

DataTable.Compute()方法對資料欄位做數值計算

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➔ EX :

```
int x = (int)dt_auList.Compute("Count(num)", "auDepID=4");
```

```
//Count "dt_List" Datable 裡面 NUM 的數量  
// audept的數值需要等於4
```

1.前言:

如果要對DataTable中的特定欄位做資料分析，在不使用其他第三方函式庫的情況下，可以用Compute方法來做基本的數值計算。

2.說明:

用法: DataTable.Compute(string expression, string filter)

支援以下聚合函數:

- Sum (Sum)
- Avg (Average)
- Min (Minimum)
- Max (Maximum)
- Count (Count)
- StDev (Statistical standard deviation)
- Var (Statistical variance)

使用上要注意的是欄位的型態需要是數值型態，如果是字串型態，可以簡單定義一個新欄位為數值型，再複製要計算的欄位資料做資料分析，否則會出現彙總函式和型別的無效用法: String錯誤訊息。

有關DataTable.Compute()的說明可參考:

[http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/system.data.datatable.compute\(v=vs.100\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/system.data.datatable.compute(v=vs.100).aspx)

程式碼:

?

```
1 private void btCalc_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
2 {
3     double mean, stdev, max, min, variance, count, sum;
4     DataTable dt = TxtConvertToDataTable(@"d:\tmp\dt.csv", "tmp", ",");//讀取資料
5
6     dt.Columns.Add("tmpColumn", typeof(double), "Convert(data, 'System.Double')");//加入暫
7     存欄位，將資料中string的型態轉為double型態
8
9     mean = (double)dt.Compute("Avg(tmpColumn)", string.Empty);
10    stdev = (double)dt.Compute("Stdev(tmpColumn)", string.Empty);
11    max = (double)dt.Compute("Max(tmpColumn)", string.Empty);
12    min = (double)dt.Compute("Min(tmpColumn)", string.Empty);
13    variance = (double)dt.Compute("Var(tmpColumn)", string.Empty);
14    count = (int)dt.Compute("Count(tmpColumn)", string.Empty);
15    sum = (double)dt.Compute("Sum(tmpColumn)", string.Empty);
16
17    dt.Columns.Remove("tmpColumn");//移除暫存欄位
18
19    MessageBox.Show("Mean: "+mean+"\r\n"
20        + "Stdev: " + stdev + "\r\n"
21        + "Max: " + max + "\r\n"
22        + "Min: " + min + "\r\n"
23        + "Variance: " + variance + "\r\n"
24        + "Count: " + count + "\r\n"
25        + "Sum: " + sum + "\r\n"
26        );
27 }
```

```

28
29 public DataTable TxtConvertToDataTable(string File, string TableName, string delimiter)
30 {
31     DataTable dt = new DataTable();
32     DataSet ds = new DataSet();
33     StreamReader s = new StreamReader(File, System.Text.Encoding.Default);
34     string[] columns = s.ReadLine().Split(delimiter.ToCharArray());
35     ds.Tables.Add(TableName);
36     foreach (string col in columns)
37     {
38         bool added = false;
39         string next = "";
40         int i = 0;
41         while (!added)
42         {
43             string columnname = col + next;
44             columnname = columnname.Replace("#", "");
45             columnname = columnname.Replace("'", "");
46             columnname = columnname.Replace("&", "");
47
48             if (!ds.Tables[TableName].Columns.Contains(columnname))
49             {
50                 ds.Tables[TableName].Columns.Add(columnname.ToUpper());
51                 added = true;
52             }
53             else
54             {
55                 i++;
56                 next = "_" + i.ToString();
57             }
58         }
59     }
60
61     string AllData = s.ReadToEnd();
62     string[] rows = AllData.Split("\n".ToCharArray());
63
64     foreach (string r in rows)
65     {
66         string[] items = r.Split(delimiter.ToCharArray());
67         ds.Tables[TableName].Rows.Add(items);
68     }
69
70     s.Close();
71
72     dt = ds.Tables[0];
73
74     return dt;
75 }

```

圖例:



來自 <[http://einboch.pixnet.net/blog/post/279208343-c%23E4%B8%AD%E5%88%A9%E7%94%A8datatable.compute\(\)%E6%96%B9%E6%B3%95%E5%B0%8D%E8%B3%87%E6%96%99%E6%AC%84%E4%BD%8D%E5%81%9A%E6%95%B8%E5%80%BC](http://einboch.pixnet.net/blog/post/279208343-c%23E4%B8%AD%E5%88%A9%E7%94%A8datatable.compute()%E6%96%B9%E6%B3%95%E5%B0%8D%E8%B3%87%E6%96%99%E6%AC%84%E4%BD%8D%E5%81%9A%E6%95%B8%E5%80%BC)>

