DEOHS Coders Group: Stargazer Practice

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Stargazer Overview

Here's a link to the stargazer package description and vingette on CRAN. This recent reddit thread discusses the 'best' packages for displaying tables in R, including kabeExtra, pander, DT, Huxtable, and stargazer. Some users report that stargazer is fast and works easily with a set of regression model objects to produce near-publication quality tables, and can make it pretty simple to compare multiple models side-by-side. Other users, however, have reported challenges related to hard coding, API, and LATEXlayout. Here's a stargazer cheat sheet for formatting options.

```
library(pacman)

## Warning: package 'pacman' was built under R version 3.6.2

p_load(stargazer)
```

Exercise with iris dataset

Step 1: Display table summary of iris dataset

```
summary(iris)
```

```
##
    Sepal.Length
                    Sepal.Width
                                    Petal.Length
                                                    Petal.Width
          :4.300
                          :2.000
                                          :1.000
                                                          :0.100
## Min.
                   Min.
                                   Min.
                                                   Min.
                   1st Qu.:2.800
  1st Qu.:5.100
                                   1st Qu.:1.600
                                                   1st Qu.:0.300
## Median :5.800
                   Median :3.000
                                   Median :4.350
                                                   Median :1.300
## Mean
          :5.843
                   Mean
                          :3.057
                                   Mean
                                          :3.758
                                                   Mean
                                                          :1.199
  3rd Qu.:6.400
                   3rd Qu.:3.300
                                   3rd Qu.:5.100
##
                                                   3rd Qu.:1.800
                          :4.400
                                          :6.900
## Max.
          :7.900
                   Max.
                                   Max.
                                                   Max.
                                                         :2.500
##
         Species
##
   setosa
              :50
##
  versicolor:50
##
  virginica:50
##
##
##
```

PDF

stargazer(iris)

\end{table}

1. Stargazer with default settings

```
##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.2 by Marek Hlavac, Harvard University. E-mail: hlavac at fas.harv
## % Date and time: Mon, Jan 27, 2020 - 1:44:54 PM
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
     \caption{}
##
##
     \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccccccc}
## \[-1.8ex]\
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Statistic & \multicolumn{1}{c}{N} & \multicolumn{1}{c}{Mean} & \multicolumn{1}{c}{St. Dev.} & \multi
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Sepal.Length & 150 & 5.843 & 0.828 & 4.300 & 5.100 & 6.400 & 7.900 \\
## Sepal.Width & 150 & 3.057 & 0.436 & 2.000 & 2.800 & 3.300 & 4.400 \\
## Petal.Length & 150 & 3.758 & 1.765 & 1.000 & 1.600 & 5.100 & 6.900 \
## Petal.Width & 150 & 1.199 & 0.762 & 0.100 & 0.300 & 1.800 & 2.500 \\
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## \end{tabular}
```

2. Hard-coded (copy and paste from above chunk) works for pdf (but not html)

Table 1:

Statistic	N	Mean	St. Dev.	Min	Pctl(25)	Pctl(75)	Max
Sepal.Length	150	5.843	0.828	4.300	5.100	6.400	7.900
Sepal.Width	150	3.057	0.436	2.000	2.800	3.300	4.400
Petal.Length	150	3.758	1.765	1.000	1.600	5.100	6.900
Petal.Width	150	1.199	0.762	0.100	0.300	1.800	2.500

3. Adding results='asis'

stargazer(iris)

- % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.2 by Marek Hlavac, Harvard University. E-mail: hlavac at fas.harvard.edu
- % Date and time: Mon, Jan 27, 2020 1:44:54 PM

Table 2:

Statistic	N	Mean	St. Dev.	Min	Pctl(25)	Pctl(75)	Max
Sepal.Length	150	5.843	0.828	4.300	5.100	6.400	7.900
Sepal.Width	150	3.057	0.436	2.000	2.800	3.300	4.400
Petal.Length	150	3.758	1.765	1.000	1.600	5.100	6.900
Petal.Width	150	1.199	0.762	0.100	0.300	1.800	2.500

HTML

4. Changing to type = html

```
stargazer(iris, type = "html")
```

##

style="text-align:left"
Sepal.Width1503.0571.7652.000Petal.Length1503.7581.7651.000Petal.Width1501.1991.199

##

5. Hard-coded (copy and paste from above chunk) works for html (but not pdf)

Statistic

Ν

Mean

St. Dev.

Min

Pctl(25)

Pctl(75)

Max

 ${\bf Sepal. Length}$

150

5.843

0.828

4.300

5.100

6.400

7.900
Sepal.Width
150
3.057
0.436
2.000
2.800
3.300
4.400
Petal.Length
150
3.758
1.765
1.000
1.600
5.100
6.900
Petal.Width
150
1.199
0.762
0.100
0.300
1.800
2.500
6. Adding results='asis'
<pre>stargazer(iris, type = "html")</pre>
Statistic
N
Mean
St. Dev.
Min Provider
Petl(25)
Pctl(75)
Max

${\bf Sepal. Length}$
150
5.843
0.828
4.300
5.100
6.400
7.900
Sepal.Width
150
3.057
0.436
2.000
2.800
3.300
4.400
Petal.Length
150
3.758
1.765
1.000
1.600
5.100
6.900
Petal.Width
150
1.199
0.762
0.100
0.300
1.800

\mathbf{DOC}

2.500

7. Creating single table in word

stargazer(iris, type = "html", out="iris-table-summary.doc") Statistic Ν Mean St. Dev. Min Pctl(25) Pctl(75) Max ${\bf Sepal. Length}$ 150 5.843 0.8284.3005.100 6.4007.900 ${\bf Sepal. Width}$ 150 3.0570.4362.000 2.800 3.300 4.400 Petal.Length 150 3.758 1.7651.0001.600

5.100 6.900

150

 ${\bf Petal.Width}$

1.199 0.762 0.100 0.300 1.800

2.500

"To include stargazer tables in Microsoft Word documents (e.g., .doc or .docx), please follow the following procedure: Use the out argument to save output into an .htm or .html file. Open the resulting file in your web browser. Copy and paste the table from the web browser to your Microsoft Word document." -Using stargazer in Word

Step 2: Display table models of iris dataset

8. Creating single model in html

```
m1 <- lm(Sepal.Length ~ Sepal.Width, data=iris)
stargazer(m1, type="html")
Dependent variable:
Sepal.Length
Sepal.Width
-0.223
(0.155)
Constant
6.526***
(0.479)
Observations
150
R2
0.014
Adjusted R2
0.007
Residual Std. Error
0.825 (df = 148)
F Statistic
2.074 (df = 1; 148)
Note:
p < 0.1; p < 0.05; p < 0.01
```

9. Creating single model in pdf

```
m1 <- lm(Sepal.Length ~ Sepal.Width, data=iris)
stargazer(m1, type="latex")</pre>
```

% Table created by stargazer v.5.2.2 by Marek Hlavac, Harvard University. E-mail: hlavac at fas.harvard.edu

% Date and time: Mon, Jan 27, 2020 - 1:44:55 PM

Table 3:

	Dependent variable:
	Sepal.Length
Sepal.Width	-0.223
-	(0.155)
Constant	6.526***
	(0.479)
Observations	150
\mathbb{R}^2	0.014
Adjusted \mathbb{R}^2	0.007
Residual Std. Error	0.825 (df = 148)
F Statistic	2.074 (df = 1; 148)
Note:	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0

10. Comparing three models in html

```
m1 <- lm(Sepal.Length ~ Sepal.Width, data=iris)
m2 <- lm(Petal.Length ~ Petal.Width, data=iris)
m3 <- lm(Sepal.Length ~ Sepal.Width + Petal.Width + factor(Species), data=iris)
stargazer(m1, m2, m3, type="html")</pre>
```

Dependent variable:

Sepal.Length

Petal. Length

Sepal.Length

- (1)
- (2)
- (3)

Sepal.Width

-0.223

0.698***

(0.155)

(0.119)

Petal.Width

2.230***

0.372*

(0.051)

(0.198)

 ${\it factor}({\it Species}) {\it versicolor}$

0.988***

(0.275)

factor(Species)virginica

1.238***

(0.391)

Constant

6.526***

1.084***

2.521***

(0.479)

(0.073)

(0.394)

Observations

150

150

150

R2

0.014

0.927

0.732

Adjusted R2

0.007

0.927

0.725

Residual Std. Error

0.825 (df = 148)

0.478 (df = 148)

0.434 (df = 145)

 ${\cal F}$ Statistic

2.074 (df = 1; 148)

1,882.452*** (df = 1; 148)

```
99.206*** (df = 4; 145)
```

Note:

p < 0.1; p < 0.05; p < 0.01

11. Comparing three models in pdf

```
m1 <- lm(Sepal.Length ~ Sepal.Width, data=iris)
m2 <- lm(Petal.Length ~ Petal.Width, data=iris)
m3 <- lm(Sepal.Length ~ Sepal.Width + Petal.Width + factor(Species), data=iris)
stargazer(m1, m2, m3, type="latex")</pre>
```

% Table created by stargazer v.5.2.2 by Marek Hlavac, Harvard University. E-mail: hlavac at fas.harvard.edu % Date and time: Mon, Jan 27, 2020 - 1:44:55 PM

Table 4:

	Dependent variable:				
	Sepal.Length	Petal.Length	Sepal.Length		
	(1)	(2)	(3)		
Sepal.Width	-0.223 (0.155)		0.698*** (0.119)		
Petal.Width		2.230***	0.372^{*}		
		(0.051)	(0.198)		
factor(Species)versicolor			0.988***		
, - ,			(0.275)		
factor(Species)virginica			1.238***		
			(0.391)		
Constant	6.526***	1.084***	2.521***		
	(0.479)	(0.073)	(0.394)		
Observations	150	150	150		
\mathbb{R}^2	0.014	0.927	0.732		
Adjusted R^2	0.007	0.927	0.725		
Residual Std. Error	0.825 (df = 148)	0.478 (df = 148)	0.434 (df = 145)		
F Statistic	2.074 (df = 1; 148)	1,882.452*** (df = 1; 148)	$99.206^{***} (df = 4; 145)$		
Note:		*5	(0.1· **n/0.05· ***n/0.0		

Note: *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Exercise with mtcars dataset

```
summary(mtcars)

mtcars$fast <- as.numeric((mtcars$mpg > 20.1)) #Creating a dummy variable 1 = fast car
```

```
m1 <- lm(mpg ~ hp, data=mtcars)
m2 <- lm(mpg ~ hp + drat, data=mtcars)
m3 <- lm(mpg ~ hp + drat + factor(gear), data=mtcars)
m4 <- glm(fast ~ hp + drat + am, family=binomial(link="logit"), data=mtcars)
stargazer(m1, m2, m3, m4, type="html",
  dep.var.labels=c("Miles/(US) gallon", "Fast car (=1)"),
  covariate.labels=c("Gross horsepower", "Rear axle ratio", "Four foward gears",
  "Five forward gears", "Type of transmission (manual=1)"), out="models.htm")</pre>
```