

# Reachability Analysis of Quantum Markov Decision Processes

It Is Mandatory For Quantum Robots

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- ① Preamble
- ② Classical Reachability Analysis
- ③ Analysis on Decidability of Quantum Reachability Analysis  
In the Finite-Horizon
- ④ Analysis on Complexity of Quantum Reachability Analysis  
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- ⑤ Discussion and Suggested Future Work

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Reference: Shenggang Ying and Mingsheng Ying, “Reachability Analysis of Quantum Markov Decision Processes,” in *arXiv*, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, July 9, 2014. Available online from *arXiv* as Version 2 at: <http://arxiv.org/abs/1406.6146> and <http://arxiv.org/abs/1406.6146v2>; May 30, 2015 was the last accessed date.

# Warning!!!

- Research publications on formal verification or formal methods have lots of definitions.
- Exact/Approximate algorithms and heuristics for formal verification or formal methods are based on these definitions.
- Hence, exact definitions of terms in formal verification or formal methods are required for proving these algorithms and heuristics and theorems.

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# Classical Reachability Analysis

- Reachability Analysis is :
  - Definition of reachable state in a Petri Net or FSM.
  - Define reachability analysis, based on the definition of the reachability of a state in a Petri Net or FSM.
  - E.g., A small bounded Petri Net can have many states, which are represented in the state/reachability graph. Use symmetry or stubborn set reductions, followed by creating and checking CTL formulae and predicates. Determine if a target state/marking is reachable from the initial state/marking, not necessarily via the minimal path. Check CTL properties/predicates for testing liveness properties.
  - Give more examples of reachability analysis
- Explain the importance of reachability analysis
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- References

[1] Yuan, J., Pixley, C., and Aziz, A. Constrained-Based 



# Problem Statement

- Models of concurrent and nondeterministic quantum systems need to be verified.
- Quantum Markov decision processes (qMDPs) can model such quantum systems.
- Question: How can we carry out reachability analysis on concurrent and nondeterministic quantum systems, modeled as qMDPs?
- Input: qMDP  $\mathcal{M}$
- Input: state space  $\mathcal{H}$ , which is a Hilbert space
- Input: state space  $B \in \mathcal{H}$
- Output: Scheduler  $\mathcal{G}$
- Output: Non-negative integer,  $n$ .





# Shortcomings of Classical Reachability Analysis

- Classic Markov chains cannot capture concurrency.
- A Markov chain only allows one “choice” of action per state, which implies that all “rewards” of the Markov chain are the same.
- Cannot formalize behavior/functionality of quantum systems
  - Discrete state spaces of classical systems are finite or countably finite
  - Continuous state spaces of quantum systems cannot be addressed by discrete state spaces
  - State spaces of quantum systems are continuous, even for finite-dimensional quantum systems
  - Need to examine a finite number of representative elements (in an orthonormal basis) of the state space of a quantum system
  - Or, at most, examine countably infinitely many representative elements of this state space
  - Always preserve the linear algebraic structure of the representative elements [ & linear-time properties ]



# Prior and Related Work

- Almost all previous work use model checking to verify quantum communication protocols
- Use quantum process algebra to verify quantum communication systems, including quantum error correction codes
- Use simulation tools for quantum systems to verify their behavior/functionality, especially their correctness and safety properties

# Design Decisions

- Quantum model checking framework for the formal verification of generic quantum engineering systems
  - Not just quantum communication systems
- Use a formal method based on modeling quantum systems with quantum automaton
  - Exploit similar work in quantum Markov chains, quantum dot automata, & quantum cellular automata
- Only consider linear-time properties of generic quantum systems
  - Describe these linear-time properties as infinite sequences of sets of atomic propositions, just like LTL model checking
- Extend this to verify safety properties for reversible automata
- Extend this to verify  $\omega$ -properties for reversible Büchi automata
- Meet requirements for correctness, safety, & reliability

# Key Contributions of (Ying 2014)

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# Analysis on Decidability of Quantum Reachability Analysis In the Finite-Horizon



# Analysis on Decidability of Quantum Reachability Analysis In the Infinite-Horizon





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# Discussion and Suggested Future Work

- Extensions of