# Robotics, Vision and Control

Master's degree in Computer Engineering for Robotics and smart Industry

Project – Exam

Edoardo Fiorini

### General overview

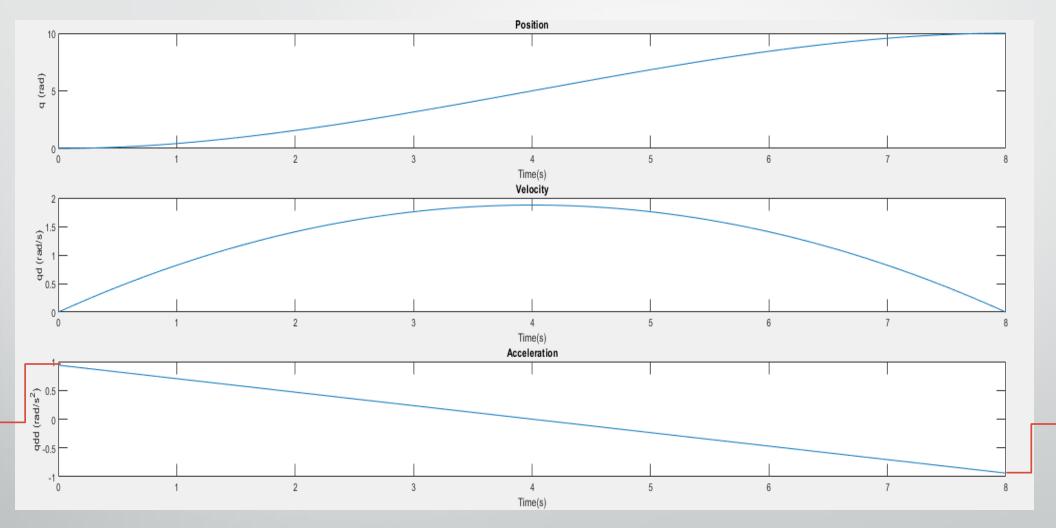
### 1. Robotics

- a. Point-to-point and multi points trajectory in configurational space
- b. Operational space trajectory
- C. Model-based trajectory

#### 2. Vision

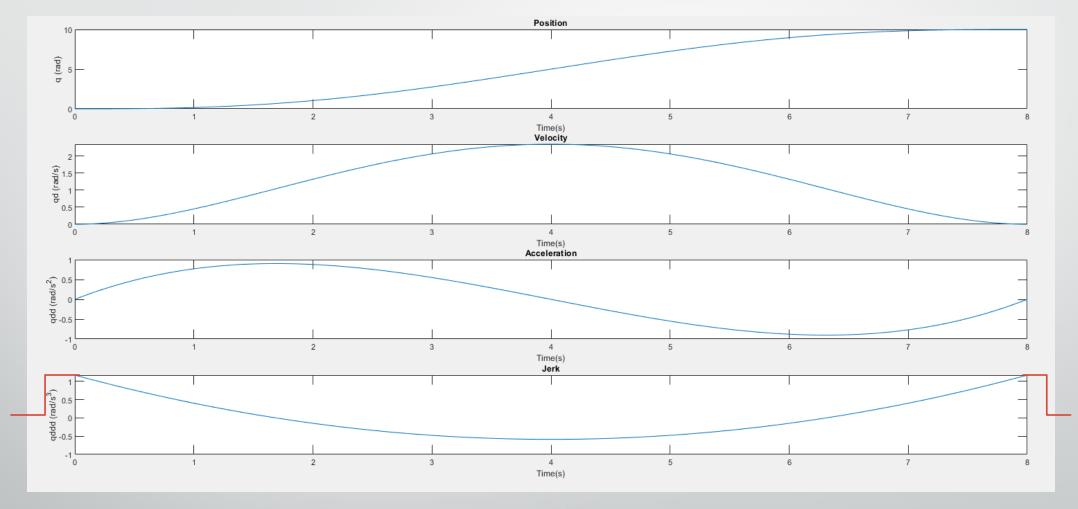
- a. 3D acquisition system
- b. Image analysis
- C. 3D analysis
- d. Hand eye calibration

# 3th-order polynomial



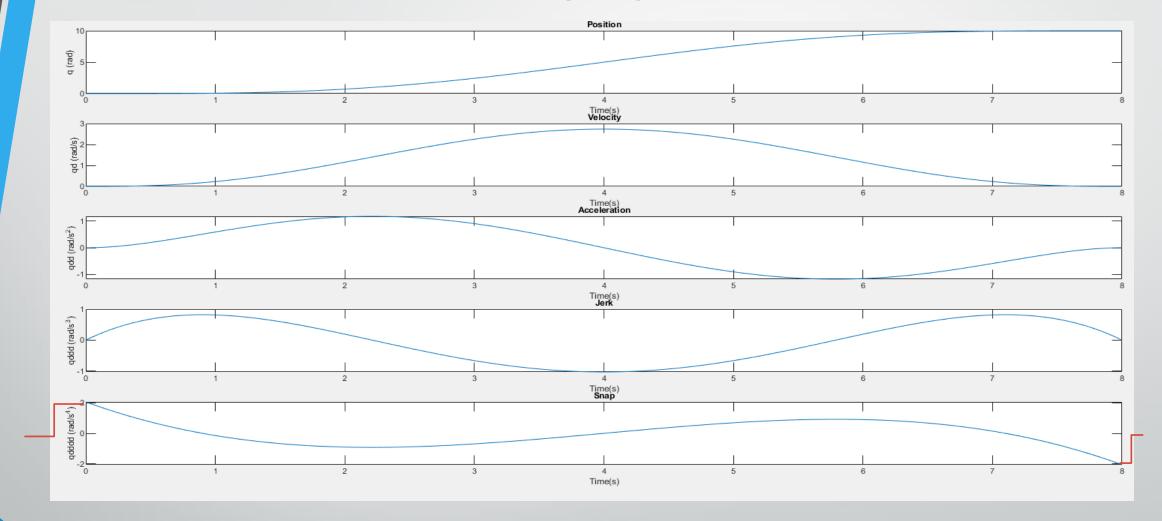
[q, qd, qdd, T] = cubic\_polynomials(qi, qf, dqi, dqf, ti, tf, Ts);

# 5th-order polynomial



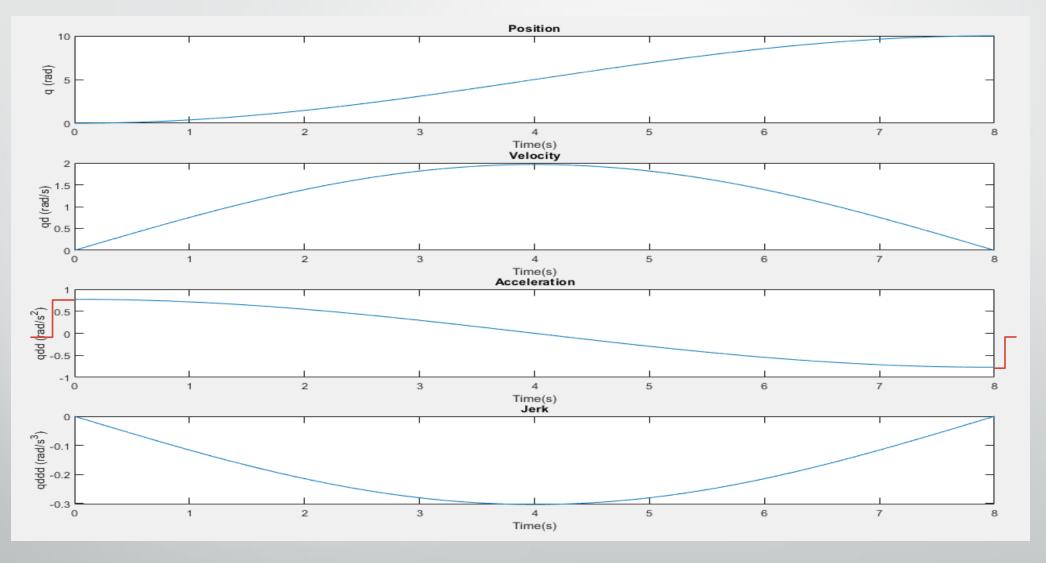
[q, qd, qdd, qddd, T] = fifth\_polynomials(qi, qf, dqi, dqf, ddqi, ddqf, ti, tf, Ts);

# 7th-order polynomial



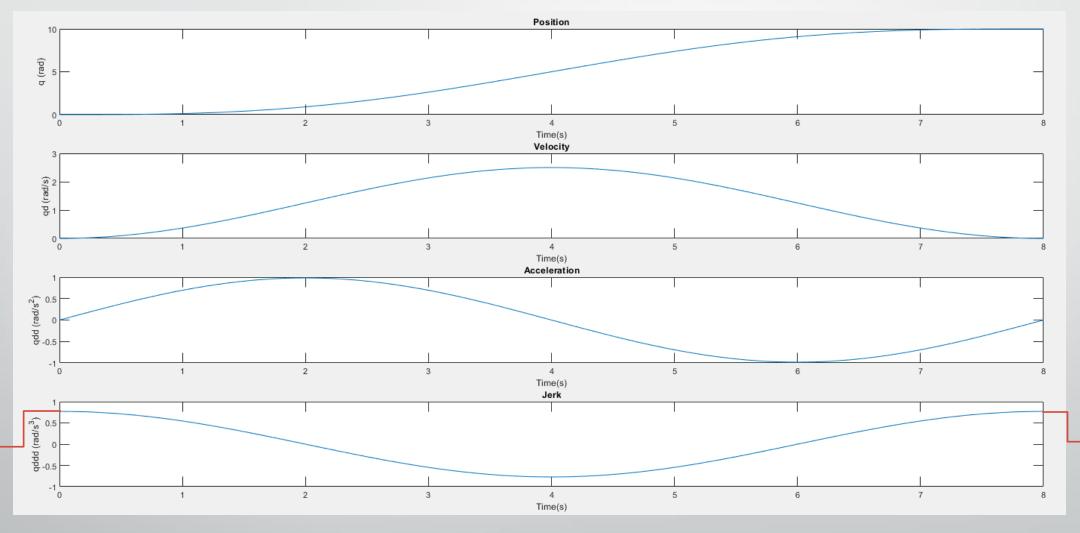
[q, qd, qdd, qdddd, qdddd, T] = seventh\_polynomials(qi, qf, dqi, dqf, ddqi, dddqi, dddqi, dddqf, ti, tf, Ts);

# Harmonic trajectory



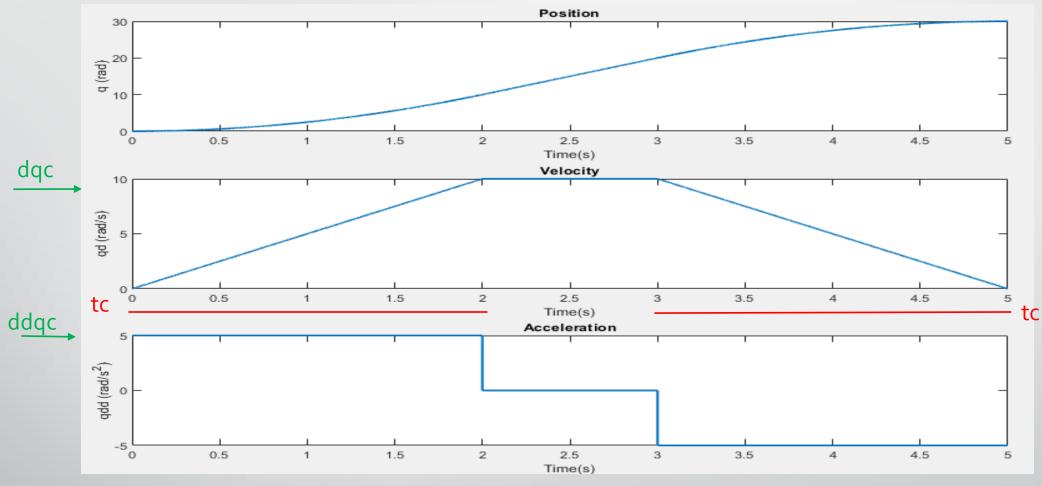
[q, qd, qdd, qddd, T] = harmonicTrajectory(qi, qf, ti, tf, Ts);

# Cycloidal trajectory



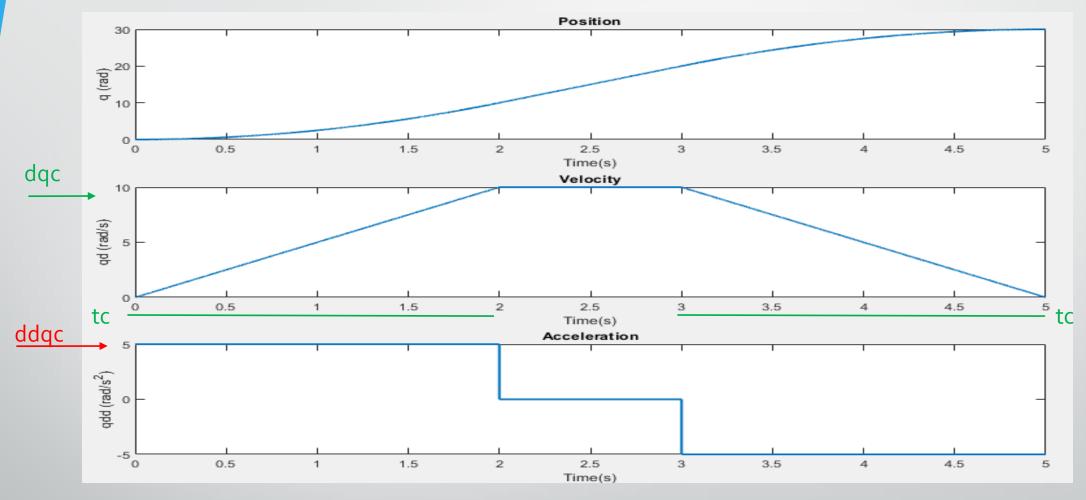
[q, qd, qdd, qddd, T] = cycloidalTrajectory(qi, qf, ti, tf, Ts);

# Symmetric trapezoidal trajectory – subcase 1



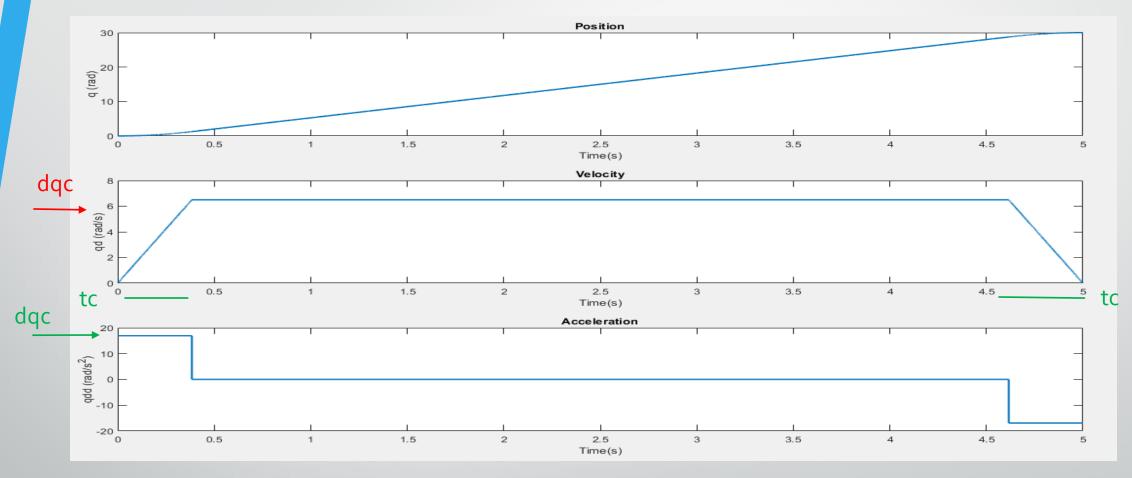
[q, qd, qdd, T]= trapezoidalProfileSymmetric(tc, dqc, ddqc, ti, tf, qf, qi, Ts, subcase);

# Symmetric trapezoidal trajectory — subcase 2



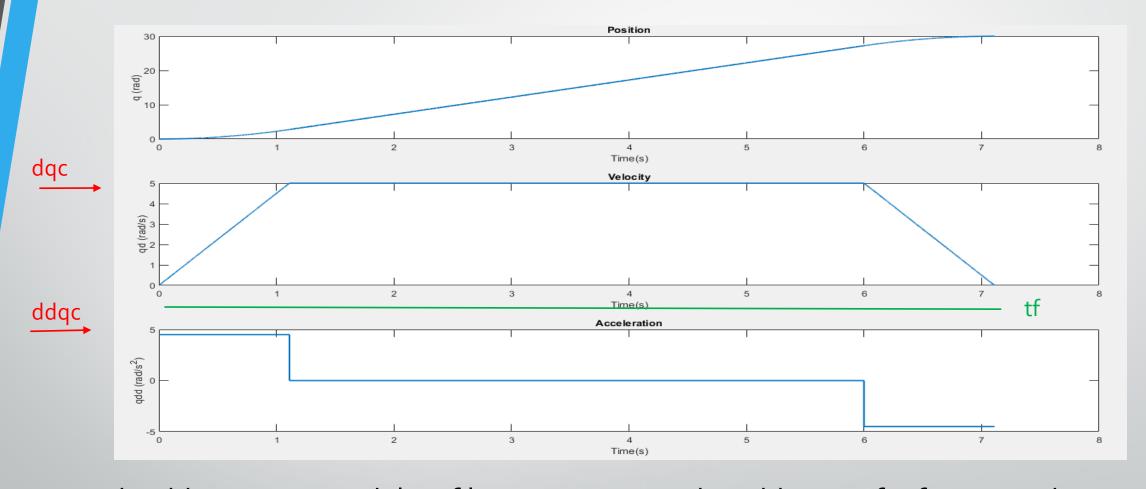
[q, qd, qdd, T]= trapezoidalProfileSymmetric(tc, dqc, ddqc, ti, tf, qf, qi, Ts, subcase);

# Symmetric trapezoidal trajectory – subcase 3

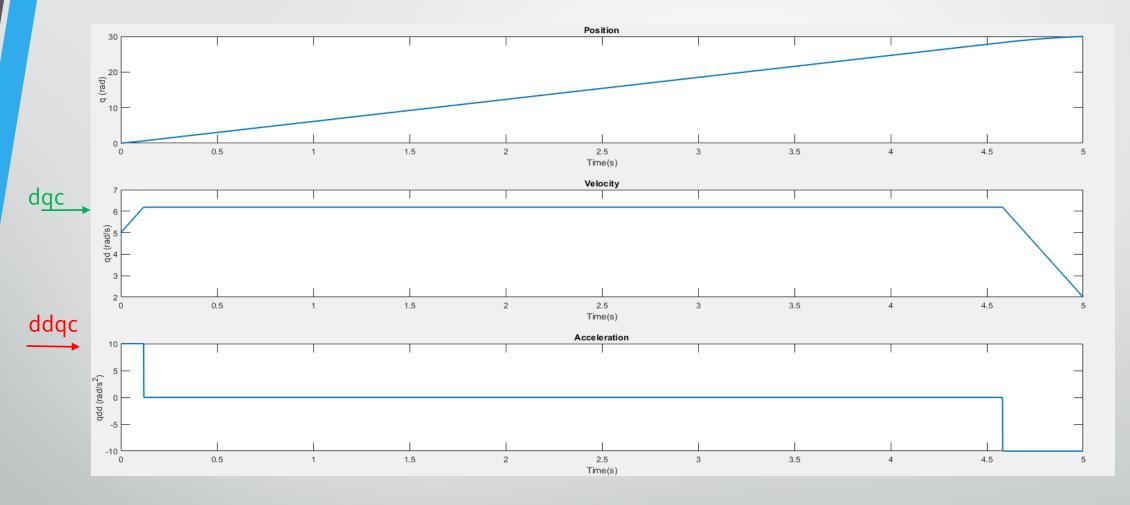


[q, qd, qdd, T]= trapezoidalProfileSymmetric(tc, dqc, ddqc, ti, tf, qf, qi, Ts, subcase);

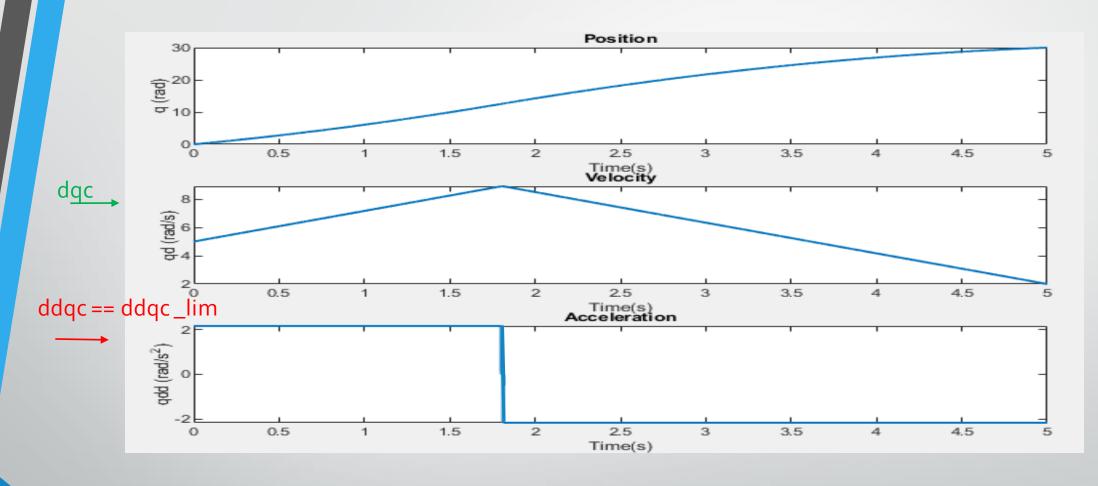
# Symmetric trapezoidal trajectory – subcase 4



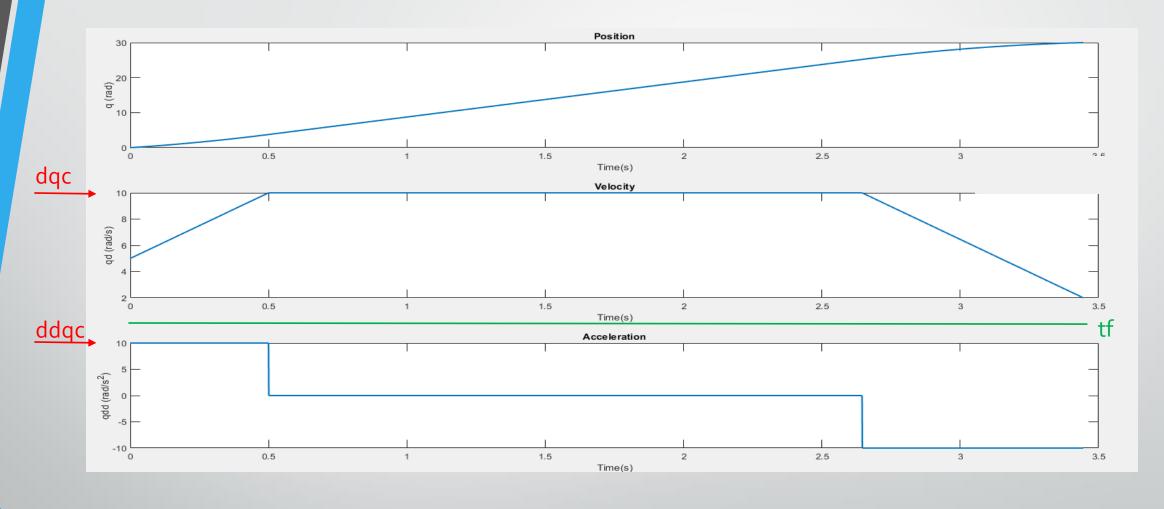
[q, qd, qdd, T]= trapezoidalProfileSymmetric(tc, dqc, ddqc, ti, tf, qf, qi, Ts, subcase);



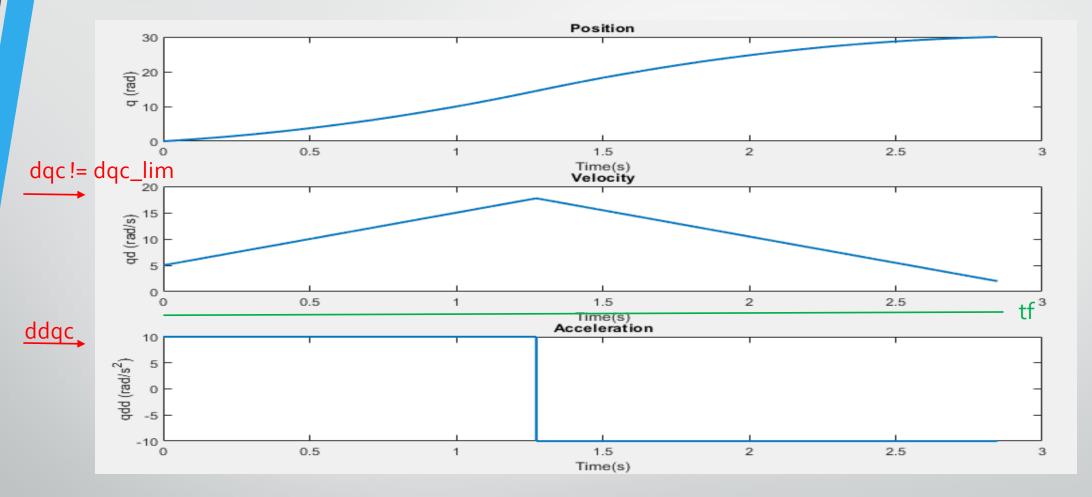
[q, qd, qdd, T]= trapezoidalProfileGeneral(dqc, ddqc, ti, tf, qf, qi, dqi, dqf, Ts, subcase);



[q, qd, qdd, T]= trapezoidalProfileGeneral(dqc, ddqc, ti, tf, qf, qi, dqi, dqf, Ts, subcase);

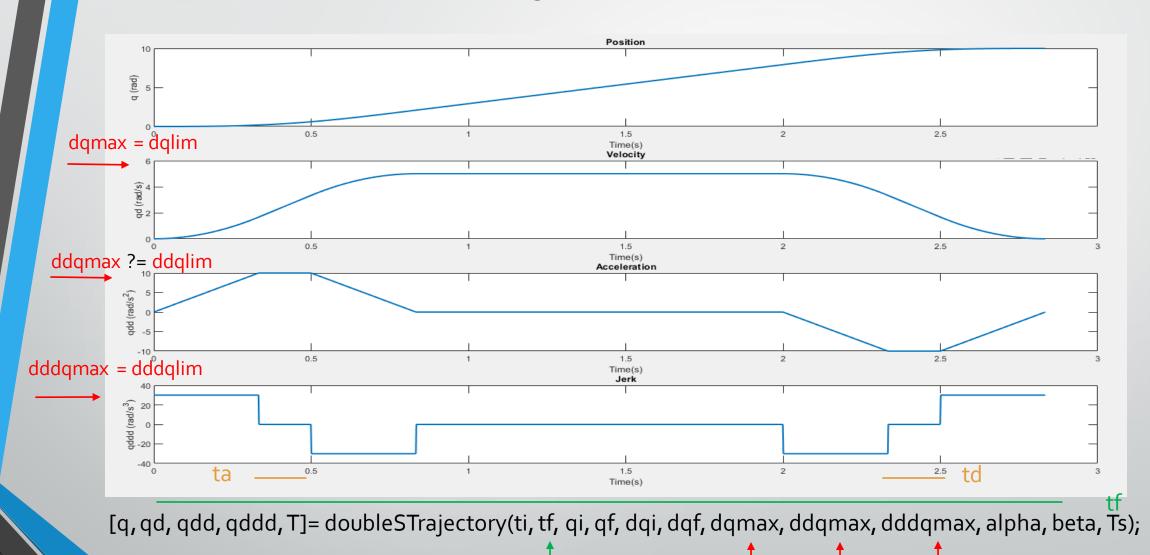


[q, qd, qdd, T]= trapezoidalProfileGeneral(dqc, ddqc, ti, tf, qf, qi, dqi, dqf, Ts, subcase);

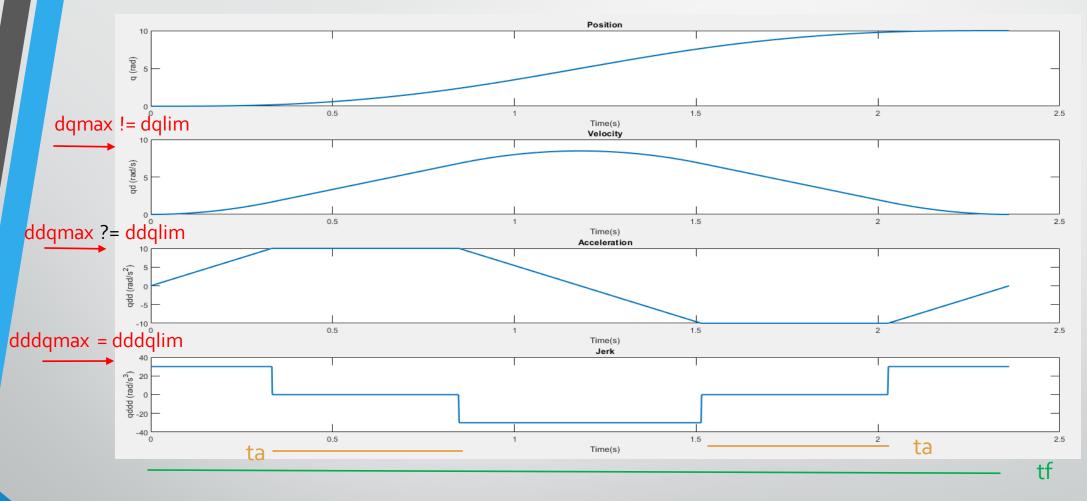


[q, qd, qdd, T]= trapezoidalProfileGeneral(dqc, ddqc, ti, tf, qf, qi, dqi, dqf, Ts, subcase);

# Double S trajectory – subcase 1

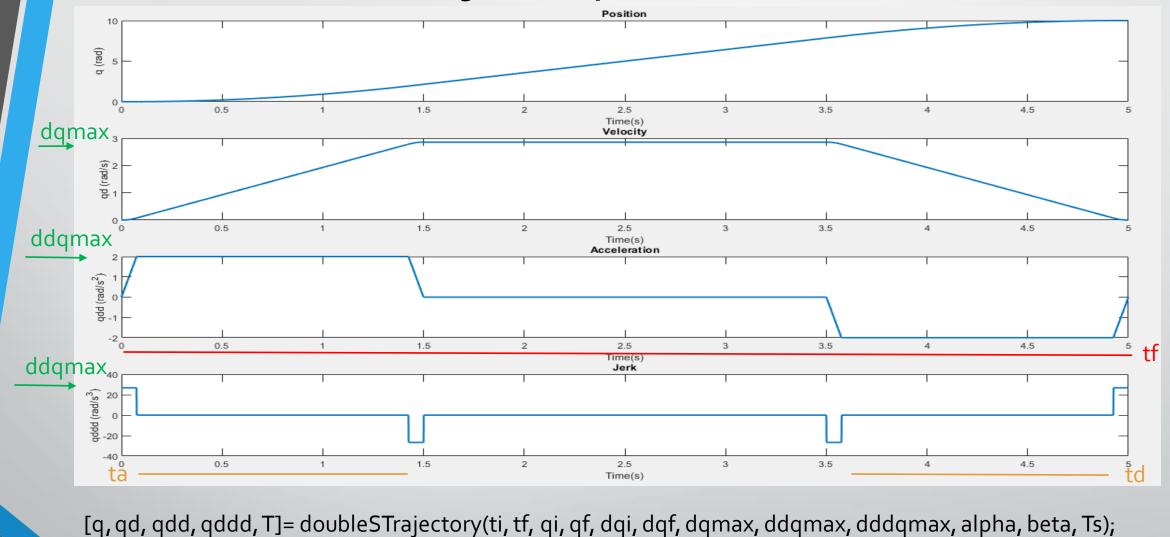


# Double S trajectory – subcase 2

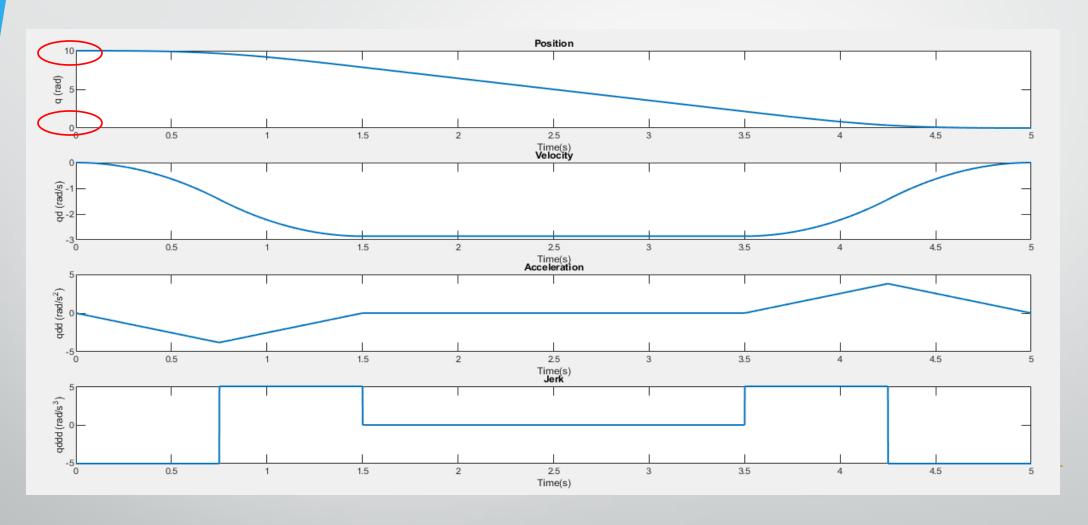


[q, qd, qdd, qddd, T]= doubleSTrajectory(ti, tf, qi, qf, dqi, dqf, dqmax, dddqmax, dddqmax, alpha, beta, Ts);

# Double S trajectory – fixed duration

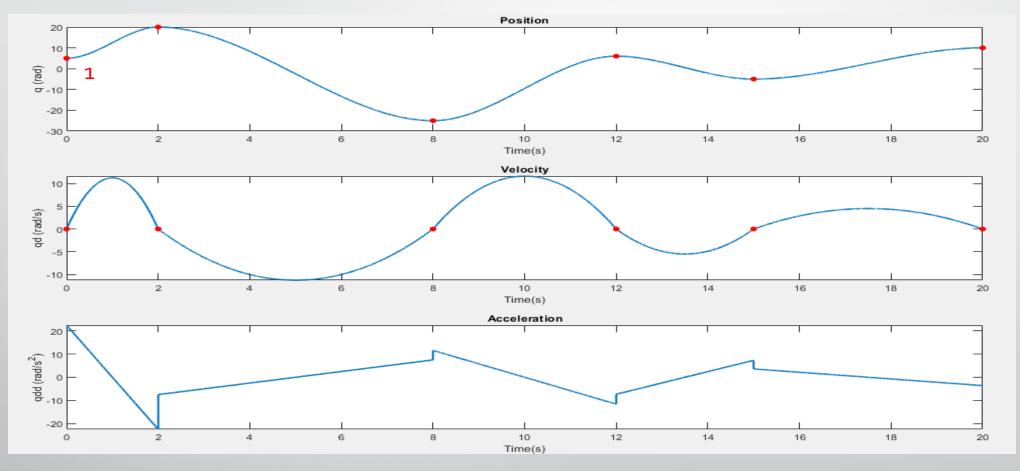


# If qf < qi?



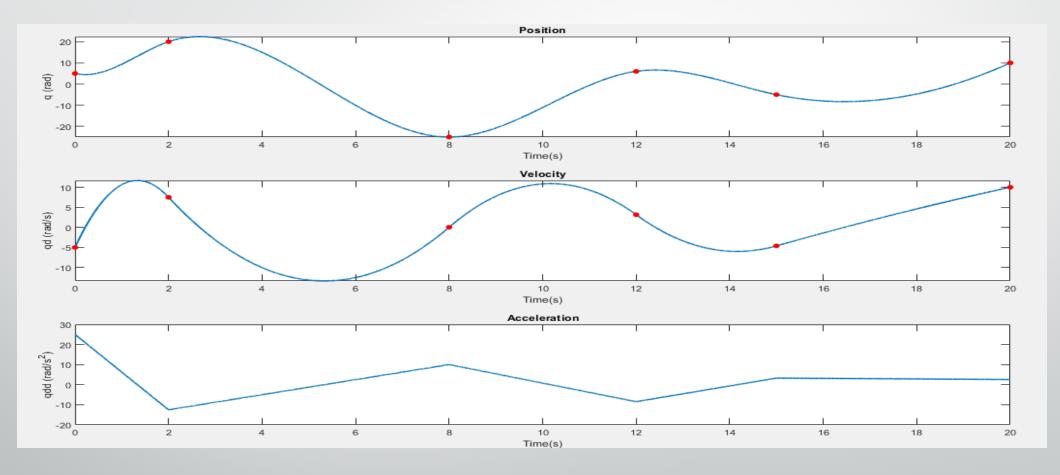
[qi, qf, dqi, dqf] = changeSign(qi, qf, dqi, dqf);

# Computed velocities at path points and imposed velocity at initial/final points



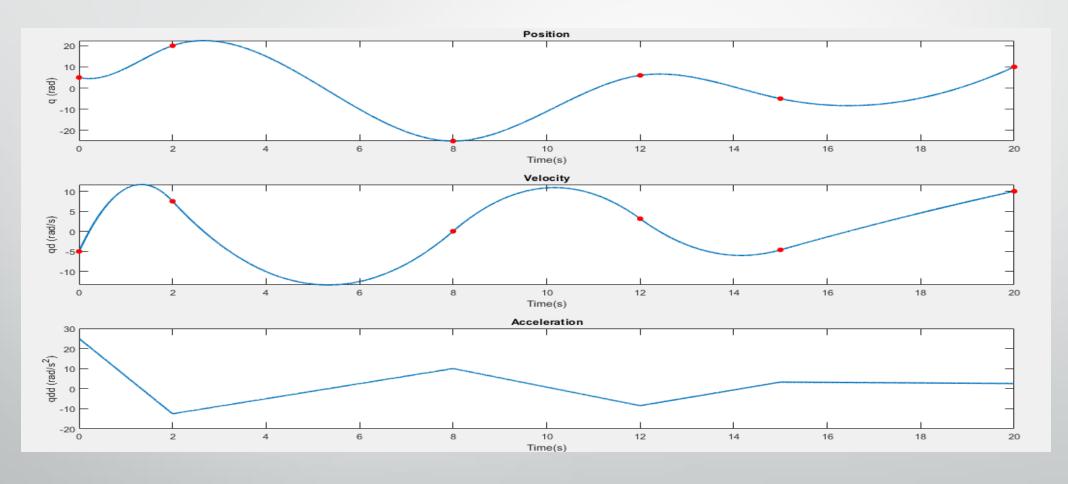
[q, qd, qdd, dqk, T] = computedVelocities(qk, tk, k, dqi, dqf, Ts);

# Continuous accelerations at path points and imposed velocity at initial/final points



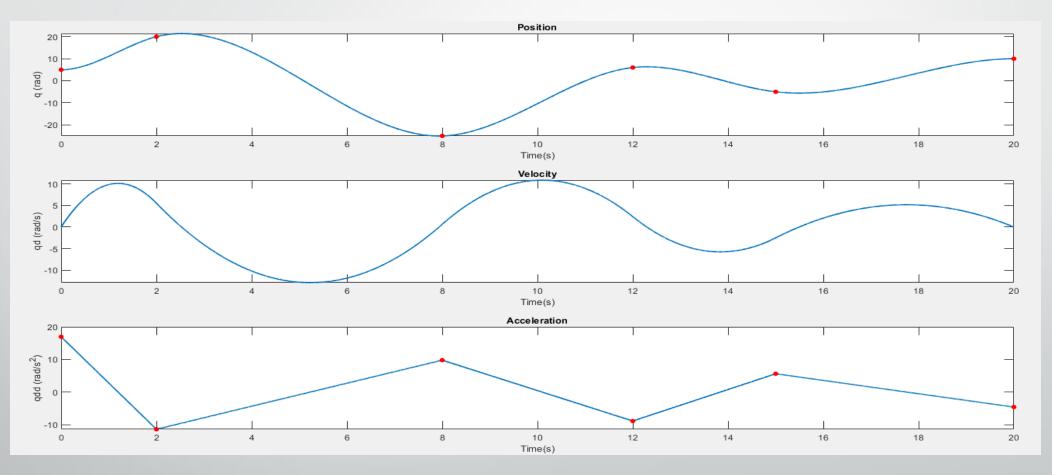
[q, qd, qdd, T,dqk] = continuousAccelerations(qk, tk, k, dqi, dqf, Ts);

# Continuous accelerations at path points and imposed velocity at initial/final points



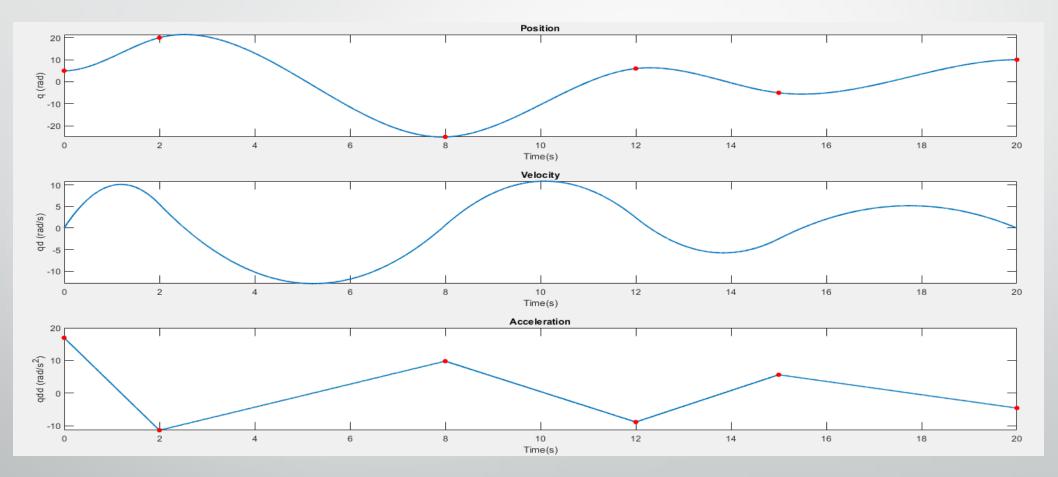
[q, qd, qdd, dqk T] = continuousAccelerationsThomas(qk, tk, k, dqi, dqf, Ts);

# Cubic splines based on the accelerations with imposed initial/final velocities

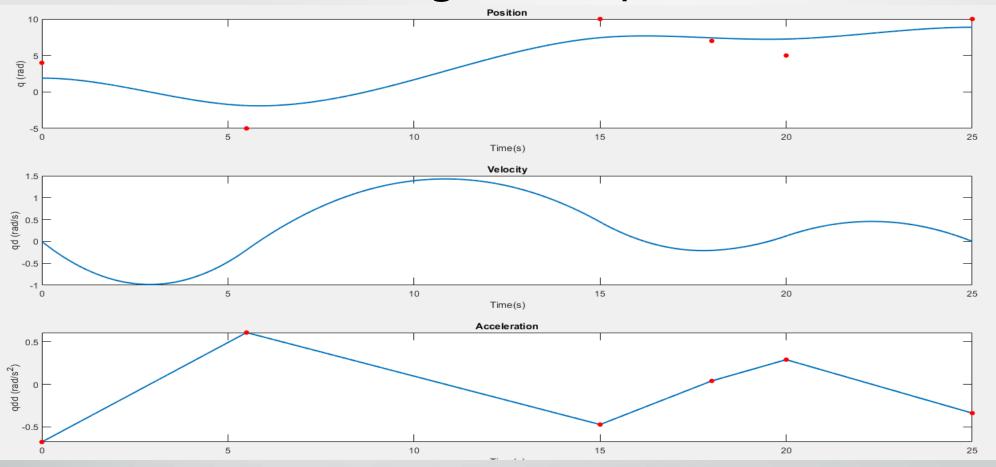


[q, qd, qdd, ddqk, T] = continuousVelocities(qk, dqi, dqf, tk, k, Ts);

# Cubic splines based on the accelerations with imposed initial/final velocities

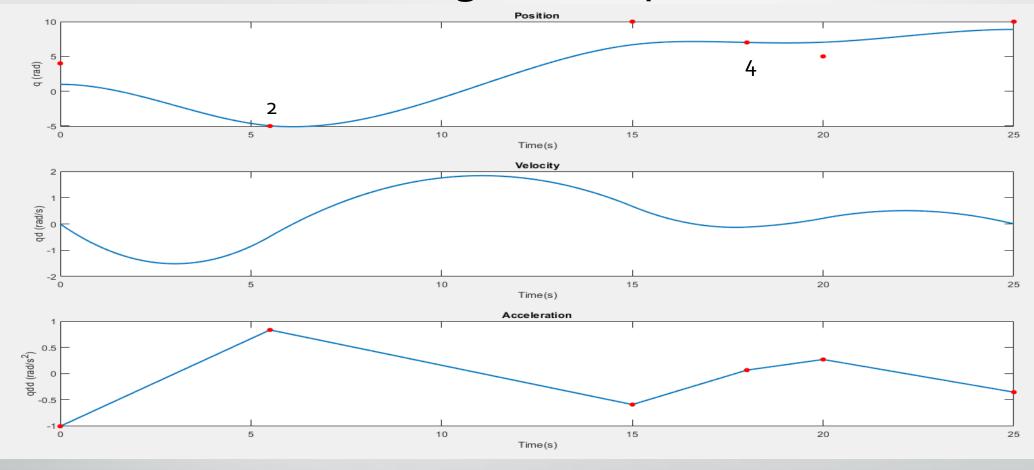


[q, qd, qdd, ddqk, T] = continuous Velocities Thomas (qk, tk, k, dqi, dqf, Ts);

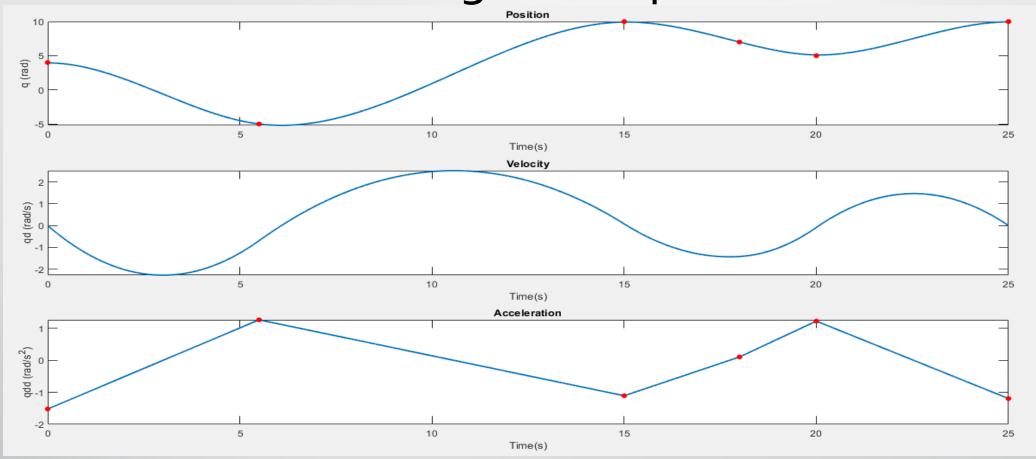


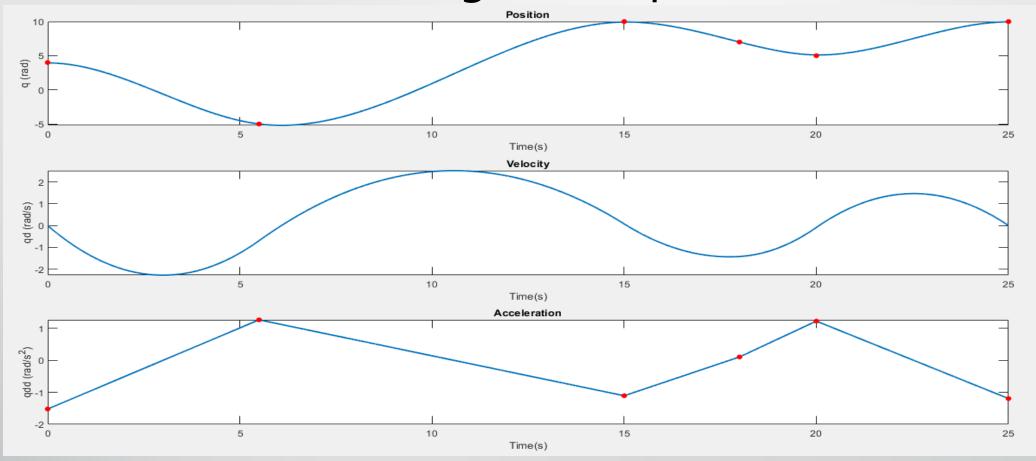
[q, qd, qdd, dds, T] = smoothingSplines(qk, tk, k, Ts, W, lambda);

mu = 0.1;



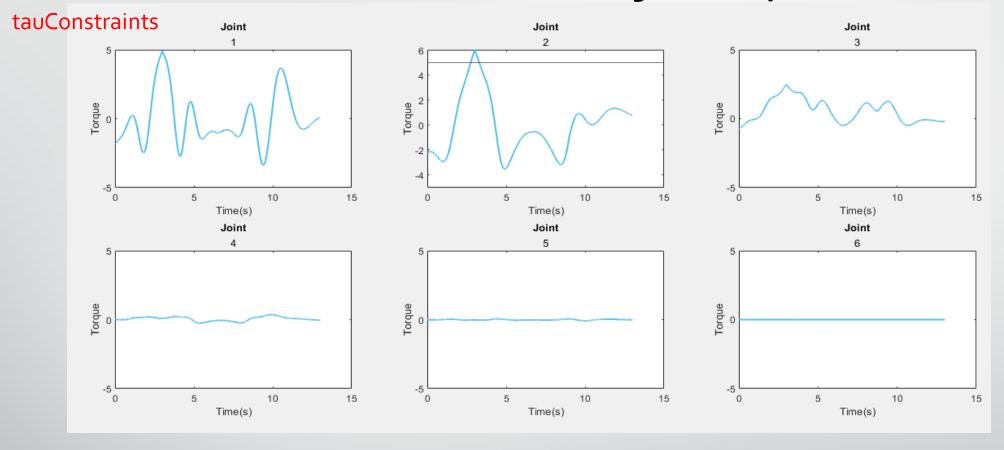
mu = 0.1;





[q, qd, qdd, dds, T] = smoothingSplines(qk, tk, k, Ts, W, lambda); W = diag([1, 1, 1, 1, 1]);

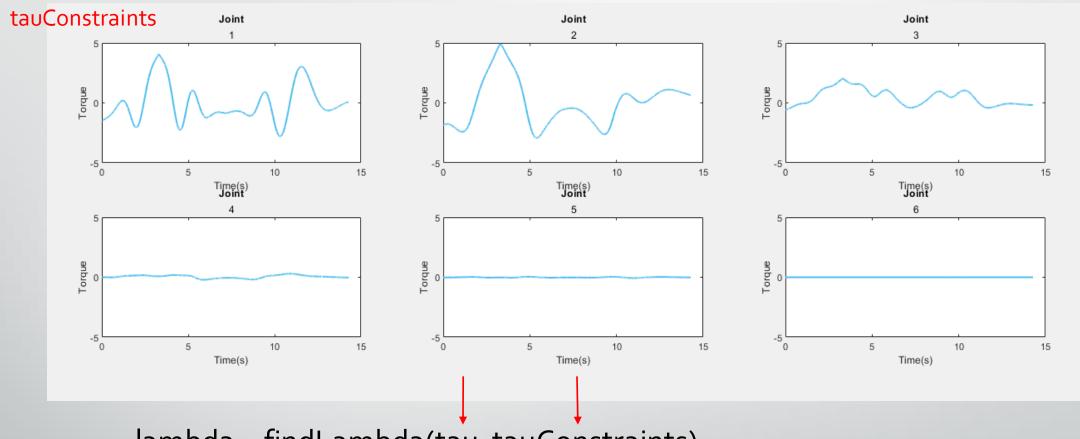
# Model-based Trajectory



 $[q, dq, ddq, dqk, T\_series] = continuousAccelerationsThomas(qk(i,:), tk, k(1,i), dqi(i, 1), dqf(i, 1), Ts);$ 

tauNoG(:,i) = inv\_dyn\_recursive\_NewtonEulero(dh, DataPositions(:,i), DataVelocities(:,i), DataAccelerations(:,i), gravity) - g(:,i),

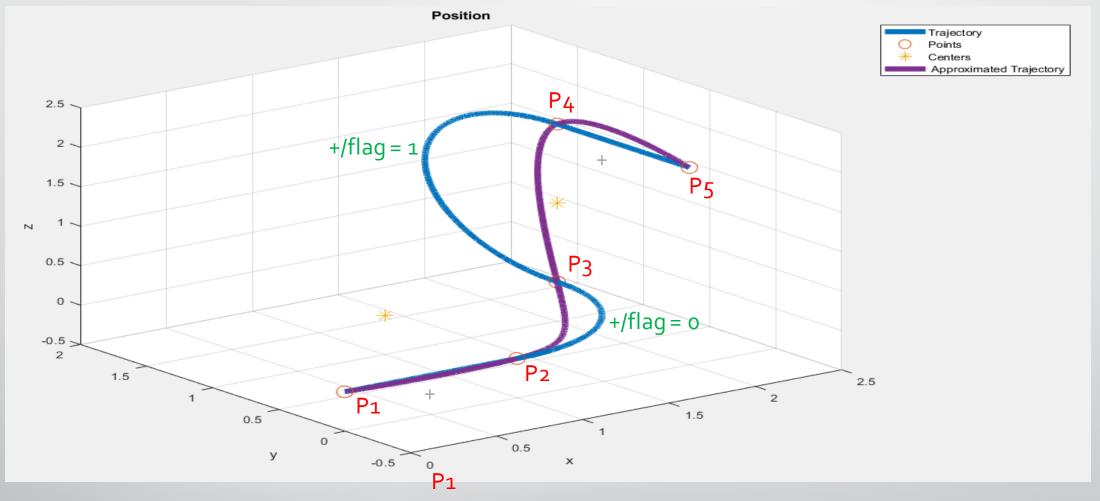
## Model-based Trajectory



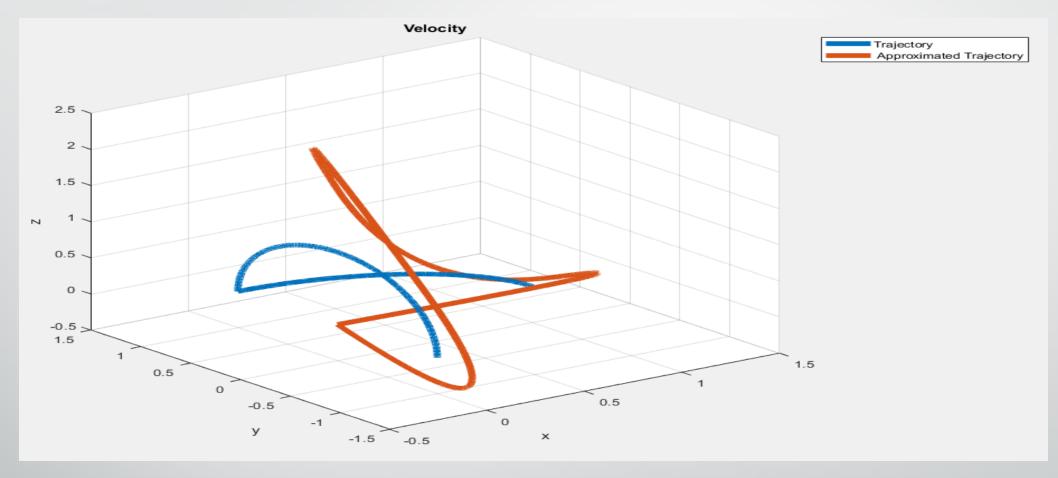
lambda = findLambda(tau, tauConstraints)

T = T/lambda; DataVelocities = DataVelocities\*lambda;

DataAccelerations = DataAccelerations\*lambda^2;



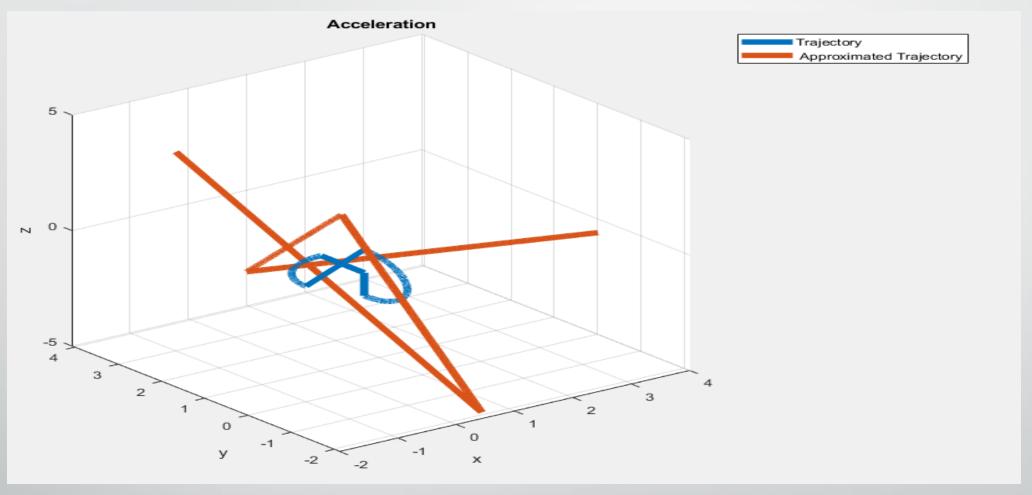
- + [P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T, p dp, ddp] = linearMotion(pi, pf, Ts, P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T);
- + [P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T, p, dp, ddp] = circularMotion(pi, pf, Ts, c, P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T, flag);
- [Q, QD, QDD, T] = cartesianApproximation(Pg)



[P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T, p dp, ddp] = linearMotion(pi, pf, Ts, P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T);

[P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T, p, dp, ddp] = circularMotion(pi, pf, Ts, c, P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T, flag);

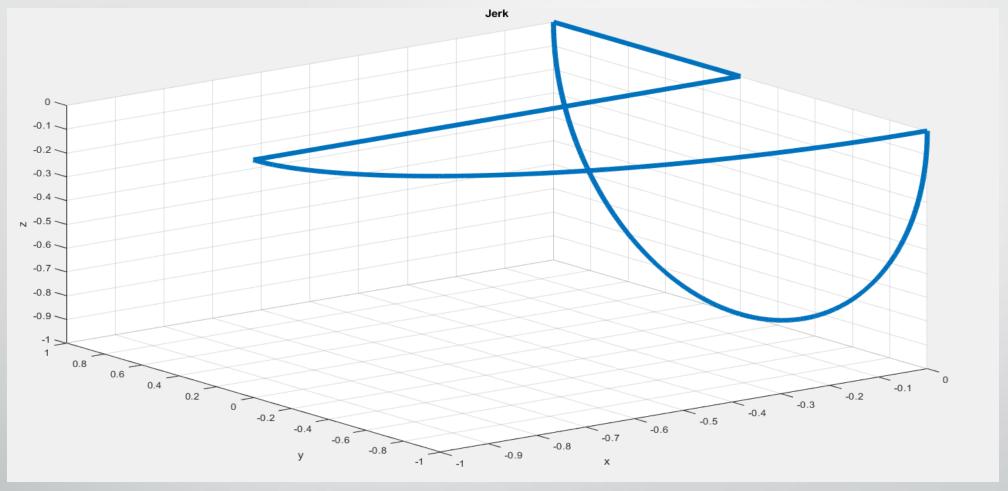
[Q, QD, QDD, T] = cartesianApproximation(Pg)



[P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T, p dp, ddp] = linearMotion(pi, pf, Ts, P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T);

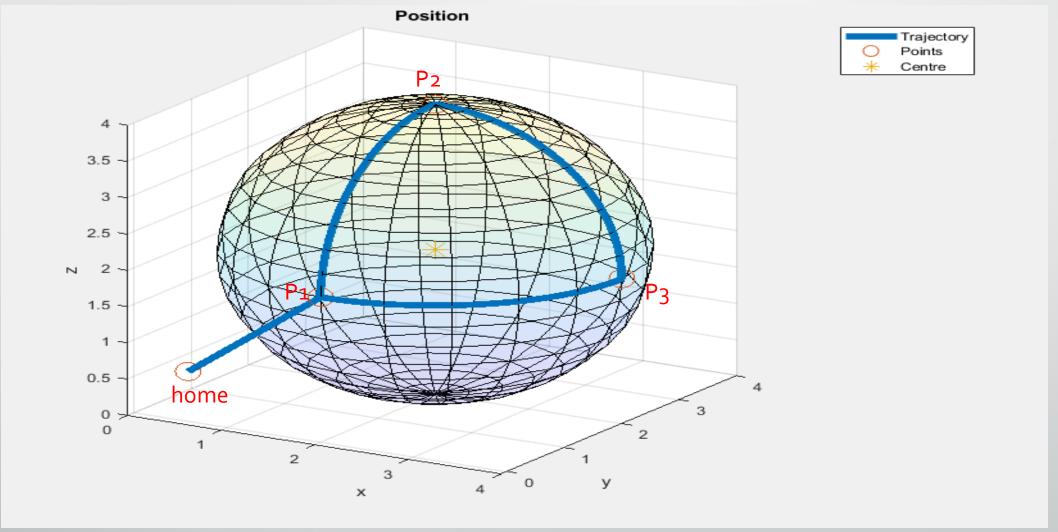
[P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T, p, dp, ddp] = circularMotion(pi, pf, Ts, c, P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T, flag);

[Q, QD, QDD, T] = cartesianApproximation(Pg)



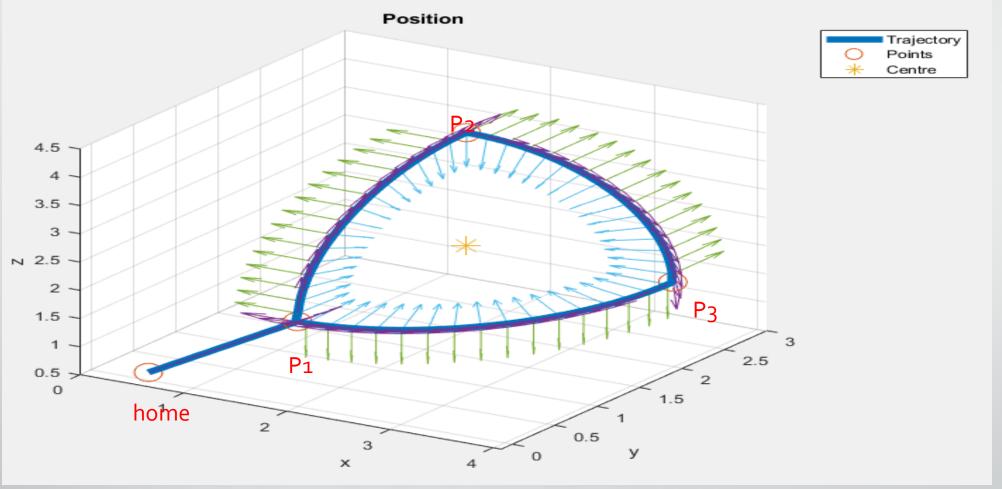
[P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T, p dp, ddp] = linearMotion(pi, pf, Ts, P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T); [P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T, p, dp, ddp] = circularMotion(pi, pf, Ts, c, P, DP, DDP, DDDP, T, flag);

# 3D trajectory – Position



[Ptilde, DPtilde, DDPtilde, T] = linearTilde(xo(1:3), p1, Ts, Ptilde, DPtilde, DDPtilde, T, ti, tf); [Ptilde, DPtilde, DDPtilde, T] = circularTilde(p2, p3, Ts, po', Ptilde, DPtilde, DDPtilde, T, flag, ti, tf);

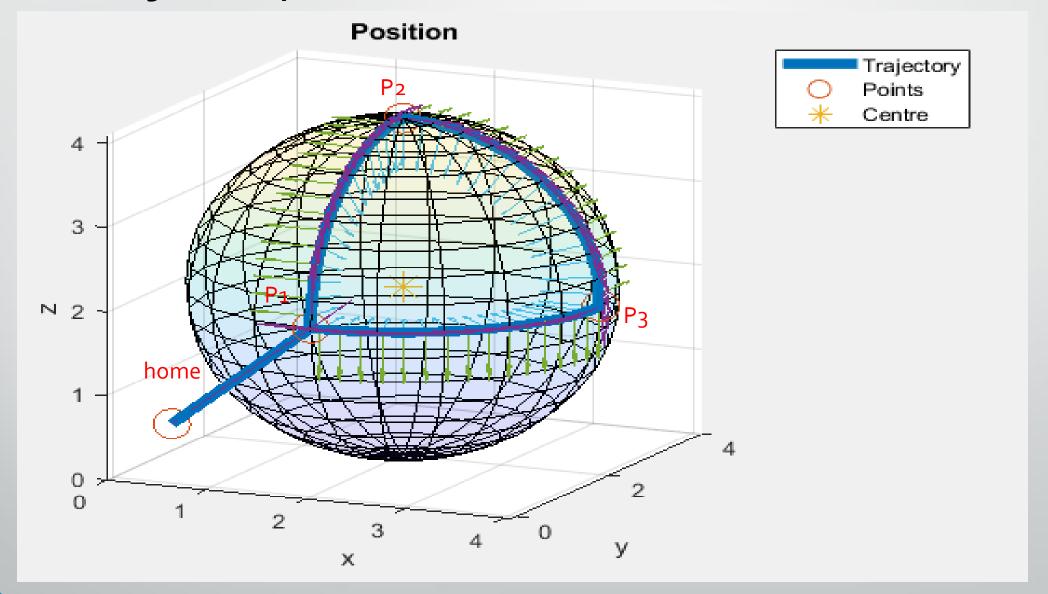
### 3D trajectory – EE Orientation



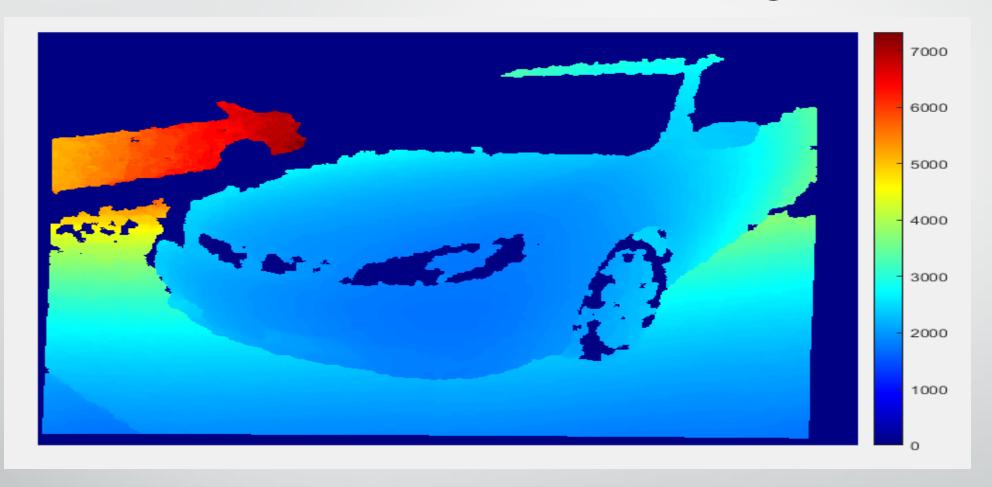
[Otilde, DOtilde, DDOtilde, TO, O\_EE\_t, O\_EE\_n, O\_EE\_b] = FrenetFrame(p, dp, ddp,ti, tf, p1, p2 ... Otilde, DOtilde, DDOtilde, TO, O\_EE\_t, O\_EE\_n, O\_EE\_b, Ts);

[Otilde, DOtilde, DDOtilde, TO] = EEOrientation(PHI\_i, PHI\_f, Ts, Otilde, DOtilde, DDOtilde, TO, ti, tf... pi, pf);

### 3D trajectory - Position and EE Orientation

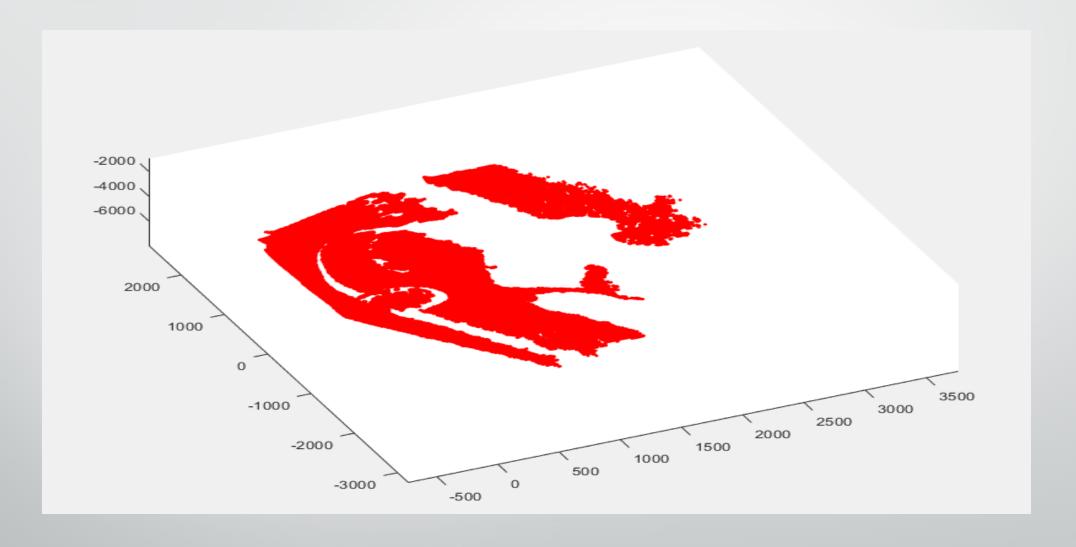


## 3D Acquisition – Depth image

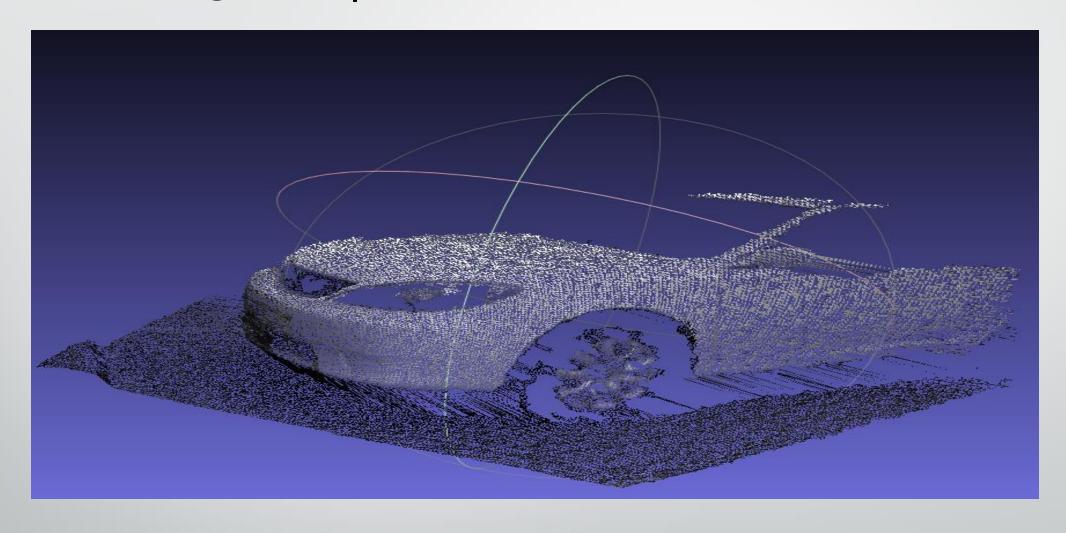


imshow(depth,[min(depth,[],'all'),max(depth,[],'all')]);
colormap jet; colorbar; colormap;

### 3D Acquisition – Cloud Points

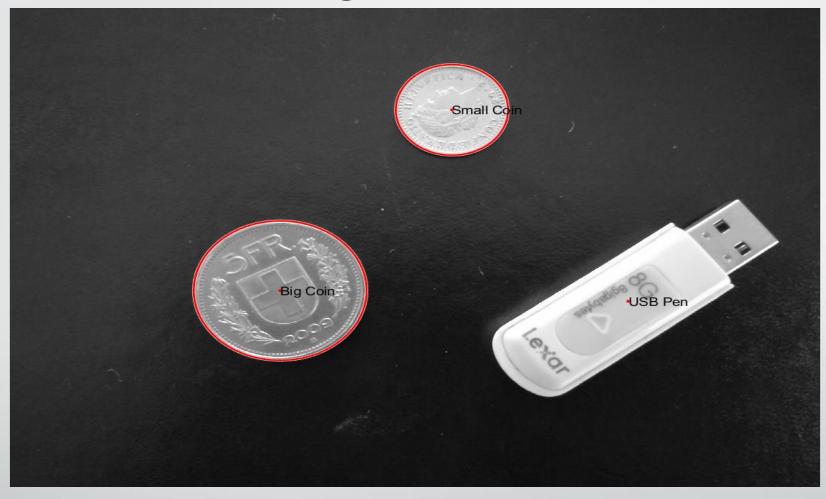


## 3D Acquisition – Cloud Points



exportMeshToPly(vertices, faces, vertex\_color, name);

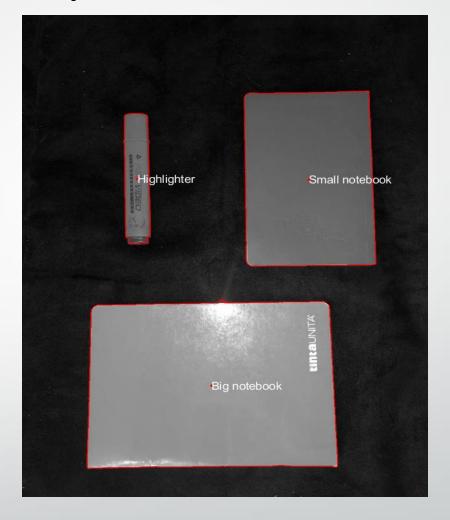
## Image Analysis



bw = imbinarize(I);
stats = regionprops('table',bw,'Centroid', 'MajorAxisLength','MinorAxisLength','Area', 'Perimeter',
'BoundingBox');

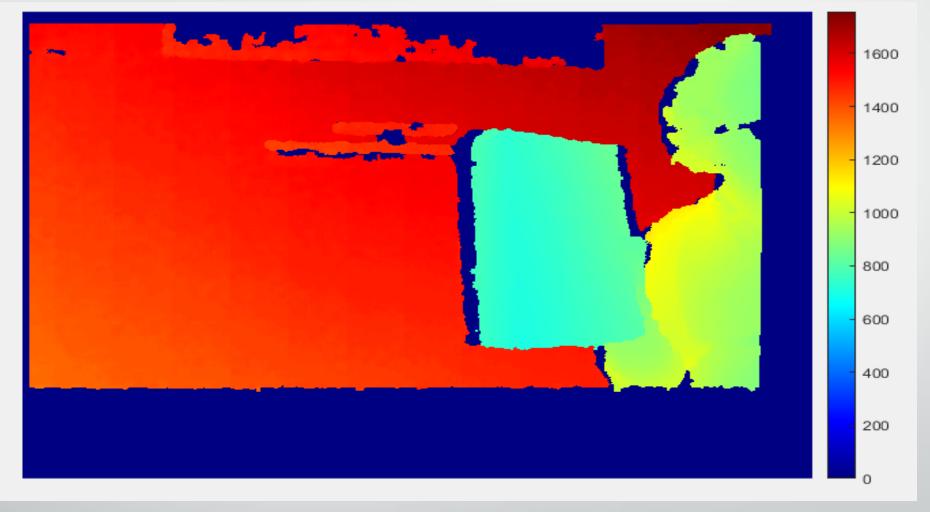
### Image Analysis





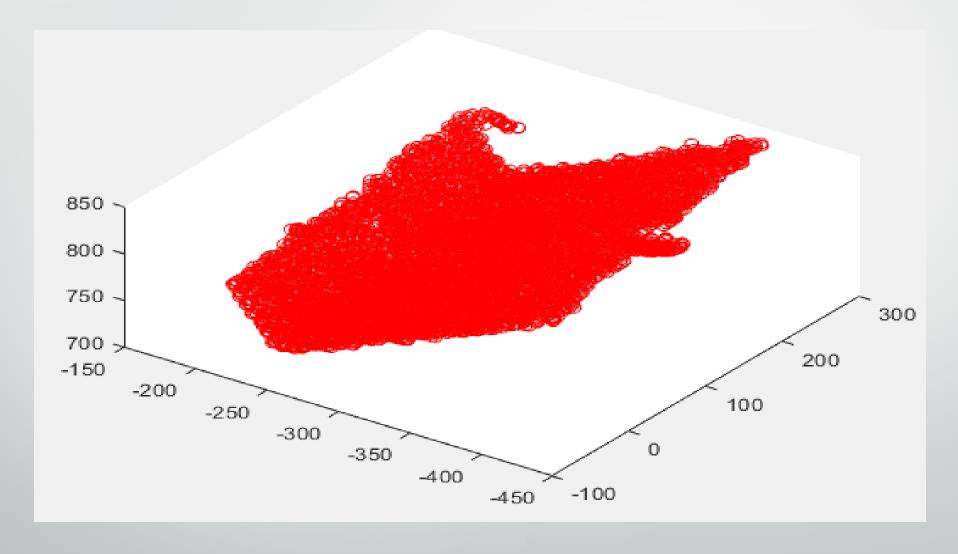
bw = imbinarize(I);
stats = regionprops('table',bw,'Centroid', 'MajorAxisLength','MinorAxisLength','Area', 'Perimeter',
'BoundingBox');

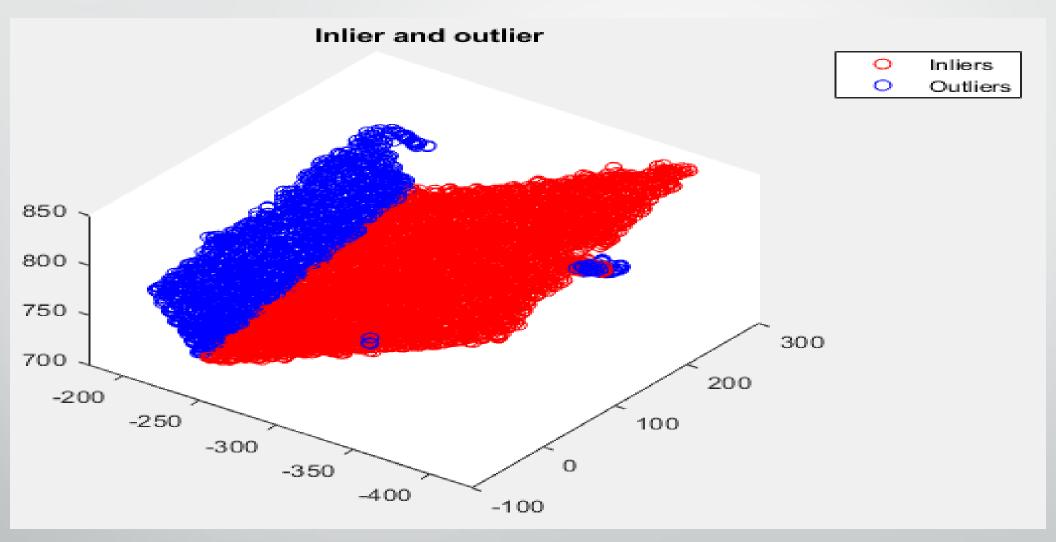
## 3D Analysis – Depth image



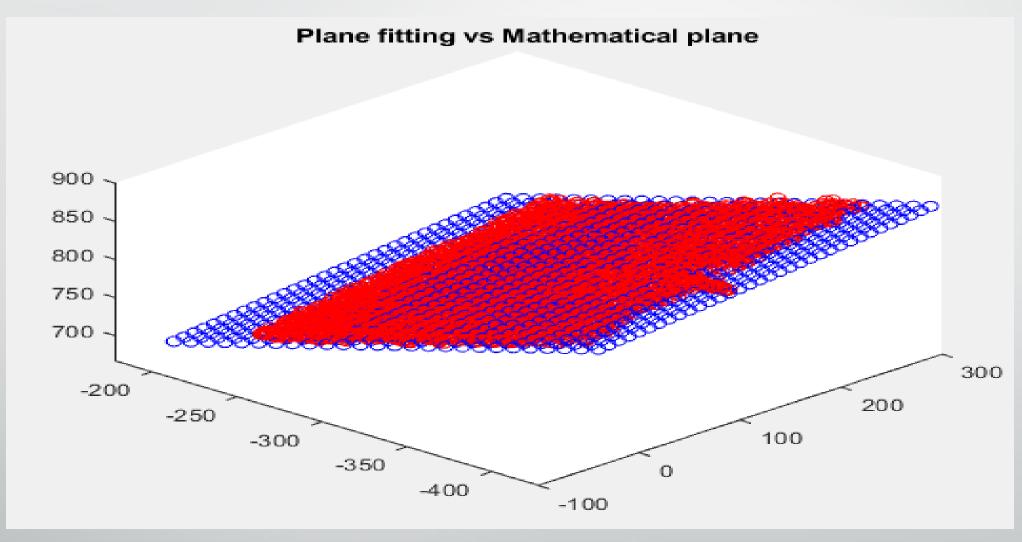
imshow(depth,[min(depth,[],'all'),max(depth,[],'all')]);
colormap jet; colorbar; colormap;

## 3D Analysis – Cloud Points

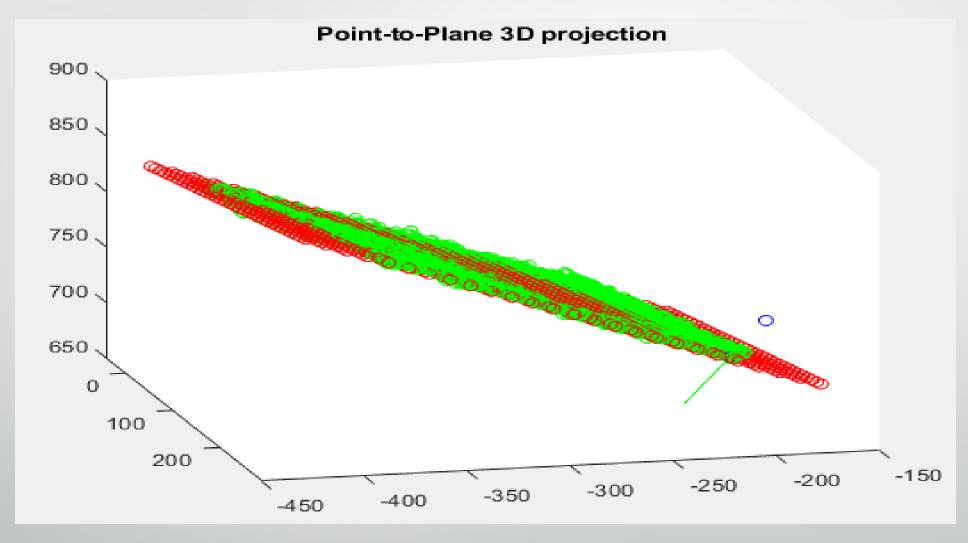




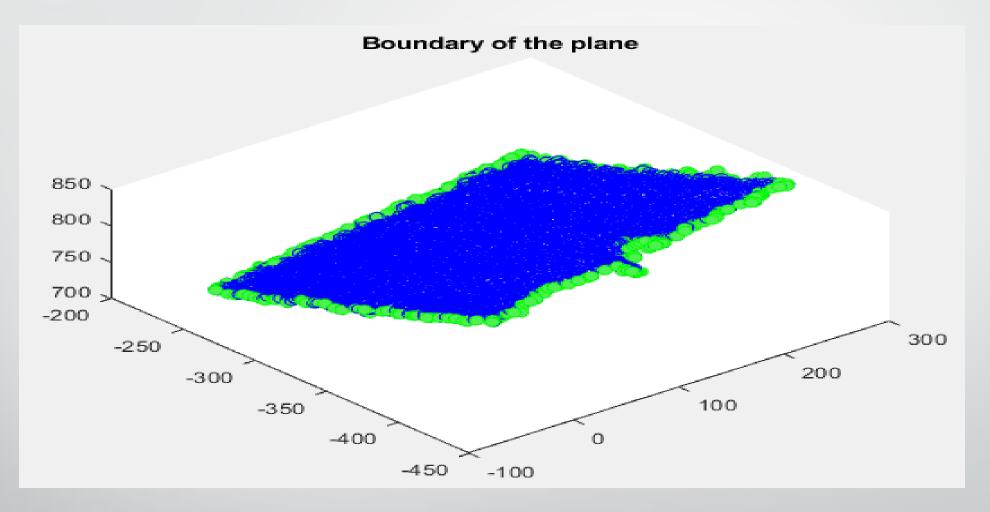
[cloudPoints\_fitted, outlier] = planeFitting(cloudPoints, a,b, c,d);



plane = pcfitplane(cloudPoint, 5);

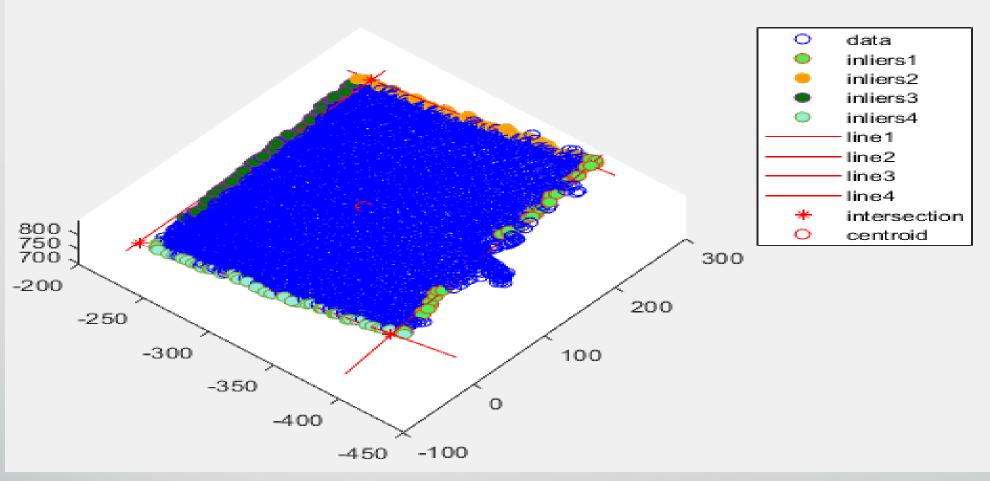


[projection] = point2plane\_projection(normal, P1, Pplane);



boundIndex = (boundary(cloudPoints\_fitted(:,1), cloudPoints\_fitted(:,2), 1));
boundPoints = cloudPoints\_fitted(boundIndex,:);

## 3D Analysis – line fitting



[bestFit, outliers, inliers] = Ransac(data, k, t,d); [vertices] = findLineIntersection(bestFit1, bestFit2, bestFit3, bestFit4); [Theta] = angle2lines(line\_intersection,L1,L2); [line\_intersection] = lineIntersection(PA, PB, lines);

# Thanks for your attention!