

Homework Assignment

Section 1

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Problem 1

$X \sim N(5, 10)$ (Read X distributed Normal with mean 5 and var 10) Compute:

(i) $\text{Prob}(X > 5)$

(ii) $\text{Prob}(X > 5 + 2 \times \sqrt{10})$

(iii) $\text{Prob}(X = 8)$

(iv) Express $\text{Prob}(-2 \leq X \leq 6)$ in terms of Z , the standard normal random variable.

Problem 2

A company can purchase raw material from either of two suppliers and is concerned about the amounts of impurity the material contains. A review of the records for each supplier indicates that the percentage impurity levels in consignments of the raw material follow normal distributions with the means and standard deviations given in the table below. The company is particularly anxious that the impurity level in a consignment not exceed 5% and want to purchase from the supplier more likely to meet that specification. Which supplier should be chosen?

	Mean	Standard Deviation
Supplier A	4.4	0.4
Supplier B	4.2	0.6

Problem 3: Senate Probabilities (Election 2014)

According to some analysis the control of the senate in the upcoming elections will be determined by the races in 3 states: Arkansas, Louisiana and North Carolina where 3 democratic incumbents face very competitive opponents. Based on predictions by experts at the NY Times, the Republicans have the following probabilities of winning each of these races: Arkansas 67%, Louisiana 61% and North Carolina 52%.

1. To win control of the senate, Republicans need to win at least two of these races. Based on the numbers above, what is the probability of the Republicans taking control of the senate?
2. The betting markets are currently trading at a 80% probability for the Republicans to control the senate. How does your answer from the question above compare to this number? Can you explain why you are seeing a difference? (*Hint:* Did you have to make any assumption to answer the first questions)?

Problem 4

Suppose a person is randomly drawn from a large population and then tested for a disease.

Let $D = 1$ if the person has the disease and 0 otherwise.

Let $T = 1$ if the person tests positive and 0 otherwise.

Suppose

$$P(D = 0) = .99.$$

$$P(T = 1 \mid D = 0) = .01.$$

$$P(T = 1 \mid D = 1) = .97.$$

- (a) Draw the diagram depicting the marginal of D and the conditional of $T \mid D$.
(you know, the one that branches as you go left to right).
- (b) Give the joint distribution of D and T in the two way table format.
- (c) What is $P(D = 1 \mid T = 1)$?

Problem 5: Trump

Based on betting markets the probability of Donald Trump being the Republican nominee is 25%. The same markets have the probability that the next President will be a Democrat at 62%.

Assume that if Trump is the nominee he has no chance of becoming the President... so, if the nominee is someone NOT Donald Trump, what is the probability of a Republican becoming the President?

Problem 6

This problem is named after the host of the long running TV show *Let's make a deal*.

There has been a vigorous debate about what the correct answer is!!

A contestant must choose one of three closed doors.

There is a prize (say a car) behind one of the three doors.

Behind the other two doors, there is something worthless (traditionally a goat).

After the contestant chooses one of the three doors, Monty opens one of the other two, revealing a goat (never the car!!).

There are now two closed doors.

The contestant is asked whether he would like to switch from the door he initially chose, to the other closed door.

The contestant will get whatever is behind the door he has finally chosen.

Should he switch?

Problem 7

Here's a simplified look at a spam filter algorithm...

We are worried about the term "*Nigerian general*" and our IT team has figured that $pr(\text{"Nigerian general"}|\text{junk mail}) = 0.20$ and $pr(\text{"Nigerian general"}|\text{NOT junk mail}) = 0.001$. In addition they figured that half of our emails is junk.

1. What is the marginal probability of seeing "*Nigerian general*" in a message?
In other words, what is the $pr(\text{"Nigerian general"})$?
2. If the spam filter always classify a message containing "*Nigerian general*" as junk, how often will it make a mistake?
In other words, what is the $pr(\text{NOT junk mail}|\text{"Nigerian general"})$?

Problem 8

An oil company has purchased an option on land in Midland, TX. Preliminary geological studies have assigned the following probabilities of finding oil in the land:

$$Pr(\text{high quality oil}) = 0.5 \quad Pr(\text{medium quality oil}) = 0.2 \quad Pr(\text{NO oil}) = 0.3$$

After buying the option the company decided to perform a soil test. They found soil “type A”. The probabilities of finding this particular type of soil are as follow:

$$Pr(\text{soil} = \text{“type A”} | \text{high quality oil}) = 0.2$$

$$Pr(\text{soil} = \text{“type A”} | \text{medium quality oil}) = 0.8$$

$$Pr(\text{soil} = \text{“type A”} | \text{NO oil}) = 0.2$$

1. Given the information from the soil test what is the probability the company will find oil in this land?
2. Before deciding to drill in the land the company has to perform a cost/benefit analysis of the project. They know it will cost \$1,000,000 to drill and start operating a well. In addition, under current oil prices, they access that if oil is found (any kind) the revenue stream will be of \$1,500,000. Should they exercise the option, ie, should they drill?

Problem 9

After finishing your MBA and becoming a consultant you will be flying for meetings regularly! Say you'll be traveling routinely to Boston, Orlando, Philadelphia and San Diego... Also, you like to accumulate miles with both Delta and US Airways and you are trying to decide which airline will minimize potential delays. After a quick look on-line you find in the U.S. Bureau of Transportation Statistics the following probability table describing the delays of these two airlines:

	Delta	US Airways
Delayed	20%	22%
On Time	80%	78%

Is this enough information for you to make a decision? If not, can you explain a possible scenario in which choosing Delta doesn't make sense?

Problem 10

Make sure to revisit the “Target Marketing” example from Section 1. Can you figure out the answer to the question in slide 39?