Data Queries

This page describes how to send a query to a data source that supports the Chart Tools Datasource protocol.

Contents

Overview

A Datasource is a web service that supports the Chart Tools Datasource protocol. You can send a SQL query to a Datasource, and in response you will receive a DataTable populated with the appropriate information. Some examples of Datasources include <u>Google Spreadsheets</u> (https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/spreadsheets), <u>Google Fusion Tables</u> (https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/fusiontables), and SalesForce.

Here is a chart that <u>queries a Google Fusion Table for goals scored in the 2010 FIFA World Cup</u> (https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/fusiontables):

Scoring Team	Receiving Team	Scorer	Minute of goal
outh Africa	Mexico	Tshabalala	55
lexico	South Africa	Marquez	79
rgentina	Nigeria	Heinze	06
orea Republic	Greece	Lee Jung Soo	07
orea Republic	Greece	Park Ji Sung	52
ngland	USA	Gerrard	04
SA	England	Dempsey	40
lovenia	Algeria	Koren	79
ermany	Australia	Podolski	08
ermany	Australia	Klose	26
ermany	Australia	Mueller	68
ermany	Australia	Cacau	70
hana	Serbia	Gyan	85
enmark	Denmark	Agger	45+1
etherlands	Denmark	Kuyt	85
apan	Cameroon	Honda	39
araguay	Italy	Alcaraz	39
aly	Paraguay	De Rossi	63
lovakia	New Zealand	Vittek	50
ew Zealand	Slovakia	Reid	90+3
razil	Korea DPR	Maicon	55
razil	Korea DPR	Flano	72

To send a request:

- 1. Instantiate a Query
 - (https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/reference#Query) object with the URL of your Datasource. The URL should indicate what data is being requested, in a syntax understood by that data source.
- 2. Optionally specify request options such as sending method as an optional second parameter in the Query object constructor (see the Query constructor's opt_options (https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/reference#Query) parameter for details):
- 3. Optionally add a <u>query language string</u>

 (https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/querylanguage) to sort or filter the results, and then send the request. Datasources are not required to support the Chart Tools Datasource query language. If the Datasource does not support the query language, it will ignore the SQL query string, but still return a DataTable. The query
 - language, it will ignore the SQL query string, but still return a **DataTable**. The query language is a SQL language variant; read the full <u>query language syntax here</u> (https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/querylanguage).
- 4. Send the query, specifying a callback handler that will be called when the response is received: see next section for details.

Here's an example of sending a request for data in a Google Spreadsheet cell range; to learn how to get the URL for a Google Spreadsheet, see <u>here</u>

```
(https://google-
```

 $developers. apps pot. com/chart/interactive/docs/spreadsheets \#Google_Spreadsheets_as_a_Data_Source)$

```
function initialize() {
  var opts = {sendMethod: 'auto'};
  // Replace the data source URL on next line with your data source URL.
  var query = new google.visualization.Query('http://spreadsheets.google.com?|
  // Optional request to return only column C and the sum of column B, grouped query.setQuery('select C, sum(B) group by C');
  // Send the query with a callback function.
  query.send(handleQueryResponse);
}
function handleQueryResponse(response) {
```

```
// Called when the query response is returned.
...
}
```

If you are sending your query from within Apps Script, be sure to use IFRAME mode (https://google-developers.appspot.com/apps-script/reference/html/sandbox-mode).

Processing the response

Your response handler function will be called when the request returns. The parameter passed in to your response handler function is of type google.visualization.QueryResponse (https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/reference#QueryResponse). If the request was successful, the response contains a data table (class google.visualization.DataTable). If the request failed, the response contains information about the error, and no DataTable.

Your response handler should do the following:

- 1. Check whether the request succeeded or failed by calling response.isError(). You shouldn't need to display any error messages to the user; the Visualization library will display an error message for you in your container <div>. However, if you do want to handle errors manually, you can use the goog.visualization.errors
 (https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/reference#errordisplay) class to display custom messages (see the Query Wrapper Example
 (https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/examples#querywrapper) for an example of custom error handling).
- 2. If the request succeeded, the response will include a DataTable that you can retrieve by calling getDataTable(). Pass it to your chart.

The following code demonstrates handling the previous request to draw a pie chart:

```
function handleQueryResponse(response) {
   if (response.isError()) {
      alert('Error in query: ' + response.getMessage() + ' ' + response.getDeta:
      return;
   }
   var data = response.getDataTable();
   var chart = new google.visualization.PieChart(document.getElementById('char'));
```

```
chart.draw(data, {width: 400, height: 240, is3D: true});
}
```

Reading CSV files

If you want to build a chart out of CSV (comma-separated values) data, you have two choices. Either manually convert the CSV data into the <u>Google Charts datatable format</u> (https://google-

developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/datatables_dataviews#creatingpopulating) , or place the CSV file on the web server serving the chart, and query it using the technique on this page.

More information

- Query Language Syntax
 - (https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/querylanguage) Describes the syntax of the language used to make data queries.
- Query Class (https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/reference#Query) -Reference page for the class that wraps a query.
- QueryResponse Class

(https://google-developers.appspot.com/chart/interactive/docs/reference#QueryResponse) - Reference page for the class that wraps the response to a query.

Except as otherwise noted, the content of this page is licensed under the <u>Creative Commons Attribution 3.0</u>

<u>License</u> (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/), and code samples are licensed under the <u>Apache 2.0</u>

<u>License</u> (http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0). For details, see our <u>Site Policies</u>
(https://developers.google.com/terms/site-policies). Java is a registered trademark of Oracle and/or its affiliates.

上次更新日期: 二月23,2017