1. A price-taking firm produces a commodity that sells at price p. The firm's cost function is:

$$c(q) = q^2$$

- a. Write down the firm's supply curve.
- b. Draw the supply curve.
- c. What quantity of output will the firm produce if the price is 10?
- d. What is the profit when price is 10?

2. A price-taking firm produces a commodity that sells at price p. The firm's cost function is:

$$c(q) = 5 + 5q + q^4$$

- a. Write down the firm's supply curve.
- b. What quantity of output will the firm produce if the price is 30?
- c. What is the profit when price is 30?

3. There are 50 identical, price-taking firms that can produce a commodity which sells at price p. Each firm's cost function is:

$$c(q) = 10q + \frac{1}{2}q^2$$

- a. Write down the supply curve of an individual firm.
- b. Write down the market supply curve.
- c. What is the total quantity produced (by all firms) if the price is 15?
- d. What is the total profit (of all firms) if the price is 15?

4. A price-taking consumer with income Y = 100 has utility over numeraire consumption c and a commodity q given by:

$$u(c,q) = c + 12q - q^3$$

- a. Write down the consumer's demand curve.
- b. Draw the demand curve.
- c. How much of the commodity will the consumer consume if the price is 4?
- d. What is consumer's utility when the price is 4?
- 5. A price-taking consumer with income Y = 100 has utility over numeraire consumption c and a commodity q given by:

$$u(c,q) = c + 10q^{1/2}$$

- a. Write down the consumer's demand curve.
- b. How much of the commodity will the consumer consume if the price is 5?
- c. What is consumer's utility when the price is 5?
- 6. There are 100 identical, price-taking consumers with income Y = 100. Each consumer has utility over numeraire consumption c and a commodity q given by:

$$u(c,q) = c + 20q - q^2$$

- a. Write down the demand curve of an individual consumer.
- b. Write down the market demand curve.
- c. What is the total quantity produced (by all consumers) if the price is 10?
- d. What is the total utility (of all consumers) if the price is 10?

7. A commodity q is traded at price p in a competitive market with price-taking consumers and firms.

There are 960 identical consumers each with income Y = 100. Each consumer has a utility function over numeraire consumption c and commodity q given by:

$$u(c,q) = c + 20q - q^2$$

There are 48 identical firms each with cost function given by:

$$c(q) = \frac{1}{5}q^2$$

- a. Write down the market demand curve.
- b. Write down the market supply curve.
- c. What is the equilibrium price and total quantity traded?