

Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
MATHEMATIC	cs		9709/6
Paper 6 Probability & Statistics 2			May/June 202
			1 hour 15 minutes
You must answ	ver on the question paper.		
You will need:	List of formulae (MF19)		

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

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[Turn over

Accidents at two factories occur randomly and independently. On average, the numbers of accidence per month are 3.1 at factory A and 1.7 at factory B .	nts
Find the probability that the total number of accidents in the two factories during a 2-month period more than 3.	l is [4]
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	Find the probability that the mean time taken to complete the test by a random sample of 40 students is less than 123 minutes. [3]
b)	Explain whether it was necessary to use the Central Limit theorem in the solution to part (a). [1]
b)	

[Turn over

Given that $P(X < 5) = \frac{20}{27}$, find $P(3 < X < 5)$.	[2]

100 randomly chosen adults each throw a ball once. The length, l metres, of each throw is recorded.

4

n = 1	$100 \qquad \Sigma l = 382$	$0 \qquad \Sigma l^2 = 182 20$	0	
Calculate a 94% confidence into	erval for the popu	lation mean length	of throws by adults.	[6]
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[Turn over

Use a suitable approximating distribution to find the probability that, in a random sample 10 000 people, at least 1 has the genetic disorder.

(b)) In a random sample of <i>n</i> people, where <i>n</i> is large, the probability that no-one has the genet disorder is more than 0.9.			
	Find the largest possible value of n . [4]			

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$$f(x) = \begin{cases} k(6x - x^2) & 0 \le x \le 6, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

where k is a constant.	
State the value of $E(X)$ and show that $Var(X) = \frac{9}{5}$.	[6]

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7	The N(2	The masses, in kilograms, of large and small sacks of flour have the distributions $N(55,3^2)$ and $N(27,2.5^2)$ respectively.			
	(a)	Some sacks are loaded onto a boat. The maximum load of flour that the boat can carry safely is $340\mathrm{kg}$.			
		Find the probability that the boat can carry safely 3 randomly chosen large sacks of flour and 6 randomly chosen small sacks of flour. [5]			

7

total mass of two randomly chosen small sacks of flour.					
	•••••				

was unif	a certain large school it was found that the proportion of students not wearing correct uniform 0.15. The school sent a letter to parents asking them to ensure that their children wear the correct form. The school now wishes to test whether the proportion not wearing correct uniform has been used.					
(a)	It is suggested that a random sample of the students in Grade 12 should be used for the test.					
	Give a reason why this would not be an appropriate sample. [1]					
	uitable sample of 50 students is selected and the number not wearing correct uniform is noted a figure is used to carry out a test at the 5% significance level.					
(b)	State suitable null and alternative hypotheses. [1]					
(c)	Use a binomial distribution to find the probability of a Type I error. You must justify your answer fully.					

	conclusion of	the test, expla	ining your an	swer.		
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