# HF Sourcing: FFTs on Sourcing Data

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- Fourier transform (FT) definition
  - $F(u) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t)e^{-2\pi i u t} dt$
- FTs have real and imaginary components
  - $\blacksquare$  Real:  $\mathcal{R}(F)$
  - Imaginary:  $\mathcal{I}(F)$
- FTs have magnitude and phase in complex space:
  - Magnitude:  $|F| = |\mathcal{R}(F)^2 + \mathcal{I}(F)^2|^{1/2}$
  - Phase:  $\phi(F) = \tan^{-1} \frac{\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{F})}{\mathcal{I}(\mathcal{F})}$



Introduction

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#### Method

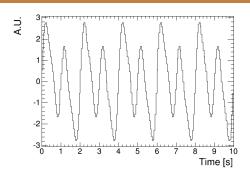
Introduction

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- Two very simple steps
  - Use sine functions to test ROOT FFT software
  - Use ROOT FFT software to analyze sourcing data
- All of this code is on git:
  - 1 Link to code for testing FFTs
  - 2 Link to code for running FFTs on sourcing data

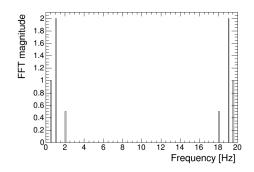


#### FFT test on sine functions



- Fill a histogram using linear combo of sine functions:
  - $f(t) = \sum_{i=0}^{3} A_i \cdot \sin(2\pi \cdot f_i \cdot t)$
  - $A_i = \{1.0, 2.0, 0.5\} [A.U.]$
  - $f_i = \{0.5, 1.0, 2.0\}$  [Hz]

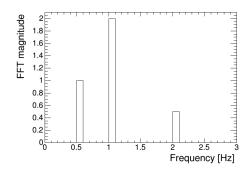
## Look at magnitude of FFT



- Recall original linear combo of sine functions:
  - $f(t) = \sum_{i=0}^{3} A_i \cdot \sin(2\pi \cdot f_i \cdot t)$
  - $A_i = \{1.0, 2.0, 0.5\} [A.U.]$
  - $f_i = \{0.5, 1.0, 2.0\}$  [Hz]

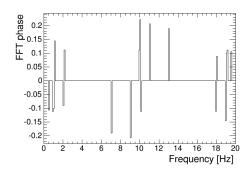
FFT test on sine functions

# Look at magnitude of FFT (left side of function)



- Magnitude (even function) returns  $A_i$  and  $f_i$ 
  - $f(t) = \sum_{i=0}^{3} A_i \cdot \sin(2\pi \cdot f_i \cdot t)$
  - $A_i = \{1.0, 2.0, 0.5\} [A.U.]$
  - $f_i = \{0.5, 1.0, 2.0\}$  [Hz]

## Look at phase of FFT



- Phase information not useful for our purposes. . .
  - $f(t) = \sum_{i=0}^{3} A_i \cdot \sin(2\pi \cdot f_i \cdot t)$
  - $A_i = \{1.0, 2.0, 0.5\} [A.U.]$
  - $f_i = \{0.5, 1.0, 2.0\}$  [Hz]

#### Conclusion of test:

- Can use ROOT FFT software
- ROOT FFT software can reconstruct parameters of sines
  - FT magnitude contains useful information for analysis
  - FT phase not useful for this analysis (?)
  - Can use FT phase to reconstruct original function (inverse FFT)
- Ready to try sourcing data



FFTs on data

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## Look at sourcing data

histogram name:

```
"HFP13_ETA38_PHI25_T10_SRCTUBE_
Ieta38_Iphi25_Depth2
Run 221509reelPosition"
```

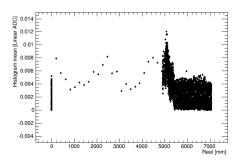
- x-axis: Reel [mm]
- y-axis: Histogram mean [linear ADC]



FFTs on data

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## Look at sourcing data: full range of reel vals

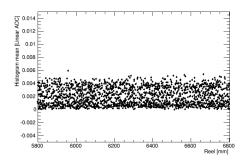


■ Next: focus on reel  $\epsilon$  [5800, 6800] [mm], where amplitude is stable



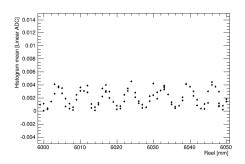
#### Look at sourcing data: zoomed reel vals (TGraph)

FFTs on data



- This looks stable. We can do our FFT on this data.
- Next: zoom in even further ([6000,6050]) to see what frequency we suspect naively

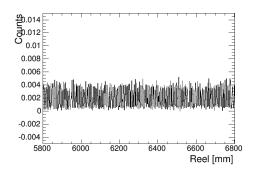




- 7 troughs in 50mm:
  - T = 50 [mm]/7 = 7.14 [mm]
  - f = 1/T = 0.14 [1/mm]
- Only a naive guess for the frequency!

FFTs on data

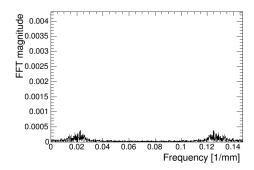
### Look at sourcing data: zoomed reel vals (TH1F)



- Now make a histogram from the TGraph (result above)
  - If multiple points in TGraph have the same x-value, use their mean y-value on y-axis for histogram
- Next: do FFT on this histogram



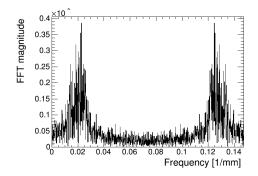
### Look at sourcing data: FFT magnitude



- Magnitude at zero is very large, because y-values of the original histogram are not centered at zero
- Next: remove bin at Frequency = 0



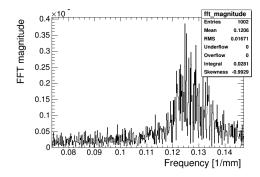
## Look at sourcing data: FFT magnitude, no first bin



- Now we can see the structure of the FFT magnitude
- Next: consider only the upper "half" of the magnitude's range



# Look at sourcing data: FFT magnitude, upper half



- FFT magnitude peaks between "reel frequency" (in [1/mm]) of 0.12 and 0.13
- Roughly matches our naive guess (0.14)



#### Conclusion

Conclusion

- We can use ROOT software to do FFTs.
  - Tests done on sine waves in time / frequency space
  - Prelim. results on data in reel / "reel frequency" space
- Prelim. results show peak in "reel frequency"
  - Around 0.12 0.13 [1/mm]
- Would be nice to repeat the study on sourcing data in time (OrN)
  - Need plots for this

