# Distributed autonomous encirclement of a wheeled robot formation with collision avoidance

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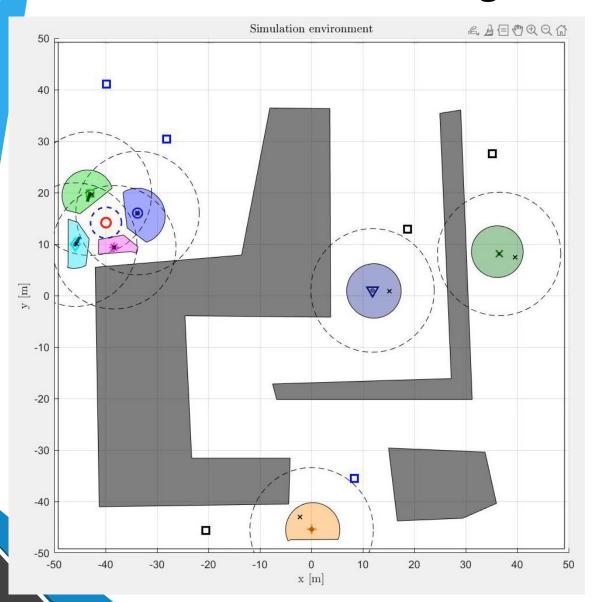
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## Table of contents

- Context and goal explanation
- Robot equipment
- Robot localization
- Voronoi tessellation
- Motion control
- Final simulation and results
- Conclusions

# Context and goal explanation



- Goal: Moving target encirclement
- Solution:
  - Localization
  - Exchange information
  - Motion control

## Robot equipment

- Robot: moving circular entity with encumbrance  $\delta$
- Dynamics:
  - Linear

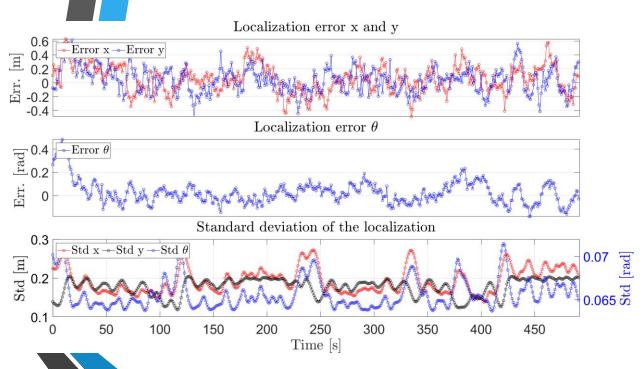
$$\bar{x}_{R,i+1} = \bar{x}_{R,i} + \bar{u}_i + \bar{\nu}_i$$

Unicycle 
$$\begin{bmatrix} ar{x}_R \\ heta_R \end{bmatrix}_{i+1} = \begin{bmatrix} ar{x}_R \\ heta_R \end{bmatrix}_i + \begin{bmatrix} \cos{( heta_R)} & 0 \\ \sin{( heta_R)} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_i ar{u}_i + ar{
u}_i$$

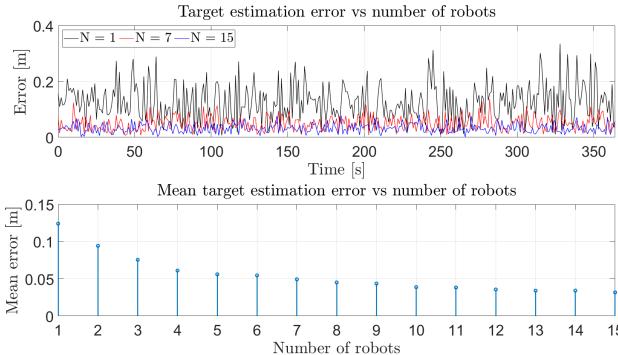
- Sensors:
  - GPS:  $\sigma = 3 [m]$
  - Stereo camera / Relative distance sensor:  $\sigma = 0.3 \, [m]$
  - $R_{com} = R_{cam} = 12 [m]$

### Robot localization

#### Extended Kalman filter



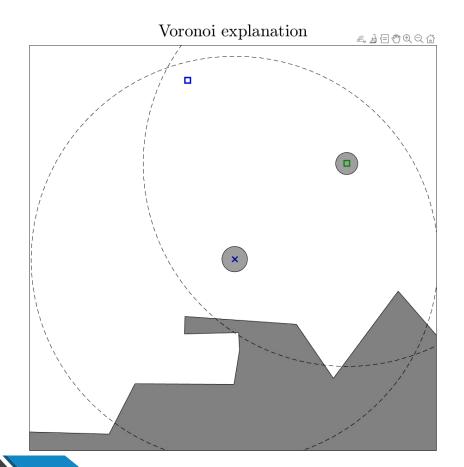
#### Distributed WLS



### Voronoi tessellation

#### The voronoi cell considers:

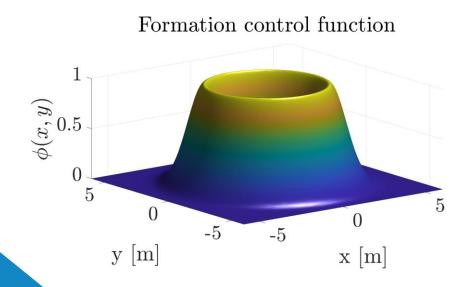
- Uncertainty on robot localization (self and reciprocal)
- Robot encumbrance

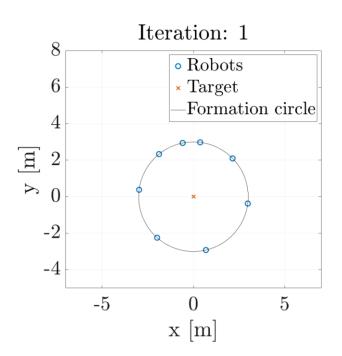




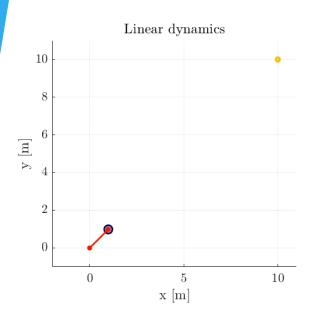
## Motion control – High level

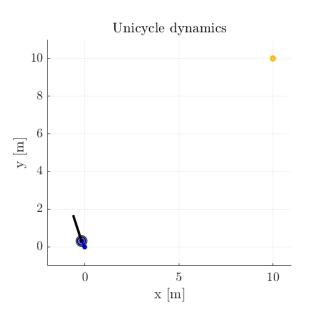
- It defines a goal position for the low level control
- Target search: random search of the target
- Target reaching
- Keeping equidistance

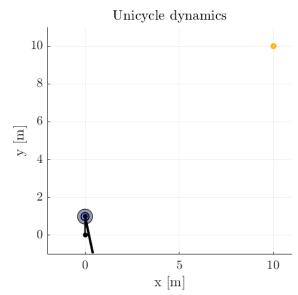




### Motion control – Low level







### **Linear Dynamics**

$$\bar{x}_{R,i+1} = \bar{x}_{R,i} + \min(k_p \left(\bar{x}_{R,i} - \bar{x}_D\right), v_{MAX}) \Delta t$$

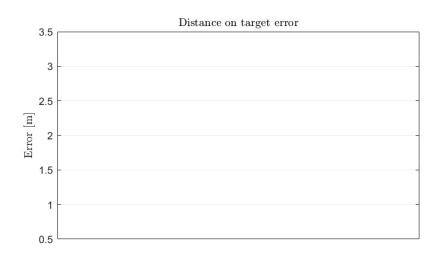
### **Unicycle Dynamics**

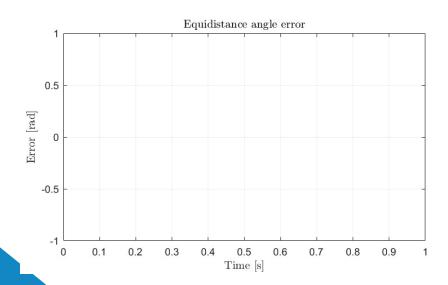
$$v = \min(k_p \|\bar{x}_R - \bar{x}_D\|, v_{MAX}) \cos(\gamma_m)$$

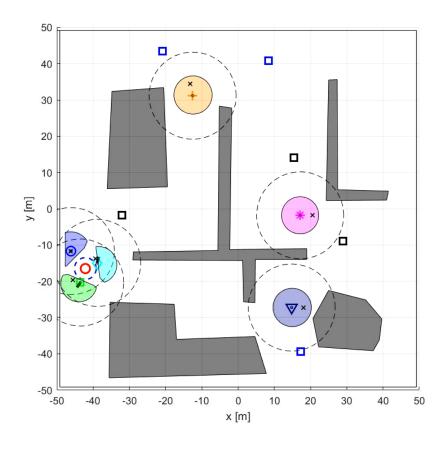
$$\omega = \min(k_p |\gamma_M|, \omega_{MAX}) \cdot \begin{cases} 1 & (\alpha_D \ge \theta_R \land \gamma_M < \pi) \\ & (\alpha_D < \theta_R \land \gamma_M > \pi) \end{cases} \lor$$

$$-1 & \text{otherwise}$$

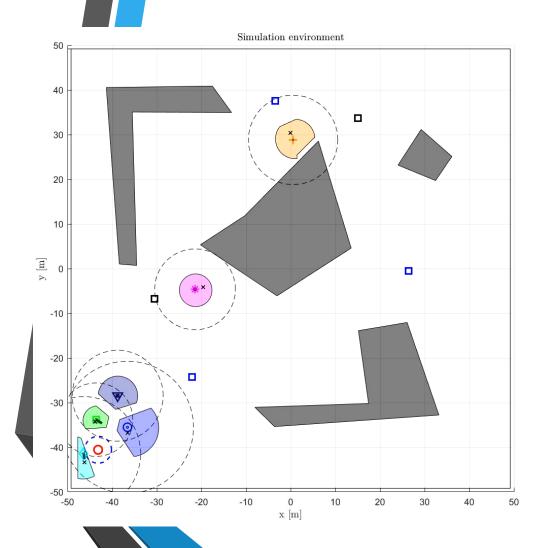
## Final simulationand results

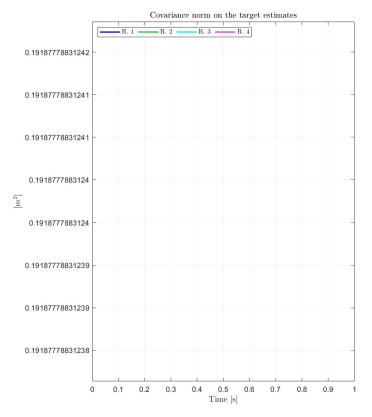


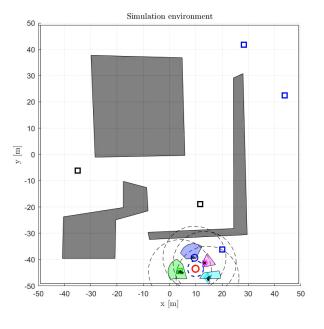




## Extra results







## Conclusions

- Performed tasks:
  - Localization
  - Information distribution
  - Voronoi tessellation and Motion control
- Improvements:
  - Increse localization accuracy with distributed SLAM
  - Model Predictive Control to enhance the non linear trajectory
  - Environment adaptive formation function