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E. Binary String Wowee

time limit per test: 2 seconds memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

Mouf is bored with themes, so he decided not to use any themes for this problem.

You are given a binary * string s of length n. You are to perform the following operation exactly k times:

- select an index i ($1 \le i \le n$) such that $s_i = 0$;
- then flip † each s_j for all indices j ($1 \leq j \leq i$).

You need to count the number of possible ways to perform all k operations.

Since the answer could be ginormous, print it modulo 998 244 353.

Two sequences of operations are considered different if they differ in the index selected at any step.

Input

Each test contains multiple test cases. The first line contains the number of test cases t ($1 \le t \le 100$). The description of the test cases follows.

The first line of each test case contains two integers n and k ($1 \le k \le n \le 500$) — the length of the binary string s and the number of times the operation must be performed, respectively.

The second line of each test case contains a binary string s of length n consisting of only characters ${\bf 0}$ and ${\bf 1}$.

It is guaranteed that the sum of n does not exceed 500 over all test cases.

Output

For each test case, output a single integer — the number of ways you can perform exactly k operations, modulo $998\,244\,353$.

Example

input	Сору
5	
3 1	
010	
3 2	
000	
5 4	
01001	
8 8	
11001100	
20 20	
1001011010110101010	
output	Сору
2	
3	
10	
27286	
915530405	

Note

In the first test case, here are all the possible sequences of operations:

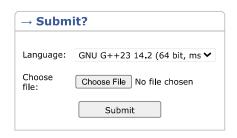
- 010 → 101

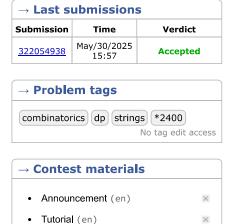
In the second test case, here are all the possible sequences of operations:

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^{*}A binary string is a string that consists only of the characters 0 and 1.

[†] Flipping a binary character is changing it from 0 to 1 or vice versa.

 $\begin{array}{c} \bullet \quad 000 \xrightarrow{i=1} \ 100 \xrightarrow{i=2} \ 010 \\ \bullet \quad 000 \xrightarrow{i=1} \ 100 \xrightarrow{i=3} \ 011 \\ \bullet \quad 000 \xrightarrow{i=2} \ 110 \xrightarrow{i=3} \ 001 \end{array}$

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