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; • CSC104 Winter 2020 — Exercise #5 — Print out and fill in by hand, then hand in to the TA at the start of your quiz. •
 ; UTorID (login ID):
        Surname:
      Given Name:
; Assume the following three definitions ...
(define list.A (list 1 (list (list 2 3) 4 5) (list) (list 6 (list 7 8))))
(define list.B (list (list 1 (list) 2 (list 3)) 4 (list (list 5 6 7) 8)))
(define list.C (list (list (list 1) (list 2 3) (list)) (list 4 5) (list (list 6 7)) 8))
; Here's the literal for list.A again, but with a box drawn around each element : (list 1 [(list (list 2 3) 4 5)] [(list)]
                                                                                                                    (list 6 (list 7 8)) )
; Write out the literals for list.B and list.C again, with a box drawn around each element ...
; Here's a simple assertion, using the literal expression for the value of list. A again, but reformatted so that each element of each list is on its own line ...
(same! list.A (list 1
                        (list (list 2
                                4
                                5)
                         (list)
                         (list 6
                                (list 7
; ... which is what the "Stack button does in DrRacket, if you click at the beginning of the list literal and then click that button in the toolbar.
; Do that for the literal expressions for list.B and list.C \dots
  (same! list.B
                                                                              (same! list.C
; Beside each of the following expressions show its value ...
(length list.A)
(length list.B)
(length list.C)
(length (list list.A list.B list.C))
(map length (list list.A list.B list.C))
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; Beside each of the following expressions show its value \dots
(reverse list.A)
(reverse list.B)
(reverse list.C)
;Show, with standard underlining, the steps for: (step (map reverse (rest (list 1 (list (list 2 3) 4 5) (list) (list 6 (list 7 8))))))
; Assume the following definition has been entered/run ... (define (maybe-length v)
                                                     (if (list? v) (length v)
                                                          else __)); that "_" is an image, from (solid-rectangle 8 1)
; ... then show the steps, with standard underlining, for ...
(step (maybe-length "coffee"))
(step (maybe-length (list "coffee" "tea" "water")))
(step (hide maybe-length) (map maybe-length (list "coffee" "tea" "water")))
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(step (hide maybe-length) (map maybe-length (list 1 (list (list 2 3) 4 5) (list) (list 6 (list 7 8)))))
(step (hide maybe-length) (map maybe-length (list (list 1 (list) 2 (list 3)) 4 (list (list 5 6 7) 8))))
(step (hide maybe-length) (map maybe-length (list (list 1) (list 2 3) (list)) (list 4 5) (list (list 6 7)) 8)))
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