





> Demostración:

$$e^{ix} = 1 + \frac{ix}{1!} + \frac{(ix)^2}{2!} + \frac{(ix)^3}{3!} + \frac{(ix)^4}{4!} + \frac{(ix)^5}{5!} + \cdots$$
 $e^{ix} = 1 + \frac{ix}{1!} - \frac{x^2}{2!} - \frac{ix^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \frac{ix^5}{5!} + \cdots$
 $e^{ix} = (1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \cdots) + i(x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \cdots)$
 $e^{ix} = \cos(x) + i \operatorname{sem}(x); \operatorname{Si} x = \pi$
 $e^{i\pi} = \cos(\pi) + i \operatorname{sem}(\pi)$
 $e^{i\pi} = -1 + 0$
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