

Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
MATHEMATIC	cs		9709/53
Paper 5 Probat	oility & Statistics 1	Oct	ober/November 2020
			1 hour 15 minutes
You must answ	er on the question paper.		
You will need:	List of formulae (MF19)		

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **12** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

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1

	times taken to swim 100 metres by members of a large swimming club have a normal distribution mean 62 seconds and standard deviation 5 seconds.
(a)	Find the probability that a randomly chosen member of the club takes between 56 and 66 seconds to swim 100 metres. [3]
	13% of the members of the club take more than t minutes to swim 100 metres. Find the value
	of t .

An	ordinary fair die is thrown until a 6 is obtained.	
(a)	Find the probability that obtaining a 6 takes more than 8 throws.	[2]
		•••••
		•••••
	o ordinary fair dice are thrown together until a pair of 6s is obtained. The number of enoted by the random variable X .	of throws taker
(b)	Find the expected value of X .	[1]
(c)	Find the probability that obtaining a pair of 6s takes either 10 or 11 throws.	[2]

2

A co	ommittee of 6 people is to be chosen from 9 women and 5 men.
(a)	Find the number of ways in which the 6 people can be chosen if there must be more women than men on the committee. [3]
The	9 women and 5 men include a sister and brother
	9 women and 5 men include a sister and brother. Find the number of ways in which the committee can be chosen if the sister and brother cannot both be on the committee. [3]
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(a)	For a random sample of 7 days, find the probability that the train arrives late on fewer than 3 days [3
A ra	andom sample of 142 days is taken.
b)	Use an approximation to find the probability that the train arrives late on more than 40 days. [5]
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5

	8 letters in the word RESERVED are arranged in a random order. Find the probability that the arrangement has V as the first letter and E as the last letter.
(a)	Find the probability that the arrangement has V as the first letter and E as the last letter. [3]
(b)	Find the probability that the arrangement has both Rs together given that all three Es are together
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(b)	
(b)	
(b)	

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6	Three	coins A.	R	and	C	are	each	thrown	once
v	THICC	coms A,	\boldsymbol{D}	anu	\mathbf{c}	arc	Cacii	unown	once.

•	Coins A and A	B are each	biased so	that the	probability	of obtaining a	head is $\frac{2}{3}$.
-	Combine and		014000	***************************************	procuonity	01 00 1441111119 1	7110000 10 7

• Coin C is biased so that the probability of obtaining a head is $\frac{4}{5}$.

(a)	Show that the probability of obtaining exactly 2 heads and 1 tail is $\frac{4}{9}$.	[3]
		•••••
		•••••
The	random variable X is the number of heads obtained when the three coins are throw	n.
(b)	Draw up the probability distribution table for X .	[3]
		••••••
		••••••
		•••••
		•••••

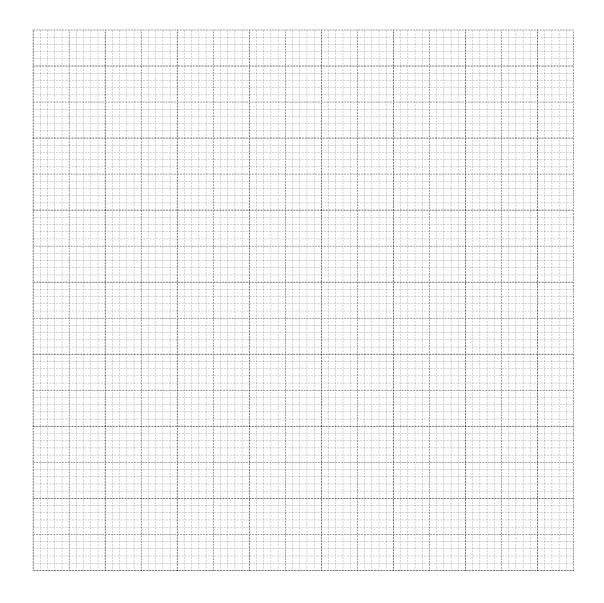
(c)	Given that $E(X) = \frac{32}{15}$, find $Var(X)$. [2]

A particular piece of music was played by 91 pianists and for each pianist, the number of incorrect notes was recorded. The results are summarised in the table.

Number of incorrect notes	1 – 5	6 – 10	11 – 20	21 – 40	41 – 70
Frequency	10	5	26	32	18

(a) Draw a histogram to represent this information.

[5]



(D)	quartile.					
	Hence find the greatest possible value of the interquartile range.	[2]				
(c)	Calculate an estimate for the mean number of incorrect notes.	[3]				
		••••••				
		•••••				
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