geotopbricks

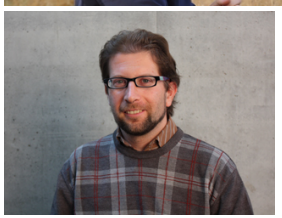
Emanuele Cordano (Rendena100)

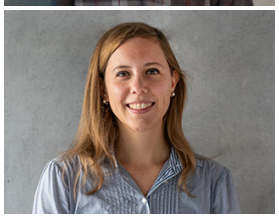
github.com/ecor

Giacomo Bertoldi , Elisa Bortoli (EURAC Ecohydro)

github.com/Ecohydro

Who are we?

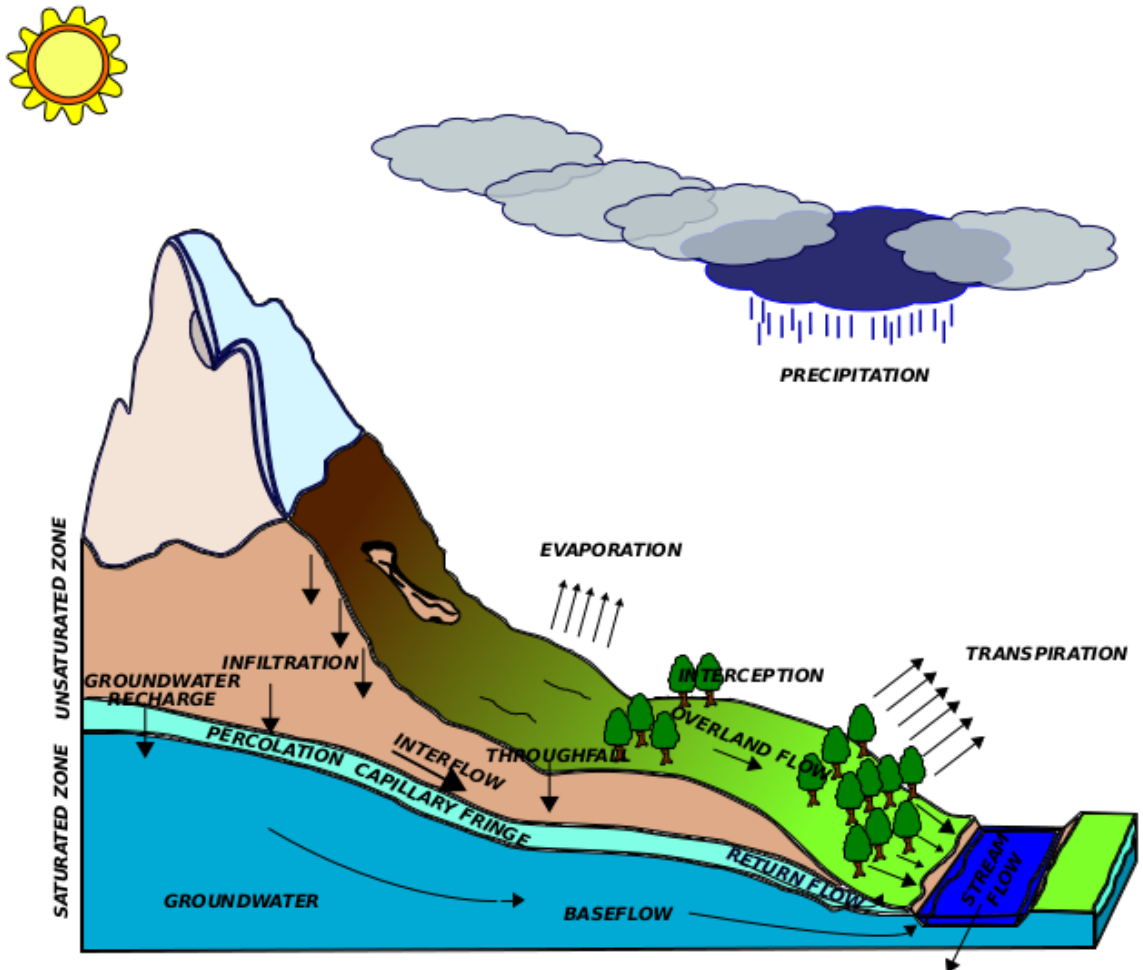




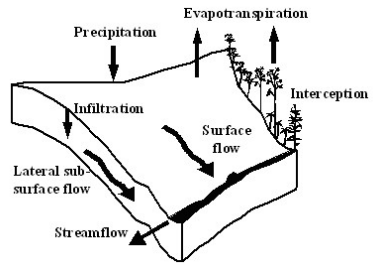
- Environmental engineers with hydraulic and hydrological background (more deterministic and physicall-based than statics!)
- Some of us are resercher, other are self-employed and freelancers - www.rendena100.eu .
- Some of us are author of several R-packages and R enthusiast.
- Some of us are developers of GEOtop hydrologic models with skills in hydrology and environmental science and also in C/C++, parallell programming, High Perfomance Computing, etc

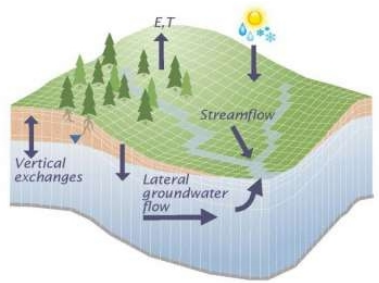
Hydrology

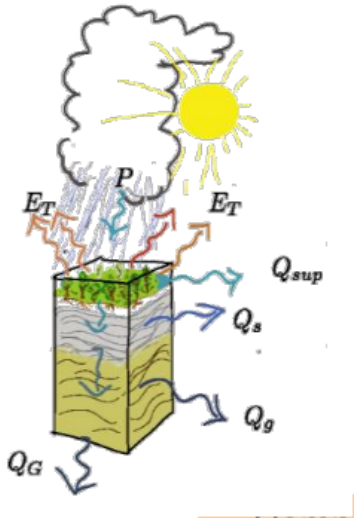
Scientific study of the movement, distribution, and quality of water on Earth water cycle, water resources and environmental watershed sustainability [*Wikipedia*]



Hydrolgical models







Soil water mass balance equation:

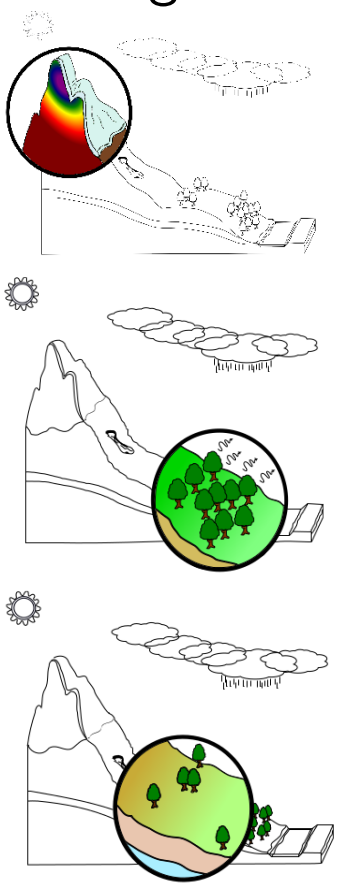
$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial t} = \nabla \cdot [K(\nabla(\psi + z_f))] + S$$

Soil Heat (energy) balance equation:

$$C_s \frac{\partial T_s}{\partial t} = \nabla \cdot [K_t(\nabla T_s)] + \lambda S$$

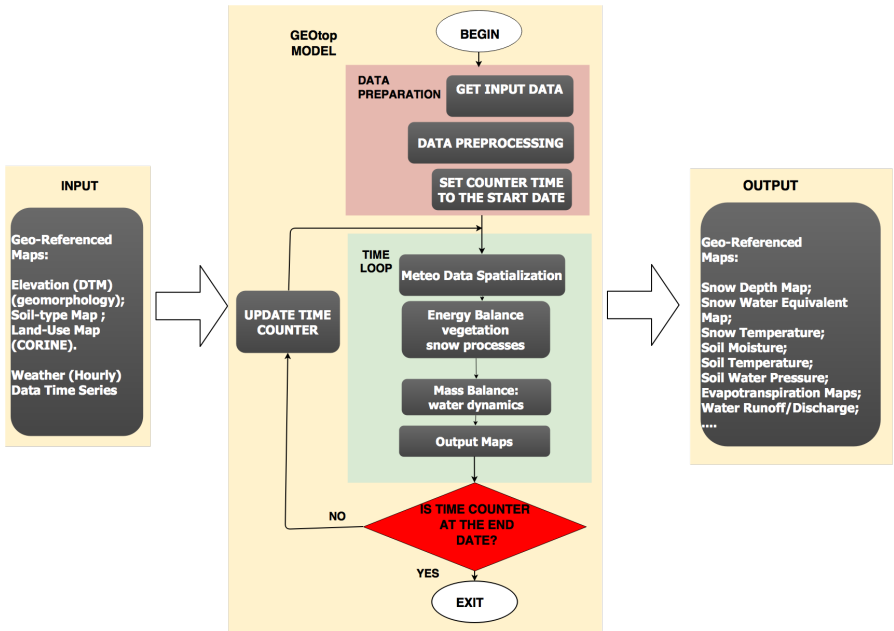
GEOtop Hydrological Model

GEOtop is an open-source integrated hydrological model, available though Github, www.geotop.org, simulating:



- soil water flow in the soil (*Richards' equation,De Saint-Venant Equation)*;
- heat flow in the soil $\rightarrow$ *(heat equation and frozen soil thermodynamics)* ;
- energy exchange with the atmosphere $\rightarrow$ boundary conditions of the equations above.

GEOtop Hydrological Model Structure

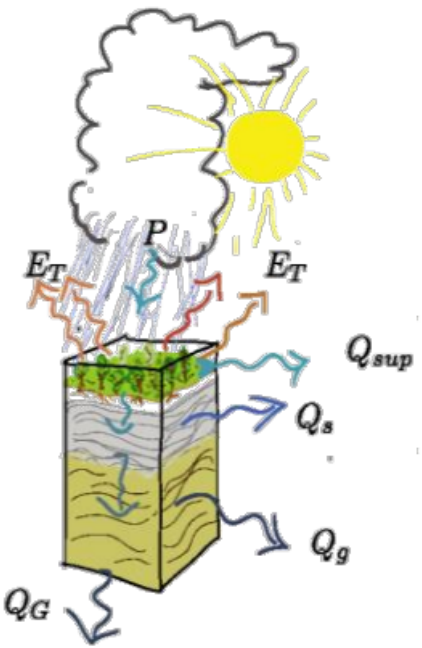


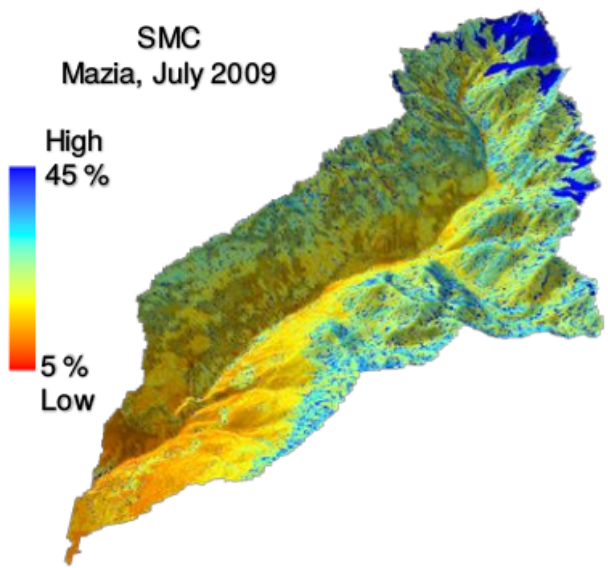
- **Input**: meteo data, elevations, soil parameters,. . .
- **Output**: snow cover, soil temperature, soil moisture,. . .

GEOtop Hydrological Model Options

Water and/or energy budgets can be activated (both or only one) by users in function of the specic use case. GEOtop has two setup configurations :

- **1D**: only vertical fluxes $\rightarrow$ mass and energy balance at local scale (only in one soil column)
- **3D**: vertical and lateral fluxes $\rightarrow$ balances at basin scale



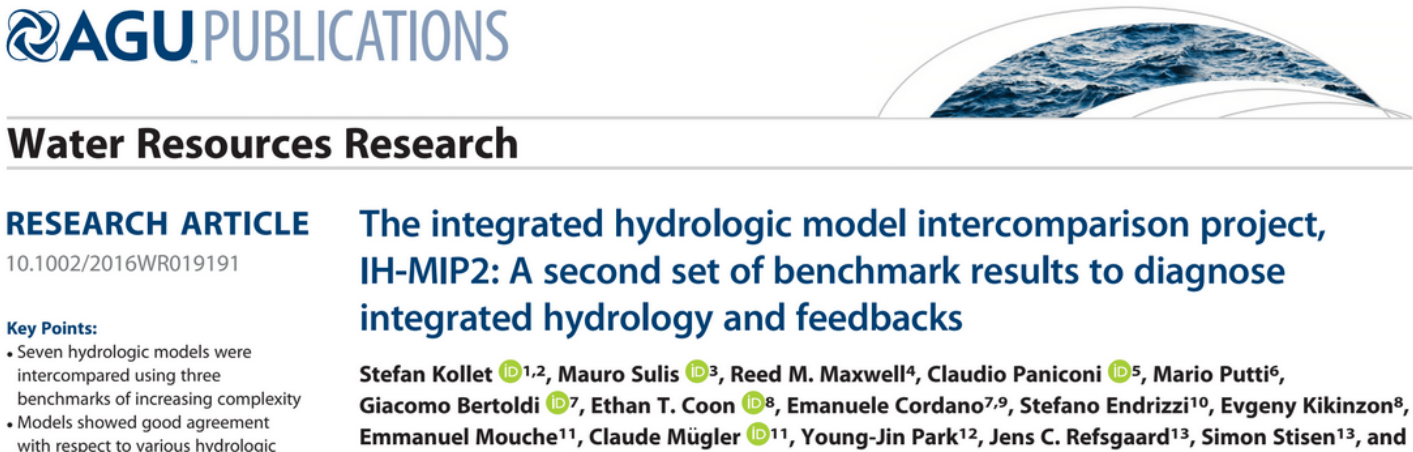


GEOtop Hydrological Model Software Package / Source Code

Core components of GEOtop software packages are:

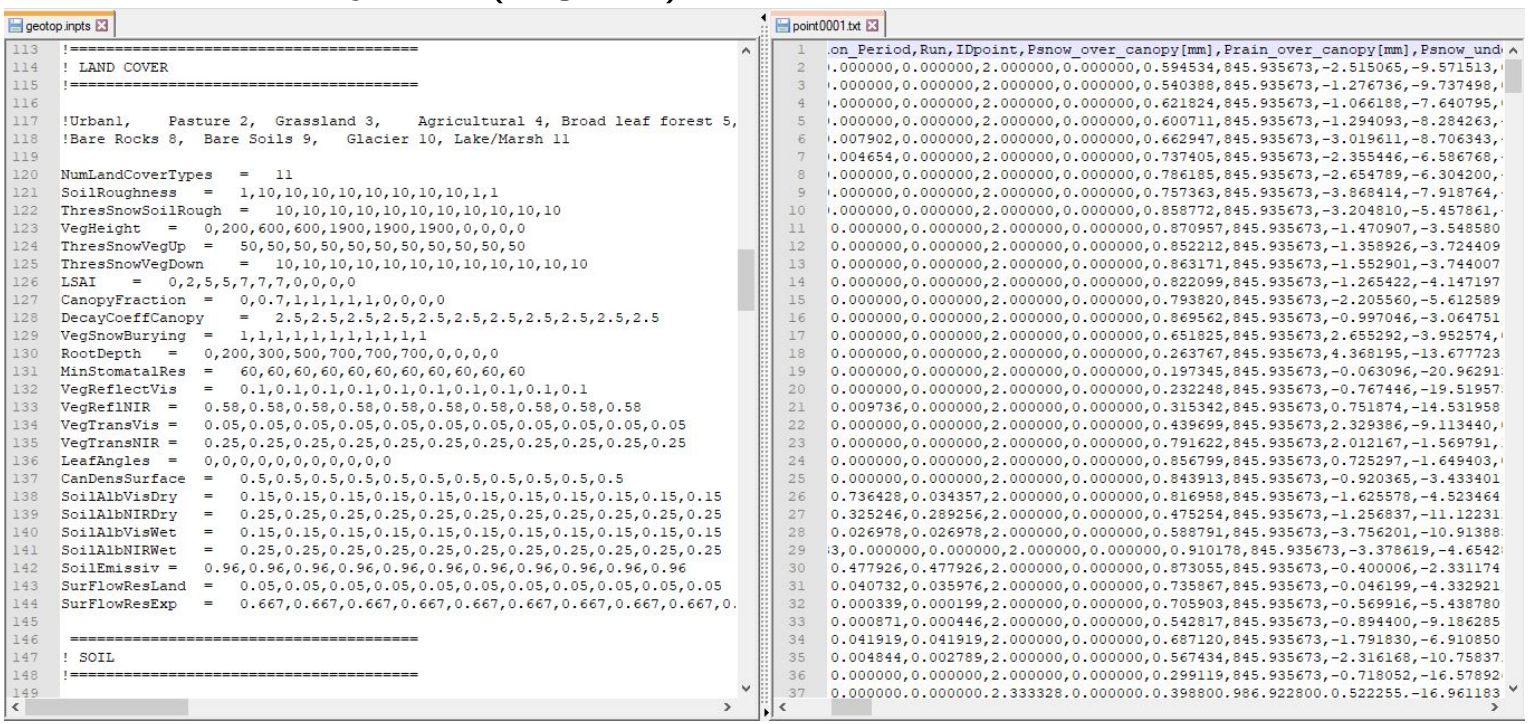
- written in C/C++
- released in 2014 (version 2.0) as free open-source project, a re-engineering process is going to finish (version 3.0);
- scientifically tested and published;

Source code and documentation are available on GitHub repository: [http://geotopmodel.github.io/geotop/].



geotopbrick R package: Why?

- complexity in input/output/configuration files (*"frontend"*) and data difficult to handle
- need of user friendly environment for to GEOtop data tidying and data analytics (e.g. *R*)



geotop.inpts

```
!=======================================
! LAND COVER
!=======================================

!Urban1,    Pasture 2,  Grassland 3,    Agricultural 4, Broad leaf forest 5,
!Bare Rocks 8,  Bare Soils 9,   Glacier 10, Lake/Marsh 11

NumLandCoverTypes   =   11
SoilRoughness   =   1,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,1,1
ThresSnowSoilRough  =   10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10
VegHeight   =   0,200,600,600,1900,1900,1900,0,0,0,0
ThresSnowVegUp  =   50,50,50,50,50,50,50,50,50,50,50
ThresSnowVegDown    =   10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10
LSAI    =   0,2,5,5,7,7,7,0,0,0,0
CanopyFraction  =   0,0.7,1,1,1,1,1,0,0,0,0
DecayCoeffCanopy    =   2.5,2.5,2.5,2.5,2.5,2.5,2.5,2.5,2.5,2.5,2.5
VegSnowBurying  =   1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1
RootDepth   =   0,200,300,500,700,700,700,0,0,0,0
MinStomatalRes  =   60,60,60,60,60,60,60,60,60,60,60
VegReflectVis   =   0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1
VegReflNIR  =   0.58,0.58,0.58,0.58,0.58,0.58,0.58,0.58,0.58,0.58,0.58
VegTransVis =   0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05
VegTransNIR =   0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25
LeafAngles  =   0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
CanDensSurface  =   0.5,0.5,0.5,0.5,0.5,0.5,0.5,0.5,0.5,0.5,0.5
SoilAlbVisDry   =   0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15
SoilAlbNIRDry   =   0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25
SoilAlbVisWet   =   0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15,0.15
SoilAlbNIRWet   =   0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25,0.25
SoilEmissiv =   0.96,0.96,0.96,0.96,0.96,0.96,0.96,0.96,0.96,0.96,0.96
SurFlowResLand  =   0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05,0.05
SurFlowResExp   =   0.667,0.667,0.667,0.667,0.667,0.667,0.667,0.667,0.667,0.

 =======================================
! SOIL
!=======================================
```

point0001.txt

```
on_Period,Run,IDpoint,Psnow_over_canopy[mm],Prain_over_canopy[mm],Psnow_und
.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.594534,845.935673,-2.515065,-9.571513,
.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.540388,845.935673,-1.276736,-9.737498,
.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.621824,845.935673,-1.066188,-7.640795,
.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.600711,845.935673,-1.294093,-8.284263,
.007902,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.662947,845.935673,-3.019611,-8.706343,
.004654,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.737405,845.935673,-2.355446,-6.586768,
.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.786185,845.935673,-2.654789,-6.304200,
.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.757363,845.935673,-3.868414,-7.918764,
.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.858772,845.935673,-3.204810,-5.457861,
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.870957,845.935673,-1.470907,-3.548580
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.852212,845.935673,-1.358926,-3.724409
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.863171,845.935673,-1.552901,-3.744007
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.822099,845.935673,-1.265422,-4.147197
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.793820,845.935673,-2.205560,-5.612589
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.869562,845.935673,-0.997046,-3.064751
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.651825,845.935673,2.655292,-3.952574,
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.263767,845.935673,4.368195,-13.677723
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.197345,845.935673,-0.063096,-20.96291
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.232248,845.935673,-0.767446,-19.51957
0.009736,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.315342,845.935673,0.751874,-14.531958
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.439699,845.935673,2.329386,-9.113440,
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.791622,845.935673,2.012167,-1.569791,
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.856799,845.935673,0.725297,-1.649403,
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.843913,845.935673,-0.920365,-3.433401
0.736428,0.034357,2.000000,0.000000,0.816958,845.935673,-1.625578,-4.523464
0.325246,0.289256,2.000000,0.000000,0.475254,845.935673,-1.256837,-11.12231
0.026978,0.026978,2.000000,0.000000,0.588791,845.935673,-3.756201,-10.91388
3,0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.910178,845.935673,-3.378619,-4.6542
0.477926,0.477926,2.000000,0.000000,0.873055,845.935673,-0.400006,-2.331174
0.040732,0.035976,2.000000,0.000000,0.735867,845.935673,-0.046199,-4.332921
0.000339,0.000199,2.000000,0.000000,0.705903,845.935673,-0.569916,-5.438780
0.000871,0.000446,2.000000,0.000000,0.542817,845.935673,-0.894400,-9.186285
0.041919,0.041919,2.000000,0.000000,0.687120,845.935673,-1.791830,-6.910850
0.004844,0.002789,2.000000,0.000000,0.567434,845.935673,-2.316168,-10.75837
0.000000,0.000000,2.000000,0.000000,0.299119,845.935673,-0.718052,-16.57892
0.000000,0.000000,2.333328,0.000000,0.398800,986.922800,0.522255,-16.961183
```

GEOtop configuration File (geotop.inpts)

A GEOtop simulation is organized in a set of files within a directory containing a **configuration file** ,called *geotop.inpts* filled with a keywords system addressing to:

- simulation options (e.g. simulation period)
- **input files** (e.g. meterological time series)
- **output files**

```
InitDateDDMMYYYYhhmm=09/04/2014 18:00
EndDateDDMMYYYYhhmm =01/01/2016 00:00
[...]
MeteoFile              ="meteoB2_irr"
PointOutputFile        ="tabs/point"
```

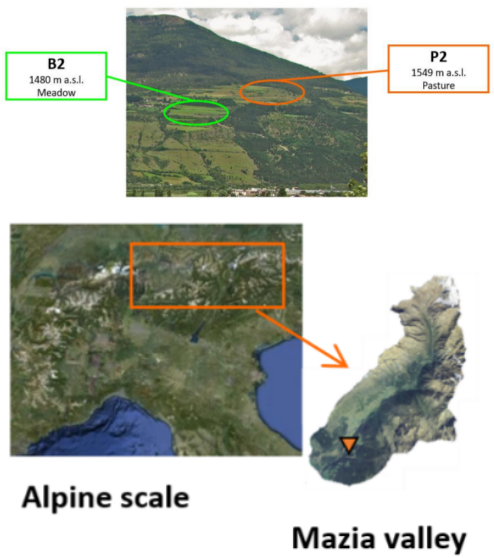
geotopbricks Technical details

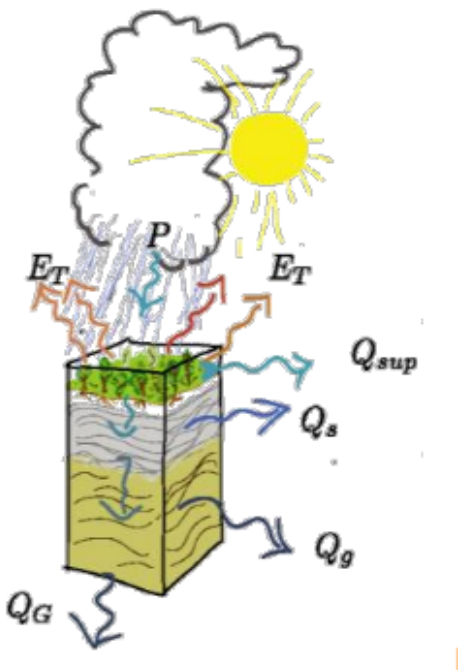
The aim of **geotopbricks** , starting in 2013, is to bring all the data of a GEOtop simulaton into the powerful statistical **R** environment by using the `keyword-value` syntax of *geotop.inpts*. **geotopbricks** does the following actions:

- to parse *geotop.inpts* configuration files;
- to derive from *geotop.inpts*'s keywords the source files of I/O data;
- to import time series (e.g. precipitation, temperature, soil water content, snow) as *zoo* or *data.frame* objects;
- to import spatially and spatio-temporal gridded objects as *RasterLayer-class* or *RasterBrick-class* objects (**raster** package)

1D Simulation of soil water budget in an alpine site: two points

Soil water content (SWC) in two points P2 and B2 located in Val Mazia/Match, Malles Venosta/Mals Vinschgau, South Tyrol, Italy [http://lter.eurac.edu/en].





Simulation of soil water budget in an alpine site

Here is the directory containing files of B2 point simulation:

```
library(geotopbricks)

## SET GEOTOP WORKING DIRECTORY
wpath_B2 <- "resources/simulation/Matsch_B2_Ref_007"
```

Getting simulation input data

Meteorological variable time series are imported and saved as 'meteo' variable (class 'zoo'). This variable is retrieved through the GEOtop keyword **MeteoFile** :

```
tz <- "Etc/GMT-1"
meteo <- get.geotop.inpts.keyword.value(
  "MeteoFile",
  wpath=wpath_B2,
  data.frame=TRUE,
  tz=tz)
class(meteo)
```

```
## [1] "zoo"
```

Getting simulation input data (verify)

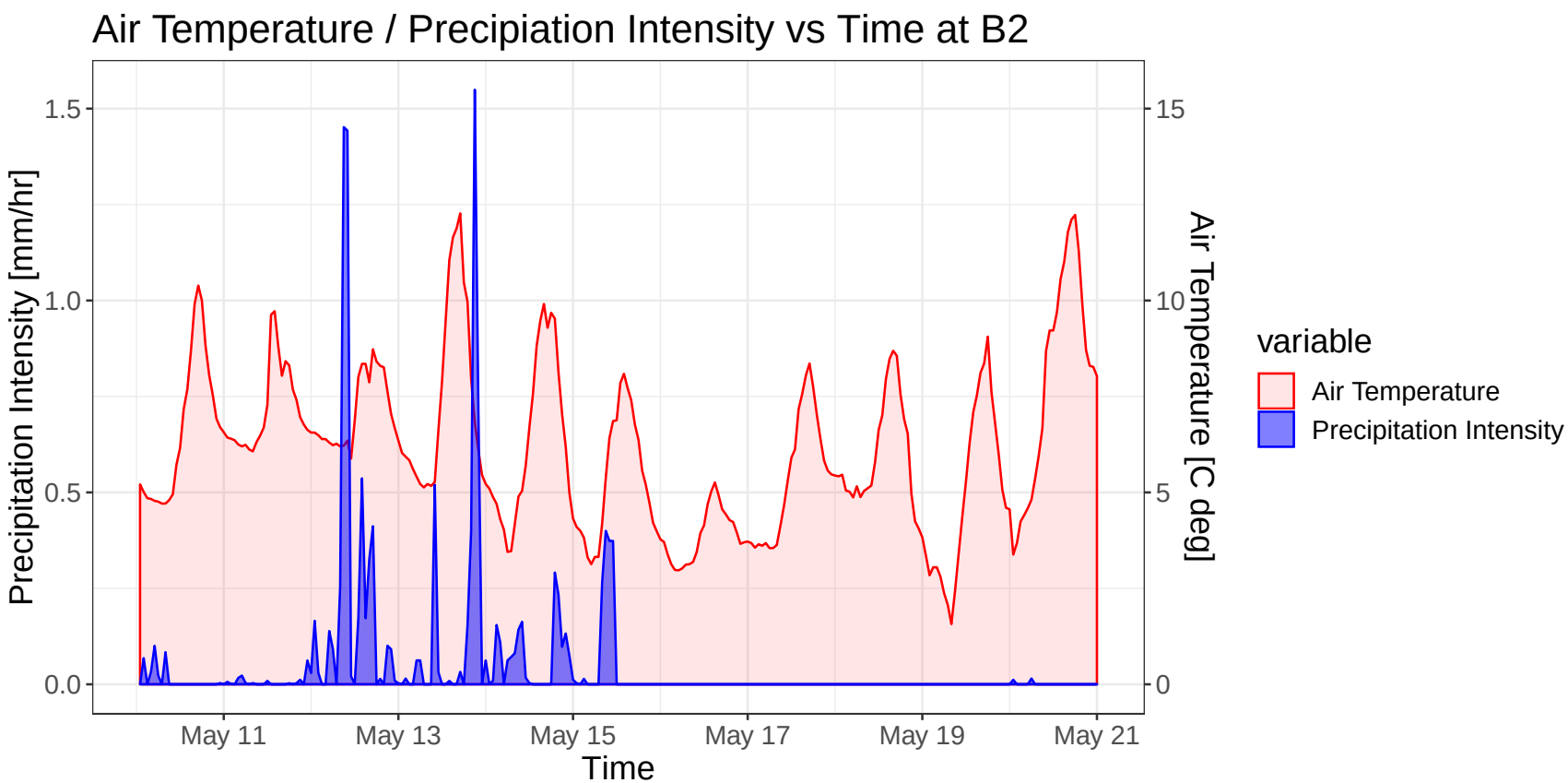
Meteorological time series once imported are available in the R environment:

```
head(meteo[12:14,c("Iprec","AirT","Swglobal")])
```

```
##                      Iprec  AirT Swglobal
## 2009-10-02 11:00:00     0 12.38   396.02
## 2009-10-02 12:00:00     0 13.12   500.07
## 2009-10-02 13:00:00     0 13.96   564.02
```

```
head(meteo[12:14,c("RelHum","WindSp","WindDir")])
```

Plots of weather variables in B2



Getting results of the simulation at B2

Soil Water Content Profile:

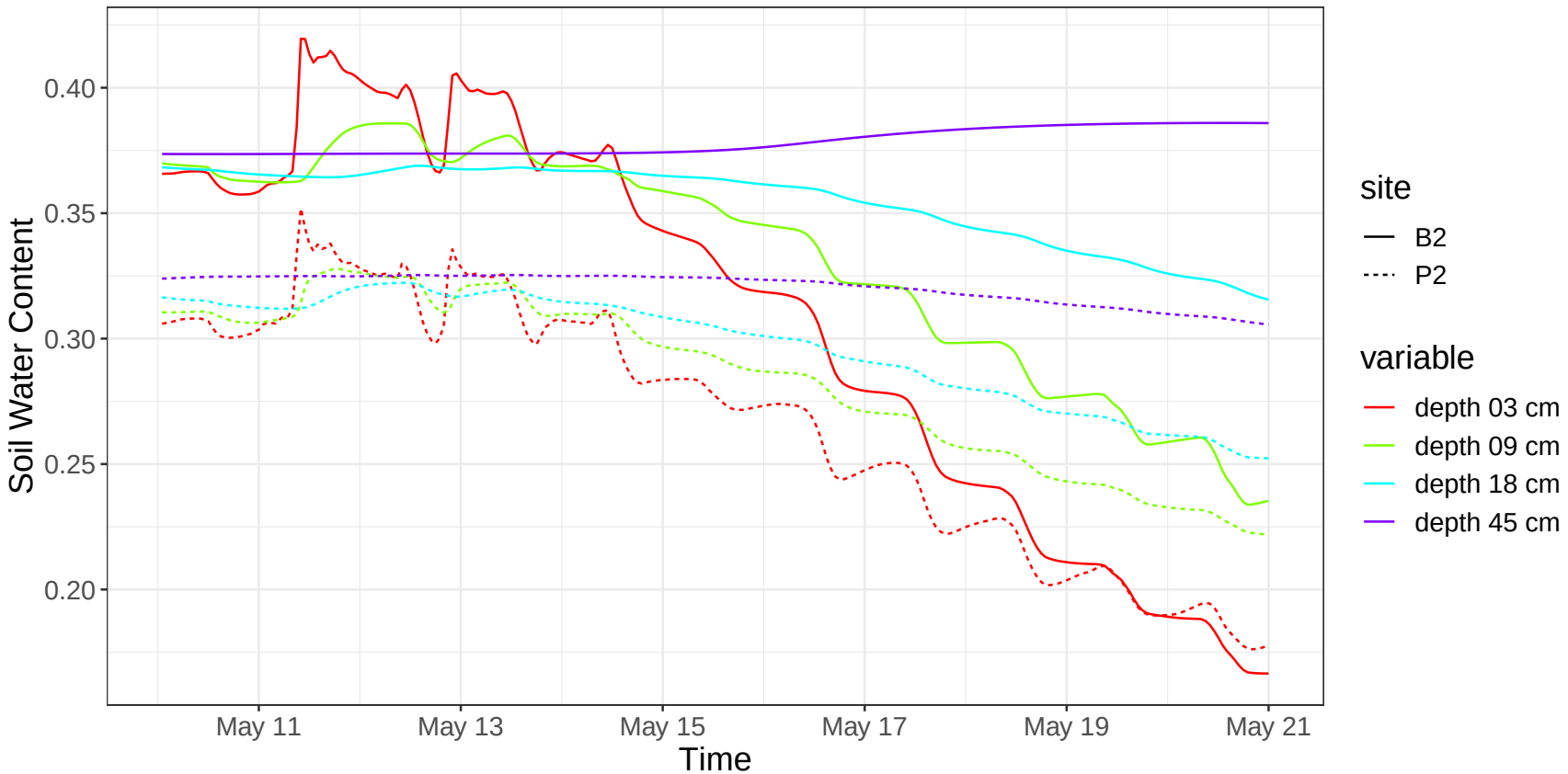
```
tz <- "Etc/GMT-1"
SWC_B2  <- get.geotop.inpts.keyword.value(
  "SoilLiqContentProfileFile",
  wpath = wpath_B2,
  data.frame = TRUE,
  date_field = "Date12.DDMMYYYYhhmm.",
  tz = tz,
  zlayer.formatter = "z%04d"
)
help(get.geotop.inpts.keyword.value) ## for more details!
```

Getting results of the simulation at B2

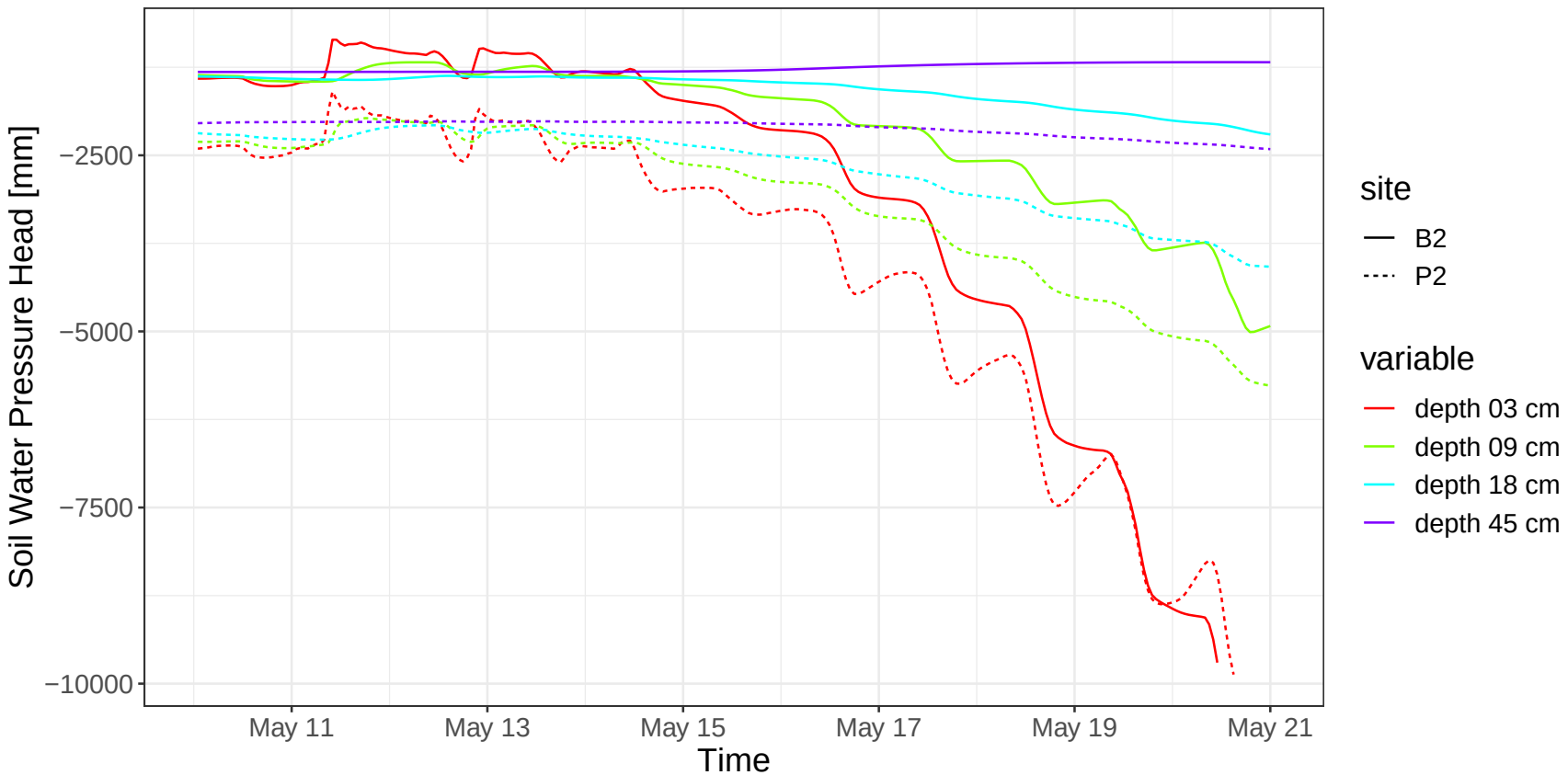
The same for P2:

```
wpath_P2 <- "resources/simulation/Matsch_P2_Ref_007"
SWC_P2  <- get.geotop.inpts.keyword.value(
  "SoilLiqContentProfileFile",
  wpath = wpath_P2,
  data.frame = TRUE,
  date_field = "Date12.DDMMYYYYhhmm.",
  tz = "Etc/GMT-1",
  zlayer.formatter = "z%04d")
```

Soil Water Content at P2 and B2

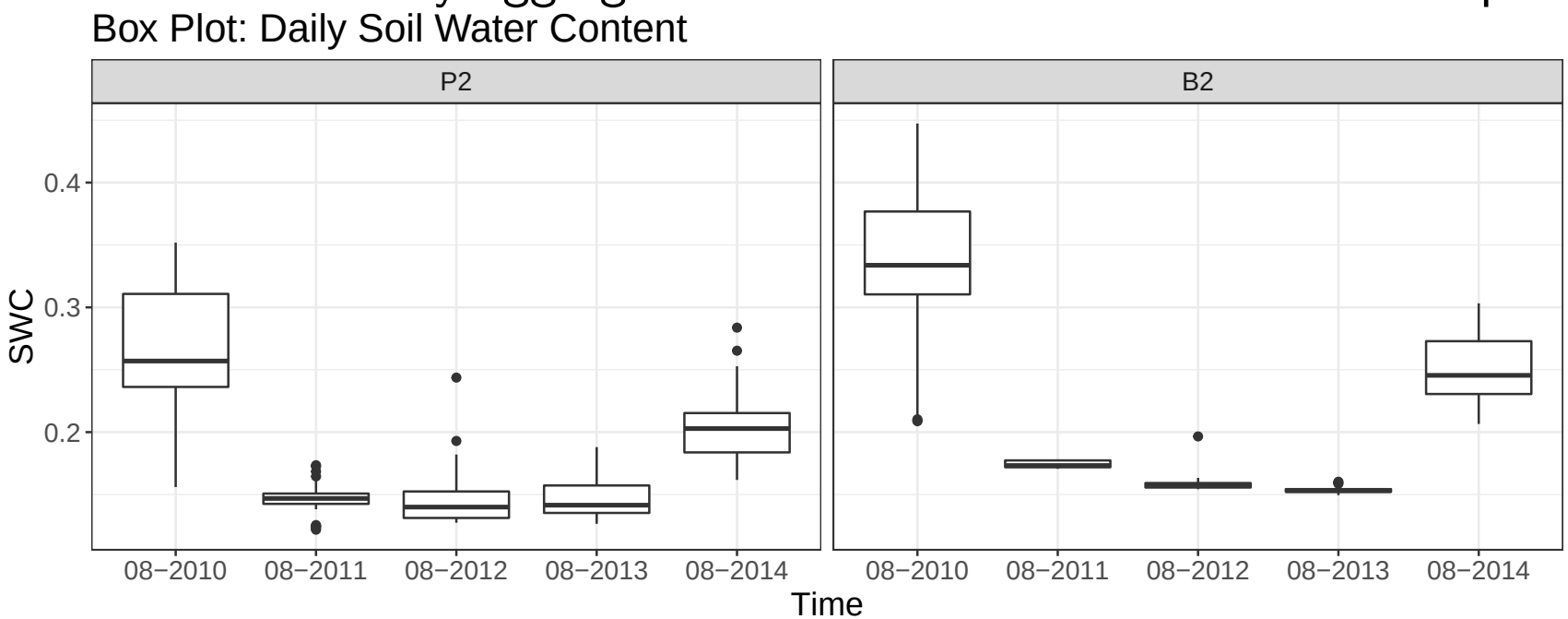


Soil Water Pressure Head at P2 and B2



Example of an Output Data Analytics (Soil Moisture Distribution)

Distribution of daily aggregated soil water contant at a 18 cm depth:



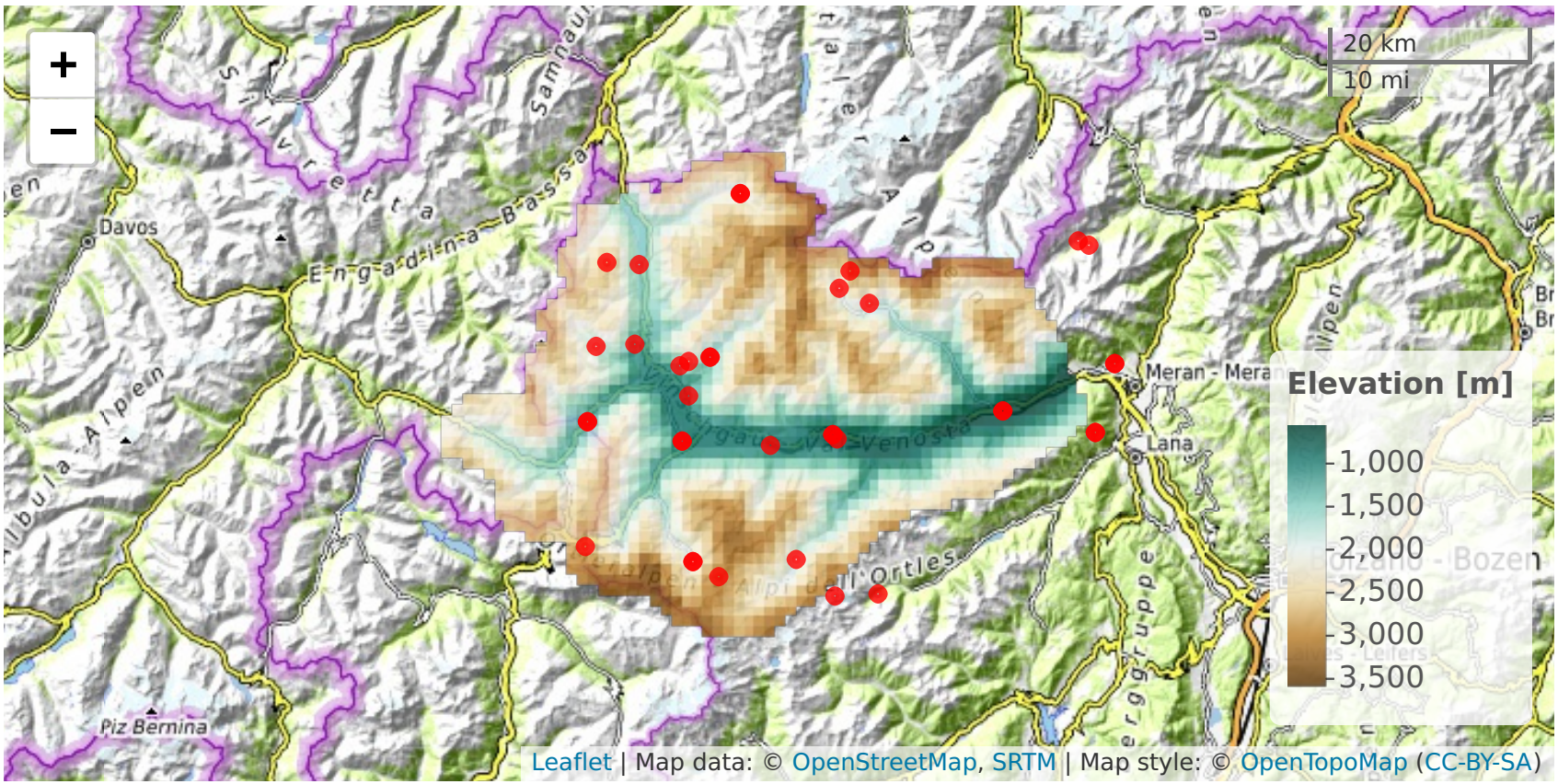
More deetails on the **eRum2018** poster.

3D Spatially Distributed Distribution: Val Venosta/Vinschgau - Upper Adige River Basin - Alps - I/CH/A

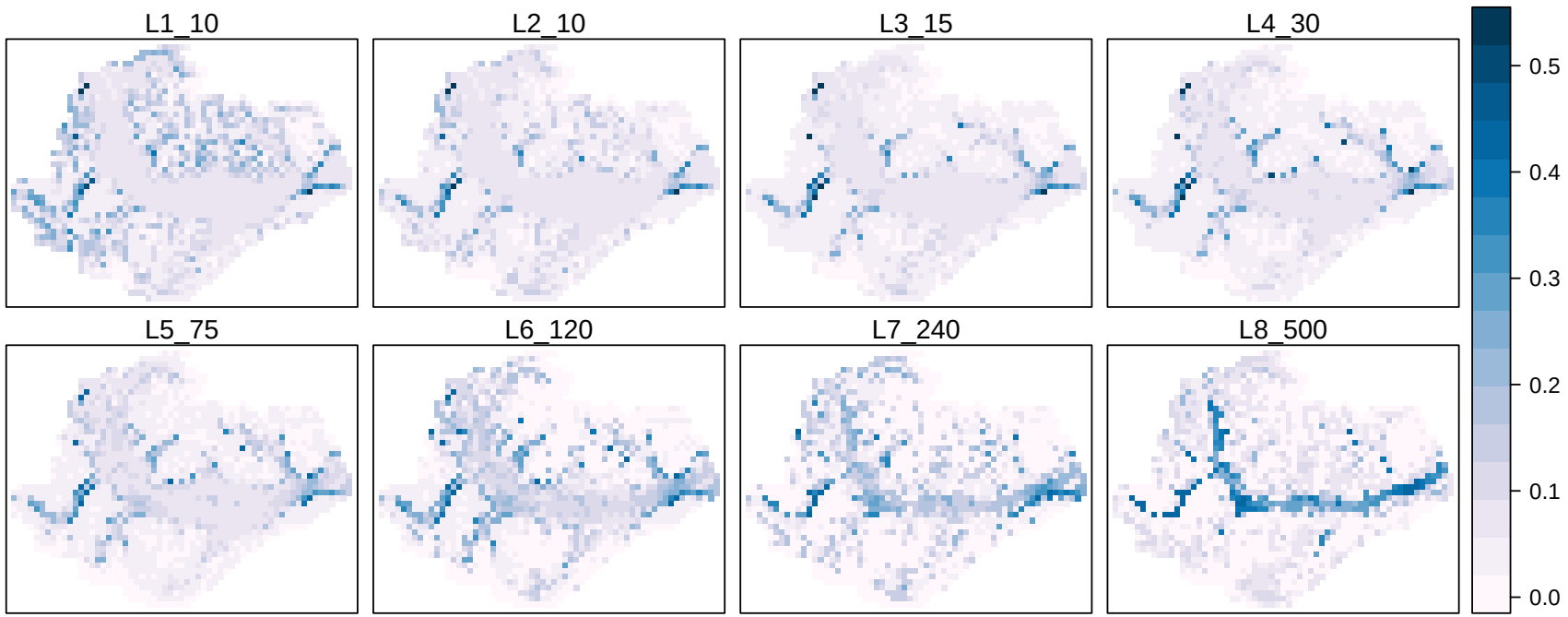
```
###wpath_3D <- 'resources/simulation/Vinschgau_test_3D_002
wpath_3D <- 'resources/simulation/Vinschgau'
basin <- get.geotop.inpts.keyword.value("LandCoverMapFile",
                wpath=wpath_3D,raster=TRUE)
basin
```

```
## class       : RasterLayer
## dimensions  : 48, 63, 3024  (nrow, ncol, ncell)
## resolution  : 1000, 1000  (x, y)
## extent      : 598000, 661000, 5145000, 5193000  (xmin, x
## coord. ref. : +proj=utm +zone=32 +ellps=WGS84 +datum=WGS
## data source : in memory
## names       : layer
## values      : 1, 11  (min, max)
```

Input GeoSpatial Map: Elevation and Weather Station



3D Spatially Distributed Simulation (Output Geospatial Map): Soil Water Content




```
help("brickFromOutputSoil3DTensor") ## for more details
```

3D Spatially Distributed Simulation (Output Geospatial Map): Surface Water Discharge at the Outlet

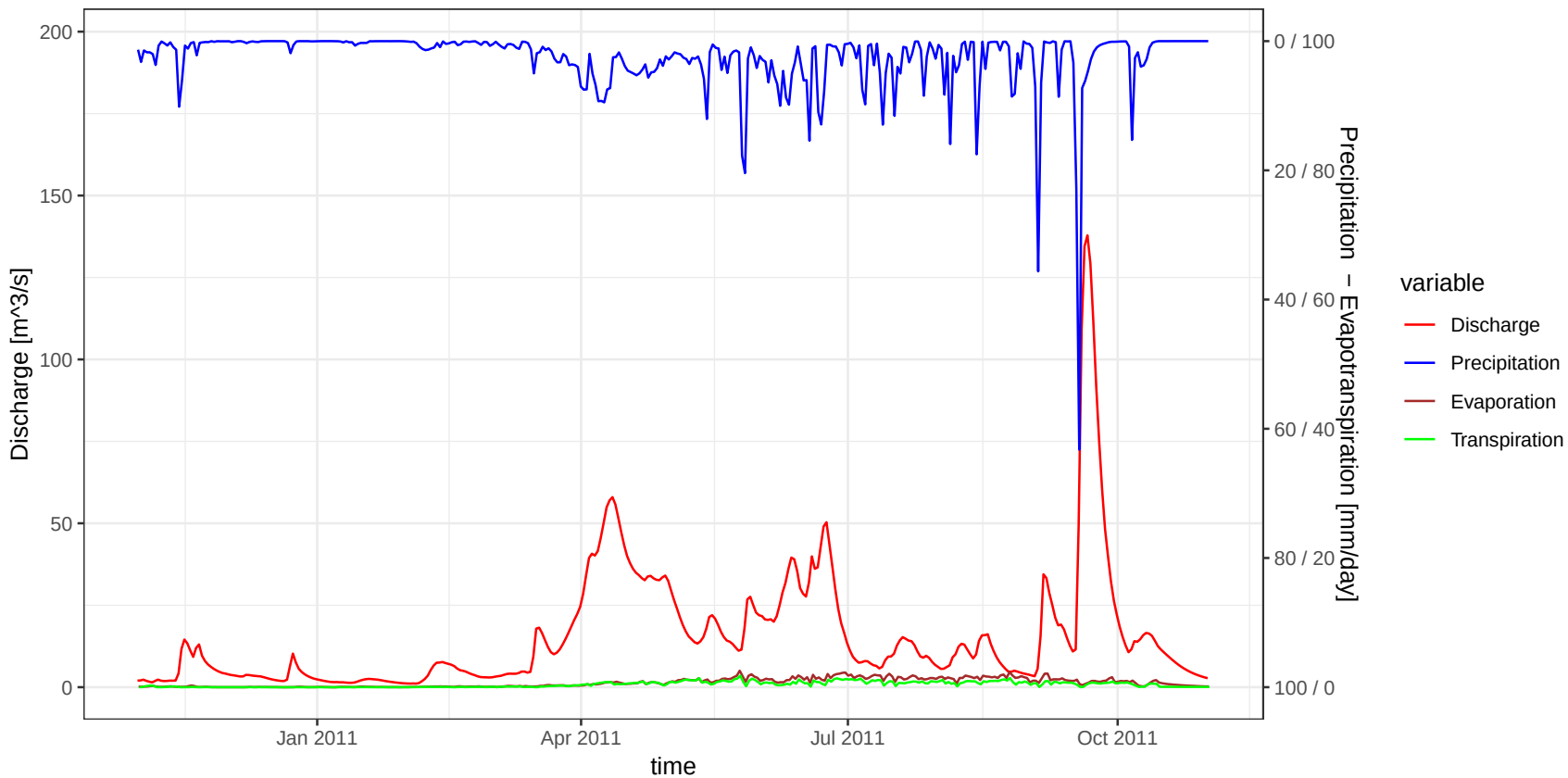


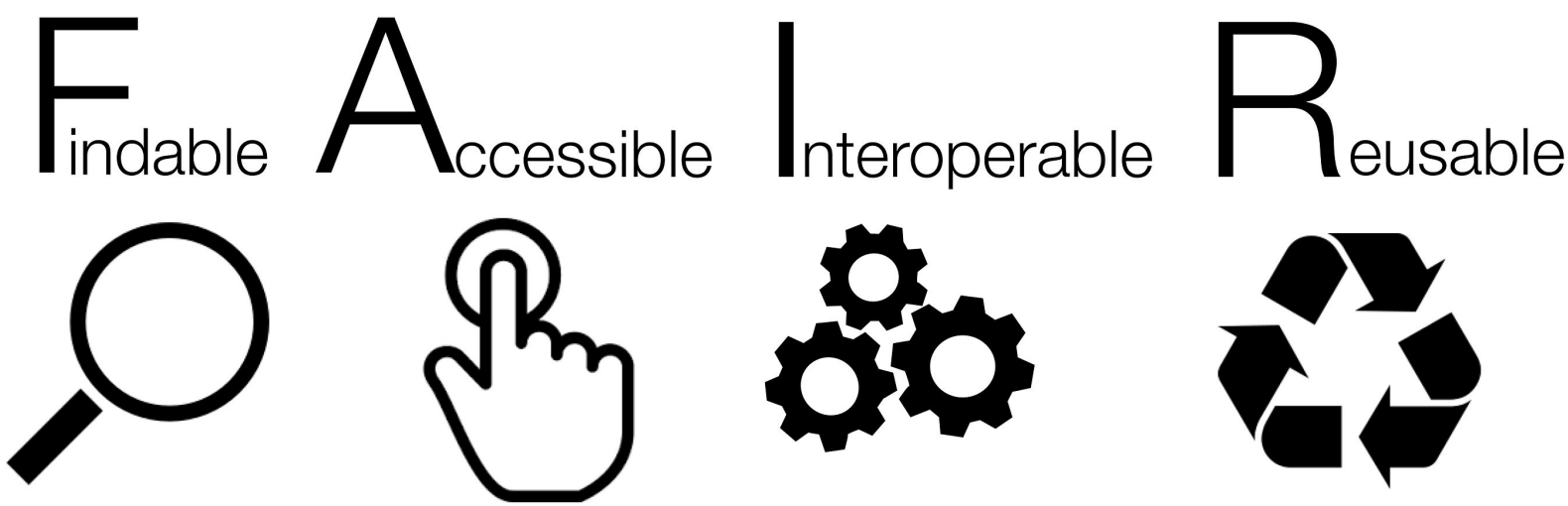
Figure 1: FALSE

Dicussion

- Graphical Representation using R , useful for hydrologigists and Reaserchers;
- Open science : results accessible to a variegate community of professional, scientific or amateur people, not all hydrologigists are R users but not all R users are hydrologists!
- Reproducible Analysis and Transparecy : results can be automatically documented in reports or presentations.
- Though **geotopbricks** user can intercact between R and GEOtop using R enviroment and GEOtop keywords system indepently from the GEOtop simulation structure.

Conclusions and Way Forward

- Open Source (and not only) Hydrolgical Models needs powerful and FAIR interfaces to process I/O data;
- An R package working directly with GEOtop keywords facilitate the development of customized tools for specific GEOtop applications;
- Collaborations beetween hydrologists / modellers and R users are encoraged.



Finally

If intertested? See and follow us on (www.geotop.org) or (https://cran.r-project.org/package=geotopbricks)

Thank you for your attention! / Merci pour votre attention!
Find us as @ecor (speaker) or @EURAC-Ecohydro (co-authors) on GitHub.