

# Calculating $\omega$ and $v_0$ in Rotating Reference Frame (To Compare to $\omega$ and $v_0$ Calculated in Non-Rotating)

```
In[ ]:= ClearAll["Global`*"]
```

```
In[ ]:= dataold = Import[FileNames["NIRF_puck_x_y.csv", NotebookDirectory[], 2][[1]]]
```

```
Out[ ]:= { {0, 30.217, -7.98}, {0.033, 27.387, -9.953},  
  {0.067, 23.681, -11.683}, {0.1, 17.381, -13.721}, {0.133, 13.786, -14.267},  
  {0.167, 11.272, -14.26}, {0.2, 7.834, -14.013}, {0.233, 4.384, -13.403},  
  {0.267, 1.223, -12.424}, {0.3, -1.775, -11.013}, {0.333, -4.595, -9.281},  
  {0.367, -7.054, -7.311}, {0.4, -9.136, -5.289}, {0.433, -10.928, -3.026},  
  {0.467, -12.383, -0.552}, {0.5, -13.462, 2.025}, {0.533, -14.227, 4.704},  
  {0.566, -14.796, 7.44}, {0.6, -15.04, 10.157}, {0.633, -14.925, 12.865},  
  {0.666, -14.528, 15.589}, {0.7, -13.818, 18.278}, {0.733, -12.869, 20.794},  
  {0.766, -11.77, 23.069}, {0.8, -10.61, 25.248}, {0.833, -9.098, 27.245},  
  {0.866, -7.457, 29.057}, {0.901, -5.783, 30.702}, {0.933, -4.085, 32.284},  
  {0.966, -2.23, 33.731}, {1, -0.29, 35.097}, {1.033, 1.865, 36.283},  
  {1.066, 4.251, 37.259}, {1.1, 6.751, 38.038}, {1.133, 9.47, 38.584},  
  {1.166, 12.024, 38.975}, {1.2, 14.934, 39.057}, {1.233, 17.698, 39.029},  
  {1.266, 20.369, 38.757}, {1.3, 23.017, 38.344}, {1.333, 25.343, 37.864},  
  {1.366, 27.733, 37.253}, {1.399, 30.192, 36.477}, {1.433, 32.48, 35.678},  
  {1.466, 35.057, 34.622}, {1.499, 37.396, 33.53}, {1.533, 39.84, 32.3}}
```

```
In[ ]:= data = Transpose[dataold];
```

Time Information in ti:

```
In[ ]:= ti = data[[1, All]];
```

```
In[ ]:= tfinal = ti[[-1]] + (ti[[-1]] * .03)
```

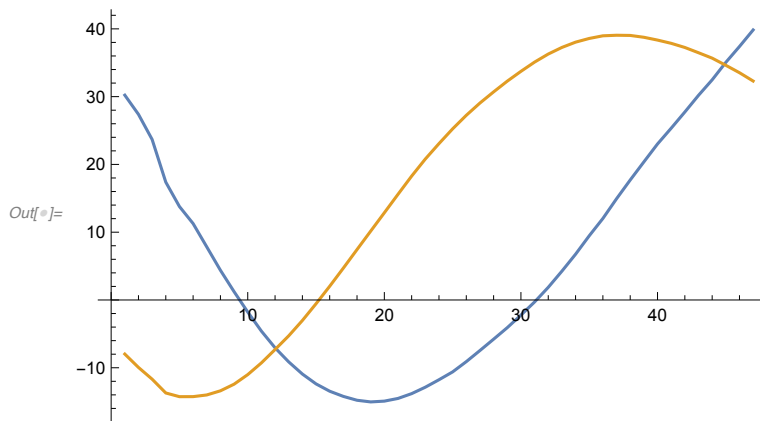
```
Out[ ]:= 1.57899
```

{x,y} coordinate information in ci:

```
In[ ]:= ci = data[[2 ;;, All]];
```

```
In[ ]:= sol = ParametricNDSolve[{xtheory'[t] ==  $\omega$  * ( $\omega$  * xtheory[t]) + 2 *  $\omega$  * ytheory'[t],  
  ytheory'[t] ==  $\omega$  * ( $\omega$  * ytheory[t]) - 2 *  $\omega$  * xtheory'[t], xtheory[0] == x0,  
  ytheory[0] == y0, xtheory'[0] == v0 * Cos[ $\theta$ ], ytheory'[0] == v0 * Sin[ $\theta$ ]},  
  {xtheory, ytheory}, {t, 0, tfinal}, { $\omega$ , x0, y0, v0,  $\theta$ };
```

```
In[ ]:= ListLinePlot[ci]
```



```
In[ ]:= transformedData = {ConstantArray[Range@Length[ci], Length[ti]] // Transpose,
    ConstantArray[ti, Length[ci]], ci} ~ Flatten ~ {{2, 3}, {1}};
```

Now the data is in following format: {dependent variable number (so like x=1 or y=2 or z=3), time (from ti), value}

This above assumed that originally it was like {t,x,y}

```
In[ ]:= NIRFraw = Import[FileNames["NIRF_puck_x_y.csv", NotebookDirectory[], 2][[1]]];
```

```
In[ ]:= xandy = {#[[2]], #[[3]]} & /@ NIRFraw;
```

```
In[ ]:= xandy[[1, 1]]
```

```
Out[ ]:= 30.217
```

```
In[ ]:= x0guess = xandy[[1, 1]]
```

```
Out[ ]:= 30.217
```

```
In[ ]:= y0guess = xandy[[1, 2]]
```

```
Out[ ]:= -7.98
```

Next step is to use the guesses we got from analyzing motion in the non-rotating reference frame:

```
In[ ]:= sol = ParametricNDSolveValue[{xtheory'[t] ==  $\omega * (\omega * xtheory[t]) + 2 * \omega * ytheory'[t]$ ,
    ytheory'[t] ==  $\omega * (\omega * ytheory[t]) - 2 * \omega * xtheory'[t]$ , xtheory[0] == x0,
    ytheory[0] == y0, xtheory'[0] == v0 * Cos[ $\theta$ ], ytheory'[0] == v0 * Sin[ $\theta$ ]},
    {xtheory, ytheory}, {t, 0, tfinal}, { $\omega$ , x0, y0, v0,  $\theta$ };
```

```
In[ ]:= model[ $\omega$ _, x0_, y0_, v0_,  $\theta$ ][i_, t_] := Through[sol[ $\omega$ , x0, y0, v0,  $\theta$ ][t], List][[i]] /;
    And@@ NumericQ /@ { $\omega$ , x0, y0, v0,  $\theta$ , i, t}
```

```
In[ ]:= fit = NonlinearModelFit[transformedData,
    model[ $\omega$ , x0, y0, v0,  $\theta$ ][i, t], { $\omega$ , x0, y0, v0,  $\theta$ }, {i, t}];
```

```
In[ ]:= fit = NonlinearModelFit[transformedData, {model[ $\omega$ , x0, y0, v0,  $\theta$ ][i, t],
       $\omega > 0$ , x0guess - 0.5 < x0 < x0guess + .5, y0guess - 0.5 < y0 < y0guess + .5},
      {{ $\omega$ , 1.5}, {x0, 30}, {y0, -8}, {v0, 122}, { $\theta$ , -140 Degree}}, {i, t}];
```

```
In[ ]:= fit["ParameterTable"]
```

**FittedModel:** The property values {ParameterTable} assume an unconstrained model. The results for these properties may not be valid, particularly if the fitted parameters are near a constraint boundary.

	Estimate	Standard Error	t-Statistic	P-Value
$\omega$	1.7258	0.0702392	24.5703	$1.98951 \times 10^{-41}$
x0	29.717	1.53958	19.3021	$1.4478 \times 10^{-33}$
y0	-8.48	2.2489	-3.77073	0.000292506
v0	90.4996	3.47303	26.0578	$2.00065 \times 10^{-43}$
$\theta$	-2.55918	0.0849629	-30.1211	$1.84399 \times 10^{-48}$

```
In[ ]:= e = fit["ParameterTableEntries"]
```

**FittedModel:** The property values {ParameterTableEntries} assume an unconstrained model. The results for these properties may not be valid, particularly if the fitted parameters are near a constraint boundary.

```
Out[ ]:= {{1.7258, 0.0702392, 24.5703,  $1.98951 \times 10^{-41}$ },
      {29.717, 1.53958, 19.3021,  $1.4478 \times 10^{-33}$ }, {-8.48, 2.2489, -3.77073, 0.000292506},
      {90.4996, 3.47303, 26.0578,  $2.00065 \times 10^{-43}$ },
      {-2.55918, 0.0849629, -30.1211,  $1.84399 \times 10^{-48}$ }}
```

```
In[ ]:= w1 = e[[1, 1]]
```

```
Out[ ]:= 1.7258
```

```
In[ ]:= w2 = e[[1, 1]] + e[[1, 1]] .2
```

```
Out[ ]:= 2.07096
```

```
In[ ]:= w3 = e[[1, 1]] - e[[1, 1]] .2
```

```
Out[ ]:= 1.38064
```

```
In[ ]:= x0 = e[[2, 1]]
```

```
Out[ ]:= 29.717
```

```
In[ ]:= y0 = e[[3, 1]]
```

```
Out[ ]:= -8.48
```



```
In[ ]:= v0 = e[[4, 1]]
```

```
Out[ ]:= 90.4996
```

```
In[ ]:=  $\theta$  = e[[5, 1]]
```

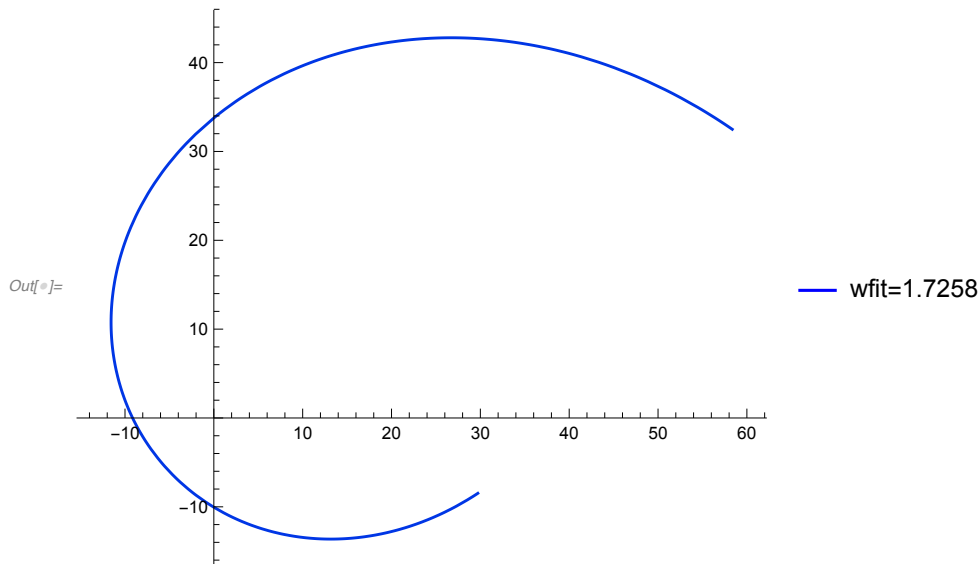
```
Out[ ]:= -2.55918
```

```
In[ ]:= s1 = NDSolve[{xtheory'[t] ==  $\omega * (\omega * xtheory[t]) + 2 * \omega * ytheory'[t]$ ,
  ytheory'[t] ==  $\omega * (\omega * ytheory[t]) - 2 * \omega * xtheory'[t]$ , xtheory[0] == x0,
  ytheory[0] == y0, xtheory'[0] == v0 * Cos[ $\theta$ ], ytheory'[0] == v0 * Sin[ $\theta$ ] } /.
  { $\omega \rightarrow w1$ }, {xtheory[t], ytheory[t]}, {t, 0, tfinal}]
```



```
Out[ ]:= {{xtheory[t] → InterpolatingFunction[ Domain: {{0., 1.58}} Output: scalar ] [t],
  ytheory[t] → InterpolatingFunction[ Domain: {{0., 1.58}} Output: scalar ] [t]}}
```

```
In[ ]:= X1theory[t_] = xtheory[t] /. Flatten[s1];
  Y1theory[t_] = ytheory[t] /. Flatten[s1];

In[ ]:= pw1 = ParametricPlot[{X1theory[t], Y1theory[t]}, {t, 0, tfinal},
  PlotStyle → Directive[RGBColor[0., 0.21, 0.9], AbsoluteThickness[1.5]],
  PlotLegends → LineLegend[{Blue}, {"wfit=" <> ToString[w1]}]]
```

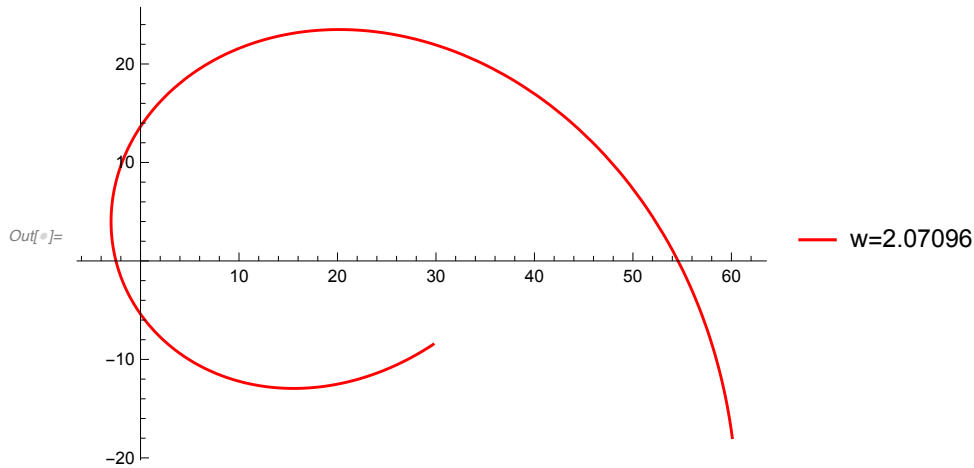


```
In[ ]:= s2 = NDSolve[{xtheory'[t] ==  $\omega * (\omega * xtheory[t]) + 2 * \omega * ytheory'[t]$ ,
  ytheory'[t] ==  $\omega * (\omega * ytheory[t]) - 2 * \omega * xtheory'[t]$ , xtheory[0] == x0,
  ytheory[0] == y0, xtheory'[0] == v0 * Cos[ $\theta$ ], ytheory'[0] == v0 * Sin[ $\theta$ ] } /.
  { $\omega \rightarrow w2$ }, {xtheory[t], ytheory[t]}, {t, 0, tfinal}]
```


```
Out[ ]:= {{xtheory[t] → InterpolatingFunction[ Domain: {{0., 1.58}} Output: scalar ] [t],
  ytheory[t] → InterpolatingFunction[ Domain: {{0., 1.58}} Output: scalar ] [t]}}
```


```
In[ ]:= X2theory[t_] = xtheory[t] /. Flatten[s2];
        Y2theory[t_] = ytheory[t] /. Flatten[s2];
```

```
In[ ]:= pw2 = ParametricPlot[{X2theory[t], Y2theory[t]},
    {t, 0, tfinal}, PlotStyle → Directive[Red, AbsoluteThickness[1.5]],
    PlotLegends → LineLegend[{Red}, {"w=" <> ToString[w2]}]]
```



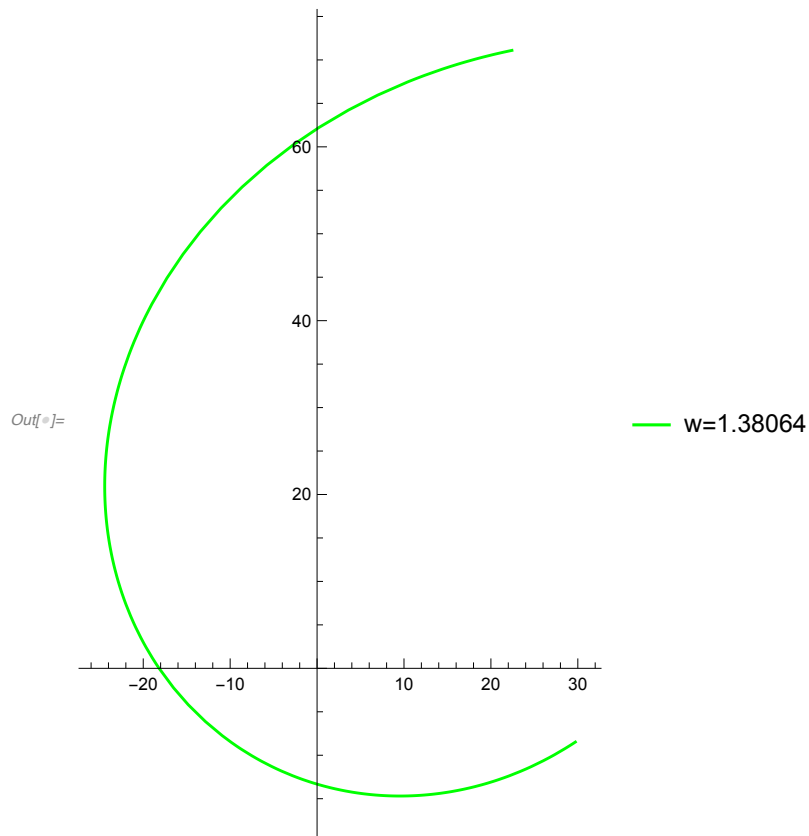
```
In[ ]:= s3 = NDSolve[{xtheory'[t] == ω * (ω * xtheory[t]) + 2 * ω * ytheory'[t],
    ytheory'[t] == ω * (ω * ytheory[t]) - 2 * ω * xtheory'[t], xtheory[0] == x0,
    ytheory[0] == y0, xtheory'[0] == v0 * Cos[θ], ytheory'[0] == v0 * Sin[θ]} /.
    {ω → w3}, {xtheory[t], ytheory[t]}, {t, 0, tfinal}]
```

Out[ ]:= { {xtheory[t] → InterpolatingFunction[ Domain: {{0., 1.58}} Output: scalar] [t],

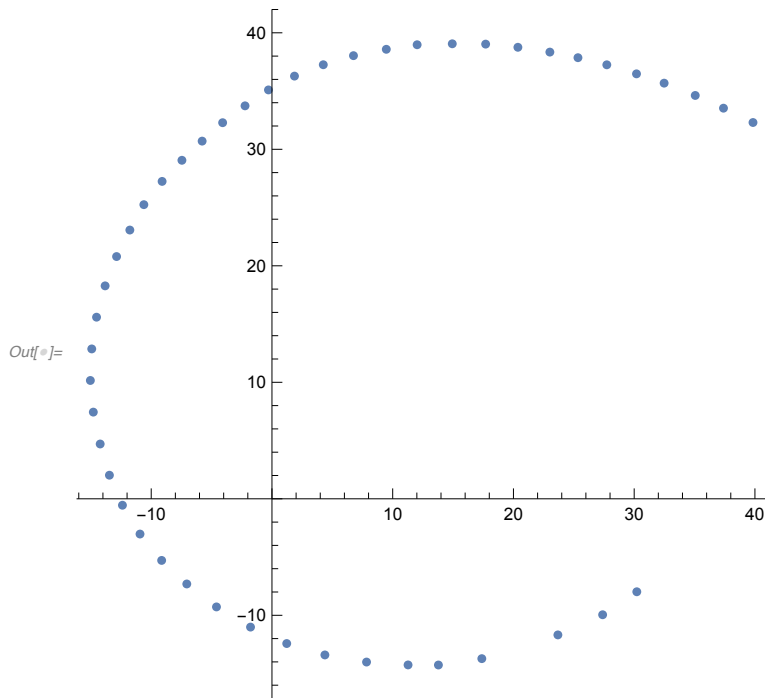
ytheory[t] → InterpolatingFunction[ Domain: {{0., 1.58}} Output: scalar] [t] }

```
In[ ]:= X3theory[t_] = xtheory[t] /. Flatten[s3];
        Y3theory[t_] = ytheory[t] /. Flatten[s3];
```

```
In[ ]:= pw3 = ParametricPlot[{X3theory[t], Y3theory[t]},  
  {t, 0, tfinal}, PlotStyle → Directive[Green, AbsoluteThickness[1.5]],  
  PlotLegends → LineLegend[{Green}, {"w=" <> ToString[w3]}]]
```



```
In[ ]:= p1 = ListPlot[xandy, AspectRatio -> 1]
```



I'm not actually sure about the radius of this thing. it is  $r = \frac{116}{2}$  cm

```
In[ ]:= cir = Graphics[Circle[{0, 0}, 116/2]];
```

```
In[ ]:= Show[p1, pw1, pw2, pw3, cir, PlotRange -> {{-116/2, 116/2}, {-116/2, 116/2}},  
Frame -> False, FrameTicks -> None, Ticks -> None, Axes -> False]
```

