# Medical Operations Handbook



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This handbook is a compilation of information I have acquired over the years. If some of it looks familiar, you probably saw it in a unit's SOP, from course handouts, in a CALL newsletter, in a battle book, or maybe even in an FM. Whenever I found something that looked like it would be wise to know, I added it into the book. I have tried to keep it concise, so I know there are many other pieces of information out there that would be great to add. The beauty of this book is that it is made to fit into a standard Army Aviation Checklist book so you can add or delete as you see fit. This handbook is not intended to substitute current directives, instructions, or doctrinal publications and there is no official endorsement by any Department of Defense or Department of Army personnel.

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Remember, this book is just a collection of information I liked...it is not to be taken as gospel, only FM's have that distinction. Hope you find it helpful.

CPT Michael W. Smith 70H

### INDEX

7-8

46

47

48

**MEDICAL OPERATIONS Joint Echelons of Care** 

**CASEVAC Planning Factors** 

**Evacuation Platform Capabilities** 

**CASEVAC Planning** 

Joint Echcions of Care	7-0
Echelons of Care/Health Care Principles	9
Army Hospitalization	10
Medical Battlefield Operating Systems	11
Medical Brigade	12
Combat Support Hospital	13
Field Hospital	14
Mobile Army Surgical Hospital	15
Medical Battalion (Evacuation)	16
Medical Company (Ground Ambulance)	17
Medical Company (Air Ambulance)	18
Area Support Medical Battalion	19
Medical Company (DS)	20
Medical Detachment (VS)	21
Medical Detachment (PM)	22
Medical Detachment (CSC)	23
Forward Surgical Team	24
Medical Logistics Battalion (FWD)	25
Main Support Medical Company	26
Forward Support Medical Company	27
Battalion Aid Station	28
MEDCOM SMART Teams	29
USAF Command and Control (AECC/AECE)	30
USAF Transport Teams/SPEARR	31
USAF Liaison Teams/Clinic	32
USAF Staging Facilities	33
USAF Air Transportable Hospital	34
USN Fleet Hospitals	35
USN Medical Assets(Hospital Ships/NEPMU)	36
USN Fleet Surgical Team	37
USN MMART	38
USMC Medical Battalion	39
USMC Dental Assets 40	
Joint Medical Planning Checklist	41-42
CINC AORs	43
CINC Surgeon POCs	44
CASEVAC Checklist	45

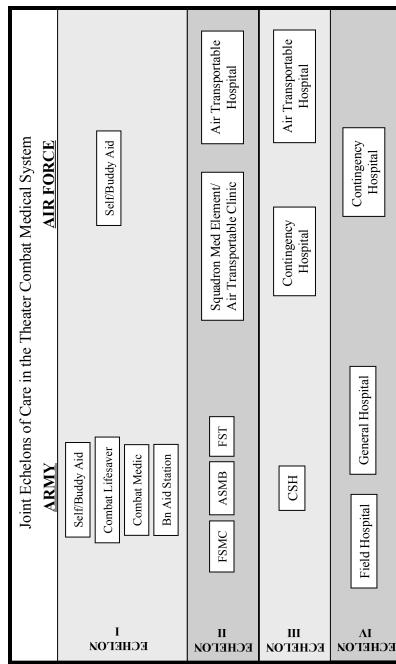
MEDEVAC Request	49
Patient Movement Contacts	50
Health Service Support Estimate	51-53
Medical Planning Checklist	54
CHS Synch Matrix	55
Medical Intelligence Checklist	56
Special Operations CHS Planing	57
CHS To Non-Combatant Evacuation Operations	58
Preventive Medicine Checklist	59
Corps CHS Daily Supply Usage Matrix	60
Medical Logistics (Blood)	61
Combat Lifesaver Bag Packing List	62
Federal Response Plan	63
Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance	64
OFDA Emergency Indicators	65
Medical MOS	66-67
STAFF OPERATIONS	68
Staff Estimate Format	69
Deliberate Decision Making Process	70
Military Decision Making Process	71
Abbreviated Decision Making Process	72
COA Briefing Format	73
Analysis of COA/Wargaming Sequence	74
METT-T Checklist	75
Command Relationships/Support Relationships	76
Battle Information Management	77-78
Liaison Officer Responsibilities	79
Liaison Officer Checklist	80
Rehearsal Checklist	81
Daily Commander's Update	82
Operations Order Format	83-84
Operations Order Annex Sequence	85
BATTLEFIELD OPERATING SYSTEMS	86
Battlefield Operating Systems	87
Fire Support Checklist	88
Call for Fire	89
Target List	90
Enemy Weapon Systems Range	91
Air Defense Warning	92
Intelligence Checklist	93
IPB Templates	94
Information Management	95
NBC Checklist/MOPP Levels	96
NBC-1 Report/Unmasking Procedures	97
Patient Decon/Treatment Site	98
RAMP/ROE Checklist/ROE	99

ADVON/Quartering Party Operations	100
ADVON/Quartering Party Checklist	101
ADVON/Quarters Party Actions/Troop Leading Procedures	102
Tactical Operations Checklist	103-107
Combat Service Support Checklist	108
Classes of Supply/Ground Equipment Records	109
Convoy Operations	110
Command, Control, Communications Checklist	111
Civil Military Operations Center Checklist	112
Radio Troubleshooting/Develop Commo Plan	113
TOC OPERATIONS	114
TOC Functions	115
TOC Lanes	116
TOC OIC Checklist	117
TOC NCOIC Checklist	118
TOC Checklist	119-120
TOC OIC/NCOIC Duties	121
Battle Captain Ruck Packing List	122
TOC Battle Drills	123-124
GRAPHIC REFERENCE DATA	125
Pre-combat Checks/Crew Checklist	126
Two Person Fighting Position	127
Triple Strand Concertina	128
Range Card	129
Sector Sketch	130
Risk Assessment	131-132
Aircraft Information	133-136
Conversion Matrix	137
References	138

## MEDICAL OPERATIONS

The object of war is not to die for your country but to make the other bastard die for his.

**George Patton** 



7

Civilian Hospitals (NDMS)

Veterans Hospitals

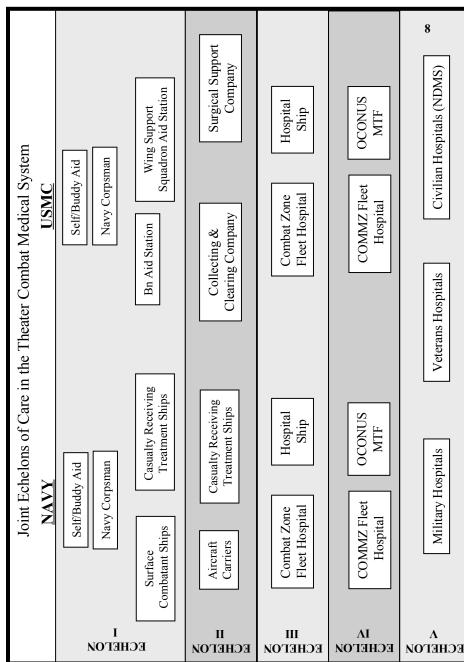
Military Hospitals

Л ЕСНЕГОИ

Hospital

General Hospital

Field Hospital



### HEALTH CARE DOCTRINE

### **Echelons of Health Care:**

<u>Echelon I</u>: Immediate lifesaving measures, disease and non-battle injury prevention, combat stress control preventive measures, casualty collection, evacuation from supported units to supporting medical treatment, treatment provided by designated individuals or treatment squad.

Echelon II: Care is administered at an HSS organization by a team of physicians or physician assistants, supported by appropriate medical technical or nursing staff.

<u>Echelon III</u>: Care administered requires clinical capabilities normally found in a medical treatment facility (MTF).

<u>Echelon IV</u>: Care is not only a surgical capability as provided in Echelon III, but also further definitive therapy for patients in the recovery phase.

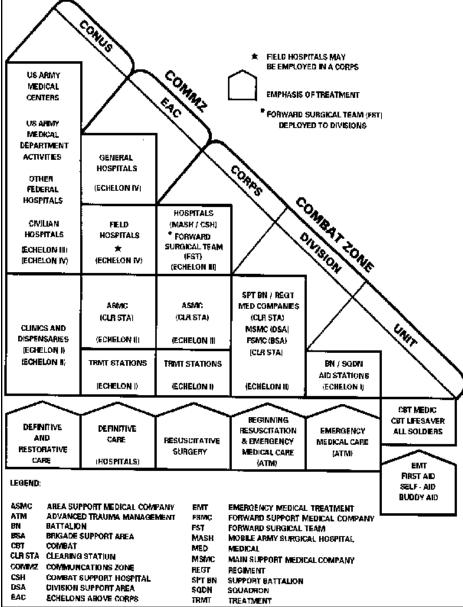
<u>Echelon V</u>: Care is convalescent, restorative, and rehabilitative and is normally provided by military, Department of Veterans Affairs, or civilian hospitals in CONUS.

### **HEALTH CARE PRINCIPLES**

Conformity Mobility
Proximity Continuity

**Coordination** Flexibility

## ARMY HOSPITALIZATION<sup>10</sup>



**Command Control and Communication** 

Hospitalization and Surgery Preventive Medicine

Votovinowy Cowyioos

**Veterinary Services** 

Laboratory

Blood

**Dental Services** 

**Health Service Logistics** 

**Combat Stress Control** 

**Patient Evacuation and Regulation** 

Area Medical Support

### Medical Brigade

**Personnel**: 64 (HHD only)

Mobility: 50%

**BOA**: One Per Corps

Components: CSH/ASMB/EVAC Bn/FSTs/CSC Det/Med Co

(DS)/Med Det (VS)/PM Dets

**MISSION**: Provides command and control for assigned or attached Corps level medical units.

### **CAPABILITIES:**

- 1. Tasks organizes medical assets on the battlefield.
- 2. Plans HSS operations
- 3. Oversees logistical operations for the group's units
- 4. Serves as radio control net for group units
- 5. Performs medical regulation between group units
- 6. Coordinates external support for group units

### **COMPONENTS:**

HHD Internal Admin/Supply/Maint Support

S-1 Group Personnel Actions

S-2/3 Ops, Planning, NBC, MRO, Security,

Intell, Training, TOC Operations

S-4 Property Accountability, Group Supply

Operations, Medical Resupply,

Transportation Support, Maintenance

Tracking, ALOC Operations

S-6 Group Communications

CN Nursing Education, Professional Svcs

Chap Unit Ministry Team Operations

### Combat Support Hospital

Personnel: 606

**Mobility**: 15% (without patients)

**BOA**: 100% of projected beds in CZ

Components: 1 Hospital Unit Base (HUB)

1 Hospital Unit Surgical (HUS)

**MISSION**: Provide hospitalization, resuscitative surgery, and acute care to all categories of patients within the combat zone.

### CAPACITY: 296 Beds

BREAKDOWN OF BEDS:

Type of Ward	#	Beds
Intensive Nursing Care	8	96
Intermed Nursing Care	7	140
Neuro-Psych Care	1	20
Minimal Care	1	40

### **SURGICAL CAPABILITIES:**

<u>MODULE</u>	# O/R TABLES	<u>SURG HOURS PER DAY</u>
HUB	4	48
HUS	4	96

#### ADDITIONAL CAPABILITIES:

Pharmacy, Laboratory, Blood Bank, Radiology, Nutrition Care Services, Physical Therapy, Dental Treatment to Staff and Patients, Oral Surgery Support on Area Basis

### TERRAIN REQUIREMENTS: 450m x 300m

Near MSR, Well-drained Terrain, Helipad

< 10% Grade in Terrain

### Field Hospital

Personnel.

428

Mobility:

35% (without patients)

BOA:

Two per division

**Components**: 1 Hospital Unit Base (HUB)

1 Hospital Unit Holding (HUH)

MISSION: Provides hospitalization for general classes of patients for reconditioning and rehabilitating services for those patients who can return to duty within the theater evacuation policy.

### CAPACITY: 504 Beds

#### **BREAKDOWN OF BEDS:**

Type of Ward	#	Beds	
Intensive Nursing Care	2	24	
Intermed Nursing Care	7	140	
Neuro-Psych Care	1	20	
Minimal Care	2	40	
Patient Spt Sections	7	280	

#### SURGICAL CAPABILITIES:

<u>MODULE</u>	# O/R TABLES	<u>SURG HOURS PER DAY</u>
HUB	2	24

### ADDITIONAL CAPABILITIES:

Pharmacy, Laboratory, Blood Bank, Radiology, Nutrition Care Services, Physical & Occupational Therapy, Dental Treatment to Staff and Patients, Oral Surgery Support on Area Basis

### TERRAIN REQUIREMENTS: 375m x 375m (20acres)

Near MSR, Well-drained Terrain, Helipad

< 10% Grade in Terrain

### Mobile Army Surgical Hospital<sup>15</sup>

Personnel: 131

**Mobility**: 100% (without patients)

**BOA**: 2 per Corps

**Components**: 1 Hospital Unit, Surgical Main Base (HUSM)

1 Hospital Unit, Surgical Forward (HUSF)

MISSION: Provides hospitalization for patients requiring

resuscitative surgical care and stabilization for further evacuation to other hospitals.

evacuation policy.

#### **CAPACITY**: 30 Beds

### BREAKDOWN OF BEDS:

Type of Ward	#Beds
HUSM (Acute Nursing Care)	20
HUSF (Acute Nursing Care)	10

#### SURGICAL CAPABILITIES:

<u>MODULE</u>	# O/R TABLES	SURG HOURS PER DAY
HUSM	2	40
HUSF	1	20

#### **ADDITIONAL CAPABILITIES:**

Pharmacy, Laboratory, Radiology, Blood, Central Material Services, Nutrition Care Services

### TERRAIN REQUIREMENTS: 250m x 150m

Near MSR, Well-drained Terrain, Helipad

< 10% Grade in Terrain

### Medical Battalion (Evacuation)<sup>1</sup>

Personnel: 47 Mobility: 80%

BOA: One Bn per every 3 to 7 evac companies

Components: Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment

3 x Air Ambulance Companies (15 x UH-60) 1 x Ground Ambulance Company (40 x M997)

MISSION: Provides command and control of all air and ground

medevac units within the TO.

#### **CAPABILITIES:**

- 1. C2 of operations, training, and administration of all ground and air ambulance companies
- 2. Staff and technical supervision of aviation operation, safety, unit maintenance with the air ambulance companies
- 3. Coordination of medevac operations and communication functions on a 24 hour, two-shift basis
- 4. Medical supply support to attached units
- 5. Level I CHS and aviation medicine

### Medical Company (Ground Amb)

Personnel: 117 Mobility: 85%

**BOA**: One per division supported in CZ

Components: Headquarters Platoon

4 x Ground Ambulance Platoons

**MISSION**: Provides ground evacuation of patients within the theater of operations.

#### CAPABILITIES:

- 1. Provides 40 HMMWV 4xLitter ambulances with a single lift capability of 160 litter or 320 ambulatory patients.
- 2. Conducts ground evacuation from divisional medical companies to combat zone hospitals.
- 3. Reinforces/reconstitutes/replaces forward deployed medical evacuation assets.
- 4. Transfers patients among hospitals, MASFs, railheads, seaports in both Corps AO and COMMZ.
- 5. Provides emergency transportation of medical personnel/equipment/supplies.

### **KEY EQUIPMENT:**

40 x M998 HMMWV Ambulances (4 x Litter)

### Medical Company (Air Amb)

**Personnel**: 130

Mobility: 100% (without patients)
BOA: One per division supported

**MISSION**: Provides aeromedical evacuation and support within the theater of operations. ground evacuation of patients within the theater of operations.

#### CAPABILITIES:

- 1. Provides movement of patients between hospitals, ASF's, hospital ships and casualty receiving/treatment ships, seaports, and railheads within the Corps and Communications Zone.
- 2. Emergency movement of medical personnel/equipment/supplies.
- 3. Combat search and rescue operations as directed.
- 4. Air crash rescue support.
- 5. Provides enroute medical care for patients.

### **KEY EQUIPMENT:**

15 x UH-60 Air Ambulances

### Area Support Medical Battalion

345 Personnel: **Mobility**:

100%

BOA:

.018 per 1,000 non divisional troops **Components**: Headquarters and Support Company

> 3 Area Support Medical Companies; consisting of a treatment platoon and evacuation platoon with 8

ground ambulances

**MISSION**: To provide Level I and II CHS in its area of operations.

**CAPACITY**: Each company maintains a 40 bed minimal care patient holding ward for up to 72 hours.

#### ADDITIONAL CAPABILITIES:

Reinforce/reconstitute Level I & II elements, provide ground ambulance evacuation, provide Class VIII support and med maint support, provide PLX support at level II, provide emergency dental support, provide limited mental health spt, provide PM consultation, provide level I support to units in AO without organic med assets, provide daily sick call.

### Medical Company (DS)

Personnel: 59 Mobility: 50%

**BOA**: One unit per every 20,000 troops supported

**Assigned To:** Medical Battalion (DS)

MISSION: Emergency, sustaining, and maintaining dental service.

#### **DENTAL CAPABILITIES:**

- 1. Base dental treatment providing maintaining care for 20,000 troops on an area basis or sustaining care for 30,000 troops on an area basis.
- 2. Dental modules to reinforce or reconstitute Level II dental modules.
- 3. Augment advanced trauma management during MASCAL situations.

### Medical Detachment (VS)

Personnel: 48 Mobility: 100%

**BOA**: One unit per every 70,000 troops in CZ

**Assigned To:** Medical Group

**MISSION**: Provide veterinary services for all branches of the uniformed services throughout the TO.

#### VETERINARY CAPABILITIES:

- 1. Provide C2 of all vet functions within the AOC.
- 2. Provide six 100% mobile vet service support squads which can operate independently.
- 3. Provide inspection services for commercial food sources and all government food facilities.
- 4. Monitor and evaluate environmental and zoonotic diseases and food safety data.
- 5. Provide limited vet care for government owned animals and civic-action programs.
- 6. Coordinate vet support with host nation public health officials.

### Medical Detachment (PM)

Personnel: 11 Mobility: 100%

**BOA**: One unit per every 22,500 troops

**Assigned To:** Medical Group

**MISSION**: Provide preventive medical support and consultation in the areas of disease and disease nonbattle injury prevention, field sanitation, sanitary engineering, and epidemiology.

#### **DETACHMENT CAPABILITIES:**

- 1. Can divide detachment into three (3) forward deployable teams.
- 2. Provides services and consultation to minimize the effects of vector-borne diseases, enteric diseases, environmental injuries.

### **KEY EQUIPMENT:**

Medical Laboratory Set

Entomological Collecting Field Kit

Industrial Hygiene Survey Set

Water Quality and Analysis Set, Purification

Water Quality Analysis Set, PM

Water Testing Set, Bacteriological

Backpack Sprayer (3 each)

Sprayer Insecticide, Manual, 2 Gallon (3 each)

Sprayer Insecticide, DC (3 each)

### Medical Detachment (CSC)

Personnel: 24 Mobility: 100%

700/0

**BOA**: One unit per division

**Assigned To:** Medical Group

**MISSION**: Provide combat stress control services, to include consultation, reconstitution, neuropsychiatric triage, stabilization, and restoration.

#### DETACHMENT CAPABILITIES:

- Provides command consultation and outreach briefings, to include unit command climate surveys and critical event debriefings.
- 2. Provides mental health support for the integration of a newly reconstituted unit or the reconstitution of combat stress casualties in their unit.
- 3. Provide outpatient mental health services.
- 4. Provide intensive treatment for combat stress casualties not requiring medical evacuation, but not responding to prevention team treatment at unit level

### **TEAM CONFIGURATION:**

Detachments deploy three (3) prevention and one (1) restoration teams forward to the supported division.

### Forward Surgical Team

Personnel: 20 Mobility: 100%

**BOA**: One unit per maneuver brigade/armored cav regiment

**Assigned To:** Medical Group

MISSION: Provide a rapidly deployable, resuscitative surgical service

within the division area of operations.

#### **FST CAPABILITIES:**

1. Provide life and limb saving surgery far forward on the battlefield.

- 2. Uses minimal strategic lift.
- 3. Task organize for echeloned moves.
- 4. Self sustaining for power generation.
- 5. Interface to other CHS modules.
- 6. Provide augmentation to CSH surgical capabilities when not deployed forward.

### PERSONNEL:

1. 3x61J	General Surgeon
2. 1x61M	Ortho Surgeon
3. 1x66H8A	Critical Care Nurse
4. 2x66F	Nurse Anesthetist
5. 1x66E	OR Nurse

6. 1x66H Med-Surg Nurse

7. 1x70B Health Svc Administrator

8. 4x91B EMT NCO 9. 3x91C3 Practical Nurse

10. 3x91D OR NCO

### Medical Logistics Battalion (FWD)

Personnel: 226

**Mobility**: HHD: 63%/Log Spt Co: 53%/Dist Co 88%/Med Det 75%

BOA: One per corps or three division sized elements.

Assigned To: Medical Brigade

**MISSION**: Provides class VIII supplies, optical fabrication, medical equipment maintenance support, and blood storage and distribution to divisional units operating in the supported corps.

### MED LOG BN CAPABILITIES:

- 1. Provides class VIII supply, optical fabrication, med equip maint to a maximum force of 160,252 soldiers.
- 3. Log Spt Co receives, classifies, issues 148.6 STON of Class VIII daily, stores up to 1,486 STON of Class VIII, provides DS med maint, coordinates Class VIII distribution, coordinate emergency Class VIII resupply using aeromedical and ground evacuation assets.
- 4. Distribution Co receives, classifies, issues 103.2 STON of Class VIII daily, can provide support forward with two organic forward support platoons, provides mobile support teams capable of delivering unit-level med maint, provides DS med maint, coordinates Class VIII resupply.
- 5. Med Log Spt Det augments the unit with Class VIII, optical fabrication, and med maint spt. Receives, classifies, and issues Class VIII.

#### **KEY EQUIPMENT:**

- 7 x 4,000lb forklifts
- 7 x 6,000lb forklifts
- 4 x 10,000lb forklifts

### Main Support Medical Company<sup>26</sup>

Personnel: 114 Mobility: 100%

**BOA**: One per division, operates in DSA **Assigned To:** Forward Support Battalion, DISCOM

**MISSION**: Provide Echelon I & II HSS to units operating in the division support area (DSA) and to provide reinforcement/reconstitution of supported FSMC elements.

#### MSMC CAPABILITIES:

- 1. Provide triage, initial resuscitation, and stabilization.
- 2. Prepares sick/injured/wounded patients for further evacuation.
- 3. Performs emergency/sustaining dental care and limited preventive dentistry.
- 4. Provides limited medical laboratory and radiology services.
- 5. Provides patient holding, up to 40 patients who will return to duty with 72 hours.
- 6. Reconstitutes/Reinforces FSMC's.
- 7. Provides ground ambulance support to units within the DSA.
- 8. Provides mental health support (limited psychiatric care) to combat stress casualties, evaluates effects of battle fatigue, operates the division mental health program.
- 9. Provides preventive medicine services to division units.
- 10. Provides optometry support, to include routine eye examinations, emergency treatment for eye injuries, and fabricates/repairs single-vision lens devices.
- 11. Operates the Division Medical Supply Office (DMSO), procuring/storing/distributing medical supplies for the division and performs maintenance on biomedical equipment.

### Forward Support Medical Company

Personnel: 64 Mobility: 100%

**BOA**: One per FSB, operates in BSA

Assigned To: Forward Support Battalion, DISCOM

**MISSION**: Provide Echelon II HSS for organic and attached brigade elements and other units operating in the Brigade Support Area.

#### **FSMC CAPABILITIES:**

- 1. Provide triage, initial resuscitation, and stabilization.
- 2. Prepares sick/injured/wounded patients for evacuation.
- 3. Performs emergency/sustaining dental care and limited preventive dentistry.
- 4. Provides limited medical laboratory and radiology services.
- 5. Provides patient holding, up to 40 patients who will return to duty with 72 hours.
- 6. Provides ground ambulance support from BAS to FSMC an to units within the BSA.
  - 7. Reconstitutes/Reinforces Battalion Aid Stations.

#### **ORGANIZATION:**

Company HQ

Treatment Platoon

Plt HQ

Treatment Squad x 2

Area Support Section (Area Treatment/Pt Holding/Area Support)

Ambulance Platoon

Platoon HQ

Wheeled Ambulance Sqd

Tracked Ambulance Sqd (Heavy/Cav Division Only)

### **Battalion Aid Station**

Personnel: 40 Mobility: 100%

**BOA**: One unit per maneuver battalion

Assigned To: Battalion

MISSION: Provide Echelon 1 HSS to assigned battalion and attached sliceelements

#### BAS CAPABILITIES:

- 1. Prevention of disease and illness through applied preventive medicine programs.
- 2. Acquisition and immediate treatment of the sick/injured/wounded.
- 3. Clinical stabilization of the critically injured or wounded.
- 4. Provision of routine medical care (sick call) and the immediate return to duty of soldiers fit to fight.

#### **ORGANIZATION:**

Headquarters Section Treatment Squad (A & B) Ambulance Section Combat Medic Section (Line Medics)

Mechanized Infantry/Armor: 8 x M113 Armored Ambulances

Light Infantry/Airborne: 8 x M997/998 HMMWV Ambulances

### **MEDCOM SMART Teams**

**Personnel**: Mission Driven

Mobility: 100%

Assigned To: US Army Medical Command, Each Regional Medical

Command sponsors selected teams.

MISSION: Provide short duration, medical augmentation to regional domestic, Federal and Defense agencies responding to disaster, civil-military cooperative action, humanitarian and emergency incidents.

#### **SMART TM CAPABILITIES:**

- 1. Deploys within 12 hours of receipt of Warning Order
- 2. Provides technical assistance in area of specialty
- 3. Assists in determining follow on support requirements
- 4. Assists in transition of operations to follow on units or local civil authorities

#### **COMPONENTS:**

SMART-TCC (Trauma/Critical Care)

SMART-NBC (Nuclear/Chemical/Biological)

SMART-SM (Stress Management)

SMART-MC3T (Med Command/Control/Comms/Telemedicine)

SMART-PM (Preventive Medicine/Surveillance)

SMART-B (Burn)

SMART-V (Veterinary)

SMART-HS (Health Systems Assessment and Assistance)

### USAF Command and Control<sup>30</sup>

### **Aeromedical Evacuation Coordination Center**

**MISSION**: Serves as the operations center where overall planning, coordinating, and directing of AE operations are accomplished.

#### **CAPABILITIES:**

- 1. Advises the senior airlift commander on AE issues
- 2. Coordinates the selection and scheduling of theater airlift aircraft allocated for AE mission
- 3. Monitors AE crews
- 4. Coordinates special medical equipment/supplies
- 5. Maintains statistical data/provides reports
- 6. Monitors resupply for subordinate AE units
- 7. Monitors field equipment maintenance
- 8. Serves as the HF radio net control station
- 1 x Flight Surgeon on 100% Tactical/80% Strategic
- 2 x Nurses
- 3 x Aeromedical Technicians

### **Aeromedical Evacuation Control Element**

**MISSION**: Serves as the functional manager for AE operations at a specific airfield.

### **CAPABILITIES:**

- Supervises ground handling and on/off loading of patients
- 2. Manages special equipment requirement tracking
- 3. Arranges for casualty in-flight feeding
- 4. Coordinates mission prep, to include aircraft configuration.
- 5. Maintains comms between AECC, ASF, and MTFs

### **USAF** Transport Teams

### Aeromedical Evacuation Teams

Personnel: 5 Mobility: 100%
Assigned To: USAE Aeromedical Evacuation Squadro

**Assigned To:** USAF Aeromedical Evacuation Squadron

**Mission**: Provide in-flight supportive nursing care, 1 per 50 patients. Ensures aircraft is properly configured and loaded for aeromedical evacuation.

**Personnel:** 1 x Flight Surgeon on 100% Tactical/ 80% Strategic

2 x Nurses

3 x Aeromedical Technicians

### Critical Care Transport Teams

Personnel: 3 Mobility: 100%

**Assigned To:** USAF Medical Group

**Mission**: Augments the traditional aeromedical evacuation team. Enhances in-flight capability without depleting forward medical

resources.

**Personnel:** 1 x Critical Care Physician

1 x Critical Care Nurse 1 x Respiratory Technician

## Small Portable Expeditionary Aeromedical Rapid Response (SPEARR)

**Personnel**: 10 **Mobility**: 100%

**Assigned To:** USAF Medical Group

**Mission**: Enhance global health by providing force health protection for up to 500 contingency/disaster support personnel or a 500 population at risk for initial period of 5 to 7 days.

**Scope of Care:** Initial disaster medical assessment, public health/preventive medicine, emergency/flight/primary medicine, emergency surgery/critical care, patient transport preparation,

communications

### USAF Liaison Teams/Clinic<sup>32</sup>

### Aeromedical Evacuation Liaison Team

**MISSION**: Provides a direct HF radio communications link and immediate coordination between the user service requesting aeromedical evacuation and the AECC.

### **CAPABILITIES:**

- Coordinates casualty movement requests and movement activities between the AECC and the user service.
- 2. Determines the time factors involved for the user service to transport patients to the designated staging facility.
- Determines requirements for special equipment and/or medical attendants to accompany casualties during flight.

### **PERSONNEL:**

2 x MSC's

1 x Nurse

3 x RTO's

### Air Transportable Clinic

**Mobility**: 100%, 1 463L Pallet, 2.1 short tons

**Assigned To:** Line Squadron

**MISSION**: Provides Echelon II outpatient medical support and ATLS support for 300-500 personnel assigned to line squadron.

#### **PERSONNEL:**

1 x Flight Surgeon

1 x General Practitioner

3 x Aeromedical Technicians

### **USAF Staging Facilities**

### Aeromedical Staging Facility

**Mobility**: Non-Mobile, Fixed Facility

**Location:** Located on or near an enplaning/deplaning airbase or

airstrip. Strategic Aeromedical Evacuation.

#### CAPABILITIES:

- 1. 50 to 250 bed holding facility
- 2. Has physicians assigned.
- 3. Can hold patients for up to 24 hours.
- 4. Provides patient reception, administrative processing, ground transportation, feeding, and limited medical care for patients entering, en route to, or departing the aeromedical evacuation system.

### Mobile Aeromedical Staging Facility

Assigned To: OPCON to AECC or AECE

**Mobility**: Mobile and Tactical

**Location:** Near runways/taxiways of forward airfields or operating

bases. Tactical Aeromedical Evacuation.

#### CAPABILITIES:

- 1. 25-50 beds, 4-6 hour holding capability
- 2. Staffed by flight nurses/AE technicians, and RTOs
- 3. Notifies AECC when AE aircraft has departed.
- 4. Prepares patient manifests
- 5. Assist in configuring aircraft for patients.

### USAF Elements Do Not Exchange Blankets and Litters!

### USAF Air Transportable Assets

### Air Transportable Hospital

**MISSION**: Provides triage, trauma/DNBI casualty management, resuscitative, pharmacy, lab, x-ray, general and ortho surgical stabilization, medical/dental in and out patient care, basic psychiatric services, and evacuation preparation for forward locations.

#### **PACKAGES:**

<u>1st Increment</u> (Coronet Bandage)

Personnel: 9xMC/9xNC/2xMS/17xMed Techs

Operating Rooms: 1 Beds: 1xICU/2xIntermediate/7xMinimal

Mobility: 0%, No organic lift

Transportation Requirements: 2xC-141 or 2 x C17

Set Up Time: 24hrs Site Requirements: 26,000sq feet

#### 2nd Increment

Personnel: 12xMC/16xNC/2xMS/21xMed Techs

Operating Rooms: 2 Beds: 2xICU/3xIntermediate/20xMinimal

Mobility: 0%, No organic lift

Transportation Requirements: 6xC-141 or 5 x C17 (8 for total package)
Set Up Time: 24hrs Site Requirements: 40,000sq feet

### 3rd Increment

Personnel: 12xMC/21xNC/2xMS/33xMed Techs

Operating Rooms: 4 Beds: 4xICU/6xIntermediate/40xMinimal

Mobility: 0%, No organic lift

Transportation Requirements: 2xC-141 or 6 x C17 (10 for total package)
Set Up Time: 24hrs
Site Requirements: 50,000sq feet

#### **AUGMENTATION PACKAGES:**

Patient Retrieval Team: 4xAmbulances/13 Medical Technicians

Patient Decon Team: 19 x Medical Technicians

Remember, packages above can deploy in increments or as an entire entity.

### US Navy Fleet Hospitals

### Navy Fleet Hospital

#### 500 Bed Combat Zone

Mission: Provide full resuscitation and emergency surgery for acutely

wounded patients in the rear of a combat zone.

**Operating Rooms:** 3 **Beds:** 80xICU/420xAcute Care

Personnel: 62xMC/156xNC/28xMS/477xCorpsmen/4xDC/10xDental

Techs/232xNon-Med Enlisted

**Set Up Time:** 8-10 Days **Land Requirements:** 28 Acres

**Ancillary Capabilities:** Lab, X-ray, Pharmacy

### 500 Bed Combat Zone, MPF (E)

**Mission**: Provides a capability prepositioned for full resuscitation and emergency surgery for acutely wounded patients in rear of combat zone.

Operating Rooms: 3 (6 tables) Beds: 80xICU

**Personnel:** 62xMC/156xNC/28xMS/477xCorpsmen/4xDC/10xDental

Techs/232xNon-Med Enlisted

**Set Up Time:** 8-10 Days **Land Requirements:** 28 Acres

Ancillary Capabilities: Lab, X-ray, Pharmacy

These units are embarked on MPS shipping, forward deployed and configured for immediate use in contingency.

### Naval Expeditionary Medical Support System (NEMSS)

**Mission:** Provide full resuscitation and emergency surgery for acutely wounded patients in the rear of a combat zone.

Operating Rooms: 1 **Beds:** 5-20xICU/0-96xWard

**Personnel:** 23xMC/33xNC/12xMS/135xCorpsmen/2xDC/2xDental

Techs/49xNon-Med Enlisted

**Set Up Time:** 2 Days **Land Requirements:** 2 Acres

### **US Navy Medical Assets**

### **Hospital Ships (T-AHs)**

**Mission:** Provide a mobile and flexible, rapidly responsive, acute care medical capability in support of amphibious and naval forces, disaster, and humanitarian relief operations.

**Operating Rooms:** 12 **Beds:** 100xICU/400xInt.Care/500xMin Care **Personnel:** 66xMC/168xNC/20xMS/687xCorpsmen/4xDC/11xDental

Techs/244xNon-Med Enlisted

**Inventory:** 2\* Land Requirements: 28 Acres

Ancillary Capabilities: Lab, X-ray, Pharmacy, CAT Scanner, Blood

Storage

\*USNS MERCY (T-AH-19) USNS COMFORT (T-AH-20)

### Naval Environmental & Preventive Medicine Unit

Mission: Provide specialized consultation, advice,

recommendations, and technical services in matters of environmental health, preventive medicine, an occupational safety to Navy and Marine Corps shore activities and units of the operational forces in designated area of

responsibility.

**Services:** Entomology, Environmental Health,

Epidemiology, Industrial Hygiene, Consolidated

Industrial Hygiene Laboratory

**Unit Locations:** 

NEPMU-2 (Norfolk, VA)
NEPMU-5 (San Diego, CA)
NEPMU-6 (Pearl Harbor, HI)
NEPMU-7 (Sigonella, Italy)
DVECC (Jacksonville, FL)
DVECC (Bangor, WA)

# **US Navy Medical Assets**

# Fleet Surgical Team

**Mission:** Provide Echelon II level surgical support to amphibious

operations.

**Inventory:** 9 **Composition:** 

1 x OIC/Cdr, Amphib Task Force Surgeon

1 x General Surgeon

1 x FP/IM/ER/PED

1 x Anesthetist/CRNA

1 x Perioperative Nurse

1 x Charge Nurse

1 x Medical Regulator/AO

1 x General Duty HM

4 x OR Techs

2 x Advanced Lab Tech

1 x Respiratory Therapy Tech

# **US Navy Medical Assets**

# **Mobile Medical Augmentation Readiness Teams (MMART)**

Provide rapid short term (less than 180 days) medical augmentation for peacetime contingency operations and lesser regional conflicts.

# **Surgical Support Team:**

<u>Surgical Unit:</u> 1xGenSurg, 1xAnes.Provider, 1xPerioperative Nurse, 1x OR Tech, 1xAdvanced Hospital Corpsman <u>Surgical Support Unit:</u> 1xMedOfficer, 1xMed/Surg Nurse, 4xGenSvc Corpsman

Ancillary Support Unit: 1xMedTech, 2xAdvanced Lab Tech, 1x Advanced X-ray Tech, 1x Respiratory Tech

# **Specialist Support Team:**

1xNeurosurgeon, 1xNeurologist, 1xOrthoSurg, 1xOrthoTech, 1xOtolaryngologist, 1xOtolaryngealTech, 1xThoracicSurg, 1xOpthamologist, 1xOcularTech, 1xOralSurg, 1xDental Tech

# **Humanitarian Support Team (HST):**

1xObstetrician, 1xPediatrician, 1xFamily Practitioner, 1xFamily Nurse Practitioner, 1xMed/Surg Nurse, 1xMatern/Child Health Nurse, 1xStaff Nurse (Med/Surg), 1xStaff Nurse (Amb. Care), 1xIndependent Duty Corpsman, 8xGen Svc Corpsman

# **Medical Regulating Team:**

1xMed Reg Officer, 1 x Chief Hospital Corpsman, 2xGen Svc Corpsman

## **Preventive Medicine Team:**

1xEpidemiologist, 1xEnv Health Off, 1xEntomologist, 1xMicrobiologist, 1xIndustrial Hygiene Off, 1xLabTech, 1xPM Tech

# **Special Psychiatric Rapid Intervention Team (SPRINT):**

1xPsychiatrist, 1xPsychologist, 1xPsych Nurse, 1xPsych Tech, 1xChaplain, 1xSocial Worker

# **USMC** Medical Battalion

**Personnel**: 214 Officers/757 Enlisted

Mobility: 100%

**BOA**: One per Force Service Support Group

**Assigned To:** Force Service Support Group

MISSION: Provide Echelon II medical support to a Marine

Expeditionary Force (MEF).

#### **COMMAND AND CONTROL:**

Commanding officer reports to the Commanding General of the Force Service Support Group.

#### **ORGANIZATION:**

1 x Headquarters and Service Company

3 x Surgical Companies

#### **CHARACTERISTICS:**

Operating Rooms:	9
Laboratories 6	
X-ray:	6
Pharmacy:	6
Flow-through Cots:	260
Shock Trauma Platoons:	8
Erect Time:	6 hrs.
Maximum Patient Holding Time:	72 hrs.

# **USMC** Dental Battalion

**Personnel**: 76 Officers/160 Enlisted

Mobility: 100%

**BOA**: One unit per maneuver battalion **Assigned To:** Force Service Support Group

**MISSION**: Provides Echelon II dental support to a Marine

Expeditionary Force (MEF).

#### **COMMAND & CONTROL:**

Dental battalion Commanding Officer reports to the Commanding General of the Force Service Support Group and is assigned the additional duty as the MEF Dental Officer.

#### **ORGANIZATION:**

Headquarters and Service Company Three x Dental Companies

#### **COMPANY ORGANIZATION:**

Headquarters Section

2 x Dental Officers

4 x Dental Technicians

# Clinical Section

17 x General Dentists

1 x Comprehensive Dentist

1 x Periodontist

1 x Endodontist

1 x Oral Surgeon

1 x Prosthodontist

44 x Dental Technicians

# JOINT MEDICAL PLANNING CHECKLIST 41

- WHO IS THE JOINT TASK FORCE SURGEON?
- WHAT IS THE JTF SURG'S REQUIREMENTS OF THE FOLLOWING?

JTF DEPUTY SURGEON

HEALTH SERVICE SUPPORT OPERATIONS

HEALTH

SERVICE LOGISTICS TO INCLUDE JOINT BLOOD PROGRAM

ADMINISTRATION HEALTH SERVICES PLANNING DUTY-HOUR COVERAGE

- WHAT ARE THE SECURITY CLASSIFICATION REQUIREMENTS?
- WHO WILL COMPRISE THE JOINT SURGEON'S STAFF?
- WILL THE COMPOSITION OF THE JTF SURG STAFF FACILITATE OPTIMUM EMPLOYMENT AND SYNERGY OF EFFORT FOR THE JOINT MEDICAL FORCES IN THIS OPERATION?
- HAVE PROVISIONS BEEN MADE FOR ADQUATE OFFICE EQUIPMENT SUCH AS COMPUTERS, FACSIMILE (FAX) MACHINES, AND COMPATIBLE SOFTWARE FOR JOINT OPERATIONS AT THE JOINT OPERATING HEADQUARTERS?
- WHAT IS THE ORGANIC HSS CAPABILITY FOR THE DEPLOYING FORCES?
  - -PATIENT EVACUATION AND MEDICAL REGULATION (STRAT/TAC)
  - -HOSPITALIZATION
  - -HEALTH SERVICE LOGISTICS, TO INCLUDE BLOOD MANAGEMENT
  - -MEDICAL LABORATORY SERVICES
  - -DENTAL SERVICES
  - -VETERINARY SERVICES
  - -PREVENTIVE MEDICINE SERVICES
  - -COMBAT STRESS CONTROL SERVICES
  - -AREA MEDICAL SUPPORT
  - -COMMAND, CONTROL, COMMUNICATIONS, COMPUTERS, INTELLIGENCE -OTHER?
- WHAT ARE THE HSS REQUIREMENTS TO ADEQUATELY SUPPORT THE DEPLOYING FORCES (COMMANDER'S CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS) IN THE FOLLOWING AREAS?
  - -PATIENT EVACUATION AND MEDICAL REGULATION (STRAT/TAC)
  - -HOSPITALIZATION
  - -HEALTH SERVICE LOGISTICS, TO INCLUDE BLOOD MANAGEMENT
  - -MEDICAL LABORATORY SERVICES
  - -DENTAL SERVICES
  - -VETERINARY SERVICES
  - -PREVENTIVE MEDICINE SERVICES
  - -COMBAT STRESS CONTROL SERVICES
  - -AREA MEDICAL SUPPORT
  - $\hbox{-}COMMAND, CONTROL, COMMUNICATIONS, COMPUTERS, INTELLIGENCE$
  - -OTHER?
- AFTER COMPARING HSS CAPABILITIES OF DEPLOYING FORCES AND HSS REQUIREMENTS, WHAT ARE THE REMAINING SHORTFALLS IN HSS?
- HAVE THESE SHORTFALLS BEEN IDENTIFIED THROUGH CHANNELS TO THE APPROPRIATE HEADQUARTERS, UNIFIED COMMAND?









# JOINT MEDICAL PLANNING CHECKLIST 42

- · WHAT ARE THE INDIGENOUS/HOST NATION HSS CAPABILITIES?
- AS HSS UNITS ARE IDENTIFIED FOR DEPLOYIMENT, ARE THE CRITICAL TRANSPORTATION
  COSTS SUCH AS THE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS, WEIGHT, CUBE, AND 463L PALLETS BEING
  IDENTIFIED AND COORDINATED WITH THE .14?
- DOES THE JTF SURG HAVE A COPY OF JOINT PUB 4-02
- HS THE CINC/JTF SURG COORDINATED WITH THE CIVIL AFFAIRS STAFFS, NGO'S, AND RELIEF ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF REFUGEES?
- CAN THE MEDICAL COMMAND AND CONTROL ELEMENTS COMMUNICATE WITH ALL CRITICAL PARTIES VERTICALLY AND LATERALLY? IF NOT, IS THERE A COMMUNICATIONS HARDWARE FIX?
- IS THE JOINT MEDICAL REGULATING SYSTEM/THEATER PATIENT MOVEMENT CENTER AND ATTENDANT COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT IN PLACE?
- DOES THE CONTEMPLATED OPERATION FALL UNDER THE PURVIEW OF AN EXISTING OPLAN OF THE APPROPRIATE UNIFIED COMMAND?
- DOES THE HSS PORTION OF THE OPLAN REQUIRE REFINEMENT WHEN REVEIWED IN CONTEXT OF THE ABOVE FACTORS?
- DOES THE COTEMPLATED OPORD FOR THE JOINT FORCES ADDRESS ON CALL NON-MEDICAL TRANSPORTATION AUGMENTATION, AS REQUIRED, TO ACCOMMODATE SURGES IN MEDICAL EVACUATION MISSIONS?
- DOES THE JOINT SURGEON AND STAFF HAVE MEDICAL INTELLIGENCE ABOUT THE AOR TO INCLUDE BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
  - -ENDEMIC/EPIDEMIC DISEASES
  - -MEDICAL INFRATRUCTURE
    - PUBLIC HEALTH STANDARDS AND CAPABILITIES
    - QUALITY OF HEALTH SERVICES
  - -COMMUNICABLE ZOONOTIC DISEASES
  - -ADEQUACY OF LOCAL FOOD SUPPLIES
  - -NBC THREAT OF OPPOSING FORCES
  - -DIRECTED ENERGY CAPABILITIES OF OPPOSING FORCES
  - -ENVIRONMENTAL DATA (WEATHER, ALTITUDE, TOPOGRAPHY)
  - -POISONOUS FLORA AND FAUNA OF THE AOR
  - -SORUCE OF LOCAL BLOOD DONORS AND QUALITY OF BLOOD TESTING
- WHAT ARE THE IMMUNIZATIONS/CHEMOPROPHYLAXIS REQUIREMENTS FOR THE AOR?
- ARE SPECIAL OPERATIONS FORCES INVOLVED?
  - -WHERE WILL THEY BE OPERATING
  - -DOES THE OPORD INCLUDE SUFFICIENT HSS TO COMPLEMENT SOF MEDICAL PACKAGES
- WHAT IS THE HSS CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF EPW'S?
- HAVE THE CINC'S STRATEGIC/ENDSTATE GOALS BEEN IDENTIFIED AND CONSIDERED WITHIN THE PLANNING ISSUES?

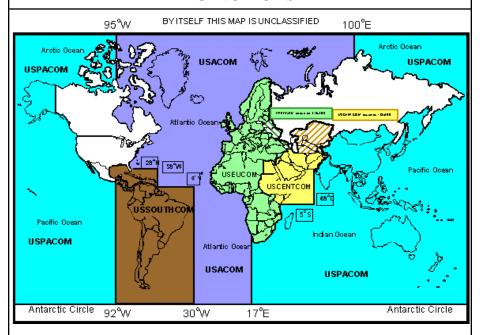








# **CINC AORs**



#### Joint Forces Command (JFCOM), Norfolk, Virginia

http:137.246.33.240:8000/98surgeon.nfs

Command Surgeon 75

757-836-5515

DSN: 836-XXXX

DSN: 477-XXXX

DSN: 567-XXXX

DSN: 968-XXXX

Deputy Surgeon Chief, Operations 757-836-6371/6380

Chief, Operations 757-836-6383

Central Command (CENTCOM), Tampa, Florida

813-828-6397 DSN: 968-XXXX

Command Surgeon
Deputy Surgeon

813-828-5801/5802

Chief, Operations 813-828-6402

European Command (EUCOM), Vaihingen, Germany

49-711-680-5374 DSN: 430-XXXX

Command Surgeon 49
Deputy Surgeon 49

Command Surgeon

Command Surgeon

49-711-680-8374

Chief, Operations 49-711-680-7166

Pacific Command (PACOM), Smith Barracks, Hawaii

808-477-6181 808-477-1021

305-437-1327

Deputy Surgeon 808-477-1021 Chief, Operations 808-477-1024

Southern Command (SOUTHCOM), Miami, Florida

Deputy Surgeon 305-437-1331

Chief. Operations 305-437-1330

Special Operations Command (SOCOM), Tampa, Florida

Command Surgeon 813-828-6347

Deputy Surgeon 813-828-7651 Chief, Operations 813-828-2719

Transportation Command (TRANSCOM), Scott AFB, Indiana

Command Surgeon 618-256-3231 DSN: 576-XXXX

Deputy Surgeon 618-256-2895

10.257.2005

Chief, Operations 618-256-2895

http://www.eucom.mil/hq/ecj4/ecj4-mr/

http://www.pacom.mil

http://www.centcom.mil/organizations/surgeon/Current/index.htm

http://www.southcom.mil

http://www.socom.mil

http://214.3.17.158/missions/tcsg.html

## CASUALTY EVACUATION CHECKLIST

SI, MED CO CDR, MED PLT LDR PREPARE CASEVAC OPLAN THAT IS COORDINATED WITH CO XO/ISG'S

ANTICIPATE CASUALTIES, PRIORITIZE ASSETS, MOVE BN ASSETS TO MAIN EFFORT

USE NON-STANDARD GROUND EVAC (NOT MED VEHS) FOR LIGHTLY WOUNDED

LOCATE BAS & TX TMS AS FAR FWD AS METT-T ALLOWS (CONSIDER EN ARTY/MTR'S)

MAINTAIN MOBILITY OF BAS

USE STANDARDIZED CHECKPOINT SYSTEM ON OVERLAYS. LET THEM SERVE AS ON ORDER CCP'S - MUST BE KNOWN TO SQUAD LDR LEVEL

MUST STOCK ENOUGH CLASS VIII FOR WORSE CASE SCENARIO (MASCAL)

TASK ORG & ALLOCATE CASEVAC ASSETS BASED ON PROJ CAS'S, DELIBERATE ATK, ATTACH ADDITIONAL ASSETS TO MAIN EFFORT TO AUGMENT CASEVAC

REOUEST ADDT'L CASEVAC & TREATMENT SPT FROM FWD SPT MED CO

PLAN & USE AMBULANCE EXCHANGE POINTS (AXP) WHEN EVAC ROUTE TAKES LONGER THAN 30 MINS

USE APPROPRIATE GRND/AIR EVAC BASED ON PATIENT CATEGORIES (URGENT/PRIORITY/ROUTINE) & METT-T

MAKE MAX USE OF TACTICAL AND LOG VEHICLES FOR CASEVAC (BACK HAUL)

USE MEDICAL SUPPORT MATRIX TO MANAGE ASSETS

TOC AND TAC MUST KNOW AID STATION LOCATION AT ALL TIMES

ATTEMPT TO MOVE AMBULANCES WITH CONVOYS

ISSUE LITTERS AND ADDTL CL VIII TO MANEUVER UNITS TO ASSIST IN CASEVAC. HAVE EACH SQUAD CARRY A POLELESS LITTER (NSN 6530-00-783-7510)

FOLLOW & SUPPORT WITH JUMP AID STATIONS. DESIGNATE CHECKPOINTS IN OPORD FOR AID STATIONS TO JUMP ON ORDER AS REQUIRED

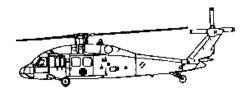
MUST HAVE REDUNDANT COMMO PLAN

USE COLOR CODED TRIAGE SOP: COLORED SIGNS DURING DAY, CHEM LIGHTS AT NIGHT AMBILANCES MUST DO RECONS

MED PLT LDR MUST GO FWD TO XO/ISG CP'S & COORDINATE CONTINGENCIES

MUST DESIGNATE, TRAIN SQD COMBAT LIFESAVERS, & PROVIDE EQUIP. 2 CBT LIFESAVERS PERS SQD. CARRY EXTRA RINGERS SOLUTION AND IV KITS

USE BATTLE ROSTER SYSTEM FOR REPORTING AND MANAGING CASUALTIES ENSURE USE OF 1155/1156



# CASEVAC PLANNING FACTORS

# **DETERMINING REQUIREMENTS**

- o US Service Personnel
- o Allied Service Personnel
- o Enemy POWs
- o US Civilians
- o Allied Civilians
- o Indigenous Personnel

#### **EVACUATION FACTORS**

- o Bn/TF plan for employment of combat troops
- o Expected areas of patient density
- o Evacuation resources available
- o Location/type of medical treatment facilities available
- o Terrain and road networks
- o Weather conditions
- o Locations of CCPs/AXPs
- o Primary/alternate evacuation routes
- o Lines of patient drift

## **EVACUATION CATEGORIES**

- o URGENT: Should be evacuated as soon as possible and within a maximum of two hours in order to save life, limb, or eyesight
- o URGENT SURGICAL: Must receive far forward surgical intervention to save life and stabilize for further evacuation
- o PRIORITY: Sick or wounded requiring prompt medical care within a maximum of 4 hours
- o ROUTINE: Sick or wounded requiring prompt medical care within a maximum of 24 hours (psychiatric patients included in this category)
- o CONVENIENCE: Patient for whom evacuation is a matter of medical convenience rather than necessity

#### **LANDING SITE CRITERIA**

- o Helicopter LZ and approach zone free of obstructions
- o Sufficient space for hovering and maneuvering during landing/take-off
- o Approach zones should permit the helo to land/take-off into the prevailing winds
- o Allows helo opportunity to make shallow approaches
- o Definite measurements for LZs cannot be prescribed due to variance in temperature, altitude, wind, terrain, loading conditions, and individual helo characteristics
- o Minimum requirement for light helo LZs is 30m x 30m in diameter with an approach/departure zone clear of obstructions

# **CASEVAC PLANNING**

#### **Time Factors**

- o Litter Squads
  - -Average Terrain: 4 person squad 900 meters and return in 1 hour
  - -Mountainous Terrain: 6 person squad 350 meters and return in 1 hour
- o Ambulance (Wheeled/Tracked): In division area 8 kilometers and return in 1 hour
- o Aircraft
  - -Helicopter: 150 kilometers one-way in 1 hour (UH-1 capacity)
  - -Transport: 360 kilometers one-way in 2 hours (1.5hr flight time/30min load time)
  - -Army Airplane: 200 kilometers one-way in 1 hour(U-21 aircraft, includes patient load time)

#### **Requirement Calculations**

o Time Required

 $T=N \times t$  N = Total number of patients to be evacuated

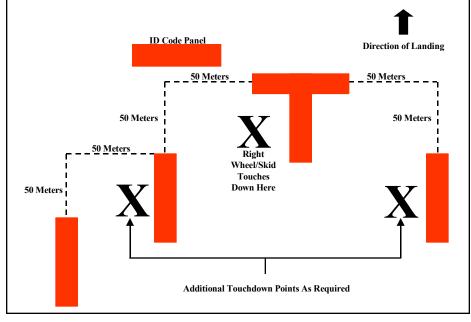
U x n n = Number that can be transported in one load

o Units Required T = Total time

U=N x t t =Time required for one trip

T x n U = Number of units of transport (litter/ambulance/aircraft)

# Field Expedient Landing Zone



48

	Litter	Ambulatory	
USAF			
C-130	70	85	
C-9A	40	40	(15 Litter + 24 Amb)
C-141	103	147	(10 Eliter 2 i linte)
C-5	103	70	
C-17	48	44	
C-17	40	77	
USArmy			
M113	4	10	
M996	2	6	
M997	4	8	
LMTV	12	16	
C12		8	
C21	3	10	
CH-47	24	33	
UH-60A/Q	6+1Amb	7	
UH-1H/V	6	9	
LICNI			
US Navy	1000	1000	
Mercy	1000	1000	
Comfort LHD	1000 604	1000 604	Amenbib Assoult Chin
LHA	367	367	Amphib Assault Ship GP Assault Ship
LPH	222	222	Helicopter Assault Ship
LPD	14	14	Amphib Transport Dock
LSD	108	108	Dock Landing Ship
LKA	12	12	Amphib Cargo Ship
LCC	24	24	Amphib Command Ship
CH-46	15	25	
CH-53D	24	55 24	
V22	12	24	Osprey

LINE 1 - Location of Pickup Site (8 Digit Grid Coordinate)

LINE 2 - Radio Frequency, Call Sign, and Suffix

LINE 3 - Number of Patients by Precedence

A. URGENT

B. URGENT - SURG

C. PRIORITY

D. ROUTINE

D. ROUTINE

E. CONVENIENCE

LINE 4 - Special Equipment Needed

A - None

B - Hoist

D - Ventilator

C - Extraction Equip

LINE 5 - Number of Patients by Type

Litter - L + # of patients Ambulatory - A + # of patients

LINE 6 - Security of Pick Up Site (Wartime Only)

N - No enemy troops in area

P - Possible enemy troops in area (use caution)

E - Enemy troops in area (use caution)

LINE 7 - Method of Marking Pick Up Site

A - Panels B - Pyrotechnic Signal

C - Smoke D - None

E - Other

LINE 8 - Patient's Nationality and Status

A - US Military B - US Civilian

C - Non US Military D - Non US Civilian

E - EPW

LINE 9 - Terrain Description (Peacetime)



# **CONUS**

GPMRC, Scott AFB

DSN 576-6362/6161 Commercial: 1-800-874-8966

23d Med Gp, Pope AFB

DSN 424-2182, ext 2650

375th AES, Scott AFB DSN: 576-5837

#### **EUCOM**

Ramstein, Joint Medical Regulating Office

DSN 480-8042/43

Landstuhl, Aeromedical Staging Facility DSN 486-7374

86th AES. Ramstein Air Base DSN: 480-2264/2643

### **PACOM**

Yokota, Joint Medical Regulating Office DSN 225-6675

Yokota, Aeromedical Staging Facility DSN 225-3581/82/83

374th AES, Yokota

DSN: 225-4700/4707

#### **SOUTHCOM**

Joint Rescue Coordination Center, Howard Air Force Base, Panama DSN 284-3545

ACOM works through EUCOM, SOUTHCOM, or GPMRC

CENTCOM works through EUCOM (peacetime) and TPMRC CENTCOM Surgeon (wartime)

# HEALTH SERVICE SUPPORT ESTIMATE 51

# CLASSIFICATION

Issuing Headquarters Place of Issue DTG of Signature Message Reference Number

Copy of Copies

Health Service Support Estimate of the Situation

References:

- MISSION: (Statement of the Overall HSS Mission)
   SITUATION AND CONSIDERATIONS
- 2. SHUATION AND CONSIDERATION
  - A. Enemy Situation.(1) Strength and Disposition
  - (2) Combat Efficiency
  - (3) Capabilities
  - (4) Logistic Situation
  - (5) State of Health(6) Weapons
  - B. Friendly Situation.
    - (1) Strength and Disposition(2) Combat Efficiency
    - (3) Present and Projected Operations
    - (4) Logistic Situation
    - (5) Rear Area Protection Plan
    - (6) Weapons
  - C. Characteristics of the Area of Operations.
  - (1) Terrain
    - (2) Weather and Climate
    - (3) Dislocated Civilian Population and EPWs
    - (4) Flora and Fauna
    - (5) Disease
    - (6) Local Resources
    - (7) Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical and DE Weapons
  - D. Strengths to Be Supported.
    - (1) United States Uniformed Services
      - (a) US Army
        - (b) US Navy
      - (c) US Marines
        - (d) US Air Force
        - (e) US Coast Guard

**Continued** 

# HEALTH SERVICE SUPPORT ESTIMATE 52

#### CLASSIFICATION

- (2) Department of Defense Civilians
- (3) Allied Forces
- (4) Coalition Forces
- (5) Enemy Prisoners of War
- (6) United States National Contract Personnel
- (7) Indigenous Civilians and Third Country Personnel
- (8) Detainees
- (9) Internees
- (10) Others
- E. Health of the Command
- (1) Acclimation of Troops
  - (2) Presence of Disease
  - (3) Status of Immunizations
  - (4) Status of Nutrition
  - (5) Clothing and Equipment
  - (6) Fatigue
  - (7) Morale
  - (8) Status of Training
  - (9) Other, as Appropriate
- F. Assumptions.
- G. Special Factors (Mention items of special importance in the particular operation to be supported such as unique conditions to be encountered in NBC/DE warfare or the impact of patients suffering from combat stress will have on the HSS system).

#### 3. HEALTH SERVICE SUPPORT ANALYSIS

- A. Patient Estimates (Indicate rates and numbers by type unit/division)
  - (1) Number of Patients Anticipated
  - (2) Distribution Within the AO
  - (3) Distribution in Time During the Operation (Evacuation Time)
  - (4) Areas of Patient Density
    - (5) Possible Mass Casualty
  - (6) Lines of Patient Drift and Evacuation
- B. Support Requirements
  - (1) Patient Evacuation and Medical Regulation
    - (2) Hospitalization
    - (3) Health Service Logistics, to Include Blood Management
  - (4) Medical Laboratory Services
  - (5) Dental Services
  - (6) Veterinary Services
  - (7) Preventive Medicine Services CLASSIFICATION

Continued

# HEALTH SERVICE SUPPORT ESTIMATE 53

#### CLASSIFICATION

- (8) Combat Stress Control Services
- (9) Area Medical Support
- (10) Command, Control, Communications, Computers, & Intelligence
- (11) Others, as Appropriate

#### C. Resources Available

- (1) Organic Medical Units and Personnel
- (2) Attached Medical Units and Personnel
- (3) Supporting Medical Units
- (4) Civil Public Health Capabilities and Resources
- (5) Enemy Prisoner of War Medical Personnel
- (6) Health Service Logistics
- (7) Medical Troop Ceiling

D. Courses of Action (As a result of the above considerations and analysis, determine and list all logical, COA which will support the commander's OPLAN and accomplish the HSS mission. Consider all SOPs, policies, and procedures in effect. Courses of action are expressed in terms of what, when, where, how, and why).

#### 4. EVALUATION AND COMPARISON OF COURSES OF ACTION

A. Compare the probable outcome of each COA to determine which one offers the best chance of success. This may be done in two stages:

- (1) Determine and state those anticipated difficulties or difficulty patterns which will have a different effect on the COA listed.
- (2) Evaluate each COA against each significant difficulty or difficulty pattern to determine strengths and weaknesses inherent in each.
- B. Compare all COA listed in terms of of significant advantages and disadvantages, or in terms of major considerations that emerged during the above evaluation.

#### 5. CONCLUSIONS

- A. Indicate whether the mission set forth in paragraph 1 can/cannot be supported.
- B. Indicate which COA can best be supported from the HSS standpoint.
- C. List the limitations and deficiencies in the preferred COA that must be brought to the commander's attention.
  - D. List factors adversely affecting the health of the command.

/s/	
Surgeon	(Command

Annexes: (As Required)

Distribution:

# MEDICAL PLANNING CHECKLIST

#### **PREDEPLOYMENT**

Country Survey

- HN Medical Assets/Capabilities in Country
- Infrastructure in Area of Operations (Roads, Airports, Medical Facilities, Ports)
- Chemoprophylaxis Requirements
- Medical Threat in Area of Operations
- Climate for Area of Operations

Mission of Supported Units

Type of Unit/Size of Unit Supported

Requirements for Operations Other Than War (Humanitarian Assistance/Refugees)

Critical Medical MOS Fill for Deploying Units

Medical Soldier Readiness Checks/Preparation for Overseas Movement

Medical Support for Deployment Sites (Airheads/Railheads/Ports)

#### DEPLOYMENT

Allied Medical Assets/Capabilities in Theater (Location and POCs)

Joint Service Medical Assets/Capabilities in Theater (Location and POCs)

Availability of STRATEVAC Out of Theater

Evacuation Routes (Air/Ground) to Include Security, Travel Times, Distances, Pre-Planned Convoys

Landing Zone Identification and Preparation

Class VII Resupply Procedures, to Include Availability of Blood

Communication Systems in Place

Security Forces Available for Medical Assets/Convoys

Geographical Footprint of Supported Forces
Supported Unit's Organic Medical Capabilities

.. .

Field Sanitation Requirements

Theater Evacuation Policy

Medical Rules of Engagement

Theater Policy on Displaying Red Cross

Medical Rules of Engagement (Allies/Civilians/EPWs)

**Casualty Estimates** 

Special Operating Forces in Theater Requiring Combat Health Support

Address All Medical Battlefield Operating Systems

#### REDEPLOYMENT

Medical Support for Redeployment Sites (Airheads/Railheads/Ports)

Medical Surveillance of Returning Personnel

Post-Deployment Chemoprophylaxis Requirements

Medical Lessons Learned/After Action Reports

	CHS SYNCH MATRIX									;	55					
Phase	Time	Trigger	Enemy Action	C4I	Hospital and Surgery	Preventive Medicine	Veterinary Services	Laboratory	Blood	Dental Services	Health Service	Logistics	Combat Stress Control	Patient Evacuation and	Regulation	Area Medical Support

# MEDICAL INTELLIGENCE CHECKLIST 56

## ASPECTS OF MEDICAL INTELLIGENCE

 $\label{lem:eq:endemic} Endemic \ and \ epidemic \ diseases, public \ health \ standards \ and \ capabilities, \ and \ the \ quality/availability \ of \ health \ services$ 

Medical supplies and blood products, health service facilities, and the number of trained medical personnel

Location, specific diseases, strains of bacteria, lice, mushrooms, snakes, fungus, spores, and other harmful organisms

Foreign animal and plant diseases, especially those diseases transmittable to humans

Health problems relating to the use of local food and water supplies

Medical effects of radiation and prophylaxis for chem/bio weapons

Possible casualties from newly developed foreign weapons systems

The health and fitness of the enemy's force and special use of antidotes

Areas of operations such as altitude, heat, cold, swamps that may affect the health of troops  $% \left( 1\right) =\left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1$ 

# MEDICAL PRIORITY INTELLIGENCE REQUIREMENTS

Conditions concerning people or animals

Epidemiological information, flora, fauna, and sanitary conditions

Enemy's field medical delivery system

New weapons systems or employment methods that could alter CHS planning factors Medical aspects of the employment, weapon fills, and contamination from NBC

The enemy's state of health

# POST-DEPLOYMENT

weapons

Outbrief to AFMIC Personnel (Provide photos, patient census, SITREPS, daily log)

Conduct thorough After Action Review (Invite all players, to include rear det)

Provide all information to historian for documentation

Provide all information to Center for Army Lessons Learned

Adjust FSOPs based on lessons learned

# SPECIAL OPERATIONS CHS PLANNING

#### HEALTH SERVICE SUPPORT TO SPECIAL OPERATIONS FORCES

- o Population at Risk (PAR)
- o Operating in Remote Locations
- o Under Austere Conditions
- o Cross Cultural Clash
- o Often Clandestine
- o Operating in Extended LOCs

#### SOF LEVELS OF HEALTH SERVICE SUPPORT

o LEVEL I:

Special Forces: 18D (SFMS), PA/Physician, 18 Series Trained Combat Lifesavers (CLS)

Ranger/SOCOM/SOAR: 91A/B (A/SOCM), PA/Physician, CLS

SEAL: Independent Duty Corpsman, Physician (Group level only)

o LEVEL II:

Special Forces: 18D, Physician

Ranger/SOCOM/SOAR: Limited aid station capabilities

SEAL: None

o LEVEL III and IV: None

#### SOF MEDICAL CONSIDERATIONS

- o SOF personnel are immunized far beyond their conventional counterparts
- o SOF CL VIII demands are minimal...no unique CL VIII requirements
- o CL VIII demands will be beyond normal Echelon I and II requirements
- o Anticipate CL VIII resupply in terms of "eaches" vs. bulk/short tons
- o Medical regulation is a unique challenge
- o Look at extended evac policy for SOF
- o SOF evac is usually accomplished through preplanned team extraction or CSAR
- o Don't plan/anticipate cross-FLOT requests for medevac
- o Special evac requests for indigenous personnel may be required; coordinate with J-5 for verification
- o Segregate SOF casualties from conventional patient population by patient category when possible

#### SOF MEDICAL CHALLENGES

o PROVIDE CLASSIC FUNCTIONS AND QUALITY OF CONVENTIONAL CHS:

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Without traditional pillars/levels of care

Under conditions of uncertainty
Without adequate build-up time

In regions of higher medical threat

mout aucquate band up time

In forward areas of operations

In immature regions

With existing theater resources

How many of the noncombatants are known to require medical care?

Where are these noncombatants and is there a published plan addressing their collection prior to evacuation?

Is a permissive or non-permissive NEO anticipated, and how best can it be medically supported?

Are there any civilian casualty projections for the NEO?

What is the medical evacuation policy for NEO casualties?

Has the Department of State authorized pets to accompany NEO evacuees?

Are any animals prohibited from entry into the United States by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or other agency?

What will be done with pets brought to evacuation control points?

If any humanitarian, civil, or security assistance (SA) medical requests have been made by foreign governments, how can they be supported?

Are there any medically significant treaties, or legal, host nation, or status-of-forces agreements between the United States and involved foreign governments?

Are there any OPLANs or conceptual OPLANs (CONPLAN) for the area or situation?

What type of foreign military or civilian medical infrastructure is established within the JOA? What and where are its key elements?

## MEDICAL SUPPORT TO SASO

Primary focus is supporting deployed US Forces

Nature of operations may require supporting coalition forces and host nation support (Detained Personnel/Civilians)

Environmental threat

Special medical equipment/immunization requirements

Combat Stress Control personnel to debrief US Forces

Preventive medicine issues

Cultural differences

Force protection

Transition from peacekeeping to peace enforcement to war

# PREVENTIVE MEDICINE CHECKLIST

#### **Immunizations**

- **Health Threat Briefing**
- -Endemic Diseases
- -Water and Food Consumption
- -Field Sanitation
- -Personal Protective Measures
- -Personal Hygiene
- -Environment Exposure Hazards/Ecological Changes Caused by Disaster
- -Plants/Animals
- -Disruption of Public Utilities and Public Health Services
- Infectious Diseases of Concern and Changes of Pre-existent Disease Levels
- -Acute Diarrheal Disease -Sexually Transmitted Diseases
- T //A /I I I T : '// I D'
- -Insect/Arthropod Transmitted Diseases
- Injuries
  -Recreational/Sports

-Others

-Training

- -Motor Vehicle Accidents
- Wiotor Venicle Recidents
- Pets/Mascots Policy
- DNBI and Environmental Surveillance Program
- **Communications Requirements**
- Linkage to Line Organizations
- Special Instructions
- -DNA Collection
- -HIV Screening
- -TB Screening
- -Deployment Health Assessments

														60
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	PM	44	85	37	88	5.6	94	504	30	32	165	14		27
CAL	SA	194	532	176	161	28	408	1560	06	154	720	208		120
TEDI	SO	238	602	217	396	34	501	1936	45	188	885	156		148
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# **MEDICAL LOGISTICS (BLOOD)**

#### o BLOOD REPORT

Line 1: Day time group of blood report

Line 2: Name, designator code of reporting unit

Line 3: Reporting unit's activity brevity code letter

Line 4: Unit location in latitude/longitude (LAT/LONG), universe Mercator (grid), or place name

Line 5; Naval Vessels Only: Projected location in LAT/LONG or place name for delivery of blood products

Line 6: Naval Vessels Only: Estimate time of arrival (day, time, time zone, month, year at projected location)

Line 7: Name or designator code of the unit/activity reporting the status of blood supplies if other than

message originator

Line 8: Reporting unit's activity brevity code letter if other than message originator

Line 9: Number and code of each blood product on hand

Line 10: Number and code of each blood product required.

Line 11: estimate of total number of blood products by group to expire in next 7 days

Line 12: Estimate of total number of blood groups required for resupply in the next 7 days

Line 13: Narrative: Number of units received, transfused, shipped, destroyed, and expired in last 24hrs

Line 14: Message hour-minute-zone when required

Line 15: Authentication IAW JTF procedures

#### o BLOOD SHIPMENT REPORT

Line 1: ASOFDTG (Day Time Group of the Blood Shipment)

Line 2: Name, designator code, and activity brevity code of reporting unit

Line 3: Location of reporting unit

Line 4: Blood product codes/number of units shipped/total number of units shipped

Line 5: Blood shipment or air bill control numbers/aircraft flight number/estimated time of arrival at destination/number of boxes shipped

Line 6: Contact name from shipping location (rank, phone number, location)

Line 7: Additional closing comments (CLOSTEXT) such as when the blood will require icing

Line 8: Message downgrading instructions

BLOOD COMPONENT	STORAGE TEMPERATURE	STORAGE SHELF LIFE
RBC (LIQUID)	1 to6° C	35 Days
RBC (FROZEN)	065° C or Colder	21 Years
FFP	-18° C or Colder	12 Months
PLATELETS	-10 to 24° C	5 Days

# COMBAT LIFESAVER BAG PACKING LIST<sup>62</sup>

NSN	NOMENCLATURE	QTY
6505010171625	Acetaminophen tablets	2 BT
6510009268882	Adhesive tape, surgical, porous, woven	1 SP
6515003002900	Airway pharyngeal, large adult	1
6515013652076	Airway pharyngeal, small adult	1
6505009269083	Atropine injection aqueous type	5
6510009137909	Bandage adhesive 3/4 X 3 inches flesh	18
6510011642694	Bandage gauze elastic, 5 yd X 2 in	4
6510002011755	Bandage muslin compressed brown	4
6545009129870	Case medical instrument and supply	1
6515012824878	Catheter & needle unit, d12 I.V.	2
6505012740951	Diazepam injection USP,	5
6510001594883	Dressing first aid field camouflaged	4
6515001817449	Gloves, patient exam med-lrg (latex)	3
6515001150032	Intravenous inj set, 7 comp	2
6510010100307	Pad povidone-iodine impre,	12
6505001187096	Povidone-iodine oint USP 10 %	8
6505001490098	Pseudoephedrine hydrochloride tablets	1 CO
6505011549922	Ringer's injection lactate USP 500ml plastic bag $^{2}$	
6515009357138	Scissors bandage 1.5" Cut lg 7.25" O/a lg both blades blunt crs	1
6515012254681	Splint universal 36 X 4.5" malleable alum radiolucent ltwt	1
6515011467794	Tourniquets nonpneumatic adult 14 X 1 blood taking dsgn rubber	2

## FEDERAL RESPONSE PLAN

#### Federal Response Plan (FRP)

Establishes a process and structure for the systematic, coordinated, and effective delivery of Federal assistance to address the consequences of any major disaster or emergency declared under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended.

## **Emergency Support Functions (Lead Federal Agency)**

- o ESF1: Transportation (Department of Transportation)
- o ESF2: Communications (National Communications System)
- o ESF3: Public Works and Engineering (Corps of Engineers)
- o ESF4: Firefighting (Department of Agriculture, Forest Service)
- o ESF5: Information and Planning (FEMA)
- o ESF6: Mass Care (American Red Cross)
- o ESF7: Resource Support (General Services Administration)
- o ESF8: Health and Medical Services (Department of Health and Human Services)
- o ESF9: Urban Search and Rescue (FEMA)
- o ESF10: Hazardous Material (Environmental Protection Agency)
- o ESF11: Food (Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service)
- o ESF12: Energy (Department of Energy)

#### ESF 8 RESPONSIBILITIES

- o Assessment of Health/Medical Needs
- o Health Surveillance
- o Medical Care Personnel
- o Health Medical Equipment and Supplies
- o Patient Evacuation
- o In-Hospital Care
- o Food/Drug Medical Device Safety
- o Worker Health/Safety
- o Radiological/Chemical/Biological Hazards
- o Mental Health
- o Public Health Information
- o Potable Water/Waste Water and Solid Waste Disposal
- o Vector Control
- o Victim Identification/Mortuary Services

# OFFICE OF FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE

#### DISASTER ASSISTANCE RESONSE TEAM

- o Rapid response management team made up of disaster relief specialist
- o Assist the Ambassador/Chief of Mission
- o Identifies and prioritizes overall relief needs
- o Recommends relief activities which can best be addressed by the US Government
- o Reviews and funds NGO/IO/UN proposals for relief activities, monitors funded activities
- o Provides daily sitreps
- o Provides advice on disaster relief and humanitarian assistance activities

#### **DART Characteristics**

- o Rapid response mobile, portable
- o Self-sustaining (Comms, Vehicles)
- o Flexible staffing depending on situation
- o Decentralized authority
- o Field funding capability (grants, contracts, quick response fund)

#### OFDA STOCKPILE SYSTEM LOCATIONS

- o Anderson AFB, Guam
- o Soto Cano, Honduras
- o Leghorn Army Depot, Italy
- o New Windsor, Maryland
- o Bangkok, Thailand
- o Djibouti, US Embassy (Water Purification)

#### DISASTER ASSESSMENTS

- 1. Situation Assessment
- 2. Needs Analysis
- 3. Specific (Sectoral/Target Population/Client)
- 4. Resource
- 5. Epidemiological Surveillance

#### **ASSESSMENT PURPOSE**

- 1. Develop Program Planning Information
- 2. Ascertain Level of Response (Host Nation/International Community/NGO-PVO-IO-UN)
- 3. Determine Future Assessment Requirements
- 4. Identify Other Concerns

# OFDA EMERGENCY INDICATORS

# MALNUTRITION EMERGENCY INDICATORS

- o  $\,10\%$  of <5 age group moderately malnourished with nutritional diseases
- MUAC>11.0cm WFH/WFL < 70%

MUAC>11.0cm WFH/WFL < 70% Z-Score < -3

o Moderate malnutrition for <5 age group

o Severe malnutrition for <5 age group

MUAC > 11.0 and < 13.5cm WFH/WFL > 70% and < 80% Z-Score > -3 & < -2

MUAC=Middle Upper Arm Circumference; WFH/WFL=Weight for Height/Length

#### **MORTALITY RATE EMERGENCY INDICATORS**

- o Crude Mortality Rate (CMR): Single most important indicator of serious stress in DPs
- o CMR = Deaths/10,000/day: Emergency Phase
  - <1 = Under control
    - > 1 = Serious condition
    - > 2 = Out of control > 4 = Major catastrophe
- o Mortality Rate for < 5 Age Group
  - 1 = Normal in a Developing Country
  - < 2 = Emergency phase, under control
  - > 2 = Emergency phase, in serious trouble
  - > 4 = Emergency phase, out of control
- MINIMUM WATER REQUIREMENTS
  - o Minimum maintenance = 15 20 liters/person/day
  - o Feeding center = 20 30 liters/person/day
  - o Health center = 40 60 liters/person/day
  - o 1 tap stand/200 people not > 100m from users
- o A large quantity of reasonably safe water is preferable to small amount of pure water

#### MINIMUM FOOD REQUIREMENTS

Minimum maintenance = 2100 Kcals/person/day

#### MINIMUM SHELTER/SPACE REQUIREMENTS

- o Minimum shelter space = 3.5 m<sup>2</sup>/person
- o Minimum total site area = 30 m<sup>2</sup>/person

#### MINIMUM SANITATION REQUIREMENTS

- o At least 1 toilet for every 20 persons
- o Maximum of 1 minute walk from dwelling to toilet

# MEDICAL MOS

Medical 60	60G 60H 60J 60K 60L 60M	Pulmonary Disease Gastroenterlologist Cardiologist Obstetrician/Gynecologist Urologist Dermatologist	Medical Medical Medical Medical	61E 61F 61G 61H	Clinical Pharmacologist Internist Infectious Disease
Medical 60	60H 60J 60K 60L 60M	Cardiologist Obstetrician/Gynecologist Urologist	Medical Medical	61G	Infectious Disease
Medical 60	0J 0K 0L 0M 0M	Obstetrician/Gynecologist Urologist	Medical		
Medical 60	0K 0L 0M 0N	Urologist		61H	E 3 D C
Medical 60 Medical 60 Medical 60 Medical 60 Medical 60	0L 0M 0N		Medical		Family Practice
Medical 60 Medical 60 Medical 60 Medical 60	0M 0N	Dermatologist		61J	General Surgeon
Medical 60 Medical 60 Medical 60	ON		Medical	61K	Thoracic Surgeon
Medical 60 Medical 60	-	Allergist, Clinical Immunolog	Medical	61L	Plastic Surgeon
Medical 60		Anesthesiologist	Medical	61M	Orthopedic Surgeon
	10P	Pediatrician	Medical	61N	Flight Surgeon
	OQ.	Pediatric Cardiologist	Medical	61P	Physiatrist
Medical 60	0R	Child Neurologist	Medical	61Q	Therapeutic Radiologist
Medical 60	0S	Ophthalmologist	Medical	61R	Diagnostic Radiologist
Medical 60	TO:	Otolaryngologist	Medical	61U	Pathologist
Medical 60	0U	Child Psychiatrist	Medical	61W	Peripheral Vascular Surgeon
Medical 60	VO	Neurologist	Medical	61Z	Neurosurgeon
Medical 60	WO	Psychiatrist	Medical	62A	Emergency Room
		·	Medical	62B	Field Surgeon
<b>D</b>		<b>T</b> *****		100	7.0
	OC	Title	Branch	AOC	Title
	-	General Dentist	Specialist		Occupational Therapist
		Comprehensive Dentist	Specialist		Physical Therapist
	-	Periodontist	Specialist		Dietitian
	-	Endodontist	Specialist	65D	Physician Assistant
		Prosthodontist			
	-	Public Health Dentist			
1 11 11	-	Pediatric Dentist			
1 11 11	-	Orthodontist			
	_	Oral and Maxillofacial Surgeo	on		
	_	Oral Pathologist			
Dental 63	3R	Executive Dentist (IM)		_	
			Branch	ASI	Title
Nurse 66	6A	Administrator	Nurse	7T	Clinical Nurse
1 1 1 1 1 1	-	Psychiatric/Mental Health N		8A	Critical Care Nurse
		Perioperative Nurse	Nurse	8D	Midwife
		Anesthetist	Nurse	8E	Nurse Practitioner
		Medical-Surgical Nurse	Nurse	8G	Obstetric/Gynecology Nurse
	-	Generalist Nurse	Nurse	8J	Infection Control Nurse
			Nurse	M5	Emergency Room Nurse
					,

# **MEDICAL MOS**

Branch	AOC	Title	Branch	AOC	Title
Service	70A	Health Care Administration	Service	71A	Microbiology
Service	70B	Health Services Administration	Service	71B	Biochemistry
Service	70C	Comptroller	Service	71E	Clinical Laboratory
Service	70D	Health Services Systems Mgt	Service	71F	Research Laboratory
Service	70E	Patient Administration	Service	67C	Preventive Medicine (IM)
Service	70F	Human Resources Mgt	Service	72A	Nuclear Medical Science
Service	70H	Plans, Ops, Intel, Sec & Tng	Service	72B	Entomology
Service	70K	Material Mgt	Service	72C	Audiology
Service	67E	Pharmacy	Service	72D	Environmental Science
Service	67F	Optometry	Service	72E	Sanitary Engineer
Service	67G	Podiatry	Service	67D	Behavorial Sciences (IM)
Service	67J	Aeromedical Evacuation	Service	73A	Social Worker
Service	670A	Maintenance Technician	Service	73B	Clinical Psychology
					, 0
Veterinary	64A	Senior Veterinarian (IM)	Warrant		Avn Safety Officer
Veterinary	75A	Field Veterinarian	Warrant		Instructor Pilot
Veterinary	75B	Veterinary Preventive Medicine	Warrant		Flight Examiner
Veterinary	75C	Veterinary Laboratory Medicine	Warrant	153DG	Maintenance Pilot
Veterinary	75D	Veterinary Pathologist	Warrant	153DI	Operations Officer
Veterinary	75E	Veterinary Comparative Medicine	Warrant	151A	Avn Maint Tech
Veterinary	75F	Veterinary Clinical Medicine	Warrant	640A	Vet Svc Tech
Veterinary	640A	Veterinary Services Officer	Warrant	670A	Health Svc Tech
			Warrant	918E	Maint Warrant Officer
		ENL	ISTEI	)	
Branch	MOS	Title	MOS	ASI	Title
AMEDD	42E	Opitical Laboratory Specialist	91B	N3	Occupational Therapy
AMEDD	71G	Patient Administration		N9	Physical Therapy
AMEDD	76J	Medical Suppy Specialist		P1	Orthopedic Specialty
AMEDD	91A	Medical Equipment Repairer		P2	Ear, nose and throat
AMEDD	91B	Medical Specialist		P3	Eye
AMEDD	91C	Practical Nurse		Y6	Cardiac Catheterization
AMEDD	91D	Operating Room Specialist			
AMEDD	91E	Dental Specialist	91C	М3	Dialysis
AMEDD	91K	Medical Laboratory Specialist			
AMEDD	91M	Hospital Food Service	91E	N5	Dental Laboratory
AMEDD	91P	Radiology Specialist		X2	Preventive Dentistry
AMEDD	91Q	Pharmacy Specialist			
AMEDD	91R	Veterinary Food Inspection	91K	M2	Cytology
AMEDD	91S	Preventive Medicined		M4	Blood Donor Center Ops
AMEDD	91T	Animal Care		P9	Biological Sciences Assist.
AMEDD	91V	Respiratory Therapy			
AMEDD	91X	Mental Health	91P	M5	Nuclear Medicine
AMEDD	91W	Health Care Specialist	91Q	Y7	Sterile Pharmacy
	91J	Medical Logistics Specialist	91S	N4	Health Physics
	18D	Special Forces Medical Sgt	91X	M8	Drug/Alcohol Counselor

# STAFF OPERATIONS

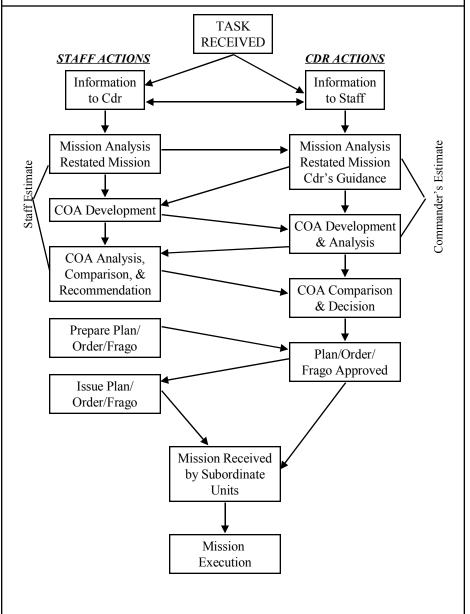
Be convinced that to be happy means to be free and that to be free means to be brave.

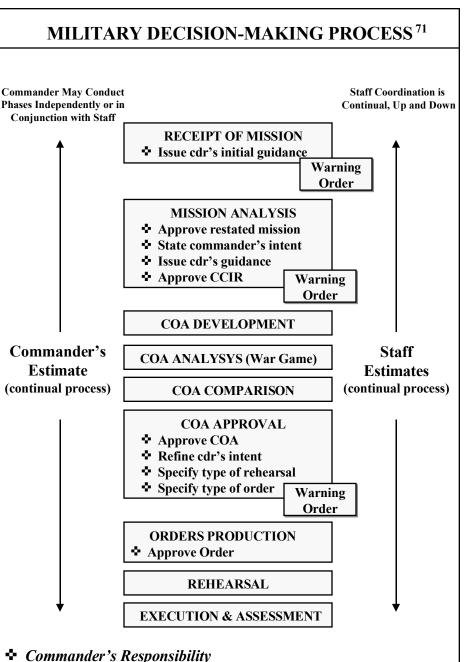
Therefore do not take lightly the perils of war.

**Thucydides** 

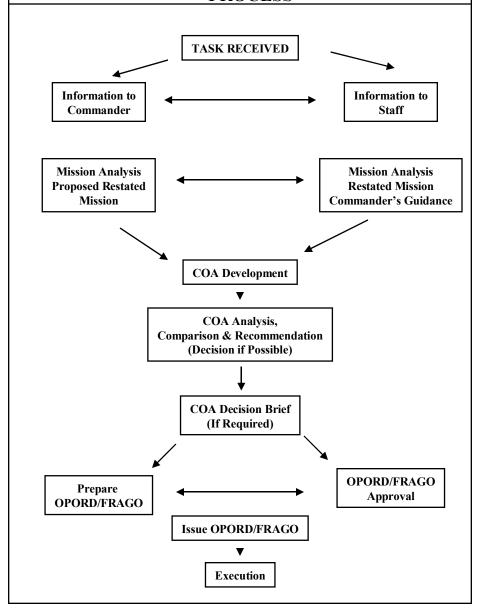
- 1. **MISSION**. Restated mission resulting from the mission analysis.
- 2. SITUATION AND CONSIDERATIONS.
  - A. Characteristics of area of operations.
- (1) Weather. How will different military aspects of weather affect specific staff area of concern and resources?
- (2) Terrain. How will aspects of the terrain affect specific staff areas of concern and resources?
- (3) Other Pertinent Facts. Analyses of political, economic, sociological, psychological, and environmental infrastructure, as they relate to the area.
- B. Enemy Forces. Enemy dispositions, composition, strength, capabilities, and COAs as they affect specific staff area of concern
  - C. Friendly Forces.
    - (1) Friendly courses of action.
- (2) Current status of resources within staff area of responsibility.
- (3) Current status of other resources that affect staff area of responsibility.
- (4) Comparison of requirements versus capabilities and recommended solutions.
- (5) Key considerations (evaluation criteria) for COA supportability.
  - D. Assumptions.
- 3. **ANALYSIS**. Analyze each COA using key considerations (evaluation criteria) to determine advantages and disadvantages.
- 4. **COMPARISON**. Compare COAs using key considerations (evaluation criteria). Rank order COAs for each key consideration. Comparison should be visually supported by a decision matrix.
- 5. RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS.
- A. Recommended COA based on the comparison (most supportable from specific staff perspective).
- B. Issues, deficiencies, and risks with recommendations to reduce their impacts.

# DELIBERATE DECISION MAKING PROCESSO





# ABBREVIATED DECISION MAKING PROCESS



- 1. Consists of 2 Briefings The wargame brief & decision brief. 2 WARGAME BRIEF:
- A. Prior to wargaming, the staff must know -
  - -The terrain analysis for the area of operation
  - -Enemy situation and capabilities
  - -The friendly & enemy COA to wargame
  - -The friendly forces available
    - -What combat multipliers are available
  - -The assumptions used
  - -The list of critical events
  - -The wargame technique to be used -The recording model
  - B. The briefing should include the -
  - -Intent of higher headquarters
  - -Updated intell estimate -Enemy COA wargamed
    - -Assumptions -Visualization of the entire operation
- 3 DECISION BRIEF.
  - A Briefer should be familiar with and have available -
    - -The assumptions
      - -The COA sketches and statements
      - -Staff estimates
    - B. The decision briefing format includes -
    - -The intent of higher headquarters
      - -The restated mission (S3)
      - -The status of own forces (S3)
      - -The updated intell estimate (S2)
      - -Own courses of action, including:
      - -Assumptions used in planning
        - -Results of staff estimates
        - -Recommended COA

# ANALYSIS OF COURSES OF ACTION

- 1. Exploits enemy weaknesses
- 2. Takes weather into account
- 3. Uses best avenue of approach
- 4. Provides enough maneuver space
- 5. Provides fields of observation and fire
- 6. Provides cover and concealment
- 7. Support scheme of maneuver
- 8. Helps command and control
- 9. Forces provide mutual support
- 10. Responds to maneuver elements and reserve
- 11. Considers obstacles and key terrain
- 12. Helps speed of execution13. Logistically supportable

# WARGAMING SEQUENCE 1. Gather Tools

- 2. List All Friendly Forces
- 3. List the Assumptions
- 3. List the Assumptions
- 4. List Known Critical Events and Decision Points
- 5. Select the Wargaming Method
- 6. Select a Technique to Record and Display Results7. Wargame the Battle and Assess the Results
- 7. Wargame the Dattle and Assess the Results

#### METT-T CHECKLIST

MISSION

**Specified Tasks** 

**Implied Tasks** 

**Essential Tasks** 

**Restated Mission** 

Constraints

**ENEMY** 

Type

Location

Organization

Identification

Strength

Morale

Capabilities

**Likely Courses of Action** 

Intentions

TERRAIN AND WEATHER

Observation/Fields of Fire

**Avenues of Approach** 

**Key Terrain** 

**Obstacles** 

Cover/Concealment

Trafficability

Visibility

Weather Forecast

Effect on Soldiers

**Effect on Equipment** 

TROOPS

Number and Type

Task Organization

State of Training/Discipline

Strength-Personnel

Strength-Material

Morale

Past Performance

**Location and Disposition** 

State of Maintenance and Supply

CSS Available

Effect of Leadership

TIME

Planning and Preparation

Rehearse

Line of Departure

Movement

Start/Critical/Release Points

Secure or Seize Key Terrain

**Enemy Reaction** 

**ORGANIC:** A unit that forms an essential part of an army unit an is listed in its table of organization and equipment or its table of distribution and allowances.

**ASSIGNED:** A unit that is placed in an organization on a permanent basis and is controlled and administered by the organization to which it is assigned for its primary function or the greater portion of its functions.

**ATTACHED:** A unit that is placed in an organization on a temporary basis, subject to limitation specified in the attachment order.

**OPERATIONAL CONTROL (OPCON):** A unit that has been provided to another commander to accomplish specific missions or tasks that are usually limited by function, time, or location. The commander may deploy the unit concerned and retain tactical control or he may assign tactical control of the unit to the subordinate commander. OPCON does not include administrative and logistic responsibility, discipline, internal organization, and unit training.

# SUPPORT RELATIONSHIPS

**DIRECT SUPPORT:** A unit in DS of a specific unit is required to give priority of support to that unit. The supporting unit will take support request directly from the supported unit. A unit in DS has no command relationship with the supported unit and therefore cannot be suballocated, reassigned, or reorganized by the supported force.

**GENERAL SUPPORT:** A unit in GS will provide support to the total force and not to any particular subdivision of the supported force. Subdivisions and/or subordinate units may request support through the supported force headquarters, but only the supported force headquarters can determine the priorities and can assign missions to GS units.

**GENERAL SUPPORT-REINFORCING:** GSR is used primarily with arty units. The GSR arty unit is required to support the force as a whole and to provide reinforcing fires to another arty unit as a second priority.

**REINFORCING:** Reinforcing is also used primarily with artillery units. The reinforcing unit is required to give the priority of support to another artillery unit.

# BATTLE INFORMATION MANAGEMENT 77

# **PLANNING PHASE**

- o Specified, implied, and mission-essential tasks
- o Higher headquarters mission statement and intent
- o Weather data
- o Constraints and limitations
- o Critical facts and assumptions
- o Time line, to include expected enemy events
- o Restated mission
- o Task organization
- o Commander's guidance
- o COA development sketch
- o Synchronization matrix
- o Wargame worksheet
- o CCIR
- o COA comparison
- o Decision support matrix

# **BATTLE PREPARATION PHASE**

#### OFFENSIVE OPERATIONS

- o CL III/V status
- o Subordinate units order issue and rehearsal status
- o PCI tracking
- o Task organization completion status
- o Maintenance status
- o Combat power
- o Status of breach assets and rehearsals

# BATTLE PREPARATION PHASE

#### DEFENSIVE OPERATIONS

- o CL III/IV/V status
- o Obstacle completion status
- o Combat power
- o Survivability status
- o Engagement area (EA) and repositioning rehearsals
- o Target reference point (TRP) emplacement
- o Subordinate units order issue and rehearsal status

#### **EXECUTION PHASE**

- o Combat power
- o Unit locations and activities
- o CL III/V status
- o Enemy contacts, locations, and movements
- o Enemy BDA
- o Main and forward aid station locations
- o Brigade or division assets in sector (GSR, MPs, etc)
- o Status of adjacent units

# **POST BATTLE PHASE**

- o Unit equipment readiness
- o Unit personnel strength
- o Resupply status of CL III/IV/V
- o Unit locations
- o Consolidations and reorganization status
- o Maintenance and casualty collection status

# LIAISON OFFICER/NCO RESPONSIBILITIES

- 1. GENERAL: When required, the battalion will send liaison teams with vehicles and radios to the Bde TOC, flank TF TOCs, and forward covering force TF TOC. The XO will designate and control liaison parties.
- 2. LNO Packet: Each liaison party will have the following minimum essential items prior to departure:
  - a. SOI
  - b KY-13 with CNV loaded
  - c. Maps of area of operation
  - d. Bn/TF SOP
  - e. Complete OPLAN with all overlays
  - f. Updated Cdr's SITREPS to Co/Tm level
- 3. LNO Duties:
  - a. Maintain a continuous exchange of information between the two HQ's
  - b. Insure XO's at both HQ know LNO whereabouts at all times
  - c. Keep informed on locations, dispositions, and plans of own unit and make this information available to the visited HO
  - d. Answer all requests for information in a timely manner
  - e. Maintain a journal and situation map
  - f. Be aggressive in seeking out information
  - g. Stay available to visited HQ's
  - h. Stay in communications with own TOC on the TF Cmd Net

# LIAISON OFFICER CHECKLIST

#### **Prior to Departing from Assigned Unit:**

Clearly understand the mission and duties expected of you as LNO.

Know the current situation of your assigned unit, including concept of operations, unit locations, combat power status, and status of critical supplies.

Possess current graphics.

Obtain information and liaison requirements from each staff section.

#### **Upon Arrival at Supported Headquarters:**

Report to the Commander or XO, be prepared to brief unit situation.

Establish communications with assigned unit.

Visit each staff section and exchange information as required.

#### **During Liaison Tour:**

Keep abreast of the situation of assigned unit and provide updated to supported Headquarters.

Monitor and assist in the planning process of supported unit. This includes:

- -Advise staff on how to best employ assets of assigned units
- -Record all critical information and pass to unit as soon as possible. Include specified/implied tasks, mission-essential tasks, constraints/limitations
- -Receive and pass all enemy SITEMPs and other intelligence products as soon as possible

Conduct adjacent unit coordination as appropriate.

#### **Upon Return to Assigned Headquarters:**

Immediately brief Commander/XO/S-3 on information received.

Exchange information with appropriate staff sections.

Assist unit in conducting the TDMP.

Be prepared to respond to additional liaison responsibilities.

o TEWT

# REHEARSAL CHECKLIST TYPE REHEARSALS (Note: Planning process MUST allow time for rehearsals)

o Map

o Radio/Commo o Sand Table o Full Dress PURPOSE OF REHEARSALS REINFORCE CONCEPT OF OPERATION o IMPROVE UNDERSTANDING, SYNCHRONIZATION IDENTIFY CONTINGENCIES VERIFY RESPONSIBILITIES & TIMING OF ACTIONS o CLARIFY BACK UP PROCEDURES o REFINE PLAN, DEVELOP/IMPROVE SYNCH MATRIX REHEARSALS SEQUENCE o HAVE PREPARED REHEARSAL KIT

# o GET KEY BOS LEADERS TOGETHER. CDR MUST LEAD

o Briefbacks

- ESTABLISH RECORDER TO UPDATE/DEVELOP SYNCH MATRIX
- o ALWAYS PREP BLOW UP SKETCH OF OBJ, DEPICTING CONTROL
- MEASURES o FSO PASSES OUT FIRE SPT EXECUTION MATRIX (TO PLT LEVEL).
- ENSURES ALL KNOW FS PLAN & CONTINGENCIES o S2 REFERS TO DST, PLAYS THE ENEMY & VERBALIZES EN ACTIONS &
- REACTIONS
- o CHALK TALK/WALK THROUGH
- o FOCUS ON OBJECTIVE FIRST, THEN OTHER KEY EVENTS & TIMING
- o LDRS STATE WHAT THEY DO DURING EACH CRITICAL EVENT
- o COUNTER ACTION TO EACH ENEMY ACTION IS IDENTIFIED
- CONTINGENCIES ARE IDENTIFIED.
- o REFINED PLAN MUST BE COMMUNICATED TO ALL KEY PLAYERS ASAP
- REHEARSE FROM VANTAGE POINT DURING DEFENSE o QUICK LDR, FSO, EN BACKBRIEF IN ASSAULT POISON, PRIOR TO ATK

#### XO

- 1. Special Topics
- 2. Status of Reports
- 3. Critical Tasks Next 12 Hrs
- 4. Time Schedule Next 24 Hrs

- 1. Weather Report & Effect on Ops 2. Terrain
- 3. Enemy Activity
- 4. Humint Collected from EPW/PT's

- S-3 1. Mission/Intent of Higher
- 2. Summary of Past Ops in AO
- 3. Current Ops/Unit Mission & Intent
- 4. Projected Future Ops
- 5. Status of OPLANS & FRAGOS 6. Security/Fire Support Available
- 7. Task Organization
- Recommendations to Cdr.

#### NBC Current MOPP Level

- 2. CW Threat/Enemy Capability
- 3. NBC Equip Shortages
- 4. Status of CDM

# MRO

- Bed Status of All Units
- 2. Location/Status of USAF Assets
- 3. Casualties Last 24 Hours

# Information is Power Don't Keep It to Yourself!

# S-4

- 1. Equip Status
- 2. Maint Status w/ 2406
- 3. Supply Status (Red/Amber/Green) 4. Resupply/Services Schedule
- 5. Recommendations to Cdr

# **S-1**

- 1. Unit Strengths 2. Projected Gains by MOS
- 3 Personnel Services
- 4. Religious Support Plan
- 5. Critical MOS Shortages 6. Projected Casualties

7. Cdr's Calendar

# S-5

- 1. Host Nation Support Avail
- 2 COB Plan
- 3. CMO Activities Planned Next 24hrs 4. Displace Persons Requirements
- 5. Planned NEO Operations

# **S-6**

- 1. Commo Status (All Systems) Current SOI in Effect
- 3. Challenge/Password
- 4. Retrans Requirements

## Slice Elements

- 1. Dental/PM/Vet/CSC Ops
- 2. MOS Shortages
- 3. Workload Status
- Recommendations to Cdr

# **HHD Commander**

- 1. Ration Cycle
- 2. Base Camp Security

CLASSIFICATION

**Issuing Headquarters** Place of Issue DTG of Signature

Message Reference Number

Copy of Copies

OPERATION PLAN/ORDER NUMBER (Code Name)

References:

Time Zone Used Throughout Order:

Task Organization:

1. SITUATION

A. Enemy Forces.

B. Friendly Forces.

C. Attachments and Detachments.

D. Assumptions (OPLAN Only).

2. MISSION

3. EXECUTION

A. Concept of Operations.

(1) Maneuver

(2) Fires (3) Reconnaissance and Surveillance

(4) Intelligence

(5) Engineer

(6) Air Defense

(7) Information Operations

B. Tasks to Maneuver Units.

C. Tasks to Combat Support Units.

(1) Intelligence

(2) Engineer

(3) Fire Support

(4) Air Defense

(5) Signal (6) NBC

(7) Provost Marshal/MP

(8) PSYOP

(9) Civil Military

#### CLASSIFICATION

- D. Coordinating Instructions.
  - (1) Time or Condition When a Plan/Order Becomes Effective
  - (2) CCIR
  - (3) Risk Reduction Control Measures
  - (4) Rules of Engagement
  - (5) Environmental Conditions
  - (6) Force Protection
- 4. SERVICE SUPPORT
  - A. Support Concept.
  - B. Materiel and Services.
  - C. Medical Evacuation and Hospitalization.
  - D. Personnel.
  - E. Civil Military.
- 5 COMMAND AND SIGNAL
  - A. Command.
  - B. Signal

ACKNOWLEDGE:

Name (Commander's Last Name) Rank (Commander's Rank)

OFFICIAL:

Name

Position

ANNEXES:

Annex A Task Organization Annex B Intelligence Appendix 1 Initial IPB Tab A Modified Combined Obstacle Overlay (MCOO) Tab B Enemy Situation Template Tab C Analysis of AO Appendix 2 Collection Management Annex C Operation Overlay Annex D Fire Support Appendix 1 Air Support Appendix 2 Field Artillery Support Appendix 3 Naval Gunfire Support Annex E Rules of Engagement Annex F Engineer Appendix 1 Engineer Overlay Appendix 2 Environmental Considerations Annex G Air Defense Annex H Signal Service Support Annex I Appendix 1 Service Support Overlay Appendix 2 Traffic Circulation and Control Tab A Traffic Circulation Overlay Tab B Road Movement Table Tab C Highway Regulations Appendix 3 Personnel Appendix 4 Legal Appendix 5 Religious Support Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Operations Annex J Annex K Provost Marshal Reconnaissance and Surveillance Operations Annex L Deep Operations Annex M Rear Operations Annex N Airspace Command and Control (AC2) Annex O Command and Control Warfare (C2W) Annex P Operations Security (OPSEC) Annex O Annex R **PSYOP** Annex S Deception Annex T Electronic Warfare (EW) Annex U Civil-Military Operations (CMO) Annex V Public Affairs

Per FM 101-5, Dated 31MAY97

# BATTLEFIED OPERATING SYSTEMS

People sleep peaceably in their beds at night only because rough men stand ready to do violence on their behalf.

**George Orwell** 

# BATTLEFIELD OPERATING SYSTEMS 87 MANEUVER

FIRE SUPPORT AIR DEFENSE

INTELLIGENCE

MOBILITY AND SURVIVABILITY COMBAT SERVICE SUPPORT

COMMAND AND CONTROL

# **ELEMENTS OF OFFENSIVE OPERATIONS**

DEEP OPERATIONS

RECONNAISSANCE AND SECURITY OPERATIONS

MAIN AND SUPPORTING ATTACKS RESERVE OPERATIONS

REAR OPERATIONS

# ELEMENTS OF DEFENSIVE OPERATIONS

SECURITY FORCE OPERATIONS

**DEEP OPERATIONS** 

MAIN BATTLE AREA

MAIN BATTLE AREA RESERVE OPERATIONS

RESERVE OPERATIONS

#### FIRE SUPPORT CHECKLIST

Establish "Get Set" time with arty, ammo, and FO's in place

**Targeting based on thorough IPB (use S-2's situational template)** 

**FSO** must determine trigger points

Send FO's with Scouts on infiltration attack and defense

Use AC-130, must have rehearsed commo plan

**Detailed clearance of fires procedures** 

Company FS execution matrix must be based on company scheme of maneuver

Bn and company mortars must be used: Bn FSO C2 81mm MTRS from TOC

Use Q36 radar to protect BSA and AVN TF

**Use dedicated FSO for BSA and Convoy FS plan** 

ADAM (AP)/RAAM Plan

FA S-2 and Bde FSO must exchange info with Bde S-2

FSO must briefback cdr's mission and intent

After initial wargame, recon, then wargame again

Use "top down" planning and "bottom up" refinement

FS execution matrix must be event driven, not time driven

FSO must coordinate airspace with USAF LNO, AVN TF S-3, and S-3 Air

Redundant observers required on top priority targets

Rehearsal of fire support plan critical to mission accomplishment



Arty Call Si	gn:	
		W
	all	© The

TARGET LIST		
Target #	Description	Location

Enemy Weapon Systems Range 91			
Туре	Description	Range	
D-30	122mm Howitzer	15,300m	
M-46	130mm Field Gun	27,490m	
M-1938	107mm Rocket System	6300m	
Type 59-1	130mm Field Gun	27,490m	
M65/G5	155mm Howitzer	14,995m	
M59	155mm Gun	23,500m	
D20	152mm Gun Howitzer	17,410m	
APR40	132mm MLRS	20,400m	
BM21	120mm MLRS	20,400m	
2S9	122mm SP Howitzer	7,000-12,000m	
2S3	152mm SP Howitzer	17,230m	
BM 21	122mm MRL	20,500m	
FROG 7	Arty Rocket System	70,000m	
SS-1C	Scud-B	180-300km	
2B14-1	82mm Mortar	4,000m	
SS40	Astros Rocket Launcher	35,000m	
2A65	152mm Gun	30,000m	
2B9	82mm Auto Mortar	5,000m	

WHITE	Attack is IMPROBABLE	
WEAPONS CONTROL STATUS		
Wpns FREI	E Fire at any aircraft not identified as friendly	
Wpns TIGH	IT Fire only at aircraft positively identified as Hostile	
Wpns HOL	D Fire only in self defense	
<ol> <li>Use cove</li> <li>Cover gl</li> <li>Maintair</li> <li>Specify</li> </ol>	ered and concealed routes and stationary positions lass and camouflage vehicles; do not skyline or outline n COMSEC and air guards visual and audible air warning signals in unit SOP noise, light, litter discipline	

**RED** 

YELLOW

AIR DEFENSE WARNING

Attack is **PROBABLE** 

Attack is **IMMINENT** or **IN PROGRESS** 

92

CDR MUST GIVE GUIDANCE, DEVELOP, SYNC, AND APPROVE RECON PLAN

INTEL PREP OF BATTLEFIED & INTEL COLLECTION MUST FOCUS ON MISSION

FOCUS ASSETS ON OBJECTIVE

COUNTERRECON REQUIRES CENTRALIZED C2

MUST GET ACCURATE 6 DIGIT GRID ON ENEMY W/ OBSERVED FIRE

SOP: IF SCT PLT LDR CAN'T TALK TO CDR, HE MUST MOVE

SCTS MUST BE EXPERTS AT COMMO, MUST USE DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS

SCOUTS/RECON UNITS MUST HAVE REDUNDANT COMMO

CDRS, S2, AND S3 MUST FOCUS ON ENEMY TACTICS, WEAKNESSES OR BATTLE DRILLS & HOW TO COUNTER THEM

IF POSSIBLE, HAVE MOBILITY FOR SCOUTS

REDUNDANT EYES ON OBJECTIVE/ CONTINGENCY PLAN FOR COMPROMISE

AGGRESSIVELY SEEK ALL AVAILABLE INFO: ARTY, S2, FSO, AC-130, ADA, CIVILIANS, PATIENTS, HIGHER HO'S

MUST HAVE PATROL PLAN

SHOW ENEMY DECISION POINTS ON DST. HAVE PLAN TO COUNTER THEM

S2 INTERVIEWS ALL PATIENTS FOR INTEL

ID CHOKE POINTS IN BATTLE AREA TO DETERMINE HIGH CASUALTY AREAS

MONITOR AVIATION NET FOR INTELL ON BATTLE

ANALYZE TERRAIN FOR EVAC ROUTES, AFFORDING HIGH COVER AND CONCEALMENT AND TRAFFICABILITY

KNOW THE ENEMY TEMPLATE

# INTELLIGENCE PREPARATION of the BATTLEFIELD TEMPLATES

#### **Doctrinal**

Description: Enemy doctrinal deployment for various types of operations without constraints imposed by the weather and terrain. Composition, formations, frontages, depths, equipment numbers and ratios, and HVTs are types of information displayed.

Purpose: Provides the basis for integrating enemy doctrine with terrain and weather data.

When Prepared: Threat Evaluation

#### Situation

Description: Depicts how the enemy might deploy and operate within the constraints imposed by the weather and terrain.

Purpose: Used to identify critical enemy activities and locations. Provides a basis for situation and target development and HVT analysis.

When Prepared: Threat Integration.

#### Event

Description: Depicts locations where critical events and activities are expected to occur and where critical targets will appear.

Purpose: Used to predict time-related events within critical areas. Provides a basis for collection operations, predicting enemy intentions, and locating/tracking HVT.

When Prepared: Threat Integration.

#### **Decision Support**

Description: Depicts decision points and target areas of interest keyed to significant events and activities. The intelligence estimate is in graphic form.

Purpose: Used to provide a guide as to when tactical decisions are required relative to a battlefield event.

When Prepared: Threat Integration.

### **Commander's Critical Information Requirements (CCIR)**

Information the commander requires that directly affects his/her decisions and dictates the successful execution of operations.

- Situation dependent
- · Events or activities that are predictable
- · Specified by the commander for each operations
- Time sensitive information that must be immediately reported to the commander, staff, and subordinate commanders
- · Always included in an OPORD or OPLAN
- Transmitted by a communications system specified in the SOP

#### **Priority Intelligence Requirements (PIR)**

Information the commander needs to know about the enemy and terrain.

## Friendly Forces Information Requirements (FFIR)

What the commander needs to know about the combat capabilities of his/her or adjacent units (both tangible and intangible capabilities).

#### **Essential Elements of Friendly Information (EEFI)**

What the commander needs to know to determine how he must protect the force from the enemy's information gathering systems.

#### Information Display

- Display symbols, graphics, and terminology consistent with FM 101-5-1
- Display essential information.
- · Display information clearly and understandably.
- · Display information accurately, reliably, and in a timely manner.
- Be able to be changed promptly and easily as the information is update.
- · Be easily distributed to higher, lower, and adjacent units.

OVES

WORN

ENSURE NBC EQUIPMENT IS FUNCTIONAL FOR OPERATION/ALL MTOE **EQUIP OH** 

ID ALL TRAINED DECON TMS IN TF

ALL SM'S HAVE IPE OH PRIOR TO DEPLOYMENT

UNITS TRAINED ON CHEM CAS CARE/MES'S OH

RAD/BIO/CHEM DETECTION TM TRAINED AND ID'D

SMALL UNIT LEADERS NBC KNOWLEDGE IS THE KEY TO SUCCESS

SEPARATE CASUALITES/HAVE PLANS FOR NBC CASEVAC

MONITIOR MOPP STATUS CLOSELY

ENSURE SUBORDINATE UNITS ARE ALERTED FOR POSSIBLE ATTACK

COORDINATE DECON/SMOKE OPERATION AT BDE/BN/CO/PLT LEVEL

ENSURE CHEMICAL DEFENSE EQUIPMENT IS DISTRIBUTED & OPERATIONAL

CONDUCT MOPP ANALYSIS & ESTABLISH MINIMAL MOPP LEVEL.

DISSEMINATE TO SUBORDINATE UNITS

WORN

4

ALERT NBC TEAMS (M8 ALARM OPERATORS, M256 DETECTION TMS, NBC MARKING TMS) TO PREPARE EQUIP

ALERT UNIT TO CONDUCT AUTOMATIC MASKING UPON RECEIVING

ARTY ATK RECON FOR POSSIBLE DECON SITE & ALERT SUPPORTING DECON SITE

ESTABLISH A PLAN FOR NBC CASEVAC, NOTIFY BAS AND RTOC

COVER EXPOSED EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES

DISPERSE, DIG IN AND MAKE MAX USE OF OVERHEAD	COVER

MOPP LEVEL	BDO	BOOTS	MASK	GI

MOPP LEVEL	BDO	BOOTS	MASK	GLO
0	CARRIED	CARRIED	CARRIED	CAI

<u>MOPP LEVEL</u>	RDO	<u>BOO18</u>	MASK	G
0	CARRIED	CARRIED	CARRIED	C

0	CARRIED	CARRIED	CARRIED	CARRIED
1	WORN	CARRIED	CARRIED	CARRIED

- 2 WORN WORN CARRIED **CARRIED**
- 3 WORN WORN WORN CARRIED

WORN

WORN

B Position of Observer
C Direction of Attack from Observer

D DTG of Detonation

Location of Attack

H Type of Burst/Agent (Air/Surface)

# UNMASKING PROCEDURES

# With Detection Kit

LINE

E

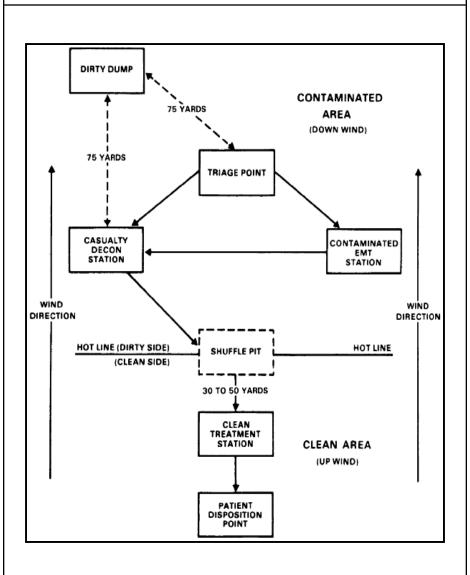
- 1. If no chem agent detected, have 2 soldiers unmask in shade for 5 mins, remask for 10 mins
- 2. Check for symptoms; if none, others may unmask; remain alert for symptoms

# Without Detection Kit

- 1. Have 2 soldiers hold breath and break seal of mask for 15 seconds, eyes open
- 2. Reseal, clear and check masks, wait 10 mins
- Check for symptoms; if none, break seal of mask, take 2-3 breaths, repeat step 2
- 4. If no symptoms, have soldiers unmask for 5 mins, remask for 10 mins
- Check for symptoms; if none, others may unmask; remain alert for symptoms



# PATIENT DECON/TREATMENT SITE



Return fire with aimed fire.

Anticipate attack.

Measure the amount of force that you use, if time and circumstances permit.

 $\underline{\mathbf{P}}$ rotect with deadly force only human life, and property desginated by cdr.

# RULES OF ENGAGEMENT CONDITIONS

#### ROECON GREEN

- Applies when no discernable threat of hostility exists.
- Places force in a routine security posture.
- Involves minimal arming, and protection only of the force and key facilities.

#### **ROECON AMBER**

- Applies when there is a discernible threat of hostile activity, but not enough of a threat to justify ROECON RED.
- Does not generally apply where higher HQ has formally identified a hostile force.
- Provides for arming additional key personnel, establishment of roadblocks and barriers, security patrols, and increased availability of ordnance.

#### ROECON RED

- Applies when an actual attack on US forces occurs, a threat of imminent attack exists, or higher HQ has formally identified a hostile force in theater.
- Directs the force to continue the protection measures detailed in the lower ROECONs, while arming all levels of approval authority on select weapon systems.
- Group will supplement the soldier's RAMP by providing specific hostility criteria to assist in implementing the "A Anticipate" attack principles.
- This checklist supplements Fort Bragg Regulation 350-41, Chapter 22.

# ADVON/QUARTERING PARTY OPERATIONS00

**MISSION:** To establish operations base camp and integrate all subordinate units into the base defense plan. Command and control for the advanced/quartering party will be provided by the XO and S-3.

#### PRIORITY OF WORK:

- 1. Establish Security
- 2. Establish Comms with TF Main
- 3. Establish Initial Defense
- 4. Stake Ground for Hospital
- 5. Determine Locations for Follow on Elements
- 6. Act as Guides for Main Body Arrival

#### ORGANIZATION:

Advance Party Command and Control:

- (a) Operations OIC and NCOIC
- (b) Radio Operator

Team Security: Minimum of 8 personnel Hospital Staking Team:

- (a) Team Leader
  - (b) Minimum of 9 personnel (3 PLX, 5 Med Co, 1 S-4)
  - (c) Equipment: Tape measure/550 cord/marking equip

**Quartering Party** 

- (a) TF XO
- (b) TF personnel as determined by mission requirements

NBC Team

- (a) TF NBC NCO
- (b) 1 x NBC equipment operator
- (c) Equip: AN/PRD27, IM93, IM174, M8, M256, Markers

Mine Clearing Force

- (a) NCOIC
- (b) 2 personnel (1 operator, 1 marker)
- (c) Equip: Mine detector, markers, non-metallic probe

# ADVON/QUARTERING PARTY CHECKLIST

#### **PERSONNEL**

- A. Full accountability of personnel
- B. Mission briefing completed
- C. Soldiers backbrief OICD. Packing list checked

#### INTELLIGENCE

- A. All maps posted
- B. Soldiers Know Challenge/Password
- C. Leaders have list of sensitive items
- D. Vehicle bumper numbers are covered

#### **NBC**

- A. MOPP gear serviceable
- B. Soldiers know MOPP level and alert procedures
- C. NBC NCO has team briefed and equipment on hand

# COMMUNICATIONS

- A. ANCD has been filled
- B. Radio checks completed on all radios
- C. Personnel know call signs

#### VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Weapons clean, ammo on hand
- B. Load plans verified
- C. Water and fuel cans filled
- D. Tow bar on hand
- E. Vehicles dispatched/drivers licensed
- F. PMCS completed on all vehicles
- G. Rations provided to all personnel

# REHEARSE, REHEARSE!

Party departs NLT 12hrs prior to main body movement Party travels on prescribed route as outlined in opord

Upon arrival at assembly area, party halts, establishes local security

Security, NBC, and mine detector teams move forward and secure location

Upon receiving all clear, remainder of team moves into area

Comms established with TF Main

Perimeter security is overseen by S-3 Security force mans LP/OPs

Staking team begins laying out hospital

# TROOP LEADING PROCEDURES

Issue warning order Make tentative plan

Start needed movement

Recon Complete plan

Issue orders

Receive mission

Supervise, refine, and rehearse

# TACTICAL OPERATIONS CHECKLIST

#### 1. Planning and Administration

Warning order issued to subordinate commanders

Route reconnaissance accomplished and reported

Quartering party dispatched

Quartering party report for units with communications capability

March table, march order, graph, and strip map prepared

Additional transportation requested to move unit (if required)

Load plans checked

Personnel and equipment inspection completed

Serial/convoy commanders/leaders identified

Personnel briefed on the operation

Preparatory maintenance completed

Weight markings on all vehicles

Situational awareness of individual soldiers

Communications checked

Weapons checked

First and last vehicles of convoy properly marked

Area secured during planning

Safety briefing conducted

Strip maps issued

Convoy numbers issued

Vehicle fuel tanks filled

Compliance with readiness requirements of higher HQs for unit deployment

# TACTICAL OPERATIONS CHECKLIST

### 2. Convoy Training Procedures

Entrucking

Assembling of column

Cross the start point (SP) on schedule

Control of column and communications

Halts (timing and location)

Security during march and halts

Maintenance plan enroute and at halts

Guides and route markings established

Rate of march

Adherence to local traffic regulations

Accident reporting

Passive defense measures during march and halts

Proper distance between vehicles

Cross release point (RP) on schedule

# 3. Occupation and Organization for Defense

Action of quartering party at bivouac site

Smoothness and discipline of operation

Dispersion of personnel and vehicles

Detrucking

Initial security outposting

Organization and coordination for ground fire plan

**Continued** 

### TACTICAL OPERATIONS CHECKLIST

Rapidity of operation, interior arrangements: supply, mess, command post, latrines, and slice elements

Adequacy of defense and warning systems

Use of natural cover and concealment

Communication and control within the perimeter

Maintenance undertaken on arrival in operational areas

Vehicles refueled

Vehicles tactically parked

Unit SOP or prearranged plan for occupying field location

Active defense measures including password/challenge

Passive defense measures

## 4. Tactical Road March

Dissemination of situational information to subordinate leaders

Entrucking/detrucking of personnel

Proper loading of cargo carriers

Timely clearance of area

March safety precautions

Proper formation of columns

Light and noise discipline

Adequacy of prearranged plans and/or SOP

Guides and/or route markers posted

Driver proficiency

Coordination and control of columns

Security of march column

Continued

106

Adherence to march column

Knowledge of situation by individual soldiers

Selection of SP, critical points, and RP

Passive defense measures during march and at halts

Proper distance between vehicles in columns

Reports properly prepared and submitted

Unit's capability to perform mission after march

#### 5. Roadblocks

Personnel react IAW convoy SOP

Dismounting of personnel

Dispersion of vehicles

Organization for reaction to roadblock

Movement and deployment of squads

Roadblock and vicinity checked for mines and booby traps

Mines and booby traps cleared correctly

Disposition of removed mines and booby traps

Emergency treatment of assessed casualties

Reporting of casualties, equipment damage, and SITREP to higher HQs

Reorganization and continuation of march

# 6. Occupation and Organization for Tactical Operations

Action of quartering party handling of incoming column

**CONTINUED** 

Smoothness and speed of complexing for technical operations

Suitability of location for control, coordination, and supervision of assigned units

Interior arrangements: CP, supply, latrines, mess, and others

Local communications installation

Use of natural concealment features (passive defense)

Organization and control of ground fire plans

Coordination with adjacent units on area defense plans

Adequacy of perimeter defense and warning system

Vehicle dispersion and maintenance operations

Vehicles refueled

Vehicles tactically parked

Unit SOP for prearranged plan for occupying field location

Unit SOP for patient security during attack

Unit SOP for unloading ground/air evacuation vehicles

Handling of wounded enemy prisoners of war

Handling of contaminated patients

Handling of psychiatric patients

Handling of patients requiring quarantine

#### COMBAT SERVICE SUPPORT CHECKLIST 108

CASUALTY EVACUATION - HAVE AN OPLAN THAT INCLUDES BOS SYNCHRONIZATION

SUPPLY OF CLASS IV REQUIRES DETAILED C2 AT DISTRIBUTION

XO OR 1SG MUST KEEP TRACK OF CLASSES OF SUPPLY & ALL PERSONNEL MEDEVAC'D

AVOID PEICEMEALING DEDICATED TRANS ASSETS OUT TO MANEUVER COS

STANDARDIZE SUPPORT TO ALL ATTACHMENTS - HAVE SOP SPT PKGS

HAVE A PLAN TO RESUPPLY SQD/PLTS W/ REPLACEMENTS SENT FWD
DRIVERS TRAINING PROGRAMS MUST INCLUDE SELF/LIKE RECOVERY

STAFF JOURNAL MAINTAINED

ROAD CLEARANCES REQUESTED FOR ALL CONVOYS

PARKING PLAN ESTABLISHED

CASUALTY LOG ESTABLISHED & MAINTAINED (USE TACCS)

A/L ESTABLISHED AS NCS. NET DISCIPLINE ENFORCED

FIELD SANITATION/TRASH DISCIPLINE/DISPOSAL PLAN

PREWRITTEN ORDER FORMATS FOR ADVON/OTR PARTY/CONVOYS

CSS COORD W/ FWD/ADJACENT/REARWARD/INTERNAL UNITS

MP MISSIONS PRIORITIZED

CSS FOCUSED ON MAIN EFFORT

MAXIMIZE AIR RESUPPLY

RACO: BOS PLAN (FIRE SPT/ADA SPT/REACTION FORCE/ENGINEER PLAN)

S1 MUST HAVE DETAILED CMO PLAN: CLUSTER POINTS/EVAC PLAN/USE OF CA TEAMS/PLAN FOR HUMINT

ALL CONVOYS MUST BE BOS SYNCHRONIZED

ALL CP VEHICLES MUST CARRY CL IV AS PART OF THEIR BASIC LOAD

BN RPTS MUST MATCH BDE RPTS IN CONTENT & AS OF TIMES

<u> </u>	 ~ 57 17

Subsistence

Class II General Supplies and Equipment Class III POL

Class IV Construction

Class V Ammo

Class I

SF 91

DA 2405

Class VI Personal Demands

Class VII Major End Items

Class VIII Medical Material

Class IX Repair Parts Class X Non Military Items

### **GROUND EQUIPMENT RECORDS**

Operator Report on Motor Vehicle Accidents

Preventive Maintenance Schedule and Record DD 314

DA 2401 Organizational Control Record for Equipment

DA 2404 Equipment Inspection & Maintenance Worksheet

Maintenance Request Register Maintenance Request DA 2407

DA 2408-4 Weapon Record Data

DA 2408-20 Oil Analysis Log



# CONVOY OPERATIONS

- 1. Request convoy clearance and SP time
- 2. Verify route security with S-3
- 3. Recon route from AA to SP
- 4. Conduct convoy brief
- 5. PMCS vehicles, top off, conduct commo checks
- 6. Rehearse actions on ambush and occupation of new AA
- 7. Link up with MP escort if available

# **CONVOY BRIEF**

- 1. Convoy route, speed, and interval between vehicles
- 2. Actions on ambush
- 3. Location of leaders within convoy
- 4. Issue map overlays or strip maps, ID checkpoints, RP
- 5. Identify air guards
- 6. Assumption of command if convoy splits
- 7. Enemy threat (NBC markings)
- 8. Rules of engagement
- 9 Civilian traffic on route
- 10. Priority of work upon arrival in new AA

REQUEST CLEARANCE FROM S-3 PRIOR TO CROSSING LINE OF DEPARTURE. CALL IN ALL CHECKPOINTS. REHEARSE, REHEARSE, REHEARSE!



# COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS CHECKLIST

KEEP STAFF & SLICE TOGETHER UNTIL PLAN IS COMPLETE, S-4 COMES TO TOC

RIGIDLY ENFORCE TIME SCHEDULE. MUST MAKE TIME FOR BACK BRIEFS & REHEARSALS

WARGAME CDR'S COA & DEVELOP DST & SYNCH MATRIX

BOS BRIEFBACK: MISSION, INTENT, INITIAL CONCEPT IMMEDIATELY AFTER OPORD

INTEGRATE C2 MEASURES, MANEUVER, OBSTACLES, AND FIRES IN DETAIL DURING REHEARSALS

USE OPSKEDS

DROP TO INTERNAL NETS IF UNITS DO NOT ANSWER

KEEP RADIO ON OLD FREQUENCY TO POLICE UP UNITS WHO DID NOT CHANGE

CROSS TALK BETWEEN COMPANY CDRS IS A PREREQUISITE FOR SUCCESS

KNOW ANTI-JAMMING CODEWORD & SOP

KNOW SOI, VINSON COMPROMISE CODEWORD & SOP

OPERATION ON O/I OR OTHER NET & CHANGE TO CMD FREQ 2 HRS BEFORE MISSION EXECUTION IN CASE EN HAS LOCKED ONTO YOUR FREQUENCY

PRECOMBAT INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS IN OPORDS

HAVE "FILL IN THE BLANK" WARNING ORDERS, FRAGOS, OPORDS ON FILE

TAC ROE IN OPORD

FACE TO FACE COORD WITH LDRS, ADJACENT UNITS WHENEVER POSSIBLE

TOC DESTRUCTION SOP

MAKE ALOC MONITOR THE BATTLE: C2 REDUNDANCY

# CIVIL MILITARY OPERATIONS CENTER CHECKLIST

Screen, validate, and prioritize UN/PVO/NGO/IO military support request.

Act as intermediary, facilitator, and coordinator between JTF/TF elements and UN/PVO/NGO/IO.

Explain JTF/TF policies to UN/PVO/NGO/IO and conversely explain UN/PVO/NGO/IO policies to JTF/TF.

Screen and validate UN/PVO/NGO/IO requests for available passenger airlift space.

Administer and issue identification cards (for access into military-controlled areas).

Convene ad hoc mission planning groups when complex military support or numerous military units and POV/NGO/IO are involved.

Provide JTF/TF operations and general security information to UN/PVO/NGO/IO as required.

Facilitate or coordinate activities such as airlift and sealift to avoid duplication and inefficiency of efforts and to increase safety.

Assist in the creation and organization of food logistics systems when requested.

Provide liaison between JTF/TF and other humanitarian coordination groups or centers.

Exchange information.

### RADIO TROUBLESHOOTING

- 1. Check frequency setting
- 2. Check battery
- 3. Check antenna
- 4. Check ALL connections from battery to antenna
- 5. Check ALL power and positions switches
- 6. Replace CVC or handset
- 7. Check position for terrain mask
- 8. Check antenna top section; repair if needed

### **DEVELOP COMMO PLAN**

- 1. Conforms to format IAW FM 101-5
- Supports the commo requirements of all specified and implied missions of the command
- 3. Is consistent with unit capabilities
- 4. Provides for maintenance support
- 5. Provides for interface with higher, lower, and adjacent units
- 6. Provides for COMSEC
- 7. Anticipates electronic warfare threat
- 8. Ensures that all signal/commo policies are followed as directed in SOI and OPLAN



# TOC OPERATIONS

Hard pressed on my right. My center is yielding. Impossible to maneuver. Situation excellent. I am attacking.

**Ferdinand Foch** 

Battle of the Marne

#### RECEIVE INFORMATION

- Receive Messages, Reports, and Orders from Subordinate Units and Higher Headquarters.
- · Monitor Tactical Situation.
- Maintain a Journal of All Significant Activities and Reports.
- Maintain and Update Unit Locations and Activities.
- Maintain a Status of Critical Classes of Supplies.

#### DISTRIBUTE INFORMATION

- Submit Reports to Higher Headquarters.
- Serve as a Communications Relay Between Units.
- · Publish Orders and Instructions.
- Process and Distribute Information to Appropriate Units or Staff Sections.

#### ANALYIZE INFORMATION

- · Consolidate Reports.
- Anticipate Events and Activities, Taking Appropriate Action as Required.
- Conduct Predictive Analysis Based on the Tactical Situation.
- Identify Information Relating to the Commander's Critical Information Requirements (CCIRs).
- · Conduct the Tactical Decision Making Process.
- Identify the Need to Execute Contingency Plans Based on the Current Situation.

### **RECOMMEND**

 Submit Recommendations to the Commander Based on the Information Available and Analysis Conducted.

### INTEGRATE RESOURCES

• Coordinate the Integration of Combat Multipliers.

### SYNCHRONIZE RESOURCES

• Coordinate the Synchronization of Combat Multipliers.

### **EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

- Supervising and Coordinating the Staff During the TDMP.
- Supervising the Analysis and Assessment of All Information and Submitting Recommendations to the Commander Accordingly.
- Supervising and Ensuring Proper Information Flow within the TOC.
  Anticipating and Synchronizing Operations from the TOC.

### BATTLE CAPTAIN

- Supervising the Efforts of Staff NCOs within the S3 Section.
- Conducting Analysis and Assessment of Available Information.
- Assisting in the Review and Dissemination of Information within the TOC.
- Assisting in Monitoring the Location and Activities of Friendly Units.
- Serving as the TOC OIC During the Absence of Field Grade Officers.
- Assisting the S3 During the TDMP.

#### **OPERATIONS NCO/SHIFT NCO**

- Ensuring Reports and Messages are Distributed Properly.
- Updating Unit Statuses on Maps and Charts.
- Supervising the Publication of Orders and Graphics.
- Supervising the Setting Up and Dismantling of the TOC.
- Supervising All Enlisted Personnel Assigned to the S3 Section.
- Managing Guard Rosters, Sleep Plans, and Shift Schedules.
- Assisting in Developing and Wargaming COAs During the TDMP.
- Serving as a Recorder During the TDMP.

### RTO/CLERK

- Monitoring the Radio.
- Receiving and Recording Reports.
- Updating Status Charts as Necessary.
- · Assisting in the Publications of Orders and Graphics.
- Assisting in Setting Up and Dismantling the TOC.
- Serving as Recorders During the TDMP.
- Cleaning and Preparing Charts and Overlays for the TDMF

## TOC OIC CHECKLIST

0	Current Graphics Posted	o	Staff Journal Updated
o	Fire Support Overlay O/H	o	Map Symbols O/H
o	CSS Overlay O/H	o	Freqs for CAS
o	A2C2 Overlay O/H	o	Sector Sketch Posted
o	Large Grid Designators Posted	o	Brief Sequence /Times Posted
o	Wind Direction Arrow	o	Pwr Gen Maint Posted
o	Map Posted w/	o	Remotes Labeled
	-All TOC/TAC Locations	o	Field Desks Restocked
	-Subordinate Units	o	Charts Standardized
	-BSA/DSA/CSA/MSR's	o	Wall Clocks Posted
o	S-2	o	Weather Update Posted
	-Enemy Situation Template	o	Light Data Posted
	-Enemy Arty Ranges	o	A/C Mission Chart
	-Timelines	o	Report Suspense Updated
o	Sync Matrix Posted	o	Commo Checks Completed
o	LD/LC/FLOT Posted	o	Key Personnel Sleep Plan/Location
o	Bde Status Chart Updated	o	Classified Waste Destroyed
o	All OPORDERs O/H	o	TOC Clean Up Plan
o	Current FRAGO O/H	o	Fresh Coffee O/H
o	Current INSUM O/H	o	TA 3-12 Lines Checked
o	Threatcon Level Posted	o	Fax/MSRT/MCS/DNVT Up
o	Alert Warnings Posted	o	Briefing Tent Organized/Clean
o	MOPP Level Posted	o	TOC Cleaned up
o	ADA Condition/Status Posted	o	Chow Times/Ration Cycle

o Weapon Accountability

o Correct Uniform In TOC

o Vehicle PMCS Completed

o Keep It In Perspective

o Current CDM Posted

o Cdr's Intent Posted

o Task Organization Posted

o Call Signs/Freq Verified

## TOC NCOIC CHECKLIST

o Generators Sandbaggedo Vehicles/Gen Refueled

o Constant Area Improvement

o KEEP THE BATTLE CAPTAIN

o Radios Operational & Mannedo Fighting Positions Designated

o TOC Duty Shifts Established

o Prepare Area For Rehearsals

o Inspect Fighting Positions

o Ensure Convoy Security

o Tie In Security With Units In AO

o Control TOC Access

o Lead JUMP TOC

o Coordinate LogPac/Resupply
o Enforce Soldier Standards

o Enforce Sleep Plan

-PMCS Equipment	OUT OF TROUBLE!
-Hygiene	OPERATION PLANNING DUTIES
-Correct Uniform	o Assist in COA Formulation
o Enforce Noise/Light Discipline	o Prep Materials For Briefings
o SM/Equip Accountability	o Assist In Briefings
o Coordinate Local Security	o Distribute OPORDS To Units
o Post Locations of Key Units	o Publish Plans. Orders, And Reports
o Track BDA	o Develop Target List
o Post Maint Status	o Develop Obstacle Plan
o Post Supply Status	o Coordinate Rehearsals
o Post Enemy Activities	o Prepare Order Briefs
o Enforce TOC Rules	o Coordinate Casualty Evacuation
o Rehearse Immediate Actions	o Consolidate Orders Input
o Supervise Freq Changes	o Establish Deception Plan
o Coordinate Shift Change	o Plan Hasty Dislocation
o Ensure Reports Are Submitted	o Coordinate IPB
o Conduct TOC Site Recon	o Maintain Publications
o Conduct PCIs Prior to Movement	o Monitor Computer/Disk Use
o Distribute Strip Maps	o Oversee OPSEC In TOC
o Designate Fighting Positions	o Control Map Board

4 TOC SYSTEMS IN PLACE: RULES, REFERENCES & BACKGROUND DATA

JOURNAL STATUS BOARDS, ŤOC

TOC RULES: SHIFT CHANGEOVER BRIEFS, SHIFT HOT WASHES (LESSONS LEARNED PASSED TO NEXT SHIFT), OIC/NCOIC STAYS OFF RADIO AND LETS RTO DO HIS JOB, BN TRACKING, PLT LOCATIONS & CBT EFFECTIVENESS, TOC JUMP SOP, SOP FOR CHEM LIGHTS (NO GENERATOR), FIRE EXTINGUISHERS O/H/ DAILY CDR'S UPDATES, NO EATING. SMOKING. SLEEPING IN TOC

OPS, FIRE SPT, S2 MAP NEXT TO EACH OTHER

STANDARDIZED OVERLAYS WITH STANDARDIZED GRID REFERENCE MARKS

NCOIC/OIC/TOC SHIFT CHART (W/ DESIGNATED SLEEP PLAN & SLEEP LOCS)

FIELD FOOT LOCKER W/ SOP PACKING LIST POSTED AND UPDATED

EEGGGT G EET HE (EEG GTH HE)

LESSONS LEARNED CHART

FILL IN THE BLANK OPORDER FORMS ON HAND

WEAPONS LIMITATION AND BASIC DATA CHART FOR PLANNING

MEDEVAC PROCEDURES CHART POSTED ABOVE RTO'S DESK

ALPHA ROSTER/BATTLE ROSTER/EQUIPMENT MATRIX CHART

FIRE ESCAPE PLAN

FORMS FILE

RTO CHEAT SHEETS PREPARED AND UPDATED

FREQUENCY CHANGE OVER PLAN W/ ONE RADIO ON OLD FREQ TO POLICE UP NET

SOI COMPROMISE/ANTI-JAMMING SOP

NBC TEAMS IDENTIFIED, TRAINED, AND USING EQUIPMENT

AUTOMATIC WPNS ON HIGH SPEED AVENUES OF APPROACH

DEFENSIVE SECTOR SKETCH WITH RANGE CARDS

WEATHER POSTED & ANALYZED W/ FRIENDLY & EN EFFECTS OUT TO 72 HRS

LOCATIONS CHARTS ON HAND & UPDATED

MANDATORY REPORTS CHART ON HAND & UPDATED BY TOC OIC/NCOIC

COMMO STATUS CHART ON HAND & UPDATED BY SIGO

CONTINUITY BOOK ON HAND & UPDATED (TOC LAYOUT, LOAD PLANS, JOB DESCRIPTIONS, RECURRING ACTIONS)

ARTEP/MTP & OTHER REO'D REFERENCE DATA ON HAND

COMBAT STATUS CHARTS ON HAND & UPDATED: EQUIPMENT, MISSIONS, MOS & PROJECTED SHORTFALLS/GAINS WITHIN 72 HRS, CBT EFFECTIVENESS CIRCLE CODE CHARTS (PERSONNEL/LOGISTICS/EQUIPMENT/COMMO)

TOC JOURNAL

- 3 PART FOLDER: CURRENT LOG, JT MESSAGE FORM, PAST JOURNAL LOG
- o UPDATED & CORRECTLY COMPLETED BY NCO
- MSG FROM (DD173) INITIALED BY TOC OIC TO INDICATE ACTION
   WAS CORRECT, INFO POSTED & DISTRIBUTED BY PERSONNEL
- o ACTION TAKEN NEVER USE THE WORD LOGGED!

PASSIVE AIR DEFENSE MEASURES (CAMO, LIGHT DISCIPLINE, OPSEC)

RADIOS TURNED DOWN. EVERYONE TALKS IN LOW VOICE

TOC REACTION DRILLS

- o ARTY ATTACK
- o AIR ATTACK
- o NBC ATTACK
- o ENEMY ATTACK
- o CASEVAC

### TOC OIC/NCOIC DUTIES

- 1. Insure all commo is operational to include fax. Have SIGO update commo status chart
- 2. Work with the Ops SGM to establish TOC shifts fill in the charts, estab sleep plan, know where everyone is sleeping, nigh shift recons sleeping areas to find key pax if necessary.
- 3. Monitor reports hourly.
- 4. Insure TOC shifts are organized as follows: Current ops, future ops, SLICE OIC, and TOC NCOIC.
- 5. Current Ops should consist of TOC Officer, TOC NCOIC, FSO, S2 Officer, Slice
  - (1) Update current Ops maps (map NCO)
  - (2) Update Intel map (S-2)
  - (3) Update FSO and Engineer map (FSO & Engineer)
- 6. NCOIC: Handles all message traffic, run TOC log, insure all RTO's are monitoring all nets, supervise map NCOs, insure reports are timely, all charts updated, area kept clean, develop sleep plan for shifts, coordinates with HHC Cdr for TOC security to include OPSEC, TOC battle drills, and TOC reaction force.
- 7. SLICE OIC: Backbrief TOC officer on current status of special staff, as required
- FUTURE OPS OFFICER: Insure a planning map is updated and planning area is kept neat and orderly.
   Immediately begin to build shell orders based on assumptions for future ops.
- 9. TOC officer is the orchestrate, not the worker bee. Should be seated in the ops center. Has following people report to him: SLICE, NCOIC, S2, and future ops officer. NOTE: The TOC officer is not an RTO. He lets the RTO's do the talking, with the OPS SGM supervising the RTO's.
- 10. TOC officer must learn and execute the commander's intent.
- Overlavs must be standardized.
- 12. Make sure the SIGO has the multichannel phonebook acetated and posted and the RTO cheat sheets are updated. This includes instructions for MEDEVAC, to include call sign and frequency.
- 13. Monitor battery changes for the remotes. Insure DTG of batter change is logged on each radio.
- 14. TOC officer should personally draft the CDR's SITREP and have it approved by the XO, S3, or Commander.
- 15. TOC officer insures the engineer overlay and the FS overlay are integrated.
- TOC officer insure NCOIC wakes everyone who is involved in the CDR's daily staff briefs.
- 17. TOC OIC personally reads all message traffic, insures correct action is taken, and initials the message form indicating he has done this.

# BATTLE CAPTAIN RUCK PACKING LIST 122

Medical Operations Handbook
Alcohol Markers
Alcohol Wipes
Grease Pencils
Pens/Mechanical Pencils
Notebook
Required Maps
Map Protractor
Compass
GPS

Selected FMs on CD

Computer with CD Drive

Digital Camera

Satellite Phone Short-wave Radio

Mini-Mag Flashlight Additional AAA Batteries 550 Cord

100mph Tape
VS-17 Panel
Strobe Light

Signal Mirror

Chem Lights
Waterproof Matches
Water Purification System

Extra Socks
Work Gloves

MRF.

Hygiene Kit
Passports (Official/Tourist)

Host Country Phrase Book

Yellow Shot Record

### INDIRECT FIRE ATTACK

SIGNAL: "INCOMING!"

STEP 1 - Mask (if chemical rounds are indicated)

STEP 2 - Assume a prone position and get under cover

STEP 3 - Disperse

STEP 4 - Seek cover in established survivability positions

STEP 5 - Report/Treat/Evacuate Casualties

STEP 6 - Remain under cover until given all clear

### **AIR ATTACK**

SIGNAL: "DYNAMITE, DYNAMITE, DYNAMITE"

STEP 1 - Clear tents and vehicles, move to survivability positions

STEP 2 - Man fighting positions

STEP 3 - Return massed fire if aircraft is firing at hospital

STEP 4 - Report/Treat/Evacuate Casualties

STEP 5 - Report battle damage to S-4/Redistribute ammo

### **CIVILIAN ON BATTLEFIELD**

SIGNAL: "VERBAL ALERT"

STEP 1 - Take positive control of persons, check ID card, verify with S-2 STEP 2 - Detain (blindfold/flexicuff if hostile), keep outside of wire

STEP 3 - Notify the TOC

STEP 4 - Guard until QRF/TOC personnel arrive

STEP 5 - Do not discuss anything with persons

STEP 6 - TOC personnel take control, notify higher S-2 and local authorities

### **GROUND ATTACK**

SIGNAL: "CIRCLE THE WAGONS"

STEP 1 - All personnel man fighting positions

STEP 2 - Positively identify enemy

STEP 3 - Engage IAW Rules of Engagement

STEP 4 - Report/Treat/Evacuate Casualties

STEP 5 - Remain in positions until given all clear

### CHEMICAL ATTACK SIGNAL: "VERBAL, M8, HAND SIGNALS"

STEP 1 - Mask

STEP 2 - Go to MOPP4

STEP 3 - NBC NCO sends NBC1 report to higher

STEP 4 - Detect contamination, determine type of agent, mark area

STEP 5 - Conduct hasty decon following determined priority STEP 6 - Conduct MOPP gear exchange as needed

STEP 7 - Unmask only when directed by appropriate authority

# **SNIPER**

SIGNAL: "SNIPER!"

STEP 1 - Take cover

STEP 2 - Report to TOC on CMD Net (provide direction of fire)

STEP 3 - Return fire IAW Rules of Engagement

STEP 4 - Remain under cover until all clear given

# GRAPHIC REFERENCES

Every man thinks meanly of himself for not having been a soldier.

**Samuel Johnson** 

- 1. Complete prepare to fire weapons checks
- 2. Complete preoperations PMCS; resolve problems
- 3. Load vehicles/rucks per load plans
- 4. Clean/function check individual & crew served weapons
- 5. Top off vehicles
- 6. Stow basic load of Class I and V
- 7. Fill canteens, water & oil cans as needed
- 8. Index battlesights
- 9. Check radio freqs and operation
- 10. Check speech security equip
- 11. Check personnel; brief mission
- 12. Rehearse

### **Crew Checklist**

#### PERSONNEL

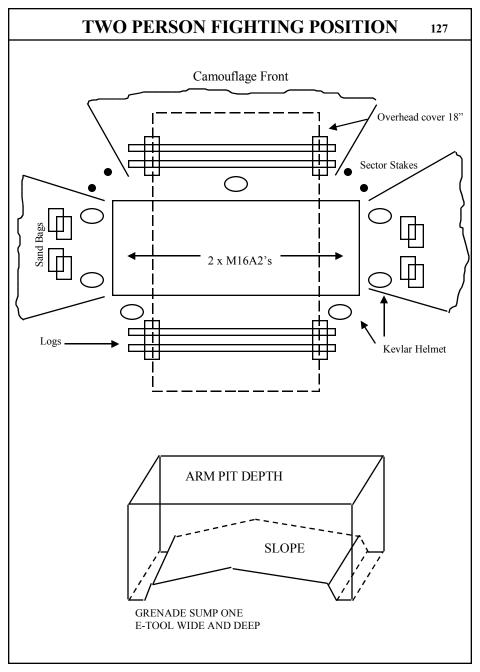
- o Soldiers briefed on mission, know checkpoints and rally points
- o Morale of section
- o Full staff O/H

### PERSONAL EQUIPMENT

- o Dog tags present and O/H
- o ID Card O/H, Geneva Convention Card O/H, Red Cross Armband
- o Proper field uniform
- o Weapons cleaned and secured, ammunition issued
- o SQD leader has listing of all serial numbers for weapons and sensitive items
- o NBC equipment O/H

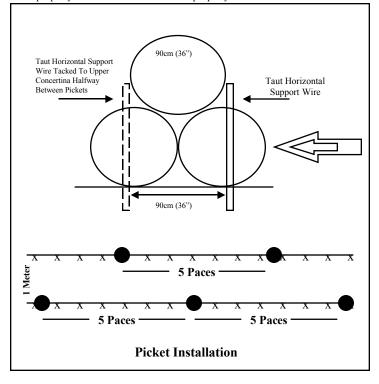
### INTELLIGENCE

- o All overlays/map updates O/H
- o All soldiers know sign/countersign
- o Soldiers have strip maps
- o Threat brief/rules of engagement brief received

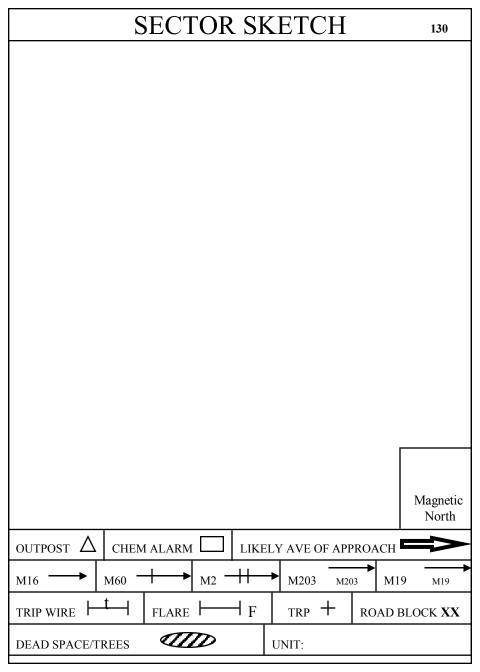


### TRIPLE STRAND CONCERTINA

- · Ensure job site security
- · Organize work into three crews
- · First crew lays pickets
- Second crew lays out wire. Place one roll on enemy side at every third picket and two rolls on enemy side at every third picket
- · Third crew installs all pickets
- · Reorganize party into four soldier crews
- · Install wire
- Ensure wire is properly tied and all horizontal wire properly installed



		RAN	GE	$\mathbf{C}$	ARD		129
SQD PLT CO	— May be u —	sed for all ty	pes of d	lirect	fire wea	pons	MAGNETIC NORTH
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	1 1	ı	٩		ı	ı	ı
		DATA	A SEC	ΓΙΟΙ	N		
Position Ident	ification				Date		
Weapon				Each	Mark Equa	ls	Meters
No.	Direction/ Reflection	Elevation	Range		Ammo	Description	1
Remarks:	•	•	•				



RISK ASSESSMENT 131								
Length	Routine	Complex	Dangerous					
		LT/HVY/ABN	Live Fire/Water/Halo					
72 HRS	3	4	5					
48 HRS	2	3	5					
24 HRS	1	2	4					
UNIT EX	XPERIEN(	CE - NATU	RE OF TASK					
		UNIT EXPERIENC	CE					
TASK	Qualified & Experienced	Familiar, Not Experienced	Unfamiliar & Inexperienced					
Dangerous Complex Routine	2 1 0	4 3 2	5 4 3					
,	Temperatu	re vs. Cond	itions					
		VISIBILITY/MOIS	TURE					
TEMP	GOOD Clear/Dry	<b>DEGRADED</b> Night/Haze/Drizz	POOR Night/Rain/Snow/Ice					
Very Cold Moderate Very Hot	3 0 4	4 2 2	5 3 3					
EQU	IPMENT A	AGE VS CC	ONDITION					
AGE	Well Maintained	Poorly Maintaine	Short Key d Equipment					
Old Average New	2 1 0	4 3 2	4 4 4					

Configuration	Day	Night	Sp	ecial Hazard	
Ad Hoc	2	3		4	
Attached	1	2		3	
Elements					
Organic	0	1		2	
	Leaders R	est vs Prep	Tin	ne	
т 1		Time for Mission	Prep		
Leaders Rest	Extensive	Adequate		Minimal	
Less 4 Hrs	2	3		4	
6 Hrs	1	2		3	
8 Hrs	0	1	2		
S	Soldier Co	ndition vs [	Гerra	ain	
		VISIBILITY/MO	ISTURE		
Terrain	GOOD 8 Hrs	ADEQUATE 6 Hrs		Minimal 3 Hrs	
Dangerous	2	3		6	
Challenging	1	2		4	
Normal	0	1		8	
	DICIZA	COLCONI			

C2 Relationship vs Mission

Unit

**MISSION** 

Normal 0			1		8	
LOW		MOD	ERATE		HIGH	

	N	ISK A	39F95	TITATE	ד אות		
LOW		MOD	ERATE	<u>C</u>	Н	IIGH	
1	11	12		22	24		21

132

<sup>\*</sup>What are your risk reduction actions? \*Cdr must approve **HIGH** risk operations.

# AIRCRAFT INFORMATION<sup>133</sup>

### C-130

### **Usable Dimensions:**

102" High

115" Wide w/out dual rails 105" Wide w/ dual rails

#### Axle Limitations:

Station 257-337 = 6,000lbs

Station 682-742 = 6,000lbs Station 337-683 = 13,000lbs

Ramp = 3,500lbs single axle or 2,500lbs each axle

### Aisleway:

Pallets 3 - 4 = over 36" requires 6" aisleway

Pallet 6 = 18" aisleway

### Planning ACL = 25,000lbs

### **Pallet Limitations:**

Pallet 1: 10,355lbs @ 76"

Pallet 2-4: 10,355 @ 96" Pallet 5: 8,500lbs @ 96"

Pallet 6: 4,664lbs @ 76"

#### Pax:

90 Maximum/74 Over Water

Cargo widths up to 76" allows pax on both sides of aircraft Cargo widths 76"-96" allows pax on one side of aircraft Cargo widths over 96" allows no pax on either side of aircraft

Runway Requirements: 3,000 ft

Range: 2,356 miles

Crew: 5

# AIRCRAFT INFORMATION134

### <u>C-5</u>

### **Usable Dimensions:**

Front: 150" High Front: 144" Wide

Aft: 106" High

Aft: 214" Wide

### **Axle Limitations:**

Station 517-724 = 20,000lbs in any 40" length

Station 1884-1971 = 20,000lbs in any 40" length

Station 724-1458 = 36,000lbs in any 40" length Station 1458-1884 = 36,000lbs in any 40" length

Station 1458-1518 = 25,000lbs per axle

Ramp = 3,600lbs in any 20" length

### Aisleway:

Pallets 1,2, 35, & 36 requires 14" aisleway

Planning ACL = 130,000lbs

### **Pallet Limitations:**

Pallet 1-2: 7,500lbs @ 96"

Pallet 3-34: 10,355 @ 96"

Pallet 35-36: 7,500lbs @ 70"

### Pax:

73 permanent seats, 267 Airbus for total of 340 pax

Runway Requirements: 5,000 ft

Range: 3,434 miles

Crew: 5+

# AIRCRAFT INFORMATION<sup>135</sup>

### **C-141**

### **Usable Dimensions:**

103" High 117" Wide

### Axle Limitations:

Station 322-678 = 10,000lbs

Station 682-742 = 10,000lbs Station 678-998 = 20,000lbs

Ramp = 7,500lbs single axle or 5,000lbs per individual wheel

### Aisleway: None

Planning ACL = 90,000lbs

### **Pallet Limitations:**

Pallet 1: 10,355lbs @ 76"

Pallet 2 - 12: 10,355lbs @ 96" Pallet 13: 7,500lbs @ 76"

### Pax:

200 Maximum, 153 Over Water

Cargo widths up to 80" allows pax on both sides Cargo widths 80"-96" allows pax on one side only Cargo widths over 96" allows no pax on either side

Runway Requirements: 5,000 ft

Range: 2,800 miles

Crew: 4

# AIRCRAFT INFORMATION 136

### <u>C-17</u>

### **Usable Dimensions:**

142" High 210" Wide

### Axle Limitations:

Station 347-577 = 27,000lbs Station 1037-1165 = 27,000lbs

Station 577-1037 = 36,000lbs Ramp = 27,000lbs

Aisleway: None

Planning ACL = 90,000lbs

### Pallet Limitations:

All pallets: 10,355lbs at 96"

Pax:

112 Maximum, 102 Over Water

Runway Requirements: 3,000 ft

Range: 2,760 miles

Crew: 3

# **CONVERSIONS**

To Convert	Multiply by	<u>Equals</u>	To Convert	Multiply by	Equals
Velocity			Length		
Km/hr to MPH	0.62137	MPH	Foot to Km	0.0003048	Km
Km/hr to Knotts	0.539957	Knotts	Foot to Meter	0.3048	Meter
MPH to KM/hr	1.60934	Km/hr	Foot to Mile (statute)	0.00018939	Miles (mi)
MPH to Knotts	0.868976	Knotts	Foot to Mile (nautical)	0.00016458	Miles (nmi)
Knotts to MPH	1.15078	MPH			
Knotts to KM/hr	1.852	KM/hr	Mile (mi) to Foot	5280	Foot
			Mile (mi) to Meter	1609.35	Meters
Area			Mile (mi) to Km	1.60935	Km
Acre to Hectare	0.404687	Hectares (ha)	Mile (nmi) to Foot	6076.12	Foot
Acre to Sq Ft	43560.2	Sq Ft (ft 2)	Mile (nmi) to Meter	1852	Meters
Acre to Sq KM	0.00404687	Sq Km (km 2)	Mile (nmi) to Km	1.852	Km
Acre to Sq Meters	4046.87	Sq M (m 2)			
Acre to Sq Mile	0.00156251	Sq Mi (mi <sup>2</sup> )	Km to Foot	3280.84	Foot
			Km to Mile (statue)	0.62137	Miles (mi)
Sq Km to Hectare	100	Hectares (ha)	Km to Mile (nautical)	0.539957	Miles (nmi)
Sq Mile to Hecatres	258.9988	Hectares (ha)			
Sq Ft to Hectares	9.290304E-06	Hectares (ha)	Volume		
Hectares to Acres	2.4710437	Acres (a)	Gallons (US) to Liters	3.78541	Liters
Hectares to Sq Km	0.01	Sq Km (km <sup>2</sup> )	Gallons (US) to Pints	8	Pints
Hectares to Sq Mi	0.003861022	Sq Mi (mi <sup>2</sup> )	Gallons (US) to Quarts	4	Quarts
			Gallons (US) to Ounces	128.002	Ounces
			Liters to Gallons (US)	0.264172	Gallons
Sq Ft to Acre	2.29567 E-005	Acres (a)	Liters to Pints	2.11338	Pints
Sq Km to Acre	247.104	Acres (a)	Liters to Quarts	1.05669	Quarts
Sq Meters to Acre	0.000247104	Acres (a)			
Sq Mi to Acre	639.997	Acres (a)	Quarts to Liters	0.946353	Liters
			Pints to Liters	0.473177	Liters
Sq Ft to Sq Meters	0.092903	Sq M (m <sup>2</sup> )	Ounce to Liters	0.029573	Liters
Sq Meter to Sq Ft	10.7639	Sq Ft (ft <sup>2</sup> )			
			Ounce to Quarts	0.0312495	Quarts
			Ounce to Gallons	0.00781237	Gallons

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AMEDD Lessons Learned Division