

```
In [1]: print("Hola Mundo, Vamos a crear una nuevo proyecto para la clasificación de imágenes...")
```

Hola Mundo, Vamos a crear una nuevo proyecto para la clasificación de imágenes...

## Librerías para procesamiento de datos, visualización, imágenes

```
In [2]: import os
import random
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from PIL import Image
from tqdm import tqdm
from pathlib import Path
import cv2
from math import ceil
import itertools
%matplotlib inline
```

## Librerías para procesamiento de imágenes, modelos, capas, red neural

```
In [4]: from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator, load_img, img_to_array
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential, load_model, Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dense, Dropout
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.applications import ResNet50, EfficientNetB0
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping, ReduceLROnPlateau, ModelCheckpoint
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
```

```
In [68]: data_dir = 'G:/Intel/'
data_train = 'G:/Intel/seg_train'
data_test = 'G:/Intel/seg_test'
data_path = 'G:/Intel/seg_train'

nuevo_data_path = 'G:/Intel/data_train'
nuevo_data_test = 'G:/Intel/data_test'
nuevo_data_pred = 'G:/Intel/data_pred'

train_dir = os.path.join(data_dir, 'seg_train')
test_dir = os.path.join(data_dir, 'seg_test')
pred_dir = os.path.join(data_dir, 'seg_pred')
```

## Clases que contiene el dataset para train y test

```
In [8]: clases_train = os.listdir(data_train)
print('Clases del Dataset: ', clases_train)
```

```
Clases del Dataset: ['buildings', 'forest', 'glacier', 'mountain', 'sea', 'street']
```

```
In [44]: clases_test = os.listdir(data_test)
print('Clases del Dataset: ', clases_test)
```

```
Clases del Dataset: ['buildings', 'forest', 'glacier', 'mountain', 'sea', 'street']
```

```
In [22]: clases = os.listdir(data_path)
print('Clases del Dataset: ', clases)
```

```
Clases del Dataset: ['buildings', 'forest', 'glacier', 'mountain', 'sea', 'street']
```

## Vamos a hacer una primera visualización de una imagen por cada clase.

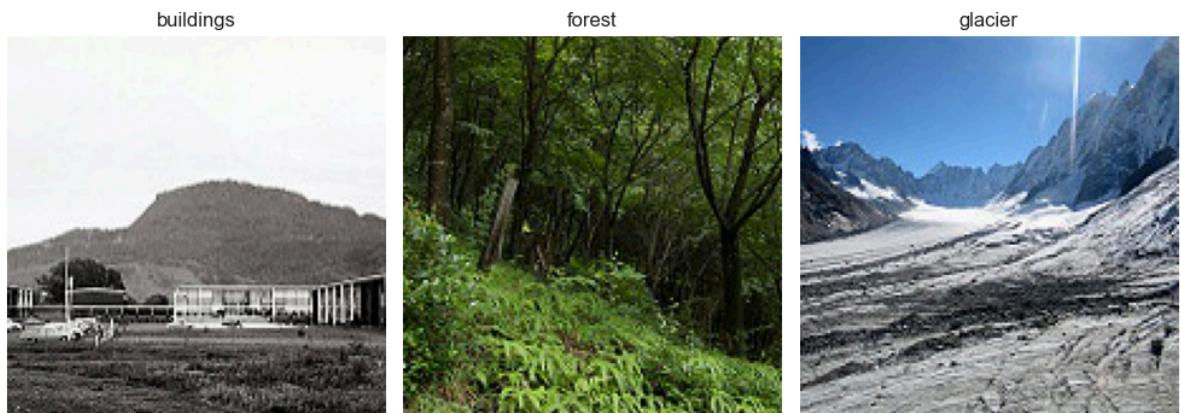
```
In [21]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))

for i, clase in enumerate(clases_train):
    img_folder = os.path.join(data_train, clase)
    img_file = os.listdir(img_folder)[0]
    img_path = os.path.join(img_folder, img_file)

    imagen = Image.open(img_path)

    plt.subplot(2, 3, i + 1)
    plt.imshow(imagen)
    plt.title(clase)
    plt.axis('off')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## Cuantas imágenes tenemos por cada clase

```
In [24]: imagen_por_clase = {}

for clase in clases:
    ruta = os.path.join(data_path, clase)
    conteo = len(os.listdir(ruta))
    imagen_por_clase[clase] = conteo

print('Número de imágenes por cada clase:')
for clase, cantidad in imagen_por_clase.items():
    print(f'{clase}: {cantidad}'')
```

Número de imágenes por cada clase:  
buildings: 2191  
forest: 2271  
glacier: 2404  
mountain: 2512  
sea: 2274  
street: 2382

## Distribución de Dimensiones

```
In [25]: dimensiones = []

for clase in clases:
    ruta = os.path.join(data_path, clase)
    for img_file in tqdm(os.listdir(ruta), desc=f'Procesando {clase}'):
        img_path = os.path.join(ruta, img_file)
```

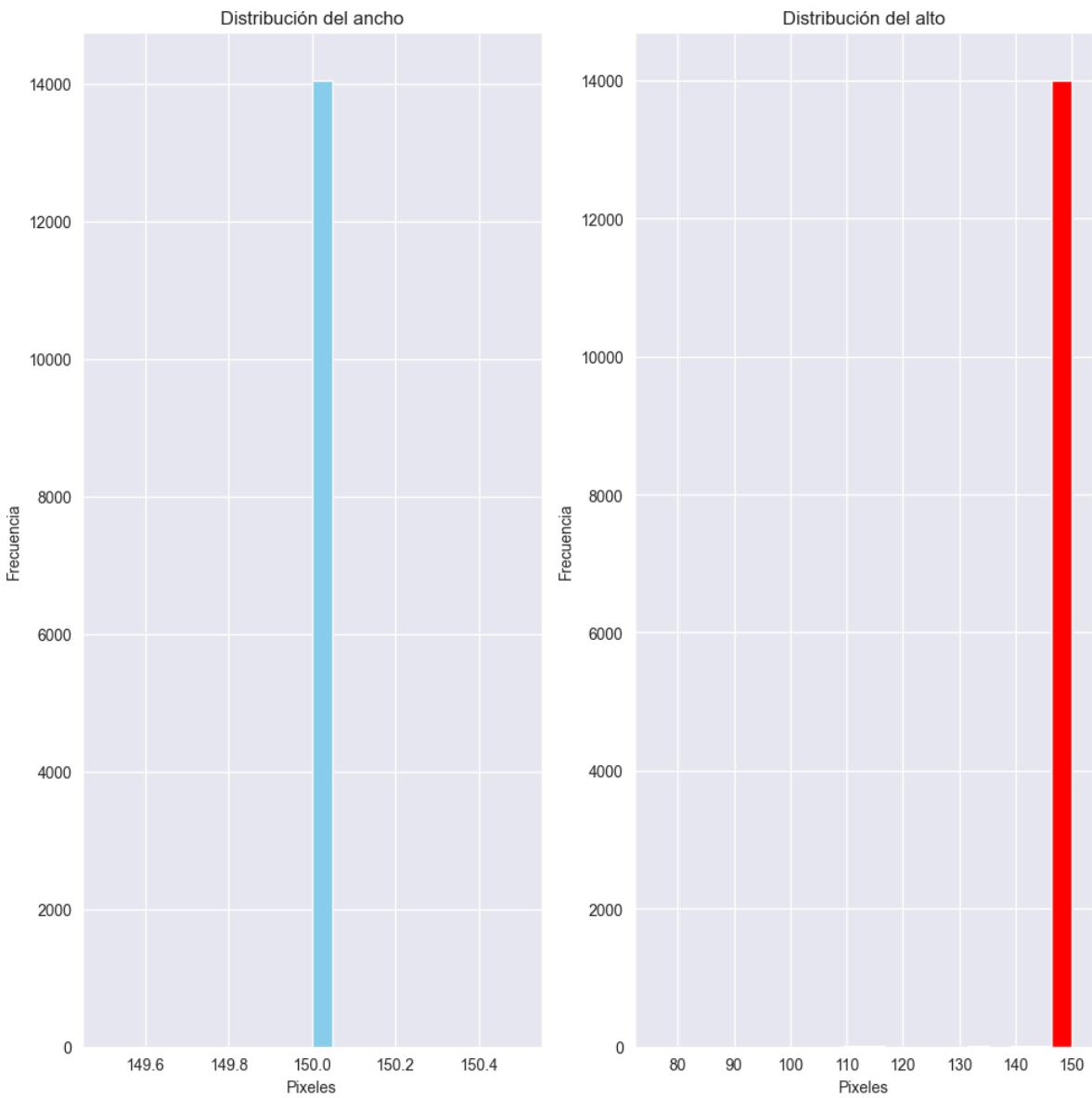
```
try:  
    with Image.open(img_path) as img:  
        dimensiones.append(img.size)  
except:  
    continue
```

```
Procesando buildings: 100%|██████████| 2191/2191 [00:49<00:00, 43.84it/s]  
Procesando forest: 100%|██████████| 2271/2271 [00:47<00:00, 48.17it/s]  
Procesando glacier: 100%|██████████| 2404/2404 [00:51<00:00, 46.90it/s]  
Procesando mountain: 100%|██████████| 2512/2512 [00:47<00:00, 52.98it/s]  
Procesando sea: 100%|██████████| 2274/2274 [00:43<00:00, 52.55it/s]  
Procesando street: 100%|██████████| 2382/2382 [00:33<00:00, 71.25it/s]
```

```
In [26]: dimensiones = np.array(dimensiones)  
anchos = dimensiones[:, 0]  
altos = dimensiones[:, 1]
```

## Vamos a graficar en Histogramas los valores de alto y ancho

```
In [29]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))  
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)  
plt.hist(anchos, bins=20, color='skyblue')  
plt.title('Distribución del ancho')  
plt.xlabel('Pixelles')  
plt.ylabel('Frecuencia')  
  
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)  
plt.hist(altos, bins=20, color='red')  
plt.title('Distribución del alto')  
plt.xlabel('Pixelles')  
plt.ylabel('Frecuencia')  
  
plt.tight_layout()  
plt.show()
```



**Vamos a crear una función que nos calcule el promedio RGB por cada clase**

```
In [30]: def rgb_clase(imagen):
    imagen = imagen.resize((64,64))
    imagen_np = np.array(imagen)
    if imagen_np.ndim == 3:
        return [np.mean(imagen_np[:, :, i]) for i in range(3)]
    return [0,0,0]
```

**Guardamos los resultados de la función**

```
In [31]: promedios_rgb = {}
```

```
In [32]: for clase in clases:
    carpeta = os.path.join(data_path, clase)
    rgb_totales = np.zeros(3)
    contador = 0

    for img_file in os.listdir(carpeta)[:100]:
```

```

        ruta = os.path.join(carpeta, img_file)
    try:
        img = Image.open(ruta)
        rgb = rgb_clase(img)
        rgb_totales += rgb
        contador += 1
    except:
        continue

promedios_rgb[clase] = rgb_totales / max(contador, 1)

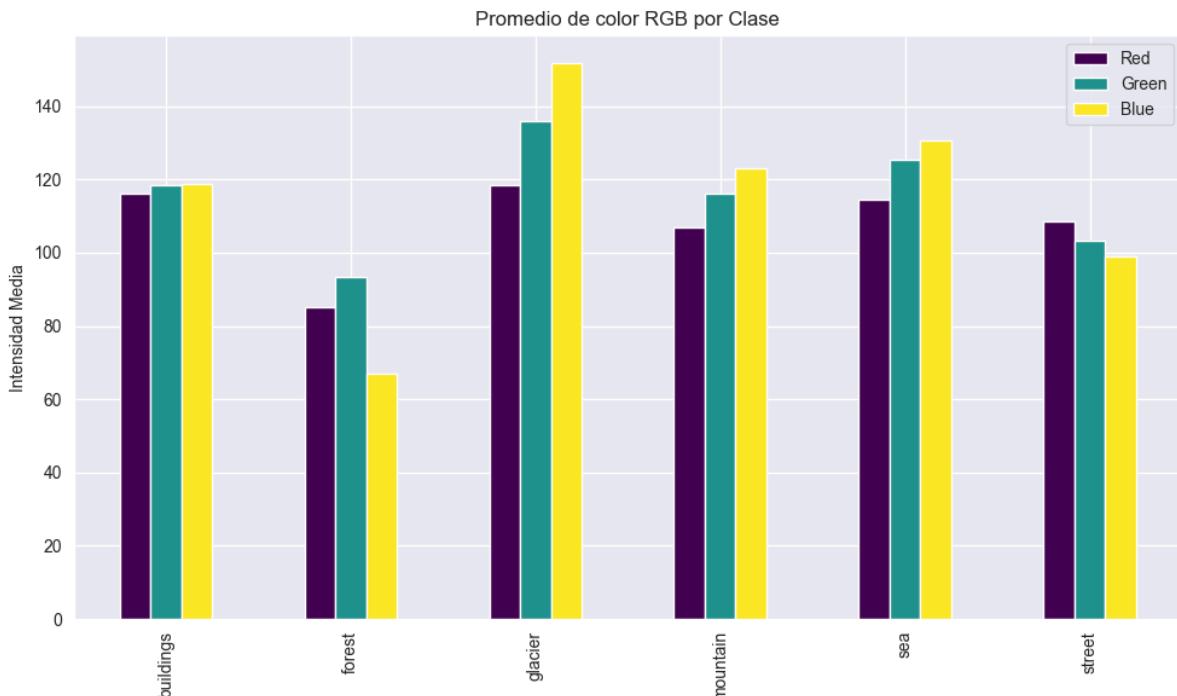
```

## Creamos un nuevo DataFrame

```
In [33]: df_rgb = pd.DataFrame(promedios_rgb, index=['Red', 'Green', 'Blue'])
```

## Gráficamos los datos de nuestro nuevo DataFrame

```
In [34]: df_rgb.T.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10,6), colormap='viridis')
plt.title('Promedio de color RGB por Clase')
plt.ylabel('Intensidad Media')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.grid=True
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## Vamos a crear una mosaico de 3 imágenes de forma aleatoria por cada clase

```
In [37]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
for i, clase in enumerate(clases):
    folder = os.path.join(data_path, clase)
```

```
imagenes = os.listdir(folder)
seleccionadas = random.sample(imagenes, 3)

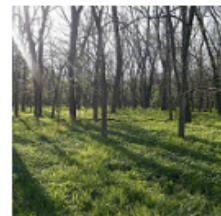
for j, img_name in enumerate(seleccionadas):
    img_path = os.path.join(folder, img_name)
    img = Image.open(img_path)
    plt.subplot(len(clases),3, i*3 + j + 1)
    plt.imshow(img)
    if j == 1:
        plt.title(clase, fontsize=10)
    plt.axis('off')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

buildings



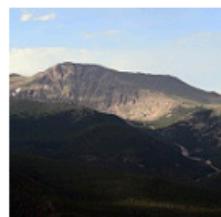
forest



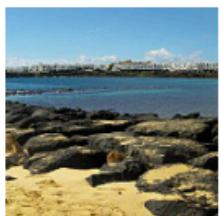
glacier



mountain



sea



street



## Vamos a verificar que no hay imágenes corruptas en el Dataset

In [38]: errores = []

```
for clase in clases:  
    ruta = os.path.join(data_path, clase)  
    for archivo in os.listdir(ruta):  
        path = os.path.join(ruta, archivo)  
        try:
```

```

        img = Image.open(path)
        img.verify()
    except Exception as e:
        errores.append((path, str(e)))

print(f'Imagenes Corruptas Encontradas: {len(errores)}')
for i, (path, error) in enumerate(errores[:5]):
    print(f'{i+1}. {path}: {error}')

```

Imagenes Corruptas Encontradas: 0

## A partir de este punto vamos a hacer uso de seg\_test:

- Contiene menos imágenes que seg\_train, por lo que podemos cargar mas rapido las imágenes, nos permite aplicar filtros, bordes, histogramas de una forma mas rápida.

```
In [73]: ruta_imagenes = 'G:/Intel/seg_test'
imagenes = os.listdir(ruta_imagenes)
```

```
In [57]: muestras = random.sample(imagenes, 5)
print('Imagenes seleccionadas')
print(muestras)
```

Imagenes seleccionadas  
['forest', 'glacier', 'street', 'sea', 'buildings']

## Visualizamos las imágenes.

```

In [58]: def mostrar_imagenes(muestras, titulo='Imagenes Originales'):
    plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))

    for i, clase_nombre in enumerate(muestras):
        clase_folder = os.path.join(ruta_imagenes, clase_nombre)

        if os.path.exists(clase_folder):
            imagenes_en_clase = os.listdir(clase_folder)

            if imagenes_en_clase:
                imagen_nombre = random.choice(imagenes_en_clase)
                img_path = os.path.join(clase_folder, imagen_nombre)
                img = cv2.imread(img_path)

                if img is not None:
                    img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
                    plt.subplot(1, len(muestras), i+1)
                    plt.imshow(img)
                    plt.axis('off')
                    plt.title(f'{clase_nombre}')
                else:
                    print(f'Error al cargar imagen: {img_path}')
            else:
                print(f'No existen imagenes en la carpeta: {clase_folder}')
        else:
            print(f'No existe la carpeta: {clase_folder}')

    plt.suptitle(titulo, fontsize=10)
    plt.show()

```

```
mostrar_imagenes(muestras)
```

Imagenes Originales



## Vamos a resaltar contornos y formas dominantes

```
In [65]: def mostrar_bordes(muestras):
    plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))

    for i, clase_nombre in enumerate(muestras):
        clase_folder = os.path.join(ruta_imagenes, clase_nombre)

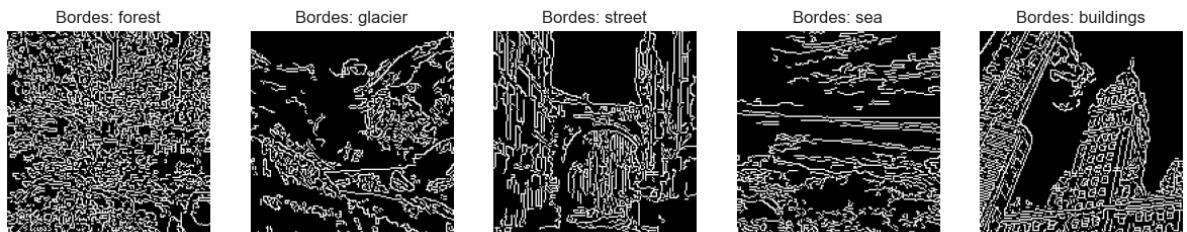
        if os.path.exists(clase_folder):
            imagenes_clase = os.listdir(clase_folder)

            if imagenes_clase:
                imagen_nombre = random.choice(imagenes_clase)
                img_path = os.path.join(clase_folder, imagen_nombre)
                img = cv2.imread(img_path, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)

                if img is not None:
                    bordes = cv2.Canny(img, 100, 200)
                    plt.subplot(1, len(muestras), i+1)
                    plt.imshow(bordes, cmap='gray')
                    plt.axis('off')
                    plt.title(f'Bordes: {clase_nombre}')
                else:
                    print(f'No existen imagenes en la carpeta: {img_path}')
            else:
                print(f'No existen imagenes en la carpeta: {clase_folder}')
        else:
            print(f'No existe la carpeta: {clase_folder}')

    plt.suptitle('Deteccion de bordes (Canny)', fontsize=10)
    plt.show()

mostrar_bordes(muestras)
```



```
In [64]: def filtro_suavizado(muestras):
    plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))

    for i, clase_nombre in enumerate(muestras):
        clase_folder = os.path.join(ruta_imagenes, clase_nombre)

        if os.path.exists(clase_folder):
            imagenes_clase = os.listdir(clase_folder)

            if imagenes_clase:
                imagen_nombre = random.choice(imagenes_clase)
                img_path = os.path.join(clase_folder, imagen_nombre)
                img = cv2.imread(img_path)

                if img is not None:
                    rgb = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
                    suavizado = cv2.GaussianBlur(rgb, (9, 9), 0)
                    plt.subplot(1, len(muestras), i+1)
                    plt.imshow(suavizado)
                    plt.axis('off')
                    plt.title(f'Suavizado: {clase_nombre}')
                else:
                    print(f'No existen imágenes en la carpeta: {img_path}')
            else:
                print(f'No existen imágenes en la carpeta: {clase_folder}')
        else:
            print(f'No existe la carpeta: {clase_folder}')

    plt.suptitle('filtro de suavizado (Gaussian Blur)', fontsize=10)
    plt.show()

filtro_suavizado(muestras)
```

filtro de suavizado (Gaussian Blur)



# Histograms de RGB para mostrar la distribución de colores. útil para entender clases dominantes para ciertos tonos

```
In [70]: def histograma_rgb(muestras):
    for nombre in muestras:
        clase_folder = os.path.join(ruta_imagenes, nombre)

        if os.path.exists(clase_folder):
            img_clases = os.listdir(clase_folder)

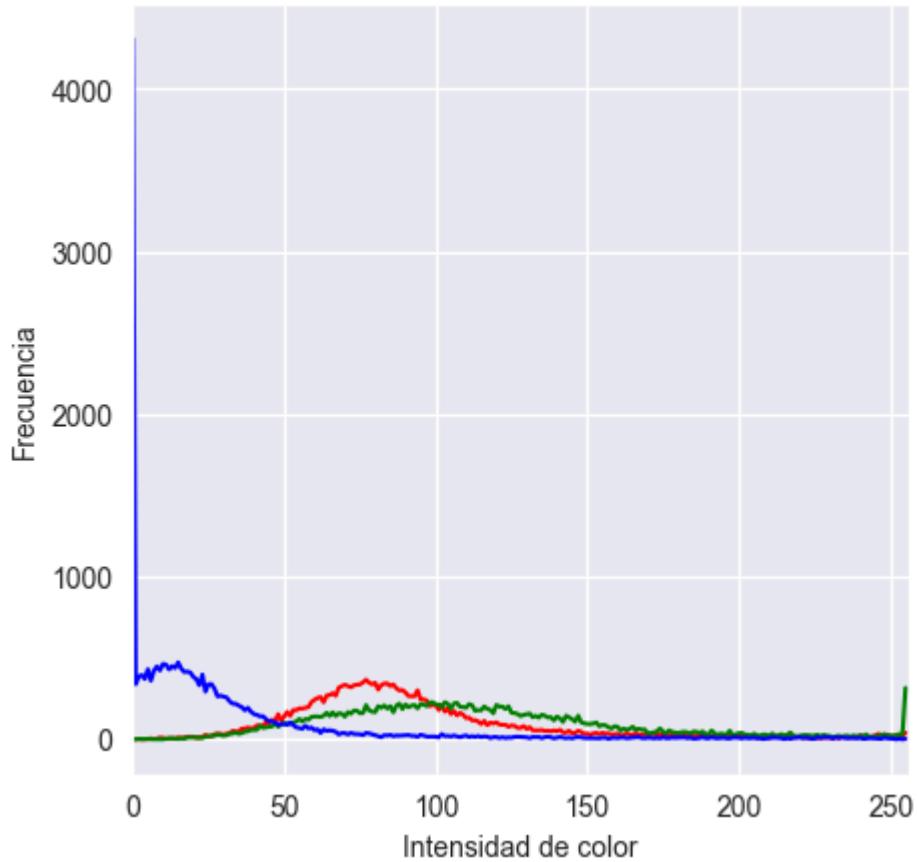
            if img_clases:
                img_nombre = random.choice(img_clases)
                img_path = os.path.join(clase_folder, img_nombre)
                img = cv2.imread(img_path)

                if img is not None:
                    img_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
                    plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
                    colores = ('r', 'g', 'b')

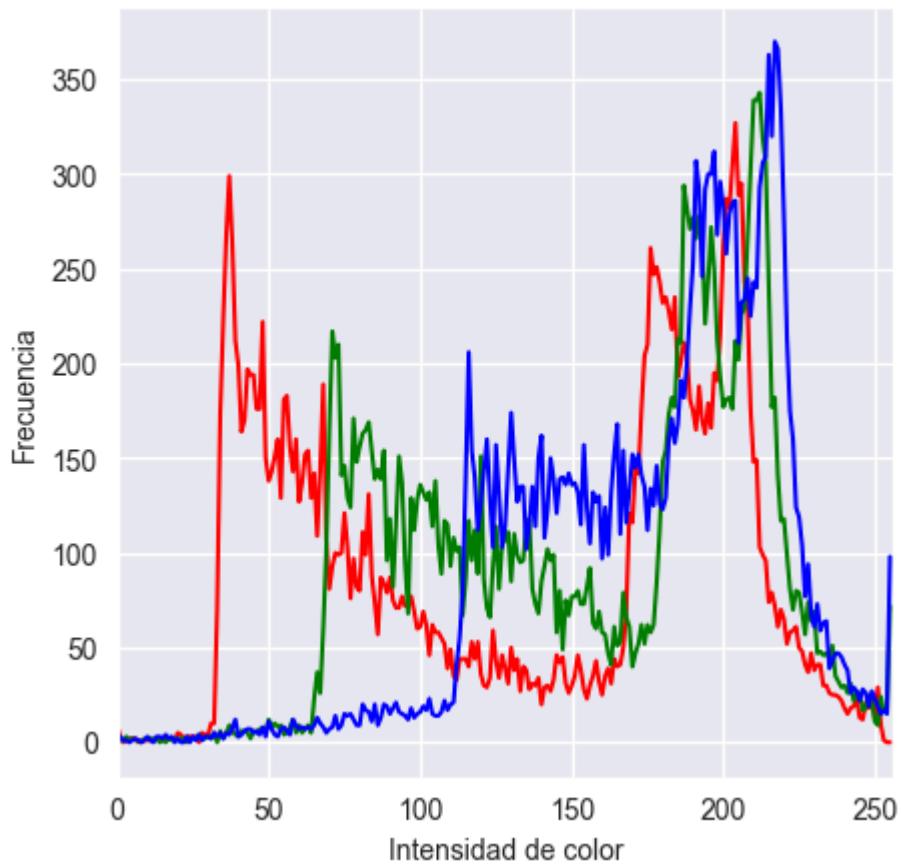
                    for i, color in enumerate(colores):
                        hist = cv2.calcHist([img_rgb], [i], None, [256], [0, 256])
                        plt.plot(hist, color=color)
                    plt.title(f'Histograma de RGB - {nombre}')
                    plt.xlabel('Intensidad de color')
                    plt.ylabel('Frecuencia')
                    plt.xlim([0, 256])
                    #plt.grid(True)
                    plt.show()
                else:
                    print(f'Error al cargar imagen {img_path}')
            else:
                print(f'No existen imágenes en la carpeta {clase_folder}')
        else:
            print(f'No existe la carpeta {clase_folder}')

histograma_rgb(muestras)
```

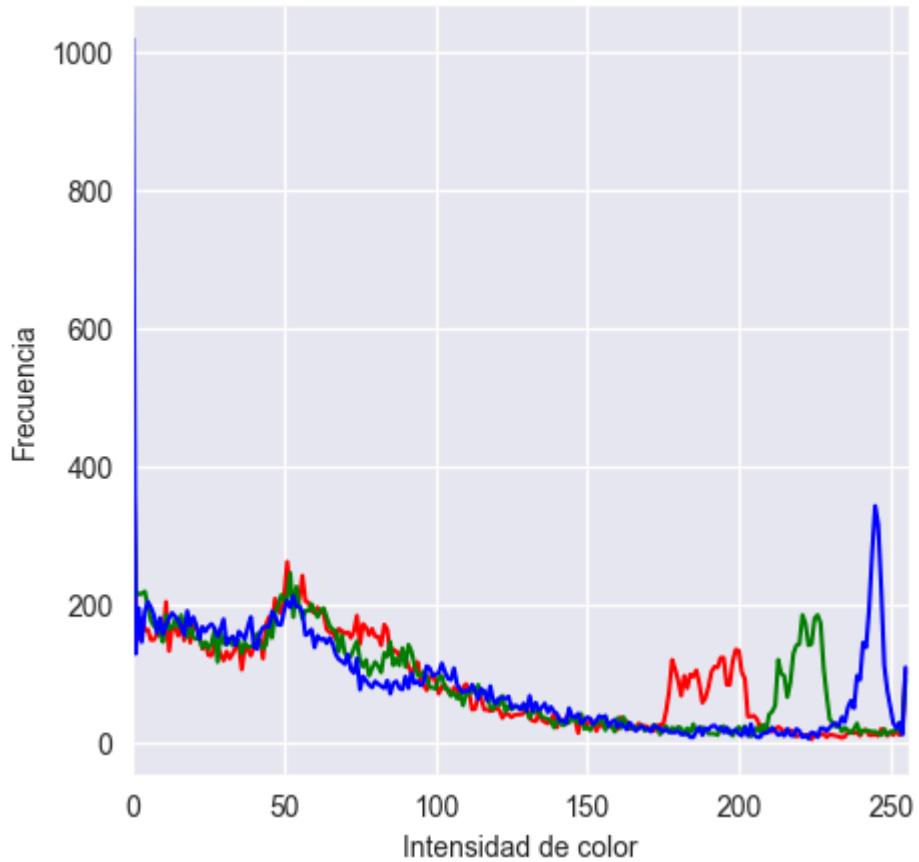
Histograma de RGB - forest



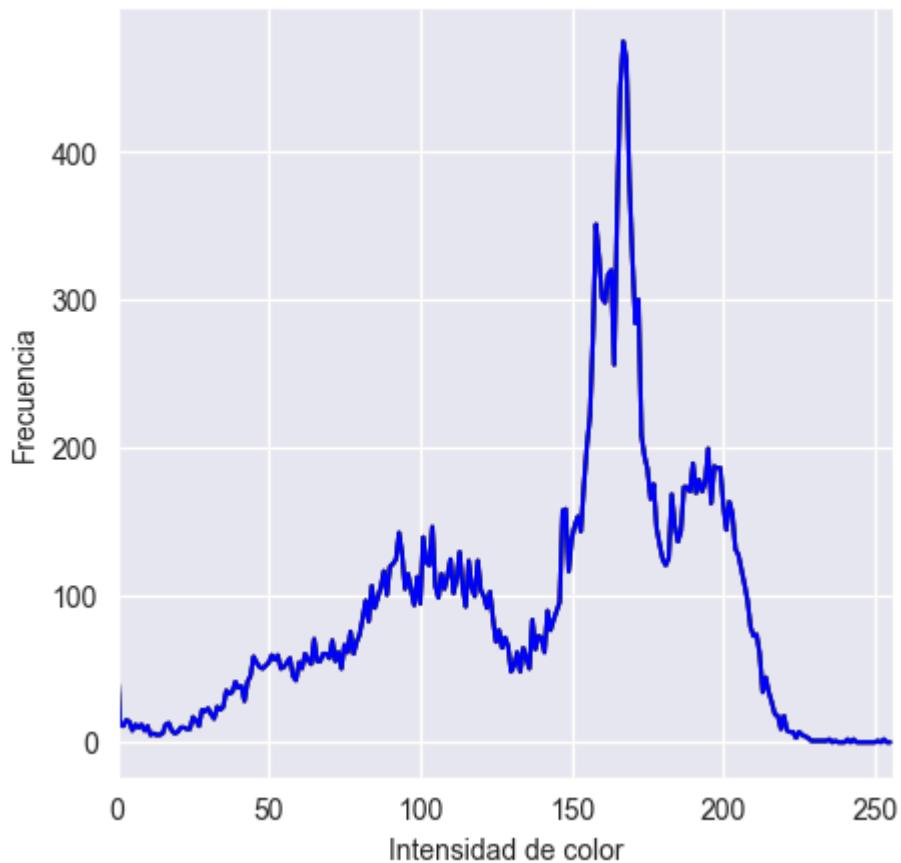
Histograma de RGB - glacier

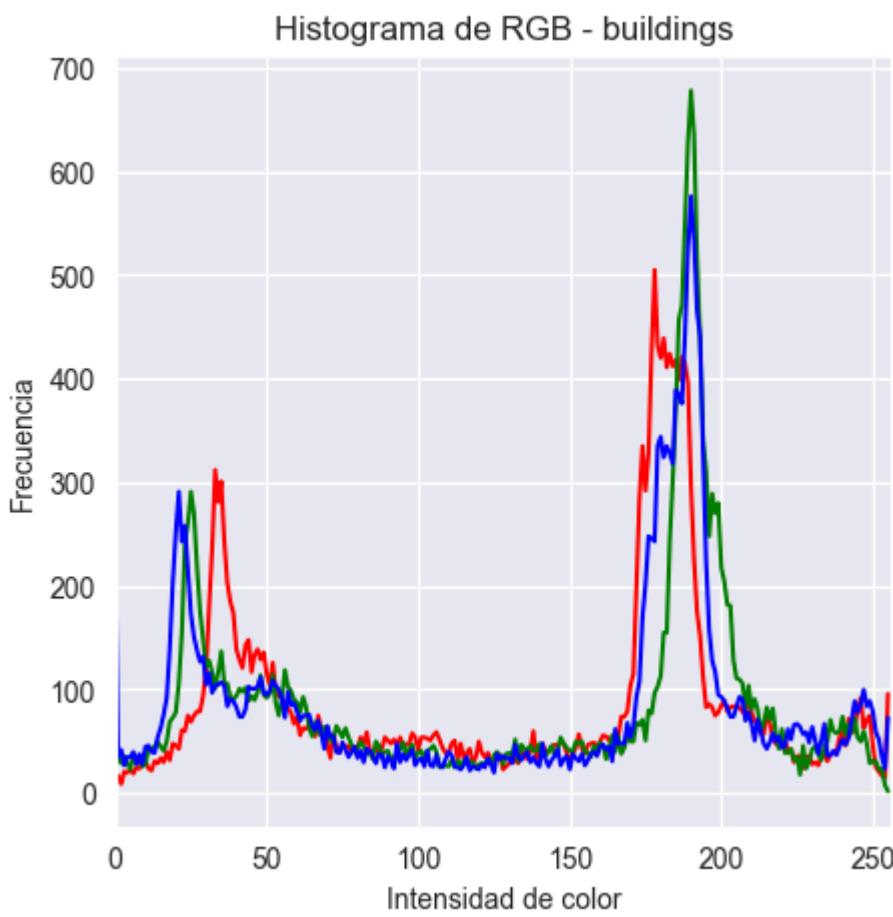


Histograma de RGB - street



Histograma de RGB - sea





**Vamos a mostrar una imagen por cada clase original y al mismo tiempo la distribución de canales RGB**

```
In [76]: def mostrar_canales_rgb(muestras):
    for nombre_clase in muestras:
        clase_folder = os.path.join(ruta_imagenes, nombre_clase)

        if os.path.exists(clase_folder):
            imagenes_en_clase = os.listdir(clase_folder)

            if imagenes_en_clase:
                imagen_nombre = random.choice(imagenes_en_clase)
                ruta_imagen = os.path.join(clase_folder, imagen_nombre)
                imagen = cv2.imread(ruta_imagen)

                if imagen is not None:
                    imagen_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(imagen, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

                    R, G, B = cv2.split(imagen_rgb)

                    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

                    plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
                    plt.imshow(imagen_rgb)
                    plt.title(f"{nombre_clase} - Original")
                    plt.axis('off')

                    plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
```

```

plt.imshow(R, cmap='Reds')
plt.title(f'{nombre_clase} - Canal R')
plt.axis('off')

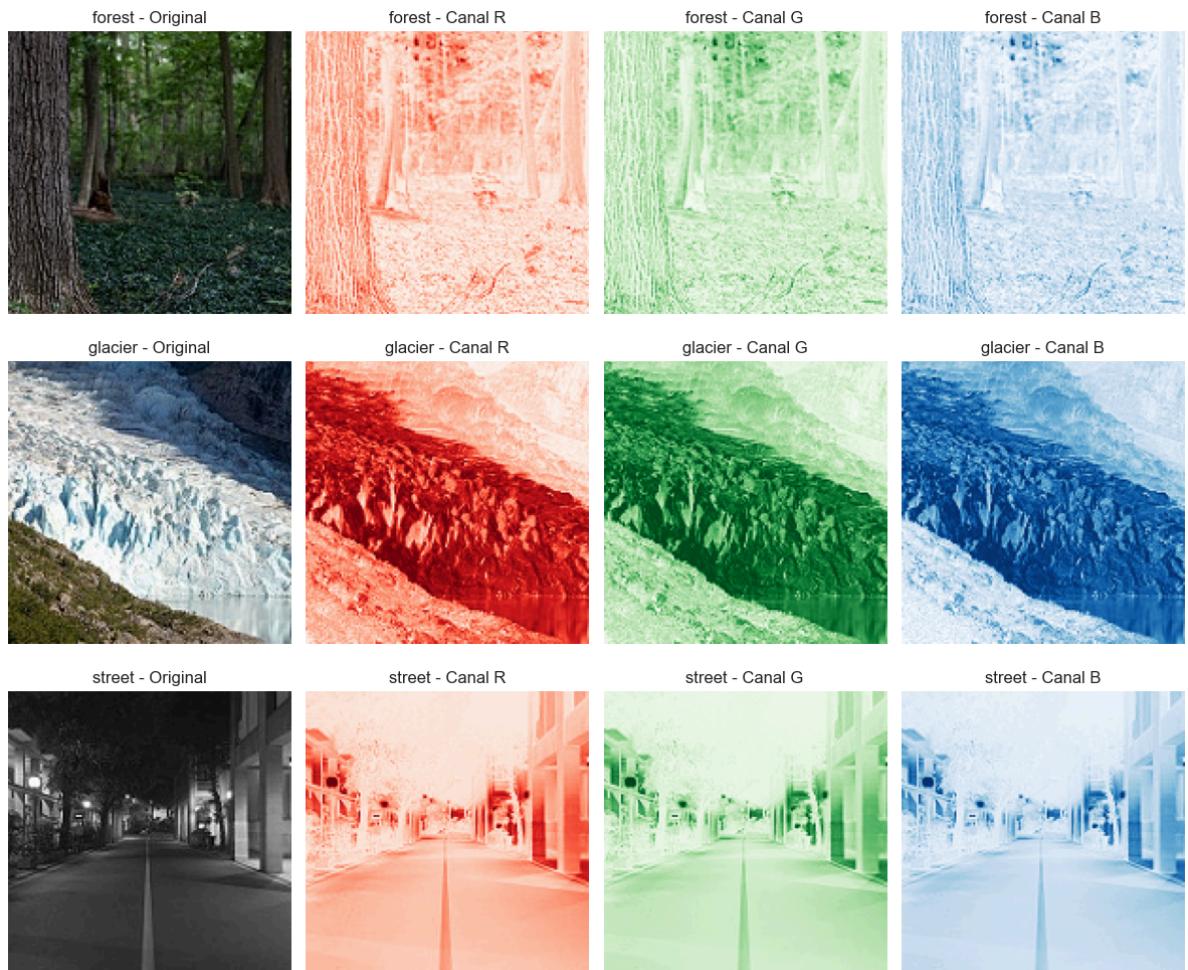
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.imshow(G, cmap='Greens')
plt.title(f'{nombre_clase} - Canal G')
plt.axis('off')

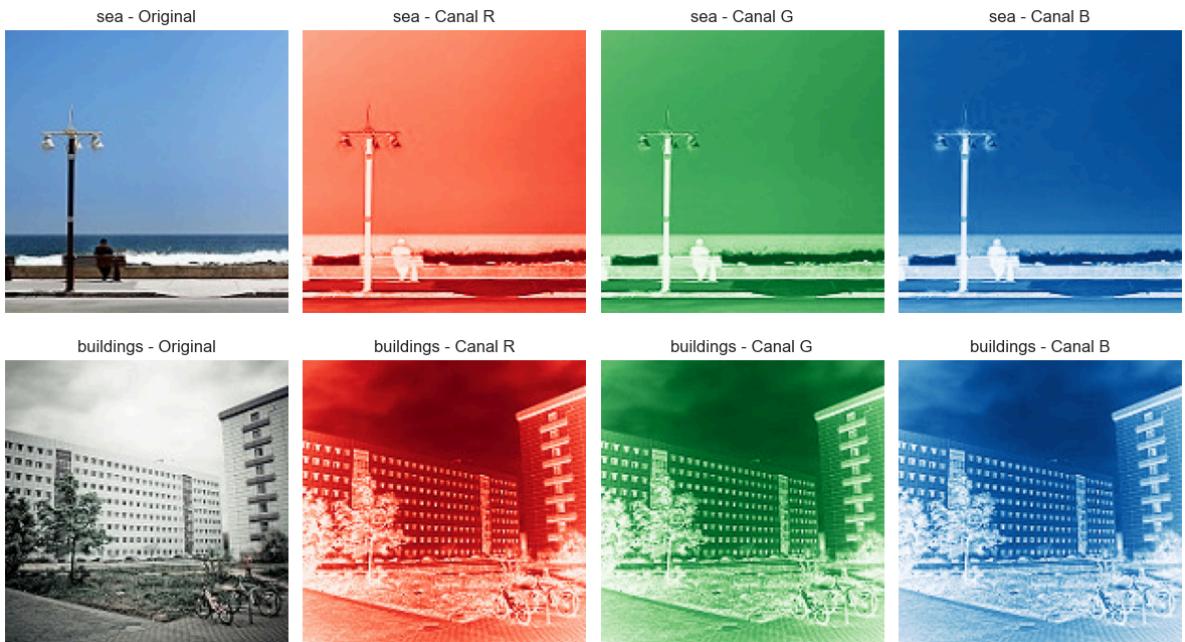
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.imshow(B, cmap='Blues')
plt.title(f'{nombre_clase} - Canal B')
plt.axis('off')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
else:
    print(f"Error al cargar imagen: {ruta_imagen}")
else:
    print(f"No existen imagenes en esta carpeta: {clase_folder}")
else:
    print(f"No existe la carpeta: {clase_folder}")

```

mostrar\_canales\_rgb(muestras)





## Procesamiento de datos

- Vamos a pasar al procesamiento de los datos, para entrenar nuestra red neuronal, nuestras capas, pero en este caso vamos a reducir un poco el tamaño del dataset para que no dure tanto el procesamiento.
- Vamos a usar ImageDataGenerator que es una clase de Keras que automatiza la carga y transformación de imágenes desde carpetas. Esto nos es útil en este dataset que ya viene organizada por carpetas.

## Vamos a crear los generadores de imágenes

- Uno para entrenamiento
- otro para validación

## Parámetros importantes

- rescale: Normaliza los píxeles de 0-255 a 0-1
- rotation: Rota aleatoriamente las imágenes hasta 20 grados
- width\_shift\_range: Desplaza horizontalmente las imágenes
- height\_shift\_range: Desplaza verticalmente las imágenes
- shear\_range: Aplica transformaciones de corte
- zoom\_range: aplica zoom aleatorio
- horizontal\_flip: invierte horizontalmente la imagen
- fill\_mode: Rellena los píxeles faltantes tras la transformación
- validation\_split: Separa el 20% de los datos para validación

```
In [6]: nuevo_data_path = 'G:/Intel/data_train'
nuevo_data_test = 'G:/Intel/data_test'
```

```
nuevo_data_pred = 'G:/Intel/data_pred'

In [7]: train_datagen1 = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale = 1./255,
    rotation_range = 45,
    width_shift_range = 0.2,
    height_shift_range = 0.2,
    shear_range = 0.2,
    zoom_range = 0.2,
    horizontal_flip = True,
    fill_mode = 'nearest',
    validation_split = 0.2,
)
```

```
In [8]: val_datagen1 = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale = 1./255,
    validation_split = 0.2,
)
```

## Creación de los conjuntos (train y val)

- flow\_from\_factory: Busca sub-carpetas en data\_train y cada una representa una clase
- class\_mode: 'categorical': Es por qur hay mas de dos clases
- shuffle=True: Mezcla aleatoriamente las imágenes en el entrenamiento para que el modelo no aprenda en un orden espccifico

```
In [9]: image_size = (150, 150)
batch_size = 32

train_generator1 = train_datagen1.flow_from_directory(
    nuevo_data_path,
    target_size = image_size,
    batch_size = batch_size,
    class_mode = 'categorical',
    subset = 'training',
    shuffle = True,
    seed=42
)
```

Found 4800 images belonging to 6 classes.

```
In [10]: val_generator1 = val_datagen1.flow_from_directory(
    nuevo_data_test,
    target_size = image_size,
    batch_size = batch_size,
    class_mode='categorical',
    subset='validation',
    shuffle=False,
    seed=42
)
```

Found 598 images belonging to 6 classes.

```
In [11]: print('Clases detectadas:', train_generator1.class_indices)

Clases detectadas: {'buildings': 0, 'forest': 1, 'glacier': 2, 'mountain': 3, 'sea': 4, 'street': 5}
```

# Construcción y entrenamiento del modelo CNN

## Parámetros

- Conv2D: Extrae características visuales (bordes, texturas).
- MaxPooling2D: reduce el tamaño y la complejidad de las características.
- Flatten: Convierte el mapa 2D de activaciones en un vector 1D.
- Dense: Decide la clasificación a partir de las características.
- Dropout: Ayuda a que el modelo no memorice los datos.
- softmax: Para clasificación multiclas.

```
In [17]: modelo1 = Sequential()
```

## Capas convolucionales

### Por que usamos 3 capas en este entrenamiento:

- Usamos 3 capas porque nuestra red es media o mediana.
- Tenemos una resolución baja/mediana en las imágenes que para nuestro caso son de 150\*150
- El Dataset que estamos ocupando no estan grande
- Porque tambien no tenemos una GPU y hacemos uso solo de CPU

## Características de las capas

- 1ra capa: borde, límites
- 2da capa: formas, texturas
- 3ra capa: patrones más abstractos

## Filtros (32 -> 64 -> 128)

- La primera capa detecta los detalles pequeños
- La segunda capa que es la intermedia aprende combinaciones de los detalles
- La última capa necesita representar patrones mas complejos, esto aumenta la capacidad de representación del modelo.

## Podemos agregar más capas

Podemos agregar más capas hasta llegar a un filtro del tamaño 256. Estos es incluir 4-5-6 o mas, dependiendo de factores como:

- El tamaño del Dataset, entre mas grande redes mas profundas
- Tamaño de las imágenes, mas grandes mas capas posibles
- Capacidad de procesamiento, es decir más capas, más parámetros más uso de GPU

```
In [18]: modelo1.add(Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation='relu', input_shape=(150, 150, 3)))
modelo1.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

modelo1.add(Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'))
modelo1.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

modelo1.add(Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation='relu'))
modelo1.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
```

## Aplanamos la salida para conectarla a capas densas.

```
In [19]: modelo1.add(Flatten())
```

## Capa totalmente conectada

```
In [20]: modelo1.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
modelo1.add(Dropout(0.5))
```

## Capa de salida

```
In [21]: modelo1.add(Dense(train_generator1.num_classes, activation='softmax'))
```

## Compilación del modelo

- Adam: Optimizador eficiente que ajusta los pesos
- categorical\_crossentropy: función de pérdida adecuada cuando usamos class\_mode='categorical'

```
In [22]: modelo1.compile(
    optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.001),
    loss='categorical_crossentropy',
    metrics=['accuracy']
)
```

## Resumen del modelo

```
In [23]: modelo1.summary()
```

Model: "sequential\_2"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None, 148, 148, 32)	896
max_pooling2d_5 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 74, 74, 32)	0
conv2d_8 (Conv2D)	(None, 72, 72, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_6 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 36, 36, 64)	0
conv2d_9 (Conv2D)	(None, 34, 34, 128)	73856
max_pooling2d_7 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 17, 17, 128)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 36992)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	4735104
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 6)	774
<hr/>		
Total params: 4829126 (18.42 MB)		
Trainable params: 4829126 (18.42 MB)		
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)		

## Resumen

- Total de parámetros 4,829,126
- Entrenables 4,829,126
- No entrenables 0 Esto nos quiere decir que la red tiene mas de 4.8 millosnes de pesos que ira ajustando con el entrenamiento. ya que nuestro modelo es de tamaño medio.

In [25]: epoches1 = 10

```
modelo_entrenado1 = modelo1.fit(  
    train_generator1,  
    epochs=epoches1,  
    validation_data=val_generator1  
    #validation_step=val_generator.samples  
)
```

```
Epoch 1/10
150/150 [=====] - 273s 2s/step - loss: 1.4088 - accuracy: 0.4087 - val_loss: 1.1851 - val_accuracy: 0.5368
Epoch 2/10
150/150 [=====] - 125s 830ms/step - loss: 1.1973 - accuracy: 0.5331 - val_loss: 1.0145 - val_accuracy: 0.6154
Epoch 3/10
150/150 [=====] - 119s 789ms/step - loss: 1.1028 - accuracy: 0.5731 - val_loss: 1.0259 - val_accuracy: 0.6455
Epoch 4/10
150/150 [=====] - 118s 787ms/step - loss: 1.0888 - accuracy: 0.5863 - val_loss: 0.9696 - val_accuracy: 0.6371
Epoch 5/10
150/150 [=====] - 119s 794ms/step - loss: 1.0673 - accuracy: 0.5967 - val_loss: 0.9002 - val_accuracy: 0.6639
Epoch 6/10
150/150 [=====] - 121s 802ms/step - loss: 0.9979 - accuracy: 0.6229 - val_loss: 0.8908 - val_accuracy: 0.6722
Epoch 7/10
150/150 [=====] - 119s 789ms/step - loss: 0.9765 - accuracy: 0.6329 - val_loss: 0.8985 - val_accuracy: 0.6689
Epoch 8/10
150/150 [=====] - 118s 782ms/step - loss: 0.9782 - accuracy: 0.6363 - val_loss: 0.8213 - val_accuracy: 0.7107
Epoch 9/10
150/150 [=====] - 118s 788ms/step - loss: 0.9401 - accuracy: 0.6477 - val_loss: 0.8297 - val_accuracy: 0.7207
Epoch 10/10
150/150 [=====] - 119s 794ms/step - loss: 0.9054 - accuracy: 0.6615 - val_loss: 0.7598 - val_accuracy: 0.7559
```

```
In [26]: history_dict1 = modelo_entrenado1.history
```

```
In [27]: modelo_entrenado1.history
```

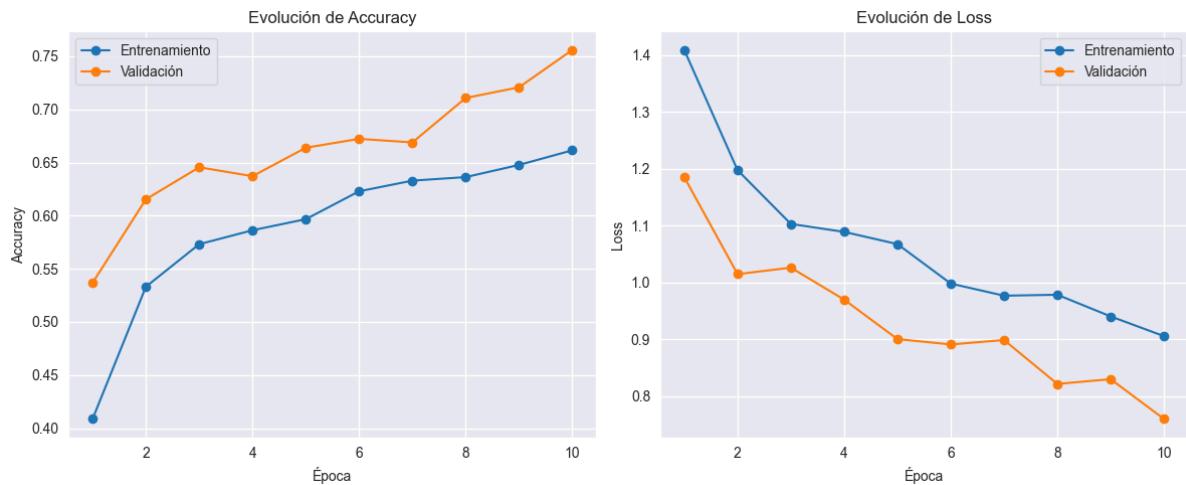
```
Out[27]: {'loss': [1.4088014364242554,
 1.197329044342041,
 1.1027708053588867,
 1.088754653930664,
 1.0673149824142456,
 0.9978610277175903,
 0.9765427708625793,
 0.9781989455223083,
 0.9400767087936401,
 0.9054098725318909],
'accuracy': [0.4087499976158142,
 0.5331249833106995,
 0.5731250047683716,
 0.5862500071525574,
 0.596666693687439,
 0.6229166388511658,
 0.6329166889190674,
 0.6362500190734863,
 0.6477083563804626,
 0.6614583134651184],
'val_loss': [1.1850954294204712,
 1.0144895315170288,
 1.0258711576461792,
 0.9696007966995239,
 0.9001606702804565,
 0.89079350233078,
 0.898517906665802,
 0.8213281631469727,
 0.8296622633934021,
 0.7597572803497314],
'val_accuracy': [0.5367892980575562,
 0.6153846383094788,
 0.6454849243164062,
 0.6371237635612488,
 0.6638795733451843,
 0.6722407937049866,
 0.6688963174819946,
 0.7107023596763611,
 0.7207357883453369,
 0.7558528184890747]}
```

```
In [28]: history_dict1 = modelo_entrenado1.history
epochs = range(1, len(history_dict1['accuracy']) + 1)

# Accuracy
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(epochs, history_dict1['accuracy'], 'o-', label='Entrenamiento')
plt.plot(epochs, history_dict1['val_accuracy'], 'o-', label='Validación')
plt.title('Evolución de Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Época')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

# Loss
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(epochs, history_dict1['loss'], 'o-', label='Entrenamiento')
plt.plot(epochs, history_dict1['val_loss'], 'o-', label='Validación')
plt.title('Evolución de Loss')
plt.xlabel('Época')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
```

```
plt.tight_layout()  
plt.show()
```



## Segundo entrenamiento

```
In [9]: data_train = 'G:/Intel/seg_train'  
data_test = 'G:/Intel/seg_test'  
data_path = 'G:/Intel/seg_train'
```

```
In [10]: train_datagen2 = ImageDataGenerator(  
    rescale = 1./255,  
    rotation_range = 45,  
    width_shift_range = 0.2,  
    height_shift_range = 0.2,  
    shear_range = 0.2,  
    zoom_range = 0.2,  
    horizontal_flip = True,  
    fill_mode = 'nearest',  
    validation_split = 0.2,  
)
```

```
In [11]: val_datagen2 = ImageDataGenerator(  
    rescale = 1./255,  
    validation_split = 0.2,  
)
```

```
In [32]: image_size = (150, 150)  
batch_size = 32  
  
train_generator2 = train_datagen2.flow_from_directory(  
    data_train,  
    target_size = image_size,  
    batch_size = batch_size,  
    class_mode = 'categorical',  
    subset = 'training',  
    shuffle = True,  
    seed=42  
)
```

Found 11230 images belonging to 6 classes.

```
In [33]: val_generator2 = val_datagen2.flow_from_directory(  
    data_test,  
    target_size = image_size,
```

```
    batch_size = batch_size,
    class_mode='categorical',
    subset='validation',
    shuffle=False,
    seed=42
)
```

Found 598 images belonging to 6 classes.

```
In [34]: print('Clases detectadas:', train_generator2.class_indices)
```

```
Clases detectadas: {'buildings': 0, 'forest': 1, 'glacier': 2, 'mountain': 3, 'sea': 4, 'street': 5}
```

```
In [35]: modelo2 = Sequential()
```

```
In [36]: modelo2.add(Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation='relu', input_shape=(150, 150, 3)))
modelo2.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

modelo2.add(Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'))
modelo2.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

modelo2.add(Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation='relu'))
modelo2.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
```

```
In [37]: modelo2.add(Flatten())
```

```
In [38]: modelo2.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
modelo2.add(Dropout(0.5))
```

```
In [39]: modelo2.add(Dense(train_generator2.num_classes, activation='softmax'))
```

```
In [40]: modelo2.compile(
    optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.001),
    loss='categorical_crossentropy',
    metrics=['accuracy']
)
```

```
In [41]: modelo2.summary()
```

Model: "sequential\_3"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
conv2d_10 (Conv2D)	(None, 148, 148, 32)	896
max_pooling2d_8 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 74, 74, 32)	0
conv2d_11 (Conv2D)	(None, 72, 72, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_9 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 36, 36, 64)	0
conv2d_12 (Conv2D)	(None, 34, 34, 128)	73856
max_pooling2d_10 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 17, 17, 128)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 36992)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 128)	4735104
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 6)	774
<hr/>		
Total params: 4829126 (18.42 MB)		
Trainable params: 4829126 (18.42 MB)		
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)		

In [42]:

```
epochs2 = 20

modelo_entrenado2 = modelo2.fit(
    train_generator2,
    epochs=epochs2,
    validation_data=val_generator2
    #validation_step=val_generator.samples
)
```

```
Epoch 1/20
351/351 [=====] - 660s 2s/step - loss: 1.2980 - accuracy: 0.4805 - val_loss: 1.0673 - val_accuracy: 0.5619
Epoch 2/20
351/351 [=====] - 284s 807ms/step - loss: 1.1033 - accuracy: 0.5738 - val_loss: 1.1376 - val_accuracy: 0.6087
Epoch 3/20
351/351 [=====] - 281s 800ms/step - loss: 1.0035 - accuracy: 0.6195 - val_loss: 0.8541 - val_accuracy: 0.7007
Epoch 4/20
351/351 [=====] - 282s 802ms/step - loss: 0.9385 - accuracy: 0.6508 - val_loss: 0.8968 - val_accuracy: 0.6957
Epoch 5/20
351/351 [=====] - 281s 801ms/step - loss: 0.9043 - accuracy: 0.6613 - val_loss: 0.7504 - val_accuracy: 0.7324
Epoch 6/20
351/351 [=====] - 283s 806ms/step - loss: 0.8596 - accuracy: 0.6889 - val_loss: 0.7220 - val_accuracy: 0.7425
Epoch 7/20
351/351 [=====] - 282s 802ms/step - loss: 0.8267 - accuracy: 0.7028 - val_loss: 0.6980 - val_accuracy: 0.7592
Epoch 8/20
351/351 [=====] - 281s 798ms/step - loss: 0.7850 - accuracy: 0.7179 - val_loss: 0.6613 - val_accuracy: 0.7692
Epoch 9/20
351/351 [=====] - 282s 801ms/step - loss: 0.7720 - accuracy: 0.7183 - val_loss: 0.6030 - val_accuracy: 0.7943
Epoch 10/20
351/351 [=====] - 281s 801ms/step - loss: 0.7520 - accuracy: 0.7302 - val_loss: 0.6221 - val_accuracy: 0.7742
Epoch 11/20
351/351 [=====] - 282s 803ms/step - loss: 0.7352 - accuracy: 0.7382 - val_loss: 0.6438 - val_accuracy: 0.7742
Epoch 12/20
351/351 [=====] - 281s 799ms/step - loss: 0.7202 - accuracy: 0.7412 - val_loss: 0.6023 - val_accuracy: 0.7843
Epoch 13/20
351/351 [=====] - 280s 798ms/step - loss: 0.7068 - accuracy: 0.7476 - val_loss: 0.5572 - val_accuracy: 0.8110
Epoch 14/20
351/351 [=====] - 293s 834ms/step - loss: 0.6906 - accuracy: 0.7531 - val_loss: 0.6187 - val_accuracy: 0.7893
Epoch 15/20
351/351 [=====] - 280s 797ms/step - loss: 0.6780 - accuracy: 0.7608 - val_loss: 0.5336 - val_accuracy: 0.8211
Epoch 16/20
351/351 [=====] - 279s 794ms/step - loss: 0.6672 - accuracy: 0.7607 - val_loss: 0.5796 - val_accuracy: 0.8010
Epoch 17/20
351/351 [=====] - 280s 796ms/step - loss: 0.6728 - accuracy: 0.7639 - val_loss: 0.6068 - val_accuracy: 0.7910
Epoch 18/20
351/351 [=====] - 280s 796ms/step - loss: 0.6492 - accuracy: 0.7686 - val_loss: 0.6354 - val_accuracy: 0.7592
Epoch 19/20
351/351 [=====] - 283s 804ms/step - loss: 0.6422 - accuracy: 0.7711 - val_loss: 0.5552 - val_accuracy: 0.8010
Epoch 20/20
351/351 [=====] - 279s 794ms/step - loss: 0.6292 - accuracy: 0.7739 - val_loss: 0.5713 - val_accuracy: 0.8110
```

```
In [43]: history_dict2 = modelo_entrenado2.history
```

```
In [44]: modelo_entrenado2.history.keys()
```

```
Out[44]: dict_keys(['loss', 'accuracy', 'val_loss', 'val_accuracy'])
```

```
In [45]: modelo_entrenado2.history
```

```
Out[45]: {'loss': [1.2980388402938843,
 1.1033177375793457,
 1.0035395622253418,
 0.9384883642196655,
 0.9043436646461487,
 0.859642505645752,
 0.8266555666923523,
 0.78504478931427,
 0.7720282077789307,
 0.7519802451133728,
 0.7352477312088013,
 0.7201619148254395,
 0.7067561745643616,
 0.6906139254570007,
 0.6779631972312927,
 0.6672425270080566,
 0.6728276014328003,
 0.6491921544075012,
 0.6421696543693542,
 0.6292039752006531],
 'accuracy': [0.48049867153167725,
 0.5738201141357422,
 0.6195013523101807,
 0.6508459448814392,
 0.6612644791603088,
 0.6888691186904907,
 0.7027604579925537,
 0.7178984880447388,
 0.7183437347412109,
 0.7301869988441467,
 0.7382012605667114,
 0.7412288784980774,
 0.7475512027740479,
 0.7530721426010132,
 0.7608192563056946,
 0.7607302069664001,
 0.7639358639717102,
 0.7685663104057312,
 0.7710596323013306,
 0.7739091515541077],
 'val_loss': [1.0672651529312134,
 1.137558937072754,
 0.8541373610496521,
 0.8967649340629578,
 0.7503944039344788,
 0.722000777721405,
 0.6980310082435608,
 0.6612836718559265,
 0.6030112504959106,
 0.6220883131027222,
 0.643780529499054,
 0.6022869944572449,
 0.557243287563324,
 0.6187296509742737,
 0.5336061716079712,
 0.5795917510986328,
 0.6067537665367126,
 0.6353688836097717,
 0.5552242398262024,
 0.5712815523147583],
 'val_accuracy': [0.5618728995323181,
 0.6086956262588501,
 0.7006688714027405,
 0.695652186870575,
```

```

0.7324414849281311,
0.7424749135971069,
0.7591972947120667,
0.7692307829856873,
0.7943143844604492,
0.7742474675178528,
0.7742474675178528,
0.7842809557914734,
0.8110367655754089,
0.7892976403236389,
0.8210702538490295,
0.8010033369064331,
0.7909699082374573,
0.7591972947120667,
0.8010033369064331,
0.8110367655754089]}

```

In [65]:

```

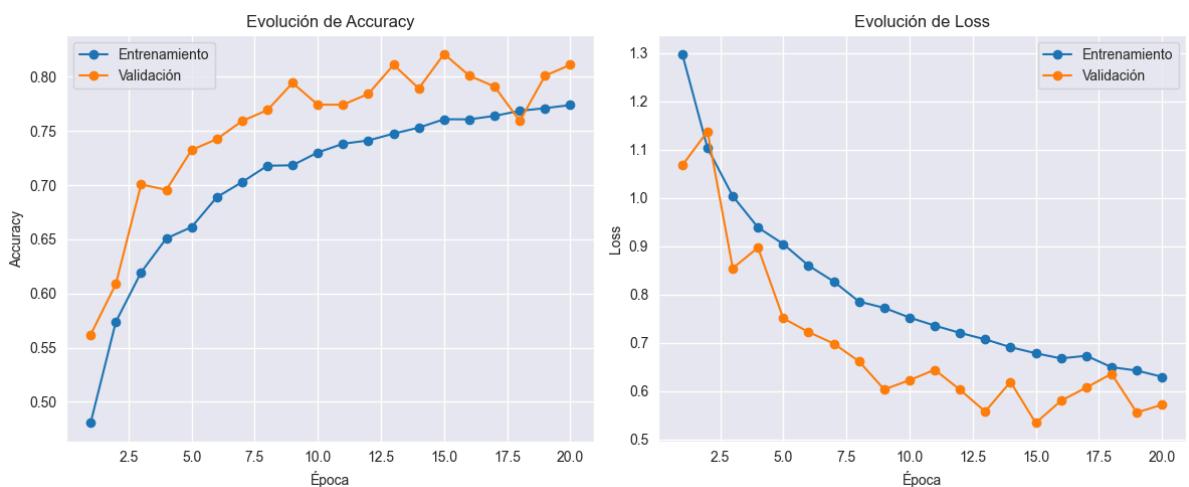
history_dict2 = modelo_entrenado2.history
epochs2 = range(1, len(history_dict2['accuracy']) + 1)

# Accuracy
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(epochs2, history_dict2['accuracy'], 'o-', label='Entrenamiento')
plt.plot(epochs2, history_dict2['val_accuracy'], 'o-', label='Validación')
plt.title('Evolución de Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Época')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

# Loss
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(epochs2, history_dict2['loss'], 'o-', label='Entrenamiento')
plt.plot(epochs2, history_dict2['val_loss'], 'o-', label='Validación')
plt.title('Evolución de Loss')
plt.xlabel('Época')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



## Tercer entrenamiento:

```
In [12]: data_train = 'G:/Intel/seg_train'  
data_test = 'G:/Intel/seg_test'  
data_path = 'G:/Intel/seg_train'
```

```
In [26]: train_datagen3 = ImageDataGenerator(  
    rescale = 1./255,  
    rotation_range = 25,  
    width_shift_range = 0.2,  
    height_shift_range = 0.2,  
    shear_range = 0.15,  
    zoom_range = 0.2,  
    horizontal_flip = True,  
    fill_mode = 'nearest',  
    validation_split = 0.2  
)
```

```
In [27]: val_datagen3 = ImageDataGenerator(  
    rescale = 1./255  
)
```

```
In [28]: image_size = (150, 150)  
batch_size = 32  
  
train_generator3 = train_datagen3.flow_from_directory(  
    data_train,  
    target_size = image_size,  
    batch_size = batch_size,  
    class_mode = 'categorical'  
)
```

Found 14034 images belonging to 6 classes.

```
In [29]: val_generator3 = val_datagen3.flow_from_directory(  
    data_test,  
    target_size = image_size,  
    batch_size = batch_size,  
    class_mode='categorical'  
)
```

Found 3000 images belonging to 6 classes.

```
In [31]: modelo3 = Sequential([  
    Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation='relu', input_shape=(150, 150, 3)),  
    MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)),  
  
    Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'),  
    MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)),  
  
    Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation='relu'),  
    MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)),  
  
    Flatten(),  
    Dense(128, activation='relu'),  
    Dropout(0.5),  
    Dense(train_generator3.num_classes, activation='softmax')  
)
```

```
In [32]: modelo3.compile(  
    optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.001),  
    loss='categorical_crossentropy',  
    metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
In [33]: early_stop = EarlyStopping(  
    monitor='val_loss',  
    patience=5,  
    restore_best_weights=True  
)
```

```
In [34]: reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(  
    monitor='val_loss',  
    factor=0.5,  
    patience=3,  
    min_lr=1e-6  
)
```

```
In [36]: epochs3 = 30  
  
modelo_entrenado3 = modelo3.fit(  
    train_generator3,  
    epochs=epochs3,  
    validation_data=val_generator3,  
    callbacks=[early_stop, reduce_lr]  
)
```

Epoch 1/30  
439/439 [=====] - 1062s 2s/step - loss: 1.1994 - accuracy: 0.5202 - val\_loss: 0.9189 - val\_accuracy: 0.6377 - lr: 0.0010  
Epoch 2/30  
439/439 [=====] - 518s 1s/step - loss: 1.0056 - accuracy: 0.6162 - val\_loss: 0.8245 - val\_accuracy: 0.6863 - lr: 0.0010  
Epoch 3/30  
439/439 [=====] - 459s 1s/step - loss: 0.8840 - accuracy: 0.6719 - val\_loss: 0.6798 - val\_accuracy: 0.7593 - lr: 0.0010  
Epoch 4/30  
439/439 [=====] - 466s 1s/step - loss: 0.8010 - accuracy: 0.7028 - val\_loss: 0.7166 - val\_accuracy: 0.7433 - lr: 0.0010  
Epoch 5/30  
439/439 [=====] - 484s 1s/step - loss: 0.7538 - accuracy: 0.7288 - val\_loss: 0.5603 - val\_accuracy: 0.8070 - lr: 0.0010  
Epoch 6/30  
439/439 [=====] - 459s 1s/step - loss: 0.7139 - accuracy: 0.7441 - val\_loss: 0.5447 - val\_accuracy: 0.7987 - lr: 0.0010  
Epoch 7/30  
439/439 [=====] - 460s 1s/step - loss: 0.6898 - accuracy: 0.7543 - val\_loss: 0.6379 - val\_accuracy: 0.7753 - lr: 0.0010  
Epoch 8/30  
439/439 [=====] - 438s 997ms/step - loss: 0.6565 - accuracy: 0.7703 - val\_loss: 0.6025 - val\_accuracy: 0.7857 - lr: 0.0010  
Epoch 9/30  
439/439 [=====] - 433s 984ms/step - loss: 0.6541 - accuracy: 0.7686 - val\_loss: 0.5621 - val\_accuracy: 0.8137 - lr: 0.0010  
Epoch 10/30  
439/439 [=====] - 464s 1s/step - loss: 0.5838 - accuracy: 0.7909 - val\_loss: 0.4378 - val\_accuracy: 0.8433 - lr: 5.0000e-04  
Epoch 11/30  
439/439 [=====] - 493s 1s/step - loss: 0.5599 - accuracy: 0.7970 - val\_loss: 0.5015 - val\_accuracy: 0.8157 - lr: 5.0000e-04  
Epoch 12/30  
439/439 [=====] - 462s 1s/step - loss: 0.5577 - accuracy: 0.8029 - val\_loss: 0.4613 - val\_accuracy: 0.8327 - lr: 5.0000e-04  
Epoch 13/30  
439/439 [=====] - 462s 1s/step - loss: 0.5399 - accuracy: 0.8105 - val\_loss: 0.4678 - val\_accuracy: 0.8313 - lr: 5.0000e-04  
Epoch 14/30  
439/439 [=====] - 462s 1s/step - loss: 0.5082 - accuracy: 0.8212 - val\_loss: 0.4241 - val\_accuracy: 0.8473 - lr: 2.5000e-04  
Epoch 15/30  
439/439 [=====] - 451s 1s/step - loss: 0.4955 - accuracy: 0.8270 - val\_loss: 0.4305 - val\_accuracy: 0.8510 - lr: 2.5000e-04  
Epoch 16/30  
439/439 [=====] - 453s 1s/step - loss: 0.4951 - accuracy: 0.8263 - val\_loss: 0.4197 - val\_accuracy: 0.8547 - lr: 2.5000e-04  
Epoch 17/30  
439/439 [=====] - 472s 1s/step - loss: 0.4843 - accuracy: 0.8278 - val\_loss: 0.4282 - val\_accuracy: 0.8517 - lr: 2.5000e-04  
Epoch 18/30  
439/439 [=====] - 452s 1s/step - loss: 0.4923 - accuracy: 0.8258 - val\_loss: 0.4373 - val\_accuracy: 0.8473 - lr: 2.5000e-04  
Epoch 19/30  
439/439 [=====] - 455s 1s/step - loss: 0.4663 - accuracy: 0.8355 - val\_loss: 0.4208 - val\_accuracy: 0.8520 - lr: 2.5000e-04  
Epoch 20/30  
439/439 [=====] - 458s 1s/step - loss: 0.4592 - accuracy: 0.8432 - val\_loss: 0.4128 - val\_accuracy: 0.8537 - lr: 1.2500e-04  
Epoch 21/30  
439/439 [=====] - 467s 1s/step - loss: 0.4593 - accuracy: 0.8378 - val\_loss: 0.4133 - val\_accuracy: 0.8550 - lr: 1.2500e-04  
Epoch 22/30

```
439/439 [=====] - 464s 1s/step - loss: 0.4413 - accuracy: 0.8420 - val_loss: 0.4005 - val_accuracy: 0.8587 - lr: 1.2500e-04
Epoch 23/30
439/439 [=====] - 450s 1s/step - loss: 0.4425 - accuracy: 0.8413 - val_loss: 0.4149 - val_accuracy: 0.8533 - lr: 1.2500e-04
Epoch 24/30
439/439 [=====] - 456s 1s/step - loss: 0.4421 - accuracy: 0.8467 - val_loss: 0.3873 - val_accuracy: 0.8660 - lr: 1.2500e-04
Epoch 25/30
439/439 [=====] - 454s 1s/step - loss: 0.4401 - accuracy: 0.8413 - val_loss: 0.4115 - val_accuracy: 0.8597 - lr: 1.2500e-04
Epoch 26/30
439/439 [=====] - 596s 1s/step - loss: 0.4382 - accuracy: 0.8453 - val_loss: 0.4106 - val_accuracy: 0.8573 - lr: 1.2500e-04
Epoch 27/30
439/439 [=====] - 536s 1s/step - loss: 0.4310 - accuracy: 0.8501 - val_loss: 0.3832 - val_accuracy: 0.8653 - lr: 1.2500e-04
Epoch 28/30
439/439 [=====] - 478s 1s/step - loss: 0.4289 - accuracy: 0.8486 - val_loss: 0.3904 - val_accuracy: 0.8633 - lr: 1.2500e-04
Epoch 29/30
439/439 [=====] - 471s 1s/step - loss: 0.4258 - accuracy: 0.8517 - val_loss: 0.3754 - val_accuracy: 0.8683 - lr: 1.2500e-04
Epoch 30/30
439/439 [=====] - 461s 1s/step - loss: 0.4292 - accuracy: 0.8506 - val_loss: 0.4251 - val_accuracy: 0.8560 - lr: 1.2500e-04
```

```
In [38]: history_dict3 = modelo_entrenado3.history
```

```
In [39]: modelo_entrenado3.history.keys()
```

```
Out[39]: dict_keys(['loss', 'accuracy', 'val_loss', 'val_accuracy', 'lr'])
```

```
In [40]: modelo_entrenado3.history
```

```
Out[40]: {'loss': [1.1994311809539795,
 1.0056487321853638,
 0.8840314149856567,
 0.8009738922119141,
 0.753781259059906,
 0.7139289379119873,
 0.689836323261261,
 0.6565174460411072,
 0.6540573835372925,
 0.5838224291801453,
 0.5599307417869568,
 0.5576876997947693,
 0.5398508906364441,
 0.5081998109817505,
 0.4955448508262634,
 0.4951328933238983,
 0.4842793643474579,
 0.4923228919506073,
 0.4662681221961975,
 0.45923635363578796,
 0.459299772977829,
 0.44129329919815063,
 0.44251206517219543,
 0.44209861755371094,
 0.4400606155395508,
 0.4381740689277649,
 0.4310492277145386,
 0.4289337992668152,
 0.42584457993507385,
 0.4291658103466034],
 'accuracy': [0.5202365517616272,
 0.6162177324295044,
 0.6718683242797852,
 0.7027932405471802,
 0.7288014888763428,
 0.7441214323043823,
 0.7543109655380249,
 0.7702721953392029,
 0.7685620784759521,
 0.7908650636672974,
 0.7969930171966553,
 0.8029072284698486,
 0.8104603290557861,
 0.8212199211120605,
 0.826991617679596,
 0.8262790441513062,
 0.8278466463088989,
 0.8257802724838257,
 0.8355422616004944,
 0.8432378768920898,
 0.8377511501312256,
 0.8420265316963196,
 0.8413139581680298,
 0.8466581106185913,
 0.8413139581680298,
 0.8453042507171631,
 0.8501496315002441,
 0.8485820293426514,
 0.8517172336578369,
 0.8506484031677246],
 'val_loss': [0.9189009070396423,
 0.8244810104370117,
 0.679813802242279,
 0.7165949940681458,
```

```
0.5602884292602539,
0.5447397232055664,
0.6379279494285583,
0.602499783039093,
0.5620777010917664,
0.4378431737422943,
0.5014508962631226,
0.46128031611442566,
0.46779489517211914,
0.4241483211517334,
0.43049007654190063,
0.41970834136009216,
0.4282259941101074,
0.4372844099998474,
0.4207509756088257,
0.41282787919044495,
0.41326066851615906,
0.40053218603134155,
0.41491174697875977,
0.38728466629981995,
0.4115121364593506,
0.41064995527267456,
0.38317057490348816,
0.3903634548187256,
0.3754015564918518,
0.4250618815422058],
'val_accuracy': [0.637666642665863,
0.6863333582878113,
0.7593333125114441,
0.7433333396911621,
0.8069999814033508,
0.7986666560173035,
0.7753333449363708,
0.7856666445732117,
0.8136666417121887,
0.8433333039283752,
0.815666675567627,
0.8326666951179504,
0.831333339214325,
0.8473333120346069,
0.8510000109672546,
0.8546666502952576,
0.8516666889190674,
0.8473333120346069,
0.8519999980926514,
0.8536666631698608,
0.8550000190734863,
0.8586666584014893,
0.8533333539962769,
0.8659999966621399,
0.859666645526886,
0.8573333621025085,
0.8653333187103271,
0.8633333444595337,
0.8683333396911621,
0.8560000061988831],
'lr': [0.001,
0.001,
0.001,
0.001,
0.001,
0.001,
0.001,
0.001,
```

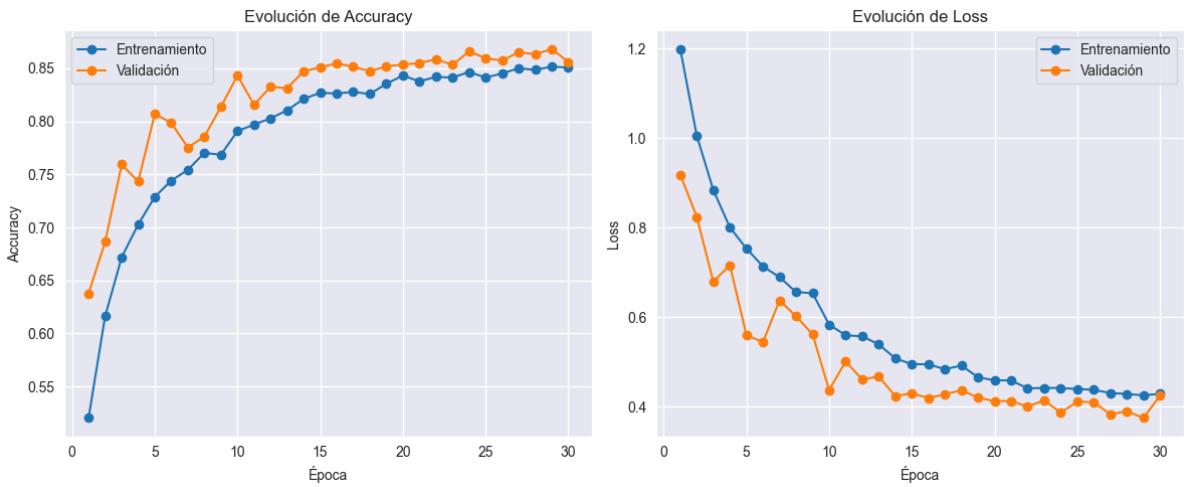
```
0.001,  
0.0005,  
0.0005,  
0.0005,  
0.0005,  
0.00025,  
0.00025,  
0.00025,  
0.00025,  
0.00025,  
0.00025,  
0.00025,  
0.000125,  
0.000125,  
0.000125,  
0.000125,  
0.000125,  
0.000125,  
0.000125,  
0.000125,  
0.000125,  
0.000125,  
0.000125,  
0.000125]
```

```
In [44]: modelo_final = modelo_entrenado3
```

## Guardamos y el modleo para poder despues poder reutilizarlo.

```
In [52]: modelo3.save("modelo_entrenado3.keras")
```

```
In [53]: history_dict3 = modelo_entrenado3.history  
epochs3 = range(1, len(history_dict3['accuracy']) + 1)  
  
# Accuracy  
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))  
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)  
plt.plot(epochs3, history_dict3['accuracy'], 'o-', label='Entrenamiento')  
plt.plot(epochs3, history_dict3['val_accuracy'], 'o-', label='Validación')  
plt.title('Evolución de Accuracy')  
plt.xlabel('Época')  
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')  
plt.legend()  
plt.grid(True)  
  
# Loss  
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)  
plt.plot(epochs3, history_dict3['loss'], 'o-', label='Entrenamiento')  
plt.plot(epochs3, history_dict3['val_loss'], 'o-', label='Validación')  
plt.title('Evolución de Loss')  
plt.xlabel('Época')  
plt.ylabel('Loss')  
plt.legend()  
plt.grid(True)  
  
plt.tight_layout()  
plt.show()
```



## Comparativa de los 3 entrenamientos junto accuracy y loss

```
In [66]: epochs = range(1, len(history_dict1['accuracy']) + 1)
epochs2 = range(1, len(history_dict2['accuracy']) + 1)
epochs3 = range(1, len(history_dict3['accuracy']) + 1)

plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))

plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(epochs, history_dict1['val_accuracy'], 'o-', label='Modelo 1 (Validación)')
plt.plot(epochs2, history_dict2['val_accuracy'], 'o-', label='Modelo 2 (Validación)')
plt.plot(epochs3, history_dict3['val_accuracy'], 'o-', label='Modelo 3 (Validación)')
plt.title('Comparación de Accuracy en Validación')
plt.xlabel('Épocas')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(epochs, history_dict1['val_loss'], 'o-', label='Modelo 1 (Validación)')
plt.plot(epochs2, history_dict2['val_loss'], 'o-', label='Modelo 2 (Validación)')
plt.plot(epochs3, history_dict3['val_loss'], 'o-', label='Modelo 3 (Validación)')
plt.title('Comparación de Loss en Validación')
plt.xlabel('Épocas')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## Curvas de entrenamiento y validación

```
In [67]: epochs = range(1, len(history_dict1['accuracy']) + 1)
epochs2 = range(1, len(history_dict2['accuracy']) + 1)
epochs3 = range(1, len(history_dict3['accuracy']) + 1)

plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))

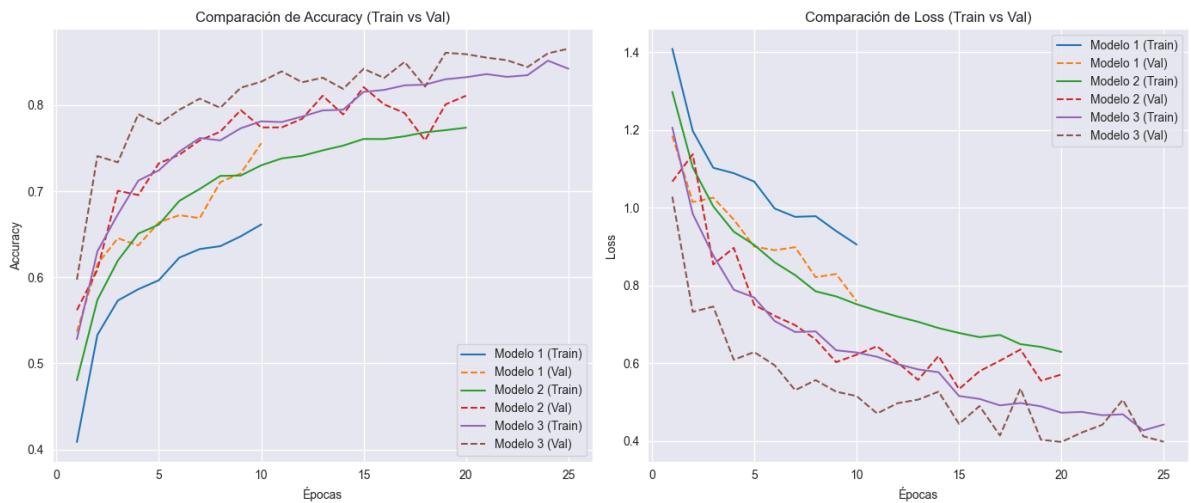
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
# Modelo 1
plt.plot(epochs, history_dict1['accuracy'], '--', label='Modelo 1 (Train)')
plt.plot(epochs, history_dict1['val_accuracy'], '--', label='Modelo 1 (Val)')
# Modelo 2
plt.plot(epochs2, history_dict2['accuracy'], '--', label='Modelo 2 (Train)')
plt.plot(epochs2, history_dict2['val_accuracy'], '--', label='Modelo 2 (Val)')
# Modelo 3
plt.plot(epochs3, history_dict3['accuracy'], '--', label='Modelo 3 (Train)')
plt.plot(epochs3, history_dict3['val_accuracy'], '--', label='Modelo 3 (Val)')

plt.title('Comparación de Accuracy (Train vs Val)')
plt.xlabel('Épocas')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
# Modelo 1
plt.plot(epochs, history_dict1['loss'], '--', label='Modelo 1 (Train)')
plt.plot(epochs, history_dict1['val_loss'], '--', label='Modelo 1 (Val)')
# Modelo 2
plt.plot(epochs2, history_dict2['loss'], '--', label='Modelo 2 (Train)')
plt.plot(epochs2, history_dict2['val_loss'], '--', label='Modelo 2 (Val)')
# Modelo 3
plt.plot(epochs3, history_dict3['loss'], '--', label='Modelo 3 (Train)')
plt.plot(epochs3, history_dict3['val_loss'], '--', label='Modelo 3 (Val)')

plt.title('Comparación de Loss (Train vs Val)')
plt.xlabel('Épocas')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## Comparación general de los entrenamientos.

Modelo	Épocas	Accuracy final (train)	Val Accuracy final	Loss final (train)	Val loss (final)
1	10	~0.66	0.75	~0.90	0.76
2	20	~0.77	0.81	~0.63	0.57
3	25	~0.84	0.86	~0.44	0.39

## Evaluación del rendimiento

- Entrenamiento 1:
  - Empezó con un accuracy bajo 0.40, pero subió rápido a 0.66 train y 0.75 val en solo 10 épocas.
  - Las curvas muestran que aun había margen para mejorar, pero el número de épocas fue limitado.
  - Se tiene buen resultado inicial, pero se quedó corto
- Entrenamiento 2:
  - Llegó a 0.77 train y 0.81 val en 20 épocas
  - La validación siguió mejorando sin señales claras de sobreajuste.
  - Muestra que más daos y más épocas mejoran notablemente el modelo
- Entrenamiento 3:
  - Se nota que fue el mejor por que alcanzo un 0.84 en train y 0.86 en val
  - Además, el val\_loss bajó hasta 0.39, lo que indica que generaliza bien.
  - A partir de la época 20, el modelo ya tenía un rendimiento muy estable, con un ligero ajuste gracias a ReduceLROnPlateau
  - La reducción del learning rate de 0.001 a 0.0005 a 0.00025 ayudó a pulir la convergencia.

- Podemos ver que cada entrenamiento supero al anterior en precision y estabilidad, ya que se fueron aumentado los datos, y las épocas.
- El modelo 3 no muestra un sobreajuste train y val accuracy estan muy cercanos 0.84 y 0.86
- En el modelo 3 despues de la época 20 no mejora mucho y ya no era necesario llegar hasta la apoca 30.
- Nos quedamos con el resultado del modelo 3, auqne aun se le pueden hacer algunos ajustes para poder tener un accuaracy mas alto.

## Análisis de aciertos y errores

```
In [25]: images_ = []
labels_ = []
for batch_images, batch_labels in val_generator3:
    images_.append(batch_images)
    labels_.append(batch_labels)
    if len(images_) * val_generator3.batch_size >= val_generator3.samples:
        break

images_ = np.vstack(images_)
labels_ = np.vstack(labels_)
```

```
In [26]: #val_images, val_labels = next(iter(val_generator3))

predicciones = modelo3.predict(images_)
prediccion_clases = np.argmax(predicciones, axis=1)
clases_verdaderas = np.argmax(labels_, axis=1)

correctos = np.where(prediccion_clases == clases_verdaderas)[0]
incorrectos = np.where(prediccion_clases != clases_verdaderas)[0]

clases = list(train_generator3.class_indices.keys())
94/94 [=====] - 18s 186ms/step
```

```
In [33]: def mostrar_datos(indices, titulo, n=9):
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 12))

    if len(indices) > n:
        selected = random.sample(list(indices), n)
    else:
        selected = indices

    for i, idx in enumerate(selected):
        plt.subplot(3,3, i+1)
        plt.imshow(images_[idx])
        plt.axis('off')
        plt.title(f'Real: {clases[clases_verdaderas[idx]]}\n Pred: {clases[predicci
    plt.suptitle(titulo, fontsize=16)
    plt.show()
```

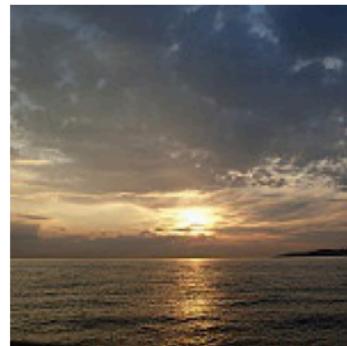
```
In [35]: mostrar_datos(correctos, 'Ejemplos clasificados de forma correcta', n=9)
```

## Ejemplos clasificados de forma correcta

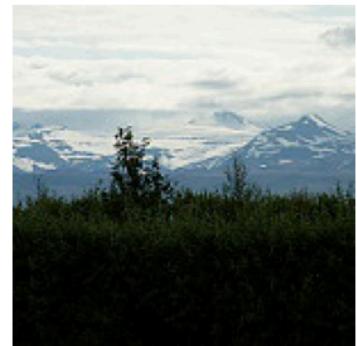
Real: street  
Pred: street



Real: sea  
Pred: sea



Real: mountain  
Pred: mountain



Real: mountain  
Pred: mountain



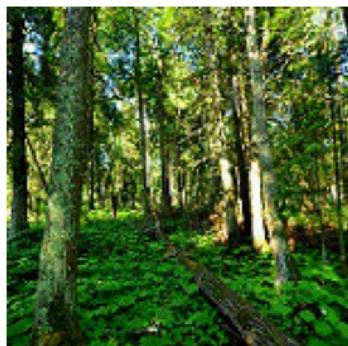
Real: mountain  
Pred: mountain



Real: street  
Pred: street



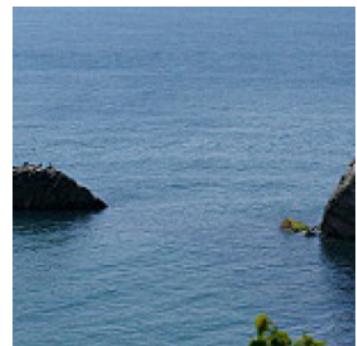
Real: forest  
Pred: forest



Real: forest  
Pred: forest

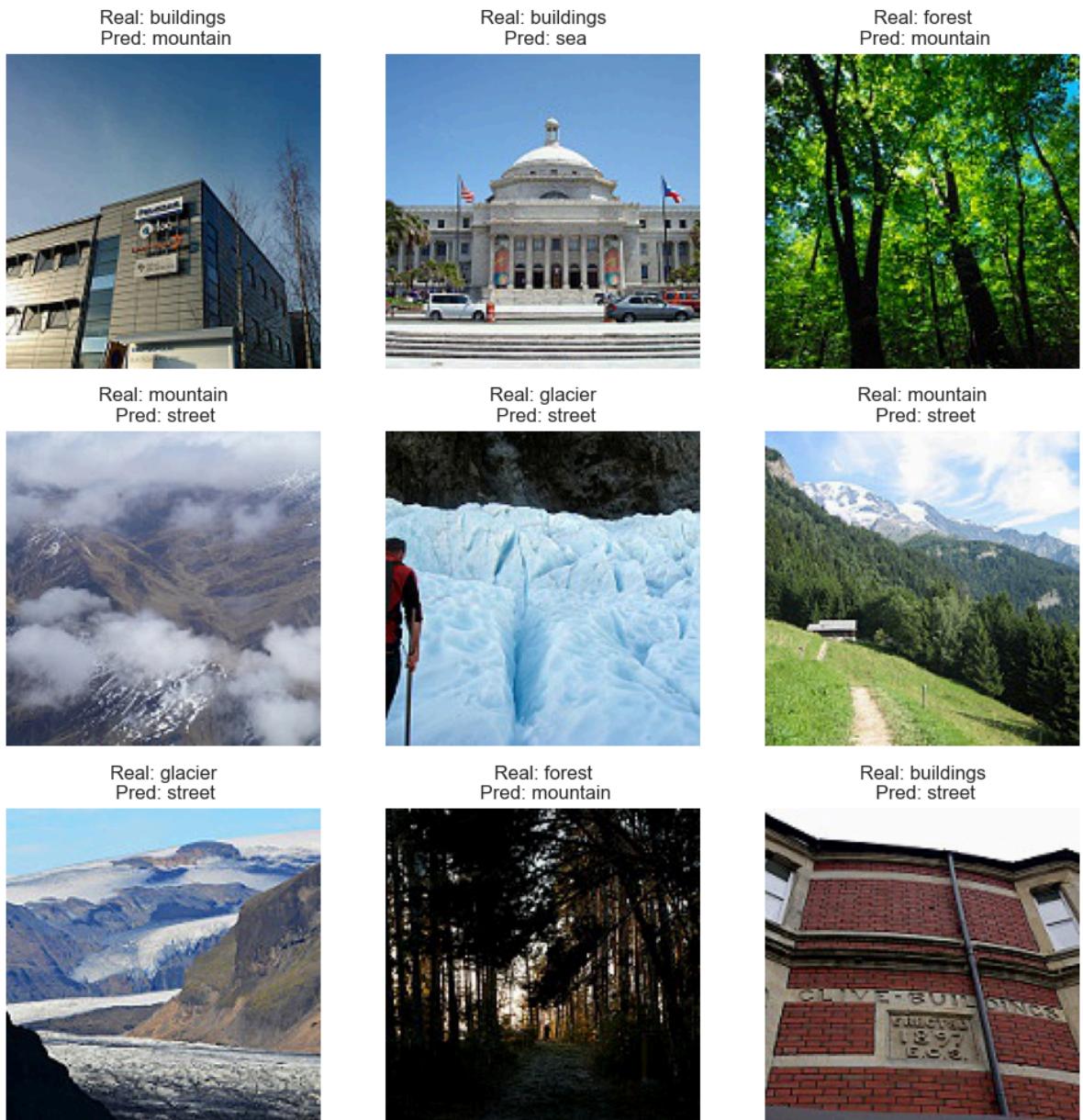


Real: sea  
Pred: sea



```
In [36]: mostrar_datos(incorrectos, 'Ejemplos clasificados de forma incorrecta', n=9)
```

## Ejemplos clasificados de forma incorrecta



```
In [59]: v13 = val_generator3
tr3 = train_generator3
data_test = 'G:/Intel/seg_test'
seg_test = 'G:/Intel/seg_test'
```

```
In [60]: test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)

test_dir = 'G:/Intel/seg_test'
batch_size = 32
img_size = (150, 150)

test_generator = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(
    test_dir,
    target_size=img_size,
    batch_size=batch_size,
    class_mode='categorical',
    shuffle=False
)

modelo_final = modelo_entrenado3
```

Found 3000 images belonging to 6 classes.

## Evaluación global (loss y accuracy) + predicciones

```
In [63]: test_loss, test_acc = modelo3.evaluate(test_generator, verbose=1)
print(f"Test Loss: {test_loss:.4f}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test_acc:.4f}")

y_prob = modelo3.predict(test_generator, verbose=1)

y_pred = np.argmax(y_prob, axis=1)

y_true = test_generator.classes

idx_to_class = {v: k for k, v in test_generator.class_indices.items()}
class_names = [idx_to_class[i] for i in range(len(idx_to_class))]

print("Clases (orden):", class_names)

94/94 [=====] - 41s 428ms/step - loss: 0.4251 - accuracy: 0.8560
Test Loss: 0.4251
Test Accuracy: 0.8560
94/94 [=====] - 23s 237ms/step
Clases (orden): ['buildings', 'forest', 'glacier', 'mountain', 'sea', 'street']
```

## Matriz e confusión (cruda y normalizada)

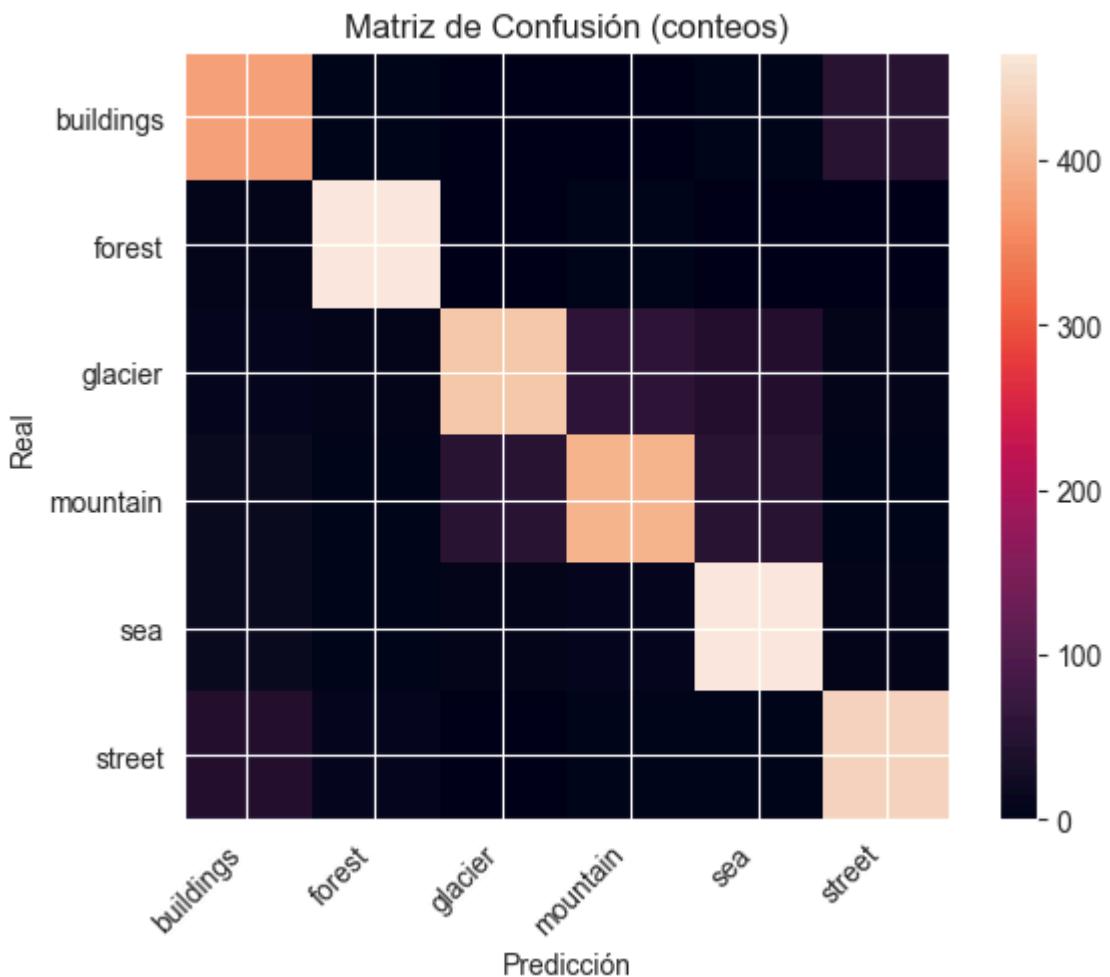
```
In [64]: cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)

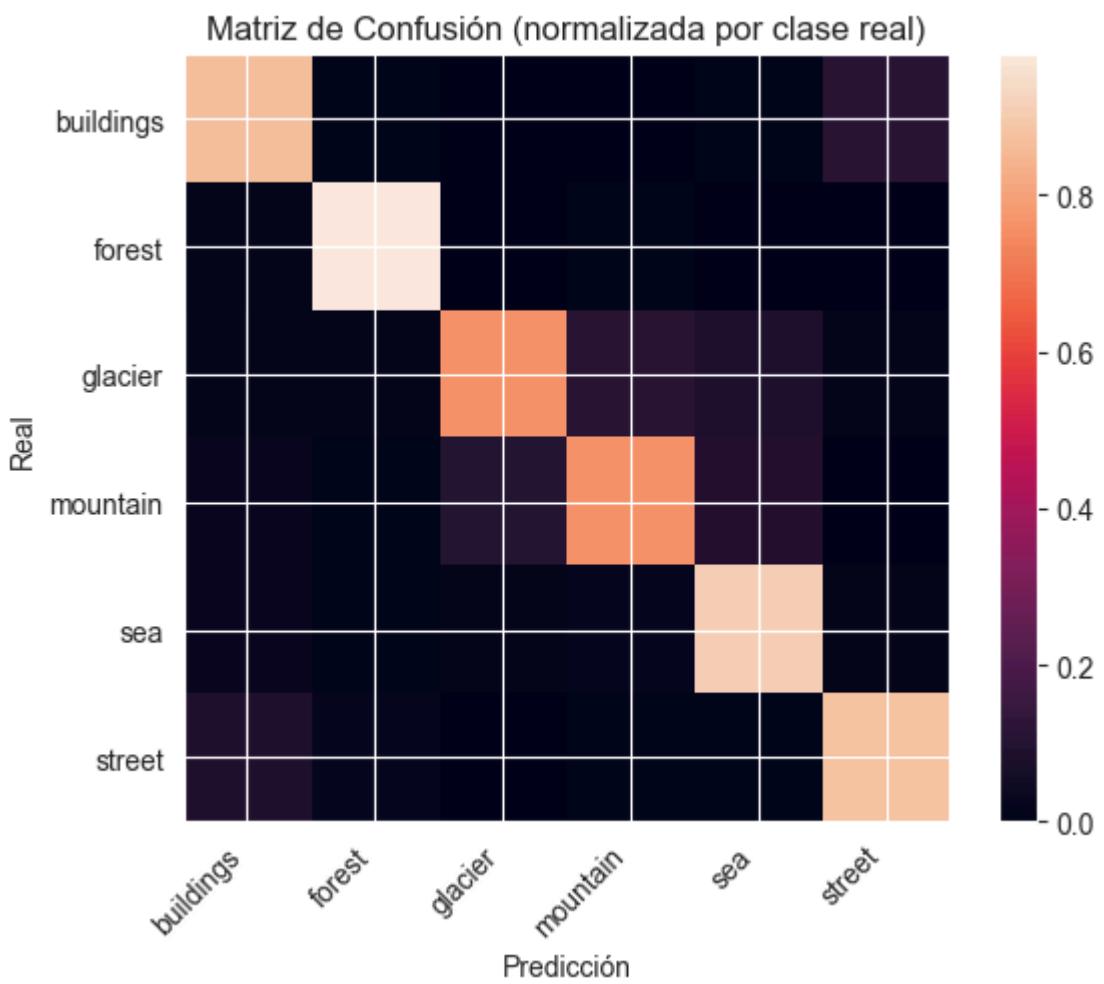
cm_norm = cm.astype('float') / cm.sum(axis=1, keepdims=True)

plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5))
plt.imshow(cm, interpolation='nearest')
plt.title('Matriz de Confusión (conteos)')
plt.colorbar()
tick_marks = np.arange(len(class_names))
plt.xticks(tick_marks, class_names, rotation=45, ha='right')
plt.yticks(tick_marks, class_names)
plt.xlabel('Predicción')
plt.ylabel('Real')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5))
plt.imshow(cm_norm, interpolation='nearest')
plt.title('Matriz de Confusión (normalizada por clase real)')
plt.colorbar()
plt.xticks(tick_marks, class_names, rotation=45, ha='right')
plt.yticks(tick_marks, class_names)
plt.xlabel('Predicción')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Real')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```





## Reporte de clasificación por clase y tabla de resumen

```
In [65]: report_dict = classification_report(
    y_true, y_pred,
    target_names=class_names,
    output_dict=True
)
df_report = pd.DataFrame(report_dict).transpose()
df_report = df_report.round(4)
df_report
```

Out[65]:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
<b>buildings</b>	0.8025	0.8650	0.8326	437.000
<b>forest</b>	0.9393	0.9789	0.9587	474.000
<b>glacier</b>	0.8737	0.7631	0.8147	553.000
<b>mountain</b>	0.8421	0.7619	0.8000	525.000
<b>sea</b>	0.8172	0.9118	0.8619	510.000
<b>street</b>	0.8642	0.8762	0.8702	501.000
<b>accuracy</b>	0.8560	0.8560	0.8560	0.856
<b>macro avg</b>	0.8565	0.8595	0.8563	3000.000
<b>weighted avg</b>	0.8570	0.8560	0.8548	3000.000

## Entrenamiento con EfficientNetB0

```
In [5]: data_train4 = 'G:/Intel/seg_train'  
data_test4 = 'G:/Intel/seg_test'  
data_path4 = 'G:/Intel/seg_train'
```

```
In [6]: train_datagen4 = ImageDataGenerator(  
    rescale = 1./255,  
    rotation_range = 45,  
    width_shift_range = 0.2,  
    height_shift_range = 0.2,  
    shear_range=0.2,  
    zoom_range=0.2,  
    horizontal_flip=True,  
    fill_mode='nearest'  
)
```

```
In [7]: val_datagen4 = ImageDataGenerator(  
    rescale = 1./255,  
)
```

```
In [8]: train_generator4 = train_datagen4.flow_from_directory(  
    'G:/Intel/seg_train',  
    target_size=(150, 150),  
    batch_size=32,  
    class_mode='categorical'  
)
```

Found 14034 images belonging to 6 classes.

```
In [10]: val_generator4 = val_datagen4.flow_from_directory(  
    'G:/Intel/seg_test',  
    target_size=(150, 150),  
    batch_size=32,  
    class_mode='categorical',  
    shuffle=False  
)
```

Found 3000 images belonging to 6 classes.

```
In [11]: early_stop = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5, restore_best_weights=True  
reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val_loss', factor=0.2, patience=5, min_lr=1e-05)
```

```
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint('mejor_modelo4.h5', monitor='val_accuracy', save_best_
In [12]: base_model = EfficientNetB0(weights='imagenet', include_top=False, input_shape=(150
base_model.trainable = False

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Lalo\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\backend.py:1398: The name tf.executing_eagerly_outside_functions is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.executing_eagerly_outside_functions instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Lalo\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\layers\normalization\batch_normalization.py:979: The name tf.nn.fused_batch_norm is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.nn.fused_batch_norm instead.

Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/keras-applications/efficientnetb0_notop.h5
16705208/16705208 [=====] - 2s 0us/step

In [13]: x = base_model.output
x = GlobalAveragePooling2D()(x)
x = Dropout(0.3)(x)

In [14]: predictions = Dense(train_generator4.num_classes, activation='softmax')(x)

In [15]: modelo4 = Model(inputs=base_model.input, outputs=predictions)

In [17]: modelo4.compile(
    optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=1e-5),
    loss='categorical_crossentropy',
    metrics=['accuracy']
)

In [18]: history4_fase1 = modelo4.fit(
    train_generator4,
    epochs=10,
    validation_data=val_generator4,
    callbacks=[early_stop, reduce_lr, checkpoint]
)

Epoch 1/10
WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Lalo\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\utils\tf_utils.py:492: The name tf.ragged.RaggedTensorValue is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.ragged.RaggedTensorValue instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Lalo\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\utils\tf_utils.py:492: The name tf.ragged.RaggedTensorValue is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.ragged.RaggedTensorValue instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Lalo\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\engine\base_layer_utils.py:384: The name tf.executing_eagerly_outside_functions is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.executing_eagerly_outside_functions instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Lalo\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\engine\base_layer_utils.py:384: The name tf.executing_eagerly_outside_functions is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.executing_eagerly_outside_functions instead.

439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8205 - accuracy: 0.17500
08
Epoch 1: val_accuracy improved from -inf to 0.17500, saving model to mejor_modelo4.h5
```

```
C:\Users\Lalo\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\engine\training.py:3103: UserWarning: You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()`. This file format is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. `model.save('my_model.keras')`.  
    saving_api.save_model(  
439/439 [=====] - 936s 2s/step - loss: 1.8205 - accuracy: 0.1708 - val_loss: 1.7932 - val_accuracy: 0.1750 - lr: 1.0000e-05  
Epoch 2/10  
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8092 - accuracy: 0.1699  
Epoch 2: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17500  
439/439 [=====] - 371s 845ms/step - loss: 1.8092 - accuracy: 0.1699 - val_loss: 1.7903 - val_accuracy: 0.1750 - lr: 1.0000e-05  
Epoch 3/10  
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8090 - accuracy: 0.1637  
Epoch 3: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17500  
439/439 [=====] - 363s 826ms/step - loss: 1.8090 - accuracy: 0.1637 - val_loss: 1.7902 - val_accuracy: 0.1750 - lr: 1.0000e-05  
Epoch 4/10  
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8086 - accuracy: 0.1707  
Epoch 4: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17500  
439/439 [=====] - 363s 826ms/step - loss: 1.8086 - accuracy: 0.1707 - val_loss: 1.7897 - val_accuracy: 0.1750 - lr: 1.0000e-05  
Epoch 5/10  
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8069 - accuracy: 0.1677  
Epoch 5: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17500  
439/439 [=====] - 359s 817ms/step - loss: 1.8069 - accuracy: 0.1677 - val_loss: 1.7898 - val_accuracy: 0.1750 - lr: 1.0000e-05  
Epoch 6/10  
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8052 - accuracy: 0.1763  
Epoch 6: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17500  
439/439 [=====] - 359s 818ms/step - loss: 1.8052 - accuracy: 0.1763 - val_loss: 1.7896 - val_accuracy: 0.1750 - lr: 1.0000e-05  
Epoch 7/10  
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8064 - accuracy: 0.1692  
Epoch 7: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17500  
439/439 [=====] - 358s 816ms/step - loss: 1.8064 - accuracy: 0.1692 - val_loss: 1.7900 - val_accuracy: 0.1750 - lr: 1.0000e-05  
Epoch 8/10  
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8075 - accuracy: 0.1700  
Epoch 8: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17500  
439/439 [=====] - 358s 816ms/step - loss: 1.8075 - accuracy: 0.1700 - val_loss: 1.7895 - val_accuracy: 0.1750 - lr: 1.0000e-05  
Epoch 9/10  
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8052 - accuracy: 0.1715  
Epoch 9: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17500  
439/439 [=====] - 357s 813ms/step - loss: 1.8052 - accuracy: 0.1715 - val_loss: 1.7894 - val_accuracy: 0.1750 - lr: 1.0000e-05  
Epoch 10/10  
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8068 - accuracy: 0.1672  
Epoch 10: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17500  
439/439 [=====] - 376s 858ms/step - loss: 1.8068 - accuracy: 0.1672 - val_loss: 1.7893 - val_accuracy: 0.1750 - lr: 1.0000e-05
```

```
In [19]: base_model.trainable = True  
for layer in base_model.layers[:-50]:
```

```
layer.trainable = False
```

```
In [20]: modelo4.compile(  
    optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=1e-5),  
    loss='categorical_crossentropy',  
    metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
In [21]: history4_fase2 = modelo4.fit(  
    train_generator4,  
    epochs=20,  
    validation_data=val_generator4,  
    callbacks=[early_stop, reduce_lr, checkpoint])
```

```
Epoch 1/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8047 - accuracy: 0.18
82
Epoch 1: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17500
439/439 [=====] - 626s 1s/step - loss: 1.8047 - accuracy:
0.1882 - val_loss: 1.8038 - val_accuracy: 0.1670 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 2/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.7650 - accuracy: 0.21
01
Epoch 2: val_accuracy improved from 0.17500 to 0.17567, saving model to mejor_mode
lo4.h5
439/439 [=====] - 445s 1s/step - loss: 1.7650 - accuracy:
0.2101 - val_loss: 1.8342 - val_accuracy: 0.1757 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 3/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.7429 - accuracy: 0.21
96
Epoch 3: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17567
439/439 [=====] - 440s 1s/step - loss: 1.7429 - accuracy:
0.2196 - val_loss: 1.8495 - val_accuracy: 0.1577 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 4/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.7158 - accuracy: 0.23
88
Epoch 4: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17567
439/439 [=====] - 442s 1s/step - loss: 1.7158 - accuracy:
0.2388 - val_loss: 1.7906 - val_accuracy: 0.1693 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 5/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.6955 - accuracy: 0.25
30
Epoch 5: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.17567
439/439 [=====] - 443s 1s/step - loss: 1.6955 - accuracy:
0.2530 - val_loss: 1.8006 - val_accuracy: 0.1697 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 6/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.6689 - accuracy: 0.26
31
Epoch 6: val_accuracy improved from 0.17567 to 0.28067, saving model to mejor_mode
lo4.h5
439/439 [=====] - 441s 1s/step - loss: 1.6689 - accuracy:
0.2631 - val_loss: 1.6656 - val_accuracy: 0.2807 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 7/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.6354 - accuracy: 0.28
18
Epoch 7: val_accuracy improved from 0.28067 to 0.36733, saving model to mejor_mode
lo4.h5
439/439 [=====] - 453s 1s/step - loss: 1.6354 - accuracy:
0.2818 - val_loss: 1.6106 - val_accuracy: 0.3673 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 8/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.6115 - accuracy: 0.29
71
Epoch 8: val_accuracy improved from 0.36733 to 0.39100, saving model to mejor_mode
lo4.h5
439/439 [=====] - 447s 1s/step - loss: 1.6115 - accuracy:
0.2971 - val_loss: 1.5716 - val_accuracy: 0.3910 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 9/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.5785 - accuracy: 0.31
62
Epoch 9: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.39100
439/439 [=====] - 448s 1s/step - loss: 1.5785 - accuracy:
0.3162 - val_loss: 1.6130 - val_accuracy: 0.2910 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 10/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.5609 - accuracy: 0.32
12
Epoch 10: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.39100
439/439 [=====] - 438s 999ms/step - loss: 1.5609 - accuracy:
0.3212 - val_loss: 1.5402 - val_accuracy: 0.3790 - lr: 1.0000e-05
```

```
Epoch 11/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.5503 - accuracy: 0.32
53
Epoch 11: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.39100
439/439 [=====] - 438s 999ms/step - loss: 1.5503 - accuracy: 0.3253 - val_loss: 1.4702 - val_accuracy: 0.3860 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 12/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.5336 - accuracy: 0.34
05
Epoch 12: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.39100
439/439 [=====] - 442s 1s/step - loss: 1.5336 - accuracy: 0.3405 - val_loss: 1.4983 - val_accuracy: 0.3840 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 13/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.5315 - accuracy: 0.33
58
Epoch 13: val_accuracy improved from 0.39100 to 0.40267, saving model to mejor_mod
elo4.h5
439/439 [=====] - 437s 996ms/step - loss: 1.5315 - accuracy: 0.3358 - val_loss: 1.4340 - val_accuracy: 0.4027 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 14/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.5081 - accuracy: 0.34
47
Epoch 14: val_accuracy improved from 0.40267 to 0.42500, saving model to mejor_mod
elo4.h5
439/439 [=====] - 441s 1s/step - loss: 1.5081 - accuracy: 0.3447 - val_loss: 1.4674 - val_accuracy: 0.4250 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 15/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.4988 - accuracy: 0.35
34
Epoch 15: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.42500
439/439 [=====] - 439s 999ms/step - loss: 1.4988 - accuracy: 0.3534 - val_loss: 1.3635 - val_accuracy: 0.4243 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 16/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.4903 - accuracy: 0.35
59
Epoch 16: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.42500
439/439 [=====] - 440s 1s/step - loss: 1.4903 - accuracy: 0.3559 - val_loss: 1.4640 - val_accuracy: 0.3653 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 17/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.4780 - accuracy: 0.36
08
Epoch 17: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.42500
439/439 [=====] - 448s 1s/step - loss: 1.4780 - accuracy: 0.3608 - val_loss: 1.3985 - val_accuracy: 0.3920 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 18/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.4735 - accuracy: 0.36
78
Epoch 18: val_accuracy improved from 0.42500 to 0.44967, saving model to mejor_mod
elo4.h5
439/439 [=====] - 473s 1s/step - loss: 1.4735 - accuracy: 0.3678 - val_loss: 1.3440 - val_accuracy: 0.4497 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 19/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.4625 - accuracy: 0.37
69
Epoch 19: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.44967
439/439 [=====] - 481s 1s/step - loss: 1.4625 - accuracy: 0.3769 - val_loss: 1.3893 - val_accuracy: 0.4103 - lr: 1.0000e-05
Epoch 20/20
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.4562 - accuracy: 0.38
12
Epoch 20: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.44967
439/439 [=====] - 476s 1s/step - loss: 1.4562 - accuracy: 0.3812 - val_loss: 1.3454 - val_accuracy: 0.4483 - lr: 1.0000e-05
```

```
In [22]: loss4, acc4 = modelo4.evaluate(val_generator4, verbose=1)
print(f'Accuracy final: {acc4:.4f} | Loss final: {loss4:.4f}')

94/94 [=====] - 54s 562ms/step - loss: 1.3454 - accuracy: 0.4483
Accuracy final: 0.4483 | Loss final: 1.3454
```

```
In [23]: def curvas_entrenamiento(history1, history2):
    acc = history1.history['accuracy'] + history2.history['accuracy']
    val_acc = history1.history['val_accuracy'] + history2.history['val_accuracy']
    loss = history1.history['loss'] + history2.history['loss']
    val_loss = history1.history['val_loss'] + history2.history['val_loss']

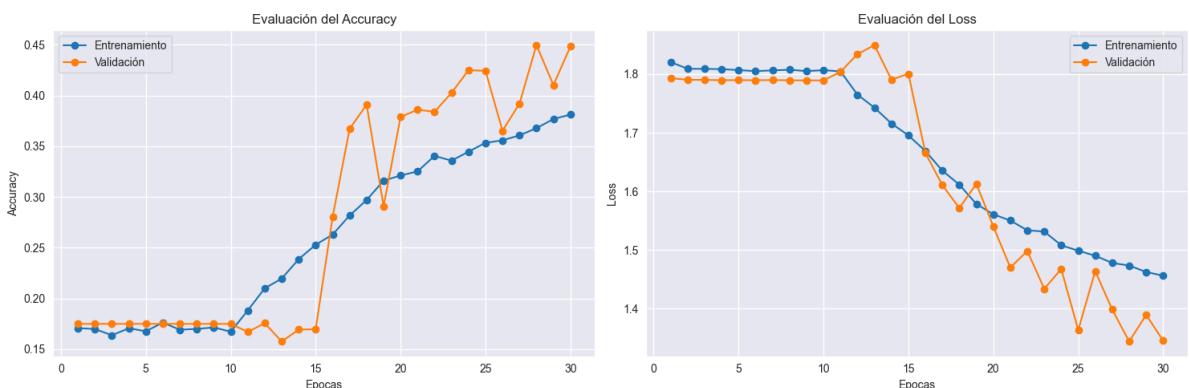
    epochs = range(1, len(acc) + 1)

    plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
    plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'o-', label='Entrenamiento')
    plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'o-', label='Validación')
    plt.title('Evaluación del Accuracy')
    plt.xlabel('Epochas')
    plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid(True)

    plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
    plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'o-', label='Entrenamiento')
    plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'o-', label='Validación')
    plt.title('Evaluación del Loss')
    plt.xlabel('Epochas')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid(True)

    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

```
curvas_entrenamiento(history4_fase1, history4_fase2)
```



```
In [24]: y_true = val_generator4.classes
y_pred = np.argmax(modelo4.predict(val_generator4), axis=1)

94/94 [=====] - 55s 546ms/step
```

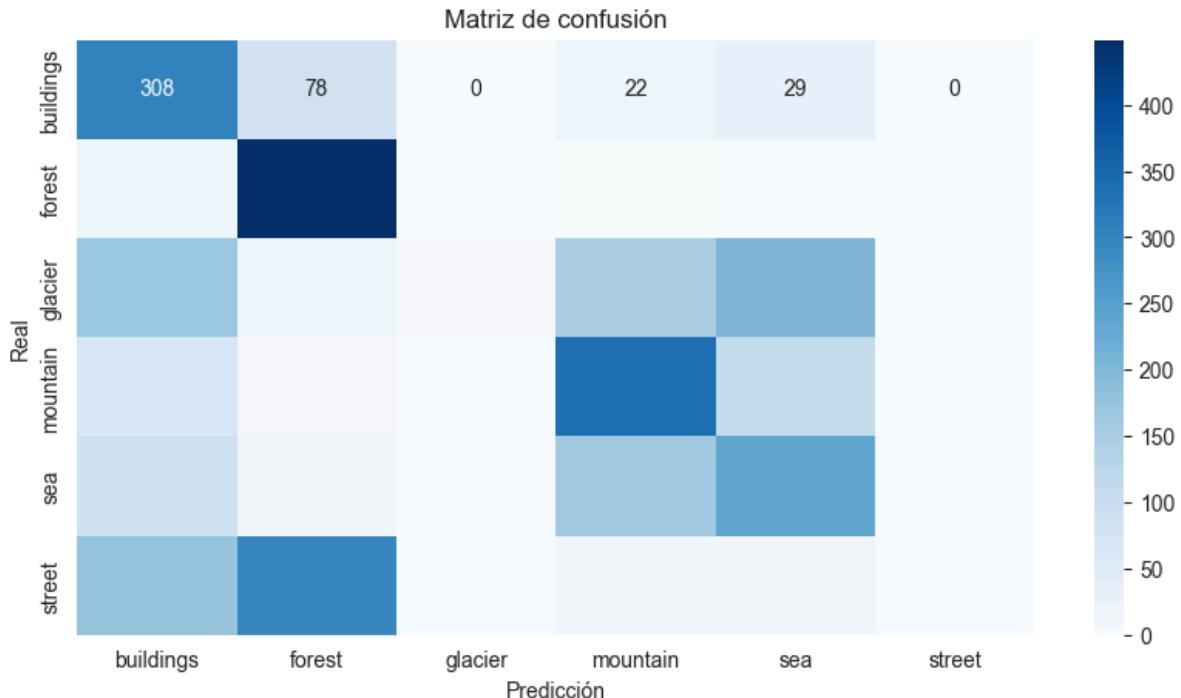
```
In [25]: cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
labels = list(val_generator4.class_indices.keys())
```

```
In [26]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=labels, yticklabels=labels)
plt.xlabel('Predicción')
```

```

plt.ylabel('Real')
plt.title('Matriz de confusión')
plt.show()

```



```

In [28]: print('Reporte de clasificación')
print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=labels))

```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
buildings	0.37	0.70	0.49	437
forest	0.52	0.95	0.67	474
glacier	0.78	0.01	0.02	553
mountain	0.49	0.65	0.56	525
sea	0.40	0.47	0.44	510
street	0.00	0.00	0.00	501
accuracy			0.45	3000
macro avg	0.43	0.46	0.36	3000
weighted avg	0.43	0.45	0.35	3000

```

C:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\_classification.py:134
4: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to
0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero_division` parameter to control
this behavior.
    _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
C:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\_classification.py:134
4: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to
0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero_division` parameter to control
this behavior.
    _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
C:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\_classification.py:134
4: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to
0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero_division` parameter to control
this behavior.
    _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))

```

```

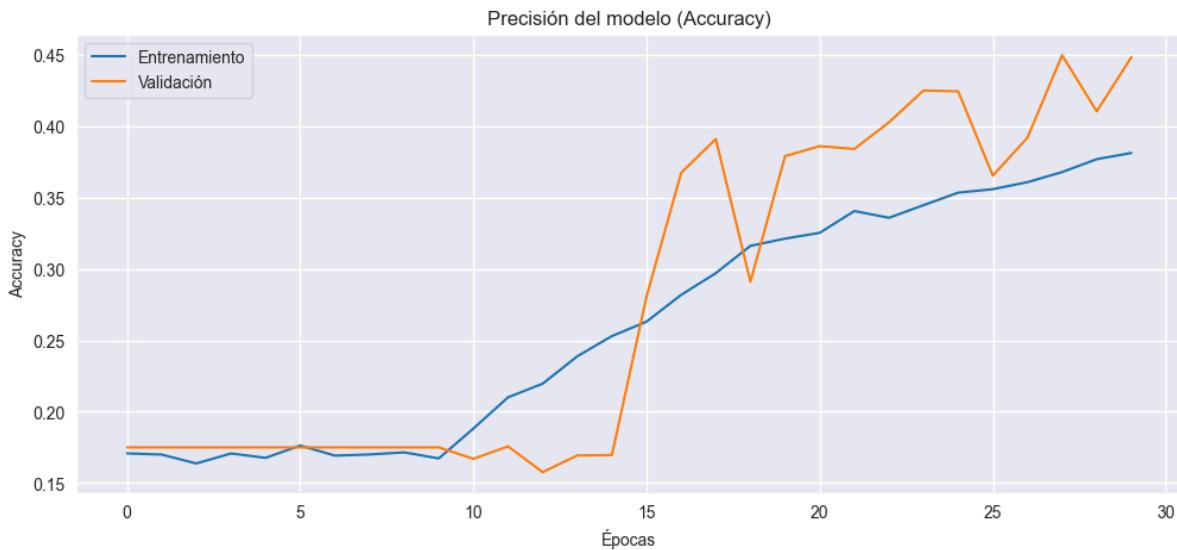
In [36]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.plot(history4_fase1.history['accuracy'] + history4_fase2.history['accuracy'], )
plt.plot(history4_fase1.history['val_accuracy'] + history4_fase2.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title("Precisión del modelo (Accuracy)")

```

```

plt.xlabel("Épocas")
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.show()

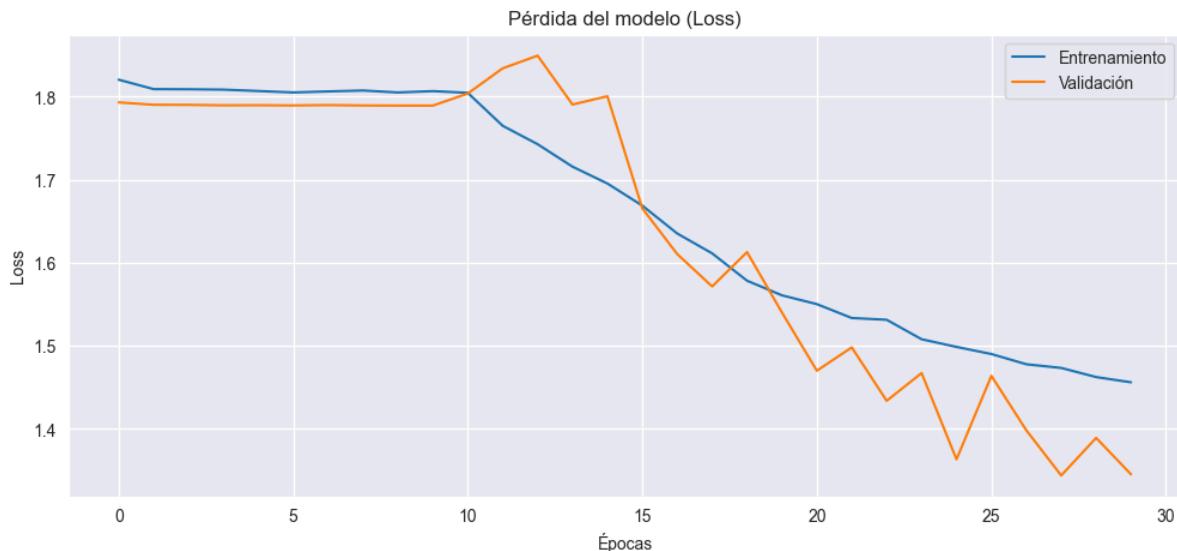
```



```

In [34]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.plot(history4_fase1.history['loss'] + history4_fase2.history['loss'], label='Entrenamiento')
plt.plot(history4_fase1.history['val_loss'] + history4_fase2.history['val_loss'], label='Validación')
plt.title("Pérdida del modelo (Loss)")
plt.xlabel("Épocas")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.legend()
plt.show()

```



```

In [44]: images_ = []
labels_ = []
for batch_img, batch_lbls in val_generator4:
    images_.append(batch_img)
    labels_.append(batch_lbls)
    if len(images_) * val_generator4.batch_size >= val_generator4.samples:
        break

images_ = np.vstack(images_)
labels_ = np.vstack(labels_)

```

```

In [45]: pred = modelo4.predict(images_)
true_classes = val_generator4.classes

```

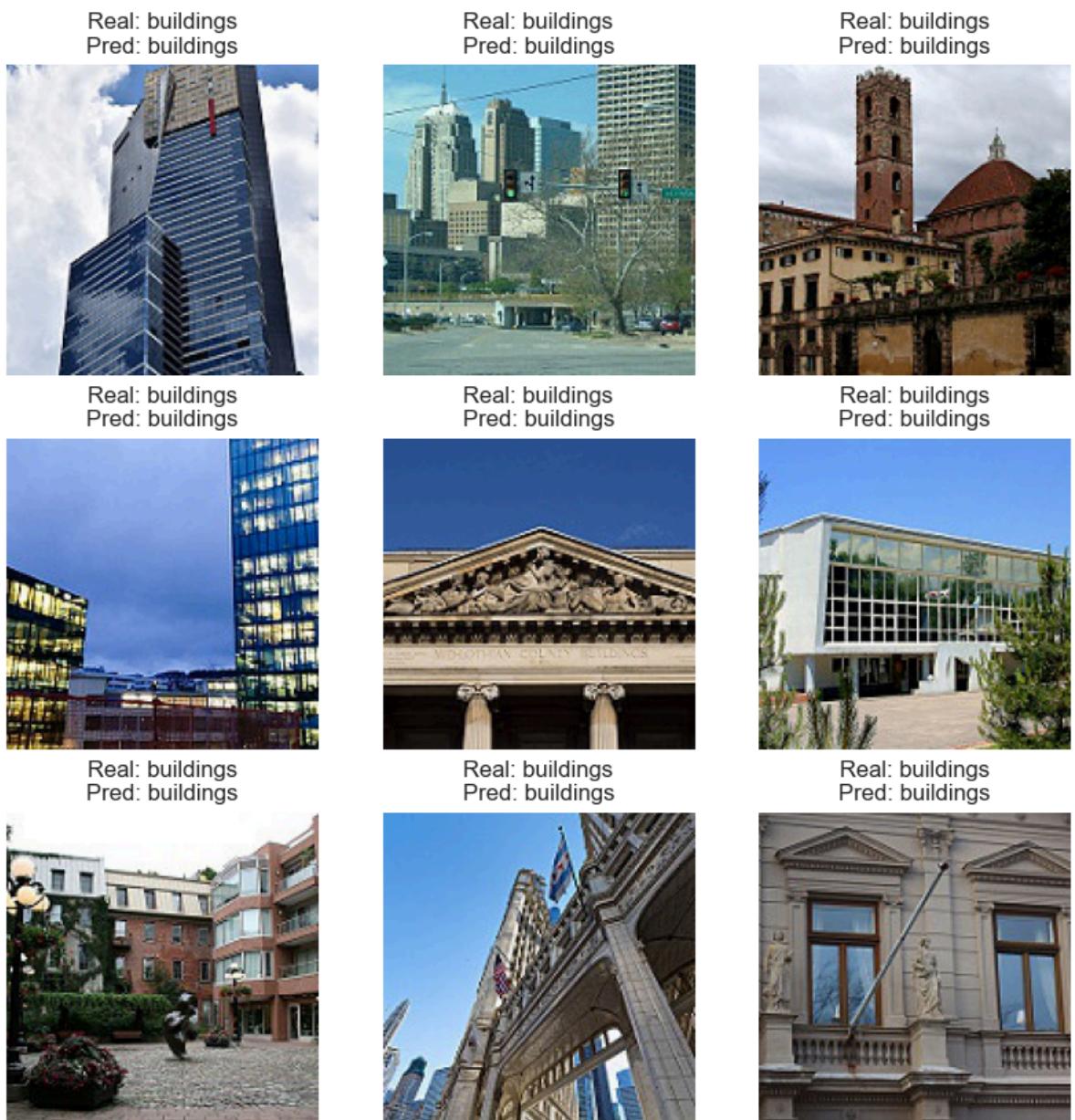
```
94/94 [=====] - 50s 531ms/step
```

```
In [38]: correctos = np.where(y_pred == true_classes)[0]
incorrectos = np.where(y_pred != true_classes)[0]
clases = list(train_generator4.class_indices.keys())
```

```
In [48]: def resultados(indices, title, n=9):
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
    plt.suptitle(title, fontsize=16)
    for i, idx in enumerate(indices[:n]):
        plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
        img_path = val_generator4.filepaths[idx]
        img = plt.imread(img_path)
        plt.imshow(img)
        plt.title(f"Real: {clases[true_classes[idx]]}\nPred: {clases[y_pred[idx]]}")
        plt.axis("off")
    plt.show()
```

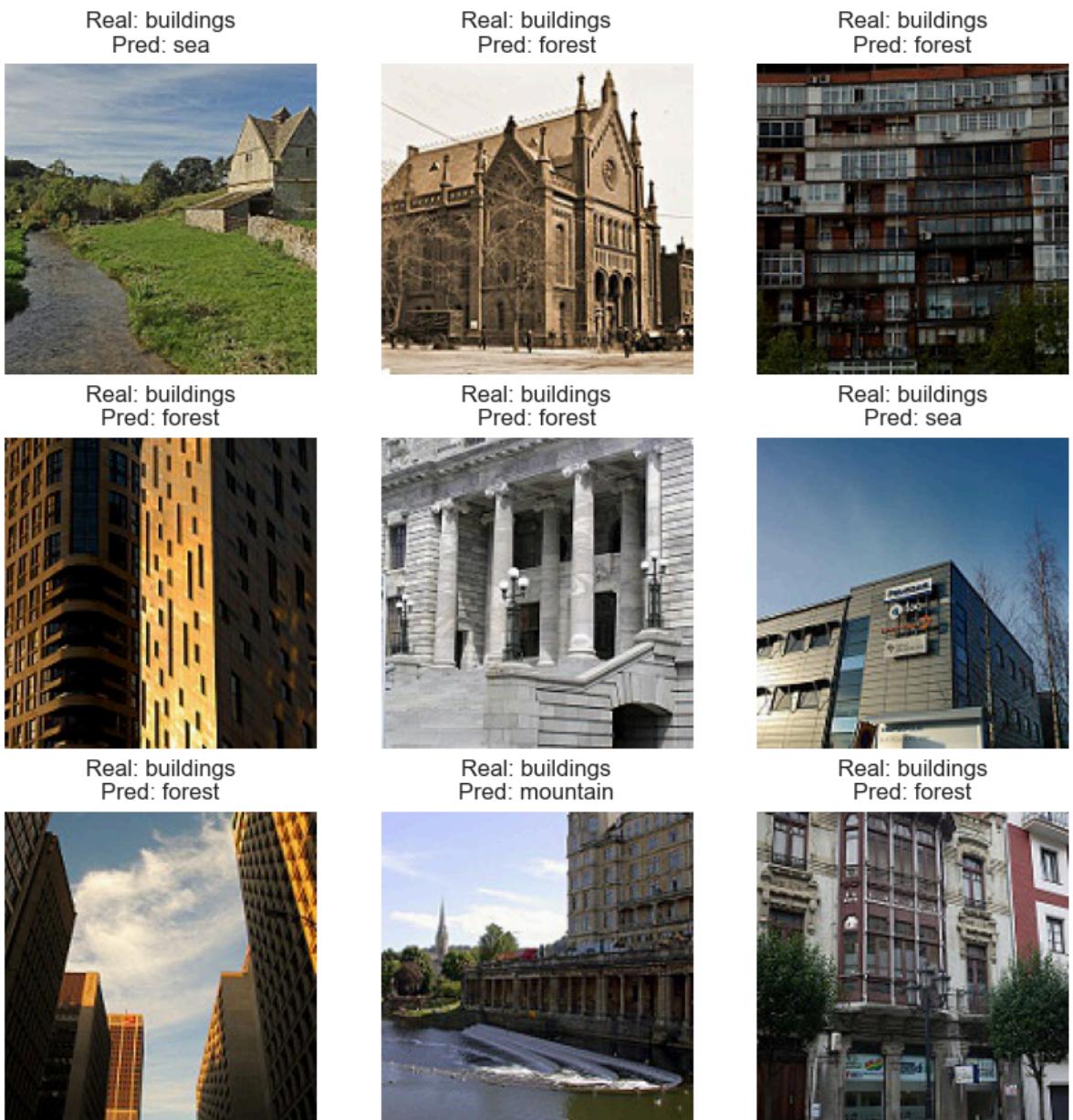
```
In [51]: resultados(correctos, "Predicciones Correctas", n=9)
```

## Predicciones Correctas



```
In [50]: resultados(incorrectos, "Predicciones Incorrectas", n=9)
```

## Predicciones Incorrectas



## Entrenamiento con ResNEt50

```
In [6]: data_trainRS = 'G:/Intel/seg_train'  
data_testRS = 'G:/Intel/seg_test'  
data_pathRS = 'G:/Intel/seg_train'
```

```
In [8]: img_size = (224, 224)  
batch_size = 32  
epochs = 15  
#Learnig_rate = 1e-4  
lr = 1e-4
```

```
In [9]: train_datagenRS = ImageDataGenerator(  
    rescale=1./255,  
    rotation_range=90,  
    width_shift_range=0.2,  
    height_shift_range=0.2,  
    zoom_range=0.2,  
    horizontal_flip=True,
```

```
    fill_mode='nearest'  
)
```

```
In [10]: val_datagenRS = ImageDataGenerator(  
    rescale=1./255,  
)
```

```
In [11]: train_generatorRS = train_datagenRS.flow_from_directory(  
    data_trainRS,  
    target_size=img_size,  
    batch_size=batch_size,  
    class_mode='categorical',  
)
```

Found 14034 images belonging to 6 classes.

```
In [13]: val_generatorRS = val_datagenRS.flow_from_directory(  
    data_testRS,  
    target_size = img_size,  
    batch_size=batch_size,  
    class_mode='categorical',  
    shuffle=False  
)
```

Found 3000 images belonging to 6 classes.

```
In [14]: base_model = ResNet50(  
    weights='imagenet',  
    include_top=False,  
    input_shape=(img_size[0], img_size[1], 3)  
)
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Lalo\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\backend.py:1398: The name tf.executing\_eagerly\_outside\_functions is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.executing\_eagerly\_outside\_functions instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Lalo\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\layers\normalization\batch\_normalization.py:979: The name tf.nn.fused\_batch\_norm is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.nn.fused\_batch\_norm instead.

Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-applications/resnet/resnet50\_weights\_tf\_dim\_ordering\_tf\_kernels\_notop.h5  
94765736/94765736 [=====] - 8s 0us/step

```
In [15]: for layer in base_model.layers:  
    layer.trainable = False
```

```
In [16]: x = base_model.output  
x = GlobalAveragePooling2D()(x)  
x = Dropout(0.2)(x)  
x = Dense(512, activation='relu')(x)  
x = Dropout(0.2)(x)
```

```
In [17]: predictios = Dense(train_generatorRS.num_classes, activation='softmax')(x)
```

```
In [18]: modelo_resnet = Model(  
    inputs=base_model.input,  
    outputs=predictios  
)
```

```
In [19]: modelo_resnet.compile(  
    optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=lr),
```

```
        loss='categorical_crossentropy',
        metrics=['accuracy']
)
```

In [21]: `modelo_resnet.summary()`

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
<hr/>			
input_1 (InputLayer)	[None, 224, 224, 3]	0	[]
conv1_pad (ZeroPadding2D)	(None, 230, 230, 3)	0	['input_1[0]']
conv1_conv (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 64)	9472	['conv1_pad[0]']
conv1_bn (BatchNormalizati on)	(None, 112, 112, 64)	256	['conv1_conv[0][0]']
conv1_relu (Activation)	(None, 112, 112, 64)	0	['conv1_bn[0]']
pool1_pad (ZeroPadding2D)	(None, 114, 114, 64)	0	['conv1_relu[0][0]']
pool1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 56, 56, 64)	0	['pool1_pad[0]']
conv2_block1_1_conv (Conv2 D)	(None, 56, 56, 64)	4160	['pool1_pool[0]']
conv2_block1_1_bn (BatchNo rmalization)	(None, 56, 56, 64)	256	['conv2_block1_1_conv[0][0]']
conv2_block1_1_relu (Activ ation)	(None, 56, 56, 64)	0	['conv2_block1_1_bn[0][0]']
conv2_block1_2_conv (Conv2 D)	(None, 56, 56, 64)	36928	['conv2_block1_1_relu[0][0]']
conv2_block1_2_bn (BatchNo rmalization)	(None, 56, 56, 64)	256	['conv2_block1_2_conv[0][0]']
conv2_block1_2_relu (Activ ation)	(None, 56, 56, 64)	0	['conv2_block1_2_bn[0][0]']
conv2_block1_0_conv (Conv2 D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	16640	['conv2_block1_2_relu[0][0]']
conv2_block1_3_conv (Conv2 D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	16640	['conv2_block1_0_conv[0][0]']
conv2_block1_0_bn (BatchNo rmalization)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	1024	['conv2_block1_3_conv[0][0]']
conv2_block1_3_bn (BatchNo rmalization)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	1024	['conv2_block1_0_bn[0][0]']

<code>_3_conv[0][0]'</code>	<code>rnmalization)</code>			
<code>conv2_block1_add (Add)</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 256)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block1</code>	
<code>_0_bn[0][0]',</code>			<code>'conv2_block1</code>	
<code>_3_bn[0][0]'</code>				
<code>conv2_block1_out (Activati</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 256)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block1</code>	
<code>_add[0][0]']</code>			<code>'on)</code>	
<code>conv2_block2_1_conv (Conv2</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 64)</code>	<code>16448</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block1</code>	
<code>_out[0][0]']</code>			<code>D)</code>	
<code>conv2_block2_1_bn (BatchNo</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 64)</code>	<code>256</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block2</code>	
<code>_1_conv[0][0]']</code>			<code>rnmalization)</code>	
<code>conv2_block2_1_relu (Activ</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 64)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block2</code>	
<code>_1_bn[0][0]']</code>			<code>ation)</code>	
<code>conv2_block2_2_conv (Conv2</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 64)</code>	<code>36928</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block2</code>	
<code>_1_relu[0][0]']</code>			<code>D)</code>	
<code>conv2_block2_2_bn (BatchNo</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 64)</code>	<code>256</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block2</code>	
<code>_2_conv[0][0]']</code>			<code>rnmalization)</code>	
<code>conv2_block2_2_relu (Activ</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 64)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block2</code>	
<code>_2_bn[0][0]']</code>			<code>ation)</code>	
<code>conv2_block2_3_conv (Conv2</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 256)</code>	<code>16640</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block2</code>	
<code>_2_relu[0][0]']</code>			<code>D)</code>	
<code>conv2_block2_3_bn (BatchNo</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 256)</code>	<code>1024</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block2</code>	
<code>_3_conv[0][0]']</code>			<code>rnmalization)</code>	
<code>conv2_block2_add (Add)</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 256)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block1</code>	
<code>_out[0][0]',</code>			<code>'conv2_block2</code>	
<code>_3_bn[0][0]']</code>				
<code>conv2_block2_out (Activati</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 256)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block2</code>	
<code>_add[0][0]']</code>			<code>on)</code>	
<code>conv2_block3_1_conv (Conv2</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 64)</code>	<code>16448</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block2</code>	
<code>_out[0][0]']</code>			<code>D)</code>	
<code>conv2_block3_1_bn (BatchNo</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 64)</code>	<code>256</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block3</code>	
<code>_1_conv[0][0]']</code>			<code>rnmalization)</code>	
<code>conv2_block3_1_relu (Activ</code>	<code>(None, 56, 56, 64)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>[ 'conv2_block3</code>	
<code>_1_bn[0][0]']</code>			<code>ation)</code>	

conv2_block3_2_conv (Conv2 (None, 56, 56, 64) _1_relu[0][0]') D)	36928	[ 'conv2_block3
conv2_block3_2_bn (BatchNo (None, 56, 56, 64) _2_conv[0][0]') rnmalization)	256	[ 'conv2_block3
conv2_block3_2_relu (Activ (None, 56, 56, 64) _2_bn[0][0]') ation)	0	[ 'conv2_block3
conv2_block3_3_conv (Conv2 (None, 56, 56, 256) _2_relu[0][0]') D)	16640	[ 'conv2_block3
conv2_block3_3_bn (BatchNo (None, 56, 56, 256) _3_conv[0][0]') rnmalization)	1024	[ 'conv2_block3
conv2_block3_add (Add) (None, 56, 56, 256) _out[0][0]',  _3_bn[0][0]')	0	[ 'conv2_block2 ' conv2_block3
conv2_block3_out (Activati (None, 56, 56, 256) _add[0][0]') on)	0	[ 'conv2_block3
conv3_block1_1_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 128) _out[0][0]') D)	32896	[ 'conv2_block3
conv3_block1_1_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 128) _1_conv[0][0]') rnmalization)	512	[ 'conv3_block1
conv3_block1_1_relu (Activ (None, 28, 28, 128) _1_bn[0][0]') ation)	0	[ 'conv3_block1
conv3_block1_2_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 128) _1_relu[0][0]') D)	147584	[ 'conv3_block1
conv3_block1_2_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 128) _2_conv[0][0]') rnmalization)	512	[ 'conv3_block1
conv3_block1_2_relu (Activ (None, 28, 28, 128) _2_bn[0][0]') ation)	0	[ 'conv3_block1
conv3_block1_0_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 512) _out[0][0]') D)	131584	[ 'conv2_block3
conv3_block1_3_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 512) _2_relu[0][0]') D)	66048	[ 'conv3_block1
conv3_block1_0_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 512) _0_conv[0][0]')	2048	[ 'conv3_block1

rnalization)			
conv3_block1_3_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 512) _3_conv[0][0]'] rnalization)	2048	[ 'conv3_block1	
conv3_block1_add (Add) (None, 28, 28, 512) _0_bn[0][0]', _3_bn[0][0]']	0	[ 'conv3_block1	'conv3_block1
conv3_block1_out (Activati (None, 28, 28, 512) _add[0][0]'] on)	0	[ 'conv3_block1	
conv3_block2_1_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 128) _out[0][0]'] D)	65664	[ 'conv3_block1	
conv3_block2_1_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 128) _1_conv[0][0]'] rnalization)	512	[ 'conv3_block2	
conv3_block2_1_relu (Activ (None, 28, 28, 128) _1_bn[0][0]'] ation)	0	[ 'conv3_block2	
conv3_block2_2_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 128) _1_relu[0][0]'] D)	147584	[ 'conv3_block2	
conv3_block2_2_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 128) _2_conv[0][0]'] rnalization)	512	[ 'conv3_block2	
conv3_block2_2_relu (Activ (None, 28, 28, 128) _2_bn[0][0]'] ation)	0	[ 'conv3_block2	
conv3_block2_3_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 512) _2_relu[0][0]'] D)	66048	[ 'conv3_block2	
conv3_block2_3_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 512) _3_conv[0][0]'] rnalization)	2048	[ 'conv3_block2	
conv3_block2_add (Add) (None, 28, 28, 512) _out[0][0]', _3_bn[0][0]']	0	[ 'conv3_block1	'conv3_block2
conv3_block2_out (Activati (None, 28, 28, 512) _add[0][0]'] on)	0	[ 'conv3_block2	
conv3_block3_1_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 128) _out[0][0]'] D)	65664	[ 'conv3_block2	
conv3_block3_1_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 128) _1_conv[0][0]'] rnalization)	512	[ 'conv3_block3	

conv3_block3_1_relu (Activ (None, 28, 28, 128) _1_bn[0][0]') ation)	0	[ 'conv3_block3
conv3_block3_2_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 128) _1_relu[0][0]') D)	147584	[ 'conv3_block3
conv3_block3_2_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 128) _2_conv[0][0]') rmalization)	512	[ 'conv3_block3
conv3_block3_2_relu (Activ (None, 28, 28, 128) _2_bn[0][0]') ation)	0	[ 'conv3_block3
conv3_block3_3_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 512) _2_relu[0][0]') D)	66048	[ 'conv3_block3
conv3_block3_3_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 512) _3_conv[0][0]') rmalization)	2048	[ 'conv3_block3
conv3_block3_add (Add) (None, 28, 28, 512) _out[0][0]', _3_bn[0][0]']	0	[ 'conv3_block2 ' conv3_block3
conv3_block3_out (Activati (None, 28, 28, 512) _add[0][0]') on)	0	[ 'conv3_block3
conv3_block4_1_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 128) _out[0][0]') D)	65664	[ 'conv3_block3
conv3_block4_1_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 128) _1_conv[0][0]') rmalization)	512	[ 'conv3_block4
conv3_block4_1_relu (Activ (None, 28, 28, 128) _1_bn[0][0]') ation)	0	[ 'conv3_block4
conv3_block4_2_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 128) _1_relu[0][0]') D)	147584	[ 'conv3_block4
conv3_block4_2_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 128) _2_conv[0][0]') rmalization)	512	[ 'conv3_block4
conv3_block4_2_relu (Activ (None, 28, 28, 128) _2_bn[0][0]') ation)	0	[ 'conv3_block4
conv3_block4_3_conv (Conv2 (None, 28, 28, 512) _2_relu[0][0]') D)	66048	[ 'conv3_block4
conv3_block4_3_bn (BatchNo (None, 28, 28, 512) _3_conv[0][0]') rmalization)	2048	[ 'conv3_block4

conv3_block4_add (Add) _out[0][0]',  _3_bn[0][0]'	(None, 28, 28, 512)	0	[ 'conv3_block3 ' conv3_block4
conv3_block4_out (Activati _add[0][0]' on)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	0	[ 'conv3_block4
conv4_block1_1_conv (Conv2 _out[0][0]' D)	(None, 14, 14, 256)	131328	[ 'conv3_block4
conv4_block1_1_bn (BatchNo _1_conv[0][0]' rnalization)	(None, 14, 14, 256)	1024	[ 'conv4_block1
conv4_block1_1_relu (Activ _1_bn[0][0]' ation)	(None, 14, 14, 256)	0	[ 'conv4_block1
conv4_block1_2_conv (Conv2 _1_relu[0][0]' D)	(None, 14, 14, 256)	590080	[ 'conv4_block1
conv4_block1_2_bn (BatchNo _2_conv[0][0]' rnalization)	(None, 14, 14, 256)	1024	[ 'conv4_block1
conv4_block1_2_relu (Activ _2_bn[0][0]' ation)	(None, 14, 14, 256)	0	[ 'conv4_block1
conv4_block1_0_conv (Conv2 _out[0][0]' D)	(None, 14, 14, 1024)	525312	[ 'conv3_block4
conv4_block1_3_conv (Conv2 _2_relu[0][0]' D)	(None, 14, 14, 1024)	263168	[ 'conv4_block1
conv4_block1_0_bn (BatchNo _0_conv[0][0]' rnalization)	(None, 14, 14, 1024)	4096	[ 'conv4_block1
conv4_block1_3_bn (BatchNo _3_conv[0][0]' rnalization)	(None, 14, 14, 1024)	4096	[ 'conv4_block1
conv4_block1_add (Add) _0_bn[0][0]',  _3_bn[0][0]'	(None, 14, 14, 1024)	0	[ 'conv4_block1 ' conv4_block1
conv4_block1_out (Activati _add[0][0]' on)	(None, 14, 14, 1024)	0	[ 'conv4_block1
conv4_block2_1_conv (Conv2 _out[0][0]' D)	(None, 14, 14, 256)	262400	[ 'conv4_block1
conv4_block2_1_bn (BatchNo _0_conv[0][0]' rnalization)	(None, 14, 14, 256)	1024	[ 'conv4_block2

<code>_1_conv[0][0]'</code>	<code>rnmalization)</code>		
<code>conv4_block2_1_relu (Activ</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 256)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>['conv4_block2</code>
<code>_1_bn[0][0]'</code>	<code>ation)</code>		
<code>conv4_block2_2_conv (Conv2</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 256)</code>	<code>590080</code>	<code>['conv4_block2</code>
<code>_1_relu[0][0]'</code>	<code>D)</code>		
<code>conv4_block2_2_bn (BatchNo</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 256)</code>	<code>1024</code>	<code>['conv4_block2</code>
<code>_2_conv[0][0]'</code>	<code>rnmalization)</code>		
<code>conv4_block2_2_relu (Activ</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 256)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>['conv4_block2</code>
<code>_2_bn[0][0]'</code>	<code>ation)</code>		
<code>conv4_block2_3_conv (Conv2</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 1024)</code>	<code>263168</code>	<code>['conv4_block2</code>
<code>_2_relu[0][0]'</code>	<code>D)</code>		
<code>conv4_block2_3_bn (BatchNo</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 1024)</code>	<code>4096</code>	<code>['conv4_block2</code>
<code>_3_conv[0][0]'</code>	<code>rnmalization)</code>		
<code>conv4_block2_add (Add)</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 1024)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>['conv4_block1</code>
<code>_out[0][0]'</code>			<code>'conv4_block2</code>
<code>_3_bn[0][0]'</code>			
<code>conv4_block2_out (Activati</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 1024)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>['conv4_block2</code>
<code>_add[0][0]'</code>	<code>on)</code>		
<code>conv4_block3_1_conv (Conv2</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 256)</code>	<code>262400</code>	<code>['conv4_block2</code>
<code>_out[0][0]'</code>	<code>D)</code>		
<code>conv4_block3_1_bn (BatchNo</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 256)</code>	<code>1024</code>	<code>['conv4_block3</code>
<code>_1_conv[0][0]'</code>	<code>rnmalization)</code>		
<code>conv4_block3_1_relu (Activ</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 256)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>['conv4_block3</code>
<code>_1_bn[0][0]'</code>	<code>ation)</code>		
<code>conv4_block3_2_conv (Conv2</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 256)</code>	<code>590080</code>	<code>['conv4_block3</code>
<code>_1_relu[0][0]'</code>	<code>D)</code>		
<code>conv4_block3_2_bn (BatchNo</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 256)</code>	<code>1024</code>	<code>['conv4_block3</code>
<code>_2_conv[0][0]'</code>	<code>rnmalization)</code>		
<code>conv4_block3_2_relu (Activ</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 256)</code>	<code>0</code>	<code>['conv4_block3</code>
<code>_2_bn[0][0]'</code>	<code>ation)</code>		
<code>conv4_block3_3_conv (Conv2</code>	<code>(None, 14, 14, 1024)</code>	<code>263168</code>	<code>['conv4_block3</code>
<code>_2_relu[0][0]'</code>	<code>D)</code>		

conv4_block3_3_bn (BatchNo (None, 14, 14, 1024) _3_conv[0][0]' rmalization)	4096	[ 'conv4_block3
conv4_block3_add (Add) (None, 14, 14, 1024) _out[0][0]',  _3_bn[0][0]'	0	[ 'conv4_block2 ' conv4_block3
conv4_block3_out (Activati (None, 14, 14, 1024) _add[0][0]'] on)	0	[ 'conv4_block3
conv4_block4_1_conv (Conv2 (None, 14, 14, 256) _out[0][0]') D)	262400	[ 'conv4_block3
conv4_block4_1_bn (BatchNo (None, 14, 14, 256) _1_conv[0][0]' rmalization)	1024	[ 'conv4_block4
conv4_block4_1_relu (Activ (None, 14, 14, 256) _1_bn[0][0]'] ation)	0	[ 'conv4_block4
conv4_block4_2_conv (Conv2 (None, 14, 14, 256) _1_relu[0][0]'] D)	590080	[ 'conv4_block4
conv4_block4_2_bn (BatchNo (None, 14, 14, 256) _2_conv[0][0]' rmalization)	1024	[ 'conv4_block4
conv4_block4_2_relu (Activ (None, 14, 14, 256) _2_bn[0][0]'] ation)	0	[ 'conv4_block4
conv4_block4_3_conv (Conv2 (None, 14, 14, 1024) _2_relu[0][0]') D)	263168	[ 'conv4_block4
conv4_block4_3_bn (BatchNo (None, 14, 14, 1024) _3_conv[0][0]' rmalization)	4096	[ 'conv4_block4
conv4_block4_add (Add) (None, 14, 14, 1024) _out[0][0]',  _3_bn[0][0]'	0	[ 'conv4_block3 ' conv4_block4
conv4_block4_out (Activati (None, 14, 14, 1024) _add[0][0]'] on)	0	[ 'conv4_block4
conv4_block5_1_conv (Conv2 (None, 14, 14, 256) _out[0][0']) D)	262400	[ 'conv4_block4
conv4_block5_1_bn (BatchNo (None, 14, 14, 256) _1_conv[0][0]' rmalization)	1024	[ 'conv4_block5
conv4_block5_1_relu (Activ (None, 14, 14, 256) _1_bn[0][0]']	0	[ 'conv4_block5

ation)			
conv4_block5_2_conv (Conv2 (None, 14, 14, 256) _1_relu[0][0]' D)	590080	[ 'conv4_block5	
conv4_block5_2_bn (BatchNo (None, 14, 14, 256) _2_conv[0][0]' rmalization)	1024	[ 'conv4_block5	
conv4_block5_2_relu (Activ (None, 14, 14, 256) _2_bn[0][0]' ation)	0	[ 'conv4_block5	
conv4_block5_3_conv (Conv2 (None, 14, 14, 1024) _2_relu[0][0]' D)	263168	[ 'conv4_block5	
conv4_block5_3_bn (BatchNo (None, 14, 14, 1024) _3_conv[0][0]' rmalization)	4096	[ 'conv4_block5	
conv4_block5_add (Add) (None, 14, 14, 1024) _out[0][0]',  _3_bn[0][0]'	0	[ 'conv4_block4 ' conv4_block5	
conv4_block5_out (Activati (None, 14, 14, 1024) _add[0][0]' on)	0	[ 'conv4_block5	
conv4_block6_1_conv (Conv2 (None, 14, 14, 256) _out[0][0]' D)	262400	[ 'conv4_block5	
conv4_block6_1_bn (BatchNo (None, 14, 14, 256) _1_conv[0][0]' rmalization)	1024	[ 'conv4_block6	
conv4_block6_1_relu (Activ (None, 14, 14, 256) _1_bn[0][0]' ation)	0	[ 'conv4_block6	
conv4_block6_2_conv (Conv2 (None, 14, 14, 256) _1_relu[0][0]' D)	590080	[ 'conv4_block6	
conv4_block6_2_bn (BatchNo (None, 14, 14, 256) _2_conv[0][0]' rmalization)	1024	[ 'conv4_block6	
conv4_block6_2_relu (Activ (None, 14, 14, 256) _2_bn[0][0]' ation)	0	[ 'conv4_block6	
conv4_block6_3_conv (Conv2 (None, 14, 14, 1024) _2_relu[0][0]' D)	263168	[ 'conv4_block6	
conv4_block6_3_bn (BatchNo (None, 14, 14, 1024) _3_conv[0][0]' rmalization)	4096	[ 'conv4_block6	
conv4_block6_add (Add) (None, 14, 14, 1024)	0	[ 'conv4_block5	

_out[0][0]',		'conv4_block6
_3_bn[0][0]']		
conv4_block6_out (Activati (None, 14, 14, 1024)	0	['conv4_block6
_add[0][0]']		
on)		
conv5_block1_1_conv (Conv2 (None, 7, 7, 512)	524800	['conv4_block6
_out[0][0]']		
D)		
conv5_block1_1_bn (BatchNo (None, 7, 7, 512)	2048	['conv5_block1
_1_conv[0][0]']		
rnmalization)		
conv5_block1_1_relu (Activ (None, 7, 7, 512)	0	['conv5_block1
_1_bn[0][0]']		
ation)		
conv5_block1_2_conv (Conv2 (None, 7, 7, 512)	2359808	['conv5_block1
_1_relu[0][0]']		
D)		
conv5_block1_2_bn (BatchNo (None, 7, 7, 512)	2048	['conv5_block1
_2_conv[0][0]']		
rnmalization)		
conv5_block1_2_relu (Activ (None, 7, 7, 512)	0	['conv5_block1
_2_bn[0][0]']		
ation)		
conv5_block1_0_conv (Conv2 (None, 7, 7, 2048)	2099200	['conv4_block6
_out[0][0]']		
D)		
conv5_block1_3_conv (Conv2 (None, 7, 7, 2048)	1050624	['conv5_block1
_2_relu[0][0]']		
D)		
conv5_block1_0_bn (BatchNo (None, 7, 7, 2048)	8192	['conv5_block1
_0_conv[0][0]']		
rnmalization)		
conv5_block1_3_bn (BatchNo (None, 7, 7, 2048)	8192	['conv5_block1
_3_conv[0][0]']		
rnmalization)		
conv5_block1_add (Add) (None, 7, 7, 2048)	0	['conv5_block1
_0_bn[0][0]',		
_3_bn[0][0]']		
conv5_block1_out (Activati (None, 7, 7, 2048)	0	['conv5_block1
_add[0][0]']		
on)		
conv5_block2_1_conv (Conv2 (None, 7, 7, 512)	1049088	['conv5_block1
_out[0][0]']		
D)		
conv5_block2_1_bn (BatchNo (None, 7, 7, 512)	2048	['conv5_block2
_1_conv[0][0]']		
rnmalization)		

conv5_block2_1_relu (Activ	(None, 7, 7, 512)	0	[ 'conv5_block2
_1_bn[0][0]'			ation)
conv5_block2_2_conv (Conv2	(None, 7, 7, 512)	2359808	[ 'conv5_block2
_1_relu[0][0]'			D)
conv5_block2_2_bn (BatchNo	(None, 7, 7, 512)	2048	[ 'conv5_block2
_2_conv[0][0]'			rnmalization)
conv5_block2_2_relu (Activ	(None, 7, 7, 512)	0	[ 'conv5_block2
_2_bn[0][0]'			ation)
conv5_block2_3_conv (Conv2	(None, 7, 7, 2048)	1050624	[ 'conv5_block2
_2_relu[0][0]'			D)
conv5_block2_3_bn (BatchNo	(None, 7, 7, 2048)	8192	[ 'conv5_block2
_3_conv[0][0]'			rnmalization)
conv5_block2_add (Add)	(None, 7, 7, 2048)	0	[ 'conv5_block1
_out[0][0]',			
_3_bn[0][0]']			'conv5_block2
conv5_block2_out (Activati	(None, 7, 7, 2048)	0	[ 'conv5_block2
_add[0][0]']			on)
conv5_block3_1_conv (Conv2	(None, 7, 7, 512)	1049088	[ 'conv5_block2
_out[0][0]'			D)
conv5_block3_1_bn (BatchNo	(None, 7, 7, 512)	2048	[ 'conv5_block3
_1_conv[0][0]'			rnmalization)
conv5_block3_1_relu (Activ	(None, 7, 7, 512)	0	[ 'conv5_block3
_1_bn[0][0]'			ation)
conv5_block3_2_conv (Conv2	(None, 7, 7, 512)	2359808	[ 'conv5_block3
_1_relu[0][0]'			D)
conv5_block3_2_bn (BatchNo	(None, 7, 7, 512)	2048	[ 'conv5_block3
_2_conv[0][0]'			rnmalization)
conv5_block3_2_relu (Activ	(None, 7, 7, 512)	0	[ 'conv5_block3
_2_bn[0][0]'			ation)
conv5_block3_3_conv (Conv2	(None, 7, 7, 2048)	1050624	[ 'conv5_block3
_2_relu[0][0]'			D)
conv5_block3_3_bn (BatchNo	(None, 7, 7, 2048)	8192	[ 'conv5_block3
_3_conv[0][0]'			

```

rmalization)

conv5_block3_add (Add)      (None, 7, 7, 2048)      0      ['conv5_block2
_out[0][0]',

'conv5_block3
_3_bn[0][0]']

conv5_block3_out (Activati (None, 7, 7, 2048)      0      ['conv5_block3
_on]
_add[0][0]']

global_average_pooling2d ( (None, 2048)      0      ['conv5_block3
_out[0][0]']
GlobalAveragePooling2D)

dropout (Dropout)          (None, 2048)      0      ['global_aver
ge_pooling2d[0][
0]']

dense (Dense)              (None, 512)      1049088 ['dropout[0]
[0]']

dropout_1 (Dropout)        (None, 512)      0      ['dense[0]
[0]']

dense_1 (Dense)            (None, 6)      3078   ['dropout_1[0]
[0]']

=====
=====

Total params: 24639878 (93.99 MB)
Trainable params: 1052166 (4.01 MB)
Non-trainable params: 23587712 (89.98 MB)

```

---

In [22]:

```
early_stop = EarlyStopping(monitor="val_loss", patience=4, restore_best_weights=True)
reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor="val_loss", factor=0.3, patience=2, verbose=1)
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint("mejor_modelo_resnet.h5", monitor="val_accuracy", save
```

In [24]:

```
history_resnet = modelo_resnet.fit(
    train_generatorRS,
    epochs=epochs,
    validation_data = val_generatorRS,
    callbacks=[early_stop, reduce_lr, checkpoint]
)
```

Epoch 1/15  
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.7454 - accuracy: 0.24  
01

C:\Users\Lalo\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\keras\src\engine\traini
ng.py:3103: UserWarning: You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.sa
ve()`. This file format is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the nativ
e Keras format, e.g. `model.save('my\_model.keras')`.  
saving\_api.save\_model(

```

439/439 [=====] - 1930s 4s/step - loss: 1.7454 - accuracy: 0.2401 - val_loss: 1.6320 - val_accuracy: 0.3030 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 2/15
439/439 [=====] - 1869s 4s/step - loss: 1.6378 - accuracy: 0.2875 - val_loss: 1.5814 - val_accuracy: 0.3287 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 3/15
439/439 [=====] - 1848s 4s/step - loss: 1.6014 - accuracy: 0.3114 - val_loss: 1.5482 - val_accuracy: 0.3410 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 4/15
439/439 [=====] - 1882s 4s/step - loss: 1.5750 - accuracy: 0.3231 - val_loss: 1.5199 - val_accuracy: 0.3643 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 5/15
439/439 [=====] - 1952s 4s/step - loss: 1.5563 - accuracy: 0.3367 - val_loss: 1.5318 - val_accuracy: 0.3207 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 6/15
439/439 [=====] - 2455s 6s/step - loss: 1.5410 - accuracy: 0.3454 - val_loss: 1.5144 - val_accuracy: 0.4013 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 7/15
439/439 [=====] - 2406s 5s/step - loss: 1.5305 - accuracy: 0.3552 - val_loss: 1.4673 - val_accuracy: 0.4263 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 8/15
439/439 [=====] - 2369s 5s/step - loss: 1.5263 - accuracy: 0.3514 - val_loss: 1.4627 - val_accuracy: 0.4103 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 9/15
439/439 [=====] - 2380s 5s/step - loss: 1.5053 - accuracy: 0.3581 - val_loss: 1.4529 - val_accuracy: 0.4067 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 10/15
439/439 [=====] - 2373s 5s/step - loss: 1.4898 - accuracy: 0.3801 - val_loss: 1.4265 - val_accuracy: 0.4283 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 11/15
439/439 [=====] - 2391s 5s/step - loss: 1.4918 - accuracy: 0.3712 - val_loss: 1.4226 - val_accuracy: 0.4397 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 12/15
439/439 [=====] - 2356s 5s/step - loss: 1.4866 - accuracy: 0.3760 - val_loss: 1.4271 - val_accuracy: 0.4097 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 13/15
439/439 [=====] - 2351s 5s/step - loss: 1.4748 - accuracy: 0.3839 - val_loss: 1.3893 - val_accuracy: 0.4667 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 14/15
439/439 [=====] - 2357s 5s/step - loss: 1.4707 - accuracy: 0.3819 - val_loss: 1.4040 - val_accuracy: 0.4317 - lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 15/15
439/439 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.4656 - accuracy: 0.3803
Epoch 15: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 2.9999999242136255e-05.
439/439 [=====] - 2337s 5s/step - loss: 1.4656 - accuracy: 0.3803 - val_loss: 1.4260 - val_accuracy: 0.4287 - lr: 1.0000e-04

```

```
In [26]: history_dict = history_resnet.history
epochs_range = range(1, len(history_dict['accuracy']) + 1)
```

```
In [28]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,6))

plt.subplot(1,2,1)
plt.plot(epochs_range, history_dict['accuracy'], 'o-', label='Entrenamiento')
plt.plot(epochs_range, history_dict['val_accuracy'], 'o-', label='Validación')
plt.title('Evolución del Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Épocas')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

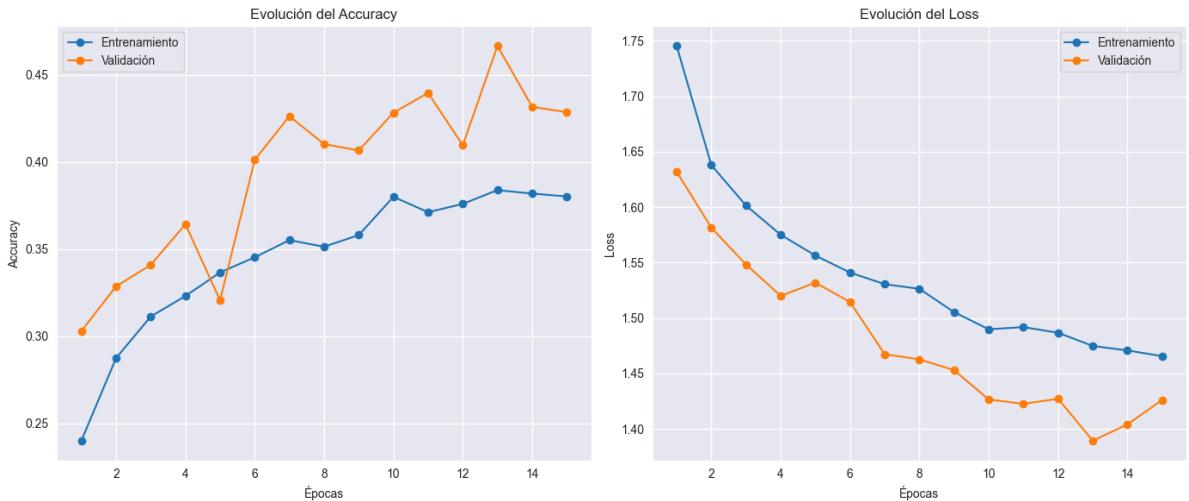
plt.subplot(1,2,2)
plt.plot(epochs_range, history_dict['loss'], 'o-', label='Entrenamiento')
```

```

plt.plot(epochs_range, history_dict['val_loss'], 'o-', label='Validación')
plt.title('Evolución del Loss')
plt.xlabel('Épocas')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```

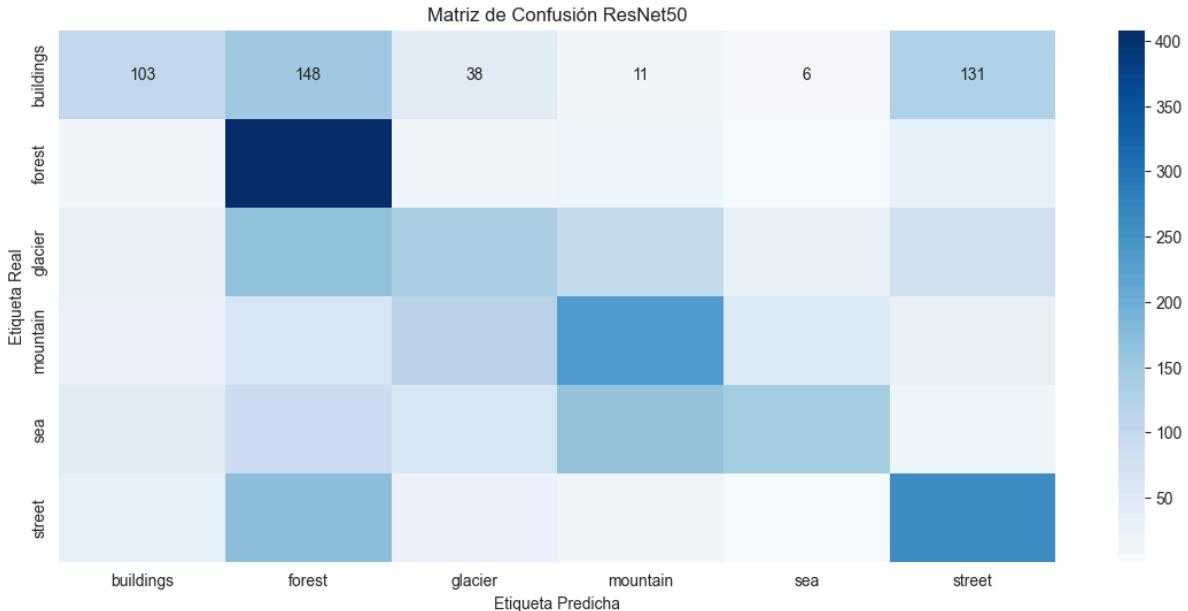


```
In [29]: val_loss, val_acc = modelo_resnet.evaluate(val_generatorRS)
print(f'Perdida en validación {val_loss:.4f}')
print(f'Accuracy en validación {val_acc:.4f}')
```

```
94/94 [=====] - 379s 4s/step - loss: 1.4260 - accuracy: 0.4287
Perdida en validación 1.4260
Accuracy en validación 0.4287
```

```
In [30]: y_predRS = modelo_resnet.predict(val_generatorRS)
y_pred_clases = np.argmax(y_predRS, axis=1)
y_trueRS = val_generatorRS.classes
class_labels = list(val_generatorRS.class_indices.keys())
94/94 [=====] - 386s 4s/step
```

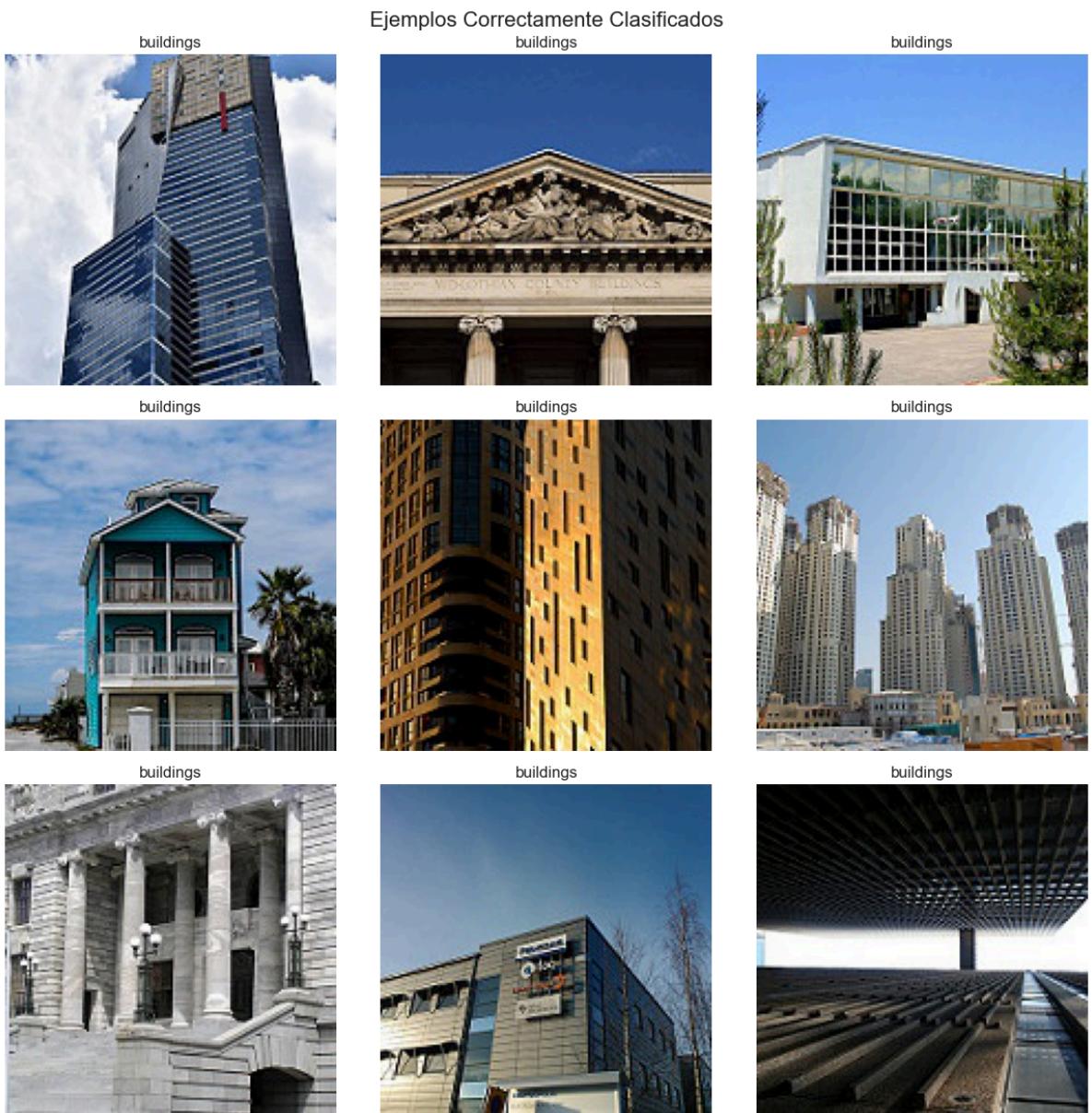
```
In [31]: cm = confusion_matrix(y_trueRS, y_pred_clases)
plt.figure(figsize=(14,6))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=class_labels, ytickl
plt.title('Matriz de Confusión ResNet50')
plt.ylabel('Etiqueta Real')
plt.xlabel('Etiqueta Predicha')
plt.show()
```



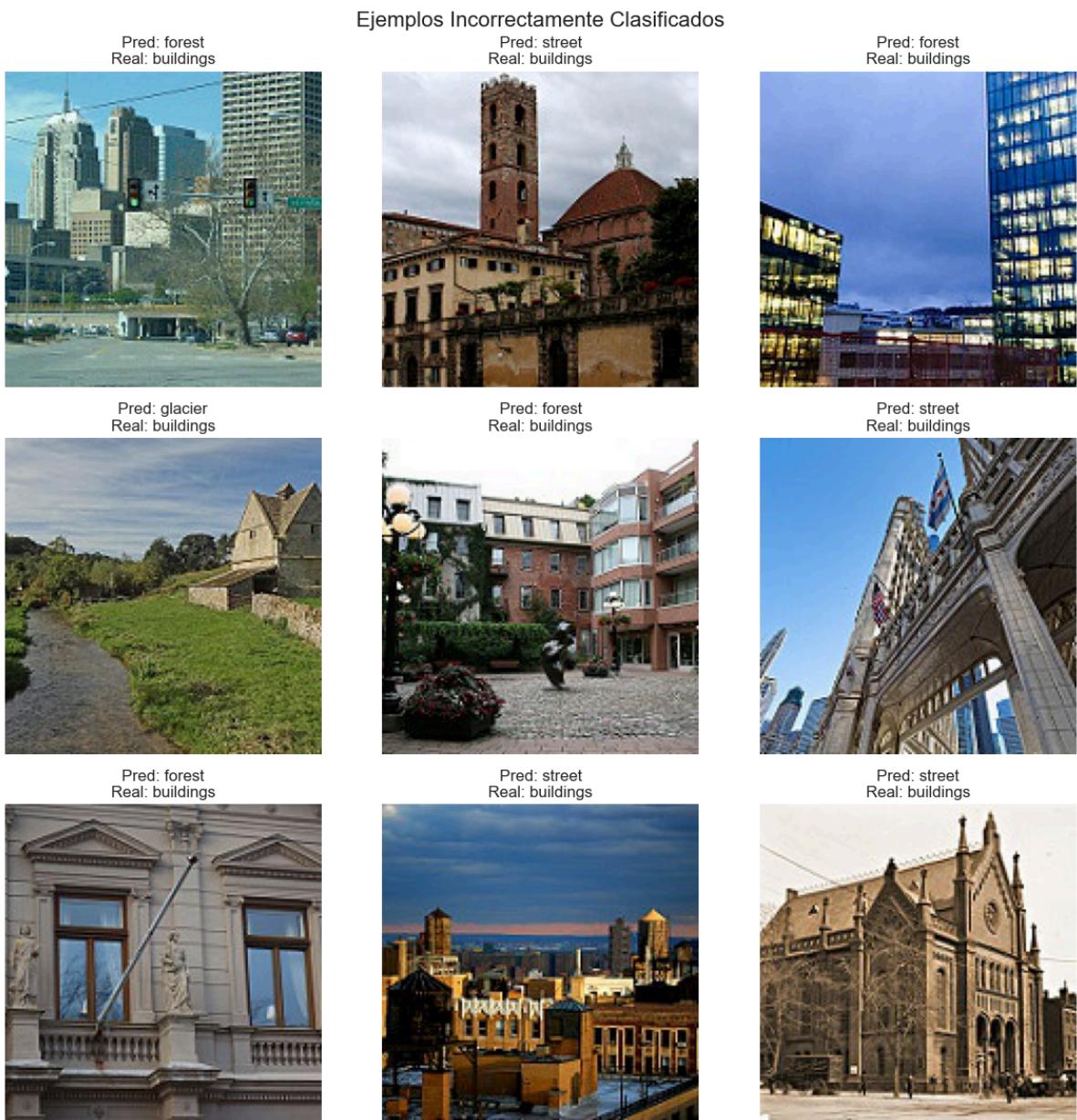
```
In [32]: print('Reporte de Clasificación')
print(classification_report(y_trueRS, y_pred_clasess, target_names=class_labels))
```

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
Etiqueta Real	buildings	0.42	0.24	0.30	437
	forest	0.39	0.86	0.54	474
	glacier	0.36	0.25	0.30	553
	mountain	0.44	0.44	0.44	525
	sea	0.59	0.27	0.38	510
	street	0.47	0.53	0.50	501
accuracy			0.43	3000	
macro avg	0.45	0.43	0.41	3000	
weighted avg	0.45	0.43	0.41	3000	

```
In [36]: correct_indices = np.where(y_pred_clasess == y_trueRS)[0]
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 12))
for i, idx in enumerate(correct_indices[:9]):
    plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
    img_path = val_generatorRS.filepaths[idx]
    img = plt.imread(img_path)
    plt.imshow(img)
    plt.title(f'{class_labels[y_trueRS[idx]]}')
    plt.axis("off")
plt.suptitle("Ejemplos Correctamente Clasificados", fontsize=16)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [35]: incorrect_indices = np.where(y_pred_clasess != y_trueRS)[0]
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 12))
for i, idx in enumerate(incorrect_indices[:9]):
    plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
    img_path = val_generatorRS.filepaths[idx]
    img = plt.imread(img_path)
    plt.imshow(img)
    plt.title(f"Pred: {class_labels[y_pred_clasess[idx]]}\nReal: {class_labels[y_tr
    plt.axis("off")
plt.suptitle("Ejemplos Incorrectamente Clasificados", fontsize=16)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [38]: modelo_resnet.save('mi_modelo_ResNet50.keras')
```

**Los modelos EfficientNet y ResNet50 ya no fueron documentados ya que prácticamente el lo mismo que los primeros 3, solo cambian un par de cosas. como la integración de las arquitecturas, el dataset es el mismo, las épocas 10 y 15. Si hay alguna duda, pueden ver lo documentado de los primeros modelos.**

## Comparativa de todos los modelos entrenados

**Modelo 1, 2 y 3 con CNN (10, 20 y 30 epochs)**

## EfficientNet (10 epochs)

## Resnet (15 epochs)

#	Modelo	Épocas	Acc Train	Acc Val	Loss Train	Loss Val	Precisión Entrenamiento	Precisión Validacion
1	CNN capas propias	10	0.6615	0.7559	0.9054	0.7598	66.1%	75.6%
2	CNN capas propias	20	0.7739	0.8110	0.6292	0.5713	77.3%	81.1%
3	CNN capas propias	30	0.8506	0.8683	0.4292	0.3754	85.0%	86.8%
4	EfficentNet	10	0.1672	0.1750	1.8068	1.7893	17.0%	17.5%
4	ResNet50	15	0.3803	0.4287	1.4656	1.4260	38.0%	42.8%

## Explicación

- Accuracy (precisión): Porcentaje de aciertos del modelo, Mientras mas alto mejor.
- Loss (pérdida): Mide qué tan equivocadas están las predicciones del modelo, mientras más bajo mejor.
- Val Accuacry: Precisión sobre datos nuevos, los que no se ven durante el entrenamiento, permite saber si el modelo generaliza bien.
- Val Loss: Perdida en datos de validación, si es muy alta se tiene sobre ajustes, si es similar al loss de entrenamiento, el modelo generaliza bien.

## Mejor modelo

- El tercer entrenamiento es el mejor modelo.
- Precisión en validación es del 86.6%
- Perdida en validación es del 0.3754
- Épocas 30
- Se tiene un buen balance entre el entrenamiento y la validación.

## Peor modelo

- EfficientNet
- Precisión de solo 17.5%
- No logró aprender
- Se tiene una tasa de aprendizaje baja o la arquitectura es poco adecuada para los datos.

## Resumen final

- Para este proyecto realizamos 5 entrenamientos, 3 con capas CNN, con arquitecturas ResNet50 y EfficientNet, después de ver los resultados y comparar las métricas, la precisión, la generalización, el modelo final seleccionado fue el modelo 3 con 30 épocas, nos da un buen rendimiento estable y robusto.
- Esto nos dice que este modelo puede clasificar imágenes del dataset con alto nivel de confianza y generaliza bien sobre los datos.