## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

## 9700 BIOLOGY

9700/53

Paper 5 (Planning, Analysis and Evaluation), maximum raw mark 30

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Mark sche	me abbreviations:	Call
;	separates marking points	Or.
1	alternatives answers for the same point	8
R	reject	ici
Α	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or extra guidance)	On
AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)	
<u>underline</u>	actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted)	

## Mark scheme abbreviations:

max indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given

or reverse argument ora error carried forward ecf

ignore

marking point (with relevant number) mp

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		rk Scheme al AS/A Level – May/June 2015  Extra guidance  accept ref. to contact lenses as opposed to simulated ones  1 A in context of when all gelatin digested away/plastic becomes transparent/AW;
Question	Expected answer	Extra guidance
1 (a)	any 2 from:	accept ref. to contact lenses as opposed to simulated ones
	1 idea of difficult to identify the end point/AW	1 <b>A</b> in context of when all gelatin digested away/plastic becomes transparent/AW;
	2 (because) gel, disappears/falls off/is diges gradually/AW;	sted/AW, 2 <b>A</b> <i>idea that</i> colour fades gradually <b>A</b> <i>idea of</i> non-uniform removal of gelatin
	3 (because) the dye colours the solution/solutiones, cloudy/murky/AW or solution might not be, clear enough/AW	dye colours the water)
(b) (i)	<ul> <li>any 3 from:</li> <li>dilution of, stock solution/1mg/cm³ solution give 100μg/cm³ solution;</li> </ul>	max 2 if no conversion from mg to $\mu$ g  1
	2 ref. to, method of dilution/serial dilution/se dilution/proportional dilution;	ries  2
	3 ref. to correct volume of <b>saline</b> (containing of stock solution to give stated subtilisin cor <b>and</b> a volume of 50 cm <sup>3</sup> ;	
	4 range of 5 concentrations or more stated be 20 μg/cm³ and 100 μg/cm³ (allow 0.02 mg/ 0.1 mg/cm³);	

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		Scheme Syllabus Paper AS/A Level – May/June 2015 9700 53
uestion	Expected answer	Extra guidance
(ii)	solution: boiled (cleaning) solution/ (cleaning/saline) solution without, enzyme/subtilisin A/protease;	Scheme AS/A Level – May/June 2015  Extra guidance  I water alone/immobilised enzyme A denatured/inactive, enzyme A sodium chloride/NaCl (solution) / saline (and EDTA)
	reason: idea that other components of the (cleaning) solutio digest/remove/break down the, gelatin/protein/lay  or  it is the, enzyme/subtilisin A, that, digest/remove/b down the, gelatin/protein/layer;	I ref. to removal of colour A ref. to, other substances/saline/EDTA, having no effect  If water is given as the solution
(c) (i)	independent: concentration of, subtilisin/enzyme (s	I rate/time, of breakdown unqualified I film alone
	dependent: time for, disappearance/breakdown/relAW, of, gelatin/protein/layer/colour (change)	moval/ A time (for simulated lens) to go transparent
	or	
	rate of, disappearance/breakdown/removal/AW, o gelatin/protein/layer/colour;	of, [2]

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	Page 5 Mark Schem Cambridge International AS/A L	ne Syllabus Paper evel – May/June 2015 9700 53
uestion Ex	expected answer	Extra guidance
<ul> <li>(ii) any 6 from:         <ul> <li>independent variable</li> <li>1 ref. to using 10 cm³ of each, enzyme/cleaning solution / AW, concentration in, each pot/all pots;</li> </ul> </li> <li>2 method of measuring volume;</li> <li>dependent variable</li> <li>incubate the, subtilisin/enzyme, solutions to, equilibrate/reach the test temperature (before adding the simulated contact lens);</li> </ul>		A fixed/same, volume of each concentration used/AW  2 e.g. graduated pipette/syringe/measuring cylinder/burette filled to line (on the pot) = mp 1 & 2  3 if incubation time stated minimum value of 2 minutes
4 sta 5	tandardising variables (max 3): ref. to method of keeping incubation temperature, constant/controlled;  idea of standardising the (coloured) gelatin (thickness mass/coverage/distribution); use of, buffer/named buffer, to keep pH constant/to control pH;	<ul> <li>5 e.g. incubator, water-bath, temperature-controlled room.</li> <li>I air conditioning if temperature given must be 35°C</li> </ul>

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	Page 6	Mark Scheme Cambridge International AS/A Leve	el – May/June 2015	Syllabus Paper 9700 53	abac
Question	Expected answe	er	Extra guidance		and
	safety: 9 ref. to, low ris precaution; reliability	k investigation/hazard <b>and</b> suitable safety	wearing, goggles/	nask	Dana Cambr
		num number of replicates and mean ;	mean.	2)/several/many, replicates <b>and</b> identify / remove, anomalies /	[max 6]
(d) (i)	1 axes correct	ly orientated with labels ;		ion of subtilisin A <b>and</b> <i>y</i> -axis, time n/protein/layer / colour/AW, n/breakdown	
	2 axes have u	nits ;	<ul> <li>x-axis μg/cm³</li> <li>A x-axis mg/cm³</li> <li>or if rate mm² s</li> <li>A x-axis mol/dm³</li> <li>I figures on axes</li> </ul>		
	3 line shows of time for gelatin become remove		3 A linear curve A rate plotted aga  rate for gelatin /AW to become removed / 1/min or 1/s or min <sup>-1</sup> or s <sup>-1</sup> or AU	0	
		μg/στι σι μg στι		concentration of subtilisin A μg/cm³ or μg cm⁻³	[3]

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	Page 7 Mark Scher Cambridge International AS/A I	me Syllabus Paper Level – May/June 2015 9700 53	Dac
Question	Expected answer	Extra guidance	all
(ii)	idea of: find the time for the gelatin to disappear (using the cleaning solution) on the y-axis and read the concentration from the x-axis;		[1]
		[Total: 19]	
2 (a)	exposure (and non-exposure) to alcohol, before birth/dupregnancy/prenatal;	ring A in context of baby or mother. R concentration/volume of alcohol I alcohol unqualified	[1]
(b) (i)	sensory conduction: max 1 from  1 pre-natal alcohol exposure/group 1/first group, is faster at 20 days (than no pre-natal exposure) / AW  or  pre-natal alcohol exposure/group 1/first group, is slower at 400 days (than no pre-natal exposure) / AV  ora		
	2 increase in conduction speed for group 1 between 2 and 400 days is less (than that for group 2); <b>ora</b>	2 stated raw speed figures alone are not enough A 'increase over the time period is less'	
	3 In both groups 1 and 2 sensory neurone conduction speed increases with age ;	3 <b>A</b> in terms of increases over, the time period/the age period/from 20 days to 400 days/with the days/ growth/AW	
	motor conduction: max 1 from  4 pre-natal alcohol exposure/group 1/first group, is slower at 20 days (than no pre-natal exposure)/AW ora  or  pre-natal alcohol exposure/group 1/first group, is slower at 400 days (than no pre-natal exposure)/AV ora		

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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	Page 8 Mark Scheme Cambridge International AS/A Level	Syllabus Paper el – May/June 2015 9700 53  Extra guidance  5 raw speed figures must be qualified  6 A in terms of increases over, the time period/the age	
Question	Expected answer	Extra guidance	and
	5 increase in conduction speed between 20 and 400 days is similar for group 1 and group 2;	5 raw speed figures must be qualified	
	6 In both groups 1 and 2 motor neurone conduction speed increases with age ;	6 <b>A</b> in terms of increases over, the time period/the age period/from 20 days to 400 days/with the days/ growth/AW	[max 2]
(b) (ii)	<ul> <li>max 1 from:</li> <li>motor conduction is faster than sensory at 20 days, in group 2/with no pre-natal alcohol exposure ora</li> <li>motor conduction slower than sensory at 400 days, in group 2 / with no pre-natal alcohol exposure; ora</li> <li>sensory conduction is faster than motor at 20 days, in group 1/for pre-natal alcohol exposure ora</li> <li>sensory conduction is slower than motor at 400 days, in group 1/for pre-natal alcohol exposure; ora</li> </ul>	must be idea of the whole nerve / motor and sensory neurones 1 and 2 specific days needed not earlier/later	
	3 (conduction speed) increases with age (of the infant);	3 mp not awarded if mp3 or mp6 given in b (i) A increases over, the time period/the age period/from 20 days to 400 days/with the days/growth/AW	
			[1]

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		Scheme Syllabus Paper AS/A Level – May/June 2015 9700 53	Back
uestion	Expected answer	Extra guidance	and
(c)	most reliable: group 2/no pre-natal alcohol exposure, at 400 days (velocity);	mp not awarded if more than one group selected s, motor	apacambi.
	reason: the standard deviation is, the smallest/(very) small/least/lowest;	<ul><li>A standard deviation, less than 1/0.38</li><li>A less/lower if qualified</li><li>I standard error</li></ul>	[2]
(d) (i)	there is no overlap in the <u>standard deviations</u> ;	I error bars/data/results A descriptions of no overlap, e.g. 'ranges of the standard deviations don't have anything in common'	[1]
(ii)	the data, is continuous/has a normal distribution/accomparing (two) means;	R continuous variable/change is continuous	[1]
(iii)	there is no significant difference between the senso conduction, velocity/speed (of the median nerve), in group 1 (babies)/babies with pre-natal exposure to and, group 2 (babies)/babies with no pre-natal exposure in alcohol;	(of the median nerve), between, group 1 (babies) / babies with pre-natal exposure to alcohol, and, group 2	
		A there is no significant difference between the, sensory conduction velocity/speed (of the median nerve), between the two groups (of babies)	
		I ref. to just nerve conduction – must mention sensory	[1]

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Question	Expected answer	Extra guidance		ambr
(e)	max 2 from: 1 small sample size ;	terms of sample s	not affected'  Its unqualified, but <b>A</b> if explained in size.  Must be qualified	Dana Cambrid
	<ul> <li>groups 1 and 2 of different sizes;</li> <li>different numbers of males and females in each does not include mothers, who drink less that alcohol/who drink alcohol occasionally;</li> </ul>	I stated figures		
	<ul><li>5 does not include the full age range of mother</li><li>6 body mass/weight, of the, mothers/babies;</li></ul>	range of mothers	ers of age 23–25 years/small age	
	7 medication/illegal drugs , taken by mother d pregnancy ;	uring 7 <b>A</b> smoking qualifi	ïed	[may 2]
	8 ethnicity of the, mother/baby;		[Total: 11]	[max 2]