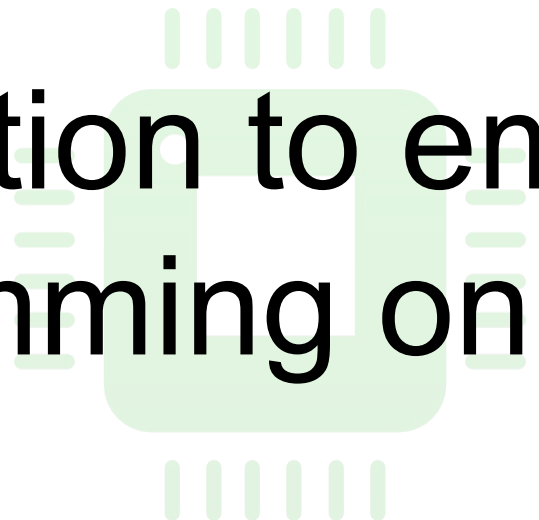


Introduction to embedded programming on STM32



Intro to the world of embedded programming

A few words about policy

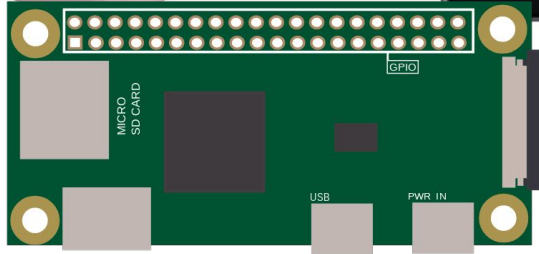
- 7 lectures + 1 project defense session
- Each lecture is supplemented with seminar at the end to reinforce given knowledge
- Each pair of students will be provided with a development board, a USB cable and a USB<->RS232 converter
- 80% attendance is highly recommended
- STM32 is cool, Arduino is not

Any questions?

The goal of the course

- To spill the beans of non-Arduino world
- Gain some knowledge in basics of ARM
- To understand the ecosystem of embedded programming
- Etc etc

Microcontrollers are everywhere



Applications

- Household appliances: microwave ovens, washing machines, dishwashers etc
- Home automation: climate control, light control, smart houses, security, surveillance etc
- Avionics: inertial guidance systems and GPS receivers
- Medical equipment: vital signs monitoring, various medical imaging (PET, SPECT, CT, and MRI) for non-invasive internal inspections
- Internet Of Things

And more and more!

FOXT * 42.9C
=====

MFB	17	CHP	86
REG	27	DSP	84
ATT	+8	MIC	11



USB 100Hz 18.157.500

18.157.500 17m

DSP
OFF
FULL
FIL
2.3k
UCC



14.85V

MENU METER TUNE

SYNTH4 Soft Synth Preview

003 2013 Alexandre Rocchegiani

Instrument Oscillator 0-31



Drum Oscillator 0-15



Each Drum Oscillator have a
up to 3 stage Haveler Generator
and a soft retrigger on-run mode

arm



Taxonomy of ARM MCUs

Cortex-M

Lowest Power,
Lower Cost

Cortex-R

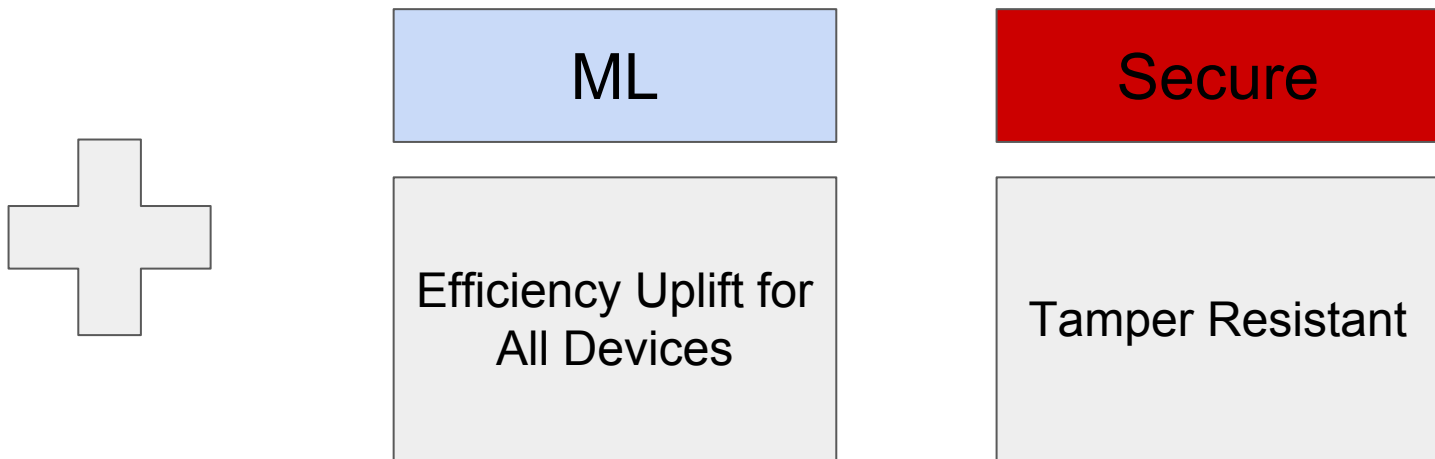
Real-Time
Processing

Cortex-A

Highest
Performance

STM32

Taxonomy of ARM MCUs. Extra series



Please refer to <https://www.arm.com/products/silicon-ip-cpu> for further details

High-
performance



398 CoreMark
120 MHz
150 DMIPS



608 CoreMark
180 MHz
225 DMIPS



1 082 CoreMark
216 MHz
462 DMIPS

Mainstream



106 CoreMark
48 MHz
38 DMIPS



177 CoreMark
72 MHz
61 DMIPS



245 CoreMark*
72 MHz
90 DMIPS*

Ultra-
low-power



75 CoreMark
32 MHz
26 DMIPS



93 CoreMark
32 MHz
33 DMIPS



273 CoreMark
80 MHz
100 DMIPS

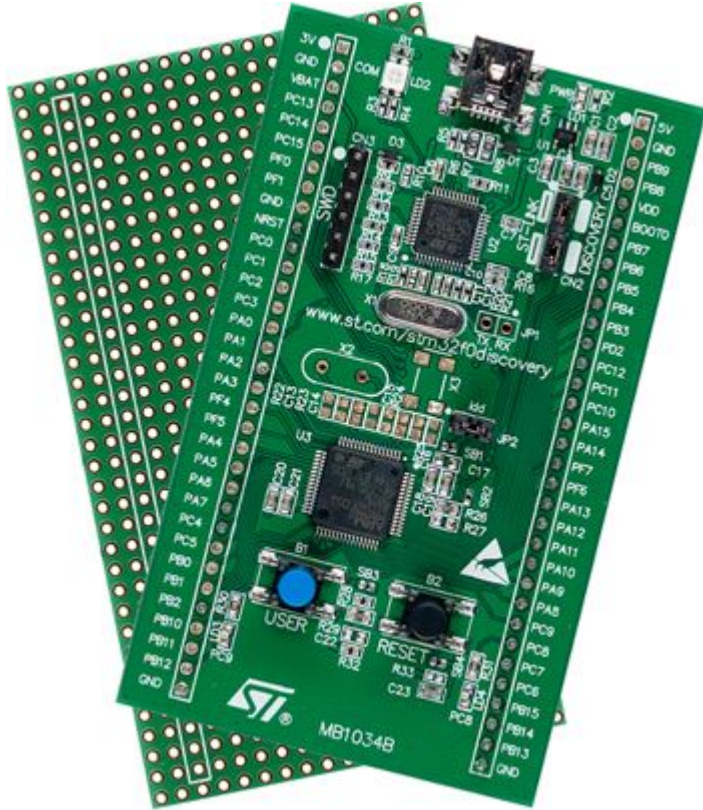
Cortex-M0 / -M0+

Cortex-M3

Cortex-M4

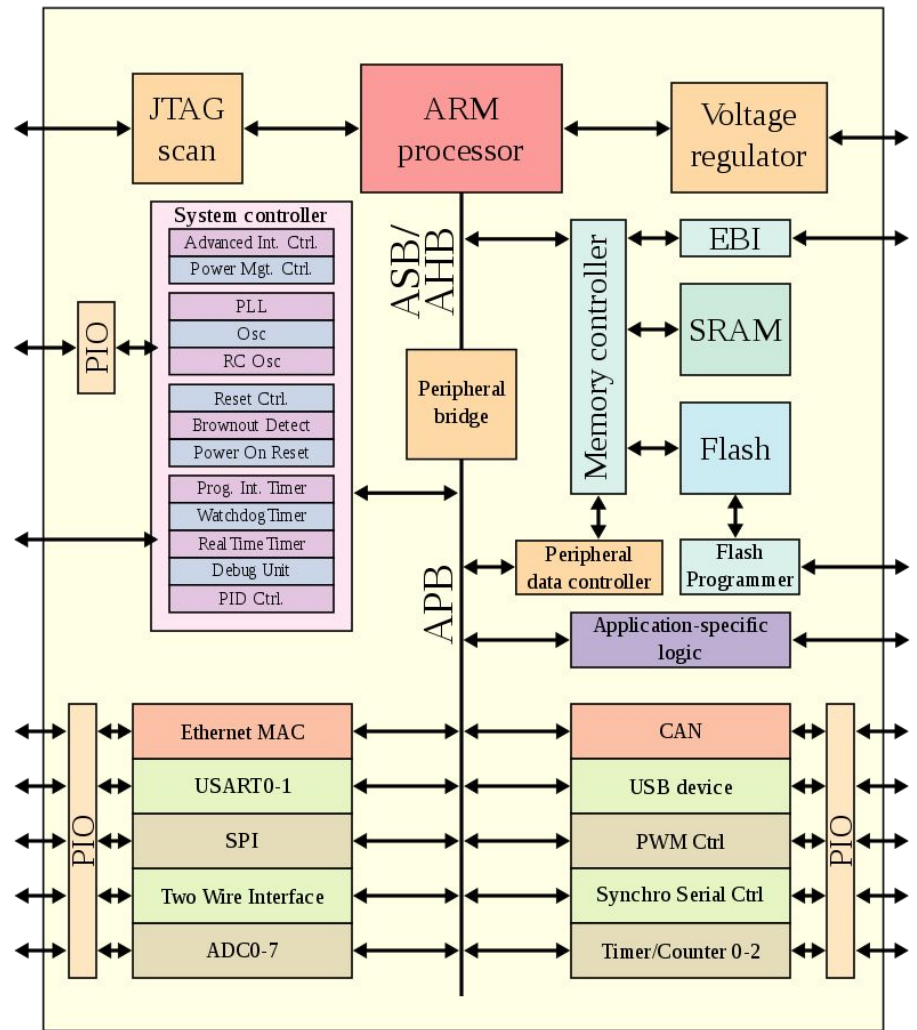
Cortex-M7

STM32F0DISCOVERY

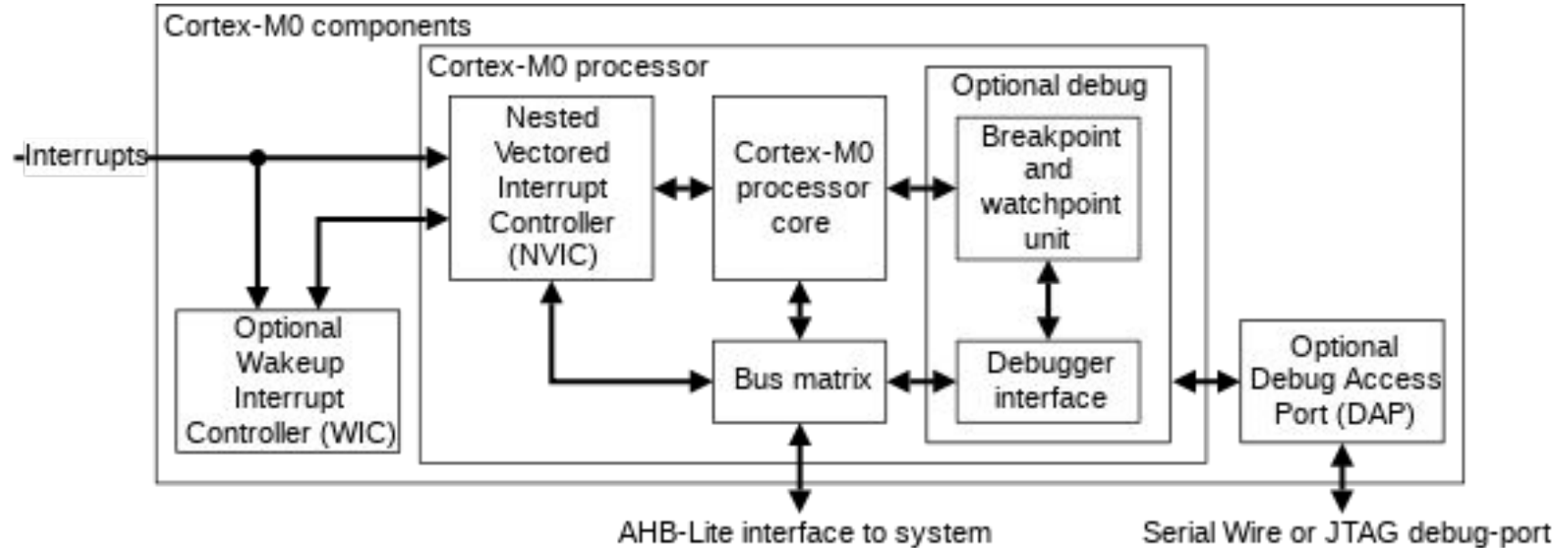


- 64 KB Flash memory, 8 KB RAM
- On-board ST-LINK/V2
- Four LEDs
- Two push buttons

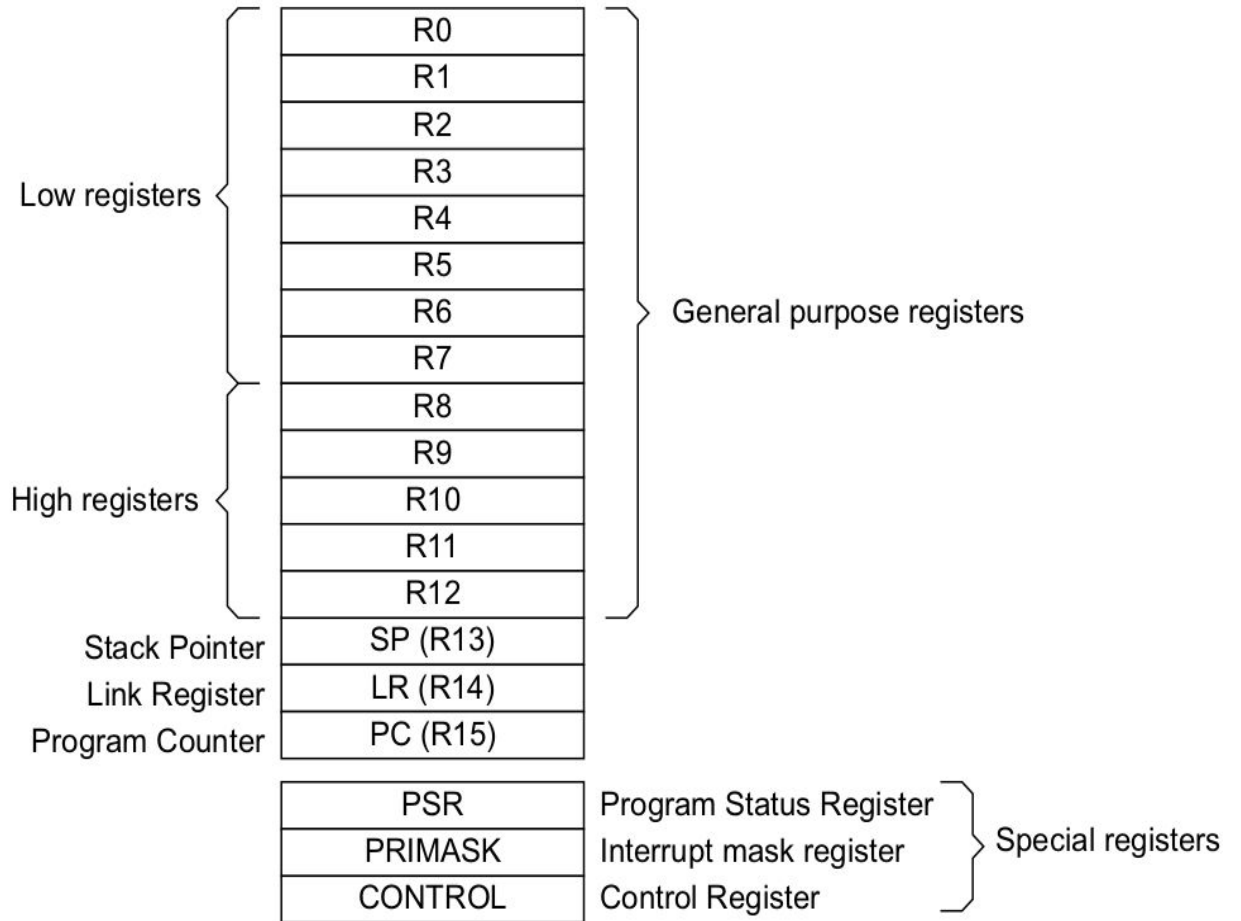
The concept of System On a Chip (SoC)



Cortex-M0 architecture



Cortex-M0. Registers



Cortex-M0. System timer.



Timer events (counter overflow)
*In Cortex-M0 core those events
are called SysTick interrupts*

Registers' state #1

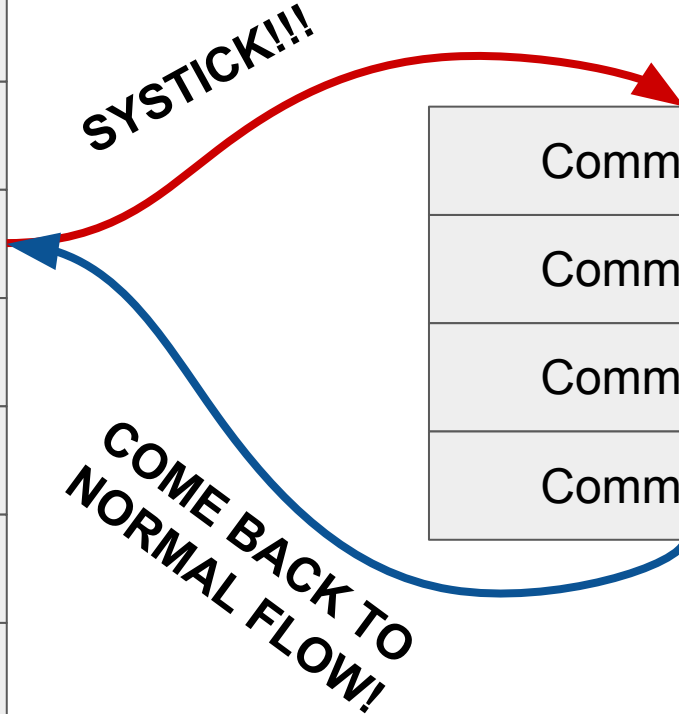
Command #1
Command #2
Command #3
...
Command #403
Command #404
Command #405

Registers' state #2

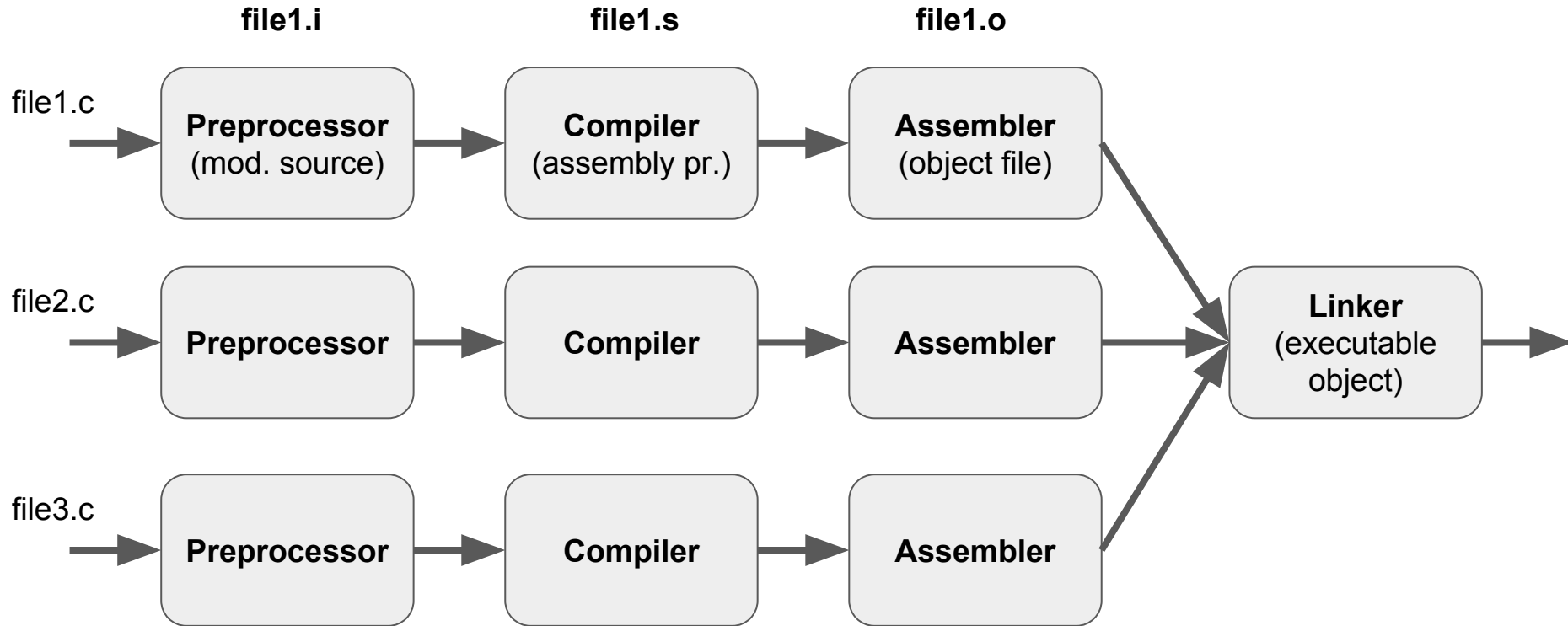
Command #1
Command #2
Command #3
Command #4

SYSTICK!!!

**COME BACK TO
NORMAL FLOW!**



Toolchain. Compiler



Toolchain. Compiler

- Binaries can be built from sources (not recommended for newbies)
- Binaries can be downloaded from official website

<https://developer.arm.com/open-source/gnu-toolchain/gnu-rm/downloads>

- Binaries might be installed from repository
sudo apt-get install arm-none-eabi-gcc

If you have any problems with installing ask instructors for help

Toolchain. Repository

https://github.com/edosedgar/stm32f0_ARM

https://github.com/edosedgar/skoltech_stm32_course