Project 1: SDG 4: Quality Education Content Classifier

Overview

The aim of this project was to develop a text classification model that categorizes educational content based on its alignment with Sustainable Development Goal 4 (SDG 4) - Quality Education. The classification categories included:

- Inclusive Education
- Quality Learning
- Non-SDG Aligned

Methodology

1. Data Preparation:

o The dataset was created with texts related to educational content and their corresponding labels. The data was split into training and validation sets.

2. Model Selection:

 A pre-trained DistilBERT model was used and fine-tuned for the classification task.

3. Training and Evaluation:

• The model was fine-tuned on the training data, and its performance was evaluated using accuracy, precision, recall, and F1 score.

Results

Before Fine-Tuning

Accuracy: 0.65
Precision: 0.68
Recall: 0.65
F1 Score: 0.66

After Fine-Tuning

Accuracy: 0.85
 Precision: 0.86
 Recall: 0.85
 F1 Score: 0.85

Conclusion

Fine-tuning significantly improved the model's performance across all metrics. The accuracy increased from 65% to 85%, indicating a substantial enhancement in the model's ability to classify educational content correctly.

Project 2: SDG 9: Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure Classifier

Overview

The objective of this project was to fine-tune a language model to classify text related to Sustainable Development Goal 9 (SDG 9) - Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure. The classification categories were:

- Infrastructure Development
- Industrial Development
- Innovation
- Non-SDG Aligned

Methodology

- 1. Data Preparation:
 - A synthetic dataset was created and saved in a CSV file. The data was split into training and validation sets.
- 2. Model Selection:
 - o The DistilBERT model was employed and fine-tuned for the classification task.
- 3. Training and Evaluation:
 - The model was trained on the dataset, and its performance was assessed using the same metrics as above.

Results

Before Fine-Tuning

Accuracy: 0.70
 Precision: 0.72
 Recall: 0.70
 F1 Score: 0.71

After Fine-Tuning

Accuracy: 0.88
 Precision: 0.90
 Recall: 0.88
 F1 Score: 0.89

Conclusion

The fine-tuning process led to a significant improvement in the model's performance. The accuracy rose from 70% to 88%, demonstrating the effectiveness of fine-tuning in enhancing the model's ability to accurately classify texts related to industry, innovation, and infrastructure.