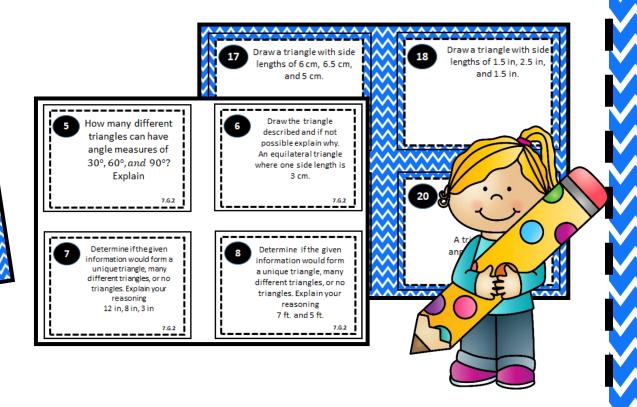
Geometry Task Cards 7.G.2

20 Task Cards, Recording Sheet, Answer Sheet

Draw (freehand, with ruler and protractor, and with technology)
protractor, and with technology)
geometric shapes with given conditions.
Focus on constructing triangles from three measures of angles or sides, three measures of angles or sides, anoticing when the conditions determine a noticing when the rounditions determine a unique triangle, more than one triangle, or no triangle.

7.G.2





Created by:

Math in the Midwest

7.G.2

Draw (freehand, with ruler and protractor, and with technology) geometric shapes with given conditions. Focus on constructing triangles from three measures of angles or sides, noticing when the conditions determine a unique triangle, more than one triangle, or no triangle.

Same size, shape, and measure is also known as

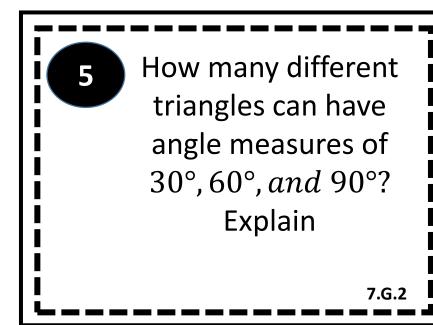
Draw the triangle described and if not possible explain why.

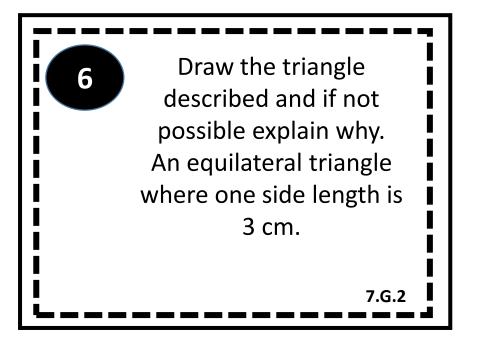
Triangle with three acute angles.

Draw the triangle described and if not possible explain why.

Triangle with two obtuse angles.

4 Draw triangle GHI with angle measures of 50°, 60°, and 70°





Determine if the given information would form a unique triangle, many different triangles, or no triangles. Explain your reasoning 12 in, 8 in, 3 in

Determine if the given information would form a unique triangle, many different triangles, or no triangles. Explain your reasoning 7 ft. and 5 ft.

7.G.2

Determine if the given information would form a unique triangle, many different triangles, or no triangles. Explain your reasoning 10 in, 5 in, 12 in 7.G.2

Determine if the following statement is always true, sometimes true, or never true.

A triangle can be formed given any two side lengths.

7.G.2

Determine if the following statement is always true, sometimes true, or never true.

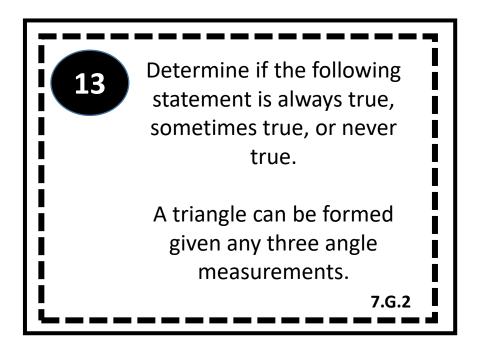
A triangle can be formed given any three side lengths.

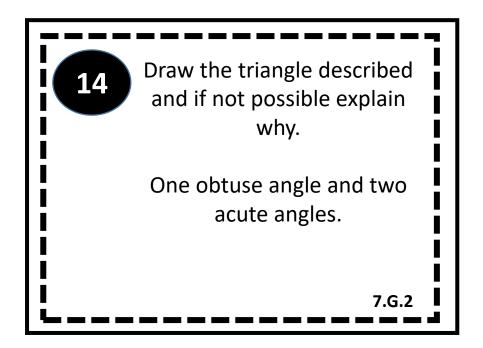
7.G.2

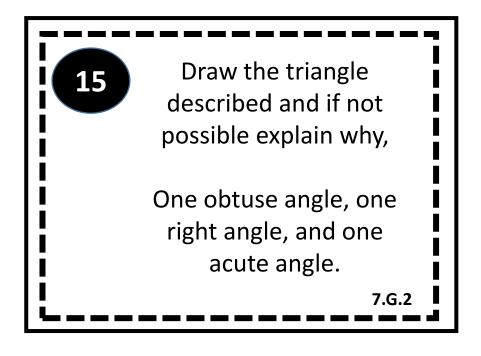
Determine if the following statement is always true, sometimes true, or never true.

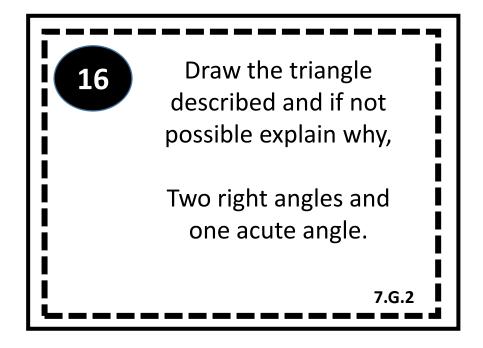
A triangle can be formed if the angles have the exact same measure.

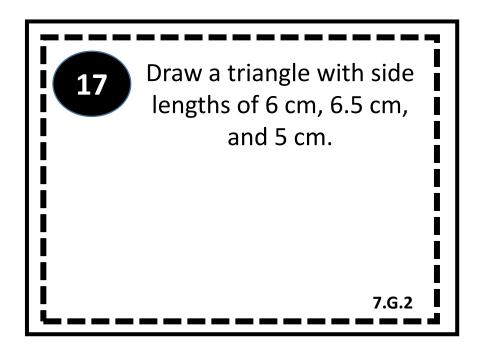
7.G.2

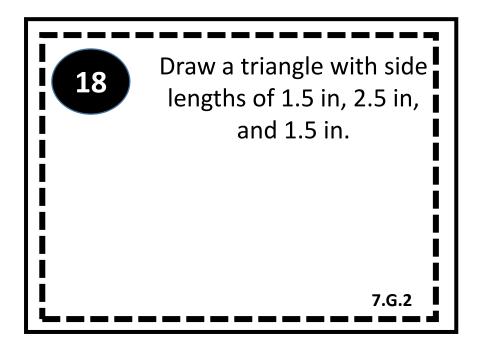


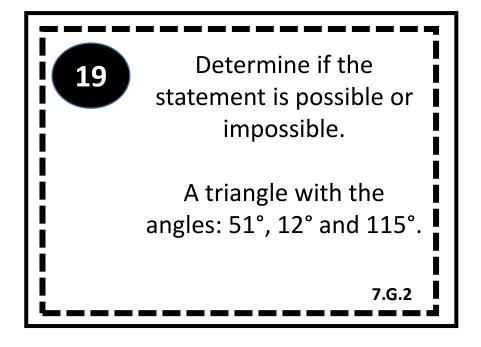


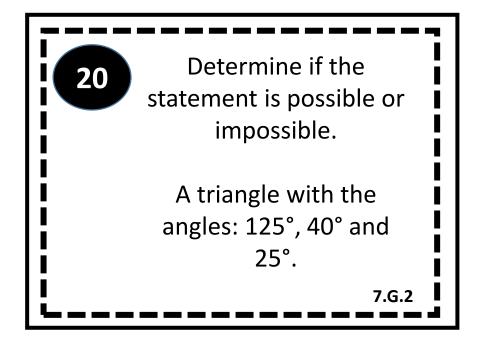


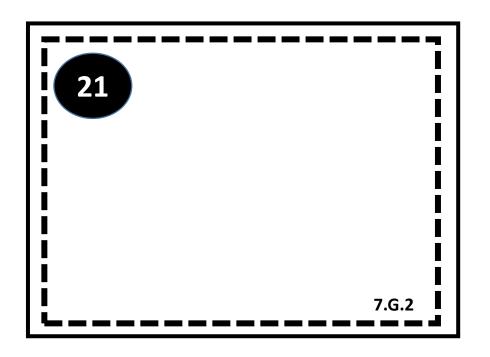


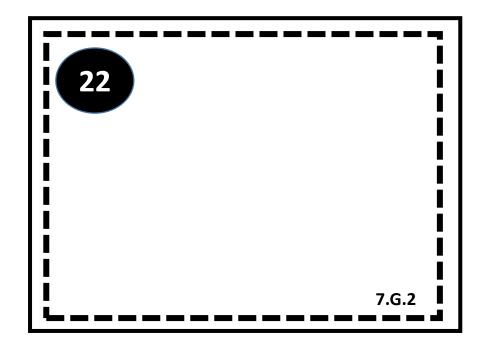


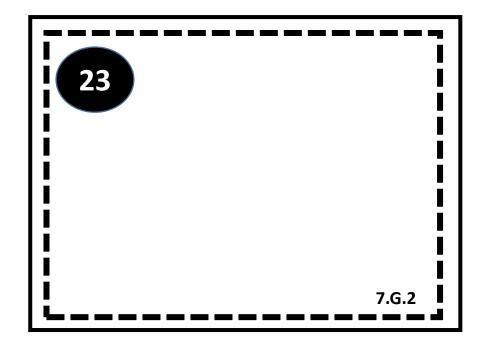


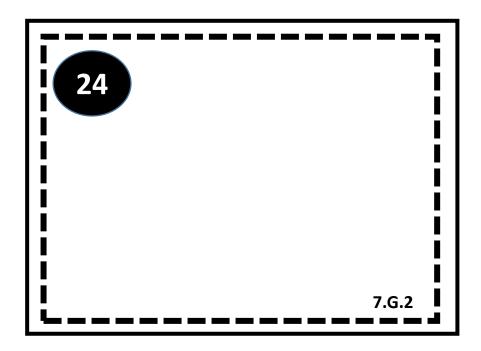












Same size, shape, and measure is also known as

7.G.2

Draw the triangle described and if not possible explain why.

Triangle with three acute angles.

7.G.2

Draw the triangle described and if not possible explain why.

Triangle with two obtuse angles.

7.G.2

Draw triangle GHI with angle measures of 50°, 60°, and 70°

How many different triangles can have angle measures of 30°, 60°, and 90°? Explain

7.G.2

Draw the triangle described and if not possible explain why. An equilateral triangle where one side length is 3 cm.

7.G.2

Determine if the given information would form a unique triangle, many different triangles, or no triangles. Explain your reasoning 12 in, 8 in, 3 in

7.G.2

Determine if the given information would form a unique triangle, many different triangles, or no triangles. Explain your reasoning
7 ft and 5 ft

Determine if the given information would form a unique triangle, many different triangles, or no triangles. Explain your reasoning

10 in, 5 in, 12 in

7.G.2

7.G.2

Determine if the following statement is always true, sometimes true, or never true.

A triangle can be formed given any two side lengths.

7.G.2

Determine if the following statement is always true, sometimes true, or never true.

A triangle can be formed given any three side lengths.

Determine if the following statement is always true, sometimes true, or never true.

A triangle can be formed if the angles have the exact same measure.

Determine if the following statement is always true, sometimes true, or never true.

A triangle can be formed given any three angle measurements.

7.G.2

Draw the triangle described and if not possible explain why.

One obtuse angle and two acute angles.

7.G.2

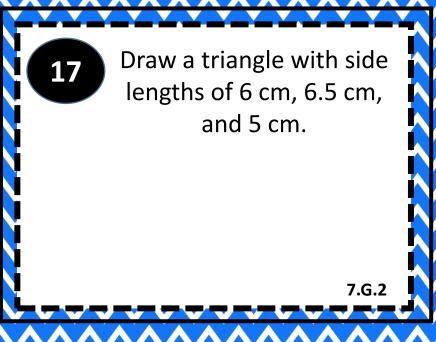
Draw the triangle described and if not possible explain why,

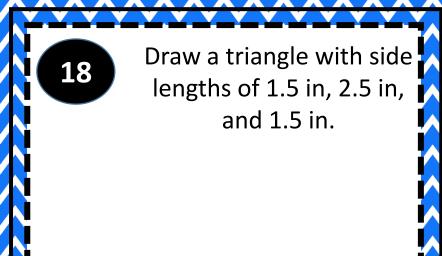
One obtuse angle, one right angle, and one acute angle.

7.G.2

Draw the triangle described and if not possible explain why,

Two right angles and one acute angle.





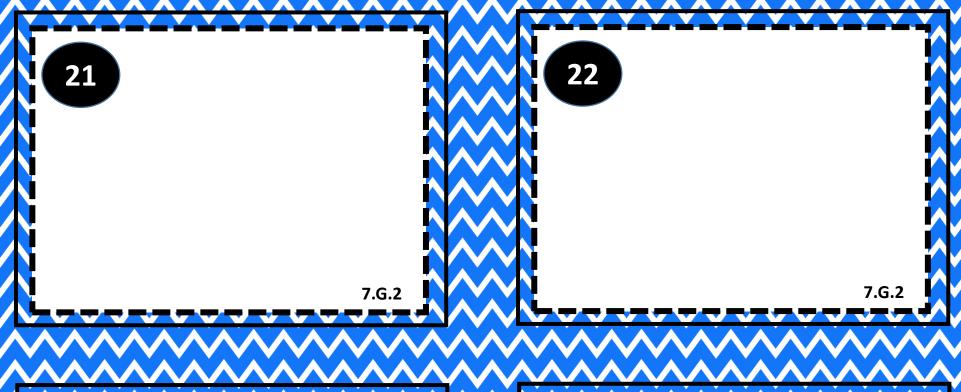
7.G.2

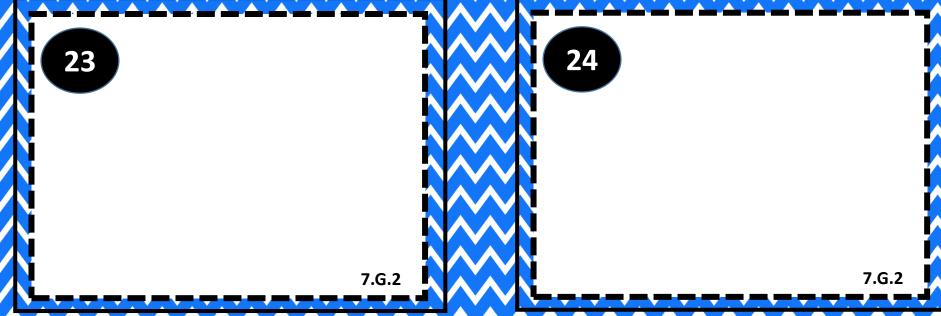
Determine if the statement is possible or impossible.

A triangle with the angles: 51°, 12° and 115°.

Determine if the statement is possible or impossible.

A triangle with the angles: 125°, 40° and 25°.





Name _____

Hour ____

7.G.2 Recording Sheet

| 1. | 2. | 3. |
|----|----|------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| 4. | 5. | 6 . |
| | | |
| | | |
| 7. | 8. | 9. |
| | | |
| | | |

| 10. | 11. | 12. |
|-----|-----|-----|
| 13. | 14. | 15. |
| 16. | 17. | 18. |
| 19. | 20. | |

Answer Key

| Number | Answer |
|--------|--|
| 1 | Congruent |
| 2 | Check drawing: equilateral triangle with 60 degree angles. |
| 3 | Not possible |
| 4 | Check drawing |
| 5 | One: It would be a right Triangle |
| 6 | Check drawing: all lengths should be 3 cm |
| 7 | No Triangle because $8+3<12$ |
| 8 | Many Triangles because only 2 lengths are given |
| 9 | Unique because $10+5>$ |
| 10 | Always True |

| Number | Answer |
|--------|--|
| 11 | Sometimes True |
| 12 | Sometimes True |
| 13 | Sometimes True |
| 14 | Check Drawing |
| 15 | Not possible because angles would be more than 180° |
| 16 | Not possible because angles would be more than 180° |
| 17 | Check drawing: acute scalene triangle |
| 18 | Check drawing: Isosceles triangle |
| 19 | Not Possible |
| 20 | Check Drawing |

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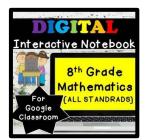


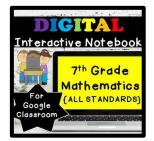


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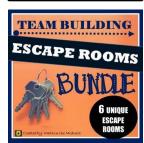




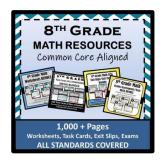








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