



conTorchionist: a flexible nomadic library for exploring machine listening/learning in multiple platforms, languages, and time-contexts

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machine listening: contexts and meanings

- machine listening in Interactive Music Systems: initially, meaning to the process of 'listening to' MIDI parameters
- in MSP/PD context: real-time audio feature extraction and analysis
- 2000s: increasingly influenced by the machine listening meaning from related fields like Music Information Retrieval (MIR), Automatic Speech Recognition (ASR), and Computational Auditory Scene Analysis (CASA)
- today, in a broader context: strongly transformed by the widespread adoption of machine learning (ML)/artificial intelligence (Al)/deep learning (DL) techniques
- from a critical-exploratory-creative perspective: integration of these techniques into artistic and research practices is still challenging.



challenges

- **pragmatic/end-user** design: many tools are designed for very specific purposes (e.g., stem separation, timbre transfer, etc.) but not for general exploration.
- 'black box': many modern tools function as opaque "black boxes", limiting creative exploration and understanding, segregating people into "users" and "developers".
- **isolation** into environment/language, OS, architecture, and/or time-context: many tools are tied to a specific environment/language, OS, architecture or time-context, restricting workflows (e.g.: train in non-real-time, use/apply in real-time; usage of different tools in musicological and creative contexts; etc.).
- **CPU-only**: most tools do not leverage **GPU** acceleration, while this is widely used in other AI/ML fields.





conTorchionist goals

- **flexibility**: allow for use the same machine listening/learning in different contexts (real-time/non-real-time; environments/languages; OS/architectures; CPU/GPU; etc)
- **nomadic**: allow for easy migration/integration of workflows and models between different environments/languages (PD, Max, SC, Python, etc.)
- **transparent**: provide access/manipulation of the inner workings of the DSP/ML algorithms
- torch-based: take advantage of the open-source
 PyTorch/libtorch/torchaudio ecosystem, which is widely used in the AI/ML community
- **core/wrappers architecture**: a single C++ core shared library (relying on libtorch) with language-specific wrappers for different environments (PD, Max, SC, Python, etc.)





remarkable and inspiring projects

- **Librosa (Python):** The most popular Python library for Music Information Retrieval (MIR), offering a vast range of tools for audio analysis.
- Essentia (C++/Python): A C++ library with Python bindings, prioritizing
 efficiency and scalability for both real-time and non-real-time processing.
- **timbreID (Pure Data), Zsa.Descriptors (Max), SCMIR (SuperCollider):** Realtime audio feature extraction libraries tailored to their respective environments.
- FluCoMa (Fluid Corpus Manipulation): A comprehensive C++ toolset for Max,
 Pure Data, and SuperCollider, enabling both real-time and non-real-time
 corpus-based workflows. (a great inspiration for this work)
- nn_tilde: A direct bridge for running pre-trained PyTorch models (inference) in real-time environments like Max and Pure Data (with a port for SC), demonstrating the demand for this specific integration.
- PyTorch / libtorch / torchaudio: The foundational ML ecosystem. It provides powerful tensor computation on CPU/GPU and the core C++ backend (
 libtorch) that makes conTorchionist possible.





architecture overview

A simple, two-part structure:

core library (C++)

- Relying on libtorch (the C++ core of PyTorch).
- Built as a shared library (.dylib , .so , .dll).
- Contains all core algorithms (Processors) for audio analysis, ML, etc.
- Platform-agnostic.

Wrappers

- Language-specific bindings for PD, Max, SC, and Python.
- Use language-specific APIs, utilities, and auxiliary headers to interface with the core library.
- Handles the instantiation and management of Processors in the target environment.





core / processors

A set of modular tools for signal processing, designed for high performance and customizability.

Some implemented Processors:

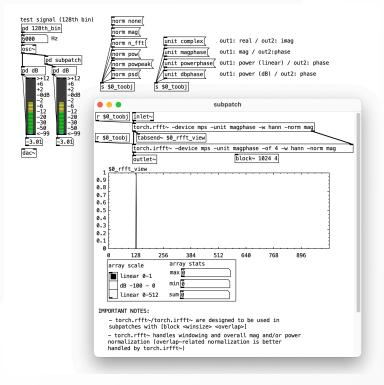
- RMSOverlapProcessor: RMS with different windowing/interpolation options, using a circular buffer (actually also a processor) to handle overlapping frames.
- RFFTProcessor / IRFFTProcessor: Real and Inverse Fast Fourier Transform.
- SpectrogramProcessor: Real-time spectrogram computation.
- MelSpectrogramProcessor: Maps frequency to the Melscale.
- MFCCProcessor: Extracts Mel-frequency cepstral coefficients.





example 1: torch.rfft~ and torch.irfft~ in Pure Data

The RFFTProcessor and IRFFTProcessor exposed as the [torch.rfft~] and [torch.irfft~] objects, respectively. They allow for real-time, GPU-accelerated FFT analysis directly within the patching environment.



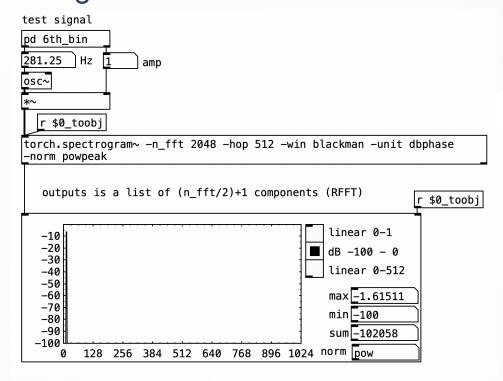
torch.rfft~ and torch.irfft~ / Pure Data

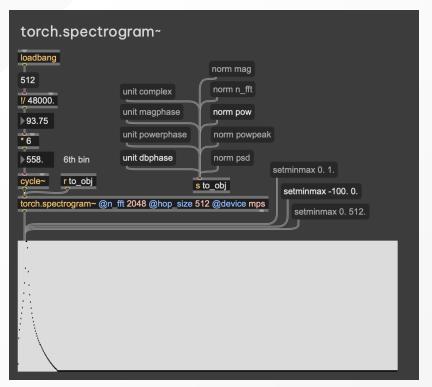




example 2: torch.spectrogram~ in Pure Data & Max

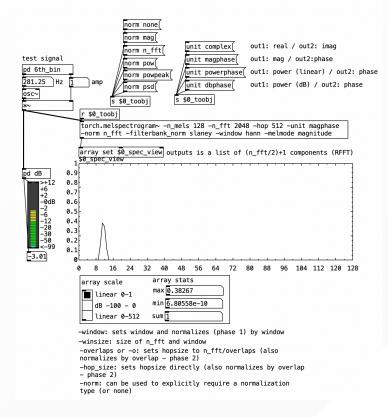
The SpectrogramProcessor is exposed as the [torch.spectrogram~] object. It allows for real-time, GPU-accelerated spectrogram analysis directly within the patching environment.





torch.spectrogram~ / Pure Data

torch.spectrogram~ / Max







example 3: Mel spectrogram in Pure Data

The MelSpectrogramProcessor is exposed as the [torch.melspectrogram~] object. It allows for real-time, GPU-accelerated Mel spectrogram extraction directly within the patching environment.

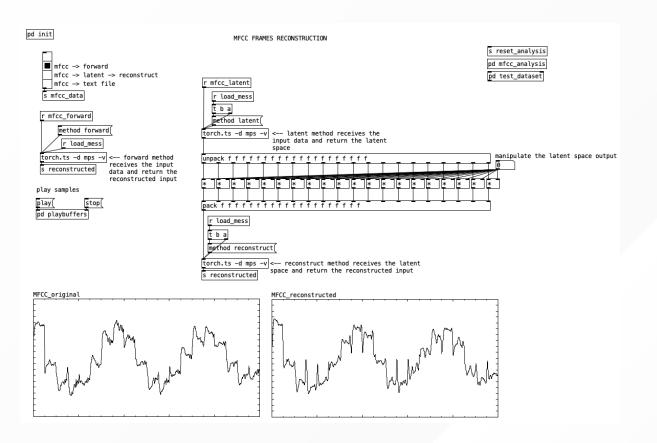




neural network processors

conTorchionist supports two main approaches for integrating neural networks:

- Inference: Load and run complex, pre-trained models (from Python/PyTorch) in real-time using the [torch.ts~] object.
- Interactive Model Building: Create, train, and explore simple neural networks directly within the environment (e.g., Pure Data) using modular objects/processors ([torch.sequential], [torch.linear], [torch.activation], etc.).







example 4: loading a pre-trained model

The [torch.ts] object can load a

TorchScript model (`.ts`) to perform

tasks like real-time audio synthesis

or, in this case, MFCC frame

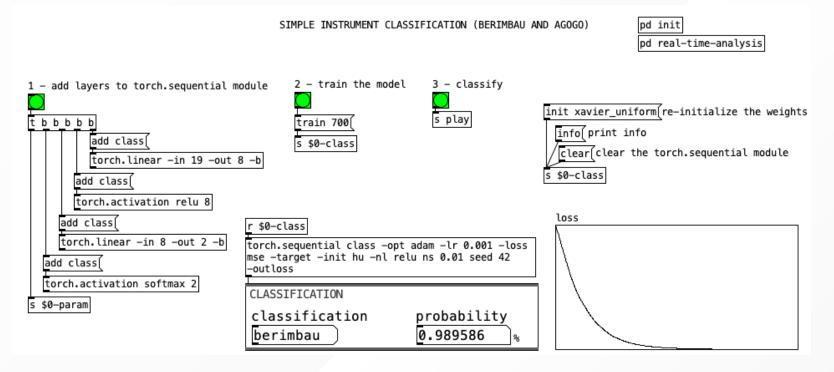
reconstruction using an autoencoder.





example 5: building a network in pure data

The [torch.sequential] object acts as a container, allowing you to build a neural network layer by layer using other objects like [torch.linear] and [torch.activation]. This transforms the environment into an exploratory space for prototyping models.







conclusion and future work

- development is at an early stage, with many features yet to be implemented (expand set of Processors, implement more wrappers, etc.)
- the library is open-source (LGPLv3) and available at [https://github.com/ecrisufmg/contorchionist]
- binary releases to be made available when we have the current Processors wrappers implemented and documented





final remarks / acknowledgments

- conTorchionist was made with the support of FAPEMIG, CAPES, and CNPq.
- Al agents and tools were used while sketching and writing some parts of conTorchionist (usually requiring a lot of corrections and adaptations)









https://github.com/ecrisuf
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