

TECNOLÓGICO DE MONTERREY

FUNDAMENTOS DE COMPUTACIÓN

Homework 7

Student:
Jacob RIVERA

Professor:
Dr. Hugo TERASHIMA

March 18, 2019



1 Problems

Solve the following problems:

1. Generate two 4 X 4 matrices and manually apply the Strassen's method to multiply them. Verify that the result is correct by comparing with the one provided by the traditional method. Show the steps.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 16 & 15 & 14 & 13 \\ 12 & 11 & 10 & 9 \\ 8 & 7 & 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 16 & 15 & 14 & 13 \\ 12 & 11 & 10 & 9 \\ 8 & 7 & 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 10 \\ 13 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 12 \\ 15 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 16 & 15 \\ 12 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 7 \\ 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 13 \\ 10 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_1 = A_1 B_1$$

$$C_2 = A_2 B_2$$

$$C_3 = A_3 B_3$$

$$C_4 = A_4 B_4$$

$$A_1 B_1$$

$$A_2 B_2$$

$$X_1 = (1 + 6) * (16 + 11) = 189$$

$$X_2 = 16 * (5 + 6) = 176$$

$$X_3 = 1 * (15 - 11) = 4$$

$$X_4 = 6 * (12 - 16) = -24$$

$$X_5 = 11 * (1 + 2) = 33$$

$$X_6 = (5 - 1) * (16 + 15) = 124$$

$$X_7 = (2 - 6) * (12 + 11) = -92$$

$$X_1 = (3 + 8) * (14 + 9) = 253$$

$$X_2 = 14 * (7 + 8) = 210$$

$$X_3 = 3 * (13 - 9) = 12$$

$$X_4 = 8 * (10 - 14) = -32$$

$$X_5 = 9 * (3 + 4) = 63$$

$$X_6 = (7 - 3) * (14 + 13) = 108$$

$$X_7 = (4 - 8) * (10 + 9) = -76$$

$$C_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 189 + -24 - 33 + -92 & 4 + 33 \\ 176 + -24 & 189 + 4 - 176 + 124 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 40 & 37 \\ 152 & 141 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 253 + -32 - 63 + -76 & 12 + 63 \\ 210 + -32 & 253 + 12 - 210 + 108 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 82 & 75 \\ 178 & 163 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_3B_3$$

$$A_4B_4$$

$$X_1 = (3 + 8) * (14 + 9) = 253$$

$$X_2 = 8 * (13 + 14) = 216$$

$$X_3 = 9 * (7 - 3) = 36$$

$$X_4 = 14 * (4 - 8) = -56$$

$$X_5 = 3 * (9 + 10) = 57$$

$$X_6 = (13 - 9) * (8 + 7) = 60$$

$$X_7 = (10 - 14) * (4 + 3) = -28$$

$$X_1 = (1 + 6) * (16 + 11) = 189$$

$$X_2 = 6 * (15 + 16) = 186$$

$$X_3 = 11 * (5 - 1) = 44$$

$$X_4 = 16 * (2 - 6) = -64$$

$$X_5 = 1 * (11 + 12) = 23$$

$$X_6 = (15 - 11) * (6 + 5) = 44$$

$$X_7 = (12 - 16) * (2 + 1) = -12$$

$$C_3 = \begin{array}{cc} 253 + -56 - 57 + -28 & 36 + 57 \\ 216 + -56 & 253 + 36 - 216 + 60 \end{array} \\ = \begin{array}{cc} 112 & 93 \\ 160 & 133 \end{array}$$

$$C_4 = \begin{array}{cc} 189 + -64 - 23 + -12 & 44 + 23 \\ 186 + -64 & 189 + 44 - 186 + 44 \end{array} \\ = \begin{array}{cc} 90 & 67 \\ 122 & 91 \end{array}$$

2. Generate a monic polynomial with $k = 4$ (that is $n = 15$) and solve it using the recursive algorithm presented in class. show the steps.

$$x^{15} + 2x^{14} + 3x^{13} + 4x^{12} + x^{11} + 2x^{10} + 3x^9 + 4x^8 + x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4$$

$$k = 4$$

$$j = 2^{k-1} = 8$$

$$b = a_{2^{k-1}-1} - 1 = a_7 - 1 = 0$$

*

$$\begin{array}{r} x^8) \overline{x^{15} + 2x^{14} + 3x^{13} + 4x^{12} + x^{11} + 2x^{10} + 3x^9 + 4x^8 + x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4} \\ \underline{-x^{15}} \phantom{+ 2x^{14} + 3x^{13} + 4x^{12} + x^{11} + 2x^{10} + 3x^9 + 4x^8 + x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4} \\ 2x^{14} \phantom{+ 3x^{13} + 4x^{12} + x^{11} + 2x^{10} + 3x^9 + 4x^8 + x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4} \\ \underline{-2x^{14}} \phantom{+ 3x^{13} + 4x^{12} + x^{11} + 2x^{10} + 3x^9 + 4x^8 + x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4} \\ 3x^{13} \phantom{+ 4x^{12} + x^{11} + 2x^{10} + 3x^9 + 4x^8 + x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4} \\ \underline{-3x^{13}} \phantom{+ 4x^{12} + x^{11} + 2x^{10} + 3x^9 + 4x^8 + x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4} \\ 4x^{12} \phantom{+ x^{11} + 2x^{10} + 3x^9 + 4x^8 + x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4} \\ \underline{-4x^{12}} \phantom{+ x^{11} + 2x^{10} + 3x^9 + 4x^8 + x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4} \\ x^{11} \phantom{+ 2x^{10} + 3x^9 + 4x^8 + x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4} \\ \underline{-x^{11}} \phantom{+ 2x^{10} + 3x^9 + 4x^8 + x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4} \\ 2x^{10} \\ \underline{-2x^{10}} \\ 3x^9 \\ \underline{-3x^9} \\ 4x^8 \\ \underline{-4x^8} \\ x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4 \end{array}$$

$$p(x) = (x^8)(x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4) + (x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4)$$

$$x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4$$

$$k = 3$$

$$j = 2^{k-1} = 4$$

$$b = a_{2^{k-1}-1} - 1 = a_3 - 1 = 0$$

*

$$\begin{array}{r}
 x^4 \big) \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4}{x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4} \\
 \underline{-x^7} \\
 2x^6 \\
 \underline{-2x^6} \\
 3x^5 \\
 \underline{-3x^5} \\
 4x^4 \\
 \underline{-4x^4} \\
 x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4
 \end{array}$$

$$p(x) = (x^8)((x^4)(x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4) + (x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4)) + (x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4)$$

$$x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4$$

$$k = 2$$

$$j = 2^{k-1} = 2$$

$$b = a_{2^{k-1}-1} - 1 = a_1 - 1 = 3$$

*

$$\begin{array}{r}
 x^2 + 3 \big) \frac{x + 2}{x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4} \\
 \underline{-x^3} \\
 2x^2 \\
 \underline{-2x^2} \\
 -6 \\
 \underline{-6} \\
 -2
 \end{array}$$

$$p(x) = (x^8)((x^4)((x^2 + 3)(x + 2) + (-2)) + (x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4)) + (x^7 + 2x^6 + 3x^5 + 4x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4)$$

$$p(x) = (x^8)[(x^4)((x^2 + 3)(x + 2) + -2) + (x^2 + 3)(x + 2) + -2] + [(x^4)((x^2 + 3)(x + 2) + -2) + (x^2 + 3)(x + 2) + -2]$$

$$p(x) = (x^8)[(x^4)((x^2 + 3)(x + 2) + -2) + (x^2 + 3)(x + 2) + -2] + (x^4)((x^2 + 3)(x + 2) + -2) + (x^2 + 3)(x + 2) + -2$$