Lab 05. CSS (3)

인터넷과웹기초





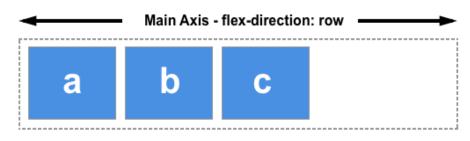
Contents

- Flexbox
 - Wrapping of items
 - Aligning items
 - Ordering items
 - Controlling ratios of items
 - Use cases
- Grid
 - Grid layout
 - Line-based placement
 - Grid template areas
- Media query





- Basic Concepts
 - Flexbox = Flexible Box module
 - 1차원 레이아웃 모델
 - Flexbox 인터페이스 내의 아이템 간 공간 배분 및 정렬
 - Flex Container (display: flex;) → 점선 박스
 - Flex items (direct children) -> a, b, c 박스
 - Flex-direction: row(default), column



```
Cross Axis - flex-direction: row
```

- Flex-direction
 - Change the direction of flex items



- order
 - this property lay the items out in ordinal groups.
 - The lower the order value, the more it is placed first.
 - · value: integer

```
.box {
    display: flex;
    flex-direction: row;
}
.box :nth-child(1) { order: 2; }
.box :nth-child(2) { order: 3; }
.box :nth-child(3) { order: 1; }
.box :nth-child(4) { order: 3; }
.box :nth-child(5) { order: 1; }
```



Wrapping of items

- flex-wrap
 - this property sets whether flex items are forced onto one line or can wrap onto multiple lines.

```
flex-wrap: nowrap; /* Default value */
flex-wrap: wrap;
flex-wrap: wrap-reverse;
```



```
        Ten

        Seven
        Eight
        Nine

        Four
        Five
        Six

        One
        Two
        Three
```

```
.box {
    display: flex;
    flex-wrap: wrap;
}
.box > * {
    width: 160px;
}

.box {
    display: flex;
    flex-wrap: wrap-reverse;
}
.box > * {
    width: 160px;
}
```

- justify-content
 - this property controls alignment of all items on the main axis.

```
/* Positional alignment */
justify-content: center; /* Pack items around the center */
justify-content: start;  /* Pack items from the start */
                      /* Pack items from the end */
justify-content: end;
justify-content: flex-start; /* Pack flex items from the start */
justify-content: flex-end; /* Pack flex items from the end */
justify-content: left;  /* Pack items from the left */
justify-content: right;  /* Pack items from the right */
/* Distributed alignment */
justify-content: space-between; /* Distribute items evenly
                                  The first item is flush with the start,
                                  the last is flush with the end */
justify-content: space-around; /* Distribute items evenly
                                  Items have a half-size space
                                  on either end */
justify-content: space-evenly; /* Distribute items evenly
                                  Items have equal space around them */
```

- Justify-content
 - examples

```
.box {
    display: flex;
    justify-content: start;
}
One Two
Three
```

```
.box {
    display: flex;
    justify-content: center;
}

One Two

Three
```

```
.box {
    display: flex;
    justify-content: space-between;
}

One
Two
Three
```

```
.box {
    display: flex;
    justify-content: space-around;
}

One
Two
Three
```

- align-items
 - this property controls alignment of all items on the cross axis.

```
/* Basic keywords */
align-items: normal;
align-items: stretch;

/* Positional alignment */
/* align-items does not take left and right values */
align-items: center; /* Pack items around the center */
align-items: start; /* Pack items from the start */
align-items: end; /* Pack items from the end */
align-items: flex-start; /* Pack flex items from the start */
align-items: flex-end; /* Pack flex items from the end */

/* Global values */
align-items: inherit;
align-items: initial;
align-items: revert;
align-items: unset;
```

- align-items
 - examples

```
.box {
    display: flex;
    align-items: stretch;
      One
                 Two
     Three
.box {
    display: flex;
    align-items: start;
      One
                 Two
     Three
```

```
.box {
   display: flex;
   align-items: center;
      One
                 Two
     Three
.box {
   display: flex;
    align-items: end;
                Two
     One
     Three
```

- align-self
 - align-items 와 동일하지만, 아이템 하나에 대해서 적용시킴

```
#0ne {
    align-items: stretch;
      One
                 Two
     Three
#0ne {
    align-items: start;
}
      One
                 Two
      Three
```

```
#0ne {
    align-items: center;
                 Two
      One
      Three
#0ne {
    align-items: end;
                 Two
      One
     Three
```

- align-content
 - this property sets the space between content items along cross axis.

```
.box {
       display: flex;
       align-content: start;
            One
                   Two
           Three
.box {
    display: flex;
    align-content: space-between;
                   Two
            One
           Three
```

```
.box {
       display: flex;
       align-content: center;
                   Two
           Three
.box {
   display: flex;
   align-content: space-around;
                  Two
           Three
```

- min-content,
 - the longest word in the string is dictating the size.
- max-content
 - It gets as big as it possibly can be

```
#min-content {
    width: min-content;
}
#max-content {
    width: max-content;
}
```

I am sized
with mincontent and
so I will take
all of the softwrapping
opportunities.

I am sized with max-content and so I will take none of the soft-wrapping opportunities.

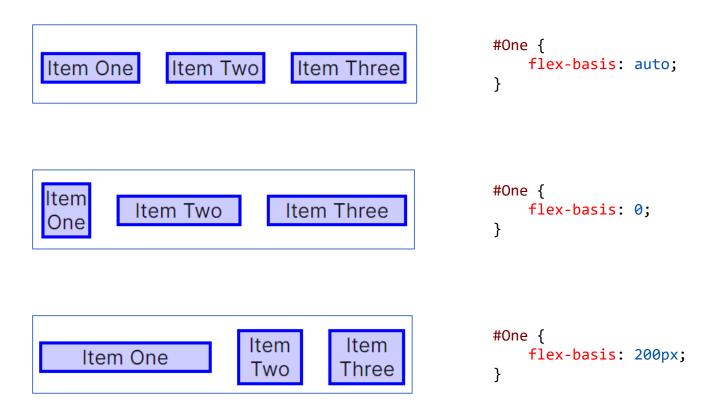
- flex-basis
 - this property specifies the initial size of the flex item before any space distribution happens.

```
/* Specify <'width'> */
flex-basis: 10em;
flex-basis: 3px;
flex-basis: auto; /* initial value*/

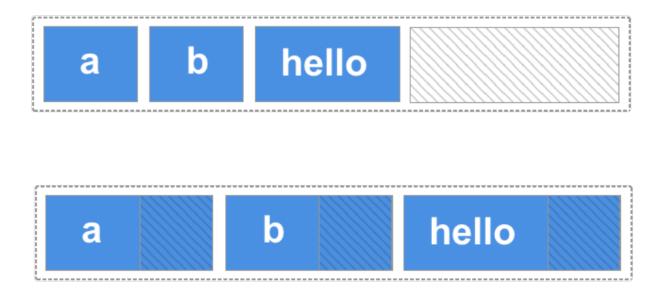
/* Intrinsic sizing keywords */
flex-basis: fill;
flex-basis: max-content;
flex-basis: min-content;
flex-basis: fit-content;

/* Automatically size based on the flex item's content */
flex-basis: content;
```

- flex-basis
 - examples



- flex-grow
 - this property specifies the flex grow factor, which determines how much the flex item will grow relative to the rest of the flex items in the flex container when the positive free space is distributed.



- flex-grow
 - examples

```
.box {
    display: flex;
}
```

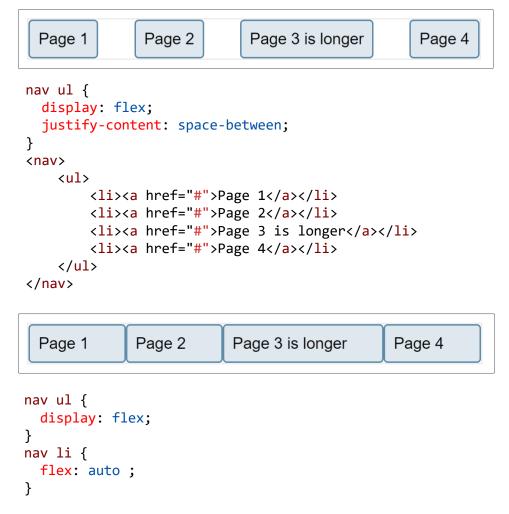
One Two Three has more content

```
.box {
    display: flex;
}
.box > * {
    flex: 1 1 0;
}
```

One Two Three has more content

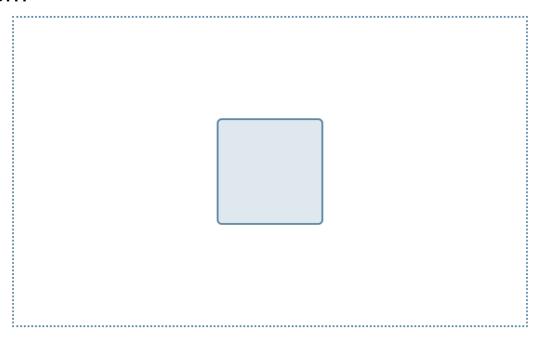
Use cases

Navigation



Use cases

Center item



```
.box {
    display: flex;
    align-items: center;
    justify-content: center;
}

.box div {
    width: 100px;
    height: 100px;
}

.box div {
    width: 100px;
    height: 100px;
}
```

Use cases

Form control

Send

Grid





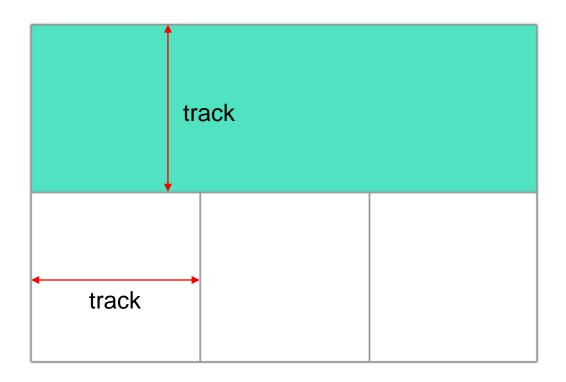
Grid

- Basic concepts
 - 2차원 레이아웃 모델

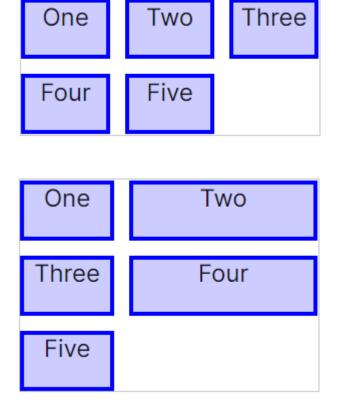
One	
Тwo	
Three	
Four	
Five	

Grid

- what is the track
 - A grid track is the space between any two lines on the grid.



- grid-template-columns
 - defines the size of the column tracks.
 - fr represents a fraction of the available space in the grid container.



```
.wrapper {
 display: grid;
 grid-template-columns: 1fr 1fr 1fr;
.wrapper {
 display: grid;
 grid-template-columns: 1fr 2fr;
```

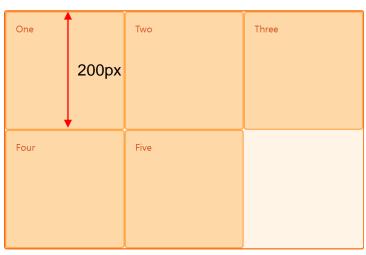
- repeat() notation
 - repeat all or a section of the track listing.



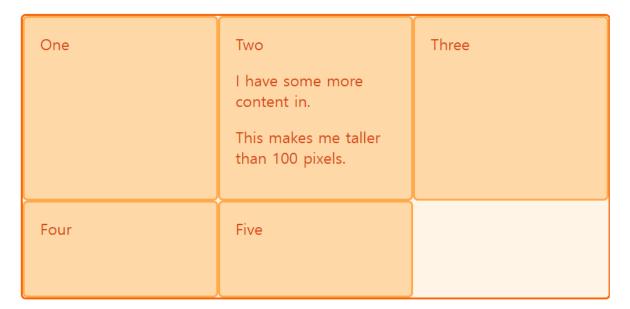
```
.wrapper {
    display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: 1fr 1fr 1fr;
}

.wrapper {
    display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: repeat(3, 1fr);
}
```

- The implicit and explicit grid
 - When creating grid defined our column tracks with the gridtemplate-columns, the grid also created rows on its own.
 - at this case, explicit grid defined with grid-template-columns
 - use grid-auto-rows to define implicit grid (rows)



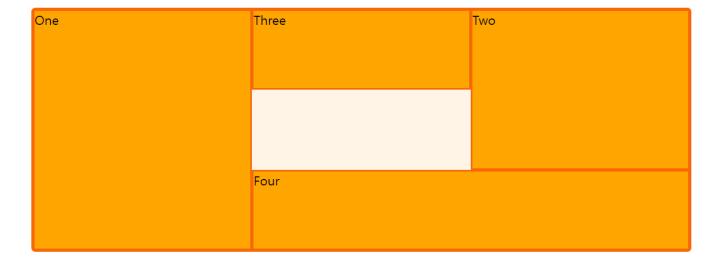
- using minmax()
 - minmax(min, max)



Line-based placement

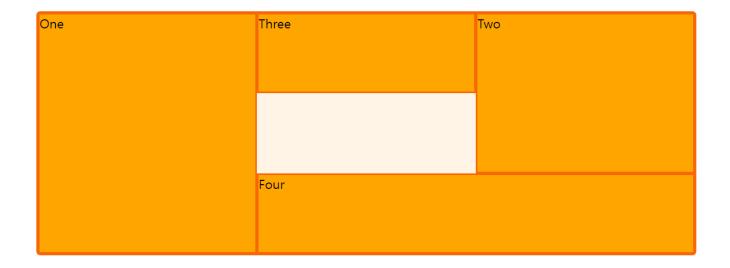
Positioning items by line number

```
.box1 {
                                  .box3 {
  grid-column-start: 1;
                                     grid-column-start: 2;
  grid-column-end: 2;
                                     grid-column-end: 3;
  grid-row-start: 1;
                                     grid-row-start: 1;
  grid-row-end: 4;
                                     grid-row-end: 2;
.box2 {
                                  .box4 {
  grid-column-start: 3;
                                     grid-column-start: 2;
  grid-column-end: 4;
                                     grid-column-end: 4;
  grid-row-start: 1;
                                     grid-row-start: 3;
  grid-row-end: 3;
                                     grid-row-end: 4;
```



Line-based placement

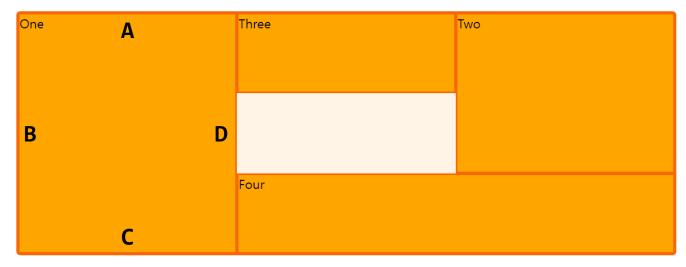
- Positioning items by line number
 - using grid-column and grid-row



Line-based placement

- Positioning items by line number
 - using grid-area

```
.box1 {
    grid-area: 1 / 1 / 4 / 2;
}
.box2 {
    grid-area: 1 / 3 / 3 / 4;
}
.box3 {
    grid-area: 1 / 2 / 2 / 3;
}
.box4 {
    grid-area: 3 / 2 / 4 / 4;
}
```



Grid template areas

- Naming a grid area
 - grid-area
 - grid-template-areas

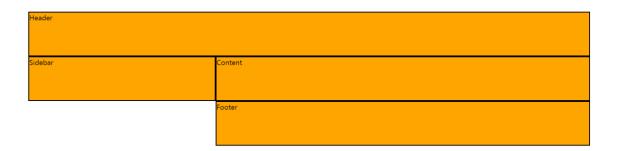
```
.header {
   grid-area: hd;
                       .wrapper {
                           display: grid;
.footer {
                           grid-template-columns: repeat(9, 1fr);
   grid-area: ft;
                           grid-auto-rows: minmax(100px, auto);
                           grid-template-areas:
.content {
                             "hd hd hd hd hd hd
                                                              hd"
   grid-area: main;
                             "sd sd sd main main main main main"
                             "ft ft ft ft ft ft
.sidebar {
   grid-area: sd;
```

Header	
Sidebar	Content
Footer	

Grid template areas

Leaving a grid cell empty

```
.header {
   grid-area: hd;
                       .wrapper {
                          display: grid;
.footer {
                          grid-template-columns: repeat(9, 1fr);
   grid-area: ft;
                          grid-auto-rows: minmax(100px, auto);
                          grid-template-areas:
.content {
                            "hd hd hd hd
                                               hd hd
                                                             hd"
   grid-area: main;
                            "sd sd sd main main main main main"
                            "...ft ft ft ft
.sidebar {
   grid-area: sd;
```



과제 설명



