```
In [17]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Introduction Pandas
         import pandas as pd
In [18]: # creating pandas Series
         numbers = range(1,100,5)
         pd.Series(numbers)
Out[18]: 0
                 1
                 6
          1
          2
                11
          3
                16
          4
                21
          5
                26
          6
                31
          7
                36
          8
                41
          9
                46
          10
                51
                56
          11
          12
                61
          13
                66
          14
                71
          15
                76
          16
                81
                86
          17
                91
          18
          19
                96
          dtype: int64
In [19]: # create a oject series
         string = "Hi", "How", "are", "you", "?"
         pd.Series(string)
Out[19]: 0
               Ηi
               How
          2
               are
          3
               you
          dtype: object
In [20]: # creat a Series with an arbitrary list
         s = pd.Series([345, 'London', 34.5, -34.45, 'Happy Birthay'])
Out[20]: 0
                         345
                      London
          1
          2
                        34.5
          3
                      -34.45
               Happy Birthay
          dtype: object
```

```
In [21]: # to set index values for a series
         marks = [60, 89, 74, 86]
         subject = ["Maths", "Science", "English", "Social Science"]
         pd.Series(marks, index = subject)
Out[21]: Maths
                            60
         Science
                            89
         English
                            74
         Social Science
                            86
         dtype: int64
In [22]: # To create a series from a dictionary
         data = {'Maths': 60, 'Science': 80, 'English': 76, 'Social Science': 86}
         pd.Series(data)
Out[22]: Maths
                            60
         Science
                            80
         Enalish
                            76
         Social Science
                            86
         dtype: int64
In [23]: # A series with missing values
         subject = ["Maths", "Science", "Art and Craft", "Social Science"]
         marksSeries = pd.Series(data, index = subject)
         (print(marksSeries))
                          60.0
        Maths
        Science
                          80.0
        Art and Craft
                          NaN
        Social Science
                          86.0
        dtype: float64
In [25]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Test Introduction Pandas
         import pandas as pd
         index = ['Apple', 'Banana', 'Orange']
         quantity = [34, 20, 30, 40]
         pd.Series(data=quantity, index=subject)
Out[25]: Maths
                            34
                            20
         Science
         Art and Craft
                            30
         Social Science
                           40
         dtype: int64
In [14]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Test Series
         import pandas as pd
         dict = {'A':30, 'B':40, 'C':50}
```

```
index = ['A', 'B', 'D']
         pd.Series(data=dict, index=index)
Out[14]: A
              30.0
              40.0
               NaN
         dtype: float64
In [26]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Test Series
         import pandas as pd
         s1 = pd.Series([1, 2, 5, 6.5])
         s2 = pd.Series(['first', 35, 'college', 62.5])
         s1
Out[26]: 0
              1.0
              2.0
         1
         2
              5.0
         3
              6.5
         dtype: float64
In [27]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Test Series
         s2
                first
Out[27]: 0
                   35
         1
         2
              college
         3
                 62.5
         dtype: object
In [28]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Manipulating Series
         # to check for null values using isnull
         marksSeries.isnull()
Out[28]: Maths
                           False
         Science
                           False
         Art and Craft
                           True
         Social Science
                           False
         dtype: bool
In [29]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Manipulating Series
         # to check for null values using notnull
         marksSeries.notnull()
Out[29]: Maths
                            True
         Science
                            True
         Art and Craft
                           False
         Social Science
                          True
         dtype: bool
```

```
In [30]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Manipulating Series
         # to know the subjeccts in which sccore is more than 75
         marksSeries [marksSeries >75]
Out[30]: Science
                            80.0
                            86.0
          Social Science
          dtype: float64
In [31]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Manipulating Series
         # to assign 68 marks to 'Art and Craft'
         marksSeries["Art and Craft"] = 68
         marksSeries
                            60.0
Out[31]: Maths
                            80.0
         Science
         Art and Craft
                          68.0
          Social Science
                            86.0
          dtype: float64
In [32]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Manipulating Series
         # to check whether Maths marks are 73
         marksSeries.Maths ==73
Out[32]: False
In [22]: # or you may use
         marksSeries["Maths"] == 73
Out[22]: False
In [33]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Manipulating Series - Sorting a numeric series
         # create a padas series
         values = pd.Series([23, 45, 41, 23, 34, 55, 34, 20])
         values
Out[33]: 0
              23
          1
              45
          2
              41
          3
              23
          4
              34
          5
              55
              34
              20
          dtype: int64
```

```
In [34]: # ascending order
         values.sort_values(ascending = True)
Out[34]: 7
               20
               23
          3
              23
          4
              34
          6
              34
          2
              41
              45
          1
          5
              55
         dtype: int64
In [35]: # descending order
         values.sort_values(ascending = False)
Out[35]: 5
               55
          1
              45
          2
              41
          4
              34
          6
              34
              23
          3
              23
              20
         dtype: int64
In [36]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Manipulating Series - Sorting a categories series
         # create a padas series
         stringValues = pd.Series(["a", "j", "d", "f", "t", "a"])
         stringValues
Out[36]: 0
          1
              j
          2
              d
          3
              f
              t
              а
         dtype: object
In [37]: # ascending order
         stringValues.sort_values(ascending = True)
Out[37]: 0
              а
          2
              d
          3
              f
          1
              j
         dtype: object
In [38]: # descending order
         stringValues.sort_values(ascending = False)
```

```
Out[38]: 4
         1
              j
         3
              f
         2
              а
         dtype: object
In [39]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Manipulating Series - Rank Series
         marksSeries.rank(ascending = True, pct=False)
Out[39]: Maths
                            1.0
         Science
                            3.0
         Art and Craft
                           2.0
         Social Science
                           4.0
         dtype: float64
In [45]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Test Manipulating Series
         import pandas as pd
         data = [0.85, 0.8, 0.98, 0.74, 0.4, 0.55, 0.94, 0.42, 0.43, 0.92]
         ser = pd.Series(data=data)
In [46]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Test Manipulating Series
         ser.sort_values(ascending=False)
Out[46]: 2
              0.98
              0.94
              0.92
         9
         0
              0.85
         1
              0.80
         3
              0.74
         5
              0.55
              0.43
              0.42
         7
              0.40
         dtype: float64
In [49]: data = range(10)
         new_ser = pd.Series(data=data)
         new_ser[new_ser==5]
Out[49]: 5
         dtype: int64
In [50]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Introduction to Dataframes and Creating DataFrame
         import pandas as pd
         a1 = ['Hogwarts', 'Durmstrang', 'Beauxbatons']
         a2 = ['Hogwarts', 'Durmstrang', 'Beauxbatons']
```

```
a3 = ['Hogwarts', 'Durmstrang', 'Beauxbatons']
         school = [a1, a2, a3]
         inst = ['School_1', 'School_2', 'School_3']
         Muggle_data = pd.DataFrame(data=school, columns=inst)
         Muggle_data
Out[50]:
            School_1
                       School_2
                                   School_3
         0 Hogwarts Durmstrang Beauxbatons
          1 Hogwarts Durmstrang Beauxbatons
         2 Hogwarts Durmstrang Beauxbatons
In [51]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Introduction to Dataframes and Creating DataFrame
         import pandas as pd
         data = \{'A': [1,2,3,4,5], 'B': [1,0,1,1,0]\}
         df = pd.DataFrame(data=data)
         #df.C = df.A + df.B
In [46]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # concatenate Pandas Series
         import pandas as pd
         seriesA = pd.Series([101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106])
         seriesB= pd.Series([107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112])
         # concatenate the pandas series
         pd.concat([seriesA, seriesB])
Out[46]: 0
               101
          1
               102
          2
               103
          3
               104
          4
               105
          5
               106
          0
               107
          1
               108
          2
               109
          3
               110
          4
               111
               112
          dtype: int64
In [48]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Add a Hierarchical Index on Pandas Series
         pd.concat([seriesA, seriesB], keys = ['a', 'b'])
```

```
Out[48]: a 0
                  101
             1
                  102
                  103
             2
             3
                  104
             4
                  105
             5
                  106
          b
             0
                  107
             1
                  108
             2
                  109
             3
                  110
             4
                  111
             5
                  112
          dtype: int64
In [53]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Label the Index
         pd.concat([seriesA, seriesB], keys = ['a', 'b'], names=['Series', 'Row ID'])
Out[53]: Series Row ID
                  0
                            101
                  1
                            102
                  2
                            103
                  3
                            104
                  4
                            105
                  5
                            106
                  0
          b
                            107
                  1
                            108
                  2
                            109
                  3
                            110
                            111
                  5
                            112
          dtype: int64
In [86]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Label the Index
         df1 = pd.DataFrame({
              'Name': ['ebay', 'edwin', 'suba', 'praha', 'jon'],
             'Compony': ['Apple', 'Walmart', 'Intel', 'cummins', 'Ford'],
              'Salary' : [67000, 90000, 87000, 69000, 78000]},
             index=[101, 102, 103, 104, 105])
         print("The first dataframe is : \n",df1, "\n\n")
         df2 = pd.DataFrame({
              'Name': ['Billy', 'Brian', 'Bran', 'Bryce', 'Betty'],
              'Compony': ['Apple', 'Walmart', 'Intel', 'cummins', 'Ford'],
              'Salary' : [89000, 80000, 79000, 97000, 88000]},
             index=[101, 102, 103, 104, 105])
         print("The second dataframe is: \n", df2)
```

```
The first dataframe is:
              Name Compony Salary
        101
             ebay
                     Apple
                             67000
        102 edwin Walmart
                             90000
        103
                             87000
            suba
                     Intel
        104 praha cummins
                             69000
        105
              jon
                      Ford 78000
        The second dataframe is:
              Name Compony Salary
        101 Billy
                     Apple
                             89000
        102 Brian Walmart
                             80000
        103
            Bran
                     Intel
                             79000
        104 Bryce cummins
                             97000
        105 Betty
                      Ford
                             88000
In [87]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Concatenating Pandas Dataframes using .concat()
         print(pd.concat([df1,df2]))
             Name Compony Salary
        101
             ebay
                     Apple
                             67000
        102 edwin Walmart
                             90000
        103
            suba
                     Intel
                             87000
        104 praha cummins
                             69000
        105
               jon
                     Ford
                            78000
        101 Billy
                           89000
                     Apple
        102 Brian Walmart
                             80000
        103
            Bran
                     Intel
                             79000
        104 Bryce cummins
                             97000
        105 Betty
                      Ford
                             88000
In [64]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Concatenating Pandas Dataframes Horizontally
         pd.concat([df1, df2], axis=1)
Out[64]:
              Name Compony Salary Name Compony Salary
                       Apple 67000
         101
                                      Billy
                                              Apple 89000
               ebay
         102 edwin
                     Walmart 90000
                                     Brian
                                            Walmart 80000
         103
              suba
                        Intel 87000
                                     Bran
                                               Intel 79000
                     cummins 69000
         104
              praha
                                    Bryce
                                           cummins 97000
         105
                        Ford 78000
                                    Betty
                                              Ford 88000
                jon
In [88]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Concatenating data frames ignoring index values
         pd.concat([df1, df2], ignore_index=True)
```

```
Out[88]:
            Name Compony Salary
          0
                       Apple 67000
             ebay
          1 edwin
                     Walmart 90000
          2
             suba
                        Intel 87000
          3
             praha
                    cummins 69000
          4
                        Ford 78000
              jon
                      Apple 89000
          5
              Billy
          6
             Brian
                     Walmart 80000
                        Intel 79000
          7
              Bran
          8
             Bryce
                    cummins 97000
                        Ford 88000
             Betty
In [69]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Concatenating data frames ignoring index values
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         ser1 = pd.Series(list('abcd'))
         ser2 = pd.Series(np.arange(4))
In [70]: df = pd.concat([ser1, ser2], axis=1)
In [71]: df
Out[71]:
            0 1
               0
          0
             а
            c 2
          3 d 3
In [71]: df = pd.concat([ser1, ser2], axis=0)
Out[71]: 0
               а
          1
               b
          2
               С
          3
               d
          0
               0
          1
               1
          2
               2
          3
               3
          dtype: object
```

```
In [72]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Concatenating data frames ignoring index values
         import pandas as pd
         data1={'Physics': [77, 75, 100, 10, 59], 'Chemistry': [85, 70, 99, 30, 80]}
         df1=pd.DataFrame(data=data1)
         data2={'Student_ID': [0, 1, 2, 3, 4], 'Maths': [80, 90, 88, 25, 90]}
         df2=pd.DataFrame(data=data2)
         df3=pd.concat([df1, df2], join='inner', axis=0, ignore_index=True)
In [75]: df3
Out[75]: -
         1
         2
         3
         4
         5
         6
         7
         8
         9
In [73]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # data frames ignoring index values
         import pandas as pd
         data1={'Student_ID': [3, 4, 6, 8, 10], 'CGPA': [4.5, 3, 4.37, 3.5, 4]}
         df1=pd.DataFrame(data=data1)
         data2={'Student_ID': [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10],
         'Maths': [4,52, 5, 2.5, 3, 3.9, 2.8, 4.75, 3.68, 5, 4.8]}
         df2=pd.DataFrame(data=data2)
         df3=pd.merge(df2, df1, on='Student ID', how='left')
```

In [77]: df3

ut[77]:		Student_ID	Maths	CGPA
	0	0	4.00	NaN
	1	1	52.00	NaN
	2	2	5.00	NaN
	3	3	2.50	4.50
	4	4	3.00	3.00
	5	5	3.90	NaN
	6	6	2.80	4.37
	7	7	4.75	NaN
	8	8	3.68	3.50
	9	9	5.00	NaN
	10	10	4.80	4.00

0

```
In [94]: # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
# data frames index values

import pandas as pd
header = pd.MultiIndex.from_product([['Before Course','After Course'],['Markd=([[82,95],[78,89]]))

my_df = pd.DataFrame(d,
index=['Alisa','Bobby'],
columns=header)

print(my_df.stack(level=0).unstack(level=0))
```

Marks Alisa Bobby 95 89

After Course 95 89 Before Course 82 78

/var/folders/n2/6lttq_gx5czgqryl7xqhv9800000gp/T/ipykernel_96187/2918254284. py:12: FutureWarning: The previous implementation of stack is deprecated and will be removed in a future version of pandas. See the What's New notes for pandas 2.1.0 for details. Specify future_stack=True to adopt the new impleme ntation and silence this warning.

print(my_df.stack(level=0).unstack(level=0))

```
Out[78]:
                  Rating
         Gender
                    3.20
          Female
                    3.75
            Male
In [92]:
         pd.pivot_table(data=df, index='Gender', values='Rating', aggfunc='mean')
Out[92]:
                  Rating
         Gender
          Female
                    3.20
            Male
                    3.75
In [83]: pd.pivot_table(data=df, index='Gender', values='Rating')
Out[83]:
                  Rating
          Gender
          Female
                    3.20
            Male
                    3.75
In [84]: pd.pivot_table(data=df, index='Gender', values='Rating', aggfunc='sum')
Out[84]:
                  Rating
         Gender
          Female
                     16
            Male
                     15
 In [ ]: pd.pivot_table(data=df, index='Gender', 'Movie_Genre' , values='Rating', agg
In [86]: pd.pivot_table(data=df, index=['Gender', 'Movie_Genre'] , values='Rating', a
```

```
Out [86]: Rating
```

Gender	Movie_Genre	
Female	Action	6
	Comedy	3
	Drama	7
Male	Action	5
	Comedy	5
	Drama	5

```
In [87]: pd.pivot_table(data=df, index=['Gender', 'Movie_Genre'] , values='Rating')
```

Out [87]: Rating

Gender	Movie_Genre	
Female	Action	3.0
	Comedy	3.0
	Drama	3.5
Male	Action	2.5
	Comedy	5.0
	Drama	5.0

```
In [88]: pd.pivot_table(data=df, index='Gender' , values='Rating', aggfunc='sum')
```

Out [88]: Rating

Gender

 Female
 16

 Male
 15

```
In [89]: # correcto

pd.pivot_table(data=df, index=['Gender', 'Movie_Genre'] , values='Rating', a
```

Out [89]: Rating

Gender	Movie_Genre	
Female	Action	6
	Comedy	3
	Drama	7
Male	Action	5
	Comedy	5
	Drama	5

Out[90]: (4, 3)

```
In [101... # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
# Map and Replace

dfOne = pd.DataFrame({
    'Country':['China', 'India', 'Usa', 'Indonesia', 'Brazil'],
    'Population' : [1403500365, 1324171354,322179605,261115456,2076652865]
})
```

In [103... df0ne

```
Out [103...
             Country
                       Population
         0
               China 1403500365
          1
                India
                      1324171354
          2
                 Usa
                       322179605
           Indonesia
                       261115456
         4
               Brazil 2076652865
In [106... # create a directory
         capital = {
             'Germany':'Berlin',
             'Brazil': 'Brasilia',
              'Hungary':'Budapest',
              'China': 'Beijing',
              'India':'New Delhi',
              'Norway': 'Oslo',
             'Francia': 'Paris',
              'Indonesia':'Jakarta',
              'USA': 'Washington',
         dfOne['Capital']=dfOne['Country'].map(capital)
         df0ne
Out [106...
             Country
                                   Capital
                       Population
         0
               China 1403500365
                                    Beijing
          1
                India
                      1324171354 New Delhi
          2
                     322179605
                 Usa
                                      NaN
          3 Indonesia
                       261115456
                                    Jakarta
         4
               Brazil 2076652865
                                    Brasilia
# Map and Replace
         df7 = pd.DataFrame({
             'col1':[23,10,20],
              'col2':[67,30,56]},
             index=[1,2,3]
         print(df7)
           col1 col2
        1
             23
                   67
        2
             10
                   30
        3
             20
                   56
In [112... | dict1 = {10:"A", 20:"B"}
```

```
df7['col1'].replace(dict1, inplace=True)
         print(df7)
          col1 col2
            23
        1
                  67
        2
             Α
                   30
        3
                   56
In [130... # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Test Map and Replace
         import pandas as pd
         data = {'Student1': {'name': 'Emma', 'age': '27', 'sex': 'Female'},
          'Student2': {'name': 'Mike', 'age': '22', 'sex': 'Male'}}
         df students = pd.DataFrame(data=data)
         df_students
Out[130...
                Student1 Student2
          name
                   Emma
                              Mike
                      27
                               22
           age
                  Female
                             Male
           sex
In [131... # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Test Map and Replace
         df students['Student2'].replace('Mike', 'John', inplace=True)
         df students
Out [131...
                Student1 Student2
                             John
          name
                   Emma
                      27
                               22
           age
           sex
                  Female
                             Male
In [132... # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Test Map and Replace
         df_students.replace(['Mike', 'John'], inplace=True)
         df students
Out [132...
                Student1 Student2
                             John
         name
                   Emma
                               22
                      27
           age
                  Female
                             Male
           sex
In [134... # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
         # Test Map and Replace
```

```
df_students.replace(['Mike', 'John'], inplace=True)
df_students
```

Out [134...

	Student1	Student2
name	Emma	John
age	27	22
sex	Female	Male

```
In [137... # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
# Test Map and Replace

df_students['Student2']=df_students['Student2'].map({'Mike':'John'})
df_students
```

Out [137...

name Emma NaN age 27 NaN sex Female NaN

Student1 Student2

```
In [148... # Aut@r: Susana Edith Barrientos Galicia
# Groupoy in Pandas

#create d data frame
import pandas as pd
dataFrame=pd.DataFrame({
    'Product_ID':[101,102,103,104,105,106],
    'Food_Product':['Cakes','Biscuis','Fruit','Beverages','Cakes','Beverages
    'Brand':['Baskin Robins','Blue Riband','Peach','Horlicks','Mars Muffin',
    'Sales':[5000, 8000, 7600, 5500, 6500, 9000],
    'Profit':[55000, 67000, 89000, 78000, 55000,90000]})
print(dataFrame)
```

```
Product ID Food Product
                                   Brand Sales Profit
          101
                     Cakes Baskin Robins
0
                                           5000
                                                  55000
1
          102
                  Biscuis
                             Blue Riband
                                           8000
                                                  67000
          103
2
                    Fruit
                                   Peach
                                           7600
                                                  89000
3
          104
                Beverages
                                Horlicks
                                           5500
                                                  78000
          105
                     Cakes
                             Mars Muffin
                                           6500
                                                  55000
5
          106
                                 Miranda
                                           9000
                Beverages
                                                  90000
```

In [149... dataFrame

```
Out[149...
             Product_ID Food_Product
                                                     Sales
                                              Brand
                                                            Profit
                                                     5000
          0
                     101
                                 Cakes Baskin Robins
                                                            55000
                    102
                                         Blue Riband
                                                     8000
          1
                                Biscuis
                                                            67000
          2
                    103
                                                     7600
                                                           89000
                                  Fruit
                                              Peach
          3
                    104
                             Beverages
                                             Horlicks
                                                     5500 78000
          4
                    105
                                         Mars Muffin
                                                     6500 55000
                                 Cakes
                    106
          5
                                                     9000 90000
                             Beverages
                                             Miranda
In [153... # Number of Unique Column Values Per Group
          dataFrame.groupby("Food_Product")["Sales"].nunique().to_frame()
Out [153...
                         Sales
          Food_Product
                             2
              Beverages
                Biscuis
                 Cakes
                             2
                   Fruit
                             1
In [154... # Sort Groupby Results
          dataFrame.groupby("Food_Product")["Sales"].sum().to_frame().reset_index()
Out [154...
             Food_Product
                            Sales
          0
                 Beverages 14500
          1
                    Biscuis
                            8000
          2
                     Cakes
                            11500
          3
                      Fruit
                             7600
         # Sort Groupby Results
In [155...
          dataFrame.groupby("Food_Product")["Sales"].sum().to_frame().reset_index().sc
Out [155...
             Food_Product Sales
          3
                             7600
                      Fruit
          1
                    Biscuis
                             8000
          2
                     Cakes
                            11500
                 Beverages 14500
In [156... # Sort Groupby Results
```

```
dataFrame.groupby("Food_Product").agg({'Sales':['min', 'max', 'mean']})
Out [156...
                                     Sales
                         min
                              max
                                     mean
          Food_Product
             Beverages 5500
                                    7250.0
                              9000
                Biscuis 8000
                             8000
                                    8000.0
                Cakes 5000
                              6500
                                    5750.0
                  Fruit 7600
                              7600
                                   7600.0
```