# STARD 2015 Checklist

## STARD 2015 Checklist

Scope: Standards for Reporting of Diagnostic Accuracy Studies.

Reference: See source/archetypes/stard-2015.yml for canonical link and provenance.

#### Instructions

- Use the boxes to confirm each reporting item.
- Add reviewer notes under each section as needed.

### Title or Abstract

• 1. Identification: Identification as a study of diagnostic accuracy using at least one measure of accuracy (such as sensitivity, specificity, predictive values, or AUC).

## **Abstract**

• 2. Structured summary: Structured summary of study design, methods, results, and conclusions (for specific guidance, see STARD for Abstracts).

## Introduction

- ② 3. Scientific and clinical background: Scientific and clinical background, including the intended use and clinical role of the index test.
- 2 4. Study objectives and hypotheses: Study objectives and hypotheses.

#### Methods

- ② **5. Study design:** Whether data collection was planned before the index test and reference standard were performed (prospective study) or after (retrospective study).
- ? 6. Participants: Eligibility criteria.
- ? 7. Participants: On what basis potentially eligible participants were identified (such as symptoms, results from previous tests, inclusion in registry).
- ② 8. Participants: Where and when potentially eligible participants were identified (setting, location and dates).
- ② 9. Participants: Whether participants formed a consecutive, random or convenience series.
- 2 10a. Test methods: Index test, in sufficient detail to allow replication.
- 2 10b. Test methods: Reference standard, in sufficient detail to allow replication.
- 2 11. Test methods: Rationale for choosing the reference standard (if alternatives exist).

- 12a. Test methods: Definition of and rationale for test positivity cut-offs or result categories of the index test, distinguishing prespecified from exploratory.
- 2 **12b. Test methods:** Definition of and rationale for test positivity cut-offs or result categories of the reference standard, distinguishing prespecified from exploratory.
- 2 13a. Test methods: Whether clinical information and reference standard results were available to the performers/readers of the index test.
- 2 13b. Test methods: Whether clinical information and index test results were available to the assessors of the reference standard.
- 14. Analysis: Methods for estimating or comparing measures of diagnostic accuracy.
- 2 15. Analysis: How indeterminate index test or reference standard results were handled.
- 2 16. Analysis: How missing data on the index test and reference standard were handled.
- 17. **Analysis:** Any analyses of variability in diagnostic accuracy, distinguishing prespecified from exploratory.
- ? 18. Analysis: Sample size calculation.

#### Results

- ? 19. Participants: Flow of participants, using a diagram.
- 20. Participants: Baseline demographic and clinical characteristics of participants.
- 21. Participants: Distribution of severity of disease in those with the target condition; other diagnoses in participants without the target condition.
- 22. Test results: Time interval from index test to reference standard, and any treatment administered between them.
- 23. Test results: Cross tabulation of the index test results (or their distribution) by the results of the reference standard; for continuous results, the distribution of the test results by the results of the reference standard.
- 24. Test results: Any adverse events from performing the index test or the reference standard.
- 23. Estimates: Estimates of diagnostic accuracy and their precision (such as 95% confidence intervals).
- 26. Estimates: Any analyses of variability, including subgroup analyses.
- 27. Estimates: The number of indeterminate test results or missing data and where they occurred.

### Discussion

- 28. Study limitations: Study limitations, including sources of potential bias, statistical uncertainty, and generalisability.
- 29. Implications for practice: Implications for practice, including the intended use and clinical role of the index test.

# **Other Information**

- ? 30. Registration number and name of registry: Registration number and name of registry.
- ? 31. Where the full study protocol can be accessed: Where the full study protocol can be accessed.
- ? 32. Funding: Sources of funding and other support; role of funders.

## Notes

## **Provenance**

• Source: See sidecar metadata in source/archetypes/stard-2015.yml

• Version: 2015

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