**Question 1**

A) "To exacerbate" means to alleviate a problem or situation. (True/False) **False**

B) "To mitigate" means to intensify or increase a problem. (True/False) **False**

C) "Duplicity" denotes straightforwardness and honesty in conduct. (True/False) **False**

D) "To mollify" means to exacerbate or intensify a situation. (True/False) **False**

E) "To dissemble" means to present facts or information clearly and honestly. (True/False) **False**

**Question 2**

A) "Impetuous" describes actions that are considered and deliberate. (True/False) **False**

B) "Transient" refers to something that is permanent and lasting. (True/False) **False**

C) "Garish" describes something that is subtly elegant. (True/False) **False**

D) "To vilify" means to speak or write about in an abusively disparaging manner. (True/False) **True**

E) "Nonchalant" describes someone who is highly stressed and anxious. (True/False) **False**

**Question 3**

A) "To corroborate" means to contradict or disprove evidence. (True/False) **False**

B) "Candid" describes someone who is reserved and secretive. (True/False) **False**

C) "Quintessential" refers to something that is the least typical example of a category. (True/False) **False**

D) "Ubiquitous" means appearing to be present in limited places or rarely seen. (True/False) **False**

E) "Volatile" refers to a situation or substance that is stable and predictable. (True/False) **False**

**Question 4**

A) "Grandiose" refers to something simple and modest, without any attempt at impressiveness. (True/False) **False**

B) "Omnipotent" means lacking power or authority. (True/False) **False**

C) "Philanthropic" activities are intended to increase personal wealth. (True/False) **False**

D) "Esoteric" knowledge is understood by a small, specific group of people. (True/False) **True**

E) "Ostentatious" refers to something done in a modest and unassuming manner. (True/False) **False**

**Question 5**

A) "Frivolous" pertains to actions that are serious and have significant importance. (True/False) **False**

B) "Lethargic" describes a state of energy and alertness. (True/False) **False**

C) "To ameliorate" a situation means to make it significantly worse. (True/False) **False**

D) "Garner" means to scatter or disperse something widely. (True/False) **False**

E) "Nostalgia" is a feeling of aversion or dislike for the past. (True/False) **False**

**Question 6**

A) "Exorbitant" describes something that is very reasonable in price. (True/False) **False**

B) "To abate" means to increase or amplify something. (True/False) **False**

C) "To renounce" means to formally declare one's abandonment of a claim, right, or possession. (True/False) **True**

D) "Vindicate" involves proving someone to be wrong or guilty. (True/False) **False**

E) "Penultimate" indicates being the least or lowest in order or importance. (True/False) **False**

**Question 7**

A) "To scrutinize" means to examine or inspect closely and thoroughly. (True/False) **True**

B) "Impervious" means easily influenced or affected by external factors. (True/False) **False**

C) "Derogatory" pertains to expressing a low opinion or negative judgment of someone or something. (True/False) **True**

D) "A harbinger" is something that shows or announces someone or something is coming. (True/False) **True**

E) "Luminous" means emitting or reflecting light, glowing or shining. (True/False) **True**

**Question 8**

A) "To consolidate" means to combine resources or efforts for greater efficiency. (True/False) **True**

B) "Frugal" describes a person who spends money in a wasteful, extravagant way. (True/False) **False**

C) "A conundrum" is a particularly easy problem to solve. (True/False) **False**

D) "Prolific" refers to producing much fruit or foliage or many offspring; highly productive. (True/False) **True**

E) "Insolvent" refers to someone who is financially stable and prosperous. (True/False) **False**

**Question 9**

A) "Diligent" pertains to showing care and conscientiousness in one's work or duties. (True/False) **True**

B) "Oblique" refers to a manner of expression that is direct and straightforward. (True/False) **False**

C) "Indigenous" refers to people or things that are native to a particular area. (True/False) **True**

D) "Nefarious" activities are commendable and morally upright. (True/False) **False**

E) "Kinetic" describes something related to or resulting from motion. (True/False) **True**

**Question 10**

A) "A paradigm shift" refers to a significant change in the way of thinking or doing something. (True/False) **True**

B) "Zealous" means showing great energy or enthusiasm in pursuit of a cause or an objective. (True/False) **True**

C) "Cryptic" messages are straightforward and easy to understand. (True/False) **False**

D) "Stoic" describes someone who shows little or no emotion, especially in the face of adversity. (True/False) **True**

E) "To reprieve" means to cancel or postpone the punishment of someone. (True/False) **True**

**Question 11**

A) "Subsequent" means happening before something. (True/False) **False**

B) "Infallible" means incapable of making mistakes or being wrong. (True/False) **True**

C) "Tenacious" describes someone who easily lets go or gives up. (True/False) **False**

D) "To augment" means to decrease the size, number, or range of something. (True/False) **False**

E) "Quell" means to provoke or escalate a rebellion or disturbance. (True/False) **False**

**Question 12**

A) "To abdicate" involves taking on additional responsibilities or claims. (True/False) **False**

B) "To cease", "to end" and "to stop" can all be used to mean the same thing. (True/False) **True**

C) "The latter" of two options refers to the second one. (True/False) **True**

D) "Abject" typically conveys a positive and uplifting sentiment. (True/False) **False**

E) "Nocturnal" describes activities or behaviors that occur during the day. (True/False) **False**

**Question 13**

A) "Ambiguous" means that something is very clear and precise. (True/False) **False**

B) "Altruistic" behavior is primarily motivated by self-interest rather than a concern for others. (True/False) **False**

C) "Unilateral" involves actions or decisions made by all parties involved in a situation. (True/False) **False**

D) "Enigmatic" refers to something that is easily understood or interpreted. (True/False) **False**

E) "Egregious" implies something is outstanding in a positive way. (True/False) **False**

**Question 14**

A) "Transitory" means lasting for a long time or permanent. (True/False) **False**

B) "Circumvent" means to deal with or overcome (a problem or difficulty), typically in a clever and surreptitious way. (True/False) **True**

C) "Anecdote" is a detailed and comprehensive analysis of a subject. (True/False) **False**

D) "Decimate" is used to indicate a slight reduction or decrease. (True/False) **False**

E) "Dogmatic" pertains to being open-minded and flexible in one's beliefs or opinions. (True/False) **False**

**Question 15**

A) "Redundant" means essential and critically necessary. (True/False) **False**

B) "Avid" is often used to describe someone who has a strong disinterest or apathy towards something. (True/False) **False**

C) "Exonerate" is to officially charge someone with a wrongdoing. (True/False) **False**

D) "Hegemony" refers to the political, economic, or military dominance of one state over others. (True/False) **True**

E) "Anomaly" refers to a situation that conforms to a regular pattern or expectation. (True/False) **False**

**Question 16**

A) "Circumspect" involves being willing to take risks. (True/False) **False**

B) "Yield" in an agricultural context refers exclusively to the act of surrendering or giving up. (True/False) **False**

C) "To have capacity" means you are be able to take on additional projects. (True/False) **True**

D) "Quintessence" refers to the most perfect or typical example of a quality or class. (True/False) **True**

E) "If a variable "recovers gradually", it could also be said to "plummet" or to "rally slowly". (True/False) **False**

**Question 17**

A) "To be meticulous" means to be extremely careful about small details. (True/False) **True**

B) "Sublime" describes something that is low in quality or below average. (True/False) **False**

C) "Imperative" is used to describe something of great importance or urgency. (True/False) **True**

D) "Circumscribe" means to restrict something within limits. (True/False) **True**

E) "Malevolent" refers to having or showing a wish to do good to others. (True/False) **False**

**Question 18**

A) "Novel" refers to something that is old-fashioned and not new or original. (True/False) **False**

B) "Obsolete" pertains to something that is current and widely used. (True/False) **False**

C) "Tantamount" means being of equal value or significance. (True/False) **True**

D) "An arbiter" is someone who makes peace agreements between countries. (True/False) **False**

E) "Benevolent" describes someone who acts with kindness and goodwill towards others. (True/False) **True**

**Question 19**

A) "Transmute" involves changing the form, nature, or substance of something. (True/False) **True**

B) "Wistful" involves feeling vague or regretful longing. (True/False) **True**

C) "Ingenuous" describes someone who is cunning and deceitful. (True/False) **False**

D) "Appealing" refers to something that is unattractive or repulsive. (True/False) **False**

E) "Totality" refers to something partial or incomplete. (True/False) **False**

**Question 20**

A) "Widespread" means something that occurs over a large area or among many people. (True/False) **True**

B) "Social sciences" involve the study of physical phenomena and natural sciences. (True/False) **False**

C) "Disciplines" refers to branches of academic study or knowledge. (True/False) **True**

D) "Key terms" are insignificant terms used in academic discourse. (True/False) **False**

E) "Dispute" means a disagreement or argument. (True/False) **True**

**Question 21**

A) "Empirical analysis" involves studying information based on observation or experience. (True/False) **True**

B) "Theoretical analysis" deals with abstract principles or theories. (True/False) **True**

C) "Adequate" means sufficient or enough. (True/False) **True**

D) "Bias" refers to a neutral viewpoint without prejudice. (True/False) **False**

E) "Overgeneralization" occurs when a conclusion is drawn from too specific a case. (True/False) **False**

**Question 22**

A) "Academic discipline" refers to a body of knowledge organized under a common topic. (True/False) **True**

B) "Habit" implies a regular practice or routine. (True/False) **True**

C) "Belief" pertains to something that one accepts as true without proof. (True/False) **True**

D) "Acknowledgment" involves the refusal to recognize or admit. (True/False) **False**

E) "Implicit" means stated clearly and in direct terms. (True/False) **False**

**Question 23**

A) "Explicit" means clearly expressed or readily observable. (True/False) **True**

B) "Arbitrary" refers to decisions based on random choice or personal whim. (True/False) **True**

C) "Stable" indicates a situation that is consistent and not likely to change. (True/False) **True**

D) "Constraint" refers to a limitation or restriction. (True/False) **True**

E) "Regulation" is the absence of rules in a system. (True/False) **False**

**Question 24**

A) "Antithesis" is the direct opposite of something. (True/False) **True**

B) "Thesis" is a proposition put forward for consideration, especially one to be discussed and proved. (True/False) **True**

C) "Ally" means a state of conflict or opposition. (True/False) **False**

D) "Potential" refers to the capacity to develop into something in the future. (True/False) **True**

E) "Correlated behavior" implies that two behaviors are linked in some way. (True/False) **True**

**Question 25**

A) "Misleading" means providing clear and straightforward information. (True/False) **False**

B) "Presumption" is an assumption made based on reasonable evidence. (True/False) **True**

C) "Frequency" refers to how often something occurs. (True/False) **True**

D) "Codified" means arranged according to a plan or system. (True/False) **True**

E) "Manifest" refers to show something clearly, especially a thought or feeling. (True/False) **True**

**Question 26**

A) "Able-bodied" describes someone who does not have the physical ability to perform certain actions. (True/False) **False**

B) "Immanent" means inherent or existing within. (True/False) **True**

C) "Scrutinize" implies examining something very carefully. (True/False) **True**

D) "Contested" means that something is not disputed or challenged. (True/False) **False**

E) "Replicate" involves making an exact copy or reproduction of something. (True/False) **True**

**Question 27**

A) "Disposition" refers to a person's inherent qualities of mind and character. (True/False) **True**

B) "Compelling" describes something that is convincing or forceful. (True/False) **True**

C) "Uphold" means to maintain or support in the face of possible opposition. (True/False) **True**

D) "Feasible" refers to something that is unlikely or impossible. (True/False) **False**

E) "Valid" means having a sound basis in logic or fact. (True/False) **True**

**Question 28**

A) "Representation" involves presenting someone or something in a particular way. (True/False) **True**

B) "Evidently" means in a way that is not clear or apparent. (True/False) **False**

C) "Subjective" refers to based on or influenced by personal feelings or opinions. (True/False) **True**

D) "Objective" denotes not being influenced by personal feelings or interpretations. (True/False) **True**

E) "Discourse" refers to written or spoken communication or debate. (True/False) **True**

**Question 29**

A) "Criterion" is a standard by which something is judged or decided. (True/False) **True**

B) "Broad" means very narrow in scope or outlook. (True/False) **False**

C) "Deliberative" implies involving careful consideration or discussion. (True/False) **True**

D) "Reflex" refers to an action that is performed without conscious thought as a response to a stimulus. (True/False) **True**

E) "Transmitted" means something is kept within a limited area and not spread. (True/False) **False**

**Question 30**

A) "Irregularity" means the quality of being consistent and uniform. (True/False) **False**

B) "Norms" refer to the standards of proper or acceptable behavior. (True/False) **True**

C) "Agreement" signifies a harmony of opinion, action, or character. (True/False) **True**

D) "Sanctions" are penalties for disobeying a law or rule. (True/False) **True**

E) "Devoid" means to be entirely lacking or free from. (True/False) **True**

**Question 31**

A) "Obey" means to comply with the command, direction, or request. (True/False) **True**

B) "Moral" pertains to principles concerning the distinction between right and wrong or good and bad behavior. (True/False) **True**

C) "Legitimacy" refers to the lawfulness or authenticity of something. (True/False) **True**

D) "Interpret" involves misrepresenting or distorting something. (True/False) **False**

E) "Depreciation" refers to an increase in the monetary value of an asset over time. (True/False) **False**

**Question 32**

A) "Valuation" is the process of estimating the market value of a financial asset or liability. (True/False) **True**

B) "Customary" means according to the customs or usual practices associated with a particular society, place, or set of circumstances. (True/False) **True**

C) "Enforcement" refers to the process of ensuring compliance with laws, regulations, rules, standards, or social norms. (True/False) **True**

D) "Embedded" means something that is superficial or on the surface only. (True/False) **False**

E) "Ambiguity" involves clarity and preciseness in expression or interpretation. (True/False) **False**

**Question 33**

A) "Stimulus" is something that evokes a specific functional reaction in an organ or tissue. (True/False) **True**

B) "Indication" refers to a sign or piece of information that indicates something. (True/False) **True**

C) "Motive" is the reason for doing something, especially one that is hidden or not obvious. (True/False) **True**

D) "Persistent" means giving up easily or quickly. (True/False) **False**

E) "Prevailing" refers to existing at a particular time; current. (True/False) **True**

**Question 34**

A) "Rationalization" is the process of attempting to explain or justify behavior or an attitude with logical reasons, even if these are not appropriate. (True/False) **True**

B) "Foundation" refers to the base on which something is built or forms. (True/False) **True**

C) "Interplay" involves the way in which two or more things have an effect on each other. (True/False) **True**

D) "Reinforce" means to weaken or reduce in strength. (True/False) **False**

E) "Alternative" is a choice or course of action that is mutually exclusive with another. (True/False) **True**

**Question 35**

A) "Intention" refers to a plan or aim that guides action. (True/False) **True**

B) "Broad" implies a wide scope or extensive range. (True/False) **True**

C) "Aspiration" denotes a hope or ambition of achieving something. (True/False) **True**

D) "Confront" means to avoid or escape from a difficult situation. (True/False) **False**

E) "Cognitive" pertains to the mental action or process of acquiring knowledge and understanding through thought, experience, and the senses. (True/False) **True**

**Question 36**

A) "Ideal" refers to a standard of perfection or excellence. (True/False) **True**

B) "Dilemma" is a situation in which a difficult choice has to be made between two or more alternatives. (True/False) **True**

C) "Subjective" is based on or influenced by personal feelings, tastes, or opinions. (True/False) **True**

D) "Interaction" refers to the action of isolating or having minimal contact with others. (True/False) **False**

E) "Dependence" denotes the state of relying on or being controlled by someone or something else. (True/False) **True**

**Question 37**

A) "Framework" is a basic structure underlying a system, concept, or text. (True/False) **True**

B) "Intertwined" means to be connected or linked closely. (True/False) **True**

C) "Socially embedded" refers to being isolated and detached from social contexts. (True/False) **False**

D) "Sovereignty" is the supreme power or authority. (True/False) **True**

E) "Distinct" means not clear or not defined clearly. (True/False) **False**

**Question 38**

A) "Object" refers to a material thing that can be seen and touched. (True/False) **True**

B) "Primary" means of chief importance; principal. (True/False) **True**

C) "Condition" refers to a state of complete disarray or disorganization. (True/False) **False**

D) "Boundary" is a line which marks the limits of an area; a dividing line. (True/False) **True**

E) "Trajectory" denotes the path followed by a projectile flying or an object moving under the action of given forces. (True/False) **True**

**Question 39**

A) "Coerce" means to persuade someone to do something by using force or threats. (True/False) **True**

B) "Persuade" means to cause someone to do something through reasoning or argument. (True/False) **True**

C) "Encompass" refers to include different types of things; to surround and have or hold within. (True/False) **True**

D) "Identity" means having no distinctive character or recognition factor. (True/False) **False**

E) "Spontaneous" means planned or premeditated. (True/False) **False**

**Question 40**

A) "Variant" means something that does not differ in any way from others. (True/False) **False**

B) "Sufficient" refers to an adequate amount or quantity that meets the needs. (True/False) **True**

C) "Conflicting information" represents data that agrees and corresponds well. (True/False) **False**

D) "Dispose of" means to retain or keep possession of something. (True/False) **False**

E) "Peers" are individuals that have no relationship or common characteristics with one another. (True/False) **False**

**Question 41**

A) "Impose" means to forcefully put a rule or restriction in place. (True/False) **True**

B) "Customary" refers to practices that are unusual or not commonly followed. (True/False) **False**

C) "Confinement" implies a state of being free and unrestricted. (True/False) **False**

D) "Downplay" means to highlight or emphasize something. (True/False) **False**

E) "Inspiration" is the process of being mentally stimulated to do or feel something. (True/False) **True**

**Question 42**

A) "Blockbuster" refers to something, particularly a movie, that is highly unsuccessful. (True/False) **False**

B) "Lethargic" describes a state of being energetic and active. (True/False) **False**

C) "Stick around" means to leave quickly. (True/False) **False**

D) "Prospect" refers to the possibility or likelihood of some future event occurring. (True/False) **True**

E) "Side-effect" is a primary intended effect of a medication or treatment. (True/False) **False**

**Question 43**

A) "Streamline" means to make a process more complicated and less efficient. (True/False) **False**

B) "Drawback" refers to a disadvantage or negative aspect of something. (True/False) **True**

C) "Observer" is someone who does not watch or notice events but participates actively. (True/False) **False**

D) "Descendant" refers to a person who is an ancestor of a former generation. (True/False) **False**

E) "Prestige" indicates a condition of being respected or admired. (True/False) **True**

**Question 44**

A) "Foreign aid" refers to assistance that a country provides to its own citizens domestically. (True/False) **False**

B) "Poverty" means having abundant wealth and resources. (True/False) **False**

C) "Intervention" is the act of becoming involved in an affair to influence its outcome. (True/False) **True**

D) "Emphasis" is the act of minimizing the importance of something. (True/False) **False**

E) "Precedent" is an event that does not set an example or rule to be followed in the future. (True/False) **False**

**Question 45**

A) "Allocation" involves the random dispersion of resources without any specific plan. (True/False) **False**

B) "Despite" is used to indicate that something happened as expected. (True/False) **False**

C) "Temporary" refers to something that is permanent and enduring. (True/False) **False**

D) "Welfare" is the health, happiness, and fortunes of a person or group. (True/False) **True**

E) "Policy" is a course or principle of action adopted or proposed by an organization or individual. (True/False) **True**

**Question 46**

A) "Consolidate" means to combine things into a more effective or coherent whole. (True/False) **True**

B) "Opposition" refers to full agreement and support for something. (True/False) **False**

C) "Alleged" is used to describe something that has been proven and confirmed. (True/False) **False**

D) "Comprising" means excluding or not including. (True/False) **False**

E) "Accession" refers to the act of acquiring a position of authority or agreeing to a treaty. (True/False) **True**

**Question 47**

A) "Accumulation" refers to the gradual gathering of items or quantities. (True/False) **True**

B) "Retaliation" is an act of responding with forgiveness and not seeking revenge. (True/False) **False**

C) "Credentials" mean qualifications or achievements that make someone unsuitable for a role. (True/False) **False**

D) "Colleague" refers to a person one works with, especially in a profession or business. (True/False) **True**

E) "Correspondent" is someone who is not involved in communicating news or research findings. (True/False) **False**

**Question 48**

A) "Revitalizing" means to imbue something with new life and vitality. (True/False) **True**

B) "Parade" is a private, hidden event not meant for public display. (True/False) **False**

C) "Ancestor" is a direct descendant or offspring of an individual. (True/False) **False**

D) "Mindful" means being aware of or conscious about something. (True/False) **True**

E) "Corruption" refers to high ethical standards and integrity. (True/False) **False**

**Question 49**

A) "Sympathetic" describes feelings of pity and sorrow for someone else's misfortune. (True/False) **True**

B) "Sidelined" means to be placed in a position of primary importance. (True/False) **False**

C) "Pivotal" refers to being of crucial importance in relation to the development or success of something. (True/False) **True**

D) "Coalition" is an alliance for combined action, especially a temporary alliance of political parties. (True/False) **True**

E) "Underpinned" refers to being unsupported and unstable. (True/False) **False**

**Question 50**

A) "Assumption" is a thing that is accepted as true without proof. (True/False) **True**

B) "Simulation" is a process that involves direct and unmodified interaction with reality. (True/False) **False**

C) "Fragile" means very strong and not easily broken. (True/False) **False**

D) "Administration" is the management or running of a business, organization, etc. (True/False) **True**

E) "Tax hikes" refer to reductions in the amount of tax imposed by a government. (True/False) **False**

**Question 51**

A) "Deficit" implies a surplus or excess in financial terms. (True/False) **False**

B) "Call off" means to decide that a planned event will not happen. (True/False) **True**

C) "Confidence" denotes a feeling of self-assurance arising from an appreciation of one’s own abilities or qualities. (True/False) **True**

D) "Erosion" refers to the process by which something is consolidated and strengthened. (True/False) **False**

E) "Prestige" indicates a condition of being ignored or unknown. (True/False) **False**

**Question 52**

A) "Optimistic" means expecting the best in the worst of situations. (True/False) **True**

B) "Legislation" refers to the process of repealing or removing laws. (True/False) **False**

C) "Discretionary" involves fixed or non-negotiable decisions without any freedom to choose. (True/False) **False**

D) "Unsettling" means causing stability and calm. (True/False) **False**

E) "Overlook" means to fail to notice or consider something. (True/False) **True**

**Question 53**

A) "Forecast" is a prediction or estimate of future events, especially coming weather. (True/False) **True**

B) "Variation" means a lack of difference or change. (True/False) **False**

C) "Reserve" refers to a lack of saving or setting aside for future use. (True/False) **False**

D) "Substitute" means to replace one thing or person for another. (True/False) **True**

E) "Mature" describes someone or something fully developed physically; fully grown. (True/False) **True**

**Question 54**

A) "Sequence" is a following of things one after another in time. (True/False) **True**

B) "In opposition" means in full agreement or support. (True/False) **False**

C) "A spectacle" is something that cannot be seen or viewed, especially something remarkable or impressive. (True/False) **False**

D) "Enumerate" means to mention a number of things one by one. (True/False) **True**

E) "Administration" is the act of giving out or dispersing something. (True/False) **False**

**Question 55**

A) "Stimulus package" is a set of economic measures implemented by a government to stimulate a struggling economy. (True/False) **True**

B) "Amplifying" means to reduce the volume or significance of something. (True/False) **False**

C) "Extension" refers to a reduction or decrease in size or amount. (True/False) **False**

D) "Benchmark" is a standard or point of reference against which things may be compared. (True/False) **True**

E) "Indicator" is something that does not show or point out anything. (True/False) **False**

**Question 56**

A) "Disruption" involves maintaining the normal flow or continuity of an activity. (True/False) **False**

B) "Proposal" is a plan or suggestion put forward for consideration by others. (True/False) **True**

C) "Estate" refers to an extensive area of land owned by an individual or organization. (True/False) **True**

D) "Imports" are goods or services sent out of a country. (True/False) **False**

E) "Campaign" is an organized course of action to achieve a goal. (True/False) **True**

**Question 57**

A) "To retain" means to continue to hold or keep in possession. (True/False) **True**

B) "Reimpose" means to remove or lift a restriction or law previously in place. (True/False) **False**

C) "Commodity" refers to an item of little economic value that cannot be bought or sold. (True/False) **False**

D) "Contribution" is the act of giving something, especially money, in order to help achieve or provide something. (True/False) **True**

E) "Criticism" refers only to positive feedback about someone or something. (True/False) **False**

**Question 58**

A) "Prerequisite" is something that is not required beforehand. (True/False) **False**

B) "Defend" means to protect from harm or attack. (True/False) **True**

C) "Profound" refers to something very shallow and of little significance. (True/False) **False**

D) "Retail price" is the cost at which goods are sold to the public. (True/False) **True**

E) "Contribution" is the act of taking something away without returning. (True/False) **False**

**Question 59**

A) "Infrastructure" pertains to the basic physical and organizational structures needed for the operation of a society or enterprise. (True/False) **True**

B) "Fundamental" means being of central or lesser importance. (True/False) **False**

C) "Prominent" describes something that is important or famous. (True/False) **True**

D) "Improve" means to make something worse or of lower quality. (True/False) **False**

E) "Backlash" is a strong public reaction against something. (True/False) **True**

**Question 60**

A) "Incentive" is something that motivates or encourages one to do something. (True/False) **True**

B) "Unemployment" refers to the state of having a paid job. (True/False) **False**

C) "Insurance" is a means of guaranteeing protection or safety. (True/False) **True**

D) "Negative aspect" refers to the positive side of a situation. (True/False) **False**

E) "Debate" is a formal discussion on a particular topic in a public meeting or legislative assembly. (True/False) **True**

**Question 61**

A) "Imperative" means not necessary or important. (True/False) **False**

B) "Prevention" refers to the act of stopping something from happening. (True/False) **True**

C) "Prosper" means to succeed or become financially successful. (True/False) **True**

D) "Noteworthy" refers to something that is unimportant or does not deserve attention. (True/False) **False**

E) "A felony" is a minor wrongdoing, less serious than a misdemeanor. (True/False) **False**

**Question 62**

A) "Preserve" means to maintain something in its original or existing state. (True/False) **True**

B) "Defamation" is the act of damaging the good reputation of someone through slander or libel. (True/False) **True**

C) "A hunch" is a feeling or guess based on intuition rather than known facts. (True/False) **True**

D) "Suspending" means immediately starting or continuing something. (True/False) **False**

E) "To comply" means to refuse to agree or obey. (True/False) **False**

**Question 63**

A) "Contractor" refers to someone who is permanently employed by a company. (True/False) **False**

B) "Overarching" means something that is of limited scope and importance. (True/False) **False**

C) "Initiative" refers to the reluctance or refusal to take action. (True/False) **False**

D) "Compensation" is a punishment for a loss or injury. (True/False) **False**

E) "Lobbying" involves working to influence political decisions on a non-profit basis. (True/False) **True**

**Question 64**

A) "Dismantle" means to build up or construct. (True/False) **False**

B) "Agenda" is a list or a plan of items to be discussed at a meeting. (True/False) **True**

C) "Privatization" refers to transferring from private ownership to state control. (True/False) **False**

D) "Outsourcing" is the practice of obtaining goods or services from an outside or foreign supplier. (True/False) **True**

E) "Controversial" describes something that is generally agreed upon and undisputed. (True/False) **False**

**Question 65**

A) "Courier" is a person or company that carries messages, packages, and mail. (True/False) **True**

B) "Sinister" means having or showing a good or benevolent nature. (True/False) **False**

C) "First responder" refers to someone who is among the last to arrive at the scene of an emergency. (True/False) **False**

D) "Escalate" means to increase or intensify. (True/False) **True**

E) "Uninhabitable" describes a place suitable for living. (True/False) **False**

**Question 66**

A) "Hypothesis" is a supposition or proposed explanation made on the basis of limited evidence as a starting point for further investigation. (True/False) **True**

B) "Interview" is a meeting in which someone asks you questions to see if you are suitable for a job or a course. (True/False) **True**

C) "Enterprise" is an undertaking or business organization; industrious. (True/False) **True**

D) "Investigate" means to carry out a systematic or formal inquiry to discover and examine the facts of an issue or case. (True/False) **True**

E) "Passenger" is someone who drives the vehicle. (True/False) **False**

**Question 67**

A) "Coordinate" means to bring the different elements of a complex activity or organization into a harmonious or efficient relationship. (True/False) **True**

B) "Regain" means to never have or recover possession of something lost or taken away. (True/False) **False**

C) "Spokesperson" refers to someone who is authorized to speak for others, particularly the media. (True/False) **True**

D) "Diversify" means to make or become more diverse or varied. (True/False) **True**

E) "Reluctance" is eager willingness or readiness. (True/False) **False**

**Question 68**

A) "Deprive" means to deny (a person or place) the possession or use of something. (True/False) **True**

B) "Competition" is cooperation between parties for mutual benefit. (True/False) **False**

C) "Utopia" is an imagined place in which everything is perfect. (True/False) **True**

D) "Segment" is a part or section of something that is separate and distinct. (True/False) **True**

E) "Succulent" describes something dry and tough. (True/False) **False**

**Question 69**

A) "Envision" means to imagine as a future possibility; visualize. (True/False) **True**

B) "Experimental" refers to something that is well-established and traditionally done. (True/False) **False**

C) "Bargain" refers to an agreement between two or more parties as to what each party will do for the other. (True/False) **True**

D) "Struggle" is an effort to travel or move freely without any obstruction. (True/False) **False**

E) "Dominance" means having power and influence over others. (True/False) **True**

**Question 70**

A) "Lawsuit" is a claim or dispute brought to a court of law for adjudication. (True/False) **True**

B) "Astronomical" refers to something very small or insignificant. (True/False) **False**

C) "Remarkable" means ordinary or unremarkable. (True/False) **False**

D) "Thrive" is to prosper or flourish. (True/False) **True**

E) "Unsettled" describes a situation or condition that is stable and not likely to change. (True/False) **False**

**Question 71**

A) "Mental attitude" refers to a person's mindset or way of thinking that influences their behavior and response to challenges. (True/False) **True**

B) "Estimate" means a rough calculation or judgment of the value, number, quantity, or extent of something. (True/False) **True**

C) "Volunteer" is someone who is compulsorily recruited to perform a service. (True/False) **False**

D) "Effective" refers to something that is inadequate or fails to produce the desired outcome. (True/False) **False**

E) "Track down" means to search for and find something or someone. (True/False) **True**

**Question 72**

A) "Guideline" is a set rule that must be strictly followed under all circumstances. (True/False) **False**

B) "Conventional" refers to something that is based on or in accordance with what is generally done or believed. (True/False) **True**

C) "Distorted" means altered from a true, natural, or proportionate state. (True/False) **True**

D) "Foresee" is to be completely unaware of or fail to anticipate future events. (True/False) **False**

E) "Versatile" describes something or someone adaptable to many different functions or activities. (True/False) **True**

**Question 73**

A) "Palatable" means not pleasant to taste. (True/False) **False**

B) "Hazard" is a danger or risk. (True/False) **True**

C) "Authority" refers to a person with limited knowledge in a particular area. (True/False) **False**

D) "Skeptical" means having an attitude of doubt. (True/False) **True**

E) "Carnivorous" describes an organism that eats a variety of foods including meat and plants. (True/False) **False**

**Question 74**

A) "Correlation" means a mutual relationship or connection between two or more things. (True/False) **True**

B) "Idiom" is a group of words established by usage as having a meaning not deducible from those of the individual words. (True/False) **True**

C) "Converge" means to tend to meet at a point or line; incline toward each other, as lines that are not parallel. (True/False) **True**

D) "Advice" is guidance or recommendations concerning prudent future action, typically given by someone regarded as knowledgeable. (True/False) **True**

E) "Conduct" means to behave in a manner that is not consistent with accepted standards. (True/False) **False**

**Question 75**

A) "Conclusion" is a judgment or decision reached by reasoning. (True/False) **True**

B) "Anomaly" refers to a standard occurrence that does not deviate from what is normal. (True/False) **False**

C) "Predecessor" is a person who holds a job or office before the current holder. (True/False) **True**

D) "Reluctance" is eager willingness or readiness. (True/False) **False**

E) "Recognition" is the identification of something as having been previously seen, heard, known, etc. (True/False) **True**

**Question 76**

A) "Expend" means to save or conserve. (True/False) **False**

B) "Credibility" refers to the quality of being trusted and believed in. (True/False) **True**

C) "Viable" means capable of working successfully; feasible. (True/False) **True**

D) "Polite" refers to showing rudeness or an abrupt manner. (True/False) **False**

E) "Odor" is a distinctive smell, especially an unpleasant one. (True/False) **True**

**Question 77**

A) A "spokesman" is someone authorized to speak on behalf of an organization or group. (True/False) **True**

B) "Evidence" is proof provided to support or refute an assertion or claim. (True/False) **True**

C) "Inspect" means to look at something or someone closely, typically to assess their condition or to discover any shortcomings. (True/False) **True**

D) "Philanthropy" involves the desire to promote the welfare of others, expressed especially by the generous donation of money to good causes. (True/False) **True**

E) "Peer review" is a process by which something is evaluated with little or no scrutiny by others in the same field. (True/False) **False**

**Question 78**

A) "Unorthodox" means conventional or traditional. (True/False) **False**

B) "Citation" is a quotation from or reference to a book, paper, or author, especially in a scholarly work. (True/False) **True**

C) "Domesticated" refers to animals that are wild and untamed. (True/False) **False**

D) "Threaten" means to offer promises of support and encouragement. (True/False) **False**

E) "Due process" is the legal requirement that the state must respect all legal rights owed to a person. (True/False) **True**

**Question 79**

A) "Delegate" means to entrust a task or responsibility to another person, typically one who is less senior than oneself. (True/False) **True**

B) "Decimate" refers to destroy or kill a large part of. (True/False) **True**

C) "Brigade" is a group organized for a particular activity. (True/False) **True**

D) "To negotiate" means to refuse to communicate or discuss terms. (True/False) **False**

E) "To falter" means to start to lose strength or momentum. (True/False) **True**

**Question 80**

A) "Unprecedented" refers to something that is not known or experienced before. (True/False) **True**

B) "Impediment" means a hindrance or obstruction in doing something. (True/False) **True**

C) "Transparency" means the condition of being transparent, but not necessarily literally; often used metaphorically to describe open and honest communication. (True/False) **True**

D) "Disclosure" involves the action of making new or secret information known. (True/False) **True**

E) "Necessary" refers to something that is optional or trivial. (True/False) **False**

**Question 81**

A) "Reiterate" means to say something again or a number of times, typically for emphasis or clarity. (True/False) **True**

B) "Ceasefire" is an order to continue fighting. (True/False) **False**

C) "Exchange" involves keeping something solely to oneself without giving anything in return. (True/False) **False**

D) "Humanitarian" refers to a person concerned with or seeking to promote human welfare. (True/False) **True**

E) "Desperate" means feeling, showing, or involving a hopeless sense that a situation is so bad as to be impossible to deal with. (True/False) **True**

**Question 82**

A) "Respond" means to react to something by taking a particular course of action. (True/False) **True**

B) "Immoral" means conforming to accepted standards of morality. (True/False) **False**

C) "Foreclosure" is the process of taking possession of a mortgaged property when the mortgagor fails to keep up their mortgage payments. (True/False) **True**

D) "Mortgage" refers to a legal agreement by which a bank or other creditor lends money at interest in exchange for taking title of the debtor's property. (True/False) **True**

E) "Bailout" is financial support that is given to a failing business or economy to save it from collapse. (True/False) **True**

**Question 83**

A) "Shelter" means exposure to the elements without protection. (True/False) **False**

B) "Diverge" means to separate from another route and go in a different direction. (True/False) **True**

C) "Muffled" describes a sound made quieter or less distinct. (True/False) **True**

D) "Affiliations" refer to a person's connection with a political party or religion, or with a larger organization. (True/False) **True**

E) "Crisis" is a time of intense difficulty or danger. (True/False) **True**

**Question 84**

A) "Leadership" refers to the action of leading a group of people or an organization. (True/False) **True**

B) "Recession" is a period of temporary economic decline during which trade and industrial activity are reduced. (True/False) **True**

C) "Obsolete" describes something that is out-of-date and no longer in use. (True/False) **True**

D) "Deficient" means having too much of something necessary. (True/False) **False**

E) "Annually" refers to occurring once every year. (True/False) **True**

**Question 85**

A) "Community" refers to a group of people living in the same place or having a particular characteristic in common. (True/False) **True**

B) "Rural" pertains to the countryside rather than the town. (True/False) **True**

C) "Disrepair" means in good condition; not in need of repair. (True/False) **False**

D) "Deteriorating" means improving in quality or condition. (True/False) **False**

E) "Extinction" is the state or process of a species, family, or larger group being or becoming extinct. (True/False) **True**

**Question 86**

A) "Implement" means to put (a decision, plan, agreement, etc.) into effect. (True/False) **True**

B) "Independent" refers to free from outside control; not depending on another's authority. (True/False) **True**

C) "Settlement" is an official agreement intended to resolve a dispute or conflict. (True/False) **True**

D) "Fragment" means a small part broken off or separated from something. (True/False) **True**

E) "Delicate" describes something robust and strong. (True/False) **False**

**Question 87**

A) "Adaptive" refers to being modified for a new use or purpose. (True/False) **True**

B) "Vulnerable" means capable of being physically or emotionally wounded. (True/False) **True**

C) "Innocent" pertains to not responsible for or directly involved in an event yet suffering its consequences. (True/False) **True**

D) "Deterrent" is something that discourages or is intended to discourage someone from doing something. (True/False) **True**

E) "Install" refers to removing or taking something out. (True/False) **False**

**Question 88**

A) "Isolation" means the process or fact of isolating or being isolated. (True/False) **True**

B) "Manufacture" is the process of making products by hand or with machinery, typically on a large scale. (True/False) **True**

C) "Coastal" pertains to located on, or near, or bordering on a coast. (True/False) **True**

D) "Frustration" is the feeling of being upset or annoyed as a result of being unable to change or achieve something. (True/False) **True**

E) "Beneficiaries" are people who derive advantage from something, especially a trust, will, or life insurance policy. (True/False) **True**

**Question 89**

A) "Adjustment" is the process of adapting or becoming used to a new situation. (True/False) **True**

B) "Prescription" is a piece of paper on which a doctor writes the details of the medicine or drugs that someone needs. (True/False) **True**

C) "Conquer" can mean to overcome and take control of (a place or people) by use of military force. (True/False) **True**

D) "Detrimental" is beneficial or helpful in achieving success. (True/False) **False**

E) "Epidemy" is a widespread occurrence of an infectious disease in a community at a particular time. (True/False) **True**

**Question 90**

A) "Catastrophic" describes an event causing great and often sudden damage or suffering. (True/False) **True**

B) "Oblivion" is the state of being aware of what is happening around you. (True/False) **False**

C) "Nefarious" refers to (typically of an action or activity) wicked or criminal. (True/False) **True**

D) "Opulence" means great wealth or luxuriousness. (True/False) **True**

E) "Pristine" describes something that has been carefully preserved and is ancient or archaic. (True/False) **False**

**Question 91**

A) "Renaissance" refers to the revival of art and literature under the influence of classical models in the 14th–16th centuries. (True/False) **True**

B) "To cherish" means to protect and care for someone lovingly. (True/False) **True**

C) "Wander" means to walk or move in a leisurely or aimless way. (True/False) **True**

D) "Batallion" is a large group of soldiers, especially one that is the smallest tactical unit in an army. (True/False) **False**

E) "Embark" refers to begin (a course of action). (True/False) **True**

**Question 92**

A) "Access" refers to the right or opportunity to approach or see someone or something. (True/False) **True**

B) "Endangered" means not at risk of extinction or danger. (True/False) **False**

C) "Epitome" refers to a person or thing that is a perfect example of a particular quality or type. (True/False) **True**

D) "Monochrome" means using or showing only one color. (True/False) **True**

E) "Bespoke" is used to describe services or products that are off-the-shelf or mass-produced. (True/False) **False**

**Question 93**

A) "Conundrum" is a confusing and difficult problem or question. (True/False) **True**

B) "Deviate" means to depart from an established course. (True/False) **True**

C) "Impeccable" refers to (of behavior, performance, or appearance) not in accordance with the highest standards of propriety; faulty. (True/False) **False**

D) "Digress" means to leave the main subject temporarily in speech or writing. (True/False) **True**

E) "Diligent" describes someone who is lazy and not showing care for their work. (True/False) **False**

**Question 94**

A) "Conjure" means to make something appear unexpectedly or seemingly from nowhere as if by magic. (True/False) **True**

B) "Fundamental" involves the central or primary rules or principles on which something is based. (True/False) **True**

C) "Incinerate" means to burn something completely. (True/False) **True**

D) "Intricate" refers to very complicated or detailed. (True/False) **True**

E) "Allure" means to repel or drive away. (True/False) **False**

**Question 95**

A) "Aesthetic" pertains to concerned with beauty or the appreciation of beauty. (True/False) **True**

B) "Dystopian" refers to an imagined state or society in which there is great suffering or injustice. (True/False) **True**

C) "Metaphor" is a figure of speech in which a word or phrase is applied to an object or action to which it is not literally applicable. (True/False) **True**

D) "Accomplished" means not skilled or successful. (True/False) **False**

E) "Lucrative" refers to producing a great deal of profit. (True/False) **True**

**Question 96**

A) "Resilient" means able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions. (True/False) **True**

B) "Pride" is a feeling of deep pleasure or satisfaction derived from one's own achievements. (True/False) **True**

C) "Request" is a polite or formal demand for something. (True/False) **True**

D) "Gasp" means to inhale suddenly with the mouth open, out of pain or astonishment. (True/False) **True**

E) "Isolated" refers to having contact or being in close association with others. (True/False) **False**

**Question 97**

A) "Applicant" is a person who makes a formal application for something, typically a job. (True/False) **True**

B) "Exception" is a thing that is normal and does not differ from the norm. (True/False) **False**

C) "Underestimate" means to estimate (something) to be smaller or less important than it actually is. (True/False) **True**

D) "Discrimination" refers to the unjust or prejudicial treatment of different categories of people, especially on the grounds of race, age, or sex. (True/False) **True**

E) "Frantic" means calm and composed, especially under pressure. (True/False) **False**

**Question 98**

A) "Hire" means to give someone a job. (True/False) **True**

B) "To approve" is to officially agree to or accept as satisfactory. (True/False) **True**

C) "Requirement" is something that is optional or unnecessary. (True/False) **False**

D) "Experience" refers to practical contact with and observation of facts or events. (True/False) **True**

E) "Associated" means to connect or link (someone or something) with something else in one's mind. (True/False) **True**

**Question 99**

A) "Qualify" means to be officially recognized as being trained to perform a particular job; certified. (True/False) **True**

B) "Significant" refers to something that is trivial or not important. (True/False) **False**

C) "Splash" is the sound made by something striking or falling into liquid. (True/False) **True**

D) "Official" pertains to relating to an authority or public body and its activities and responsibilities. (True/False) **True**

E) "Lucrative" refers to something that is profitable. (True/False) **True**

**Question 100**

A) "Requirement" involves a need, necessity, or prerequisite. (True/False) **True**

B) "Experience" is direct observation of or participation in events as a basis of knowledge. (True/False) **True**

C) "Associated" means connected with something else. (True/False) **True**

D) "Qualify" involves meeting the necessary conditions to be entitled to something. (True/False) **True**

E) "Splash" is the act of applying a small amount of liquid or color here and there. (True/False) **False**