0	0
0	0	2	0
0	0	-2	0
0	0	0	2
0	0	0	-2

Any number of center points may be added to the second block.

30.7. a. 21

b. 5, 5, 10

c. 21, 27

30.8.

X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	X_5
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
1	1	-1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1	-1
-1	1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	-1	1	-1
-1	1	-1	1	-1
-1	-1	1	1	-1
1	1	1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1	1
-1	1	-1	-1	1
-1	-1	1	-1	1
1	1	1	-1	1
-1	-1	-1	1	1
1	1	-1	1	1
1	-1	1	1	1
-1	1	1	1	1

X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	X_5
2	0	0	0	0
-2	0	0	0	0
0	2	0	0	0
0	-2	0	0	0
0	0	2	0	0
0	0	-2	0	0
0	0	0	2	0
0	0	0	-2	0
0	0	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	-2
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0

- 30.9. No, base design is resolution III.
- 30.10. $\alpha = [2^{9-3}(1)/(1)]^{1/4} = 2.828$
- 30.11. b.

Coef.	b_q	P-value	Coef.	b_q	P-value
b_0	1.868		b_{13}	038	.471
b_1	.190	.007	b_{23}	062	.251
b_2	.195	.006	b_{11}	.228	.044
b_3	120	.039	b_{22}	047	.602
b_{12}	.162	.020	b_{33}	.028	.757

- d. H_0 : $\beta_q = 0$, H_a : $\beta_q \neq 0$. $s\{b_q\} = .0431$ (for linear effects), $s\{b_q\} = .0481$ (for interaction effects), $s\{b_q\} = .0849$ (for quadratic effects). If P-value $\geq .05$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Active effects (see part b): β_1 , β_2 , β_3 , β_{12} , β_{11}
- 30.12. a.

Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q
$\overline{b_0}$	1.860	$\overline{b_3}$	120
b_1	.190	b_{12}	.162
b_2	.195	b_{11}	.220

- b. H_0 : Normal, H_a : not normal. r=.947. If $r\geq .938$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
- 30.13. a.

Coef.	b_q	Coef.	b_q
b_0	189.750	$\overline{b_{12}}$	13.750
b_1	28.247	b_{11}	-18.128
b_2	772	b_{22}	-6.875

- c. H_0 : No lack of fit, H_a : lack of fit. $SSLF = SSE SSPE = 978.9 230.75 = 748.15, <math>F^* = (748.15/3) \div (230.75/3) = 3.24, F(.99; 3, 3) = 29.5$. If $F^* \le 29.5$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_0 .
 - e. (1.22, 1.16)
 - f. $\hat{Y}_h = 206.54$, $s\{\hat{Y}_h\} = 13.70$, t(.975;6) = 2.447, $206.54 \pm 2.447(13.70)$, $173.0 \le E\{Y_h\} \le 240.1$.
- 30.14. a.

Design Matrix:				
X_1	X_2			
707	707			
.707	707			
707	.707			
.707	.707			
-1	0			
1	0			
0	-1			
0	1			
0	0			
0	0			
0	0			
0	0			
0	0			
0	0			
0	0			
0	0			

Corner Points:

X_1	X_2
707	707
.707	707
707	.707
.707	.707

b.

$$(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} .125 & 0 & 0 & -.125 & -.125 & 0 \\ 0 & .250 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & .250 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -.125 & 0 & 0 & .5 & 0 & 0 \\ -.125 & 0 & 0 & 0 & .5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

30.15. a.

X_1	X_2	X_1	X_2
$\overline{-1}$	$\overline{-1}$	0	0
1	-1	0	0
-1	1	0	0
1	1	0	0
-1.414	0	0	0
1.414	0		
0	-1.414		
0	1.414		
$n_0 = 5$			

b. Variance function:

$$.20 - .075X_1^2 - .075X_2^2 + .14375X_1^4 + .14375X_2^4 + .2875X_1^2X_2^2$$

30.16. a.

$$\mathbf{b}^* = \begin{bmatrix} -2.077 \\ .724 \end{bmatrix} \qquad s = 2.200$$

b.

t	X_1	X_2
1.5	-1.416	.494
2.5	-2.361	.823
3.5	-3.304	1.152

30.17. a.

$$\mathbf{b}^* = \begin{bmatrix} 13.519 \\ 13.494 \\ -21.581 \end{bmatrix} \qquad s = 28.820$$

b.

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc} t & X_1 & X_2 & X_3 \\ \hline -1 & -.469 & -.468 & .749 \\ -2 & -.938 & -.936 & 1.498 \\ -3 & -1.407 & -1.404 & 2.246 \\ \end{array}$$

30.18. a.

Design	Variance Function
1	$.67885116X + .1710X^202264X^3 + .001029X^4$
2	$.52664048X + .1475X^202012X^3 + .000914X^4$
3	$.66154504X + .1393X^201788X^3 + .0008129X^4$

b.

Design	\overline{V}
1	.1993
2	.2037
3	.1869

Design 3 preferred

c.

Comparison	E_V
Design 1 relative to design 2	1.02
Design 1 relative to design 3	.94
Design 2 relative to design 3	.92
1/.94 = 1.06 times	

d.

Design	$\mid (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} \mid$
1	6.35057×10^{-7}
2	4.70419×10^{-7}
3	5.57533×10^{-7}

Design 2 preferred

e.

Comparison	E_D
Design 1 relative to design 2	.90
Design 1 relative to design 3	.96
Design 2 relative to design 3	1.06
1/.90 = 1.11 times	

- 30.19. a. Design 2 is D-optimal
 - b. Design 3 is V-optimal
- 30.20. a. Irregular

c.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Design} & \bar{V} \\ \hline 1 & .5235 \\ 2 & .8962 \\ \end{array}$$

Design 1 preferred

d. $E_V = 1.712, 1/1.712 = .584$ times

e.

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 \text{Design} & | (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} | \\
 1 & .393 \\
 2 & 1.567
\end{array}$$

Design 1 preferred

f. $E_D = .794, 1/.794 = 1.26$ times

30.21. a. *D*-optimal design: $|(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}| = .2998$

X_1	X_2	Number of Replicates
-1	-1	1
5	-1	1
5	0	1
.25	0	1
0	1	2
1	1	1
.5	1	2

No

b. V-optimal design: $\bar{V} = .4765$

X_1	X_2	Number of Replicates
$\overline{-1}$	-1	1
5	-1	1
5	0	1
.25	0	1
0	1	1
.5	1	1
1	1	1
0	.25	2

Appendix D: RULES FOR DEVELOPING ANOVA MODELS AND TABLES FOR BALANCED DESIGNS

D.1.

	i	j	k					
	R	R	R		$E{MSA}$	$E\{MSB\}$	E{MSAB}	$E{MSE}$
	a	b	n	Variance	i	j	ij	(ij)k
α_i	1	b	\overline{n}	σ_{α}^{2}	bn	0	0	0
eta_j	a	1	n	σ_{eta}^2	0	an	0	0
$(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$	1	1	n	$\sigma_{lphaeta}^2$	n	n	n	0
$\epsilon_{k(ij)}$	1	1	1	σ^2	1	1	1	1

D.2. a.

Model	Coef-	Symbolic	Term to	Degrees of
Term	ficient	Product	be Squared	Freedom
$lpha_i$	bcn	i-1	$ar{Y}_i$ $-ar{Y}$	a-1
eta_j	acn	j-1	$ar{Y}_{\cdot j \cdot \cdot \cdot} - ar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot}$	b-1
γ_k	abn	k-1	$ar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot k \cdot} - ar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot}$	c-1
$(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$	cn	ij - i - j + 1	$\bar{Y}_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{i} - \bar{Y}_{.j} + \bar{Y}_{}$	(a-1)(b-1)
$(\alpha\gamma)_{ik}$	bn	ik - i - k + 1	$\bar{Y}_{i\cdot k\cdot} - \bar{Y}_{i\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot k\cdot} + \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot}$	(a-1)(c-1)
$(\beta\gamma)_{jk}$	an	jk - j - k + 1	$ar{Y}_{\cdot jk\cdot} - ar{Y}_{\cdot j\cdot\cdot} - ar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot k\cdot} + ar{Y}_{\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot}$	(b-1)(c-1)
$(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$	n	ijk - ij - ik	$\bar{Y}_{ijk\cdot} - \bar{Y}_{ij\cdot\cdot} - \bar{Y}_{i\cdot k\cdot} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot jk\cdot}$	(a-1)(b-1)(c-1)
		-jk + i + j + k - 1	$+\dot{\bar{Y}}_{i}+\dot{\bar{Y}}_{.j}+\dot{\bar{Y}}_{k.}-\dot{\bar{Y}}_{}$	
$\epsilon_{m(ijk)}$	1	ijkm-ijk	$Y_{ijkm} - \bar{Y}_{ijk}$	abc(n-1)
Total			V_{\cdots} , $ar{V}$	ahan 1

Total $Y_{ijkm} - \bar{Y}_{...}$ abcn - 1

b.

	i	Ĵ	k	m									
								Expec	ted M	ean Sc	quare o	of	
	R	R	R	R	Vari-	\overline{A}	В	C	AB	AC	BC	ABC	\overline{E}
	a	b	c	n	ance	i	j	k	ij	ik	jk	ijk	(ijk)m
α_i	1	b	c	n	σ_{α}^2	bcn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
eta_j	a	1	c	n	σ_{eta}^2	0	nac	0	0	0	0	0	0
γ_k	a	b	1	n	σ_{γ}^2	0	0	abn	0	0	0	0	0
$(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$	1	1	c	n	$\sigma^{2^{'}}_{lphaeta}$	nc	nc	0	nc	0	0	0	0
$(\alpha\gamma)_{ik}$	1	b	1	n	$\sigma^{2'}_{lpha\gamma}$	nb	0	nb	0	nb	0	0	0
$(\beta\gamma)_{jk}$	a	1	1	n	$\sigma_{eta\gamma}^2$	0	na	na	0	0	na	0	0
$(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$	1	1	1	n	$\sigma_{\alpha\beta\gamma}^{2}$	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	0
$\epsilon_{m(ijk)}$	1	1	1	1	σ^2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

D.3. a. See Problem D.2a.

b.

	i	j	k	m									
						Expected Mean Square of —							
	F	R	R	R	Vari-	\overline{A}	В	C	AB	AC	BC	ABC	\overline{E}
	a	b	c	n	ance	i	j	k	ij	ik	jk	ijk	(ijk)m
α_i	0	b	c	n	σ_{α}^2	bcn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
eta_j	a	1	c	n	σ_{eta}^2	0	nac	0	0	0	0	0	0
γ_k	a	b	1	n	σ_{γ}^2	0	0	abn	0	0	0	0	0
$(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$	1	1	c	n	$\sigma_{lphaeta}^{2^{'}}$	nc	0	0	nc	0	0	0	0
$(\alpha\gamma)_{ik}$	1	b	1	n	$\sigma_{lpha\gamma}^{2^{'}}$	nb	0	0	0	nb	0	0	0
$(\beta\gamma)_{jk}$	a	1	1	n	$\sigma_{eta\gamma}^{2}$	0	na	na	0	0	na	0	0
$(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$	1	1	1	n	$\sigma_{lphaeta\gamma}^{2}$	n	0	0	n	n	0	n	0
$\epsilon_{m(ijk)}$	1	1	1	1	σ^2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

D.4. a.

Model Term	Symbolic Product	Sum of Squares	Degrees of Freedom
β_j $\alpha_{i(j)}$ $\epsilon_{k(ij)}$	j-1 $ij-j$ $ijk-ij$	$an \sum (\bar{Y}_{.j.} - \bar{Y}_{})^{2} n \sum \sum (\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{.j.})^{2} \sum \sum \sum (Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{ij.})^{2}$	b-1 $b(a-1)$ $ab(n-1)$
Total		$\sum \sum \sum (Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{})^2$	abn-1

b.

	j	i	k				
	F	R	R	Vari-	E{MSB}	$E\{MSA(B)\}$	$E{MSE}$
	b	a	n	ance	j	i(j)	(ij)k
β_j	0	\overline{a}	\overline{n}	σ_{β}^2	an	0	0
$\alpha_{i(j)}$	1	1	n	σ_{α}^2	n	n	0
$\epsilon_{k(ij)}$	1	1	1	σ^2	1	1	1

$$E\{MSB\} = \frac{an\sum \beta_j^2}{b-1} + n\sigma_{\alpha}^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$E\{MSE\} = \sigma^2$$

$$E\{MSA(B)\} = n\sigma_{\alpha}^2 + \sigma^2$$

c. MSA(B)

D.5. a.

Model	Coef-	Symbolic	Term to be	Degrees of
Term	ficient	Product	Squared	Freedom
$ ho_i$	r	i-1	$ar{Y}_{i\cdot} - ar{Y}_{\cdot\cdot}$	n-1
$ au_j$	n_b	j-1	$\bar{Y}_{\cdot j} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot}$	r-1
Error			Remainder =	Remainder $=$
			$Y_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{i\cdot} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot j} + \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot}$	$(r-1)(n_b-1)$
			_	
Total			$Y_{ii}-Y_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$	rn_b-1

b.

	i	j				
	F	F	Vari-	$E\{MSBL\}$	$E\{MSTR\}$	$E\{MSE\}$
	n_b	r	ance	i	j	(ij)
$\overline{ ho_i}$	0	r	σ_{ρ}^2	r	0	0
$ au_j$	n_b	0	$\sigma_{ au}^2$	0	n_b	0
$\epsilon_{(ij)}$	1	1	σ^2	1	1	1

D.6. a. See Problem D.5a.

b.

	i	j				
	F	R	Vari-	$E\{MSBL\}$	E{MSTR}	$E{MSE}$
	n_b	r	ance	i	j	(ij)
$\overline{ ho_i}$	0	r	σ_{ρ}^2	r	0	0
$ au_j$	n_b	1	$\sigma_{ au}^2$	0	n_b	0
$\epsilon_{(ij)}$	1	1	σ^2	1	1	1

D.7. a. See Problem D.5a.

b.

	i	j				
	R	F	Vari-	$E\{MSBL\}$	E{MSTR}	E{MSE}
	n_b	r	ance	i	j	(ij)
$\overline{\rho_i}$	1	r	σ_{ρ}^2	r	0	0
$ au_j$	n_b	0	$\sigma_{ au}^2$	0	n_b	0
$\epsilon_{(ij)}$	1	1	σ^2	1	1	1

D.8. a.

b.

	i	j	k					
	R	F	R	Vari-	$E\{MSBL\}$	$E\{MSTR\}$	E{MSEE}	E{MSOE}
	n_b	r	m	ance	i	j	(ij)	(ij)k
ρ_i	1	r	m	$\sigma_{ ho}^2$	rm	0	0	0
$ au_j$	n_b	0	m	$\sigma_{ au}^2$	0	$n_b m$	0	0
$\epsilon_{(ij)}$	1	1	m	σ^2	m	m	m	0
$\eta_{k(ij)}$	1	1	1	σ_{η}^2	1	1	1	1
E{MSI						E{MSEE	$\} = m\sigma^2 + \sigma^2$	σ_{η}^2
E{MST	Γ R}	$=\frac{n_b}{}$	$\frac{m\sum_{r=1}^{\infty}}{r-1}$	$\frac{\tau_j^2}{T} + m$	$\sigma^2 + \sigma_\eta^2$	E{MSO	$\mathbf{E}\} = \sigma_{\eta}^2$	

D.9. a.

Model Term	Symbolic Product	Sum of Squares	Degrees of Freedom
α_{i} $\beta_{j(k)}$ γ_{k} $(\alpha\gamma)_{ik}$ $(\alpha\beta)_{ij(k)}$ $\epsilon_{m(ijk)}$	$i-1\\jk-k\\k-1\\ik-i-k+1\\ijk-ik-jk+k\\ijkm-ijk$	$bcn \sum (\bar{Y}_{i} - \bar{Y}_{})^{2}$ $an \sum \sum (\bar{Y}_{jk.} - \bar{Y}_{k.})^{2}$ $abn \sum (\bar{Y}_{k.} - \bar{Y}_{})^{2}$ $bn \sum \sum (\bar{Y}_{i.k.} - \bar{Y}_{i} - \bar{Y}_{k.} + \bar{Y}_{})^{2}$ $n \sum \sum \sum (\bar{Y}_{ijk.} - \bar{Y}_{i.k.} - \bar{Y}_{.jk.} + \bar{Y}_{k.})^{2}$ $\sum \sum \sum \sum (Y_{ijkm} - \bar{Y}_{ijk.})^{2}$	a-1 $c(b-1)$ $c-1$ $(a-1)(c-1)$ $(a-1)(b-1)c$ $abc(n-1)$
Total		$\sum \sum \sum \sum (Y_{ijkm} - \bar{Y}_{})^2$	abcn-1

b.

	i	j	k	m							
							Expect	ted M	ean Sc	quare of -	
	F	R	R	R	Vari-	\overline{A}	B(C)	C	AC	AB(C)	\overline{E}
	a	b	c	n	ance	i	j(k)	k	ik	ij(k)	m(ijk)
α_i	0	b	c	n	σ_{α}^2	bcn	0	0	0	0	0
$\beta_{j(k)}$	a	1	1	n		0	an	an	0	0	0
γ_k	a	b	1	n	σ_{γ}^2	0	0	abn	0	0	0
$(\alpha\gamma)_{ik}$	0	b	1	n	$\sigma_{lpha\gamma}^{2'}$	bn	0	0	bn	0	0
$(\alpha\beta)_{ij(k)}$	0	1	1	n	$\sigma_{eta}^2 \ \sigma_{eta}^2 \ \sigma_{lpha\gamma}^2 \ \sigma_{lpha\gamma}^2 \ \sigma_{lphaeta}^2 \ \sigma_{lphaeta}^2$	n	0	0	n	n	0
$\epsilon_{m(ijk)}$	1	1	1	1	•	1	1	1	1	1	1
E{MSA} =	$=\frac{bcn}{c}$	$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \alpha_i^2$	$\frac{1}{2} + l$	$n\sigma_{\alpha}^2$	$_{\gamma}+n\sigma_{\alpha}^{2}$	$_{\beta}+\sigma^{2}$	2				
$E\{MSA\} = \frac{bcn\sum_{\alpha=1}^{\alpha_i^2} + bn\sigma_{\alpha\gamma}^2 + n\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 + \sigma^2}{E\{MSB(C)\}} = an\sigma_{\beta}^2 + \sigma^2$											
$E\{MSC\} = an\sigma_{\beta}^{2} + abn\sigma_{\gamma}^{2} + \sigma \qquad E\{MSAB(C)\} = n\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^{2} + \sigma^{2}$											
$E\{MSAC\} = bn\sigma_{\alpha\gamma}^2 + n\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2 + \sigma^2 \qquad E\{MSE\} = \sigma^2$											

D.10. e_{ijk} :

- ijn -				
		j = 1	j=2	j = 3
	k = 1	-2.3333	.3333	-1.6667
i = 1	k = 2	1.6667	-1.6667	.3333
	k = 3	.6667	1.3333	1.3333
	k = 1	3333	2.3333	-1.0000
i = 2	k = 2	1.6667	6667	.0000
	k = 3	-1.3333	-1.6667	1.0000
	k = 1	-1.6667	-1.6667	-1.3333
i = 3	k = 2	1.3333	1.3333	.6667
	k = 3	.3333	.3333	.6667

r = .981

D.11. a

Source	SS	df	MS
Blocks	520.963	2	260.4815
Treatments	103.185	2	51.5925
Experimental error	5.259	4	1.3148
Observation error	45.333	18	2.5185
Total	674.741	26	

- b. H_0 : all τ_j equal zero (j = 1, 2, 3), H_a : not all τ_j equal zero. $F^* = 51.5925/1.3148 = 39.24$, F(.95; 2, 4) = 6.94. If $F^* \le 6.94$ conclude H_0 , otherwise H_a . Conclude H_a . P-value = .002.
- c. $\bar{Y}_{.1.} = 24.77778$, $\bar{Y}_{.2.} = 20.00000$, $\bar{Y}_{.3.} = 22.66667$, $\hat{L}_1 = \bar{Y}_{.1.} \bar{Y}_{.2.} = 4.77778$, $\hat{L}_2 = \bar{Y}_{.1.} \bar{Y}_{.3.} = 2.11111$, $\hat{L}_3 = \bar{Y}_{.2.} \bar{Y}_{.3.} = -2.66667$, $s\{\hat{L}_i\} = .5405$ (i = 1, 2, 3), q(.90; 3, 4) = 3.98, T = 2.8143

$$4.77778 \pm 2.8143(.5405)$$
 $3.257 \le L_1 \le 6.299$

d.
$$\hat{\sigma}^2 = 0$$
, $\hat{\sigma}_{\eta}^2 = 2.5185$

D.12. a.

Model	Coef-	Symbolic	Term to	Degrees of
Term	ficient	Product	Be Squared	Freedom
$\overline{ ho_i}$	ab	i-1	$\bar{Y}_{i\cdots} - \bar{Y}_{\cdots}$	s-1
α_j	sb	j-1	$ar{Y}_{\cdot j \cdot} - ar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$	a-1
eta_k	sa	k-1	$ar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot \cdot k} - ar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot \cdot }$	b-1
$(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$	s	jk - j - k + 1	$\bar{Y}_{.jk} - \bar{Y}_{.j.} - \bar{Y}_{k} + \bar{Y}_{}$	(a-1)(b-1)
Error			Remainder =	Remainder =
			$Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{i\cdots} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot jk} + \bar{Y}_{\cdots}$	(s-1)(ab-1)
			_	

Total $Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{...}$ abs - 1

b.

	i	j	k						
					Exp	pecte	ed M	ean Sq	uare of
	R	F	F	Vari-	\overline{S}	\overline{A}	B	AB	Rem
	s	a	b	ance	i	j	k	jk	(ijk)
$\overline{\rho_i}$	1	\overline{a}	b	σ_{ρ}^2	ab	0	0	0	0
α_{j}	s	0	b	σ_{lpha}^2	0	sb	0	0	0
eta_k	s	a	0	σ_{eta}^2	0	0	sa	0	0
$(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$	s	0	0	$\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^2$	0	0	0	s	0
$\epsilon_{(ijk)}$	1	1	1	σ^2	1	1	1	1	1

D.13. a.

Model	Coef-	Symbolic	Term to	Degrees of
Term	ficient	Product	Be Squared	Freedom
$\begin{array}{c} \alpha_j \\ \beta_k \\ (\alpha\beta)_{jk} \\ \rho_{i(j)} \\ \text{Error} \end{array}$	bs as s b	j-1 $k-1$ $jk-j-k+1$ $ij-j$	$\begin{split} & \bar{Y}_{\cdot j \cdot} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot \cdot} \\ & \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot k} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot \cdot} \\ & \bar{Y}_{\cdot j k} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot j \cdot} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot k} + \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot} \\ & \bar{Y}_{i j \cdot} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot j} \\ & \text{Remainder} = \\ & Y_{i j k} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot j k} - \bar{Y}_{i j \cdot} + \bar{Y}_{\cdot j} \end{split}$	a-1 $b-1$ $(a-1)(b-1)$ $a(s-1)$ Remainder = $a(s-1)(b-1)$

Total $Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{...}$ abs - 1

b.

	j	k	i								
				Expected Mean Square of –							
	F	F	R	Vari-	\overline{A}	B	AB	S(A)	Rem		
	a	b	s	ance	j	k	jk	i(j)	(ijk)		
$\overline{\alpha_j}$	0	b	s	σ_{α}^2	bs	0	0	0	0		
eta_k	a	0	s	σ_{eta}^2	0	as	0	0	0		
$(\alpha\beta)_{jk}$	0	0	s	$\sigma_{lphaeta}^2$	0	0	s	0	0		
$ ho_{i(j)}$	1	b	1	$\sigma_{ ho}^2$	b	0	0	b	0		
$\epsilon_{(ijk)}$	1	1	1	σ^2	1	1	1	1	1		

D.14. Note: The subscript for subjects here is l instead of the usual i and the subscripts for factor A, B, and C are i, j, and k, respectively.

a.

$$Y_{ijklm} = \mu_{...} + \alpha_i + \beta_j + \gamma_k + \rho_{l(ik)} + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + (\alpha\gamma)_{ik} + (\beta\gamma)_{jk} + (\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk} + \epsilon_{m(ijkl)}$$

b.

Model	Coef-	Symbolic	Term to	Degrees of
Term	ficient	Product	Be Squared	Freedom
α_i	bcrn	i-1	$ar{Y}_{i}$ $-ar{Y}$	a-1
eta_j	acrn	j-1	$\bar{Y}_{\cdot j \cdot \cdot \cdot} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot}$	b-1
γ_k	abrn	k-1	$\bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot k \cdot \cdot} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot}$	c-1
$ ho_{l(ik)}$	abcn	ikl-ik	$ar{Y}_{i\cdot kl\cdot} - ar{Y}_{i\cdot k\cdot\cdot}$	ac(r-1)
$(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$	crn	ij - i - j + 1	$\bar{Y}_{ij} - \bar{Y}_{i} - \bar{Y}_{.j} + \bar{Y}_{}$	(a-1)(b-1)
$(\alpha\gamma)_{ik}$	brn	ik - i - k + 1	$\bar{Y}_{i\cdot k\cdot \cdot \cdot} - \bar{Y}_{i\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot k\cdot \cdot} + \bar{Y}_{\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot}$	(a-1)(c-1)
$(\beta\gamma)_{jk}$	arn	jk - j - k + 1	$\bar{Y}_{.jk} - \bar{Y}_{.j} - \bar{Y}_{k} + \bar{Y}_{}$	(b-1)(c-1)
$(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$	rn	ijk - ik - jk	$\bar{Y}_{ijk\cdots} - \bar{Y}_{i\cdot k\cdots} - \bar{Y}_{\cdot jk\cdots} - \bar{Y}_{ij\cdots}$	(a-1)(b-1)(c-1)
		-ij + i + j + k - 1	$+\bar{Y}_{i}+\bar{Y}_{.j}+\bar{Y}_{k}-\bar{Y}_{}$	
Error			Remainder $=$	Remainder =
			$Y_{ijklm} - \bar{Y}_{i \cdot kl} - \bar{Y}_{ijk \cdot \cdot} + \bar{Y}_{i \cdot k}$	abcrn - acr - abc + ac

Total $Y_{ijklm} - \bar{Y}_{....}$ abcrn - 1

$$SSA = bcrn \sum (\bar{Y}_{i...} - \bar{Y}_{...})^{2}$$

$$SSB = acrn \sum (\bar{Y}_{.j..} - \bar{Y}_{...})^{2}$$

$$SSC = abrn \sum (\bar{Y}_{.k..} - \bar{Y}_{...})^{2}$$

$$etc.$$

	i	j	k	l	m	
	F	F	F	R	R	
	a = 3	b=4	c = 2	r = 4	n = 2	Variance
α_i	0	b	c	r	n	σ_{α}^{2}
eta_j	a	0	c	r	n	σ_{eta}^2
γ_k	a	b	0	r	n	σ_{γ}^2
$ ho_{l(ik)}$	1	b	1	1	n	$\sigma_{ ho}^2$
$(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$	0	0	c	r	n	$\sigma^2_{lphaeta}$
$(\alpha\gamma)_{ik}$	0	b	0	r	n	$\sigma^2_{lphaeta} \ \sigma^2_{lpha\gamma}$
$(\beta\gamma)_{jk}$	a	0	0	r	n	
$(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$	0	0	0	r	n	$\sigma^2_{eta\gamma} \ \sigma^2_{lphaeta\gamma}$
$\epsilon_{m(ijkl)}$	1	1	1	1	1	σ^2

Expected Mean Sq.	uare of $$
-------------------	------------

		I										
	\overline{A}	B	C	S(AC)	AB	AC	BC	ABC	\overline{E}			
	i	j	k	l(ik)	ij	ik	jk	ijk	m(ijkl)			
$\overline{\alpha_i}$	bcrn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
eta_j	0	acrn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
γ_k	0	0	abrn	0	0	0	0	0	0			
$ ho_{l(ik)}$	bn	0	bn	bn	0	bn	0	0	0			
$(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$	0	0	0	0	crn	0	0	0	0			
$(\alpha\gamma)_{ik}$	0	0	0	0	0	brn	0	0	0			
$(\beta\gamma)_{jk}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	arn	0	0			
$(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	rn	0			
$\epsilon_{m(ijkl)}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			

$$E\{MSA\} = 64 \sum \frac{\alpha_i^2}{2} + 8\sigma_\rho^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$E\{MSB\} = 48 \sum \frac{\beta_j^2}{3} + \sigma^2$$

$$E\{MSC\} = 96 \sum \frac{\gamma_k^2}{1} + 8\sigma_\rho^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$E\{MSS(AC)\} = 8\sigma_\rho^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$E\{MSAB\} = 16 \sum \sum \frac{(\alpha\beta)_{ij}^2}{6} + \sigma^2$$

$$E\{MSAC\} = 32 \sum \sum \frac{(\alpha\gamma)_{ik}^2}{2} + 8\sigma_\rho^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$E\{MSBC\} = 24 \sum \sum \frac{(\beta\gamma)_{jk}^2}{3} + \sigma^2$$

$$E\{MSABC\} = 8 \sum \sum \sum \frac{(\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk}^2}{6} + \sigma^2$$

$$E\{MSE\} = \sigma^2$$

D.15.

	i	j	k					
	F	F	F	Vari-	E{MSROW}	E{MSCOL}	E{MSTR}	E{MSE}
	r	r	r	ance	i	j	k	(ijk)
$ ho_i$	0	r	r	σ_{ρ}^2	r	0	0	0
κ_j	r	0	r	σ_{κ}^{2}	0	r	0	0
$ au_k$	r	r	0	$\sigma_{ au}^2$	0	0	r	0
$\epsilon_{(ijk)}$	1	1	1	σ^2	1	1	1	1

D.16.

	i	j	k	m					
	F	F	F	R	Vari-	E{MSROW}	E{MSCOL}	E{MSTR}	E{MSRem}
	r	r	r	n	ance	i	j	k	m(ijk)
$\overline{\rho_i}$	0	r	r	n	σ_{ρ}^2	rn	0	0	0
κ_j	r	0	r	n	σ_{κ}^2	0	rn	0	0
$ au_k$	r	r	0	n	$\sigma_{ au}^2$	0	0	rn	0
$\epsilon_{m(ijk)}$	1	1	1	1	σ^2	1	1	1	1

$$\begin{split} & \text{E}\{\text{MSROW}\} &= \sigma^2 + \frac{rn\sum \rho_i^2}{r-1} & \text{E}\{\text{MSTR}\} = \sigma^2 + \frac{rn\sum \tau_k^2}{r-1} \\ & \text{E}\{\text{MSCOL}\} &= \sigma^2 + \frac{rn\sum \kappa_j^2}{r-1} & \text{E}\{\text{MSRem}\} = \sigma^2 \end{split}$$

D.17.

	i	j	k	m						
						Exp	ecte	d Mea	n Squa	re of
	F	F	F	R	Vari-	\overline{P}	O	TR	S(P)	Rem
	r	r	r	n	ance	i	j	k	m(i)	(ijkm)
$\overline{ ho_i}$	0	r	r	n	σ_{ρ}^2	rn	0	0	0	0
κ_j	r	0	r	n	σ_{κ}^2	0	rn	0	0	0
$ au_k$	r	r	0	n	$\sigma_{ au}^2$	0	0	rn	0	0
$\eta_{m(i)}$	1	r	r	1	σ_{η}^2	r	0	0	r	0
$\epsilon_{(ijkm)}$	1	1	1	1	σ^2	1	1	1	1	1