Finding Many Stable Molecular Arrangements

Conformational Searching with Genetic Algorithms

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December 2, 2016

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- 1. Background Information
- 2. The Genetic Algorithm
- 3. Finding Low Energy Conformers of Dipeptides
- 4. Concluding Remarks

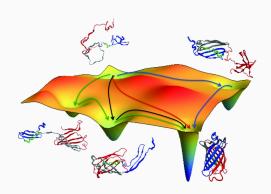
Primary Resource

First-Principles Molecular Structure Search with a Genetic Algorithm Supady, A.P¹; Blum, V.¹; Baldauf, C. J.^{1,2} Chem. Inf. Model. 2015, 55 (11), 23382348.

- 1. Fritz-Haber-Institut der Max-Planck-Gesellschaft, Berlin
- 2. Department of Mechanical Engineering & Materials Science, Duke University

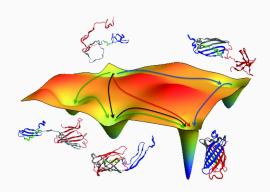
Background Information

• Protein folding is important



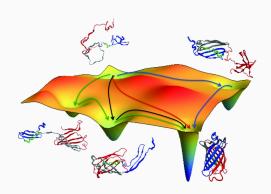
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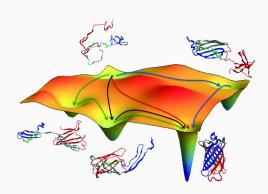
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- How do we understand peptide conformations?



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- Ok, let's find them all!
- Under a cutoff



Possible Solutions

• Many techniques are well established

Method	Implented in
grid-based	CEASAR, Open Babel, Confab,
	MacroModel, MOE
rule-based	ALFA, CONFECT, CORINA,
	ROTATE, COSMOS, OMEGA
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What Algorithmic Properties do we want for conformer search?

1. Accurate energies & Structures

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- 2. Minimize # of geometry optimizations

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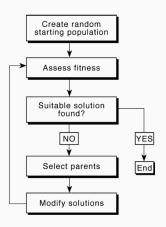
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- 1. Accurate energies & Structures
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- 5. Parallel

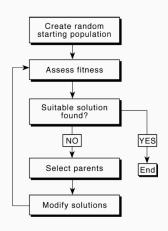
The Genetic Algorithm

- At least 23 years
 - Judson, R. S.; Jaeger, E. P.; Treasurywala, A. M.; Peterson, M. L. J. Comput. Chem. 1993, 14 (11), 14071414.
- Flexible ligand docking (Most cited: 7428)
 Morris, G. et al. J. Comput. Chem. 1998, 19 (14), 16391662.
- Precombustion CO₂ adsorbing MOFs (October 14th)
 - Chung, Y. G.; Gomez-Gualdron, D. A.; Li, P.; Leperi, K. T.; Deria, P.; Zhang, H.; Vermeulen, N. A.; Stoddart, J. F.; You, F.; Hupp, J. T.; Farha, O. K.; Snurr, R. Q. Sci. Adv. 2016, 2 (10)

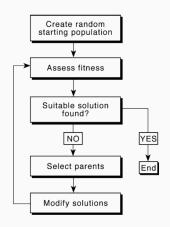
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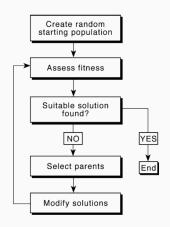
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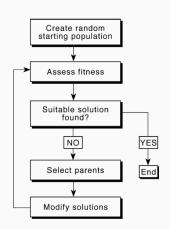
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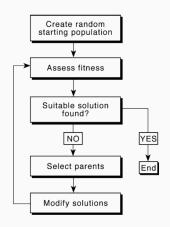
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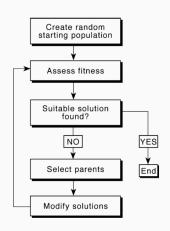
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 - Represent individuals as vector



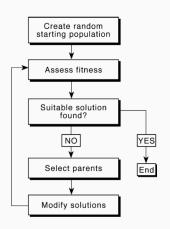
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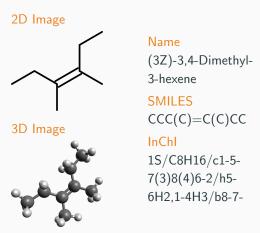
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- $V = (x_1 y_1 z_1 x_2 y_2 z_2 \cdots x_N y_N z_N)$
- $F = \frac{E_{\text{max}} E}{E_{\text{max}} E_{\text{min}}}$



The Many Representations of a Molecule



Internal Coords are the natural choice here

Cartesian Coords

	X	У	Z
C	0.90	-0.25	0.02
C	2.35	0.15	-0.17
C	2.91	1.30	-0.67

Internal Coords

		r		θ
C				
C	1	1.51		
C	2	1.38	1	131

^{1.} Supady, A.; Blum, V.; Baldauf, C. J. Chem. Inf. Model. 2015, 55 (11), 23382348.

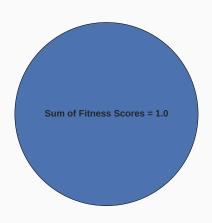
Roulette Wheel Method

1. Reinforce good characteristics

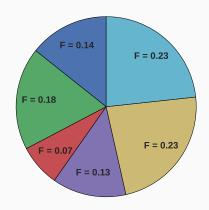
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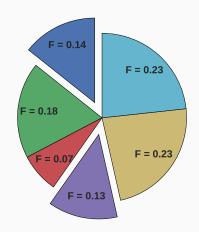
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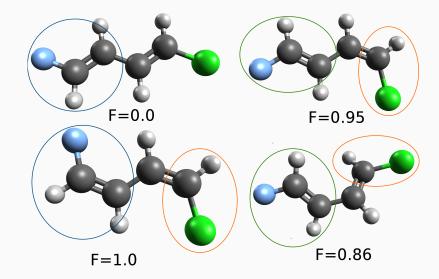
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The Next Generation

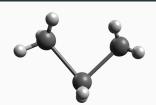


1. Generate N random, sensible geometries



sensible

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sensible



utter nonsense

- 1. Generate N random, sensible geometries
- 2. Optimize



sensible



utter nonsense

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- 3. Select Parents



sensible



utter nonsense

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- 4. Crossover & Mutate



sensible



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sensible



utter nonsense

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- 6. Remove the unfit



sensible



utter nonsense

- 1. Generate N random, sensible geometries
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- 3. Select Parents
- 4. Crossover & Mutate
- 5. Add Children to population
- 6. Remove the unfit
- 7. If converged:
 - Done!



sensible

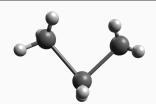


utter nonsense

- 1. Generate N random, sensible geometries
- 2. Optimize
- 3. Select Parents
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- 6. Remove the unfit
- 7. If converged:
 - Done!

Otherwise:

• Go to 2



sensible



utter nonsense

Finding Low Energy Conformers

of Dipeptides

"Dipeptide" Structures

"We use the term dipeptide for amino acids with an acetylated N terminus and an amino-methylated C terminus"

Combinatorics

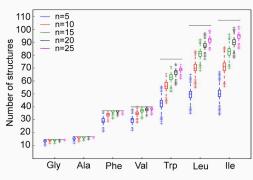
•	GA beats other			
	methods if space			
	is large			

Space gets large fast

		# Notatable +	
Molecule	N	# Cis/Trans Bonds	# Conformers
Gly	19	2 + 2	15
Ala	22	2 + 2	28
Phe	32	4 + 2	64
Val	28	3 + 2	60
Trp	36	4 + 2	141
Leu	31	4 + 2	183
lle	31	4 + 2	176

Rotatable +

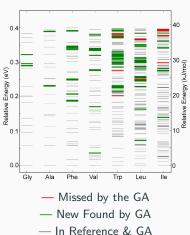
- Smaller systems are reliably sampled
- As # of conformers increases, miss more and more
- Is there a pattern to what is missed?



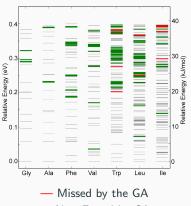
Proportion of conformers found with increasing runs of the GA

¹⁾ Supady, A.; Blum, V.; Baldauf, C. J. Chem. Inf. Model. 2015, 55 (11), 23382348. 2) Ropo, M.; Schneider, M.; Baldauf, C.; Blum, V. Sci. Data 2016, 3, 160009.

 Most misses are very high energy

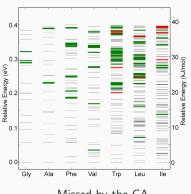


- Most misses are very high energy
- Algorithm favors low energy areas of the space



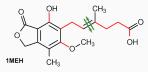
- New Found by GA
- In Reference & GA

- Most misses are very high energy
- Algorithm favors low energy areas of the space
- Features low in energy are favored and recombined

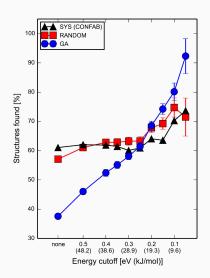


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Energy Cutoff



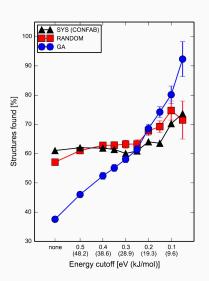
Mycophenolic Acid



Energy Cutoff

Mycophenolic Acid

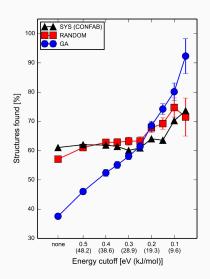
 GA is more sensitive to energy cutoff



Energy Cutoff

Mycophenolic Acid

- GA is more sensitive to energy cutoff
- For finding low energy ensemble, GA outperforms purely stochastic/deterministic method



Review

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- The Genetic Algorithm is a guided global search

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- This one is available under the GNU Lesser General Public License: https://github.com/adrianasupady/fafoom



Backup slide

 Geometry optimization step makes the algorithm more Lamarckian (Jean Baptiste Larmarck, [1744-1829])

Genetic Algorithm Parameters

Geometry Optimization: DFT PBE + VdW, tier1 basis in FHI-aims¹. Convergence at 0.005 eV /Å

	parameter	value
molecule	SMILES	CC(=O)N[C@H](C(=O)NC)[C@H](CC)C
	distance_cutoff_1	1.2 Å
	distance_cutoff_2	2.0 Å
	rmsd_cutoff_uniq	0.2 Å
	chiral	true
run settings	max_iter	10
	iter_limit_conv	10
	energy_diff_conv	0.001 eV
GA settings	popsize	5
	energy_var	0.001 eV
	selection	roulette wheel
	fitness_sum_limit	1.2
	prob_for_crossing	0.95
	cross_trial	20
	prob_for_mut_cistrans	0.5
	prob_for_mut_rot	0.5
	max_mutations_cistrans	1
	max_mutations_torsions	2
	mut trial	100

GA Parameters for Isoleucine Dipeptide²

⁽¹⁾ Blum, V. et. 'ál., M. Comput. Phys. Commun. 2009, 180 (11), 21752196. (2) Supady, A.; Blum, V.; Baldauf, C. J. Chem. Inf. Model. 2015, 55 (11), 23382348.