Risk Assessment - CRV Collateral Asset on FiRM

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Useful Links

- ➤ Coingecko: https://www.coingecko.com/en/coins/curve-dao-token
- > Website: https://curve.fi/
- ➤ Github: https://github.com/curvefi/curve-contract
- ➤ Blog: https://curve.substack.com/ (unofficial)
- > Twitter: https://twitter.com/CurveFinance
- ➤ Main Discord: https://discord.com/invite/9uEHakc
- > Bug Bounty: https://classic.curve.fi/bugbounty
- ➤ Docs: https://curve.readthedocs.io/
- Resources: https://resources.curve.fi/
- Voting: https://dao.curve.fi/dao
- > Forum: https://gov.curve.fi/
- ➤ Prime Rating Report: https://www.prime.xyz/ratings/curve-finance

Background

Curve is an AMM exchange protocol with the primary function of allowing for similar-price token transactions with low slippage and handling fees. Curve's AMM model is an engineered version of Uniswap v2.0's constant product market maker model. Its StableSwap algorithm is explicitly designed to create more market depth by concentrating the liquidity near the ideal price for similar priced assets and minimize slippage when exchanging them, even in large volumes. The Curve DAO token was launched in August 2020 and has achieved great success thanks to its utility. Curve experienced serious growth in the second half of 2020, providing users with low slippage and low fees for exchanging similar stablecoins and ERC-20 tokens. Now, in 2023, it still holds its own in a competitive Defi market with a \$714M MC, continuation in community growth and improved voting platform. Curve Pioneered the staking to vote model (veCRV) with many DeFi protocols following behind.

Protocol Analysis

Org. Structure

☐ Is the Protocol a DAO? How is it governed eg. delegates, snapshot (10)

Curve is fully decentralized with the launch of Curve DAO. There's an Emergency DAO which is able to pause the pools during the first 2 months in existence and Curve DAO can unpause them at any time. Curve Emergency DAO has 9 members and 59.999% support and 51% quorum Curve Emergency DAO can act when there's a danger of loss of funds and call the kill_me function of Curve Pool contracts which disables all functionality except for withdrawals. Curve pools can be reenabled back by either Emergency DAO or Curve DAO. The Emergency DAO is controlled by Curve DAO which can add or remove Emergency members.

Smart contracts CANNOT be upgraded. This limits actions in a case of emergency, but leaves users fully in control of their funds.

Governance is completely in the hands of the user and influences all operations of the protocol as stated above. Details from Curve's gitbook state:

- To vote on the Curve DAO, users need to lock vote lock their CRV. By doing so, participants can earn a boost on their provided liquidity and vote on all DAO proposals.
 Users who reach a voting power of 2500 veCRV can also create new proposals. There is no minimum voting power required to vote.
- veCRV stands for vote escrowed CRV, it's a locker where users can lock their CRV for different lengths of time to gain voting power. Users can lock their CRV for a minimum of a week and a maximum of four years. As users with long voting escrow have more stake, they receive more voting power.

☐ Does Protocol publish analytics / transparency via Dune or similar? (10)
Curve hosts analytics of their AMM on two platforms, <u>Llama Airforce</u> , and <u>Dune</u> . Llama Airforce goes into detail of each gauge, pricing, revenue, trading volume, etc. The Dune page consolidates various dashboards made by both Curve team and independent contributors.
☐ Working group structure (7)

CRV initial distribution allowed for a community fund of around \$151M to be used in cases of emergencies or awarded to community-lead initiatives. In the past Curve utilized this community fund for ecosystem, DAO and community grants. These three types of grants had the common goal of encouraging and developing the Curve ecosystem and empowering the community. They also gave an insight on the early working group structure of the DAO.

- Ecosystem grants aimed at encouraging and developing the Curve, Vyper language and more generally the DeFi ecosystem. They were for individuals, teams of all sizes looking to develop tools, projects that could benefit from grants.
- Community grants aimed at encouraging and developing the Curve community and Curve itself. Those grants were received by users, content creators and projects supporting Curve.
- Proposal grants used to reward users who created successful (non parameter) proposals (CIPs).

An early (cir. 2020) <u>Curve council</u> that ruled on proposal grants was composed of the following members, split between team and community.

- Curve team members: @angelangel0v, @michwill, @iamdefinitelyahuman, @kendrickllama, @sssschris, @charlie_eth, @JulienBouteloup 9
- Community members: @jiecut, @Julien, @ON-DeFi, @WormholeOracle, @ne1k0, @C2tP, Quentin, Alex, Sebastian, Andre Cronje

The <u>DAO homepage</u> presents Gauge relatives weights and voting power figures, including total veCRV locked and average lock time. Little information is available beyond what's in the subsequent Org. structure answers below.

☐ Are core contributors compensated / Doxed? (8)

The founder and CEO of Curve is Michael Egorov, a Russian scientist who has various experience with cryptocurrency-related enterprises. In 2015, he co-founded and became CTO of NuCypher, a cryptocurrency business building privacy-preserving infrastructure and protocols. Egorov is also the founder of decentralised bank and loans network LoanCoin. Other contributors are hard to come by, other than community managers, and two developers from previous reports - Angel Angelov and Ben Hauser (developers), and three community managers, "Charlie," "Kendrick Lama," and "Chris" information on team members seems to be very limited but track record proves a highly skilled and talented team to create one of the biggest DEX's in the DeFi world. CRV initial token allocation includes a portion dedicated to core

team as outlined below in tokenomics section. ☐ Any known controversies in crypto space (9) Curve is a staple name in DeFi and has an overall favorable reputation in the crypto space. Some recent controversies include: Aug 9th, 2022: A Frontend exploit on the Curve website that resulted in \$570k loss in user funds. - Nov 22th, 2022: Infamous DeFi user Avi Eisenburg opening an \$8m short on CRV, trying to liquidate CurveFinance founder Egorov (who at the time had \$48m of CRV supplied on Aave with a liquidation price of \$0.259) Enacting the Emergency DAO to kill previously granted (hastily perhaps) gauges and granting high A params (MIM) indiscriminately. ☐ Do they have a security or risk management team (10) While little is available online on the structure of the various working groups at Curve, there are several, some independent, researchers who are dedicated to Curve risk work. These include Nagaking, chanho, ON-Defi. Curve can also count on LlamaRisk (prev. Curve Risk Team), a team which reviews protocols in the Curve gauge on factors that may constitute a risk to the gauge reward system. Some of these are funded by a Curve grants program mentioned above.

Multisig Structure

 \square Is protocol transparent of multisigs and signers, List/links of multisigs, purpose, and setup x of x (7)

Information on Curve multisigs, signers, and purpose is somewhat hard to come by. However, there is a resource that provides sufficient detail titled <u>Curve DAO: Protocol Ownership</u>, from 2020. It is unclear how much of this is still relevant today.

The Curve DAO has a total of three <u>Aragon Agent</u> ownership addresses, which are governed by two independent DAOs:

1. The Community DAO (or just "the DAO") governs the day-to-day operation of the protocol.

Voting is based on a user's holdings of "Vote Escrowed CRV" (veCRV). veCRV is obtained by locking CRV for up to 4 years, with 1 veCRV equal to 1 CRV locked for 4 years. As the lock time decreases, An account's veCRV balance decreases linearly as the time remaining until unlock decreases. veCRV is non-transferrable.

An account must have a minimum balance of 2500 veCRV to make a DAO vote. Each vote lasts for one week. Votes cannot be executed until the entire week has passed. The DAO has ownership of two admin accounts:

- The ownership admin controls most functionality within the protocol. Performing an action via the ownership admin requires a 30% quorum with 51% support.
- The parameter admin has authority to modify parameters on pools, such as adjusting the amplification co-efficient. Performing an action via the parameter admin requires a 15% quorum with 51% support.
- 2. The Emergency DAO has limited authority to kill pools and gauges during extraordinary circumstances.

The emergency DAO consists of <u>nine members</u>, comprised of a mix of the Curve team and prominent figures within the DeFi community. Each member has one vote. Any member may propose a vote.

All members of the emergency DAO may propose new votes. A vote lasts for 24 hours and can be executed immediately once it receives 66% support.

☐ Can multisigs interfere with collateral options? EOA minting (10)

The Curve DAO controls admin functionality throughout the protocol. Performing calls to owner/admin-level functions is only possible via a successful DAO vote. Ownership is handled via a series of proxy contracts. At a high level, the flow of ownership is:

DAO -> Aragon Agent -> Ownership Proxy -> Contracts

At the ownership proxy level there are two main contracts:

- PoolProxy: Admin functionality for <u>exchange contracts</u>
- GaugeProxy: Admin functionality for liquidity gauges

The DAO is capable of replacing the ownership proxies via a vote.

Influence, Reputation, and Partnerships

How long has	the protocol beer	around , have	they endured I	long bear n	narkets?
(8)					

The Curve DAO token was launched in August 2020. This current bear market is their first.

☐ Have they been exploited and how was it handled, was value restored to users if affected. (9)

On <u>August 9th, 2022</u>, Curve Finance's DNS record was compromised and pointed to a cloned malicious site, what is known as DNS Spoofing. The attacker injected malicious code into that site that asked users to give token approvals to an unverified contract. In total, 7 users were affected by the exploit culminating in ~\$612k losses. To date, this is their worst recorded exploit.

☐ Current and notable past partnerships , are they a net positive on the DEFI space (10)
The Curve wars have been ongoing since 2021 and have involved a great number of protocols. By consequence, Curve is very well connected and can count on numerous partners in the space. Major veCRV holders include Convex (who hold 50.7% of supply), Yearn (8.4%), and StakeDAO (4.3%).
The Curve team is one of the multi-sig holders for the Polygon contracts (15-5-2021), as well as a signer on the YFI admin key (07-21-2020).
The Swiss Stake GmbH is the legal entity of the Curve team, with the principal Michael Egorov, incorporated in Zug, Switzerland. Source - <u>Cointelegraph</u> . Framework and jurisdiction falls under Switzerland - Top tier.
Audits & Bug Bounties
Previous and Ongoing
☐ Audits & Bounties (7)
Curve has been audited three times, two of which were pre-launch. Curve Bug Bounty program offers up to \$250K in rewards, their program is rather unimpressive.
Reward Payouts
☐ Rewards paid, vulnerabilities found with severity (10)
Rewards have been paid out in the past.
Collateral Analysis
Oracles
☐ Available Chainlink Oracles (10)
CRV has chainlink oracles on mainnet. Price Feed <u>CRV/USD</u> and <u>CRV/ETH</u> .
☐ Does the asset have a backup oracle (10)
Curve Protocol uses <u>TWAP oracles</u> . Curve details front-running mitigation in their <u>docs</u> . Flashloan countermeasures are <u>implemented</u> .

☐ Any advanced oracle implementation required (1	10)
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No

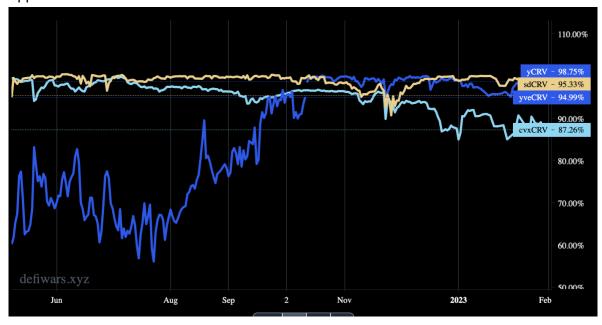
☐ Liquidation Routing, Do liquidations require a wrapper?, accessibility (10)

Liquidity is sufficiently available for liquidators on Curve in the form of two pools for high efficiency. CRV/WETH. While wETH and DOLA don't have a sufficiently deep pairing it can easily be routed WETH > USDC > DOLA to repay loans.

☐ Peg Risk if any

For CRV, NA.

Wrappers -



Token Statistics

☐ Contracts, upgradable? (10)

Admin controls are easy to find. Relevant contracts are clearly labelled as upgradeable or immutable in the various sections of their technical documentation. Ownership is in the hands of the DAO, as stated. Information regarding admin control and its relation to user funds' safety is clearly described at https://resources.curve.fi/faq/security. No timelock documentation is detailed. However, their DAO structure fundamentally operates like a timelock due to admin's giving up ownership to the DAO, and every vote on contract changes has to go through a

lengthy voting process. In addition, Curve has clearly stated that the only contract that the DAO does not have full ownership of is the CRV DAO token. Regardless, the token contract restricts all admin access and external call possibilities. This renders the need for a timelock effectively useless for any Curve contract.

□ Price / Market Cap / Circulating Supply / Locked Supply / True Circulating / Total / Max (10)

Coinmarketcap

Coingecko

Price	Market Cap	Circulating Supply	Locked Supply	*True Circulating Supply	Total Supply	Max Supply
\$0.93	\$702M	754,413,742	640,446,473	113,967,269	1,910,730,004	3,303,030,299

^{*}Circulating Supply - Locked = True Circulating

Liquidity

■ Mainnet Dex Liquidity

Token Pair	24 Hour Volume	Liquidity
Curve crveth	\$883,000	\$59M
<u>Curve cvxcrv</u>	\$1,300,000	\$46M
Curve cvxcrv/Fraxbp	\$51,755	\$3.5M
UNI V3 CRV/WETH	\$595,000	\$2.5M
UNI V3 CRV/WETH	\$79,000	\$1.9M

☐ On-Chain Slippage

Liquidity Tool

CRV Swap	10% Slippage	20% Slippage
CRV>DOLA	\$3,250,000	\$7,750,000
CRV>USDC	\$3,531,520	\$8,312,500

1INCH Swap	Slippage on \$100k	Slippage on \$50k	Slippage on \$25k
CRV>DOLA	0.78%	0.54%	0.38%

☐ CEX Liquidity

High Confidence CEX

Exchange Pair	24 Hour Volume	+2% Depth	-2% Depth	CMC Liquidity Score
Binance CRV/USDT	\$14.5M	\$192,727	\$257,967	576
OKX CRV/USDT	\$4.75M	\$132,655	\$121,418	390
Binance CRV/BUSD	\$2.75M	\$77,860	\$88,826	517
Coinbase CRV/USD	\$2.43M	\$148,901	\$217,797	586
Bitget CRV/USDT	\$1.61M	\$259,615	\$303,896	400

□ Token Holders

Holders: 76,235

Holder or Protocol	Туре	Percent supply
Curve Voting Escrow	Locker	33.52%
0xd2D43555134dC575BF727 9F4bA18809645dB0F1D	Curve Vesting Contract	16%
0xe3997288987E6297Ad550 A69B31439504F513267	Curve Vesting Contract	6.48%
Frax Lend	CRV Market Supply	5.5%
Binance	Exchange	3.48%

Largest EOA Holders

EOA Wallet	CRV
Aave CRV Depositor	91M
0x32D03DB62e464c9168e41028FFa6E9a05 D8C6451	61M
0x9B44473E223f8a3c047AD86f387B804025 36B029	27M

Volatility

□ Price Log Return Volatility

CRV Volatility

The volatility of the token price is assessed by calculating the daily log returns of the median price using the natural logarithm of the ratio between the current day's and the previous day's median price.

The variation coefficient of the token is then computed as the ratio between the volatility (standard deviation) and the mean of log returns over a specific number of days (7/30). Our research shows that although CRV is showing a higher volatility when compared to the wETH market, the variation coefficient shows a higher stability for CRV token price. This can be partly explained by deep off-chain liquidity on Centralised Exchanges.



Emissions

☐ Emissions Policy, what are emissions used for? (7)

Curve has a total amount of 3.03 billion CRV tokens and has the following token distribution: - 62% will be distributed to liquidity providers - 30% to shareholders (linearly unlocked within 2-4 years) - 3% to team members (linearly unlocked within 2 years) - 5% as a community reserve. The initial release distributed around 43% of the total CRV supply, Individuals that stake their CRV in the voting contract will receive a greater portion of the inflation; the longer one locks their CRV for, the more they receive in liquidity pool fees as well as the veCRV voting token. The 2-4 year unlock period increases the shareholder distribution credibility, yet 30% of the supply being distributed to shareholders is relatively high. The top non-exchange CRV holding wallet now holds around 4% of the supply and all others hold less than 1% of the supply. All in all, the metrics indicate a somewhat even distribution among holders Curve DAO currently has

90,376 holders and a circulating supply of 726,303,518. Full release schedule found https://dao.curve.fi/inflation. Distribution has been well executed to follow appropriate vesting periods for longevity.

Utility & Use Case

☐ Does the Token have utility, Can it retain the utility while supplied to FiRM? (10)

The main purposes of the Curve DAO token are to incentivise liquidity providers on the Curve Finance platform as well as getting as many users involved as possible in the governance of the protocol. Governance is heavily weighted to a handful of whale's currently, but that still allows high APY liquidity pools to benefit all relevant stakeholders involved. CRV has 3 main utilities - voting, staking and boosting. Those three things will require you to vote lock your CRV and acquire veCRV. Fees are charged for swaps and shared between LPs and the protocol. The fees accrued by the protocol are shared among the veCRV token holders, (i.e. CRV holders which committed their CRV tokens for a certain amount of time). All together, this is a solid value capture model which ensures participation in governance and long term alignment of token holders with the protocol. The CRV boost feature is the ability to boost your rewards on provided liquidity. Vote locking CRV allows you to acquire voting power to participate in the DAO and earn a boost of up to 2.5x on the liquidity you are providing on Curve. The table below can help you understand the value add of veCRV:

		Liq in pool Has veCRV	Liq in pool & gauge No veCRV	Liq in pool & gauge Has veCRV	7,275,000	No liq Has veCRV
Earns lending & trading fees	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Earns CRV	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Earns more CRV (boost)	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
Can vote on DAO proposals	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Can vote on gauge weights	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Earns gov fees	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

☐ Liquid or locking feature (10)

The token enables its holder to participate in Curve DAO proposals and incentivises holders through staking in protocol revenue. By locking the tokens for a certain amount of time, the token holder gains voting power and revenue participation rights that are correlated to the length of the commitment. This ensures a long term alignment between token holders and protocol. Lock up times include - 1 week, 1 month, 3 months, 6 months, 1 year and 4 years for maximum voting power. This voting token allows the community/ liquidity providers to decide each week where the CRV emission incentive rewards for liquidity pools are distributed. This is decided on a Gauge vote every week. Simply put, a gauge weight translates into how much of the daily CRV inflation it receives, the more VeCRV tokens you have, the more voting power you can use to boost liquidity pool earnings. This proves absolutely vital to keeping the Curve economy circulating.

☐ Goal of the token, where is value derived from? (10)

The main purposes of the Curve DAO token are to incentivise liquidity providers on the Curve Finance platform as well as getting as many users involved as possible in the governance of the protocol. Governance is heavily weighted to a handful of whale's currently, but that still allows high APY liquidity pools to benefit all relevant stakeholders involved.

Outside of the Curve ecosystem, the main protocol to make use of CRV is AAVE. AAVE holds \$110M in liquidity and allows CRV to be used as collateral against other borrowing loans and yields.

Curve Liquid Wrappers

CurveFinance veToken model allows users to lock \$crv for up to 4 years and receive admin fees (paid in stables) and allows them to vote for CRV emissions for the pools. Protocols seeking liquidity have the option to bribe veCRV holders to stream CRV emissions to their pools. But locking CRV for 4 years is not a very attractive option for the holders. What's the solution? Liquid wrappers.

- cvxCRV from ConvexFinance
- sdCRV from StakeDAO
- yCRV from Yearn Finance

Liquid wrappers allow CRV holders to receive fees and/or bribes without locking it for 4 years and provide a chance to exit the position. What is the difference between each of them?

- cvxCRV: By staking cvxCRV, you're earning 3crv fees plus a share of 10% of the
 Convex LPs' boosted CRV earnings and CVX tokens on top of that. This is another
 source of revenue besides admin fees for veCRV holders. While the bribe revenue
 (voting power which can be sold) is distributed among vote-locked CVX. So the normal
 revenue from veCRV (fees+bribes) is split between cvxCRV and CVX.
- sdCRV: sdCRV is distributing 3crv fees and keeping voting power with the stakers. Voting power can be delegated to the StakeDAO, it combines market and OTC bribes in order to get the best return. Or users can access the bribes from Paladin Vote or Votium directly on Stake DAO. Since StakeDAO is not splitting the bribes and admin fees between sdCRV and native token, staking APR is notably higher. Stakers are getting 3CRV, CRV and bribes are converted into SDT rewards. However to get the highest APR users have to boost it by locking the native token SDT.
- yCRV: Staked yCRV offers the highest yield among all wrappers. However, the yield will
 go down, as there are remaining rewards coming from the legacy yvBOOST donator
 contract. Also, 1/4 of all yCrv is owned by the treasury boosting yield for all yCRV

stakers. st-yCRV offers "set & forget" UX where the source of yield comes from two places:

- Admin Fees: 100% of admin fees earned are auto-compounded into more yCRV
- Bribes: 1 st-yCRV = 1 veCRV worth of vote power which will be sold on the bribes market to further increase yield

Unlike sdCRV, st-yCRV holders are giving up their voting power, so protocols can't use it to cast votes for Curve gauges. However, vl-yCRV is in the final stages of development, which will give the voting power but remove fees and bribes in favor of st-yCRV.

What are the tradeoffs with liquid wrappers?

- 1. Protocol fees are charged by the protocol for the service they provide (they are deducted from the displayed APR)
 - cvxCRV 0% fee
 - sdCRV 16% fee
 - yCRV 10% fee
- Voting power
 - cvxCRV doesn't offer voting power nor does share bribe revenue
 - yCRV doesn't offer voting power, but shares the bribe revenue
 - sdCRV offers voting power and bribe revenue, but they are reduced in favor of veSDT stakers
- For the peg maintenance all the protocols are directing CRV emissions to their respective LPs. But Stakedao is buying sdCRV with the bribe revenue when the peg is below 0.99 and distributing to the stakers (otherwise they pay with SDT tokens bought from the market).

Conclusion

In conclusion, the due diligence conducted by Inverse Finance's Risk Working Group on CRV by Curve Finance has determined that CRV is a suitable collateral for the fixed-rate lending market, FiRM. Curve is a staple name in the Cryptocurrency space and we have little reason to believe this won't continue being the case.

The CRV token has demonstrated a strong track record of interest from other protocols (re: Curve Wars) and has the necessary infrastructure in place to support its use as collateral on the platform. We can safely assume that the Curve team, however little can be found on them, has a clear understanding of the lending market landscape and has implemented appropriate risk management measures to ensure the safety and security of user funds. The Bug Bounty program is somewhat lacking compared to peers in the space with similar TVL, with only a maximum payout of \$250k and unclear amounts of total available rewards.

The Risk Working Group has evaluated CRV technical and economic characteristics and has determined that it possesses the necessary attributes to be used as collateral on the FiRM platform. The token is liquid, is paired with other reliable tokens (mainly wETH on mainnet) in deep LPs on several chains (Ethereum, Arbitrum, Fantom, Polygon), thus addressing most SPOFs. CRV also has an elegant oracle solution, making use of a Chainlink oracle for both CRV/USD and CRV/ETH feeds.

Naked CRV is subject to strong dilution from emissions. This hasn't stopped over \$110M in CRV to be deposited as collateral on Aave. Given FiRM's target audience and "long-term" horizon, a liquid wrapper such as yCRV might make a more appropriate collateral option. However it must be stated that heavy CRV emissions pose a long-term feasibility issue for CRV or any liquid wrapper on FiRM. Emissions have been greater than rewards for veCRV holders historically, which would "down only" price action for CRV in the long term. This all can change with the launch of Curve' own stablecoin, crvUSD. Launch is imminent, and adoption and value-add to veCRV remains to be seen.

Overall, the Risk Working Group is satisfied with the findings of this due diligence report and is confident in the ability of CRV to serve as a reliable collateral on the FiRM platform. The Risk Team recommends we also consider liquid wrappers for alternate collaterals. While liquidity for these is thin, this might soon change and eventually qualify them as suitable options.

Asset Score

Not yet finalized

CRV Parameter Recommendations

Supply Ceiling	1M
Initial Fed Supply	500k, target 1M
Daily Borrow Limit	250k, target 500k
Liquidation Factor	75%
Firm Global Supply Ceiling	
Collateral Factor (Evaluation Period)	75%

Strong DEX <u>liquidity</u> and CEX liquidity support and insulate CRV from extreme price fluctuations as shown by our <u>volatility</u> research. This deep liquidity to ETH enables low on chain <u>slippage</u> to DOLA.

The ability to liquidate without high slippage fluctuates with DOLA's liquidity picture and we've seen this liquidity dissipate rapidly in the past. FiRM offers fixed rate loans without the ability to raise interest rates enticing payback. Because of this, limiting the amount of DOLA available to

lend is a critical vector in risk management.

With DOLA bad debt and no sure way to entice the repayment of loans in mind we are recommending an introductory period of 2 weeks. Fed Supply of 500k, daily limit of 250k trial period with a target of double these figures allows MEV searchers to find and integrate the market enabling automated liquidations. After the 2 week grace period the RWG will reassess the market against DOLA's liquidity picture and demand.