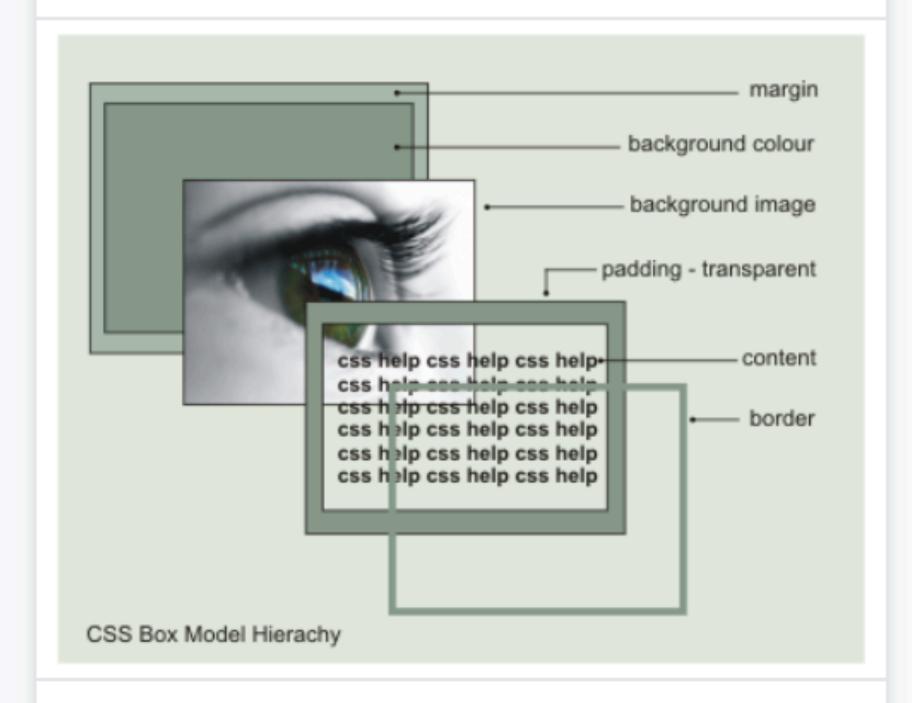
CSS Rules





rule structure · combining rules · combining selectors

Border Styles

border-bottom: 1px solid black;

This property controls how the border under an element looks.

We're going to style the bottom border so that it is a l-pixel-thick, solid black line.

Placing the above rule associated with h1 "selector", will draw a line - 1 pixel wide - under the heading in our site (you did this in lab01)

Mobile Applications

Apps

Multiple Rules

```
h1 {
     font-family: sans-serif;
     color:
                   gray;
h2 {
     font-family: sans-serif;
     color:
                   gray;
     color: maroon;
```

Here's the rule to select
<hl> elements and change
the font-family to
sans-serif and the font
color to gray. We'll talk a
lot more about fonts later.

And here's another rule to do the exact same thing to the <h2> element.

Combining Selectors

Rules can be combined if they are identical

```
h1 {
    font-family: sans-serif;
    color: gray;
}

h2 {
    font-family: sans-serif;
    color: gray;
}

p {
    color: maroon;
}
```

```
h1, h2 {
    font-family: sans-serif;
    color: gray;
}

p {
    color: maroon;
}
```

To write a rule for more than one element, just put commas between the selectors, like "hl, h2".

```
h1, h2
     font-family:
                     sans-serif;
     color:
                     gray;
     border-bottom: 1px solid black;
p {
     color: maroon;
```

Here we're adding a property to change the bottom border for both the <hl> and <h2> elements.

Multiple Rues & Selectors

```
The first rule stays the same. We're still going to use a combined rule for the font-family and color for
h1, h2 {
                                       sans-serif;
       font-family:
       color:
                                                                                    both <hl> and <h2>.
                                       gray;
                                                                     But now we're adding a second rule that adds another property just to <h/>
<h/>
<h/>
<h/>
<he>the border-bottom property.
h1 {
       border-bottom: 1px solid black;
p {
       color: maroon;
```

 Both h1 and h2 share the font-family and colour attributes, however only h1 is underlined

The following two sets of style rules would produce identical results

Rules can be listed separately

```
p {color: black;}
p {background-color: teal;}
p {padding: 1em;}
p {margin: 1em;}
p {font-family: helvetica, sans-serif;}
p {text-align: justify;}
```

Or, rules can be grouped.
Property: Value pairs need to be separated by a semicolon.

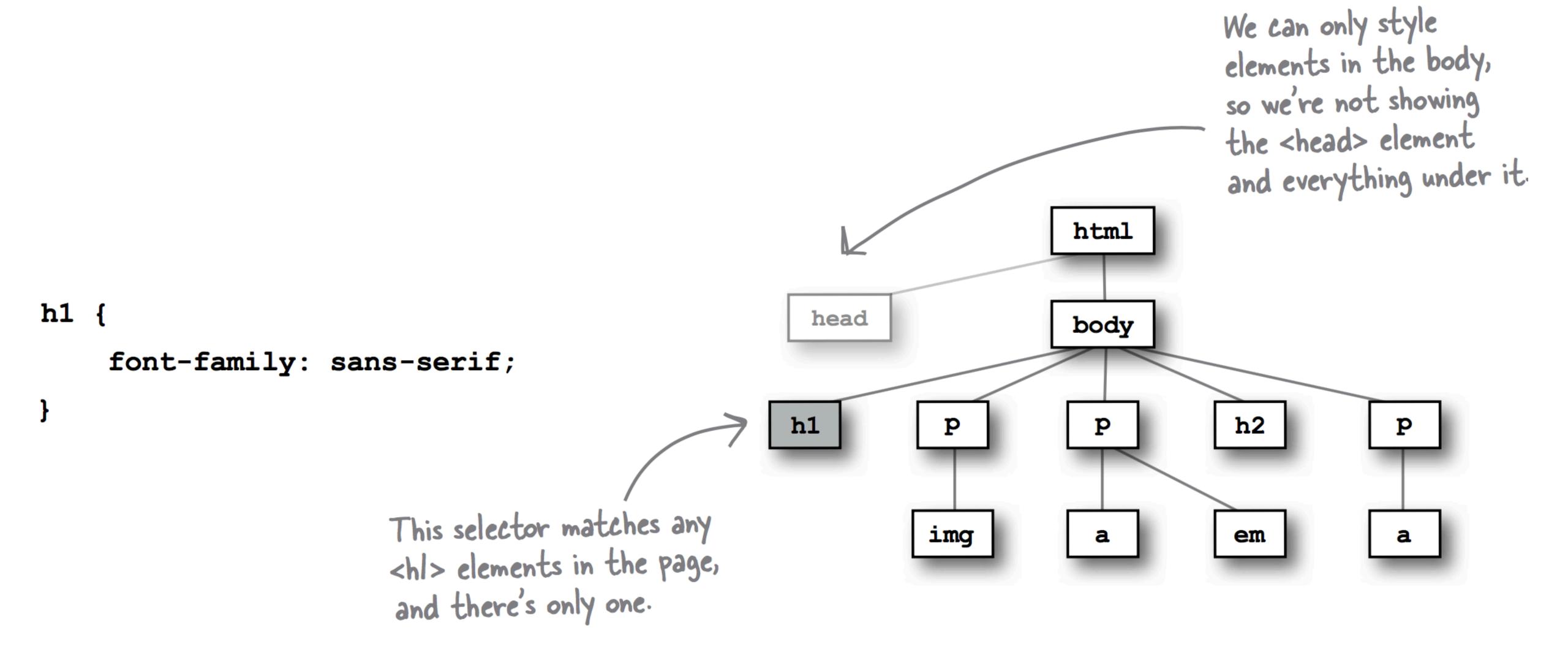
```
p {
   color: black;
   background-color: teal;
   padding: 1em;
   margin: 1em;
   font-family: helvetica, sans-serif;
   text-align: justify;
}
```

- Selectors can be combined into commaseparated groups.
- We combine the selectors so that a single declaration applies to multiple selectors.

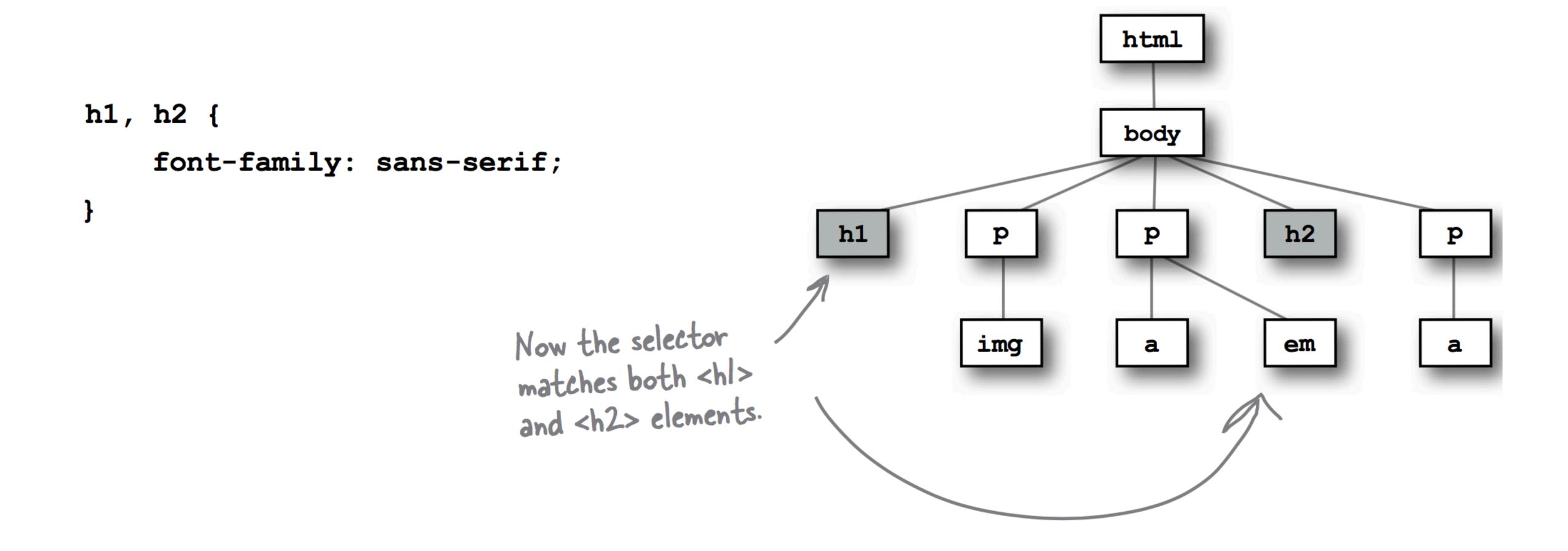
```
h1 { color: maroon; }
h2 { color: maroon; }
h3 { color: maroon; }
h4 { color: maroon; }
h5 { color: maroon; }
h6 { color: maroon; }
```

```
h1, h2, h3, h4, h5, h6 { color: maroon; }
```

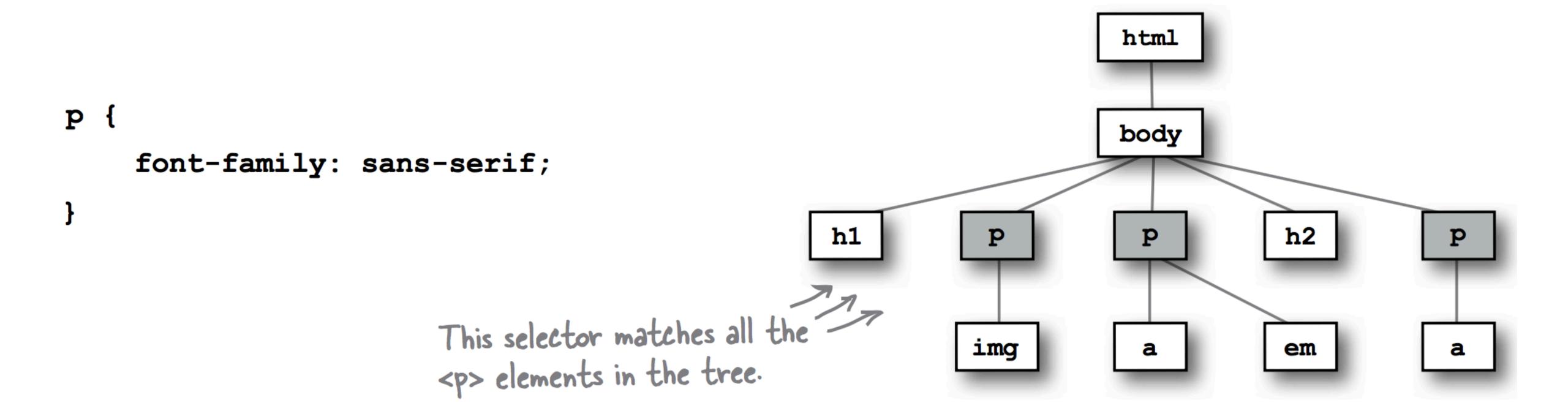
Visualising Selectors



Visualising Selectors

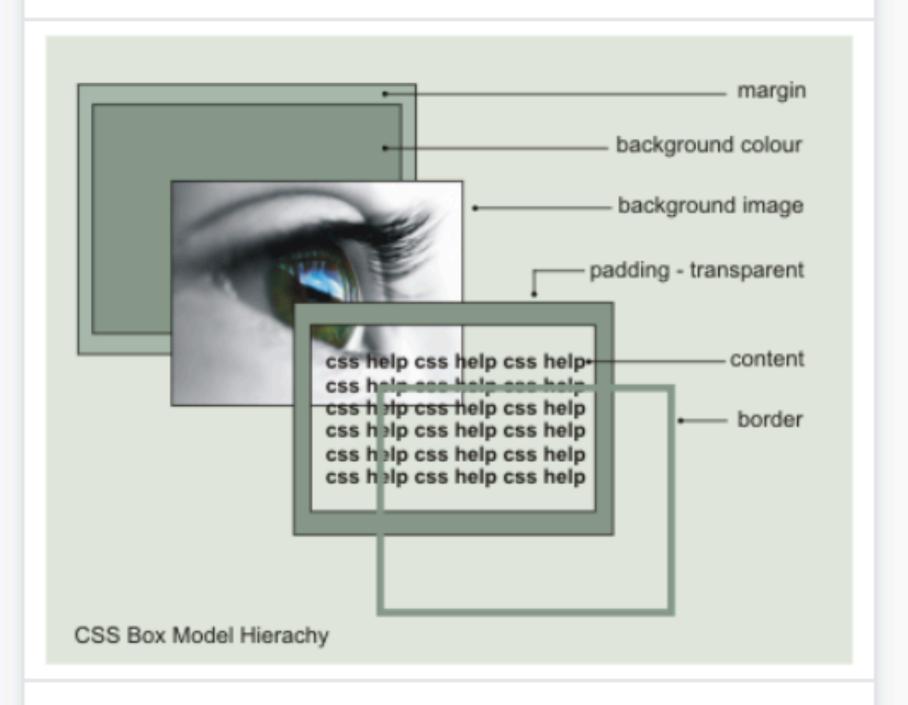


Visualising Selectors



CSS Rules





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