

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International AS & A Level	Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level
CANDIDATE NAME	
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER



COMPUTER SCIENCE

9608/11

Paper 1 Theory Fundamentals

May/June 2015

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

No calculators allowed.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The maximum number of marks is 75.

This document consists of 16 printed pages.



(i)	Convert	the follow	ving bina	ry numbe	er into he	xadecima	al.			TO CAN
				1	0111	000				SC ambrig
(ii)	Convert	the follow	ving dena	ary numb	er into B	CD forma	at.			
					9 7					
										[1]
(iii)	Using tw register:		lement, s	show hov	v the follo	owing de	nary num	nbers cou	ıld be sto	red in an 8-bit
	114									
	- 93									

1

[2]

[Turn over

(c)	Explain the difference between <i>lossless</i> and <i>lossy</i> data compression techniques.
	The Thirty of th
	N &
	[0]

Draw a line to connect **each** mode of addressing to its correct description.

Mode of addressing

direct

immediate

indexed

indirect

relative

Description

www.PapaCambridge.com the operand is the address of the address of the value to be used

the operand is the address of the value to be used

the operand is the offset from the current address where the value to be used is stored

the operand plus the contents of the index register is the address of the value to be used

the operand is the value to be used

[4]

WWW. Dalla

4	(a)	Sen	each of the following situations, name a different sensor that could be used.
		For	each of the following situations, name a different sensor that could be used.
		(i)	air conditioning in an office building
			[1]
		(ii)	maintaining correct growing conditions in a greenhouse
			[1]
		(iii)	detecting an intruder in a building
			[1]
	(b)		sors are used to monitor seismic activity. At the end of each day, all the data are smitted to a central computer. This is hundreds of kilometres away.
		Des stag	cribe one way of ensuring that the integrity of the data is retained during the transmission e.

- 5 (a) Telephone calls can be made by using:
 - conventional telephones (using the Public Service Telephone Network (PSTN) sover a wired network
 - a computer, equipped with speakers and microphone, connected to the Internet

Put a tick (\checkmark) in the correct column to match each description to the appropriate communication method.

Description	Conventional telephone using PSTN	Internet-based system
connection only in use whilst sound is being transmitted		
dedicated channel used between two points for the duration of the call		
connection maintained throughout the telephone call		
encoding schemes and compression technology used		
lines remain active even during a power outage		

(b)	Distinguish between the Internet and the World Wide Web (WWW).					
	es established and the second					
	13					

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[5]

(c)	Nar	ne the hardware device that is being described:
	(i)	A device that transfers data from one network to another in an intelligent way. It task of forwarding data packets to their destination by the most efficient route.
		[1]
	(ii)	A device used between two dissimilar LANs. The device is required to convert data packets from one protocol to another.
		[1]
	(iii)	A device or software that provides a specific function for computers using a network. The most common examples handle printing, file storage and the delivery of web pages.

(a) Name the most suitable input or output device for each of the following uses. 6 Give a different device in each case.

 9 (a) Name the most suitable input or output device for educations Give a different device in each case. 	each of the following uses.	Morida
Description of use	Input or output device	Se. COM
input of credit card number into an online form		
selection of an option at an airport information kiosk		
output of a single high-quality photograph		
output of several hundred high-quality leaflets		
input of a hard copy image into a computer		

			[5]
(b)	All	of the uses in part (a) involve the input or output of data.	
	(i)	Describe two methods of preventing accidental loss of data.	
		1	
		2	
			[2]
	(ii)	Describe one way of ensuring the security of the data against malicious damage.	
			[1]

A system is monitored using sensors. The sensors output binary values corresponding conditions, as shown in the table: Parameter Description of parameter Binary value Description of condition Description of parameter 1					
Parameter	Description of parameter	Binary value	Description of condition	Oe.com	
Р	oil pressure	1	pressure >= 3 bar		
		0	pressure < 3 bar		
T	tomporaturo	1	temperature >= 200°C	ļ	
	temperature	0	temperature < 200°C		
R	rotation	1	rotation <= 1000 revs per minute (rpm)		
, n	rotation	0	rotation > 1000 revs per minute (rpm)		

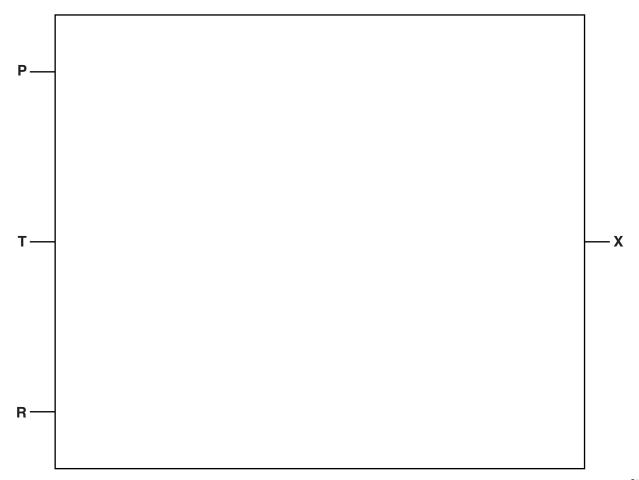
The outputs of the sensors form the inputs to a logic circuit. The output from the circuit, X, is 1 if any of the following three conditions occur:

either oil pressure >= 3 bar and temperature >= 200°C

oil pressure < 3 bar and rotation > 1000 rpm or

temperature >= 200°C and rotation > 1000 rpm or

(a) Draw a logic circuit to represent the above system.



(b) Complete the truth table for this system.

ete th	e truth ta	ble for th	11 is system.	x x
P	Т	R	Workspace	x Viidge
0	0	0		
0	0	1		<u> </u>
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]

(a)	Explain how the width of the data bus and system clock speed affect the computer system.	perfo	no.
	Width of the data bus		13
	Clock speed		
			[3]
(b)	Most computers use Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports to allow the attachm	nent of devices	3 .
	Describe two benefits of using USB ports.		
	1		
	2		
			[2]
(c)	The table shows six stages in the von Neumann fetch-execute cycle.		
	Put the stages into the correct sequence by writing the numbers 1 to 6 column.	in the right l	hand
		Camuanaa	1

Description of stage	Sequence number
the instruction is copied from the Memory Data Register (MDR) and placed in the Current Instruction Register (CIR)	
the instruction is executed	
the instruction is decoded	
the address contained in the Program Counter (PC) is copied to the Memory Address Register (MAR)	
the value in the Program Counter (PC) is incremented so that it points to the next instruction to be fetched	
the instruction is copied from the memory location contained in the Memory Address Register (MAR) and is placed in the Memory Data Register (MDR)	

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Question 9 begins on page 14.

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www.PapaCambridge.com A database has been designed to store data about salespersons and the products the 9

The following facts help to define the structure of the database:

- each salesperson works in a particular shop
- each salesperson has a unique first name
- each shop has one or more salespersons
- each product which is sold is manufactured by one company only
- each salesperson can sell any of the products
- the number of products that each salesperson has sold is recorded

The table ShopSales was the first attempt at designing the database.

FirstName	Shop	ProductName	NoOfProducts	Manufacturer
Nick	ТХ	television set refrigerator digital camera	3 2 6	SKC WP HKC
Sean	ВН	hair dryer electric shaver	1 8	WG BG
John	ТХ	television set mobile phone digital camera toaster	2 8 4 3	SKC ARC HKC GK

(a)	State why the table is not in First Normal Form (1NF).	

SalesPerson (FirstName, Shop)

SalesProducts (FirstName, ProductName, NoOfProducts, Manufacturer)

www.PapaCambridge.com Using the data given in the first attempt table (ShopSales), show how these data are now stored in the revised table designs.

Table: SalesPerson

Table: SalesProducts

FirstName	ProductName	NoOfProducts	Manufacturer
			[0]

[3]

(c)	(i)	A relationship between the two tables has been implemented.	Car
		A relationship between the two tables has been implemented. Explain how this has been done.	Brio
			[2]
	(ii)	Explain why the SalesProducts table is not in Third Normal Form (3NF).	
			[2]
	(iii)	Write the table definitions to give the database in 3NF.	
	. ,		
			[2]

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