bc4iaaynedisonihao123

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1 Flow

1.1 MinCostMaxFlow

```
struct MincostMaxflow {
     struct Edge {
          int to, rev, cap, w;
         Edge() {}
Edge(int a, int b, int c, int d): to(a), cap(b)
              , w(c), rev(d) {}
     int n, s, t, p[maxn], id[maxn];
     int d[maxn];
     bool inque[maxn];
     vector<Edge> G[maxn];
     pair<int, int> spfa() {
   memset(p, -1, sizeof(-1));
   fill(d, d + maxn, inf);
         memset(id, -1, sizeof(id));
         d[s] = 0; p[s] = s;
         queue<int> que; que.push(s); inque[s] = true;
         while (que.size()) {
              int tmp = que.front(); que.pop();
              inque[tmp] = false;
              int i = 0;
              for (auto e : G[tmp]) {
                   if (e.cap > 0 \& d[e.to] > d[tmp] + e.w
                       d[e.to] = d[tmp] + e.w;
                       p[e.to] = tmp;
                       id[e.to] = i;
                       if (!inque[e.to]) que.push(e.to),
                            inque[e.to] = true;
                  }
                   ++i;
              }
         if (d[t] == inf) return make_pair(-1, -1);
         int a = inf;
          for (int i = t; i != s; i = p[i]) {
              a = min(a, G[p[i]][id[i]].cap);
         for (int i = t; i != s; i = p[i]) {
    Edge &e = G[p[i]][id[i]];
              e.cap -= a; G[e.to][e.rev].cap <math>+= a;
         return make_pair(a, d[t]);
     MincostMaxflow(int _n, int _s, int _t): n(_n), s(_s
          ), t(_t) {
fill(G, G + maxn, vector<Edge>());
     void add_edge(int a, int b, int cap, int w) {
         G[a].push_back(Edge(b, cap, w, (int)G[b].size()
              ));
          G[b].push_back(Edge(a, 0, -w, (int)G[a].size()
              - 1));
     pair<int, int> maxflow() {
          int mxf = 0, mnc = 0;
         while (true) {
              pair<int, int> res = spfa();
if (res.first == -1) break;
              mxf += res.first; mnc += res.first * res.
                   second;
          return make_pair(mxf, mnc);
     }
};
```

2 Graph

2.1 Heavy-Light Decomposition

```
struct HeavyLightDecomp {
   vector<int> G[maxn];
```

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```
int tin[maxn], top[maxn], dep[maxn], maxson[maxn],
    sz[maxn], p[maxn], n, clk;
void dfs(int now, int fa, int d) {
         dep[now] = d;
         maxson[now] = -1;
         sz[now] = \overline{1};
         p[now] = fa;
for (int u : G[now]) if (u != fa) {
             dfs(u, now, d + 1);
             sz[now] += sz[u];
             if (maxson[now] == -1 || sz[u] > sz[maxson[
                  now]]) maxson[now] = u;
    void link(int now, int t) {
         top[now] = t;
         tin[now] = ++clk;
         if (maxson[now] == -1) return;
         link(maxson[now], t);
         for (int u : G[now]) if (u != p[now]) {
             if (u == maxson[now]) continue;
             link(u, u);
    HeavyLightDecomp(int n): n(n) {
         clk = 0:
         memset(tin, 0, sizeof(tin)); memset(top, 0,
             sizeof(top)); memset(dep, 0, sizeof(dep));
         memset(maxson, 0, sizeof(maxson)); memset(sz,
             0, sizeof(sz)); memset(p, 0, sizeof(p));
    void add_edge(int a, int b) {
         G[a].push_back(b);
         G[b].push_back(a);
    void solve() {
    dfs(0, -1, 0);
         link(0, 0);
    int lca(int a, int b) {
         int ta = top[a], tb = top[b];
         while (ta != tb) {
             if (dep[ta] < dep[tb]) {</pre>
                 swap(ta, tb); swap(a, b);
             a = p[ta]; ta = top[a];
         if (a == b) return a;
         return dep[a] < dep[b] ? a : b;
    vector<pair<int, int>> get_path(int a, int b) {
         int ta = top[a], tb = top[b];
         vector<pair<int, int>> ret;
         while (ta != tb) {
             if (dep[ta] < dep[tb]) {
    swap(ta, tb); swap(a, b);</pre>
             ret.push_back(make_pair(tin[ta], tin[a]));
             a = p[ta]; ta = top[a];
         ret.push_back(make_pair(min(tin[a], tin[b]),
             max(tin[a], tin[b]));
         return ret;
    }
};
```

3 Math

3.1 FFT

```
void prefft() {
    for (int i = 0; i <= maxn; ++i) omega[i] = exp(i *
        2 * pi / maxn * I);
}
void fft(vector<complex<double>>& a, int n, bool inv=
    false) {
    int basic = maxn / n;
```

```
int theta = basic;
     for (int m = n; m >= 2; m >>= 1) {
          int h = m \gg 1;
          for (int i = 0; i < h; ++i) {
               complex<double> w = omega[inv ? maxn - (i *
    theta % maxn) : i * theta % maxn];
               for (int j = i; j < n; j += m) {
   int k = j + h;</pre>
                    complex<double> x = a[j] - a[k];
                    a[j] += a[k];

a[k] = w * x;
          theta = (theta * 2) % maxn;
     int i = 0;
     for (int j = 1; j < n - 1; ++j) {
    for (int k = n >> 1; k > (i \land = k); k >>= 1);
          if (j < i) swap(a[i], a[j]);
     if (inv) for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) a[i] /= (
          double)n;
}
void invfft(vector<complex<double>>& a, int n) {
     fft(a, n, true);
```

3.2 Miller Rabin

```
chk = [2, 7, 61]
chk = [2, 13, 23, 1662803]
chk = [2, 325, 9375, 28178,
// n < 4759123141
// n < 1122004669633
// n < 2^64
     450775, 9780504, 1795265022]
long long fpow(long long a, long long n, long long mod)
     long long ret = 1LL;
for (; n; n >>= 1) {
    if (n & 1) ret = (ret * a) % mod;
          a = (a * a) \% mod;
     return ret;
}
bool check(long long a, long long u, long long n, int t
     a = fpow(a, u, n);
     if (a == 0) return true;
     if (a == 1 || a == n - 1) return true;
     for (int i = 0; i < t + 1; ++i) {
          a = a * a % n;
          if (a == 1) return false;
          if (a == n - 1) return true;
     return false;
}
bool miller_rabin(long long n) {
     if (n < 2) return false;</pre>
     if (n % 2 == 0) return n == 2;
     long long u = n - 1; int t = 0;
for (; u & 1; u >>= 1, ++t);
     for (long long i : chk) {
          if (!check(i, u, n, t)) return false;
     return true;
}
```