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import geopandas
import streamlit as st
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import folium

from datetime import datetime, time

from streamlit_folium import folium_static
from folium.plugins import MarkerCluster

st.set_page_config( layout='wide' )

import plotly.express as px

@st.cache( allow_output_mutation=True )
def get_data( path ):
    data = pd.read_csv( path )

    return data

@st.cache( allow_output_mutation=True )
def get_geofile( url ):
    geofile = geopandas.read_file( url )

    return geofile

# get data
path = '../kc_house_data.csv'
data = get_data( path )

# get geofile
url = 'https://opendata.arcgis.com/datasets/
83fc2e72903343aabbff6de8cb445b81c_2.geojson'
geofile = get_geofile( url )

# add new features
data['price_m2'] = data['price'] / data['sqft_lot']

# =====
# Data Overview
# =====
f_attributes = st.sidebar.multiselect( 'Enter columns',
data.columns )
f_zipcode = st.sidebar.multiselect(
    'Enter zipcode',
    data['zipcode'].unique() )

st.title( 'Data Overview' )

if ( f_zipcode != [] ) & ( f_attributes != [] ):
    data = data.loc[data['zipcode'].isin( f_zipcode ), f_attributes]

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elif ( f_zipcode != [] ) & ( f_attributes == [] ):
    data = data.loc[data['zipcode'].isin( f_zipcode ), :]

elif ( f_zipcode == [] ) & ( f_attributes != [] ):
    data = data.loc[:, f_attributes]

else:
    data = data.copy()

st.dataframe( data )

c1, c2 = st.beta_columns((1, 1) )

# Average metrics
df1 = data[['id',
'zipcode']].groupby( 'zipcode' ).count().reset_index()
df2 = data[['price',
'zipcode']].groupby( 'zipcode' ).mean().reset_index()
df3 = data[['sqft_living',
'zipcode']].groupby( 'zipcode' ).mean().reset_index()
df4 = data[['price_m2',
'zipcode']].groupby( 'zipcode' ).mean().reset_index()

# merge
m1 = pd.merge( df1, df2, on='zipcode', how='inner' )
m2 = pd.merge( m1, df3, on='zipcode', how='inner' )
df = pd.merge( m2, df4, on='zipcode', how='inner' )

df.columns = ['ZIPCODE', 'TOTAL HOUSES', 'PRICE', 'SQRT LIVING',
'PRICe/M2']

c1.header( 'Average Values' )
c1.dataframe( df, height=600 )

# Statistic Descriptive
num_attributes = data.select_dtypes( include=['int64', 'float64'] )
media = pd.DataFrame( num_attributes.apply( np.mean ) )
mediana = pd.DataFrame( num_attributes.apply( np.median ) )
std = pd.DataFrame( num_attributes.apply( np.std ) )

max_ = pd.DataFrame( num_attributes.apply( np.max ) )
min_ = pd.DataFrame( num_attributes.apply( np.min ) )

df1 = pd.concat([max_, min_, media, mediana, std],
axis=1 ).reset_index()

df1.columns = ['attributes', 'max', 'min', 'mean', 'median', 'std']

c2.header( 'Descriptive Analysis' )
c2.dataframe( df1, height=800 )

# =====

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# Densidade de Portfolio
# =====
st.title( 'Region Overview' )

c1, c2 = st.beta_columns( ( 1, 1 ) )
c1.header( 'Portfolio Density' )

df = data.sample( 10 )

# Base Map - Folium
density_map = folium.Map( location=[data['lat'].mean(),
                                   data['long'].mean() ],
                           default_zoom_start=15 )

marker_cluster = MarkerCluster().add_to( density_map )
for name, row in df.iterrows():
    folium.Marker( [row['lat'], row['long'] ],
                   popup='Sold R${0} on: {1}. Features: {2} sqft, {3} bedrooms,
                        {4} bathrooms, year built: {5}'.format( row['price'],
                                                                row['date'],
                                                                row['sqft_living'],
                                                                row['bedrooms'],
                                                                row['bathrooms'],
                                                                row['yr_built'] ) ).add_to( marker_cluster )

with c1:
    folium_static( density_map )

# Region Price Map
c2.header( 'Price Density' )

df = data[['price',
            'zipcode']].groupby( 'zipcode' ).mean().reset_index()
df.columns = ['ZIP', 'PRICE']

#df = df.sample( 10 )

geofile = geofile[geofile['ZIP'].isin( df['ZIP'].tolist() )]

region_price_map = folium.Map( location=[data['lat'].mean(),
                                   data['long'].mean() ],
                               default_zoom_start=15 )

region_price_map.choropleth( data = df,
                             geo_data = geofile,
                             columns=['ZIP', 'PRICE'],
                             key_on='feature.properties.ZIP',
                             fill_color='YlOrRd',
                             fill_opacity = 0.7,

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        line_opacity = 0.2,
        legend_name='AVG PRICE' )

with c2:
    folium_static( region_price_map )

# -----
# Distribuicao dos imoveis por categorias comerciais
# -----
st.sidebar.title( 'Commercial Options' )
st.title( 'Commercial Attributes' )

# ----- Average Price per year built

# setup filters
min_year_built = int( data['yr_built'].min() )
max_year_built = int( data['yr_built'].max() )

st.sidebar.subheader( 'Select Max Year Built' )
f_year_built = st.sidebar.slider( 'Year Built', min_year_built,
                                max_year_built,
                                min_year_built )

st.header( 'Average price per year built' )

# get data
data['date'] = pd.to_datetime( data['date'] ).dt.strftime( '%Y-%m-%d' )

data = data.loc[data['yr_built'] < f_year_built]
df = data[['yr_built',
'price']].groupby( 'yr_built' ).mean().reset_index()

fig = px.line( df, x='yr_built', y='price' )
st.plotly_chart( fig, use_container_width=True )

## ----- Average Price per day
st.header( 'Average Price per day' )
st.sidebar.subheader( 'Select Max Date' )

# load data
data = get_data( path='kc_house_data.csv' )
data['date'] = pd.to_datetime( data['date'] ).dt.strftime( '%Y-%m-%d' )

# setup filters
min_date = datetime.strptime( data['date'].min(), '%Y-%m-%d' )
max_date = datetime.strptime( data['date'].max(), '%Y-%m-%d' )

f_date = st.sidebar.slider( 'Date', min_date, max_date, min_date )

# filter data

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data['date'] = pd.to_datetime( data['date'] )
data = data[data['date'] < f_date]
df = data[['date', 'price']].groupby( 'date' ).mean().reset_index()

fig = px.line( df, x='date', y='price' )
st.plotly_chart( fig, use_container_width=True )

# ----- Histogram -----
st.header( 'Price Distribution' )
st.sidebar.subheader( 'Select Max Price' )

# filters
min_price = int( data['price'].min() )
max_price = int( data['price'].max() )
avg_price = int( data['price'].mean() )

f_price = st.sidebar.slider( 'Price', min_price, max_price,
                             avg_price )

df = data[data['price'] < f_price]

fig = px.histogram( df, x='price', nbins=50 )
st.plotly_chart( fig, use_container_width=True )

# -----
# Distribuicao dos imoveis por categorias físicas
# -----
st.sidebar.title( 'Attributes Options' )
st.title( 'House Attributes' )

# filters
f_bedrooms = st.sidebar.selectbox('Max number of bedrooms',
data['bedrooms'].unique())
f_bathrooms = st.sidebar.selectbox('Max number of bath',
data['bathrooms'].unique() )

c1, c2 = st.beta_columns( 2 )

# Houses per bedrooms
c1.header( 'Houses per bedrooms' )
df = data[data['bedrooms'] < f_bedrooms]
fig = px.histogram( df, x='bedrooms', nbins=19 )
c1.plotly_chart( fig, use_container_width=True )

# Houses per bathrooms
c2.header( 'Houses per bathrooms' )
df = data[data['bathrooms'] < f_bathrooms]
fig = px.histogram( df, x='bathrooms', nbins=10 )
c2.plotly_chart( fig, use_container_width=True )

# filters
f_floors = st.sidebar.selectbox('Max number of floors',
data['floors'].unique() )

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f_waterview = st.sidebar.checkbox('Only House with Water View' )

c1, c2 = st.beta_columns( 2 )

# Houses per floors
c1.header( 'Houses per floors' )
df = data[data['floors'] < f_floors]
fig = px.histogram( df, x='floors', nbins=19 )
c1.plotly_chart( fig, use_container_width=True )

# Houses per water view
if f_waterview:
    df = data[data['waterfront'] == 1]
else:
    df = data.copy()

fig = px.histogram( df, x='waterfront', nbins=10 )
c2.header( 'Houses per water view' )
c2.plotly_chart( fig, use_container_width=True )

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