

geotopbricks

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Who am I?

- ▶ Environmental engineer with hydraulic and hydrological background (more deterministic and physically-based than statics!)
- ▶ Some skills in programming and a R enthusiast which I use to work with hydro-climatic data.
- ▶ Find me as @ecor on GitHub
- ▶ I'm self-employed and freelancer as www.rendena100.eu .
- ▶ Author of several R-packages and p

Who are the other authors?

- ▶ Hydrologist ,, , BLA
- ▶ Author of several packages, including geotop,...

Hydrology

Scientific study of the movement, distribution, and quality of water on Earth water cycle, water resources and environmental watershed sustainability.

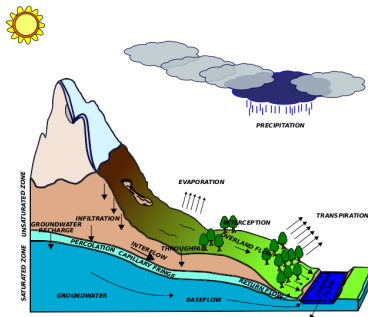


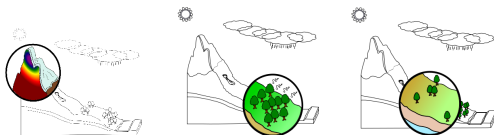
Figure 1: image

Soil Water Balance

GEOtop Hydrological Model

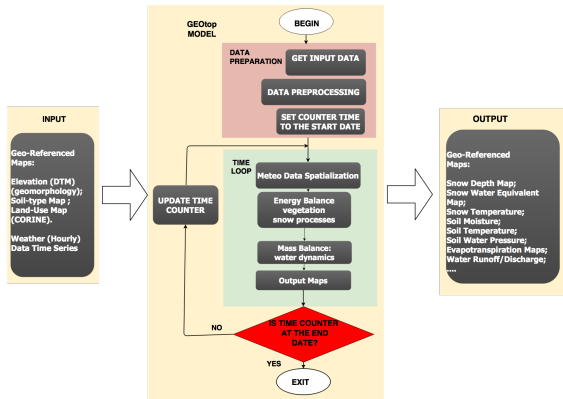
GEOtop is an integrated hydrological model that simulates:

- ▶ water flow in the soil \rightarrow Richards' eq (sub) + Kinematic eq (sur)
- ▶ energy exchange with the atmosphere \rightarrow full integration of equation



Hydrological Model

- ▶ Input: meteo data, elevations, soil parameters
- ▶ Output: snow cover, soil temperature, soil moisture



##

GEOTop model}Optional Subtitle

Water and energy budgets can be activated :

useR2019, Toulouse, France

GEOtop external extensions

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GEOtop

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GEOtop configuration File (geotop.inpts)

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GEOTop configuration File (geotop.inpts)

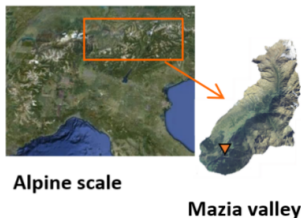
A GEOTop simulation is organized in a set of files within a directory. This directory contains:

- **input files** (meteorological forcings, topography, land-use, soil-type maps, initial conditions); **target information** (which results are requested) ; - **observations**. All these information are written in a file called `geotop.inpts`, which is a list of **keyword-value** pairs:

```
InitDateDDMMYYYYhhmm    =    09/04/2014 18:00
EndDateDDMMYYYYhhmm      =    01/01/2016 00:00
[...]
MeteoFile                 =    "meteoB2_irr"
PointOutputFile           =    "tabs/point"
```

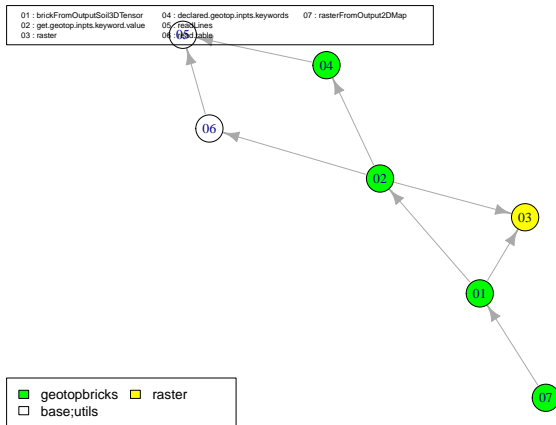
Simulation of soil water budget in an alpine site

GTop is applied to estimate soil water content in two soil columns below two hydro-meteorological stations (B2 and P2) located in Val Mazia/Match, Malles Venosta/Mals Vinschgau, in South Tyrol, Italy (LONg Term Research Ecological Area, [<http://lter.eurac.edu/en>]).



Geotopbricks Graph

geotopOptim2 Internal Functions



Simulation of soil water budget in an alpine site

Here is the directory containing files of B2 point simulation:

```
library(geotopbricks)

## SET GEOTOP WORKING DIRECTORY
wpath_B2 <- "resources/simulation/Matsch_B2_Ref_007"
##writeLines(list.files(wpath_B2))
```

Getting simulation input data

```
tz <- "Etc/GMT-1"
meteo <- get.geotop.inpts.keyword.value(
  "MeteoFile",
  wpath=wpath_B2,
  data.frame=TRUE,
  tz=tz)
head(meteo[12:14,c("Iprec", "WindSp", "WindDir")])
```

##		Iprec	WindSp	WindDir
##	2009-10-02 11:00:00	0	3.63	339.75
##	2009-10-02 12:00:00	0	2.75	328.48
##	2009-10-02 13:00:00	0	2.74	311.28

```
head(meteo[12:14,c("RelHum", "AirT", "Swgglobal")])
```

##		RelHum	AirT	Swgglobal
##	2009-10-02 11:00:00	31.45	12.38	396.02
##	2009-10-02 12:00:00	30.50	13.12	500.07

Getting output simulation data

Soil Water Content Profile:

```
tz <- "Etc/GMT-1"
SWC_B2 <- get.geotop.inpts.keyword.value(
  "SoilLiqContentProfileFile",
  wpath = wpath_B2,
  data.frame = TRUE,
  date_field = "Date12.DDMMYYYYhhmm.",
  tz = tz,
  zlayer.formatter = "z%04d"
)
help(get.geotop.inpts.keyword.value) ## for more details!
```


P2

The same for P2:

```
wpath_P2 <- "resources/simulation/Matsch_P2_Ref_007"  
SWC_P2  <- get.geotop.inpts.keyword.value(  
  "SoilLiqContentProfileFile",  
  wpath = wpath_P2,  
  data.frame = TRUE,  
  date_field = "Date12.DDMMYYYYhhmm.",  
  tz = "Etc/GMT-1",  
  zlayer.formatter = "z%04d")
```

Data Reformatting

```
class(SWC_B2)
```

```
## [1] "zoo"
```

```
SWC_B2 <- cbind(time=index(SWC_B2),as.data.frame(SWC_B2))
class(SWC_B2)
```

```
## [1] "data.frame"
```

`names(SWC B2)`

```
## [1] "time" "z0001" "z0002" "z0003" "z0004" "z0006" "z0007" "z0008" "z0009" "z0010" "z0011" "z0012" "z0013" "z0014" "z0015" "z0016" "z0017" "z0018" "z0019" "z0020" "z0021" "z0022" "z0023" "z0024" "z0025" "z0026" "z0027" "z0028" "z0029" "z0030" "z0031" "z0032" "z0033" "z0034" "z0035" "z0036" "z0037" "z0038" "z0039" "z0040" "z0041" "z0042" "z0043" "z0044" "z0045" "z0046" "z0047" "z0048" "z0049" "z0050" "z0051" "z0052" "z0053" "z0054" "z0055" "z0056" "z0057" "z0058" "z0059" "z0060" "z0061" "z0062" "z0063" "z0064" "z0065" "z0066" "z0067" "z0068" "z0069" "z0070" "z0071" "z0072" "z0073" "z0074" "z0075" "z0076" "z0077" "z0078" "z0079" "z0080" "z0081" "z0082" "z0083" "z0084" "z0085" "z0086" "z0087" "z0088" "z0089" "z0090" "z0091" "z0092" "z0093"
```

```
###knitr::kable(head(SWC_B2))
```

Stuff

Hydrological models are solvers of the differential equations of water flows and water thermodynamics in the Earth associated to heat transfers between Earth and the low atmosphere. They are a simplification of a real-world system useful to understand, predict, manage water resources. "integrated"

Computation

LOREM IPSUM:

- ▶ getting your data in the right shape (e.g. tidyverse, recipes)
- ▶ getting your data in the right shape (e.g. tidyverse, recipes)
- ▶ lorem ipsum

Interested?

www.geotop.org

Thank you for your attention! / Merci pour votre attention!

Addendum

LOREM IPSUM