SKILL-SAILOR: to help forcibly displaced people to find new career paths



Every minute

conflicts and disasters force 20 people to flee their homes - in the search for a better life.

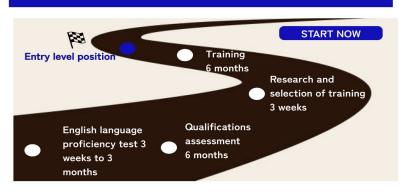


80%

Of small firms in the UK struggle to recruit people with the right skills

Healthcare
IT support
75%

It will take you approximately from 6
months up to 1 year to be able to practice



A job-matching platform connecting individuals with career prospects tailored to their skills and preferences.

Interface with Chat GPT with branching prompts to explore diverse options and hone in on the ideal opportunity

Enabling refugees and asylum seekers to work could reduce Government Expenditure by £6.7 billion

Q&A-APPENDIX

Appendix 1 - Refugee and migration crisis

- Global refugee crisis and the asylum situation in Europe presents complex humanitarian, political and public policy challenges
- Lack of essential information and skills refugees and displaced in host countries.
- In 2022, UNHCR announced that 100 million displaced, among these people are over 32.5 million refugees.
- Europe 2022: 21.8 million refugees and stateless undocumented persons.
- UK: 231,597 refugees, 127, 421 pending asylum cases, over 51,000 illegal immigrants.

Appendix 2 - Skills and labour shortage in the UK

- In August 2022 the Federation of Small Businesses (UK) found that 80% of small firms faced difficulties recruiting applicants with suitable skills in the previous 12 months
- Migration Observatory at Oxford University found that allowing people seeking asylum the right-to -work would increase tax revenue by £1.3 billion, reduce Government expenditure by £6.7 billion, increase GDP by £1.6 billion, and improve the mental health and wellbeing of those individuals'.

Appendix 3 - What is the offer?

- Website accessible everywhere, no need for smartphone
- Automatic translation of records into Arabic, Ukrainian, French, Farsi, English, German,
 Cantonese, Kurdish, Mandarin, Polish, Somali, Sylheti, Urdu
- Accurate career paths recommendations and contextualised to local demand and labour market needs
- Not accessible to asylum officials as this information may jeopardise asylum applications

Appendix 4- What does it help to achieve & for who?

- 1. Support people in the flux of displacement with essential information about career prospects and planning in the country of their choice (Linkedin-type)
- 2. Support frontline workers (Job Centres) with crucial history and information that enables quicker, accurate support

Appendix 5- Social and civic benefits

- Provision of identity through access to work supports improved mental health and wellbeing of migrants and refugees - helps them become citizens and feel more integrated in local communities
- Helps vulnerable people navigate complex frontline service providers processes = reduce friction and administrative sludge
- Potentially generates massive database that can be used for research and policy design purposes - currently does not exist of refugees and migrant groups.