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| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | Cattail  * Kingdom: Plantae * Phylum: Magnoliophyta * Class: Liliopsida * Order: Poales * Family: Typhaceae * Genus: Typha * Species: |  | |  | | | General Information:  Typha species often grow to cover large areas of wetlands, lakes and rivers. They are among the most common of all aquatic and wetland plants anywhere. Cat-tails get their name from their brown cylindrical flower spikes which can be more than 1 ft. long. They depend upon wind to blow their seeds away from the parent plant. The brown flowers take on a white fuzzy appearance at this time. Cat-tails provide protective cover and nesting areas for animals and birds. As a result of them doing so well in creeks and wetlands they can become a problem with flood control in channels with low banks. the Arroyo Delvalle channel is high enough so this is not likely to become a problem. : | | |  | | |  |  |  |  | | --- | | Copyright © 2008 Amador Valley High. All Rights Reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part in any form or medium without express written permission of Amador Valley is prohibited. | |