

Computer Science and Engineering

PowerEnjoy Service - Integration Test Plan Document

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Prof. Luca Mottola

Authors:

- ZHOU YINAN(Mat. 872686)
- ZHAO KAIXIN(Mat. 875464)
 - ZHAN YUAN(Mat. 806508)

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Revision History

At this moment, this is the first version of the document.

1.2 Purpose and Scope

This document describes how the integration should proceed. Integration testing means that we need to verify all the components needed for the overall system should work correctly not only individually but also in combination. In this document, we provide the steps needed to follow in order to get a fully functional system. More specifically, the elements need to be tested, the testing strategy, sequence of integration, test description, tools and stubs will be presented in the following parts.

1.3 List of Definitions and Abbreviations

- RASD: Requirement Analysis and Specification Document
- DD : Design Document
- Guest: All the users of the system who have not performed a Log in operation yet
- User: After a Guest logs in, he/she becomes a User
- Subcomponent : each of the low level component realizing specific functionalities of the subsystem
- subsystem: a functional unit of the system

1.4 List of Reference Documents

- Assignment AA 2016-2017
- RASD
- DD

2 INTEGRATION STRATEGY

2.1 Entry Criteria

There are several entry criteria to be completed before the integration testing phase can begin.

- RASD and DD documents are completed
- Components have to be unit tested before the integration testing
- The required driver and stub have already been developed
- database is fully functioned

The application subsystem may not be fully developed at this moment, however the interface between Application tier and Server tier is a must for testing to proceed.

2.2 Elements to be Integrated

The system is divided into 3 subsystems according to the 3 tier architecture we chose in the DD: Application, Server, Database. This document mainly focuses on the integration testing for the Server side. The following components needed to be integrated:

- Guest Application Manager
- User Application Manager
- Car Application Manager
- Database Manager

The above components are the basic low-level components required for higher level functionalities of the system. Besides the components we need to develop by ourselves, some external systems and API are used:

- Google Map API
- Bank Service system

2.3 Integration Testing Strategy

For testing the integration of components, we choose the bottom-up approach. By bottom-up approach, we start by the components which have no dependency of other components and the very fundamental components providing services to all others. In our system, we start from the Database Manager component. The reason behind it is that basically all of our functions need Database Manager. Thus it is natural and easy to begin with it (the bottom level) and add other components step by step.

2.4 Sequence of Component/Function Integration

Basically we have three subsystems in our system: Application side, Server side and Database side. We will focus on the first two subsystem and neglect the last one because we'll use a DBMS from outside.

2.4.1 Software Integration Sequence

(1) Application side The application subsystem is composed of two components: User application and Car application. These two components are parallel and do not have any dependency on each other. The dependency of these two components lie on the Server side. Thus, these two components can be developed separately but can only be tested after the Server side is functional.

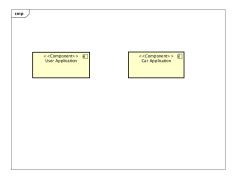


Figure 1: figure Application subsystem

(2) Server side The Server has four components: Database Manager, Guest Application Manager, User Application Manager and Car Application Manager. We'll start from Database Manager and add other components step by step.

• 1 Database Manager

Database Manager is the most basic and fundamental component in our system, thus it will be tested firstly.

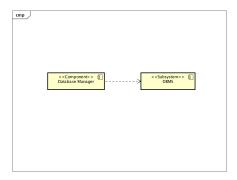


Figure 2: Database Manager

• 2.1 Gust Application Manager

After testing the Database Manager, we'll proceed with our testing procedure with Guest Application Manager which is responsible for user registration and log in. Note the this testing can be proceeded in parallel with the Car Application Manager.

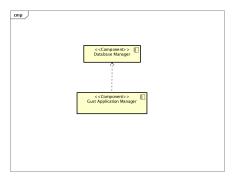


Figure 3: Guest Application Manager

• 2.2 Car Application Manager

Car Application Manager is responsible for managing the car information with database.

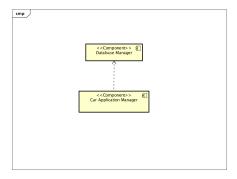


Figure 4: Car Application Manager

• 3 User Application Manager

All the services for the users can only be accessed after performing the log in operation. However User Application Manager and Guest Application Manager do not have dependency on each other. User Application Manager is responsible for rental services. More preciously, getting available cars, making reservations and unlocking the door.

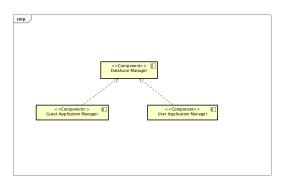


Figure 5: User Application Manager

2.4.2 Subsystem Integration Sequence

After testing the components in the Server and Application sides, we can begin to test the integration of subsystems. Since a full functional requirement needs to operate on all the three subsystems, we integrate them all together.

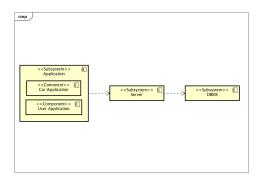


Figure 6: subsystems

Here presents the overall dependency graph for the whole system.

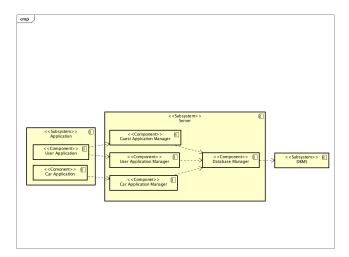


Figure 7: subsystems

3 Individual Steps and Test Description

In this chapter we will provide the description of test of functions that are used in integration of a pair of components, including the brief description of the parts get involved and possible input value and corresponding output value or effect that we expected to get for each function used. The notion (A,B) of the subtitle represents the component A will call component B with the function below it.

3.1 Gust application management system

3.1.1 user application, gust application management

String register(credential)		
input	output value or effect	
Null parameter in some field	A NullArgumentException of corre-	
	spondence field is raised	
Invalid parameter's form in some	An InvalidArgumentValueException	
field	of correspondence field is raised	
Valid parameters	a string will showed to notify the	
	success	
String login(email, password)		
input	output value or effect	
Null parameter in some field	A NullArgumentException of corre-	
	spondence field is raised	
Invalid parameter's form in some	An InvalidArgumentValueException	
field	of correspondence field is raised	
Valid parameters	a string appears to notify the success	

3.1.2 gust application manager, database manager

Boolean register(credential)		
input	output	
A non empty credentials of user	the gust has already registered into	
	database	
Valid credential	The user will actually be registered	
	into database	
String signIn(email,password)		
input	output	
Empty email of user found	An InvalidArgumentValueException	
	is raised	
Invalid password of user	An InvalidArgumentValueException	
	is raised	
Valid information	information of user will send back	

3.2 User application manager system

3.2.1 Client application, User application manager

car[] getCarAvailable(position)		
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
Valid position	return the list of the car available in	
	certain distance.	
void reserve(car,user)		
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
Valid argument of parameters	the reservation will be send to server	

3.2.2 User application manager,database manager

car[] getCarAvailable(location,DISTANCE)		
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
Invalid/no-found/out-coverage posi-	An InvalidArgumentValueExption is	
tion	raised	
Valid parameter	a list of car that respect the con-	
	dition will be extracted from the	
	database	
String setReser	vation(user,car)	
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
the car is still locked by other reser-	An InvalidArgumentValueException	
vation	is raised	
Valid parameter	the reservation will insert into the	
	database and a string to notify the	
	situation	
Reservation[] getListActiveReservation(user,car)		
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
Inexistence reservation with param-	An InvalidArgumentValueException	
eters	is raised	
Valid parameters	a list of reservation still in status	
	of active will be extracted from the	
	database	

String cancelReservation(user,car,reservation)		
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
Inexistence reservation with param-	An InvalidArgumentValueException	
eters	is raised	
Valid parameter	the status of the reservation will be	
	changed into cancelled and a string	
	to nority the situation	

3.3 Car application manager system

3.3.1 User application, car application manager

void openTheDoor(car,user,location)		
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
The location is so far from the car	An InvalidArgumentValueException	
	is raised	
The car is not available for user	An InvalidArgumentValueException	
	is raised	
Valid parameter	the door of the car will be unlocked	

3.3.2 Car application, car application manager

void startRide(user,car,money save option)		
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
Valid parameter	the information will be send to the	
	server	
void endRide(user,car,state)		
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
Valid parameter	the information will be send to the	
	server	

string getCurrentPrice(user,car)		
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
The car is not being renting by user	A InvalidArgumentValueException	
	is raised	
Valid parameter	the current charge will be returned	
	and will be showed on the screen	
void variationCost(state)		
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
The state inexistence	A NullArgumentValueException is	
	raised	
Valid parameter	the variation applied will be man-	
	aged by server	

3.3.3 Car application manager, Car application

void sendMsg(car,string)		
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
The car is not in riding or renting	An InvalidArgumentValueException	
Valid informations	the string will be showed on the	
	screen of the car	

3.3.4 Car application manager, Database manager

$\operatorname{startRide}(\operatorname{user,car})$		
input	output	
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised	
The car is not available for user	An InvalidArgumentValueException	
	is raised	
The user is not rending the car	An InvalidArgumentValueException	
passed as parameter	is raised	
Valid Parameter	the ride will be inserted into the	
	database	

updateRide(user,car,state)	
input	output
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised
Invalid state insert	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
The ride inexistence	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
Valid Parameter	the field of the ride is be updated
	using state
insertC	er(car)
input	output
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised
Invalid car specification	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
The carID already exist	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
Valid parameter	the car is inserted into database
deleteCar(car)	
input	output
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised
The carID inexist	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
Valid parameter	the car is removed from database
insertSafe.	Area(area)
input	output
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised
Invalid area specification	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
The area already exist	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
Valid parameter	the area is inserted into database
deleteSafe.	Area(area)
input	output
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised
The area inexist	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
Valid parameter	the area is removed from database
updateSafeAre	ea(area,status)
input	output
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised
Invalid status	An InvalidArgumentValueException
14	is raised
The area inexist	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
Valid parameter	the area is updated with status

3.4 Intergration with external system

3.4.1 Guest manager&User manager&Car manager , Gmail API

sendMail(email,string)	
input	output
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised
Invalid email	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
The email inexist	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
Valid parameter	the email contain the string is sent
	to user

${\bf 3.4.2}\quad {\bf User\ manager\&Car\ manager\ ,\ Google\ Map}$

double[] findCoordinates(location)	
input	output
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised
Invalid location	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
Valid parameter	return the longitude and latitude of
	the location
Map getMap(location)	
input	output
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised
Invalid/inexistence location	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
Valid parameter	return the map around the location

3.4.3 Car application manager, Bank

payment(user,motive,cost)	
input	output
Null parameter	A NullArgumentException is raised
Invalid motive	An InvalidArgumentValueException
	is raised
No record that user done action be-	An InvalidArgumentValueException
fore	is raised
Valid parameter	the cost will be charge to system ac-
	count

4 Tools and Test Equipment Required

4.1 Tools

With the purpose of using the PowerEnJoy Service more effectively, and ensure each components of this system can work appropriately, we should make a use of some effective and automated testing tools. These testing tools could help us to test the components of the system without rewriting the code and could make the testing easier.

As far as we are concerned, the main business logic component are running in the JEE runtime environment, in this case, we choose two mainly testing tools for the testing.

4.1.1 JUnit

With no doubt, the first one is the JUnit. JUnit is a unit testing framework for the Java programming language. JUnit has a very important development in test-driven field. Nowadays, this tool is primarily devoted to unit test activities, and the people all around the world are more willing to use it in the unit testing. Because it's easy to use, and the user can verify the interactions between components can produce the expected results. There are some characters of the JUnit.

- JUnit is an open source framework for writing and running tests.
- Comments are provided to identify the test method.
- Providing the assertions to test expected results.
- JUnit tests allow you to write code faster and improve quality.
- JUnit elegant and simple. Not so complicated, less time-consuming.
- JUnit tests can run automatically and check their own results and provide immediate feedback. So there is no need to manually sort out the test results of the report.
- JUnit tests can be organized into test suites, including test cases, and even other test kits.
- JUnit displays the progress in a bar. If it works well, it would be green; if it fails, the display would turn red.

4.1.2 Arquillian

There is also another widely used testing tool, called Arquillian integration testing framework. Arquillian is a new test framework which is JUnit-based, and developed by JBoss. The main purpose of this testing tool is to simplify the coding in Java development project, when the developer is working with the integration test and the functional test. Thanks to this testing tool, the integration tests and the functional tests could be as simple as unit tests. Arquillian can be used in the Web container, and it interacts with the container in three main ways.

- 1. Embedded. Arquillian and Web containers run in the same JVM.
- 2. Managed. Arquillian decides when to start, close the Web container to deploy to the container, and run the tests.
- 3. Remote (remote). The developer starts the Web container in advance, Arquillian connects the container and runs the test into the container.

4.2 Test Equipment

As we all know, the accomplishment of the code does not mean the testing is finished. further more, the integration testing activities have to be performed within the specific testing environment.

Since this PowerEnjoy Service should be used in the client side and the backend side, we should define the characteristics of the devices that have to be used in these two sides, and survey whether the performances of these devices are appropriated.

For the client side, the client uses the smartphone to reserve the car and process the requirement. Therefore, for the testing environment, the follow devices are required.

- At least one IOS smartphone, which is running IOS operating system
- At least one Android smartphone, which is running Android operating system.
- At least One Windows smartphone, which is running Window operating system.
- At least one IOS tablet, which is running IOS operating system.

• At least one Windows tablet, which is running Windows operating system.

These testing devices would be used to test both the mobile applications and the Web version of the Web application. it is also should be noted that, the testing devices should be as general as possible. The range of the testing devices selection, should cover the wildest range of the possible configuration.

In fact, for satisfying the most general case, we should consider to survey the smartphone marker. If we want to get the most general testing result, we should use the most widely used devices, in order to better reflect the typical usage scenarios we would encounter in the real operating environment.

As for the backend testing, the business logic component and other components should be deployed in the real framework which would be used in the real business application. In this project, we are going to use some software component, such as:

- The Oracle Database Management System
- The JEE runtime
- Java Application Server

5 Program Stubs and Test Data Required

5.1 Program Stubs and Drivers

In this project, we are going to use a bottom-up approach to compose the components of this service system. Therefore, we also use the bottom-up framework to component the integration and testing.

To finish the testing, we are going to use a number of drivers to drive each component for simulate the real system. What's more, we need the drivers to perform the necessary function for testing.

Here are the list of the drivers which are used in the testing

- Data Access Driver: this module would help the system to retrieve the information in the DBMS, such as the client account, the location of the car. This is the critical component of the testing, since the performance of service system need the interaction of information.
- User Application Manager Driver: this module in charge of helping the User Application Manager to accomplish its work. Such as processing the user requirements, interaction of the database manager and other subcomponents.
- Guest Application Manager Driver: this module would invoke the methods exposed by the Guest Application Manager subcomponent. This module is in charge of testing the interaction of the Guest and Guest Application Manager. What's more, this module would also be helpful to test the interaction of the Guest Application Manager and the Database Manager.
- Car Application Manager Driver: this module would invoke the methods exposed by the Car Application Manager subcomponent. With the help of this module, we can test the function of the Car Application Manager and the interaction between Car Application Manager and other subcomponents.
- Database Manager Driver: this module would invoke the methods exposed by the Database Manager subcomponent. The main purpose of this module is to be used for testing the interaction between Database Manager subcomponent and other subcomponents.

In general, if we build a service system with the bottom-up approach, there is no need to use any stubs in the development period. But in the testing, we could not go ahead without a few stubs.

In fact, the main purpose of these stubs is simulating the real service environment. For example, if we want to test the interaction of User Application Manager and Database Manager, we could use the stub to simulate the function of the Database Manager and accomplish the testing without finishing the whole coding of the Database Manager.

5.2 Test Data

With the purpose of testing the corresponding functions, we should have some specified testing data.

- A list of both valid and invalid candidate guest to test Guest Application Management component. The set should contain instances as the following:
 - Null object
 - Null fields
 - Guest not compliant with the legal format
- A list of both valid and invalid candidate guest to test User Application Management component. The set should contain instances as the following:
 - Null object
 - Null fields
 - Invalid e-mail address
 - Invalid password
- A list of both valid and invalid candidate guest to test Car Application Management component. The set should contain instances as the following:
 - Null object
 - Null fields
 - Location out of the range
- A list of both valid and invalid candidate guest to test Database Management component. The set should contain instances as the following:

- Null object
- Null fields

6 Effort Spent