|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | Stinging Nettle  * Kingdom: Plantae * Phylum: Magnoliophyta * Class: Magnoliopsida * Order: Rosales * Family: Urticaceae * Genus: Urtica * Species: |  | |  | | | General Information:  Stinging nettle tends to be most commonly seen near the creek bank in areas heavily populated by weeds and grasses. It is a perennial herb that does not grow much more than 75cm in the study area. Leaves grow in whorls, are pointed at the tip, and serrated at the edges. Stems and leaves generally have numerous hairs, many of which transfer a stinging irritant to the skin when touched. The sting usually swells in a matter of a few minutes. Flowers can be seen in mid spring and are found at the tips of the stems. | | |  | | |  |  |  |  | | --- | | Copyright © 2008 Amador Valley High. All Rights Reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part in any form or medium without express written permission of Amador Valley is prohibited. | |