

Euler-Maclaurin formula (Mathematica notation, $p \geq 1$)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{i=m+1}^n g(i) \\
&= \int_m^n g(\omega) d\omega + \frac{g(n) - g(m)}{2} + \sum_{k=1}^p \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} \left[\frac{d^{2k-1}}{d\omega^{2k-1}} g(n) - \frac{d^{2k-1}}{d\omega^{2k-1}} g(m) \right] - \int_m^n \frac{d^{2p}}{d\omega^{2p}} g(\omega) \frac{B_{2p}(\omega - \lfloor \omega \rfloor)}{(2p)!} d\omega \\
&\stackrel{e.g. \ p=1}{=} \int_m^n g(\omega) d\omega + \frac{g(n) - g(m)}{2} + \frac{\frac{d}{d\omega} g(n) - \frac{d}{d\omega} g(m)}{12} - \frac{1}{2} \int_m^n \frac{d^2}{d\omega^2} g(\omega) B_2(\omega - \lfloor \omega \rfloor) d\omega \\
&\stackrel{e.g. \ p=\infty}{=} \int_m^n g(\omega) d\omega + \frac{g(n) - g(m)}{2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} \left[\frac{d^{2k-1}}{d\omega^{2k-1}} g(n) - \frac{d^{2k-1}}{d\omega^{2k-1}} g(m) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

We pose and calculate

$$\begin{aligned}
f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) &= \text{summand1} \\
F(\omega) &\equiv f^2(\omega) = \text{summand2} \quad \omega \geq 3 \\
F(\omega) &= \sum_{i=1}^{order} \frac{F_i}{\omega^i} + O\left(\frac{1}{\omega^{order+1}}\right) \quad order \geq 1, \omega \rightarrow \infty \\
F_1 &= \chi_v - \chi_v^{cir} \\
\frac{d^{2k-1}}{d\omega^{2k-1}} \left(\frac{1}{\omega^i}\right) &= -\frac{(i+2k-2)!}{(i-1)!} \frac{1}{\omega^{i+2k-1}} \quad k \geq 1, i \geq 1 \\
\sum_{\omega=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\omega^i} &= -1 - \frac{1}{2^i} + \zeta(i) \quad i \geq 2 \\
\sum_{\omega=\omega_0}^{\infty} \log(\omega + \omega_1) &\stackrel{\zeta-reg.}{=} \log \frac{\sqrt{2\pi}}{\Gamma(\omega_0 + \omega_1)}
\end{aligned}$$

The sum proportional to μ is negligible, so we concentrate on the main sum.

Cutoff function (not used)

$$\begin{aligned}
G(\omega) &= \begin{cases} 0 & \omega \rightarrow 2 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \omega \rightarrow O\left(\frac{1}{\epsilon_0}\right) \\ 1 + O(e^{-\#\omega}) & \omega \rightarrow \infty \end{cases} \\
e.g. \quad G(\omega) &= 1 - e^{\epsilon_0(2-\omega)} \\
F(\omega) G(\omega) &= \begin{cases} 0 & \omega \rightarrow 2 \\ \sum_{i=1}^{order} \frac{F_i}{\omega^i} + O\left(\frac{1}{\omega^{order+1}}\right) + O(e^{-\#\omega}) & \omega \rightarrow \infty \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

1)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \log \frac{Z(\sigma_0)}{Z(\infty)} \\
&= \sum_{\omega=-\Lambda}^{\Lambda} f(\omega) - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log \Lambda \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \sum_{\omega=3}^{\Lambda} F(\omega) - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log \Lambda \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \int_2^{\Lambda} F(\omega) d\omega \\
&\quad - \frac{F(2)}{2} - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} F^{(2k-1)}(2) - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log \Lambda \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \int_2^{\infty} \left[F(\omega) - \sum_{i=1}^{order} \frac{F_i}{\omega^i} \right] d\omega - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log 2 - \sum_{i=2}^{order} F_i \frac{2^{1-i}}{1-i} \\
&\quad - \frac{F(2)}{2} - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} F^{(2k-1)}(2) \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \int_2^{\bar{\omega}} F(\omega) d\omega + \int_{\bar{\omega}}^{\infty} \left[F(\omega) - \sum_{i=1}^{order} \frac{F_i}{\omega^i} \right] d\omega - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log \bar{\omega} - \sum_{i=2}^{order} F_i \frac{\bar{\omega}^{1-i}}{1-i} \\
&\quad - \frac{F(2)}{2} - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} F^{(2k-1)}(2) \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \int_2^{\bar{\omega}} F(\omega) d\omega + \int_{\bar{\omega}}^{\infty} \left[F(\omega) - \sum_{i=1}^{order} \frac{F_i}{\omega^i} \right] d\omega - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log \bar{\omega} - \sum_{i=2}^{order} F_i \frac{\bar{\omega}^{1-i}}{1-i} \\
&\quad - \frac{F(2)}{2} - \sum_{k=1}^p \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} \frac{d^{2k-1}}{d\omega^{2k-1}} F(2) - \int_2^{\infty} \frac{d^{2p}}{d\omega^{2p}} F(\omega) \frac{B_{2p}(\omega - \lfloor \omega \rfloor)}{(2p)!} d\omega
\end{aligned}$$

2)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \log \frac{Z(\sigma_0)}{Z(\infty)} \\
&= \sum_{\omega=-\Lambda}^{\Lambda} f(\omega) - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log \Lambda \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \sum_{\omega=3}^{\Lambda} F(\omega) - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log \Lambda \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \int_2^{\Lambda} F(\omega) d\omega \\
&\quad - \frac{F(2)}{2} - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} F^{(2k-1)}(2) - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log \Lambda \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \int_2^{\infty} \left[F(\omega) - \frac{\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}}{\omega} - \sum_{i=2}^{order} G(\omega) \frac{F_i}{\omega^i} \right] d\omega - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log 2 + \int_2^{\infty} \sum_{i=2}^{order} G(\omega) \frac{F_i}{\omega^i} d\omega \\
&\quad - \frac{F(2)}{2} - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} F^{(2k-1)}(2) \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \int_2^{\infty} \left[F(\omega) - \frac{\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}}{\omega} - \sum_{i=2}^{order} G(\omega) \frac{F_i}{\omega^i} \right] d\omega - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log 2 + \int_2^{\infty} \sum_{i=2}^{order} G(\omega) \frac{F_i}{\omega^i} d\omega \\
&\quad - \frac{F(2)}{2} - \sum_{k=1}^p \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} \frac{d^{2k-1}}{d\omega^{2k-1}} F(2) - \int_2^{\infty} \frac{d^{2p}}{d\omega^{2p}} F(\omega) \frac{B_{2p}(\omega - \lfloor \omega \rfloor)}{(2p)!} d\omega
\end{aligned}$$

2reg) We prove that zeta-reg. = cut-off reg. EVEN on the latitude!

$$\begin{aligned}
& \log \frac{Z(\sigma_0)}{Z(\infty)} \\
&= \sum_{\omega=-\Lambda}^{\Lambda} f(\omega) \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \sum_{\omega=3}^{\infty} \left[F(\omega) - \log \left(1 + \frac{\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}}{\omega} \right) \right] + \sum_{\omega=3}^{\infty} \log \left(1 + \frac{\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}}{\omega} \right) \\
&\stackrel{\zeta^{-reg.}}{=} f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \sum_{\omega=3}^{\infty} \left[F(\omega) - \log \left(1 + \frac{\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}}{\omega} \right) \right] + \log \frac{\Gamma(3)}{\Gamma(3 + \chi_v - \chi_v^{cir})} \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \sum_{\omega=3}^{\infty} \left[F(\omega) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k} \left(-\frac{\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}}{\omega} \right)^k \right] + \log \frac{2}{\Gamma(3 + \chi_v - \chi_v^{cir})} \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \sum_{\omega=3}^{\infty} \left[F(\omega) - \frac{\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}}{\omega} \right] + \sum_{\omega=3}^{\infty} \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k} \left(-\frac{\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}}{\omega} \right)^k + \log \frac{2}{\Gamma(3 + \chi_v - \chi_v^{cir})} \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \sum_{\omega=3}^{\Lambda} F(\omega) + (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \left(\frac{3}{2} - \gamma - \log \Lambda \right) + \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{-1 - 2^{-k} + \zeta(k)}{k} (-)^k (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir})^k + \log \frac{2}{\Gamma(3 + \chi_v - \chi_v^{cir})} \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \sum_{\omega=3}^{\Lambda} F(\omega) - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log \Lambda + \log \frac{2(1 + \chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \left(1 + \frac{\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}}{2} \right) \Gamma(1 + \chi_v - \chi_v^{cir})}{\Gamma(3 + \chi_v - \chi_v^{cir})} \\
&= f(0) + 2f(1) + 2f(2) + \sum_{\omega=3}^{\Lambda} F(\omega) - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log \Lambda \\
&= \sum_{\omega=-\Lambda}^{\Lambda} f(\omega) - (\chi_v - \chi_v^{cir}) \log \Lambda
\end{aligned}$$

2der)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d}{d\sigma_0} \log \frac{Z(\sigma_0)}{Z(\infty)} \\
&= \frac{df(0)}{d\sigma_0} + 2 \frac{df(1)}{d\sigma_0} + 2 \frac{df(2)}{d\sigma_0} + \int_2^{\infty} \left[\frac{d}{d\sigma_0} F(\omega) - \frac{\frac{d}{d\sigma_0} \chi_v}{\omega} - \sum_{i=2}^{order} G(\omega) \frac{\frac{d}{d\sigma_0} F_i}{\omega^i} \right] d\omega - \frac{d\chi_v}{d\sigma_0} \log 2 + \int_2^{\infty} \sum_{i=2}^{order} G(\omega) \frac{\frac{d}{d\sigma_0} F_i}{\omega^i} d\omega \\
&\quad - \frac{\frac{d}{d\sigma_0} F(2)}{2} - \sum_{k=1}^p \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} \frac{d^{2k-1}}{d\omega^{2k-1}} \frac{d}{d\sigma_0} F(2) - \int_2^{\infty} \frac{d^{2p}}{d\omega^{2p}} \frac{d}{d\sigma_0} F(\omega) \frac{B_{2p}(\omega - \lfloor \omega \rfloor)}{(2p)!} d\omega
\end{aligned}$$