

The `run_analysis.R` script performs the data preparation and then followed by the 5 steps required as described in the course project's definition.

1. Download and extract the dataset

- o Dataset downloaded and extracted under the folder called `UCI HAR Dataset` inside the `Data` folder.

2. Assign each data to variables

- o `features <- features.txt` : 561 rows, 2 columns
The features selected for this database come from the accelerometer and gyroscope 3-axial raw signals tAcc-XYZ and tGyro-XYZ.
- o `activities <- activity_labels.txt` : 6 rows, 2 columns
List of activities performed when the corresponding measurements were taken and its codes (labels)
- o `subject_test <- test/subject_test.txt` : 2947 rows, 1 column
contains test data of 9/30 volunteer test subjects being observed
- o `x_test <- test/X_test.txt` : 2947 rows, 561 columns
contains recorded features test data
- o `y_test <- test/y_test.txt` : 2947 rows, 1 columns
contains test data of activities'code labels
- o `subject_train <- test/subject_train.txt` : 7352 rows, 1 column
contains train data of 21/30 volunteer subjects being observed
- o `x_train <- test/X_train.txt` : 7352 rows, 561 columns
contains recorded features train data
- o `y_train <- test/y_train.txt` : 7352 rows, 1 columns
contains train data of activities'code labels

3. Merges the training and the test sets to create one data set

- o `x` (10299 rows, 561 columns) is created by merging `x_train` and `x_test` using `rbind()` function
- o `y` (10299 rows, 1 column) is created by merging `y_train` and `y_test` using `rbind()` function
- o `Subject` (10299 rows, 1 column) is created by merging `subject_train` and `subject_test` using `rbind()` function
- o `Merged_Data` (10299 rows, 563 column) is created by merging `Subject`, `y` and `x` using `cbind()` function

4. Extracts only the measurements on the mean and standard deviation for each measurement

- o `TidyData` (10299 rows, 88 columns) is created by subsetting `Merged_Data`, selecting only columns: `subject`, `code` and the measurements on the mean and *standard deviation* (`std`) for each measurement

5. Uses descriptive activity names to name the activities in the data set

- o The `activity` variable of the `activities` data frame is merge to the `TidyData` data frame, taking `code` as the key variable.

6. Appropriately labels the data set with descriptive variable names

- All `Acc` in column's name replaced by `Accelerometer`
- All `Gyro` in column's name replaced by `Gyroscope`
- All `BodyBody` in column's name replaced by `Body`
- All `Mag` in column's name replaced by `Magnitude`
- All start with character `f` in column's name replaced by `Frequency`
- All start with character `t` in column's name replaced by `Time`

7. From the data set in step 4, creates a second, independent tidy data set with the average of each variable for each activity and each subject

- `TidyData` (180 rows, 88 columns) is created by summarizing `TidyData` taking the means of each variable for each activity and each subject, after grouped by subject and activity.
- Export `TidyData` into `TidyData.txt` file.