Homework 3: Convex Sets

Instructions

Please submit a .qmd file along with a rendered pdf to the Brightspace page for this assignment. You may use whatever language you like within your qmd file, I recommend python, julia, or R.

Problem 1 (cvx-book 2.12):

Which of the following sets are convex? For each case give the reason(s) why or why not

- a. A slab, i.e., a set of the form $\{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \alpha \leq \mathbf{a}^T \mathbf{x} \leq \beta\}$.
- b. A rectangle, i.e., a set of the form $\{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \alpha_i \leq x_i \leq \beta_i, i = 1, \dots, n\}$. A rectangle is sometimes called a hyperrectangle when n > 2.
- c. A wedge, i.e., $\{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \,|\, \mathbf{a_1}^T \mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b_1}, \mathbf{a_2}^T \leq \mathbf{b_2}\}$
- d. The set of points closer to a given point than a given set, i.e., $\{\mathbf{x} \mid \|\mathbf{x} \mathbf{x}_0\|^2 \leq \|\mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}\|^2$ for all $y \in S\}$ where $S \subset \mathbb{R}^n$.
- e. The set of points closer to one set than another, i.e., $\{\mathbf{x} | dist(\mathbf{x}, S) \leq dist(\mathbf{x}, T)\}$, where S, T are subsets of \mathbb{R}^N , and $dist(x, S) = \inf\{\|\mathbf{x} \mathbf{z}\|^2 | \mathbf{z} \in S\}$.

Problem 2 (cvx-book 2.15):

Some sets of probability distributions. Let x be a real-valued random variable with probability distribution

$$\mathbf{prob}(x=a_i)=p_i, i=1,\cdots,n$$

where: $a_1 < a_2 < \cdots < a_n$. Of course $\mathbf{p} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ lies in the standard probability simplex $P\{\mathbf{p} \mid 1^T \mathbf{p} = 1, \mathbf{p} \leq 0\}$. Which of the following conditions are convex in \mathbf{p} ? (That is, for which of the following conditions is the set of $\mathbf{p} \in P$ that satisfy the condition convex?) For each case give the reason(s) why or why not.