



UNIVERSITÀ DI PISA

Computer Engineering, Artificial Intelligence and Data
Engineering

Large-Scale and Multi-Structured Database

PokèMongo

Project Documentation

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1 | Introduction

PokèMongo is a gaming application in which users compete each other to build up the best Team choosing from the set of Pokemon available in the environment. Every user can make just one single Team.

1.1 Description

Every Team is composed by up to 6 distinct Pokemons and is assigned to a numerical value based on features and properties of the chosen Pokemons, for ranking purposes.

Users can also navigate through the ranking in order to visualize the best teams (according to the values cited before), most used/caught Pokemons.

The user can also search a specific Pokemon using the Pokedex tool, in which he/she can browse Pokemons according to specific search filters (e.g. Pokemon name, Type, Points...).

Moreover, as a “real” Pokemon Trainer, the user is invited to “Catch ‘em ‘all”, i.e. to catch Pokemon in order to create/update his own team. Thus, it is provided to the user a prefix number of daily Pokeball to be used to try to catch them.

At each Pokemon is associated a probability to catch it, the higher the Pokemon’s value, the lower the probability.

Under discussion are the following ideas:

- Creating a “social” structure in which users can follow each other in order to share his/her own team
- Creating a chat system to pair with the social structure
- Reduce catchable Pokemons to a daily subset of the entire Pokemon Database

1.2 Code Snippets

Other things: let’s show some code snippets!

```
1 import requests
2 import json
3
4
5 #exampleW
6 new_json = []
7 description = ""
```

```

8
9     for i in range(500, 894):
10         response = requests.get(f"https://pokeapi.co/api/v2/
pokemon/{i}/")
11         work_string_json = response.json()
12         response = requests.get(f"https://pokeapi.co/api/v2/
pokemon-species/{i}/")
13         work_string_json2 = response.json()
14
15         for desc in work_string_json2['flavor_text_entries']:
16             if(desc['language']['name'] == "en"):
17                 description = desc['flavor_text']
18                 break
19
20         curr_json = {
21             "id": work_string_json['id'],
22             "name": work_string_json['name'],
23             "weight": work_string_json['weight'],
24             "height": work_string_json['height'],
25             "capture_rate": work_string_json2['capture_rate']
26         },
27         "biology": description,
28         "types": [],
29         "portrait": work_string_json['sprites']['other']['
official-artwork']['front_default'],
30         "sprite": work_string_json['sprites']['
front_default']
31     }
32
33     print(i)
34     for i in work_string_json['types']:
35         curr_json["types"].append(i['type']['name'])
36
37     new_json.append(curr_json)
38
39     with open('pokemon2.json', 'a', encoding='utf-8') as f:
40         json.dump(new_json, f, ensure_ascii=False, indent=4)

```

Listing 1: Python example

```

1     package it.unipi.dii.lsmsd.pokeMongo.utils;
2
3     import java.time.LocalDate;
4     import java.util.regex.Matcher;
5     import java.util.regex.Pattern;
6     import javafx.scene.control.*;
7
8     public class FormValidatorPokeMongo {
9

```

```

10     /**
11      * In this section are present the event handler for the
12      * 'setOnKeyReleased' event in the form.
13      */
14     public static void handleName(TextField nameTF, Label
invalidNameLabel){
15         if(FormValidatorPokeMongo.isPersonNoun(nameTF.getText
16         ()))
17             invalidNameLabel.setVisible(false);
18         else
19             invalidNameLabel.setVisible(true);
20     }
21
22     /**
23      * Check if the string contains only letters, spaces,
24      * dots and apostrophes.
25      */
26     public static boolean isPersonNoun(String possibleNoun){
27         Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile("[a-zA-Z ']*$");
28         Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(possibleNoun);
29         return matcher.find();
30     }
31
32     public static void handleEmail(TextField emailTF, Label
invalidEmailLabel){
33         if(FormValidatorPokeMongo.isValidEmail(emailTF.
34         getText()))
35             invalidEmailLabel.setVisible(false);
36         else
37             invalidEmailLabel.setVisible(true);
38     }
39
40     /**
41      * Check if the email follows the format example@domain.
42      * tld
43      */
44     public static boolean isValidEmail(String possibleEmail){
45         Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile("^([\\w-\\.]+@([\\w
46         -]+\\.)+[\\w-]{2,4})$");
47         Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(possibleEmail);
48         return matcher.find();
49     }
50
51     public static void handlePassword(TextField passwordTF,
Label invalidPasswordLabel){
52         if(FormValidatorPokeMongo.isValidPassword(passwordTF.
53         getText()))
54             invalidPasswordLabel.setVisible(false);
55         else

```

```

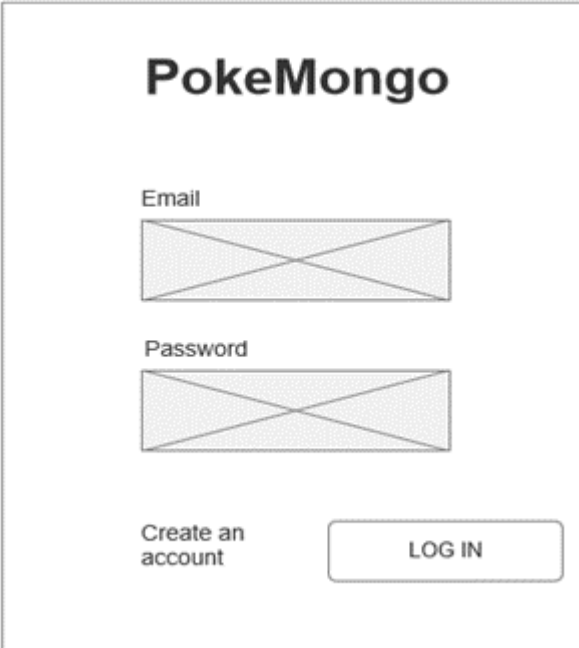
49         invalidPasswordLabel.setVisible(true);
50     }
51
52     /**
53      * Checks if the password contains minimum eight
54      * characters, at least one letter and one number.
55      */
56     public static boolean isValidPassword(String
possiblePassword){
57         Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile("(?=.*[A-Za-z])
(?=.*\\d)[A-Za-z\\d]{8,}$");
58         Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(possiblePassword);
59         return matcher.find();
60     }
61
62     public static void handleConfirmField(TextField fieldTF,
TextField confirmFieldTF, Label invalidConfirmFieldLabel){
63         String password = fieldTF.getText(), confirmPassword
= confirmFieldTF.getText();
64
65         if(password.equals(confirmPassword))
66             invalidConfirmFieldLabel.setVisible(false);
67         else
68             invalidConfirmFieldLabel.setVisible(true);
69     }
70
71     /**
72      * Checks if the birthday date selected is valid: future
73      * dates cannot be picked
74      */
75     public static void handleBirthday(DatePicker birthdayDP,
Label invalidBirthdayLabel){
76         LocalDate localDate = birthdayDP.getValue();
77         LocalDate today = LocalDate.now();
78         System.out.println(today);
79
80         if(localDate.isAfter(today)){
81             invalidBirthdayLabel.setVisible(true);
82         } else {
83             invalidBirthdayLabel.setVisible(false);
84         }
85     }
86 }

```

Listing 2: Java example

2 | Interface Mockup

2.1 Something



A login interface mockup for 'PokeMongo'. The title 'PokeMongo' is at the top. Below it are two input fields: 'Email' and 'Password', each with a placeholder icon. At the bottom, there is a 'Create an account' link and a 'LOG IN' button.

PokeMongo

Email

Password

Create an account

LOG IN

Figure 1: Login Mockup

USERNAME		POKE x Numero
<h2>PokeMongo</h2>		
<div><div>POKEDEX</div><div>TEAM</div><div>CATCH'M ALL</div><div>RANKING</div><div>SETTINGS</div><div>ADD/REMOVE POKEMON</div><div>LOG OUT</div></div>		

Figure 2: Homepage Mockup

PokeMongo

Register

Surname	Name
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Nickname	Email
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Password	Confirm Password
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Birthday	Country
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Figure 3: Signup Mockup

USERNAME			POKE x Numero
TEAM NAME			
<input type="radio"/>	EMPTY SLOT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
TOT PUNTI:			
BACK		SAVE	

Figure 4: Team Mockup

USERNAME			POKE x Numero
nuovo email		conferma email	
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
vecchia password		nuova password	
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
Conferma password		Country	
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
BACK		CONFIRM	

Figure 5: Settings Mockup

USERNAME		POKE x Numero
<div><div>RANKING POKEMON</div><div>RANKING TRAINER</div></div> <div>BACK</div>		

Figure 6: Ranking Mockup

3 | Requirements

3.1 Something

- An *unregistered user* can
 - Register
- A *registered user* can
 - Login
 - Consult Pokédex
 - * Search by name
 - * Search by type(s)
 - * Search by Pokédex ID
 - * Search by generation
 - * Search by Pokemon characteristics (i.e, height, weight,..)
 - Consult ranking:
 - * Most popular pokemon
 - * Best team
 - Team handling:
 - * Remove Pokemon from the team
 - * View team
 - * Save modified team
 - * View the value of the team
 - Catching:
 - * Try to catch a Pokemon to add to his team
 - Settings:
 - * Change email
 - * Change password
 - * Change country
 - Logout:
 - * Exit from the account
 - * Return to the sign in window
- An *admin* can

- Add pokemon to the Pokédex
- Remove pokemon from the Pokédex
- The *system* should
 - Daily update Pokeball number of each user

3.2 Non-functional Requirements

//To define

3.3 UML relation diagram



Figure 7: Login Mockup

A user can build up only 1 team: of course, each team has just one owner. A team is composed of a maximum of 6 Pokemons, every Pokemon can be caught by anyone, so can belong to many teams.